Supporting Information

Electrochemical formal [3+2] cycloaddition of azobenzenes

with hexahydro-1,3,5-triazines

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1. General Considerations

All ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on a 600 MHz Bruker FT-NMR spectrometer (600 MHz and 151 MHz, respectively). All chemical shifts are given as δ value (ppm) with reference to tetramethylsilane (TMS) as an internal standard. The peak patterns are indicated as follows: s, singlet; d, doublet; t, triplet; m, multiplet; q, quartet. The coupling constants, *J*, are reported in Hertz (Hz). High resolution mass spectroscopy data of the products were collected on an Agilent Technologies 6540 UHD Accurate-Mass Q-TOF LC/MS (ESI) and a Thermo Fisher Scientific LTQ FTICR-MS instrument. GC data were recorded on a Gas Chromatography instrument (9790 II) that provided by FULI Instrument Company in China. Melting points were determined in open capillary tube using WRS-1B digital melting point apparatus.

The starting materials, such as azobenzenes,^[1] and hexahydro-1,3,5-triazines reagents,^[2] are prepared according to the reported methods, and all materials are known. All the solvents are commercially available from Chemical Reagent Company in China, such as Energy, Titan, and Macklin Chemical Company, and directly used in this electrochemical system. Products were purified by flash chromatography on silica gels, eluting with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate (100:1 to 50:1).

2. General Procedure for the Reactions

2.1 Graphical Guide for the Set-Up

As experimental setup, we used a carbon rod anode (Φ 6 mm) and a platinum plate electrode (10 mm×10 mm×0.3 mm), rubber stoppers, an undivided 15 mL single-necked flask, a DC adjustable power supply regulator (HY3005MT) (Made in China) and a magnetic stirrer.



Figure S1 Experiment setup for the [3+2] cycloaddition of azobenzenes with hexahydro-1,3,5-triazines.

2.2 Typical Procedure for the Synthesis of 3a



Azobenzene (1a, 0.20 mmol, 1.0 equiv), hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine (2a, 0.20 mmol, 1.0 equiv), "Bu₄NBF₄ (0.40 mmol, 2.0 equiv) and EtOH (95%, 5.0 mL) were sequentially added into a 15.0 mL oven-dried undivided single necked bottle that equipped with a magnetic stirrer bar and sealed with rubber plugs under air atmosphere. A carbon rod (Φ 6 mm) anode and a platinum electrode (10 mm×10 mm×0.3 mm) were used as the cathode in the bottle. About 1.0 cm of the carbon rod was under the solution. The reaction mixture was stirred and electrolyzed at a constant current of 8 mA under air at room temperature for 3 h. When the reaction was complete, the reaction solution was concentrated in vacuum. The resulting crude mixture was purified by flash column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 100:1) to give the desired product **3a**.

2.3 Gram-Scale Synthesis of 3a



Azobenzene (1a, 1.0 g, 5.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv), hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine (2a, 1.73 g, 5.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv), "Bu₄NBF₄ (3.62 g, 11.0 mmol, 2.0 equiv), EtOH (95%, 60 mL) was sequentially added to a 100 mL oven-dried undivided three neck bottle that equipped with a magnetic stirrer bar and sealed with rubber plugs under air atmosphere. A carbon rod (Φ 6 mm) anode and a platinum electrode (10 mm×10 mm×0.3 mm) were used as the cathode in the bottle. The reaction mixture was stirred and electrolyzed at a constant current of 88 mA under air at room temperature for 10 h. When the reaction was complete, the reaction solution was concentrated in vacuum. The resulting crude mixture was purified by flash column chromatography to give the desired product **3a** (1.19 g, 72% yield).





Figure S2 Experiment setup for the gram-scale synthesis of 3a.

2.4 Late-Stage Transformation of 40 by Click Chemistry

1,2-Diphenyl-4-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)-1,2,4-triazolidine (**40**, 52.67 mg, 0.20 mmol, 1.0 equiv), NaN₃ (19.5 mg, 0.30 mmol, 1.5 equiv), benzyl bromide (35.6 μL, 0.30 mmol,

1.5 equiv), CuI (1.9 mg, 0.01 mmol, 5 mol%), THF (1.0 mL) and H₂O (1.0 mL) were sequentially added to a 10 mL Pressure-resistant tubes that equipped with a magnetic stirrer bar. The reaction mixture was stirred under air at room temperature for 10 h. When the reaction was complete, the reaction solution was concentrated in vacuum. The resulting crude mixture was purified by flash column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 5:1) to give the desired product **5** (59.5 mg, 75% yield).

3. Mechanistic Experiments

3.1 Cyclic Voltammetry Studies



Figure S3 The cyclic voltammograms recorded in EtOH with 0.1 M n-Bu₄NBF₄ as the supporting electrolyte [1a (1 mM), 2a (1 mM), 1a+2a (1 mM), 3a (1 mM)]. Applied potential range: -2.0 to 2.5 V; Scan direction: from negative to positive; Scan rate: 0.1 V/s.

