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Selective Buchwald-Hartwig Arylation of C-Amino-1,2,4-Triazoles and other Coordinating Aminoheterocycles Enabled by Bulky NHC Ligands and TPEDO Activator

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Table S1. Yields of compounds **4a** and **4a'** in the reaction of **2a** with **3a-c**^{*a*}**c** under catalysis with various precatalysts.^{*a*}



Enters	Precatalyst	[Dd] loading mol0/	Colvert	Yield 4a/4a' , % ^b			
Entry Frecatalyst	Precataryst	[Fu] loading, mor%	Solvent	3a, X=Cl	3b , X=Br	3c , X=I	
1.	1a	1	dioxane	0	0	0	
2.	1b	1	dioxane	0	0	0	
3.	1c	1	dioxane	trace	2/0	3/0	
4.	1d	1	dioxane	6/1	27/20	20/1	
5.	1e	1	dioxane	19/1	40/19	38/2	
6.	1g	1	dioxane	95/trace	93/4	85/4	
7.	1h	1	dioxane	99/trace	96/3	91/5	
8.	1i	1	dioxane	96/trace	94/4	86/3	
9.	$(IPr^{OMe^*}) \times HCl + Pd(OAc)_2$	1	dioxane	72/trace	65/9	32/2	
10.	Pd(OAc) ₂	1	dioxane	0	0	0	
11.	Py ₂ PdCl ₂	1	dioxane	0	0	0	

^{*a*} Reaction conditions: **2a** (0.2 mmol), tolyl chloride **3a** (0.2 mmol), Bu'OK (0.5 mmol), palladium catalyst (2 μmol, 1 mol%), dioxane (1 mL), 105 °C, 24 h. ^{*b*} The yields of **4a** and **4a**' were determined by GC-MS.

Table S2. The effect of potential Pd(II) to Pd(0) reductants on the yield of compound **4a** under catalysis with precatalyst $1g^a$

Bu ^t _N	$ \overset{N}{\underset{N}{\longrightarrow}} NH_2 + \overset{CI}{\underset{N}{\longrightarrow}} \frac{1g (0.5 \text{ mol}\%)}{Bu'OK, \text{ dioxane, } 105 ^{\circ}C, 3 } $	
	2a 3a	4a
Entry	Additive (15 mol%)	Yield 4a , % ^b
1.	none	36
2.	Pr ⁱ OH	80
3.	PhB(OH) ₂	66
4.	acetone	71
5.	3-pentanone	85
6.	morpholine	67
7.	propiophenone	70
8.	acetophenone	82
9.	PivOH	56
10.	TPEDO	98

^{*a*} Reaction conditions: **2a** (0.2 mmol), tolyl chloride **3a** (0.2 mmol), Bu'OK (0.5 mmol), palladium catalyst (1 μmol, 0.5 mol%), additive (0.03 mmol, 15 mol%), dioxane (1 mL), 105 °C, 3 h. ^{*b*} The yields of **4a** were determined by GC-MS.

Table S3. O	ptimization	of Pd loading	at 15 mol%	TPEDO loading ^{<i>a</i>}

	N^{-N} +	[Pd] catalyst TPEDO	→ N ^{-N}	Ph Ph	h Ph
H ₂ N [^]	Bu ^t	OK (2.5 eq), dioxane (0.2 M), 105 ℃		Ph OH 1,1,2,2-tetraphenylet TPEDO	hane-1,2 -d iol
	2a 3a		4a		
Entry	Catalyst	[Pd] loading, mol%	Additive (mol%)	Time reaction, h	Yield 4a , % ^b
1.	PdCl ₂ Py ₂	1	TPEDO (15)	24	0
2.	1e	1	TPEDO (15)	24	67
3.	1e	0.5	TPEDO (15)	24	40
4.	1e	0.1	TPEDO (15)	24	5
5.	1h	0.5	TPEDO (15)	24	99
6.	1h	0.3	TPEDO (15)	24	96
7.	1h	0.1	TPEDO (15)	24	46
8.	1h	0.3	none	24	85
9.	1h	0.1	none	24	45
10.	1i	0.5	TPEDO (15)	24	99
11.	1i	0.3	TPEDO (15)	24	89
12.	1i	0.1	TPEDO (15)	24	27
13.	1i	0.3	none	24	95
14.	1i	0.1	none	24	40
15.	1g	0.5	TPEDO (15)	24	99
16.	1g	0.3	TPEDO (15)	24	99
17.	1g	0.3	TPEDO (15)	16	99
18.	1g	0.3	TPEDO (15)	10	98
19.	1g	0.3	TPEDO (15)	5	95
20.	1g	0.2	TPEDO (15)	24	87
21.	1g	0.1	TPEDO (15)	24	68
22.	1g	0.1	none	24	50
23.	PdCl ₂ Py ₂ / IPr ^{OMe*} ×HCl (1/	(1) 0.3	TPEDO (15)	16	99

