α-Vinyl Azide—Cysteine Click Coupling Reaction Enabled

Bioorthogonal Peptide/Protein Modification

Mei-Hua Shen*, Yu-Jiao Wang, Yong Wang, Ying Zhou, Xiao-Qian Liu, Jia Guo, Mingxing Ouyang, Linhong Deng, Hua-Dong Xu*

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1. General information and materials

1.1 Reagents

Commercial available reagents and solvents were purchased from Energy Chemical, WH Mall or Darui. LookChem and all these reagents were used directly without further purification unless otherwise noted. RP-HPLC solvents were purchased as HPLC grade from Energy Chemical.

1.2 Instruments

NMR spectra were recorded using Bruker AV-300 / AV-400 / AV500 spectrometers. The data are reported as follows: chemical shift in ppm from internal tetramethylsilane on the δ scale, multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q =quartet, m = multiplet, dd = doublet of doublets, dt = doublet of triplets, td = triplet of doublets), coupling constants (Hz) and integration. High resolution mass spectra were acquired on an agilent 6230 spectrometer and were obtained by peak matching. LC-MS spectra were performed on an Agilent Technologies 1260 InfinityII HPLC system, connected to Agilent 6230B (TOF), equipped with ZORBAX Eclipse Plus C18 column, 4.6×250mm 5-micron, 1.8 µm. Preparative RP-HPLC were performed on Shimadzu LC20AP. Newstyle HPLC systems equipped with LC-20Ap serials

pump, SPD-20A serials UV/VIS detector and CBM-20A System Controller, using the following column: GH0525020C18AB column, 12 nm, 5 μ m, 21.2×250 mm. Analytical thin layer chromatography was performed on 0.25 mm extra hard silica gelplates with UV254 fluorescent indicator and/or by exposure to phosphormolybdic acid/cerium (IV) sulfate /ninhydrine followed by brief heating with a heat gun. Liquid chromatography (flash chromatography) was performed on 60Å (40 – 60 μ m) mesh silica gel (SiO₂).

All reactions were carried out under nitrogen with anhydrous solvents in oven-dried glassware, unless otherwise noted. All reagents were commercially obtained and, where appropriate, purified prior to use.

1.3 SDS-PAGE analysis

Samples for SDS-PAGE analysis were prepared by mixing protein solution with SDS loading buffer (0.25 M Tris-HCl, 10% SDS, 30% glycerol, and 0.05% bromophenol blue). The samples along with Precision Plus ProteinTM Dual Color Standards were loaded onto hand-cast 10% SDS-PAGE gel (15% acrylamide, 0.375 M Tris (pH 8.8), 0.1% SDS, 0.1% APS and 0.05% TEMED) in SDS running buffer (25 mM Tris, 0.19 M glycine and 0.1% SDS). Fluorescence of protein in the gel was recorded with Gel DocTM XR+ with image labTM Software. The gel was stained with elCodeTM Blue Safe Protein Stain.

2. LC-MS and preparative HPLC information

2.1 LC-MS analysis

LC-MS measurements were performed on an Agilent Technologies 1260 Infinity II HPLC system with a G1316A 1260 TCC Column oven, a G1311B 1260 Quat Pump and a G4212B 1260 DAD detector, connected to an Agilent 6230B (TOF), eqiuvuipped with an Agilent ZORBAX SB-C18 column, 4.6×250 mm, 1.8 µm). Water (solvent A) and acetonitrile (solvent B), each containing 0.1% formic acid, were used as the mobile phase. Low-resolution mass spectrometric measurements were acquired using the following parameters: positive electrospray ionization (ESI), temperature of drying gas = 325 °C, flow rate of drying gas=8 L/min, pressure of nebulizer gas = 35 psi, capillary voltage = 3665 V and fragmentor voltage = 175 V. Following LC methods were used:

Method A (Column: Agilent ZORBAX Eclipse Plus C_{18} column, 4.6×250 mm, 1.8 μ m, flow rate 0.8 (mL/min)

Time (min)	H ₂ O (%)	CH ₃ CN (%)
0	95	5
2	95	5
17	70	30
18	0	0
24	0	0

Method B (Column: Agilent ZORBAX Eclipse Plus C_{18} column, 4.6×250 mm, 1.8 μ m, flow rate 0.8 mL/min)

Time (min)	H ₂ O (%)	CH ₃ CN (%)
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0	99	1
24	99	1

All reported LC-MS yields were determined by integrating TIC spectra. The peak areas for all relevant peptide-containing species on the chromatogram were integrated using Agilent software package. The yields were determined as follows: %yield = Sproduct/Stotal, where Sproduct is the peak area of the product and Stotal is the peak area of combined peptide-containing species (product, starting material and byproduct).

2.2 Preparative HPLC

Preparative HPLC measurements were performed on a Lisure science Ez Plus100D Medium Pressure Preparation System equipped with a SepaFlash column (SW012 Bonded, Spherical C_{18} , 20 - 45µm, 100A) oven, a HP Purifier and UV Preparative Detector. Water (solvent A) and methanol (solvent B) were used as the mobile phase. Method C

Time (min)	H ₂ O (%)	MeOH (%)
0	100	0
10	95	5
45	0	100

3. Preparation and characterization of substrates

3.1 Preparation of vinyl azides

General procedure

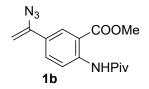
$$= R \xrightarrow{\text{TMSN}_{3}(2 \text{ eq}), \text{Ag}_{2}\text{CO}_{3}(0.2 \text{ eq}), \text{H}_{2}\text{O}(2 \text{ eq})}_{R} \xrightarrow{R} N_{3}$$

S1 DMSO, 80 °C, 0.5-5 h 1

Vinyl azides 1 were prepared from S1 following Bi's method¹ with slight modification. To a solution of alkyne S1 (1 equiv), Ag_2CO_3 (0.2 equiv) and H_2O (2 equiv) in DMSO (0.25 M for S1) at 80 °C was added TMSN₃ (2 equiv). The mixture was stirred under nitrogen atmosphere for 0.5–5 h until S1 was consumed as indicated by TLC. H_2O was then added. The mixture was extracted with Et₂O three times and the combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE:EA) gave corresponding vinyl azides.



1a: Following the general procedure, the tittle compound was obtained from the reaction of corresponding alkyne in 70% yield as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 – 7.79 (m, 2H), 7.36 – 7.23 (m, 3H), 6.69 (d, *J* = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 6.33 (d, *J* = 4.2 Hz, 1H). The data are consistent with those reported in the literature.²



1b: Following the general procedure, the tittle compound was obtained from the reaction of corresponding alkyne in 65% yield as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.37 (s, 1H), 8.78 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 8.22 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 5.44 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 4.94 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 3.95 (s, 3H), 1.34 (s, 9H). The data are consistent with those reported in the literature.²

$$N_3$$

 N_1
 N_2
 $1c$

1c: Following the general procedure, the tittle compound was obtained from the reaction of corresponding alkyne in 73% yield as a light yellow oil. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDC13) δ 7.49 (s, 1H), 7.08 (s, 1H), 6.92 (s, 1H), 4.86 (m, 2H), 4.42 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDC13) δ 142.7, 137.6, 129.8, 119.2, 100.6, 49.1. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₆H₈N₃⁺ [M+H–N₂]⁺122.0713, found 122.0714.



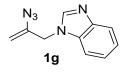
1d: Following the general procedure, the tittle compound was obtained from the reaction of corresponding alkyne in 56% yield as a light yellow oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.50 (s, 1H), 7.08 (s, 1H), 6.93 (s, 1H), 4.74 (t, J = 1.9 Hz, 2H), 4.10 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.50 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 142.7, 137.2, 129.6, 118.7, 100.73, 44.4, 36.2. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₇H₁₀N₃⁺ [M+H–N₂]⁺ 136.0869, found 136.0874.



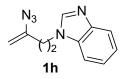
1e: Following the general procedure, the tittle compound was obtained from the reaction of corresponding alkyne in 87% yield as a light yellow oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.40 (s, 1H), 7.01 (s, 1H), 6.85 (s, 1H), 4.65 (d, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 3.89 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 1.98 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.94 – 1.83 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.3, 137.2, 129.7, 118.7, 99.1, 45.7, 30.7, 28.4. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₈H₁₂N₃⁺ [M+H–N₂]⁺ 150.1026, found 150.1030.



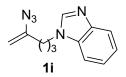
1f: Following the general procedure, the tittle compound was obtained from the reaction of corresponding alkyne in 94% yield as a yellow oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.95 (s, 1H), 6.85 (s, 1H), 4.76 (s, 1H), 4.74 (s, 1H), 3.88 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 2.11 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.98 – 1.88 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.5, 144.4, 127.3, 119.0, 98.9, 44.9, 30.8, 28.1, 13.1.HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₉H₁₄N₃⁺ [M+H–N₂]⁺ 164.1182, found 164.1187.



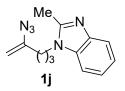
1g: Following the general procedure, the tittle compound was obtained from the reaction of corresponding alkyne in 82% yield as a yellow oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3) δ 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.86 – 7.77 (m, 1H), 7.42 – 7.36 (m, 1H), 7.35 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 5.03 – 4.80 (m, 2H), 4.65 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl3) δ 143.9, 143.3, 141.8, 133.7, 123.3, 122.5, 120.6, 109.8, 100.5, 47.2. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₁₀H₁₀N₃⁺ [M+H–N₂]⁺ 172.0869, found 172.0873.



1h: Following the general procedure, the tittle compound was obtained from the reaction of corresponding alkyne in 85% yield as a yellow oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.90 – 7.82 (m, 1H), 7.48 – 7.42 (m, 1H), 7.40 – 7.32 (m, 2H), 4.77 – 4.49 (m, 2H), 4.36 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.62 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.9, 143.0, 142.7, 123.0, 122.2, 120.6, 109.4, 100.9, 42.6, 34.8. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₁₁H₁₂N₃⁺ [M+H–N₂]⁺ 186.1026, found 186.1024.

