Supporting Information

CaCe(IO₃)₃(IO₃F)F: A Promising Nonlinear Optical Material Containing both IO₃⁻ and IO₃F²⁻ Anions

Nan Ma,^{abc} Chun-Li Hu,^c Jin Chen,^c Zhi Fang,^c Yu Huang,^c Bing-Xuan Li,^c and Jiang-Gao Mao*abc

^a Faculty of Materials Metallurgy and Chemistry, Jiangxi University of Science and Technology,

Ganzhou 341000, People's Republic of China.

^b Ganjiang Innovation Academy, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Ganzhou 341119, People's

Republic of China.

^c State Key Laboratory of Structural Chemistry, Fujian Institute of Research on the Structure of Matter, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Fuzhou 350002, P. R. China.

*Corresponding Authors: mjg@fjirsm.ac.cn

Table of Contents

Section	Title	Page
Table S1	Space groups and SHG effects of the cerium iodates reported.	S2
Table S2	Crystallographic data for CaCe(IO ₃) ₃ (IO ₃ F)F.	S3
Table S3	Selected Bond Lengths for CaCe(IO ₃) ₃ (IO ₃ F)F.	S4
Table S4	Calculated dipole moments of IO ₃ , IO ₃ F, CeO ₆ F ₂ and CaO ₆ F units, and net dipole	S5
	moment of a unit cell for CaCe(IO ₃) ₃ (IO ₃ F)F.	
Fig. S1	Simulated and measured PXRD patterns of CaCe(IO ₃) ₃ (IO ₃ F)F.	S6
Fig. S2	The EDS analysis of CaCe(IO ₃) ₃ (IO ₃ F)F.	S6
Fig. S3	XPS spectrum of CaCe(IO ₃) ₃ (IO ₃ F)F.	S6
Fig. S4	The coordination geometry of the Ce^{4+} cation in $Li_2Ce(\mathrm{IO}_3)_4F_2$ (a), a 2D	S7
	$[Ce(IO_3)_2]^{2\scriptscriptstyle +}$ layer parallels to the ab plane in $Li_2Ce(IO_3)_4F_2$ (b), view of the	
	structure of $Li_2Ce(IO_3)_4F_2$ down the b-axis (c).	
Fig. S5	TGA and DSC curves of CaCe(IO ₃) ₃ (IO ₃ F)F under a N ₂ atmosphere.	S7
Fig. S6	Comparison of the powder XRD patterns of the thermal decomposition residue and	S8
	CeO ₂ standards.	
References		S9-S10

	Compound	Space	SHG	Ref
		group		
Ce (III)	Ce(IO ₃) ₃	$P2_{1}/a$	N/A	1
	Ce(VO ₃) ₂ (IO ₃)	Pbcm	N/A	2
	NaCe(IO ₃) ₄	Сс	$50 \times \alpha$ - SiO ₂	3
	Ce(MoO ₂)(IO ₃) ₄ (OH)	<i>P</i> 2 ₁	negligible	4
	Ce ₃ Pb ₃ (IO ₃) ₁₃ O	R3c	very weak	5
	Ce ₂ I ₆ O ₁₈	<i>P</i> 2 ₁	9 × KDP	6
Ce(IV)	Ce(IO ₃) ₄ ·H ₂ O	$P2_{1}/n$	N/A	7
	Ce(IO ₃) ₄	R3c	$0.9 \times \text{KDP}$	8
	Ce ₂ (IO ₃) ₈ (H ₂ O)	R3c	$1.3 \times \text{KDP}$	9
	Ce(IO ₃) ₂ F ₂ ·H ₂ O	Ima2	~ 3 × KDP	10
	Ce ₂ (IO ₃) ₆ (O)	Pnma	N/A	11
	K ₈ Ce ₂ I ₁₈ O ₅₃	<i>C</i> 2/ <i>c</i>	N/A	12
	Li ₂ Ce(IO ₃) ₄ F ₂	C2/c	N/A	13
	Ce(IO ₃) ₂ (SO ₄)	P212121	$3.5 \times \text{KDP}$	14
	CeCu(IO ₃) ₅	$Pna2_1$	N/A	15
	Ce(IO ₃) ₂ F ₂	$Pna2_1$	$5.5 \times \text{KDP}$	16
Intermediate-	Ce ₂ (IO ₃) ₆ (OH _{0.44})	Pnma	N/A	11
Ce(IV)	K ₃ Ce ₉ (IO ₃) ₃₆	R3c	$0.4 \times \text{KDP}$	17
	La0.3Ce9(IO3)36	R3c	$1.1 \times \text{KDP}$	17