^a Reaction conditions: **2a** (0.2 mmol), tolyl chloride **3a** (0.2 mmol), Bu'OK (0.5 mmol), palladium catalyst (0.2-2 μmol, 0.1-1 mol%), TPEDO (0.03 mmol, 15 mol%), dioxane (1 mL), 105 °C, 5-24 h. ^b The yields of **4a** were determined by GC-MS.

Table S4. Optimization of TPEDO loading, base and solvent under catalysis with precatalyst $1g^{a}$



^{*a*} Reaction conditions: **2a** (0.2 mmol), tolyl chloride **3a** (0.2 mmol), base (0.5 mmol), **1g** (0.6 μ mol, 0.3 mol%), TPEDO (0.002-0.04 mmol, 1-20 mol%), solvent (1 mL), 70-105 °C, 16 h. ^{*b*} The yields of **4a** were determined by GC-MS.



Figure S2. Kinetic curves for the formation of product 4a upon catalysis by precatalyst 1g in the absence and in the presence of TPEDO



Figure S3. Kinetic curves for the formation of product 4a upon catalysis by catalyst 1e in the absence and presence of TPEDO



Figure S4. Kinetic curves for the formation of product 4a upon catalysis by catalyst 1h in the absence and presence of TPEDO



Figure S5. Kinetic curves for the formation of product **4a** upon catalysis by catalyst **1i** in the absence and presence of TPEDO

Extended DFT data



Figure S6. Molecular electrostatic potential V isosurface at $-46.8 \text{ kcal} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1}$ of molecule **2a**, structures and relative Gibbs free energies of isomeric complexes **IVA**, **IVB**, **IVC**. Relative Gibbs free energy and V_{min} values were computed at the PBE1PBE/def2svp level in kcal·mol⁻¹.



Figure S7. Potential energy profiles of alternative initial stages of the model reaction depicted in the Fig. 4: formation of (NHC)Pd⁰ from (NHC)Pd⁰Py via pyridine loosing (*a*); transformation of precoordination complex **IA'** to the intermediate **IA** (*b*); formation of the intermediate **IB** via PhCl coordination to (NHC)Pd⁰Py (*c*); formation of **IA** from **IB** via pyridine loosing. Calculations at the PBE1PBE/def2svp level.



Figure S8. Relative Gibbs free energies of intermediates and transition states of the oxidative addition stage in the Pd-catalyzed Buchwald-Hartwig reaction between amino-1,2,4-triazoles and chlorobenzene computed at the PBE1PBE/def2svp level.



Figure S9. Relative Gibbs free energies of intermediates and transition states of the C-N coupling reaction between 3-amino-1-*tert*-butyl-1,2,4-triazole (2a) and chlorobenzene under catalysis with (IPr)PdL complex (L = 3-amino-1-*tert*-butyl-1,2,4-triazole). Gibbs free energy values were computed at the PBE1PBE/def2svp level.



Figure S10. Relative Gibbs free energies of intermediates and transition states of the C-N coupling reaction between 3-amino-1-*tert*-butyl-1,2,4-triazole (**2a**) and chlorobenzene under catalysis with (IPr)PdPy in dioxane medium (in the IEFPCM approximation). Gibbs free energy values were computed at the PBE1PBE/def2svp level.



Figure S11. Optimized structures of key intermediates and transition states of the oxidative addition stage in the Pd-catalyzed Buchwald-Hartwig reaction between amino-1,2,4-triazoles and chlorobenzene computed at the PBE1PBE/def2svp level.



Figure S12. Optimized structures of key intermediates and transition states of the reductive elimination stage in the Pd-catalyzed Buchwald-Hartwig reaction between 3-amino-1-*tert*-butyl-1,2,4-triazole (**2a**) and chlorobenzene computed at the PBE1PBE/def2svp level.



Figure S13. Relative Gibbs free energies of intermediates and transition states of the C–N coupling reaction between 3-amino-1-methyl-1,2,4-triazole (**2h**) and chlorobenzene computed at the PBE1PBE/def2svp level.