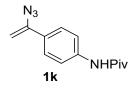


1i: Following the general procedure, the tittle compound was obtained from the reaction of corresponding alkyne in 87% yield as a light yellow oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.89 (s, 1H), 7.82 (dd, J = 6.5, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.43 – 7.35 (m, 1H), 7.34 – 7.26 (m, 2H), 4.75 – 4.66 (m, 2H), 4.19 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 2.15 – 2.04 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.3, 144.0, 143.0, 133.7, 123.0, 122.2, 120.6, 109.6, 99.1, 43.9, 30.9, 27.1. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₁₂H₁₄N₃⁺ [M+H–N₂]⁺ 228.1244, found 228.1245.

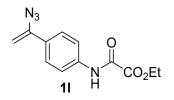


1j: Following the general procedure, the tittle compound was obtained from the reaction of corresponding alkyne in 91% yield as a light yellow oil. ¹H NMR (400

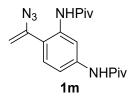
MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.75 – 7.61 (m, 1H), 7.32 – 7.26 (m, 1H), 7.25 – 7.18 (m, 2H), 4.74 (s, 1H), 4.71 (s, 1H), 4.11 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.60 (s, 3H), 2.13 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.06 – 1.90 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 151.3, 145.5, 142.7, 135.1, 122.1, 121.9, 119.2, 109.0, 98.8, 42.9, 31.2, 27.2, 14.0. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₁₃H₁₆N₃⁺ [M+H–N₂]⁺214.1339, found 214.1339.



1k: Following the general procedure, the tittle compound was obtained from the reaction of corresponding alkyne in 63% yield as a white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.51 (q, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 4H), 5.37 (s, 1H), 4.89 (s, 1H), 1.30 (s, 9H). The data are consistent with those reported in the literature.²

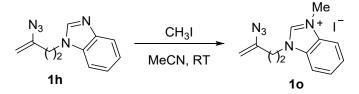


11: Following the general procedure, the tittle compound was obtained from the reaction of corresponding alkyne in 80% yield as a white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.95 (s, 1H), 7.69 – 7.50 (m, 4H), 5.42 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.94 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.41 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.42 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). The data are consistent with those reported in the literature.²

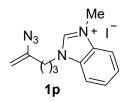


1m: Following the general procedure, the tittle compound was obtained from the reaction of corresponding alkyne in 49% yield as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.36 (s, 1H), 8.26 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.47 – 7.36 (m, 2H), 3.51 (s, 1H), 1.33 (s, 9H), 1.28 (s, 9H). The data are consistent with those reported in the literature.²

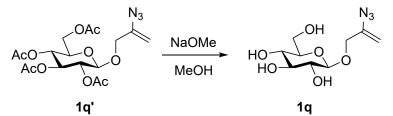
1n: Following the general procedure, the tittle compound was obtained from the reaction of corresponding alkyne in 77% yield as a white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.74 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 4.61–4.58 (m, 2H), 2.91 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 2.03 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.65–1.58 (m, 2H). The data are consistent with those reported in the literature.²



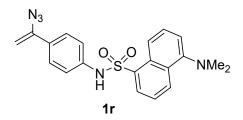
Typical procedure for iodomethane salt of vinyl azides 10: The interior of a sealing tube was provided with a stir bar. **1h** (2.1 mmol), iodomethane (10.5 mmol) and acetonitrile (6 mL) were added. The mixture was stirred at room temperature until **1h** was consumed (2 days, indicated by TLC). The suspension was evaporated under reduced pressure to 1 mL and filtered. The residual solid was washed with ethyl acetate (15 mL×3) and dried in vacuo to afford a white solid **1o** (660 mg, 93%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.98 (s, 1H), 7.97 – 7.72 (m, 2H), 7.72 – 7.58 (m, 2H), 5.02 (d, *J* = 1.1 Hz, 1H), 4.73 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 4.67 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 4.28 (s, 3H), 2.91 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 142.5, 141.5, 131.8, 131.3, 127.5, 127.4, 113.1, 112.8, 102.3, 45.0, 34.4, 34.1. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₁₂H₁₄N₃⁺ [M+H–N₂]⁺ 228.1244, found 228.1258.



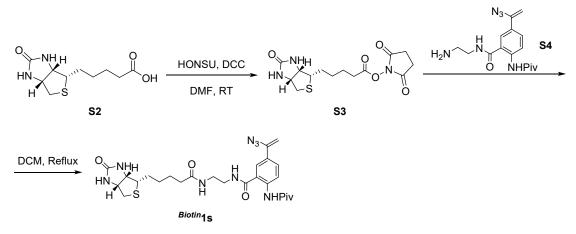
1p: According to the typical procedure described for **1o**, **1i** (500 mg, 2.2 mmol) was converted into **1p** (792 mg, 91% yield) as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.94 (s, 1H), 7.81 – 7.71 (m, 2H), 7.70 – 7.63 (m, 2H), 4.86 (s, 1H), 4.67 (s, 1H), 4.64 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 4.28 (s, 3H), 2.27 (s, 4H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.7, 142.2, 132.0, 131.1, 127.5, 113.2, 113.1, 99.8, 46.7, 34.4, 30.8, 26.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₁₃H₁₆N₃⁺ [M+H–N₂]⁺ 214.1339, found 214.1344.



1q: According to the general procedure described for the preparation of 1, 1q' was obtained as a white solid. A flask was provided with a stir bar, 1q' (400 mg, 0.93 mmol) and 5 mL of MeOH (dry) and cooled to 0 °C. Then NaOMe (3M in MeOH, 0.19 mmol, 62 μ L) was added. The mixture was allowed to warm to rt and stirred for 3 h under argon, neutralized with Spelite LXP-13 (H⁺) resin, filtered and evaporated to dryness, providing 90% yield (0.84 mmol, 359 mg) of 1q. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 4.92 (s, 1H), 4.84 – 4.79 (m, 2H), 4.20 (d, 1H), 4.07 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (dd, *J* = 11.8, 1.8 Hz, 2H), 3.74 – 3.66 (m, 2H), 3.62 (t, *J* = 9.4 Hz, 1H), 3.58 – 3.50 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, MeOD) δ 142.5, 100.8, 99.3, 73.7, 71.1, 70.6, 67.1, 66.2, 61.5. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₉H₁₅N₃NaO₆⁺ [M+Na]⁺ 284.0853, found 284.0848.



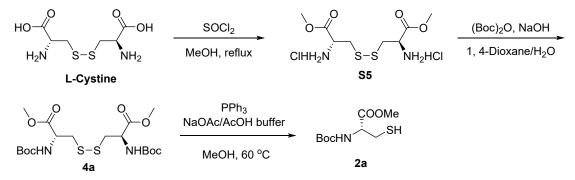
1r: Following the general procedure described for the preparation of **1**, the tittle compound was obtained from the reaction of corresponding alkyne in 65% yield as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.51 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 8.39 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 8.24 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (dd, J = 8.9, 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.48 – 7.41 (m, 1H), 7.29 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 5.26 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 2.86 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.1, 144.1, 137.4, 134.0, 131.1, 130.7, 130.4, 129.9, 129.6, 128.8, 126.4, 123.1, 120.2, 118.4, 115.4, 97.4, 45.4. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₂₀H₁₉N₅NaO₂S⁺ [M+Na]⁺ 416.1152, found 416.1156.



(+)-Biotin S2 (2 g, 8.2 mmol) and N-hydroxysuccinimide (942 mg, 1 equiv) were dissolved in dry DMF (40 mL). N, N'-Dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (2.2 g, 1.3 equiv) was added to the solution and the mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. The reaction mixture was filtered through celite. DMF was evaporated and the resulting residue was left under vacuum for a few hours and then washed with ether and dried under vacuum to yield S3 (2.5 g, 89%).

*Biotin***1s:** Biotin-NHS **S3** (400 mg, 1.2 mmol) and N-(2-aminoethyl)-5-(1-azidovinyl)-2-pivalamido-benzamide **S4** (1.24 g, 3 equiv) were dissolved in dry DCM (10 mL) and refluxed until Biotin-NHS was consumed. The reaction mixture was quenched with water (50 mL) and extracted with DCM (40 mL×2). Organic layer was washed with brine (50 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (MeOH:DCM = 1:10) gave A in 75% yield as a yellow solid. NMR showed the presence of at least two isomers. Major isomer: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.54 (s, 1H) 8.52 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 8.41 (s, 1H), 7.82 (s, 1H), 7.54 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (s, 1H), 6.74 (s, 1H), 6.12 (s, 1H), 5.50 (s, 1H), 4.85 (s, 1H), 4.42 – 4.26 (m, 1H), 4.14 – 4.02 (m, 1H), 3.49 – 3.27 (m, 4H), 2.98 – 2.86 (m, 1H), 2.84 – 2.67 (m, 1H), 2.65 – 2.48 (m, 1H), 2.17 – 2.03 (m, 2H), 1.61 – 1.41 (m, 6H), 1.24 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.0, 175.0, 169.3, 164.4, 143.6, 140.5, 129.1, 128.3, 124.7, 120.8, 120.0, 97.6, 61.7, 60.2, 55.7, 41.1, 40.2, 39.0, 35.8, 32.5, 28.2, 27.6, 26.1, 25.5. Minor isomer: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.54 (s, 1H), 8.52 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 8.41 (s, 1H), 7.82 (s, 1H), 7.54 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (s, 1H), 7.02 (s, 1H), 6.55 (s, 1H), 6.22 (s, 1H), 6.12 (s, 1H), 4.42 – 4.26 (m, 1H), 4.22 – 4.15 (m, 1H), 3.87 (t, *J* = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 3.72 – 3.47 (m, 3H), 3.09 – 2.99 (m, 1H), 2.84 – 2.67 (m, 1H), 2.65 – 2.48 (m, 1H), 2.34 – 2.20 (m, 2H),1.92 – 1.81 (m, 2H), 1.75 – 1.65 (m, 4H), 1.24 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.0, 175.0, 164.4, 154.0, 143.6, 140.5, 129.1, 128.3, 124.7, 120.8, 120.0, 97.6, 61.7, 60.3, 55.6, 40.5, 40.2, 39.0, 35.8, 30.9, 28.0, 27.6, 26.1, 24.8. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₂₆H₃₆N₈NaO₄S⁺ [M+Na]⁺ 579.2472, found 579.2468.