 Table S1. Space groups and SHG effects of the cerium iodates reported.

Formula	CaCe(IO ₃) ₃ (IO ₃ F)F		
Formula weight	917.80		
Temperature/K	293.5(1)		
Crystal system	orthorhombic		
Space group	$Pna2_1$		
a/Å	11.0676(10)		
b/Å	18.1507(15)		
c/Å	6.0301(6)		
Volume/Å ³	1211.35(19)		
Z	4		
$\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$	5.033		
μ/mm^{-1}	14.464		
F(000)	1616.0		
Radiation	MoKα(λ = 0.71073)		
Independent reflections	2875 [$R_{int} = 0.0556$, $R_{sigma} = 0.0586$]		
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.042		
Final R indexes [I>= 2σ (I)]	$R_1 = 0.0361, wR_2 = 0.0716$		
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0455, wR_2 = 0.0765$		
Flack parameter	0.02(3)		

Table S2. Crystallographic data for CaCe(IO₃)₃(IO₃F)F.

 ${}^{a}R_{1} = \sum ||F_{o}| - |F_{c}|| / \sum |F_{o}|, \text{ and } wR_{2} = \{\sum w[(F_{o})^{2} - (F_{c})^{2}]^{2} / \sum w[(F_{o})^{2}]^{2} \}^{1/2}.$

Atom	Length/Å	Atom	Length/Å
Ce(1)- O(1)	2.343(9)	I(1)- O(2)	1.799(9)
Ce(1)- O(3)	2.585(8)	I(1)- O(3)	1.851(10)
Ce(1)- O(4)	2.288(9)	I(2)- O(4)	1.816(9)
Ce(1)- O(8)#1	2.305(10)	I(2)- O(5)	1.811(9)
Ce(1)- O(9)	2.128(9)	I(2)- O(6)	1.795(10)
Ce(1)- O(12)	2.429(8)	I(3A)- O(7)	1.821(8)
Ce(1)- F(1)#2	2.260(9)	I(3A)- O(8)	1.839(12)
Ce(1)- F(2)	2.283(8)	I(3A)- O(9)	1.902(10)
Ca(1)- O(2)#3	2.448(10)	I(3A)- F(1)	2.457(9)
Ca(1)- O(3)#4	2.376(9)	I(3B)- O(7)	1.810(8)
Ca(1)- O(5)#5	2.780(10)	I(3B)- O(8)	1.780(11)
Ca(1)- O(7)#4	2.366(11)	I(3B)- O(9)	2.450(10)
Ca(1)- O(10)#6	2.368(10)	I(3B)- F(1)	1.914(9)
Ca(1)- O(11)	2.358(10)	I(4)- O(10)	1.811(10)
Ca(1)- F(2)	2.288(8)	I(4)- O(11)	1.811(9)
I(1)- O(1)	1.833(9)	I(4)- O(12)	1.815(10)

Table S3. Selected Bond Lengths for CaCe(IO₃)₃(IO₃F)F.

Symmetry transformations for the atoms generated: #1 x, y, -1+z; #2 -1/2+x, 3/2-y, -1+z; #3 1/2-x, -1/2+y, 1/2+z; #4 -1/2+x, 3/2-y, +z; #5 1/2-x, -1/2+y, -1/2+z; #6 1-x, 1-y, 1/2+z.

Table S4. Calculated dipole moments of IO₃, IO₃F, CeO₆F₂ and CaO₆F units, and net dipole moment of a unit cell for CaCe(IO₃)₃(IO₃F)F.

