Supplementary Material

Carbon Nanotubes Reinforced Self-healable Polythiourethane with Excellent Bonding Strength and Improved Thermal Conductivity

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Figure S1. Testing of electro-mechanical universal testing machine and lap mode of the bonding samples.

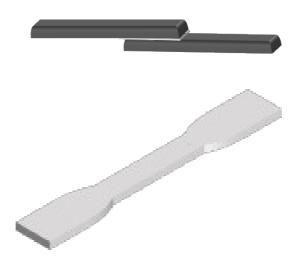


Figure S2. The lap shear samples and tensile samples.

Preparation method of tensile samples: Take two bonded test specimens with surface treatment, the lap shear sample to be tested evenly in the areas of $10 \text{ mm} \times 10 \text{ mm}$, and fit the two. A 100 µm spacer was place in the gap to control the thickness. Finally, a heavy weight is placed above the specimen to ensure that the bonding surface is completely attached.

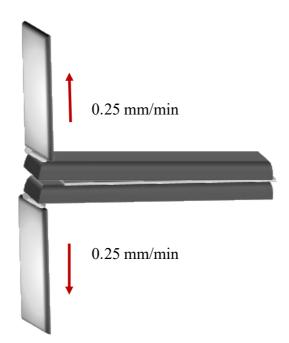


Figure S3. The test samples of DCB.

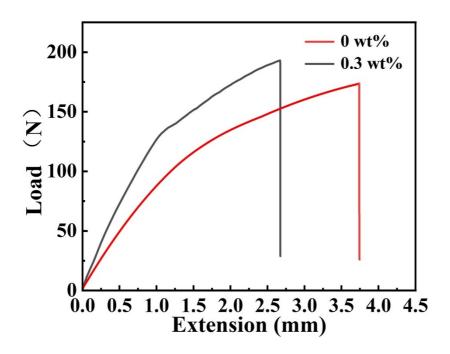


Figure S4. Load-extension curves measured by DCB samples.

The strain energy release rate G_C was calculated using Eq. S1 for the 3M 2665, Locite 3542, 0 wt% and 0.3 wt% of the dopping contents of the TMXDI-modified CNTs adhesive. Here, P is the applied load, b is the specimen width, C is the compliance of the specimen, and a is the crack length. The term C can be expressed as Eq. S2, where δ is the extension on the load line and P is the applied load.

$$G_C = \frac{P^2 dC}{2b da} \tag{Eq. S1}$$

$$C = \frac{\delta}{P}$$
(Eq. S2)

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Figure S5. The report of mechanical properties test.

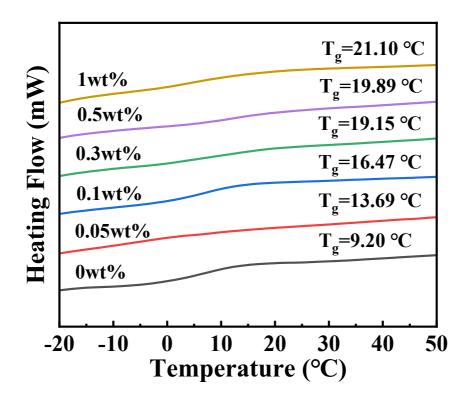


Figure S6. Glass transition temperature (T_g) of samples with different contents.

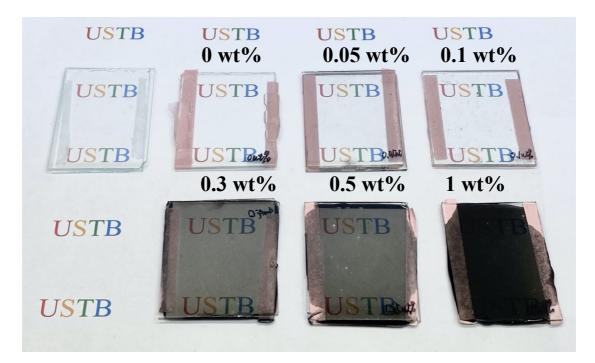


Figure S7. The optical performance test samples.