3.2 Preparation of peptides

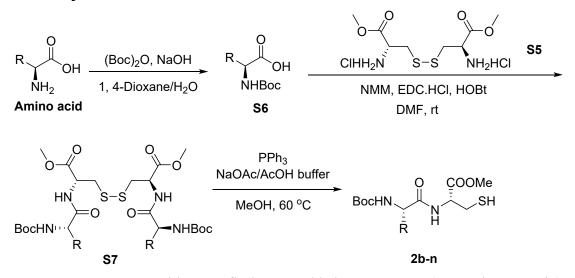


S5: L-Cystine (5 g, 20 mmol) was added to a 250 mL round-bottom flask followed by 120 mL of methanol. The flask was cooled in an ice-bath and thionyl chloride (7.5 mL, 1 mol, 5 equiv) was added. The reaction mixture was then heated to reflux for 6 h. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was washed with EA (50 mL×2) and dried in vacuo to afford **S5** as a white solid (7.1 g, 99%), which was used directly in the next reaction.

4a: S5 (1 g, 2.9 mmol, 1.0 equiv) was added into a 100 mL round-bottom flask, followed by NaOH (351 mg, 8.8 mmol), H_2O (8 mL) and 1, 4-Dioxane (8 mL). The flask was cooled in an ice-bath, then Boc₂O (0.8 mL, 1.2 mmol) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and was stirred for 12 h. The suspension was evaporated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was dispersed in H_2O (20 mL) and extracted with EA (50 mL×2). Organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. Concentration in vacuo afforded **4a** in 99% yield as a transparent viscous solid.

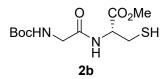
2a: To a solution of **4a** (1.6 g, 3.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in MeOH (14 mL) and NaOAc/ AcOH (pH 4.9) buffer (7 mL) was added triphenylphosphine (1.07 g, 1.2 equiv). The reaction mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 16 h. Then it was cooled to rt, diluted with DCM (50 mL) and washed with water (20 mL×2). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/PE) to provide **2a** (1.5 g, 5.0 mmol, 93% yield) as a transparent viscous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.39 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.62 – 4.48 (m, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.14 (d, J = 4.9 Hz, 2H), 1.43 (s, 9H). The data are consistent with those reported in the literature.³

General procedure for 2b-n

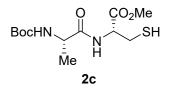


S6: To a 100 mL round-bottom flask, was added **Amino acid** (5 mmol, 1.0 equiv), NaOH (3.0 equiv), H₂O (8 mL) and 1, 4-Dioxane (10 mL). The flask was cooled in an ice-bath, then Boc₂O (0.8 mL, 1.2 mmol) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and was stirred for 12 h. The suspension was evaporated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was dispersed in H₂O (20 mL) and adjusted to pH 2-3 using 1N HCl. Then it was extracted with EA (50 mL×2). Organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. Concentration in vacuo afforded **S6** in almost quantitative yield, which was used directly in the next reaction. S7: To a 25 mL round-bottom flask, was added S6 (1.1 mmol, 2.2 equiv) and DMF (6 mL). The flask was cooled in an ice-bath, then 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (HOBt) (1.1 mmol, 2.2 equiv) was added. The mixture was stirred at 0 °C until all HOBt dissolved. 1-(3-Dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (EDC·HCl) (1.1 mmol, 2.2 equiv) was added. The mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 5 min before adding S5 (0.50 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and N-methylmorpholine (NMM) (2.2 mmol, 2.2 equiv). The resulting reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 90 min plus room temperature 16 h. EtOAc (20 mL) was added and the mixture was washed with water (25 mL×4). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. Flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/PE) afforded S7 in 30-80%.

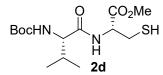
2b-n: To a solution of **S7** (1.0 equiv) in MeOH (18 mL) and NaOAc/ AcOH (pH 4.9) buffer (9 mL) was added triphenylphosphine (1.2 equiv). The reaction mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 2 h. Then it was cooled to room temperature and extracted with EtOAc (20 mL×4) The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/ PE) to provide **2b-n**.⁴



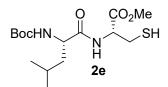
2b: Following the general procedure, the tittle compound was obtained from the reaction of corresponding **S7** in 90% yield as a white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.13 (s, 1H), 5.37 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.94 – 4.72 (m, 1H), 3.88 – 3.78 (m, 2H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.04 – 2.95 (m, 2H), 1.43 (s, 9H). The data are consistent with those reported in the literature.⁴



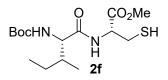
2c: Following the general procedure, the tittle compound was obtained from the reaction of corresponding **S7** in 96% yield as a white solid. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.00 (s, 1H), 5.02 (s, 1H), 4.87 – 4.80 (m, 1H), 4.24 – 4.13 (m, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.06 – 2.91 (m, 2H), 1.44 (s, 9H), 1.37 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). The data are consistent with those reported in the literature.⁴



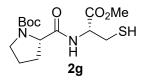
2d: Following the general procedure, the tittle compound was obtained from the reaction of corresponding S7 in 93% yield as a white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.83 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 5.07 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.94 – 4.74 (m, 1H), 4.03 – 3.91 (m, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.14 – 2.90 (m, 2H), 2.25 – 1.98 (m, 1H), 1.44 (s, 9H), 0.98 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.94 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H). The data are consistent with those reported in the literature.⁴



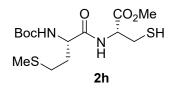
2e: Following the general procedure, the tittle compound was obtained from the reaction of corresponding S7 in 80% yield as a white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.99 – 6.88 (m, 1H), 4.94 – 4.87 (m, 1H), 4.87 – 4.80 (m, 1H), 4.17 – 4.04 (m, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.09 – 2.86 (m, 2H), 1.74 – 1.62 (m, 2H), 1.56 – 1.46 (m, 2H), 1.44 (s, 9H), 0.97 – 0.78 (m, 6H). The data are consistent with those reported in the literature.⁴



2f: Following the general procedure, the tittle compound was obtained from the reaction of corresponding **S7** in 73% yield as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.75 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 5.01 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 4.93 – 4.78 (m, 1H), 4.07 – 3.93 (m, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.13 – 2.84 (m, 2H), 2.03 – 1.68 (m, 2H), 1.52 – 1.47 (m, 1H), 1.45 (s, 9H), 1.21 – 1.11 (m, 1H), 1.05 – 0.80 (m, 6H). The data are consistent with those reported in the literature.⁴

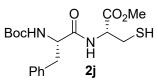


2g: Following the general procedure, the tittle compound was obtained from the reaction of corresponding **S7** in 72% yield as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.66 – 7.42 (m, 1H), 4.87 – 4.74 (m, 1H), 4.34 – 4.17 (m, 1H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.52 – 3.25 (m, 2H), 3.06 – 2.86 (m, 2H), 2.31 – 2.08 (m, 1H), 2.03 – 1.80 (m, 3H), 1.45 (s, 9H), 1.35 – 1.16 (m, 1H). The data are consistent with those reported in the literature.⁴



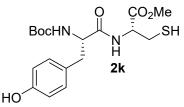
2h: Following the general procedure, the tittle compound was obtained from the reaction of corresponding **S7** in 82% yield as a white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.02 (d, J = 4.7 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 4.92 – 4.61 (m, 1H), 4.34 – 4.05 (m, 1H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 2.96 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 2.93 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 2.54 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.09 – 1.98 (m, 4H), 1.96 – 1.85 (m, 1H), 1.39 (s, 9H). The data are consistent with those reported in the literature.⁴

2i: Following the general procedure, the tittle compound was obtained from the reaction of corresponding **S7** in 91% yield as a white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.86 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 5.23 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.91 – 4.79 (m, 1H), δ 4.33 – 4.08 (m, 1H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.08 – 2.91 (m, 2H), 2.33 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.25 – 2.13 (m, 1H), 1.89 – 1.76 (m, 1H), 1.57 (t, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 1.44 (s, 9H), 1.42 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.96, 171.39, 170.58, 155.83, 82.23, 79.91, 67.92, 53.87, 52.73, 32.30, 28.31, 27.97, 26.71, 25.58. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₁₈H₃₂N₂NaO₇S⁺ [M+Na]⁺ 443.1822, found 443.1827.