Figure S14. Optimized structures of key intermediates and transition states of the reductive elimination stage in the Pd-catalyzed Buchwald-Hartwig reaction between 3-amino-1-methyl-1,2,4-triazole (2h) and chlorobenzene computed at the PBE1PBE/def2svp level.

Figure S15. Relative Gibbs free energies of intermediates and transition states of the C–N coupling reaction between 5-amino-1-methyl-1,2,4-triazole (**6e**) and chlorobenzene computed at the PBE1PBE/def2svp level.

Figure S16. Optimized structures of key intermediates and transition states of the reductive elimination stages in the Pd-catalyzed Buchwald-Hartwig reaction between 5-amino-1-methyl-1,2,4-triazole (**6e**) and chlorobenzene computed at the PBE1PBE/def2svp level.

Figure S17. Relative Gibbs free energies of intermediates and transition states of the C–N coupling reaction between 3-amino-4-methyl-1,2,4-triazole (7d) and chlorobenzene computed at the PBE1PBE/def2svp level.

Figure S18. Optimized structures of key intermediates and transition states of the reductive elimination stage in the Pd-catalyzed Buchwald-Hartwig reaction between 3-amino-4-methyl-1,2,4-triazole (**7d**) and chlorobenzene computed at the PBE1PBE/def2svp level.

Figure S19. DFT computed relative Gibbs free energies (in kcal/mol) for the reductive elimination of various tautomeric forms in the arylation of 3-amino-1*H*-1,2,4-triazole (**5a**).

Figure S20. Structures and relative Gibbs free energies (in kcal/mol) of tautomers of key intermediates of the Pd-catalyzed Buchwald-Hartwig reaction between 3-amino-1*H*-1,2,4-triazole (**5a**) and chlorobenzene using IPr as ligand. Relative Gibbs free energy values were computed at the PBE1PBE/def2svp level.

Table S5. Calculated Relative Rate Constant (*k*), Activation Energies (ΔE^{\neq} , kcal·mol⁻¹), Activation Enthalpies (ΔH^{\neq} , kcal·mol⁻¹), Activation Gibbs Free Energies (ΔG^{\neq} , kcal·mol⁻¹), Reaction Energies (ΔE , kcal·mol⁻¹), Reaction Enthalpies (ΔH , kcal·mol⁻¹) and Reaction Gibbs Free Energies (ΔG , kcal·mol⁻¹) of the reductive elimination stages in the Pd-catalyzed Buchwald-Hartwig reaction between 3(5)-amino-1(4)-R-1,2,4-triazoles and chlorobenzene ^{*a,b*}