Cyclic voltammetry was performed in a three electrode cell connected to a Schlenk line at room temperature. The working electrode was a glassy carbon electrode, and the counter electrode was a platinum electrode. The reference was an Ag/AgCl wire, and EtOH (95%, 10 mL) containing 0.1 M n-Bu₄NBF₄ was poured into the electrochemical cell in all experiments. Under ambient conditions, the LK98C electrochemical workstation was used with an applied potential range of -2.0 to 2.5 V, a scan direction of Positive and a scan rate of 0.1 V/s. The test concentrations of 1a, 2a, 1a+2a and 3a are 1 mM, respectively.



Figure S4 Cyclic voltammogram of **2a** (10 mM) in EtOH solution (10 mL) with ^{*n*}Bu₄NBF₄ (0.1 M) as electrolyte. Black curve: $E_p = 1.37V$. Applied potential range: -2.0 to 2.5 V; Scan direction: from negative to positive; Scan rate: 0.1 V/s.



Figure S5 Cyclic voltammogram of KOH (10 mM) in EtOH solution (10 mL) with ^{*n*}Bu₄NBF₄ (0.1 M) as electrolyte. Red curve: $E_p = 1.14$ V for EtO⁻. Applied potential

range: -2.0 to 2.5 V; Scan direction: from negative to positive; Scan rate: 0.1 V/s.

The cyclic voltammograms in Figures S4–5 were recorded in an electrolyte of $^{n}Bu_{4}NBF_{4}$ (0.1 M) in EtOH (10 mL) using a glassy carbon disk working electrode (diameter, 3 mm), a Pt wire auxiliary electrode and an Ag/AgCl reference electrode. The scan rate is 0.1V/s.

3.2 Detection of AcOH by Gas Chromatography (GC)

In order to detect the formation of AcOH as the oxidation product, a gas chromatography (GC) analysis of AcOH was recorded on a GC instrument (9790 II, FULI company, China). The procedure is as follows: An oven-dried undivided threenecked flask equipped with a magnetic stirrer bar was recharged with pure N₂ for three times. Then, azobenzene (**1a**, 0.20 mmol, 1.0 equiv), hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine (**2a**, 0.20 mmol, 1.0 equiv), "Bu₄NBF₄ (0.40 mmol, 2.0 equiv) and EtOH (95%, 5.0 mL) were sequentially added into the flask and sealed with rubber plugs. Particularly, a balloon filled with N₂ was used to protect the reaction system until the completion of the electrochemical reaction. A carbon rod (Φ 6 mm) anode and a platinum electrode (10 mm×10 mm×0.3 mm) were used as the cathode in the bottle. About 1.0 cm of the carbon rod was under the solution. The reaction mixture was stirred and electrolyzed at a constant current of 8 mA at room temperature for 3 h. After the completion of the reaction, the detection of AcOH was recorded by GC. By comparing to the GC data of standard AcOH sample, it is indicated that there is AcOH formed during the reaction system.



Peak sequence	Component name	Retention time [min]	Peak width at half height [min]	Peak height [uV]	Peak area [uV*s]	Peak area [%]	Content [%]	Peak type
1		1.272	0.043	1331815.7	3531610.1	98.0513	98.0513	BB
2		1.404	0.025	40812.8	70187.4	1.9487	1.9487	BB
			Total:	1372628.4	3601797.6	100.00	100.00	

Figure S6 (a) Detection of AcOH (Standard sample) by GC; Retention time = 1.38 min. (b) Detection of AcOH by GC analysis (after the completion of the reaction); Retention time = 1.40 min.



Figure S7 MS spectra of AcOH

3.3 Reaction of 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine with Hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine

1,2-Diphenylhydrazine (0.20 mmol, 1.0 equiv), hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine (**2a**, 0.20 mmol, 1.0 equiv), "Bu₄NBF₄ (0.40 mmol, 2.0 equiv) and EtOH (5.0 mL) were sequentially added into a 15.0 mL oven-dried undivided single necked bottle that equipped with a magnetic stirrer bar and sealed with rubber plugs under air atmosphere. A carbon rod (Φ 6 mm) anode and a platinum electrode (10 mm×10 mm×0.3 mm) were used as the cathode in the bottle. The reaction mixture was stirred and electrolyzed at a constant current of 8 mA under air at room temperature for 3 h. When the reaction was complete, the reaction solution was concentrated in vacuum. The resulting crude mixture was purified by flash column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 100:1) to give the desired product **3a** (13.26 mg, 22% yield). Yield of 28% can be obtained without electric current.

3.4 Isotope-Labeling Experiment



Azobenzene (**1a**, 0.20 mmol, 1.0 equiv), ${}^{n}Bu_{4}NBF_{4}$ (0.40 mmol, 2.0 equiv) and CD₃OD (5 mL) were sequentially added into a 15.0 mL oven-dried undivided single necked bottle that equipped with a magnetic stirrer bar and sealed with rubber plugs under air atmosphere. A carbon rod (Φ 6 mm) anode and a platinum electrode (10 mm×10 mm×0.3 mm) were used as the cathode in the bottle. About 1.0 cm of the carbon rod was under the solution. The reaction mixture was stirred and electrolyzed

at a constant current of 8 mA under air at room temperature for 3 h. And then, without any treatment, the reaction mixture was detected by HRMS (data of [M+H]⁺ are showed).