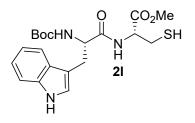


2j: Following the general procedure, the tittle compound was obtained from the

reaction of corresponding S7 in 89% yield as a white solid. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.37 – 7.30 (m, 2H), 7.29 – 7.19 (m, 3H), 6.85 (s, 1H), 5.03 (s, 1H), 4.86 – 4.77 (m, 1H), 4.42 (d, 1H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.20 – 3.12 (m, 1H), 3.12 – 3.06 (m, 1H), 3.06 – 2.89 (m, 2H), 1.44 (s, 9H). The data are consistent with those reported in the literature.⁴

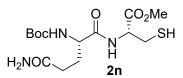


2k: Following the general procedure, the tittle compound was obtained from the reaction of corresponding S7 in 89% yield as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.06 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 6.83 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.06 (s, 1H), 4.80 (s, 1H), 4.43 – 4.29 (m, 1H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.13 – 3.04 (m, 1H), 3.03 – 2.91 (m, 3H), 1.46 (s, 9H). The data are consistent with those reported in the literature.⁴



21: Following the general procedure, the tittle compound was obtained from the reaction of corresponding **S7** in 69% yield as a white solid. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl3) δ 7.61 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.40 – 7.29 (m, 1H), 7.23 – 7.12 (m, 1H), 7.13 – 7.01 (m, 2H), 5.43 – 5.29 (m, 1H), 4.83 – 4.45 (m, 2H), 3.70 – 3.59 (m, 3H), 3.37 – 3.17 (m, 2H), 2.95 – 2.76 (m, 1H), 2.05 (s, 1H), 1.41 (s, 9H). The data are consistent with those reported in the literature.⁴

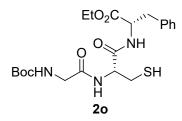
2m: Following the general procedure, the tittle compound was obtained from the reaction of corresponding S7 in 80% yield as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 5.62 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.89 – 4.75 (m, 1H), 4.39 – 4.25 (m, 1H), 4.14 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.55 (s, 1H), 3.05 – 2.86 (m, 2H), 1.51 (t, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 1.43 (s, 9H), 1.18 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H). The data are consistent with those reported in the literature.⁴



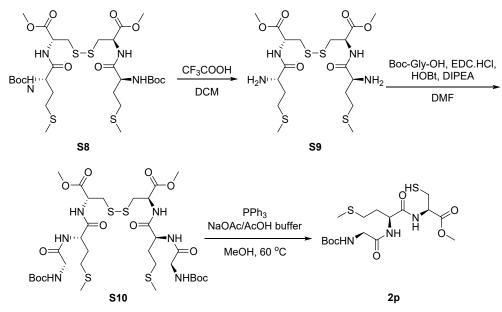
2n: Following the general procedure, the tittle compound was obtained from the reaction of corresponding S7 in 90% yield as a white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz,

CDCl₃) δ 8.00 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (s, 1H), 6.43 (s, 1H), 5.72 (s, 1H), 4.94 – 4.73 (m, 1H), 4.30 (s, 1H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.11 – 2.81 (m, 2H), 2.62 – 2.34 (m, 2H), 2.15 – 1.92 (m, 2H), 1.79 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 1.42 (s, 9H). The data are consistent with those

reported in the literature.⁴



20: The experimental steps refer to Halcomb's method.⁵ The product **20** was afforded as a white solid (200 mg,88%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.26 – 7.08 (m, 7H), 5.41 (s, 1H), 4.86 – 4.76 (m, 1H), 4.72 – 4.61 (m, 1H), 4.14 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.86 – 3.67 (m, 2H), 3.15 (dd, J = 13.9, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 3.04 (dd, J = 13.9, 7.3 Hz, 1H), 3.00 – 2.89 (m, 1H), 2.73 – 2.61 (m, 1H), 1.62 – 1.49 (m, 1H), 1.44 (s, 9H), 1.21 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). The data are consistent with those reported in the literature.⁵



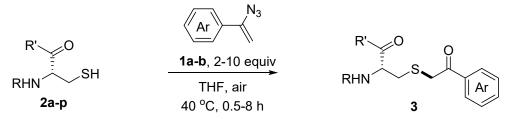
S10: To a 100 mL round-bottom flask, was added **S8** (400 mg, 0.55 mmol), CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL), trifluoroacetic acid (5 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h, the TFA was removed under reduced pressure and the resulting brown residue was dried under vacuum for 1 h to give crude **S9**. It was then dissolved in DMF (10 mL) and treated with HOBt (185 mg, 1.37 mmol), EDC·HCl (264 mg, 1.37 mmol), Boc-Gly-OH (240 mg, 1.37 mmol) and N, N-Diisopropylethylamine (DIPEA) (0.21 mL, 1.37 mmol). The resulting reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 36 h. The mixture was added EtOAc (50 mL) and washed with NH₄Cl aq. (50 mL), NaHCO₃ aq. (50 mL) and NaCl aq. (50 mL). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (MeOH/DCM) to provide **S10** in 59% as a white solid.

2p: To a solution of S10 (1.0 equiv) in MeOH (18 mL) and NaOAc/AcOH (pH 4.9)

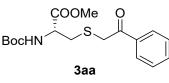
buffer (9 mL) was added triphenylphosphine (1.2 equiv). The reaction mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 2 h. Then it was cooled to room temperature and extracted with EtOAc (20 mL×4). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (MeOH/DCM) to provide **2p** as a white solid (72%) after it was dried overnight under high vacuum. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.77 (s, 1H), 7.45 (s, 1H), 5.67 (s, 1H), 4.96 – 4.71 (m, 2H), 3.96 – 3.82 (m, 1H), 3.82 – 3.76 (m, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.11 (s, 2H), 2.57 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.14 (s, 1H), 2.09 (s, 3H), 2.04 – 1.92 (m, 1H), 1.43 (s, 9H). The data are

consistent with those reported in the literature.⁴

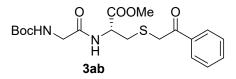
4. Modification of cysteine-containing peptides/proteins by vinyl azides



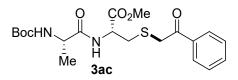
General procedure I: To a 10 mL round-bottom flask, were added peptide 2 (0.2 mmol), THF (3 mL) and vinyl azide 1 (2 mmol, 2-10 eqiuv). The reaction mixture was stirred at 40 °C in the air atmosphere until the peptide was consumed (monitored by TLC). Then it was cooled to room temperature, concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (EA/PE) to provide product **3**.



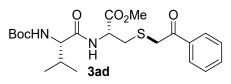
3aa: According to **General procedure I**, **3aa** was afforded as a white soild (77% yield). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.00 – 7.90 (m, 2H), 7.63 – 7.54 (m, 1H), 7.51 – 7.39 (m, 2H), 5.42 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.56 (dd, J = 12.4, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (s, 2H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 3.06 (dd, J = 14.0, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.96 (dd, J = 14.0, 6.1 Hz, 1H), 1.43 (s, 9H). The data are consistent with those reported in the literature.⁶



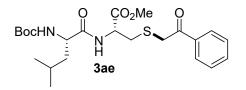
3ab: According to t **General procedure I**, **3ab** was afforded as a white oil (61% yield). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.91 – 7.84 (m, 2H), 7.55 – 7.48 (m, 1H), 7.43 – 7.36 (m, 2H), 5.31 (s, 1H), 4.87 – 4.69 (m, 1H), 3.95 – 3.69 (m, 4H), 3.64 (s, 3H), 3.08 – 2.85 (m, 2H), 1.37 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.6, 170.9, 169.8, 156.0, 135.1, 133.7, 132.1, 132.0, 128.8, 128.7, 80.1, 52.8, 52.0, 44.2, 37.8, 34.0, 28.3. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₁₉H₂₇N₂O₆S⁺ [M+H]⁺ 411.1584, found 411.1585.



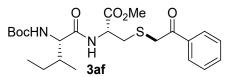
3ac: According to **General procedure I**, **3ac** was afforded as a white oil (30% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.04 – 7.86 (m, 2H), 7.64 – 7.51 (m, 1H), 7.46 (t, J =7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.21 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (s, 1H), 4.87 – 4.74 (m, 1H), 4.24 (s, 1H), 3.93 (d, J = 14.9 Hz, 1H), 3.87 (d, J = 14.8 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 3.12 – 2.93 (m, 2H), 1.43 (s, 9H), 1.38 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.7, 172.8, 170.8, 155.4, 135.1, 133.7, 128.8, 128.7, 80.1, 52.7, 52.0, 50.1, 37.8, 34.3, 28.3, 18.4. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₂₀H₂₈N₂NaO₆S⁺ [M+Na]⁺ 447.1560, found 447.1552.



3ad: According to **General procedure I I**, **3ad** was afforded as a yellow viscous oil (64% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.95 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.58 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 5.15 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (dd, J = 12.8, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.12 – 4.01 (m, 1H), 3.94 (d, J = 14.9 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (d, J = 14.9 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 3.03 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 2.25 – 2.11 (m, 1H), 1.42 (s, 9H), 0.99 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.93 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H).¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.7, 171.7, 170.8, 155.8, 135.0, 133.8, 128.8, 128.78, 79.8, 59.7, 52.7, 52.0, 37.7, 34.1, 31.1, 28.3, 19.2, 17.7. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₂₂H₃₃N₂O₆S⁺ [M+H]⁺ 453.2054, found 453.2069.

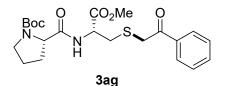


3ae: According to **General procedure I**, **3ae** was afforded as a yellow viscous oil (44% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.94 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (s, 1H), 5.01 (s, 1H), 4.82 (dd, J = 12.5, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (s, 1H), 3.94 (d, J = 14.9 Hz, 1H), 3.87 (d, J = 14.9 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 3.07 – 2.97 (m, 2H), 1.76 – 1.61 (m, 2H), 1.52 – 1.45 (m, 1H), 1.41 (s, 9H), 0.94 (s, 3H), 0.92 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.7, 172.7, 170.8, 155.6, 135.1, 133.7, 128.8, 128.75, 80.0, 53.1, 52.7, 52.0, 41.4, 37.9, 34.3, 28.3, 24.72, 23.0, 22.0. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₂₃H₃₄N₂NaO₆S⁺ [M+Na]⁺ 489.2030, found 489.2034.