R N-N R _{N-N} N-N	PhCl, Base	Ph IPr—Rd—NH	Ph IPr—Pd—NH	
H_2N or H_2N or H_2N H_2N R	>	N∧∧N ←	──────────N N≠─────── N≠───────────────	IS Inctive IPr-Pd
3-NH ₂ (1R) 5-NH ₂ (1R) 5-NH ₂ (4R)		R isomA	RisomB	H
		see: VIA, XA, XIVA, XVIIIE XXIVA, XXVIA, XXVIIIA	see: VIB, XB, XIVB, XV XXIVB, XXVIB, XXVI	/IIIA, see: VII, XI, XV, XIX, IIB XXV,XXVII, XXIX
Parameter	3-NH2	2(1R)	5-NH ₂ (1R)	3-NH ₂ (4R)
		R = H		· · · ·
$\Delta E_{isomA \rightarrow isomB}$	-0.	6	+3.7	-7.1
$\Delta H_{\rm isomA \rightarrow \rm isomB}$	-0.	7	+3.8	-7.2
$\Delta G_{\text{isomA} \rightarrow \text{isomB}}$	-0.	4	+1.8	-5.8
$\Delta E^{\neq}{}_{ m RE}$	18	.5	20.2	22.8
$\Delta H^{\neq}_{ m RE}$	17.	.8	19.4	22.0
$\Delta G^{\neq}{}_{ m RE}$	16	.0	17.1	20.0
$\Delta E_{\rm RE}$	-17	.8	-15.6	-8.0
$\Delta H_{\rm RE}$	-17	.2	-15.1	-7.5
$\Delta G_{ m RE}$	-19	.9	-17.1	-9.2
k(max)	1.2.	10 ¹	1.7	1.3.10-2
k _{3-NH2} /k _{5-NH2}	-		7.1	$9.2 \cdot 10^2$
	1	$\mathbf{R} = \mathbf{M}\mathbf{e}$		1
$\Delta E_{\text{isomA} \rightarrow \text{isomB}}$	+3	.0	+6.3	-9.1
$\Delta H_{isomA \rightarrow isomB}$	+3	.0	+6.4	-9.2
$\Delta G_{\text{isomA} \rightarrow \text{isomB}}$	+1	.2	+5.6	-8.0
ΔE^{\neq}_{RE}	18	.1	21.8	24.6
$\Delta H^{\neq}_{ m RE}$	17.	.3	21.0	23.8
$\Delta G^{\neq}_{ m RE}$	15.	.9	21.2	23.7
$\Delta E_{\rm RE}$	-18	.5	-10.0	-8.2
$\Delta H_{\rm RE}$	-17	.9	-9.6	-7.7
$\Delta G_{\rm RE}$	-20	.0	-11.6	-8.6
k(max)	1.5.	101	1.9.10-3	2.8.10-5
k _{3-NH2} /k _{5-NH2}	-		7.5·10 ³	5.2.103
		$\mathbf{R} = \mathbf{B}\mathbf{u}^t$	11.0	141
$\Delta E_{isomA \rightarrow isomB}$	+4	.0	+11.0	-14.1
$\Delta H_{isomA \rightarrow isomB}$	+4	.0	+11.0	-14.0
$\Delta G_{isomA \rightarrow isomB}$	+2	.0	+10.8	-12.7
$\Delta L^{+}_{\rm RE}$	18	.5	24.1	26.3
$\Delta H^{\tau}_{\rm RE}$	17.	.0	23.2	25.4
$\Delta G^{\tau}_{\text{RE}}$	15.	.8	21.5	25.1
$\Delta E_{\rm RE}$	-17	.5	-8.6	-5.8
$\Delta H_{\rm RE}$	-16	.8	-8.1	-5.5
ΔGRE	-19	.1	-9.8	-8.7
k(max)	1.8	10'	1.1.10-3	2.4.10
<i>k</i> _{3-NH2} / <i>k</i> _{5-NH2}	-		1.6.10⁺	7.2.10

^a See fig. S7,S11,S13,S15,S17; ^b The relative effective rate constant of the BH reactions for 3-amino- and 5-amino-1,2,4-triazoles (k_{3-NH2}/k_{5-NH2}) were calculated by formula $k = \frac{k_B T}{h} e^{\frac{-\Delta G^{\neq}}{BT}}$ is rate constant at T = 298 K, where k_B is the Boltzmann constant and h is the Planck constant, ΔG^{\neq} are the Gibbs free energy of activation and R is the gas constant.

Figure S21. Relative Gibbs free energies of the reductive elimination stages leading to isomeric products in the arylation of 3-amino-1*H*-1,2,4-triazole (**5a**) with chlorobenzene computed at the PBE1PBE/def2svp level.

Figure S22. Structures of transition states of the reductive elimination stages in the Pd-catalyzed Buchwald-Hartwig reaction between amino-1H-1,2,4-triazole (5a) and chlorobenzene computed at the PBE1PBE/def2svp level.

X-Ray diffraction single-crystal studies

Experimental

X-ray diffraction data for **4h** and **4u** were collected at 100K on a Bruker Quest D8 diffractometer equipped with a Photon-III area-detector (shutterless φ - and ω -scan technique), using graphite-monochromatized Mo K_{α}-radiation. The intensity data of collected reflections were integrated with the *SAINT* program.¹ Absorption correction based on measurements of equivalent reflections was semi-empirically carried out by multi-scan methods, using SADABS.² The structures were solved by direct methods using SHELXT³ and refined by the full-matrix least-squares method on refined on *F*² using SHELXL-2018.⁴ Positions of all atoms were found from the electron density-difference map. Atoms were refined with individual anisotropic (non-hydrogen atoms) or isotropic (hydrogen atoms) displacement parameters.