Figure S8 Isotope-Labeling Experiment

4. Characterization Data for the Products



1,2,4-Triphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (3a)^[3]: Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 100:1) to afford the product **3a** (47.6 mg, 79% yield). White solid; m.p.: 132~134 °C.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.28–7.25 (m, 4H), 7.22–7.19 (m, 2H), 7.16 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 4H), 6.94 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 6.76 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.85 (s, 2H), 4.66 (s, 2H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 150.2, 145.1, 129.4, 129.2, 121.6, 118.4, 115.0, 113.3, 67.1.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{20}H_{19}N_3Na^+$ [M+Na]⁺ 324.1471, found 324.1471.



4-Phenyl-1,2-di-p-tolyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (**3b**)^[3]: Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 100:1) to afford the product **3b** (55.3 mg, 84% yield).

White solid; m.p.: $130 \sim 132 \text{ °C}$.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.22 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.09 (s, 8H), 6.77 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 4.83 (s, 2H), 4.66 (s, 2H), 2.29 (s, 6H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.0, 145.2, 130.9, 129.7, 129.4, 118.2, 115.1, 113.2, 67.1, 20.5.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₂H₂₃N₃Na⁺ [M+Na]⁺ 352.1784, found 352.1784.



1,2-bis(4-Ethylphenyl)-4-phenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (3c): Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 100:1) to afford the product **3c** (60.8 mg, 85% yield).

White solid; m.p.: 124~126 °C.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.21 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.12 (s, 8H), 6.75 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.83 (s, 2H), 4.65 (s, 2H), 2.58 (q, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 4H), 1.20 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.2, 145.2, 137.4, 129.3, 128.5, 118.1, 115.1, 113.1, 67.1, 28.0, 15.8.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{24}H_{27}N_3Na^+$ [M+Na]⁺ 380.2097, found 380.2098.



1,2-bis(4-Isopropylphenyl)-4-phenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (3d): Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 30:1) to afford the product **3d** (66.3 mg, 86% yield).

White solid; m.p.: 113~115 °C.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.22 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 4H), 7.12 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 4H), 6.76 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 4.84 (s, 2H), 4.66 (s, 2H), 2.88–2.83 (m, 2H), 1.23 (s, 6H), 1.21 (s, 6H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.3, 145.1, 142.1, 129.3, 127.1, 118.1, 115.1, 113.1, 67.1, 33.3, 24.2.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{26}H_{32}N_3^+$ [M+H]⁺ 386.2591, found 386.2590.



4-Phenyl-1,2-bis(4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)-1,2,4-triazolidine (3e)^[3]: Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column

chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 50:1) to afford the product **3e** (58.2 mg, 62% yield).

Colorless oil.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.14 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.04 (s, 8H), 6.71 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.49 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 4.70 (s, 2H), 4.59 (s, 2H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.6, 143.8, 142.8, 128.5, 120.8 (d, *J* = 113.7 Hz), 118.4 (d, *J* = 105.7 Hz), 114.9, 112.5, 66.5.

¹⁹F NMR (565 MHz, CDCl₃) δ –58.2.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{22}H_{18}F_6N_3O_2^+$ [M+H]⁺ 470.1298, found 470.1295.



1,2-bis(4-Fluorophenyl)-4-phenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (**3f**)^[3]: Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 100:1) to afford the product **3f** (45.2 mg, 67% yield).

White solid; m.p.: 118~119 °C.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.22 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.10 (dd, *J* = 9.6, 4.8 Hz, 4H), 6.96 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 4H), 6.78 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 4.74 (s, 2H), 4.67 (s, 2H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.3 (d, J = 240.8 Hz), 145.7 (d, J = 213.5 Hz), 129.5, 118.7, 116.6, 116.5, 115.8, 115.7, 113.4, 67.8.

¹⁹F NMR (565 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -122.8.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{20}H_{18}F_2N_3^+$ [M+H]⁺ 338.1463, found 338.1463.



4-Phenyl-1,2-di(*m*-tolyl)-1,2,4-triazolidine (3h)^[3]: Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 30:1) to afford the product **3h** (46.8 mg, 71% yield).

White solid; m.p.: 52~54 °C.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.29–7.24 (m, 4H), 7.10–7.04 (m, 4H), 6.84 (s, 3H), 6.64 (s, 2H), 4.91 (s, 2H), 4.71 (s, 2H), 2.40 (s, 6H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 150.2, 145.1, 139.0, 129.3, 129.0, 122.3, 118.2, 115.5, 113.1, 112.0, 67.0, 21.7.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₂H₂₄N₃⁺ [M+H]⁺ 330.1965, found 330.1964.



1,2-bis(3-Ethylphenyl)-4-phenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (3i): Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 100:1) to afford the product **3i** (52.9 mg, 74% yield).