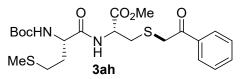


3af: According to **General procedure I**, **3af** was afforded as a yellow oil (52% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.93 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.56 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.44

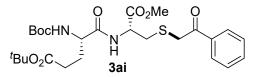
(t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.19 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.82 (dd, J = 12.8, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.13 – 3.99 (m, 1H), 3.92 (d, J = 15.0 Hz, 1H), 3.87 (d, J = 14.9 Hz, 1H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 3.01 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 1.94 – 1.80 (m, 1H), 1.60 – 1.45 (m, 1H), 1.40 (s, 9H), 1.19 – 1.05 (m, 1H), 0.94 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.88 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.7, 171.7, 170.8, 155.7, 135.1, 133.7, 128.8, 128.75, 79.8, 59.2, 52.6, 52.0, 37.7, 37.5, 34.1, 28.32, 24.7, 15.5, 11.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₂₃H₃₄N₂NaO₆S⁺ [M+Na]⁺ 489.2030, found 489.2027.



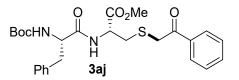
3ag: According to General procedure I, 3ag was afforded as a yellow oil (54%) NMR showed the presence of at least two isomers. Major isomer: ¹H NMR vield). $(400 \text{ MHz}, \text{DMSO-d}_6) \delta 8.34 \text{ (d}, J = 8.1 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}), 7.98 \text{ (d}, J = 7.5 \text{ Hz}, 2\text{H}), 7.64 \text{ (t}, J = 7.5 \text{ Hz}, 2\text{Hz}), 7.64 \text{ (t}, J = 7.5 \text{ Hz}, 2\text{Hz}), 7.64 \text{ (t}, J$ 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 4.59 - 4.47 (m, 1H), 4.25 - 3.91 (m, 3H), 3.62(s, 3H), 3.38 – 3.32 (m, 1H), 3.31 – 3.18 (m, 1H), 3.03 – 2.89 (m, 1H), 2.89 – 2.78 (m, 1H), 2.16 – 1.98 (m, 1H), 1.89 – 1.64 (m, 3H), 1.32 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) § 194.3, 172.8, 170.8, 155.5, 135.2, 135.1, 133.6, 128.7, 128.7, 80.6, 61.1, 52.6, 51.7, 47.0, 37.7, 34.3, 31.1, 28.3, 24.5. Minor isomer: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 8.32 (s, 1H), 7.98 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.64 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (t, J= 7.6 Hz, 2H), 4.59 - 4.47 (m, 1H), 4.25 - 3.91 (m, 3H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 3.38 - 3.32 (m, 1H), 3.31 - 3.18 (m, 1H), 3.03 - 2.89 (m, 1H), 2.89 - 2.78 (m, 1H), 2.16 - 1.98 (m, 1H), 1.89 – 1.64 (m, 3H), 1.37 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.2, 172.2, 170.77, 154.6, 135.2, 135.1, 133.6, 128.7, 128.7, 80.3, 56.0, 52.6, 51.1, 47.0, 37.4, 34.3, 29.7, 28.3, 23.5.(containing a little EA). HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: $C_{22}H_{30}N_2NaO_6S^+$ [M+Na]⁺ 473.1717, found 473.1722.



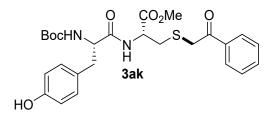
3ah: According to **General procedure I**, **3ah** was afforded as a white oil (56% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.92 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 5.39 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (dd, J = 12.9, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 3.91 (d, J = 14.9 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (d, J = 14.9 Hz, 1H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 3.01 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 2H), 2.57 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.16 – 2.02 (m, 4H), 1.99 – 1.84 (m, 1H), 1.40 (s, 9H).¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.7, 171.7, 170.7, 155.5, 135.0, 133.7, 128.8, 128.76, 80.0, 53.5, 52.7, 52.0, 37.7, 34.1, 31.9, 30.0, 28.3, 15.3. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₂₂H₃₂N₂NaO₆S₂⁺ [M+Na]⁺ 507.1594, found 507.1599.



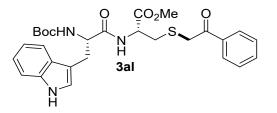
3ai: According to **General procedure I**, **3ai** was afforded as a yellow oil (46% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.95 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.00 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.88 – 4.78 (m, 1H), 4.22 (s, 1H), 3.93 (d, J = 14.8 Hz, 1H), 3.87 (d, J = 14.8 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 3.08 (dd, J = 14.1, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 3.00 (dd, J = 14.0, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 2.35 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.25 – 2.09 (m, 1H), 1.97 – 1.79 (m, 1H), 1.45 (s, 9H), 1.43 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.5, 172.1, 171.5, 171.1, 155.8, 135.1, 133.7, 128.8, 128.7, 82.1, 79.8, 53.5, 52.6, 51.8, 37.6, 34.2, 32.3, 29.7, 28.3, 28.0. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₂₆H₃₈N₂NaO₈S⁺ [M+Na]⁺ 561.2241, found 561.2243.



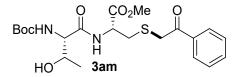
3aj: According to **General procedure I**, **3aj** was afforded as a yellow oil (52% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.99 – 7.86 (m, 2H), 7.58 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.30 – 7.23 (m, 2H), 7.23 – 7.17 (m, 3H), 7.12 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 5.15 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (dd, *J* = 12.4, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.46 (s, 1H), 3.86 (d, *J* = 14.9 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (d, *J* = 14.9 Hz, 1H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 3.14 (dd, *J* = 13.9, 6.2 Hz, 1H), 3.09 – 3.01 (m, 1H), 3.01 – 2.92 (m, 2H), 1.38 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.7, 171.4, 170.6, 155.4, 136.6, 135.1, 133.7, 129.5, 128.8, 128.8, 128.6, 126.9, 80.1, 55.6, 52.7, 52.1, 38.3, 37.7, 34.3, 28.3. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₂₆H₃₂N₂NaO₆S⁺ [M+Na]⁺ 523.1873, found 523.1872.



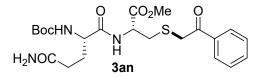
3ak: According to **General procedure I**, **3ak** was afforded as a yellow oil (42% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 9.18 (s, 1H), 8.45 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 8.00 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.64 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.04 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.82 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 4.61 – 4.50 (m, 1H), 4.26 – 3.99 (m, 3H), 3.62 (s, 3H), 2.95 (dd, J = 13.8, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 2.90 – 2.78 (m, 2H), 2.68 – 2.55 (m, 1H), 1.29 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 195.3, 172.6, 171.4, 156.2, 155.7, 135.7, 133.9, 130.6, 129.2, 129.1, 128.5, 115.3, 78.5, 56.4, 52.6, 52.3, 38.3, 37.1, 33.0, 28.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₂₆H₃₂N₂NaO₇S⁺ [M+Na]⁺ 539.1822, found 539.1821.



3al: According to **General procedure I**, **3al** was afforded as a white oil (56% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.27 (s, 1H), 7.94 – 7.85 (m, 2H), 7.65 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.22 – 7.06 (m, 3H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 5.27 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.59 – 4.48 (m, 1H), 3.73 (d, *J* = 15.0 Hz, 1H), 3.63 (s, 3H), 3.57 (d, *J* = 14.9 Hz, 1H), 3.42 – 3.28 (m, 1H), 3.20 (dd, *J* = 14.5, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 2.98 – 2.75 (m, 2H), 1.42 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.8, 171.9, 170.5, 155.5, 136.3, 135.1, 133.8, 128.8, 128.7, 127.6, 123.7, 122.1, 119.6, 118.9, 111.3, 110.2, 80.1, 55.2, 52.7, 52.1, 37.8, 34.4, 31.6, 28.3. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₂₈H₃₄N₃O₆S + [M+H]⁺ 540.2163, found 540.2164.



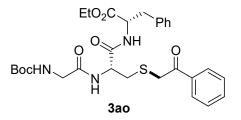
3am: According to **General procedure I**, **3am** was afforded as a yellow oil (40% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.94 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.58 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 5.55 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (q, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 4.44 (dd, J = 11.1, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (s, 2H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.09 (dd, J = 14.2, 4.2 Hz, 2H), 2.94 (dd, J = 14.3, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 1.44 (s, 9H), 1.20 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.7, 171.5, 170.7, 156.3, 134.9, 133.8, 128.8, 128.78, 80.3, 67.17, 58.9, 52.8, 52.1, 37.3, 33.7, 28.3, 18.4. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₂₁H₃₀N₂NaO₇S ⁺ [M+Na]⁺ 477.1666, found 477.1669.



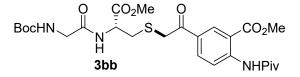
3an: According to **General procedure I**, **3an** was afforded as a white oil (62% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.02 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 7.93 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.56 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.60 (s, 1H), 6.14 (s, 1H), 5.76 (d, *J* = 6.7

Hz, 1H), 4.85 – 4.75 (m, 1H), 4.32 – 4.21 (m, 1H), 4.02 – 3.80 (m, 2H), 3.68 (s, 3H),

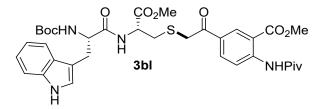
3.05 (dd, J = 14.0, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 2.96 (dd, J = 14.0, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.36 (s, 2H), 2.14 – 1.85 (m, 2H), 1.39 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.8, 172.1, 171.2, 155.9, 135.1, 133.7, 128.8, 128.7, 80.0, 53.6, 52.7, 52.0, 37.8, 33.7, 29.7, 29.1, 28.3. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₂₂H₃₁N₃NaO₇S⁺ [M+Na]⁺ 504.1775, found 504.1774.