X-ray diffraction data for **9f** were collected at 100K on a four-circle Rigaku Synergy S diffractometer equipped with a HyPix6000HE area-detector (kappa geometry, shutterless ω -scan technique), using monochromatized Cu K_{α}-radiation. The intensity data were integrated and corrected for absorption and decay by the CrysAlisPro program.⁵ The structure was solved by direct methods using SHELXT³ and refined by the full-matrix leastsquares method on F^2 using SHELXL-2018⁴ in the OLEX2 program.⁶ All non-hydrogen atoms were refined with individual anisotropic displacement parameters. The position of atom H4 (at N4) was found from the electron density-difference map; the N-H distance was restrained to be 0.85(2)Å. All other hydrogen atoms were placed in ideal calculated positions (C-H distance = 0.950 Å for aromatic, 0.990 Å for methylene hydrogen atoms) and refined as riding atoms with relative isotropic displacement parameters taken as $U_{iso}(H)=1.2U_{eq}(C)$. The *Mercury* program⁷ and the SHELXTL program suite¹ were used for molecular graphics.

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details for **4h**, **4u** and **9f** are summarized in Table S6. Crystallographic data for **4h**, **4u** and **9f** have been deposited at the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Center. CCDC 2194495 (**4h**), CCDC 2194496 (**4u**) and CCDC 2194497 (**9f**) contain the supplementary crystallographic data for this paper. These data can be obtained free of charge from the Director, CCDC, 12 Union Road, Cambridge CB2 1EZ, UK (Fax: +44 1223 336033; e-mail: deposit@ccdc.cam.ac.uk or https://www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/structures/).

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Identification code			0f
Empirical formula	$C_{16}H_{16}N_4$	$C_{18}H_{28}N_4$	$C_{21}H_{18}N_4$
Formula weight	264.33	300.44	326.39
Temperature (K)	100(2)	100(2)	100.0(1)
Wavelength (A)	0.71073	0.71073	1.54184
Crystal system	Monoclinic	Triclinic	Trigonal
Space group	$P2_1/c$	P 1	P31
Unit cell dimensions			
a (Å)	10.9515(3)	8.8745(2)	10.5968(2)
b (Å)	6.05280(10)	9.8920(2)	10.5968(2)
c (Å)	20.1410(5)	11.1653(3)	13.4314(3)
α (°)	90	91.1400(10)	90
β (°)	93.8980(10)	104.8090(10)	90
γ (°)	90	113.3590(10)	120
Volume (Å ³)	1332.00(5)	861.78(4)	1306.17(6)
Z	4	2	3
Calcd. density (g·cm ⁻³)	1.318	1.158	1.245
Absorption coefficient, μ (mm ⁻¹)	0.082	0.070	0.595
F(000)	560	328	516
Crystal size	0.59×0.29×0.26	0.59×0.52×0.47	0.74×0.13×0.10
θ range for data collection (°)	1.864-33.148	1.904-33.496	4.819-77.907
Index ranges	-16<=h<=16,	-13<=h<=13,	-13<=h<=13,
	-9<=k<=9,	-15<=k<=15,	-13<=k<=13,
	-30<=l<=30	-17<=l<=17	-16<=l<=13
Reflections			
collected	46205	55140	18357
independent [R _{int}]	5081 [0.0360]	6773 [0.0236]	3060 [0.0449]
observed (I> $2\sigma(I)$)	4375	5997	3023
Completeness to $\theta_{full} / \theta_{max}$	0.998 / 0.999	0.999 / 0.999	1.000 / 0.996
Transmission max. / min.	0.7471 / 0.7133	0.8023 / 0.7440	0.949 / 0.788
Data / restraints / parameters	5081 / 0 / 245	6773 / 0 / 311	3060 / 196 / 269
Goodness-of-fit on F^2	1.036	1.025	1.041
Final R1 / wR2 indices (I> $2\sigma(I)$)	0.0425 / 0.1077	0.0398 / 0.1069	0.0585 / 0.1329
Final R1 / wR2 indices (all data)	0.0511 / 0.1152	0.0454 / 0.1114	0.0589 / 0.1332
Absolute structure parameter	-	-	0.1(3)
Extinction coefficient	-	-	0.0050(7)
$\Delta \rho(\bar{e})_{max} / \Delta \rho(\bar{e})_{min} (\bar{e} \cdot \text{\AA})$	0.443 / -0.335	0.501 / -0.266	0.228 / -0.267
CCDC number	2194495	2194496	2194497

Table S6. Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details for 4h, 4u and 9f.

Figure S23. The molecular structure of compound **4h**. Thermal ellipsoids are shown at a 50% probability level. Hydrogen atoms are drawn as fixed-size spheres.