Yellow liquid.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.21 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.11 (s, 8H), 6.75 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.83 (s, 2H), 4.65 (s, 2H), 2.58 (q, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 4H), 1.20 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.2, 145.2, 137.4, 129.3, 128.5, 118.1, 115.1, 113.1,
67.1, 28.0, 15.8.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{24}H_{28}N_3^+$ [M+H]⁺ 358.2278, found 358.2276.



1,2-bis(2,3-Dimethylphenyl)-4-phenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (3j): Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 100:1) to afford the product **3j** (55.8 mg, 78% yield).

White solid; m.p.: 124~125 °C.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.42 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.22 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.06 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 6.90 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.75 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 4.94 (s, 2H), 4.47 (s, 2H), 2.31 (s, 6H), 2.29 (s, 6H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 150.4, 144.7, 138.0, 129.3, 128.5, 125.6, 125.3, 117.6, 115.9, 112.7, 69.7, 20.5, 15.3.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{24}H_{27}N_3Na^+$ [M+Na]⁺ 380.2097, found 380.2101.



1,2-bis(3,4-Dimethylphenyl)-4-phenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (3k)^[3]: Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 100:1) to afford the product **3k** (57.9 mg, 81% yield).

White solid; m.p.: 142~144 °C.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.20 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.0 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.99 (s, 2H), 6.91 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.74 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.56 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.82 (s, 2H), 4.62 (s, 2H), 2.23 (s, 6H), 2.18 (s, 6H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.3, 145.2, 137.3, 130.2, 129.5, 129.2, 118.0, 116.4, 113.1, 112.3, 67.0, 20.1, 18.8.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{24}H_{28}N_3^+$ [M+H]⁺ 358.2278, found 358.2275.



1,2-bis(2-Isopropylphenyl)-4-phenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (3l): Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 100:1) to afford the product **3l** (64.0 mg, 83% yield).

White solid; m.p.: 106~108 °C;

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.14 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.09 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 6.77 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 4.96 (s, 2H), 4.55 (s, 2H), 3.46–3.41 (m, 1H), 1.32 (s, 6H), 1.14 (s, 6H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.9, 144.7, 141.6, 129.5, 126.6, 126.2, 124.5, 118.9, 117.71, 112.7, 70.1, 27.7.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{26}H_{32}N_3^+[M+H]^+$ 386.2591, found 386.2591.



1,4-Diphenyl-2-(*p***-tolyl)-1,2,4-triazolidine** (3m)^[3]: Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography

with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 100:1) to afford the product **3m** (52.4 mg, 83% yield).

White solid; m.p.: 104~106 °C.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.26 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.20 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.07 (s, 4H), 6.92 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 4.82 (s, 2H), 4.64 (d, *J* = 53.4 Hz, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 150.2, 148.0, 145.2, 131.2, 129.8, 129.4, 129.2, 121.4, 118.3, 115.3, 114.9, 113.3, 67.4, 67.0, 20.6.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{21}H_{21}N_3Na^+$ [M+Na]⁺ 338.1628, found 338.1629.



1-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-2,4-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine $(3n)^{[3]}$: Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 50:1) to afford the product **3n** (53.0 mg, 80% yield).

White solid; m.p.: 91~93 °C.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.28 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.22 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.13 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.93 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.77 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 4.79 (s, 2H), 4.58 (s, 2H), 3.76 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.1, 150.1, 145.1, 144.1, 129.4, 129.2, 121.2, 118.2, 117.0, 114.7, 114.5, 113.2, 67.8, 66.9, 55.6.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₁H₂₂N₃O⁺ [M+H]⁺ 332.1757, found 332.1755.



1-(4-(Methylthio)phenyl)-2,4-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (30): Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 30:1) to afford the product 30 (52.8 mg, 76% yield).

White solid; m.p.: 101~103 °C.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.28 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.22 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.15 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.11 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.95 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.82 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 4.65 (s, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 149.9, 148.4, 144.9, 129.8, 129.6, 129.3, 129.1, 121.6, 118.4, 115.7, 114.9, 113.2, 67.1, 67.0, 17.7.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{21}H_{22}N_3S^+$ [M+H]⁺ 348.1529, found 348.1528.



1-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2,4-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine $(3p)^{[3]}$: Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 100:1) to afford the product **3p** (47.0 mg, 70% yield).

White solid; m.p.: 117~119 °C.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.30 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.24 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 4H),7.15 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.10 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.98 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 4.84 (d, *J* = 33.0 Hz, 2H), 4.69 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 149.9, 148.8, 145.0, 129.5, 129.3, 129.1, 126.5, 121.9, 118.7, 116.3, 115.0, 113.4, 67.3, 67.2.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{20}H_{18}ClN_3Na^+$ [M+Na]⁺ 358.1081, found 358.1079.



1-(4-Bromophenyl)-2,4-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine $(3q)^{[3]}$: Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 100:1) to afford the product **3q** (57.0 mg, 75% yield).