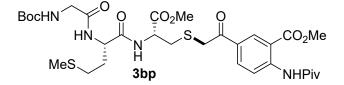
3ao: According to **General procedure I**, **3ao** was afforded as a white oil (61% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.93 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.49 -7.39 (m, 3H), 7.36 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 7.24 -7.12 (m, 4H), 5.32 (s, 1H), 4.75 (dd, J = 13.7, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 4.64 (dd, J = 13.5, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 4.22 -4.06 (m, 2H), 4.01 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (d, J = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 3.85 -3.69 (m, 2H), 3.14 (dd, J = 13.9, 5.9 Hz, 1H), 3.06 (dd, J = 13.8, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.94 (dd, J = 13.8, 5.9 Hz, 1H), 2.78 (dd, J = 14.3, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 1.42 (s, 9H), 1.17 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.4, 171.1, 169.8, 169.75, 136.0, 135.3, 133.8, 129.4, 128.8, 128.7, 128.5, 127.1, 80.2, 61.5, 53.9, 52.1, 44.1, 38.6, 37.8, 34.7, 28.3, 14.1. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₂₉H₃₇N₃NaO₇S⁺ [M+Na]⁺ 594.2244, found 594.2247.



3bb: According to **General procedure I**, **3bb** was afforded as a white oil (30% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.59 (s, 1H), 8.89 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 8.65 (d, J = 2.2Hz, 1H), 8.09 (dd, J = 8.9, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (s, 1H), 4.85 (dd, J = 12.1, 5.9 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (s, 3H), 3.94 – 3.79 (m, 4H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.06 (dd, J = 14.2, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 2.99 (dd, J = 14.2, 6.1 Hz, 1H), 1.44 (s, 9H), 1.35 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 192.6, 178.4, 170.7, 169.9, 169.5, 168.2, 146.2, 134.9, 132.2, 128.6, 120.1, 114.7, 81.2, 58.5, 52.8, 40.7, 37.4, 34.1, 29.7, 28.3, 27.5, 18.5. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₂₆H₃₈N₃O₉S⁺ [M+H]⁺ 568.2323, found 568.2312.

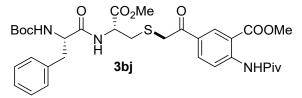


3bl: According to **General procedure I**, **3bl** was afforded as a yellow oil (35% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.58 (s, 1H), 8.86 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 8.64 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.73 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 5.17 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 4.83 – 4.72 (m, 1H), 4.46 – 4.31 (m, 1H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 3.87 – 3.72 (m, 2H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 3.07 – 2.92 (m, 4H), 1.40 (s, 9H), 1.35 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl3) δ 192.9, 178.6, 171.7, 170.5, 168.2, 155.5, 155.3, 146.0, 134.9, 132.2, 130.6, 128.7, 127.9, 120.2, 115.67, 114.9, 80.3, 52.8, 52.81, 52.2, 40.7, 37.4, 34.3, 29.7, 28.3, 27.5, 14.2. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₃₅H₄₅N₄O₉S⁺ [M+H]⁺ 697.2902, found 697.2908.

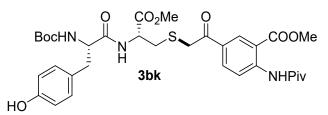


3bp: According to **General procedure I**, **3bp** was afforded as a yellow oil (40% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.58 (s, 1H), 8.86 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 8.64 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.08 (dd, J = 8.9, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.41 (t, J = 4.9 Hz, 1H), 4.83 – 4.67 (m, 2H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 3.88 (s, 2H),

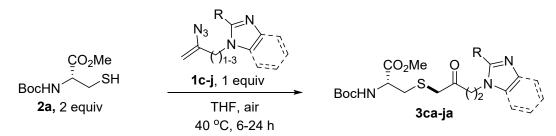
3.84 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (d, J = 4.7 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 3.06 – 2.92 (m, 2H), 2.58 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.15 – 2.10 (m, 1H), 2.09 (s, 3H), 2.05 – 1.99 (m, 1H), 1.41 (s, 9H), 1.33 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 193.0, 178.4, 171.1, 170.6, 169.8, 168.2, 146.2, 134.9, 132.3, 128.5, 120.0, 114.8, 80.3, 59.4, 52.8, 52.2, 52.1, 44.4, 40.7, 37.2, 33.6, 31.3, 29.8, 28.3, 27.5, 15.2. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: $C_{31}H_{46}N_4NaO_{10}S_2^+$ [M+Na]⁺ 721.2548, found 721.2549.



3bj: According to **General procedure I**, **3bj** was afforded as a white oil (50% yield). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.58 (s, 1H), 8.89 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 8.64 (d, J = 2.2Hz, 1H), 8.27 – 7.88 (m, 1H), 7.29 – 7.26 (m, 1H), 7.23 – 7.18 (m, 3H), 7.08 (d, J =7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (dd, J = 12.2, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 4.45 (d, J = 6.1Hz, 1H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 3.83 (d, J = 14.7 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (d, J = 14.7 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 3.13 (dd, J = 13.9, 6.2 Hz, 1H), 3.09 – 3.02 (m, 1H), 3.02 – 2.91 (m, 2H), 1.38 (s, 9H), 1.35 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 192.7, 178.4, 171.4, 170.5, 168.2, 155.4, 146.2, 136.6, 134.9, 132.2, 129.4, 128.6, 126.9, 120.0, 114.7, 80.2, 55.7, 52.8, 52.7, 52.1, 40.7, 38.3, 37.2, 34.2, 28.3, 27.5. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₃₃H₄₃N₃NaO₉S⁺ [M+Na]⁺ 680.2612, found 680.2610.

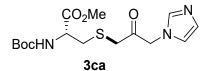


3bk: According to **General procedure I**, **3bk** was afforded as a white oil (61% yield). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.59 (s, 1H), 8.84 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 8.63 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (dd, *J* = 9.0, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.72 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.23 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (dd, *J* = 12.2, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.39 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 3.95 (s, 3H), 3.88 – 3.71 (m, 2H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 3.10 – 2.80 (m, 4H), 1.39 (s, 9H), 1.34 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 191.9, 177.6, 170.8, 169.5, 167.1, 154.5, 145.0, 133.8, 131.2, 129.5, 127.6, 126.5, 119.1, 114.6, 113.8, 98.9, 79.3, 54.8, 51.8, 51.7, 51.1,39.6, 36.2, 33.1, 28.7, 27.2, 26.4. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₃₃H₄₄N₃O₁₀S⁺ [M+H]⁺ 674.2742, found 674.2754.

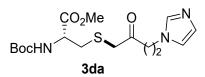


General procedure II: To a 10 mL round-bottom flask, were added peptide 2a (0.4

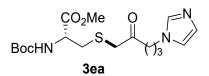
mmol, 2 equiv), THF (3mL) and vinyl azide **1c-j** (0.2 mmol, 1 equiv). The reaction mixture was stirred at 40 °C in the air atmosphere until the peptide was consumed (monitored by TLC). Then it was cooled to room temperature, concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (MeOH/DCM) to provide product **3ca-ja**.



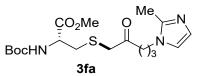
3ca: According to **General procedure II**, **3ca** was afforded as a yellow oil (78% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.51 (s, 1H), 7.11 (s, 1H), 6.93 (s, 1H), 5.35 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (s, 2H), 4.51 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.35 – 3.19 (m, 2H), 3.01 (dd, J = 14.0, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.85 (dd, J = 14.1, 6.3 Hz, 1H), 1.44 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.0, 171.2, 155.2, 138.1, 129.8, 120.0, 80.5, 53.1, 53.0, 38.1, 34.9, 29.7, 28.3. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₁₅H₂₄N₃O₅S⁺ [M+H]⁺ 358.1431, found 358.1434.



3da: According to **General procedure II**, **3da** was afforded as a yellow oil (86% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.43 (s, 1H), 6.94 (s, 1H), 6.86 (s, 1H), 5.48 (s, 1H), 4.39 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 3.25 – 3.08 (m, 2H), 3.02 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 2.79 (dd, J = 13.7, 3.9 Hz, 1H), 2.65 (dd, J = 13.8, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 1.38 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.1, 171.3, 155.2, 137.4, 129.3, 119.1, 80.2, 52.9, 52.7, 41.2, 41.1, 34.26, 29.6, 28.3. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₁₆H₂₆N₃O₅S⁺ [M+H]⁺ 372.1588, found 372.1590.

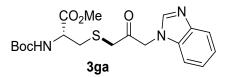


3ea: According to **General procedure II**, **3ea** was afforded as a yellow oil (90% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36 (s, 1H), 6.94 (s, 1H), 6.82 (s, 1H), 5.62 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.39 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 3.26 – 3.11 (m, 2H), 2.87 (dd, J = 13.8, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 2.76 (dd, J = 13.8, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.46 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.06 – 1.82 (m, 2H), 1.34 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 204.0, 171.3, 155.2, 137.1, 129.5, 118.7, 80.1, 53.0, 52.6, 45.7, 41.1, 36.6, 34.4, 28.3, 24.9. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₁₇H₂₇N₃NaO₅S⁺ [M+Na]⁺ 408.1564, found 408.1568.

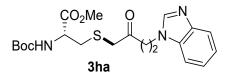


3fa: According to General procedure II, 3fa was afforded as a yellow oil (80%

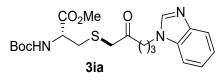
yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.84 (s, 1H), 6.76 (s, 1H), 5.48 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.46 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 3.27 – 3.15 (m, 2H), 2.93 (dd, J = 13.9, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.81 (dd, J = 13.9, 6.3 Hz, 1H), 2.54 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 2.04 – 1.88 (m, 2H), 1.39 (s, 9H).¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 204.0, 171.3, 155.2, 144.4, 127.2, 119.0, 80.3, 53.0, 52.7, 44.8, 41.2, 36.7, 34.6, 28.3, 24.5, 13.0. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₁₈H₃₀N₃O₅S⁺ [M+H]⁺ 400.1901, found 400.1904.