CaCe(IO ₃) ₃ (IO ₃ F)F						
		Dipole mo	ment (D)			
NCS unit (a unit cell)	x-component	y-component	z-component	total magnitude		
I(1)O ₃	±8.1038	±6.75735	11.36242	15.50606		
I(2)O ₃	±7.421973	±7.30217	11.43305	15.46357		
I(3)O ₃	±6.61056	±6.648737	5.398055	10.8187		
I(4)O ₃	±0.44606	±5.38661	14.68387	15.64706		
$Ce(1)O_6F_2$	±0.950878	±0.80821	-0.46352	1.331253		
$Ca(1)O_6F$	±1.82597	±1.90877	-0.37958	2.668645		
Net dipole moment	0	0	168.1372	168.1372		
Cell Volume/Å ³	1211.35					
The dipole moment density $(D/Å^3)$		0.138	801			



Fig. S1. Simulated and measured PXRD patterns of CaCe(IO₃)₃(IO₃F)F.



Fig. S2. The EDS analysis of CaCe(IO₃)₃(IO₃F)F.



Fig. S3. XPS spectrum of CaCe(IO₃)₃(IO₃F)F.



Fig. S4 The coordination geometry of the Ce⁴⁺ cation in Li₂Ce(IO₃)₄F₂ (a), a 2D [Ce(IO₃)₂]²⁺ layer parallels to the ab plane in Li₂Ce(IO₃)₄F₂ (b), view of the structure of Li₂Ce(IO₃)₄F₂ down the *b*- axis (c).



Fig. S5. TGA and DSC curves of CaCe(IO₃)₃(IO₃F)F under a N₂ atmosphere.



Fig. S6. Comparison of the powder XRD patterns of the thermal decomposition residues and CeO₂ standard

Reference

- 1 X. A. Chen, L. Zhang, X. A. Chang, H. G. Zang and W. Q. Xiao, Cerium triiodate, Ce(IO₃)₃, *Acta Crystallogr., Sect. C: Cryst. Struct. Commun.*, 2005, **61**, I61-I62.
- 2 T. Eaton, J. Lin, J. N. Cross, J. T. Stritzinger and T. E. Albrecht-Schmitt, Th(VO₃)₂(SeO₃) and Ln(VO₃)₂(IO₃) (Ln = Ce, Pr, Nd, Sm, and Eu): unusual cases of aliovalent substitution, *Chem. Commun.*, 2014, **50**, 3668-3670.
- 3 S. J. Oh, H. G. Kim, H. Jo, T. G. Lim, J. S. Yoo and K. M. Ok, Photoconversion Mechanisms and the Origin of Second-Harmonic Generation in Metal Iodates with Wide Transparency, NaLn(IO₃)₄ (Ln = La, Ce, Sm, and Eu) and NaLa(IO₃)₄: Ln³⁺ (Ln = Sm and Eu), *Inorg. Chem.*, 2017, **56**, 6973-6981.
- J. Lin, Q. Liu, Z. H. Yue, K. Diefenbach, L. W. Cheng, Y. J. Lin and J. Q. Wang, Expansion of the structural diversity of f-element bearing molybdate iodates: synthesis, structures, and optical properties, *Dalton Trans.*, 2019, **48**, 4823-4829.
- 5 T. Hu, L. Qin, F. Kong, Y. Zhou and J. G. Mao, Ln₃Pb₃(IO₃)₁₃(μ³–O) (Ln = La–Nd): New Types of Second-Order Nonlinear Optical Materials Containing Two Types of Lone Pair Cations, *Inorg. Chem.*, 2009, **48**, 2193-2199.
- 6 L. Xiao, Z. B. Cao, J. Y. Yao, Z. S. Lin and Z. G. Hu, A new cerium iodate infrared nonlinear optical material with a large second-harmonic generation response, *J. Mater. Chem. C*, 2017, **5**, 2130-2134.
- J. A. Ibers, The Crystal Structure of Ceric Iodate Monohydrate, *Acta Cryst.*, 1956, 9, 225-231.
- 8 T. H. Wu, X. X. Jiang, C. Wu, H. Y. Sha, Z. J. Wang, Z. S. Lin, Z. P. Huang, X. F. Long, M. G. Humphrey and C. Zhang, From Ce(IO₃)₄ to CeF₂(IO₃)₂: fluorinated homovalent substitution simultaneously enhances SHG response and bandgap for mid-infrared nonlinear optics, *J. Mater. Chem. C*, 2021, **9**, 8987-8993.
- Y. X. Wang, T. Duan, Z. H. Weng, J. Ling, X. M. Yin, L. H. Chen, D. P. Sheng, J. Diwu, Z. F. Chai, N. Liu and S. A. Wang, Mild Periodic Acid Flux and Hydrothermal Methods for the Synthesis of Crystalline f-Element-Bearing Iodate Compounds, *Inorg. Chem.*, 2017, 56, 13041-13050.
- 10 T. Abudouwufu, M. Zhang, S. C. Cheng, Z. H. Yang and S. L. Pan, Ce(IO₃)₂F₂·H₂O: The First Rare-Earth-Metal Iodate Fluoride with Large Second Harmonic Generation Response, *Chem. Eur. J.*, 2019, **25**, 1221-1226.
- 11 R. E. Sykora, L. Deakin, A. Mar, S. Skanthakumar, L. Soderholm and T. E. Albrecht-Schmitt, Isolation of Intermediate-valent Ce(III)/Ce(IV) Hydrolysis Products in the Preparation of Cerium Iodates: Electronic and Structural Aspects of Ce₂(IO₃)₆(OH_x)($x \approx 0$ and 0.44), *Chem. Mater.*, 2004, **16**, 1343-1349.
- 12 R. F. Wu, X. X. Jiang, M. J. Xia, L. J. Liu, X. Y. Wang, Z. S. Lin and C. T. Chen, K₈Ce₂I₁₈O₅₃: a novel potassium cerium(IV) iodate with enhanced visible light driven photocatalytic activity resulting from polar zero dimensional [Ce(IO₃)₈]⁴⁻ units, *Dalton Trans.*, 2017, 46, 4170-4173.