White solid; m.p.: 153~155 °C.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.35 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.21 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.12 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.02 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.95 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 4.80 (d, J = 42.6 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (s, 2H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 149.9, 149.3, 145.0, 132.0, 129.5, 129.3, 121.9, 118.7, 116.7, 115.1, 113.8, 113.4, 67.4, 67.1.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{20}H_{19}BrN_3^+[M+H]^+$ 380.0757, found 380.0753.



1-(4-Iodophenyl)-2,4-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (3r)^[3]: Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 100:1) to afford the product 3r (61.5 mg, 72% yield).

White solid; m.p.: 173~175 °C.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.55 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.24 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.14 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 6.98 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.80 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 4.83 (d, J = 44.4 Hz, 2H), 4.67 (d, J = 28.2 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 149.9, 149.8, 144.9, 137.9, 129.4, 129.2, 121.9, 118.7, 117.0, 115.0, 113.3, 83.6, 67.3, 66.9.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{20}H_{19}IN_3^+$ [M+H]⁺ 428.0618, found 428.0618.



1,4-diphenyl-2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-1,2,4-triazolidine (3s): Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 100:1) to afford the product 3s (42.8 mg, 58% yield).

Colorless oil.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.41 (s, 2H), 7.18 (s, 2H), 7.12 (s, 2H), 7.06 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (s, 1H), 6.69 (s, 1H), 6.48 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 4.80 (s, 1H), 4.68 (s, 2H), 4.47 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.3, 149.7, 144.8, 129.4, 129.3, 126.5 (q, *J* = 4.2 Hz), 124.5 (q, *J* = 270.6 Hz), 122.9 (q, *J* = 2.4 Hz), 122.3, 118.9, 115.3, 114.0, 113.4, 67.7, 66.4.

¹⁹F NMR (565 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -61.3.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{21}H_{19}F_3N_3^+$ [M+H]⁺ 370.1526, found 370.1522.



1-(3-Bromophenyl)-2,4-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (3t): Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 30:1) to afford the product 3t (47.2 mg, 62% yield).

White solid; m.p.: 145~147 °C.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.35 (s, 1H), 7.27 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.21 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.16–7.09 (m, 3H), 7.03 (dd, *J* = 15.6, 7.8 Hz, 2H), 6.96 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.56 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 4.80 (d, *J* = 49.8 Hz, 2H), 4.64 (d, *J* = 34.2 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 151.5, 149.9, 145.0, 130.6, 129.5, 129.3, 124.4, 123.3, 122.1, 118.8, 117.9, 115.2, 113.5, 113.4, 67.5, 67.0.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{20}H_{19}BrN_3^+$ [M+H]⁺ 380.0757, found 380.0755.



1,4-Diphenyl-2-(*o***-tolyl)-1,2,4-triazolidine (3u):** Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 100:1) to afford the product 3u (51.1 mg, 81% yield).

White solid; m.p.: 121~122 °C;

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.29–7.24 (m, 3H), 7.23–7.17 (m, 5H), 7.08 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.93–4.79 (m, 2H), 4.56 (d, J = 4.2 Hz, 2H), 2.47 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 150.2, 149.4, 145.0, 131.4, 130.5, 129.5, 129.2, 126.5, 124.3, 121.1, 118.5, 118.3, 115.0, 113.2, 68.6, 70.0, 19.2. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₁H₂₂N₃⁺[M+H]⁺ 316.1808, found 316.1810.



1,2-Diphenyl-4-(p-tolyl)-1,2,4-triazolidine $(4a)^{[3]}$: Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 100:1) to afford the product **4a** (50.5 mg, 80% yield).

White solid; m.p.: 93~95 °C.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO) δ 7.23 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 4H), 7.11 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 4H), 6.97 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.64 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 4.89 (s, 2H), 4.49 (s, 2H), 2.13 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 150.0, 143.2, 129.5, 129.1, 127.0, 121.0, 114.7, 113.9, 67.3, 20.0.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{21}H_{22}N_3^+$ [M+H]⁺ 316.1808, found 316.1807.



4-(4-(*tert***-Butyl)phenyl)-1,2-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (4b)^[3]:** Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 30:1) to afford the product **4b** (53.6 mg, 75% yield).

White solid; m.p.: 92~94 °C.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.27 (q, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 6H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 4H), 6.95 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.57 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.86 (s, 2H), 4.68 (s, 2H), 1.27 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 150.2, 142.8, 141.1, 129.1, 126.1, 121.4, 114.9, 113.0, 67.3, 33.9, 31.4.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₄H₂₈N₃⁺ [M+H]⁺ 358.2278, found 358.2276.



4-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-1,2-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (4c)^[3]: Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 50:1) to afford the product 4c (41.8 mg, 63% yield).

White solid; m.p.: 73~75 °C.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 7.22 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 4H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 4H), 6.86 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.77 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.70 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.84 (s, 2H), 4.49 (s, 2H), 3.61 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 152.5, 150.1, 139.8, 129.0, 121.0, 115.3, 114.6, 114.6, 68.0, 55.3.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{21}H_{22}ON_3^+$ [M+H]⁺ 332.1757, found 332.1756.



4-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1,2-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (4d)^[3]: Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 100:1) to afford the product 4d (56.4 mg, 84% yield).