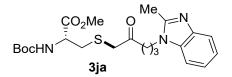
3ga: According to **General procedure II**, **3ga** was afforded as a yellow oil (90% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.94 (s, 1H), 7.86 – 7.78 (m, 1H), 7.35 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 5.36 (d, J = 4.9 Hz, 1H), 5.16 (s, 2H), 4.58 – 4.43 (m, 1H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.34 – 3.18 (m, 2H), 3.01 (dd, J = 14.0, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 2.84 (dd, J = 14.0, 6.3 Hz, 1H), 1.44 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.0, 171.2, 143.7, 143.6, 133.9, 123.6, 122.7, 120.7, 109.1, 100.0, 80.5, 52.8, 51.0, 38.0, 34.93, 34.9, 28.3. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₁₉H₂₆N₃O₅S⁺ [M+H]⁺ 408.1588, found 408.1590.



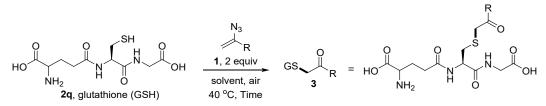
3ha: According to **General procedure II**, **3ha** was afforded as a white oil (99% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.93 (s, 1H), 7.76 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.31 – 7.17 (m, 2H), 5.36 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 4.55 – 4.43 (m, 2H), 4.42 – 4.37 (m, 1H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 3.28 – 3.02 (m, 4H), 2.78 (dd, J = 13.9, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 2.62 (dd, J = 13.8, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 1.41 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.2, 171.2, 155.2, 143.8, 143.6, 133.3, 123.0, 122.2, 120.5, 109.4, 80.3, 52.9, 52.7, 41.3, 39.7, 39.2, 34.4, 28.3. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₂₀H₂₈N₃O₅S⁺ [M+H]⁺ 422.1744, found 422.1747.



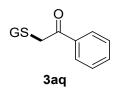
3ia: According to **General procedure II**, **3ia** was afforded as a yellow oil (99% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.84 (s, 1H), 7.78 – 7.69 (m, 1H), 7.43 – 7.32 (m, 1H), 7.26 – 7.15 (m, 2H), 5.56 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.54 – 4.33 (m, 1H), 4.14 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.68 (s, 3H), 3.36 – 3.09 (m, 2H), 2.91 (dd, *J* = 13.9, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.80 (dd, *J* = 13.8, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.52 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 2.15 – 1.98 (m, 2H), 1.38 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 204.1, 171.3, 155.2, 143.8, 143.0, 133.6, 123.0, 122.2, 120.3, 109.8, 80.2, 53.1, 52.7, 43.8, 41.2, 36.7, 34.5, 28.3, 23.7. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₂₁H₃₀N₃O₅S⁺ [M+H]⁺ 436.1901, found 436.1904.



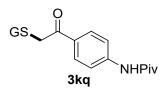
3ja: According to **General procedure II**, **3ja** was afforded as a yellow oil (99% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.68 – 7.58 (m, 1H), 7.33 – 7.27 (m, 1H), 7.22 – 7.15 (m, 2H), 5.43 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 4.67 – 4.35 (m, 1H), 4.08 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 3.31 – 3.13 (m, 2H), 2.94 (dd, *J* = 13.9, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.82 (dd, *J* = 13.9, 6.2 Hz, 1H), 2.65 – 2.51 (m, 5H), 2.09 – 1.99 (m, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 204.2, 171.3, 155.2, 151.4, 142.6, 135.1, 122.1, 121.9, 119.1, 109.2, 80.3, 53.0, 52.7, 42.6, 41.3, 36.8, 34.6, 28.3, 23.4, 13.9. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₂₂H₃₂N₃O₅S⁺ [M+H]⁺ 450.2057, found 450.2062.



General procedure III: To a 10 mL round-bottom flask, were added peptide 2q (0.2 mmol, 1 equiv) in 2 mL PBS (pH 7.4) and vinyl azide 1 (0.4 mmol, 2 equiv) in 2 mL THF. The reaction mixture was stirred at 40 °C in the air atmosphere until the peptide was consumed (monitored by TLC, n-BuOH/AcOH/H₂O=3/1/1). After the reaction was complete, the solvent was spun off directly. The crude product was purified by preparative HPLC (Method C) and concentrated by lyophilization.

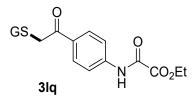


3aq: According to **General procedure III**, **3aq** was afforded as a white solid (75% yield). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.85 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.56 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 4.43 (dd, J = 8.8, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 4.01 – 3.92 (m, 1H), 3.81 – 3.36 (m, 4H), 2.96 (dd, J = 14.2, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.76 (dd, J = 14.2, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 2.32 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.96 (dd, J = 14.5, 7.0 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, D₂O) δ 198.7, 175.3, 174.8, 173.8, 171.8, 134.6, 134.5, 129.0, 128.8, 54.0, 52.8, 42.8, 38.7, 33.2, 31.3, 26.1.HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₁₈H₂₄N₃O₇S⁺ [M+H]⁺ 426.1329, found 426.1320.

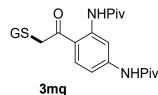


3kq: According to **General procedure III**, **3kq** was afforded as a white solid (70% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.59 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.36 (dd, J = 9.0, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 3.80 – 3.70 (m, 2H), 3.61 – 3.51 (m, 3H), 2.84 (dd, J =

14.1, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.65 (dd, J = 14.1, 9.1 Hz, 1H), 2.28 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 1.98 – 1.87 (m, 2H), 1.04 (s, 9H).¹³C NMR (100 MHz, D₂O) δ 196.9, 180.9, 176.1, 174.8, 173.9, 171.6, 142.8, 130.5, 130.0, 121.1, 54.1, 52.8, 52.6, 43.4, 39.4, 33.3, 31.4, 26.5, 26.2. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₂₃H₃₁N₄O₈S⁻ [M-H]⁻ 523.1868, found 523.1863.

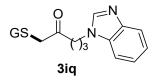


3lq: According to **General procedure III**, **3lp** was afforded as a white solid (75% yield). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, D₂O) δ 8.79 – 8.60 (m, 2H), 8.50 – 8.30 (m, 2H), 5.28 (dd, J = 8.9, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 4.58 – 4.33 (m, 4H), 3.81 (dd, J = 14.2, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 3.61 (dd, J = 14.2, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.34 – 3.03 (m, 3H), 2.88 – 2.75 (m, 3H), 2.09 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, D₂O) δ 176.1, 175.0, 174.9, 174.0, 171.9, 171.5, 145.2, 134.7, 130.0, 126.9, 54.1, 52.5, 49.6, 43.3, 38.7, 32.9, 31.4, 26.2, 20.7. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₂₂H₂₇N₄O₁₀S⁻ [M-H]⁻ 539.1453, found 539.1494.

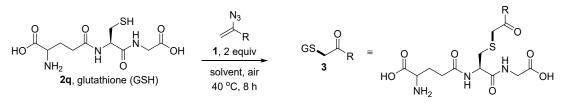


3mq: According to **General procedure III**, **3mq** was afforded as a white solid (73% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, D₂O) δ 8.40 (s, 1H), 7.68 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 4.49 – 4.42 (m, 1H), 3.65 – 3.54 (m, 3H), 2.84 – 2.66 (m, 2H), 2.40 – 2.28 (m, 2H), 1.97 (dd, *J* = 14.1, 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.29 – 1.23 (m, 1H), 1.19 – 1.15 (m, 1H), 1.15 – 0.95 (m, 18H). HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₂₈H₄₀N₅O₉S⁻ [M-H]⁻ 622.2552, found 622.2548.

3nq: According to **General procedure III**, **3nq** was afforded as a white solid (80% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, D₂O) δ 7.66 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.37 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 4.48 (dd, J = 8.9, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 3.80 – 3.64 (m, 2H), 3.48 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.91 (dd, J = 14.1, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 2.83 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 2.75 (dd, J = 14.1, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 2.55 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.47 – 2.38 (m, 2H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 2.04 – 1.89 (m, 2H), 1.70 – 1.55 (m, 2H).¹³C NMR (75 MHz, D₂O) δ 209.2, 175.5, 174.8 – 172.3 (m), 171.7, 144.4, 135.5, 130.0, 126.7, 54.1, 52.8, 43.0, 41.9, 41.7, 37.6, 33.1, 31.4, 26.2, 23.0, 20.8. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₂₂H₃₂N₄NaO₉S₂⁺ [M+Na]⁺ 583.1503, found 583.1499.



3iq: According to **General procedure III**, **3iq** was afforded as a yellow solid (78% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, D₂O) δ 8.83 (s, 1H), 7.69 – 7.53 (m, 2H), 7.42 – 7.35 (m, 2H), 4.36 (dd, J = 8.5, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.29 – 4.20 (m, 2H), 3.69 – 3.58 (m, 3H), 3.41 – 3.14 (m, 2H), 2.72 (dd, J = 14.1, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 2.67 – 2.53 (m, 3H), 2.39 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.07 – 1.97 (m, 4H).¹³C NMR (100 MHz, D₂O) δ 208.4, 176.0, 174.8, 173.9, 171.6, 140.6, 132.8, 131.2, 126.0, 125.8, 115.4, 112.17, 100.0, 54.0, 52.7, 45.6, 43.2, 37.3, 33.1, 33.0, 31.3, 26.1, 22.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z Calculated for: C₂₂H₃₀N₅O₇S⁺ [M+H]⁺ 508.1860, found 508.1859.