- 13 C. C. Tang, X. X. Jiang, S. Guo, R. X. Guo, L. J. Liu, M. J. Xia, Q. Huang, Z. S. Lin and X. Y. Wang, Synthesis, Crystal Structure, and Optical Properties of the First Alkali Metal Rare-Earth Iodate Fluoride: Li₂Ce(IO₃)₄F₂, *Cryst. Growth Des.*, 2020, **20**, 2135-2140.
- 14 T. H. Wu, X. X. Jiang, Y. R. Zhang, Z. J. Wang, H. Y. Sha, C. Wu, Z. S. Lin, Z. P. Huang, X. F. Long, M. G. Humphrey and C. Zhang, From CeF₂(SO₄)·H₂O to Ce(IO₃)₂(SO₄): Defluorinated Homovalent Substitution for Strong Second-Harmonic-Generation Effect and Sufficient Birefringence, *Chem. Mater.*, 2021, **33**, 9317-9325.
- L. Geng, C. Y. Meng and Q. Yan, Polar lanthanide copper iodates LnCu(IO₃)₅ (Ln = La, Ce, Pr, and Nd): Synthesis, crystal structure and characterization, *J. Solid State Chem.*, 2022, 308, 122934.
- 16 X. H. Zhang, B. P. Yang, C. L. Hu, J. Chen, Q. M. Huang and J. G. Mao, A New Anhydrous Polar Rare-Earth Iodate Fluoride, Ce(IO₃)₂F₂, Exhibiting a Large Second-Harmonic-Generation Effect and Improved Overall Performance, *Chem. Mater.*, 2021, **33**, 2894-2900.
- H. X. Tang, C. Zhuo, Y. X. Zhang, Q. R. Shui, R. B. Fu, Z. J. Ma and X. T. Wu, A_xCe₉(IO₃)₃₆ (A = K, La): the effects of a change in the intermediate valence on the second-harmonic generation response, *Dalton Trans.*, 2020, 49, 3672-3675.