N2-C1	1.3313(10)	C4-H4	0.973(12)	C10-H10B	0.998(13)
N2-N1	1.3763(10)	C5-C6	1.3926(11)	C11-C16	1.3946(12)
N3-C2	1.3275(11)	С5-Н5	0.983(13)	C11-C12	1.3956(11)
N3-C1	1.3753(10)	C6-C7	1.4006(12)	C12-C13	1.3934(12)
N1-C2	1.3327(10)	C6-C9	1.5051(12)	C12-H12	0.993(13)
N1-C10	1.4469(11)	C7-C8	1.3866(11)	C13-C14	1.3896(13)
N4-C1	1.3652(10)	С7-Н7	0.986(14)	С13-Н13	0.976(14)
N4-C3	1.3982(10)	С8-Н8	0.974(14)	C14-C15	1.3904(13)
N4-H4A	0.912(14)	С9-Н9А	0.996(17)	C14-H14	0.990(14)
C2-H2	0.957(13)	С9-Н9В	0.993(17)	C15-C16	1.3963(12)
C3-C4	1.4000(11)	С9-Н9С	0.998(16)	C15-H15	0.988(15)
C3-C8	1.4040(11)	C10-C11	1.5137(12)	C16-H16	0.980(14)
C4-C5	1.3954(11)	C10-H10A	0.992(13)		

Table S7. Bond distances (Å) for 4h.

Table S8. Intermolecular hydrogen bond parameters (Å, °) for 4h.

D-HA	d(D-H)	d(HA)	d(DA)	<(DHA)
N(4)-H(4A)N(3)#1	0.912(14)	2.099(14)	3.0050(10)	172.6(13)

Symmetry transformation to generate equivalent atoms: #1 -x+1, -y+2, -z+1

Figure S24. The molecular structure of compound **4u**. Thermal ellipsoids are shown at a 50% probability level. Hydrogen atoms are drawn as fixed-size spheres.

N1-C2	1.3354(8)	C5-H5B	0.986(13)	C13-C14	1.5361(10)
N1-N2	1.3802(7)	C5-H5C	1.009(14)	С13-Н13	0.995(11)
N1-C3	1.4807(8)	C6-H6A	0.977(13)	C14-H14A	0.992(13)
N2-C1	1.3322(8)	C6-H6B	0.984(14)	C14-H14B	0.990(14)
N3-C2	1.3288(8)	C6-H6C	1.014(14)	C14-H14C	0.974(14)
N3-C1	1.3712(8)	C7-C8	1.4063(9)	C15-H15A	1.027(14)
N4-C1	1.3667(8)	C7-C12	1.4141(9)	C15-H15B	1.030(13)
N4-C7	1.4295(8)	C8-C9	1.3997(9)	C15-H15C	0.982(13)
N4-H4	0.875(13)	C8-C13	1.5190(9)	C16-C17	1.5281(11)
C2-H2	0.968(13)	C9-C10	1.3858(10)	C16-C18	1.5336(12)
C3-C4	1.5263(10)	С9-Н9	0.975(12)	C16-H16	0.981(13)
C3-C6	1.5273(10)	C10-C11	1.3928(10)	C17-H17A	1.022(14)
C3-C5	1.5323(10)	C10-H10	0.985(12)	C17-H17B	1.011(15)
C4-H4A	0.972(13)	C11-C12	1.3980(9)	C17-H17C	1.017(16)
C4-H4B	0.994(13)	C11-H11	1.002(12)	C18-H18A	1.013(16)
C4-H4C	0.989(13)	C12-C16	1.5212(10)	C18-H18B	1.030(15)
C5-H5A	0.992(13)	C13-C15	1.5319(10)	C18-H18C	0.966(14)

Table S9. Bond distances (Å) for 4u.

Table S10. Inte	rmolecular h	ydrogen	bond j	parameters ([Å, °) for 4u .
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D-HA	d(D-H)	d(HA)	d(DA)	<(DHA)
N(4)-H(4)N(3)#1	0.875(13)	2.173(13)	3.0433(8)	172.6(11)

Symmetry transformation to generate equivalent atoms: #1 -x+1, -y+1, -z+1

Figure S25. The molecular structure of compound **9f**. Thermal ellipsoids are shown at a 50% probability level. Hydrogen atoms are drawn as fixed-size spheres. Disorder is omitted for clarity on the figure.