White solid; m.p.: 130~132 °C.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 7.22 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 4H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.11 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 4H), 6.87 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.71 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.95 (s, 2H), 4.47 (s, 2H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 149.8, 144.0, 129.1, 128.8, 121.7, 121.2, 115.0, 114.7, 66.7.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{20}H_{19}N_3Cl^+$ [M+H]⁺ 336.1262, found 336.1261.



4-(4-Bromophenyl)-1,2-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (4e)^[3]: Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 100:1) to afford the product 4e (62.4 mg, 82% yield).

White solid; m.p.: 135~136 °C.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 7.27 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.20 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 4H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 4H), 6.85 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.64 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 4.93 (s, 2H), 4.44 (s, 2H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 149.8, 144.3, 131.7, 129.2, 121.3, 115.5, 114.7, 109.3, 66.6.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₀H₁₈BrN₃⁺ [M]⁺ 379.0679, found 379.0678.



4-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-1,2-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (4f): Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 100:1) to afford the product **4f** (63.7 mg, 85% yield).

White solid; m.p.: 171~173 °C.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 7.22 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 4H), 7.12 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 4H), 6.88 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.74 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 5.06 (s, 2H), 4.43 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 149.5, 146.4, 134.7, 129.2, 121.4, 116.5, 114.7, 111.6, 65.8.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{20}H_{16}Cl_2N_3^+$ (M-H)⁺ 368.0716, found 368.0717.



Methyl 4-(1,2-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidin-4-yl)benzoate (4g): Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 50:1) to afford the product 4g (61.8 mg, 86% yield).

White solid; m.p.: 173~175 °C.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 7.74 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.24 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 4H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 4H), 6.90 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.73 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.12 (s, 2H), 4.53 (s, 2H), 3.72 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 166.1, 149.5, 148.0, 130.9, 129.2, 121.5, 117.9, 114.8, 112.4, 65.6, 51.5.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{22}H_{20}N_3O_2^+$ [M-H]⁺ 358.1550, found 358.1547.



1,2-Diphenyl-4-(m-tolyl)-1,2,4-triazolidine (4h)^[3]: Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 100:1) to afford the product **4h** (33.4 mg, 53% yield).

White solid; m.p.: 116~117 °C.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.33 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 4H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 4H), 7.16 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.66 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (s, 2H), 4.91 (s, 2H), 4.72 (s, 2H), 2.35 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 150.1, 145.1, 139.1, 129.2, 129.1, 121.5, 119.2, 114.9, 113.9, 110.4, 67.1, 21.7.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{21}H_{22}N_3^+$ [M+H]⁺ 316.1808, found 316.1806.



1,2-Diphenyl-4-(*o***-tolyl)-1,2,4-triazolidine (4i):** Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 100:1) to afford the product **4i** (29.6 mg, 47% yield).

White solid; m.p.: 108~109 °C.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.30 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 4H), 7.20 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 4H), 7.13 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.63 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.43 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 4.88 (s, 2H), 4.70 (s, 2H), 2.32 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 150.1, 145.1, 139.2, 129.2, 129.1, 121.5, 119.2, 115.0, 114.0, 110.4, 67.1, 21.7.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{21}H_{22}N_3^+$ [M+H]⁺ 316.1808, found 316.1807.



4-Isobutyl-1,2-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (4j): Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 50:1) to afford the product **4j** (40.5 mg, 72% yield).

Pale yellow liquid.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.23 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 4H), 6.95 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 4H), 6.88 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 4.36 (s, 2H), 4.27 (s, 2H), 2.24 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 1.65–1.58 (m, 1H), 0.83 (d, *J* = 13.2 Hz, 6H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 151.4, 129.0, 120.3, 114.5, 74.2, 63.7, 28.5, 20.5 (d, *J* = 9.45 Hz).

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{18}H_{24}N_3^+$ [M+H]⁺ 282.1965, found 282.1963.



4-Cyclopropyl-1,2-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (4k): Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 50:1) to afford the product **4k** (60.6 mg, 83% yield).

White solid; m.p.: 97~98 °C.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.29 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 4H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 4H), 6.93 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 4.56 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.44 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 2.04–2.01 (m, 1H), 0.53 (s, 2H), 0.45–0.42 (m, 1H), 0.37–0.34 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 151.4, 129.0, 120.3, 114.4, 74.2, 36.3, 7.3, 6.5. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₇H₂₀N₃⁺ [M+H]⁺ 266.1652, found 266.1650.

4-Cyclopentyl-1,2-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (4I): Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 50:1) to afford the product **4I** (35.8 mg, 61% yield).

Pale green liquid.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.23 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 4H), 6.95 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 4H), 6.89 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 4.41 (s, 2H), 4.31 (s, 2H), 2.77–2.72 (m, 1H), 1.79–1.64 (m, 4H), 1.45–1.25 (m, 4H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 151.2, 129.0, 120.4, 114.4, 72.4, 62.5, 32.7, 32.1, 24.1.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{19}H_{24}N_3^+$ [M+H]⁺294.1965, found 294.1963.