N1-C1	1.389(5)	C7-C8	1.386(3)	C15-C16	1.384(4)
N1-C3	1.309(5)	C8-C9	1.386(3)	C10A-C11A	1.507(8)
C1-N2	1.304(5)	C5A-C6A	1.386(4)	C11A-C12A	1.384(4)
C1-C4	1.476(5)	C6A-C7A	1.386(4)	C11A-C16A	1.386(4)
N2-N3	1.400(4)	C7A-C8A	1.386(4)	C12A-C13A	1.385(4)
N3-C3	1.348(5)	C8A-C9A	1.386(4)	C13A-C14A	1.384(4)
N3-C10	1.456(5)	N4-H4	0.90(2)	C14A-C15A	1.385(4)
N3-C10A	1.456(6)	N4-C17	1.427(5)	C15A-C16A	1.385(4)
C3-N4	1.362(5)	C10-C11	1.508(7)	C17-C18	1.398(6)
C4-C5	1.387(3)	C11-C12	1.386(4)	C17-C22	1.382(6)
C4-C9	1.386(3)	C11-C16	1.384(4)	C18-C19	1.369(6)
C4-C5A	1.386(3)	C12-C13	1.386(4)	C19-C20	1.377(7)
C4-C9A	1.386(3)	C13-C14	1.386(4)	C20-C21	1.380(7)
C5-C6	1.385(3)	C14-C15	1.384(4)	C21-C22	1.399(6)
C6-C7	1.384(3)				

Table S11. Selected bond distances (Å) for 9f.

Table S12. Intermolecular hydrogen bond parameters (Å, °) for 9f.

D-HA	d(D-H)	d(HA)	d(DA)	<(DHA)
N(4)-H(4)N(2)#1	0.90(2)	2.22(3)	3.070(5)	158(4)

Symmetry transformation to generate equivalent atoms: #1 -y+1, x-y+1, z+1/3

NMR spectra

Figure S26. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 1h (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)


Figure S27. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 1h (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S28. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 1i (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S29. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 1i (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S30. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 2d (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S31. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 2d (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S32. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 2e (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S33. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 2e (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S34. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 6a (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz)



Figure S35. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound **6a** (DMSO-d₆, 75 MHz)



Figure S36. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 6b (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S37. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 6b (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S38. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 6c (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S39. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 6c (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S40. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 6d (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S41. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 6d (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S42. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 7a (DMSO-*d*₆, 300 MHz)





Figure S43. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 7a (DMSO-*d*₆, 75 MHz)



Figure S44. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 7c (DMSO-*d*₆, 300 MHz)



Figure S45. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 7c (DMSO-*d*₆, 75 MHz)



Figure S46. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4a (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S47. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4a (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S48. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound **4b** (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S49. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4b (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S50. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound **4c** (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S51. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4c (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S52. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4d (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S53. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4d (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S54. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4e (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S55. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4e (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S56. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4f (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S57. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4f (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S58. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4g (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S59. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4g (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S60. ¹H-¹H NOESY spectrum of compound **4g** (CDCl₃)



Figure S61. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4h (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S62. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4h (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)


Figure S63. ¹H-¹H NOESY spectrum of compound **4h** (CDCl₃)



Figure S64. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4i (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S65. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4i (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S66. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4j (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S67. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4j (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S68. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4k (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S69. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4k (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S70. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4l (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)





Figure S71. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4l (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S72. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4m (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S73. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4m (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S74. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4n (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S75. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4n (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S76. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 40 (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)





Figure S77. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 40 (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S78. ¹H-¹H NOESY spectrum of compound **40** (CDCl₃)



Figure S79. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4p (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S80. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4p (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S81. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4q (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S82. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4q (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S83. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4r (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S84. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4r (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S85. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4s (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S86. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4s (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S87. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound **4t** (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S88. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4t (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S89. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4u (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)





Figure S90. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4u (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S91. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4v (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S92. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4v (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S93. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4w (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S94. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4w (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S95. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4x (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S96. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4x (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S97. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4y (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S98. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4y (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)


Figure S99. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4z (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S100. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4z (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S101. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4aa (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S102. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4aa (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S103. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4ab (DMSO-*d*₆, 300 MHz)



Figure S104. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4ab (DMSO-*d*₆, 75 MHz)



Figure S105. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4ac (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S106. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4ac (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S107. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4ad (DMSO-*d*₆, 300 MHz)



Figure S108. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4ad (DMSO-d₆, 75 MHz)



Figure S109. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4ae (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S110. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4ae (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S111. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 8a (DMSO-*d*₆, 300 MHz)



Figure S112. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound **8a** (DMSO-*d*₆, 75 MHz)



Figure S113. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound **8b** (DMSO-*d*₆, 300 MHz)



Figure S114. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 8b (DMSO-*d*₆, 75 MHz)



Figure S115. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound **8c** (DMSO-*d*₆, 300 MHz)



Figure S116. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 8c (DMSO-*d*₆, 75 MHz)





Figure S117. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 8d (DMSO-*d*₆, 300 MHz)



Figure S118. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 8d (DMSO-*d*₆, 75 MHz)



Figure S119. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound **8e** (DMSO-*d*₆, 300 MHz)



Figure S120. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 8e (DMSO-*d*₆, 75 MHz)



Figure S121. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 8f (DMSO-*d*₆, 300 MHz)



Figure S122. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 8f (DMSO-*d*₆, 75 MHz)





Figure S123. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound **8g** (DMSO-*d*₆, 300 MHz)



Figure S124. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 8g (DMSO-*d*₆, 75 MHz)





Figure S125. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 8h (DMSO-*d*₆, 300 MHz)



Figure S126. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 8h (DMSO-*d*₆, 75 MHz)



Figure S127. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 8i (DMSO-*d*₆, 300 MHz)



Figure S128. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 8i (DMSO-*d*₆, 75 MHz)



Figure S129. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound **8j** (DMSO-*d*₆, 300 MHz)



Figure S130. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 8j (DMSO-*d*₆, 75 MHz)





Figure S131. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 8k (DMSO-*d*₆, 300 MHz)



Figure S132. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound **8k** (DMSO-*d*₆, 75 MHz)



Figure S133. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 8l (DMSO-*d*₆, 300 MHz)



Figure S134. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 8l (DMSO-d₆, 75 MHz)


Figure S135. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 8m (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S136. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 8m (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S137. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 9a (DMSO-*d*₆, 300 MHz)



Figure S138. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 9a (DMSO-*d*₆, 75 MHz)



Figure S139. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 9b (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S140. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 9b (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S141. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 9c (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S142. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 9c (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S143. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 9d (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S144. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 9d (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S145. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 9e (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S146. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 9e (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S147. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 9f (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S148. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 9f (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S149. ¹H-¹³C HMBC spectrum of compound 9f (CDCl₃)



Figure S150. ¹H-¹H NOESY spectrum of compound **9f** (CDCl₃)



Figure S151. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 10a (DMSO-*d*₆, 300 MHz)



Figure S152. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 10a (DMSO-*d*₆, 75 MHz)



Figure S153. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 10b (DMSO-*d*₆, 300 MHz)



Figure S154. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 10b (DMSO-*d*₆, 75 MHz)



Figure S155. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 10c (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S156. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 10c (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S157. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 12a (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz)



Figure S158. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 12a (DMSO-*d*₆, 75 MHz)



Figure S159. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound **12b** (DMSO-*d*₆, 300 MHz)





Figure S161. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 12c (DMSO-*d*₆, 300 MHz)



Figure S162. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 12c (DMSO-*d*₆, 75 MHz)



Figure S163. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 12d (DMSO-*d*₆, 300 MHz)



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Figure S165. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 12e (DMSO-*d*₆, 300 MHz)





Figure S166. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 12e (DMSO-*d*₆, 75 MHz)



Figure S167. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 12f (DMSO-*d*₆, 300 MHz)





Figure S168. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 12f (DMSO-*d*₆, 75 MHz)



Figure S169. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 12g (DMSO-*d*₆, 300 MHz)





Figure S170. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 12g (DMSO-*d*₆, 75 MHz)




Figure S171. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 12h (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)





Figure S172. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 12h (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S173. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 12i (DMSO-*d*₆, 300 MHz)



Figure S174. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 12i (DMSO-*d*₆, 75 MHz)



Figure S175. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 12j (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S176. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 12j (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S177. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound **12k** (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)





Figure S178. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 12k (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S179. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 12l (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)





Figure S180. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 12l (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S181. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 12m (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S182. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 12m (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S183. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 12n (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)





Figure S184. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 12n (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S185. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 120 (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



Figure S186. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 120 (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S187. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound **12p** (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)



.59 157 15 156.34	96 148 148 147	80.041	07.621 31 130 129 124	122.159 123.155 123.155 120.55	119 118 117 116	110 109 108 107	80000000000000000000000000000000000000	18 17
			122.79				21.38	
210 200	190 180 170	160 150 1	40 130 120	110 100 ppm	90 80 70	60 50 40	30 20 10	0 -10

Figure S188. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 12p (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)



Figure S189. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 12q (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)





Figure S190. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 12q (CDCl₃, 75 MHz)