4-Benzyl-1,2-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (4m): Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 50:1) to afford the product **4m** (51.1 mg, 81% yield).

White solid; m.p.: 112~114 °C.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.30–7.25 (m, 7H), 7.12 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.96 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 4H), 6.93 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 4.43 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.34 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 3.68 (d, *J* = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 3.61 (d, *J* = 13.2 Hz, 1H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 151.5, 138.2, 129.1, 128.9, 128.4, 127.4, 120.5, 114.5, 73.2, 58.9.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{21}H_{21}N_3^+$ [M]⁺ 315.1730, found 315.1731.



4-(4-Methylbenzyl)-1,2-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (**4n**): Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 30:1) to afford the product **4n** (52.1 mg, 79% yield).

White solid; m.p.: 104~105 °C.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 7.19 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 4H), 7.05 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.91 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 4H), 6.83 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 4.31 (d, J =

9.0 Hz, 2H), 4.26 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 3.54 (d, *J* = 12.6 Hz, 1H), 3.44 (d, *J* = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 2.23 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 151.3, 136.3, 135.3, 129.0, 128.9, 128.5, 120.1, 114.3, 72.8, 57.4, 20.7.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{22}H_{23}N_3^+$ [M]⁺ 329.1886, found 329.1889.



1,2-Diphenyl-4-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)-1,2,4-triazolidine (40): Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 50:1) to afford the product **40** (33.7 mg, 64% yield).

White solid; m.p.: 98~100 °C.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.27 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 4H), 6.99 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 4H), 6.93 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 4.53 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 4.38 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.39–3.31 (m, 2H), 2.22 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 151.0, 129.1, 120.7, 114.4, 79.5, 72.6, 72.3, 43.2. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₇H₁₈N₃⁺ [M+H]⁺264.1495, found 264.1493.



1-Benzyl-4-((1,2-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidin-4-yl)methyl)-1*H***-1,2,3-triazole** (5): Prepared following general procedure and the reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography with petroleum ether and ethylacetate (PE/EA = 5:1) to afford the product **5** (59.5 mg, 75 % yield).

Pale yellow liquid.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.37 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 7.26–7.24 (m, 3H), 7.22 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 4H), 7.17 (s, 1H), 6.94 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 4H), 6.89 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.48 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 4.45 (s, 2H), 4.37 (s, 2H), 3.79 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (d, J = 12.6 Hz, 1H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 151.1, 145.5, 134.5, 129.1, 129.1, 128.8, 128.1, 122.4, 120.6, 114.5, 73.2, 54.1, 49.9.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{24}H_{25}N_6^+$ [M+H]⁺ 397.2135, found 397.2132.

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6. NMR Spectra of the Products

NMR spectra of 1,2,4-triphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (3a)





NMR spectra of 4-phenyl-1,2-di(*p*-tolyl)-1,2,4-triazolidine (**3b**)



NMR spectra of 1,2-bis(4-ethylphenyl)-4-phenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (3c)



NMR spectra of 1,2-bis(4-isopropylphenyl)-4-phenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (3d)






NMR spectra of 1,2-bis(4-fluorophenyl)-4-phenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (3f)











NMR spectra of 1,2-bis(3-ethylphenyl)-4-phenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (3i)



NMR spectra of 1,2-bis(2,3-dimethylphenyl)-4-phenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (3j)



NMR spectra of 1,2-bis(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-4-phenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (3k)



NMR spectra of 1,2-bis(2-isopropylphenyl)-4-phenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (31)



NMR spectra of 1,4-diphenyl-2-(*p*-tolyl)-1,2,4-triazolidine (**3m**)



NMR spectra of 1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (3n)



NMR spectra of 1-(4-(methylthio)phenyl)-2,4-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (30)





NMR spectra of 1-(4-bromophenyl)-2,4-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (3q)









NMR spectra of 1,4-diphenyl-2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-1,2,4-triazolidine (**3s**)









NMR spectra of 4-(4-(tert-butyl)phenyl)-1,2-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (4b)





NMR spectra of 4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1,2-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (4c)





NMR spectra of 4-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,2-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (4d)





NMR spectra of 4-(4-bromophenyl)-1,2-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (4e)





NMR spectra of 4-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-1,2-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (4f)





NMR spectra of methyl 4-(1,2-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidin-4-yl)benzoate (4g)









NMR spectra of 4-isobutyl-1,2-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (4j)





NMR spectra of 4-cyclopropyl-1,2-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (4k)





NMR spectra of 4-cyclopentyl-1,2-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (41)









NMR spectra of 4-(4-methylbenzyl)-1,2-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidine (4n)







NMR spectra of 1-benzyl-4-((1,2-diphenyl-1,2,4-triazolidin-4-yl)methyl)-

1*H*-1,2,3-triazole (5)

	r 7.380	7.259 7.259 7.255 7.255	7.244 7.231 7.204 7.168 6.949	6.901 6.889 6.877 5.470 5.470	4.445	L 3.778 2.778 1.3.704 3.683						
							Ph	Ph N = N N = N				
			2.97 4.19 4.22 2.12	1.99≭	2.00Å	0.98 ²				lı		
0	9	8	7	6	5 f1 (ppm)	4	3	2	1	0	-	












S72













S77

















D20213873 #14 RT: 0.2210 AV: 1 NL: 1.20E6 T: FTMS + p NSI Full ms [50.00-1000.00]





D20213865 #16 RT: 0.2535 AV: 1 NL: 8.78E5 T: FTMS + p NSI Full ms [50.00-1000.00] Elemental composition search on mass 316.1806 100₇ 95 m/z= 311.1806-321.1806 90 Theo. RDB Delta m/z Composition Me 85 Mass equiv. (ppm) 316.1807 -0.17 1.5 C13 H23 N3 F5 316.1806 80 . 316.1804 0.57 0.0 C12 H26 O5 N2 F2 75 . 316.1808 -0.68 12.5 C21 H22 N3 70 316.1809 -0.81 5.0 C18 H24 F4 65 60 55 50 316.1802 1.38 3.5 C13 H26 O2 N5 S -2.23 -0.5 C10 H27 O3 N5 FS 316.1813 4h 316.1815 -2.86 3.0 C15 H28 O3 N2 S Relative Abundance 316.1793 4.18 4.0 C15 H25 O4 N2 F ÷ 316.1820 -4.29 8.5 C18 H23 ON3 F . 45 40 35 -4.42 316.1820 1.0 C15 H25 OF5 30 25-169.1 20-196.1 275 0 277.0 15 69.9 170.1 198.1 316.2 10-211.1 328.2 3142 168.1 19<u>5.1</u> 180.1 225.1 5 237.1 247.0 300.1 367.3 382.1 274.3 278.0 332.2 93.8 112.1 123.4 139.0 147.9 77 5 للبلة ll it ju 340 380 160 360 80 100 120 140 180 200 220 240 260 280 300 320 m/z







S85





D20215467 #43 RT: 0.6750 AV: 1 NL: 4.83E6 T: FTMS + p NSI Full ms [50.00-800.00]



8. Crystallographic Data for 3d

The compound **3d** was crystalized over a solution of **3d** (50 mg) in CH_2Cl_2 /petroleum (1 mL/1 mL) at room temperature. The mixed solvent spontaneously evaporates in open air to obtain the crystals of **3d**. Then the crystals were carefully collected and used for X-ray diffraction analysis. The crystal structure was further determined by Bruker D8 QUEST X-ray single crystal diffractometer. The CCDC number of **3d** is 2097639.

checkCIF/PLATON report

You have not supplied any structure factors. As a result the full set of tests cannot be run.

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No syntax errors found. CIF dictionary Interpreting this report

Datablock: 20210401a_0m

Bond precision	: C-C = 0.0023 A	Wavelength=0.71073	
Cell:	a=8.312(5)	b=11.807(6)	c=11.826(4)
	alpha=71.649(17)	beta=82.681(19)	gamma=82.856(13)
Temperature:	293 K		
	Calculated	Reporte	ed
Volume	1088.2(9)	1088.2	(9)
Space group	P -1	P -1	
Hall group	-P 1	-P 1	
Moiety formula	C26 H31 N3	C26 H31	N3
Sum formula	C26 H31 N3	C26 H31	N3
Mr	385.54	385.54	
Dx,g cm-3	1.177	1.177	
Z	2	2	
Mu (mm-1)	0.069	0.069	
F000	416.0	416.0	
F000'	416.13		
h, k, 1max	10,15,15	10, 15, 15	
Nref	5165	5068	
Tmin, Tmax	0.989,0.993	0.715,0.746	
Tmin'	0.988		
Correction met	hod= # Reported T	Limits: Tmin=0.71	5 Tmax=0.746
AbsCorr = NONE			
Data completeness= 0.981		Theta(max) = 27.849	
R(reflections)	= 0.0459(3787)	wR2(reflections	s)= 0.1318(5068)
S = 1.045 Npar= 266			

The following ALERTS were generated. Each ALERT has the format test-name ALERT_alert-type alert-level. Click on the hyperlinks for more details of the test.



Figure S9 X-ray structure of 3d (ORTEP diagram with ellipsoid contour 50% probability)

9. Determination of Faradaic Efficiency

(1) F. E. (%) =
$$\frac{n \times F \times \text{mol of product or intermediate formed}}{\text{acculumated charge (C)}} \times 100 \%$$

F. E. (%) =
$$\frac{2 \times 96485 \text{ C mol}^{-1} \times 0.2 \text{ mmol} \times 10^{-3} \times 79 \%}{8 \text{ mA} \times 10^{-3} \times 3 \text{ h} \times 3600} \times 100 \%$$

= 35.3 %

The F.E. (%) of the product **3a** was calculated by (1). The F.E. is the proportion of electrons consumed in each electrochemical reaction of the total applied charge and represents the selectivity of the electrochemical system for each reaction. In Eq (1), F is the Faradaic constant (96485 C mol⁻¹), and n is the number of electrons required for the production of products. The yield is the proportion of reactant converted to target product.