General procedure IV: To a 5 mL round-bottom flask, were added peptide 2q (0.2 mmol), 2 mL PBS buffer (10 mmol/L, pH 7.4) and α -vinyl azide (1, 2 equiv). The mixed solution was stired at 40 °C for 8 h in the air atomsphere. Then the reaction was analyzed by LC-MS to give LC-MS yield.

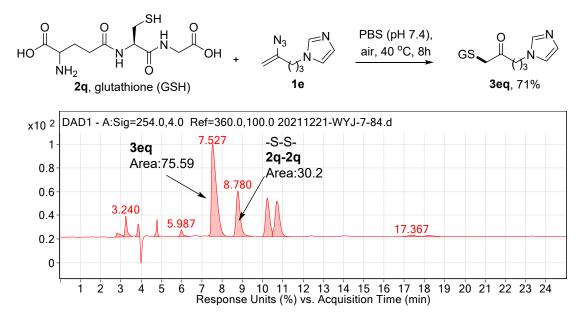


Figure S1. LC-MS TIC curve of 3eq. Gradient used: Method B

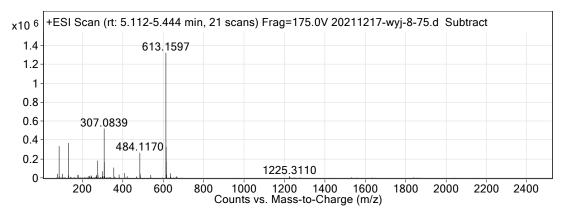


Figure S2. ESI Mass spectrum of dimerized by product by peptide **2q**. Calculated Mass [M+H]⁺ 613.1592, [M+2H]²⁺ 307.0833; Mass Found (ESI+) [M+H]⁺ 613.1597, [M+2H]²⁺ 307.0839.

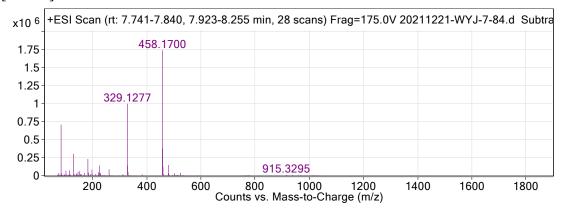


Figure S3. ESI Mass spectrum of modified product 3eq. Calculated Mass $[M+H]^+$ 458.1704, $[M-C_5H_7NO_3]^+$ 329.1278; Mass Found (ESI+) $[M+H]^+$ 458.1700, $[M-C_5H_7NO_3]^+$ 329.1277.

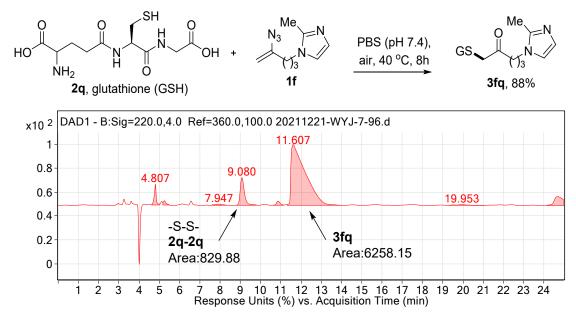


Figure S4. LC-MS TIC curve of 3fq. Gradient used: Method B

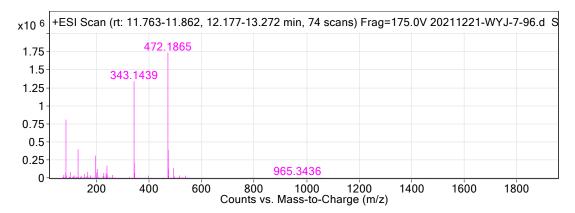
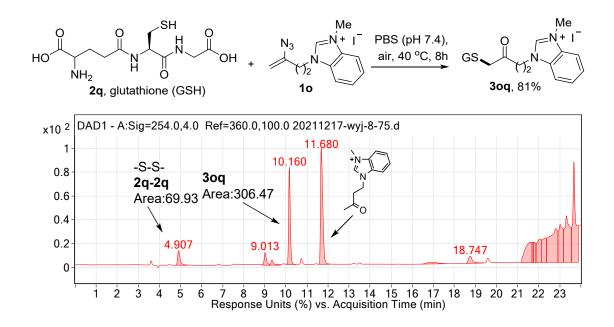


Figure S5. ESI Mass spectrum of modified product 3fq. Calculated Mass $[M+H]^+$ 472.1860, $[M-C_5H_7NO_3]^+$ 343.1435; Mass Found (ESI+) $[M+H]^+$ 472.1865, $[M-C_5H_7NO_3]^+$ 343.1439.



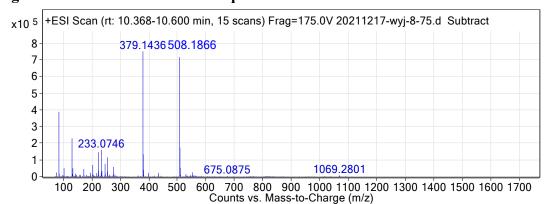


Figure S6. LC-MS TIC curve of 3oq. Gradient used: Method A

Figure S7. ESI Mass spectrum of modified product **3oq**. Calculated Mass $[M+H]^+$ 508.1860, $[M-C_5H_7NO_3]^+$ 379.1435; Mass Found (ESI+) $[M+H]^+$ 508.1866, $[M-C_5H_7NO_3]^+$ 379.1436.

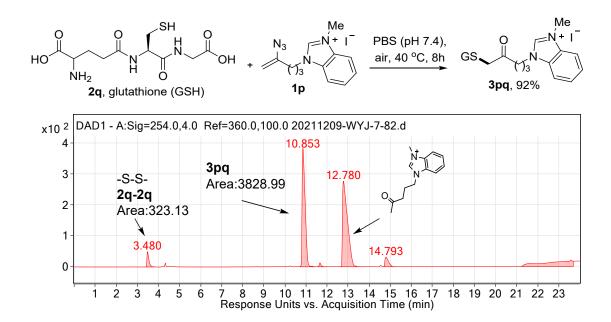


Figure S8. LC-MS TIC curve of 3pq. Gradient used: Method A

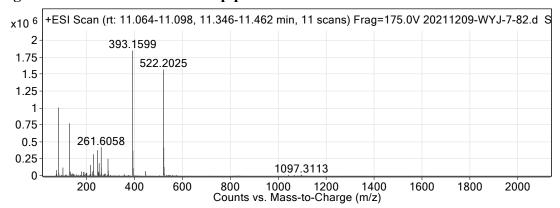
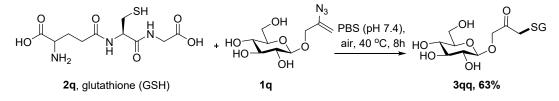
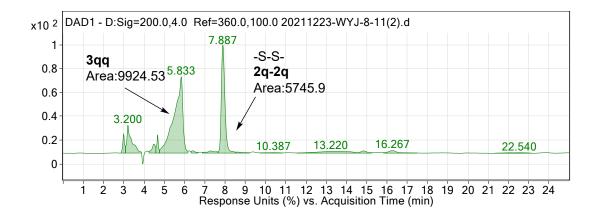


Figure S9. ESI Mass spectrum of modified product **3pq**. Calculated Mass $[M+H]^+$ 522.2017, $[M-C_5H_7NO_3]^+$ 393.1591; Mass Found (ESI+) $[M+H]^+$ 522.2025, $[M-C_5H_7NO_3]^+$ 393.1599.





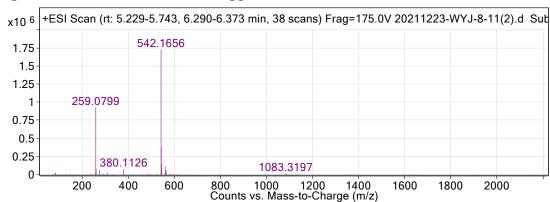


Figure S10. LC-MS TIC curve of 3qq. Gradient used: Method B

Figure S11. ESI Mass spectrum of modified product 3qq. Calculated Mass [M+H]⁺ 542.1650; Mass Found (ESI+) [M+H]⁺ 542.1656.

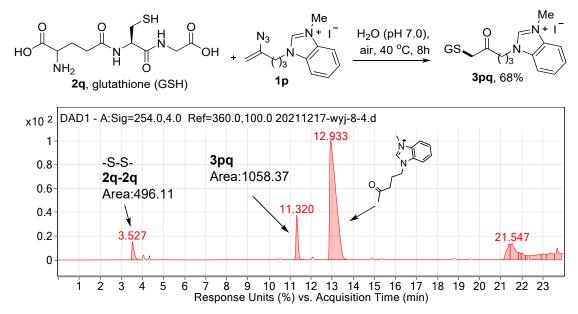
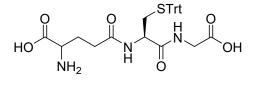


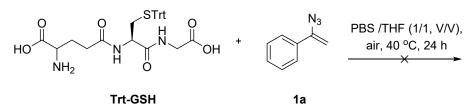
Figure S12. ESI Mass spectrum of modified product 3pq. Calculated Mass [M+H]⁺ 542.1650; Mass Found (ESI+) [M+H]⁺ 542.1656.

5. Control reaction of Trt-GSH with 1a

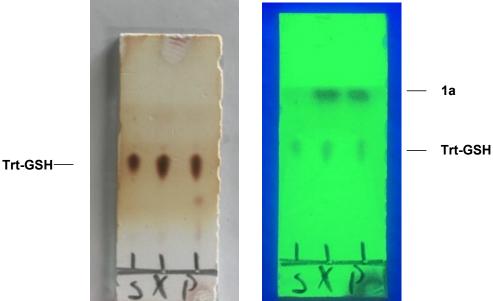


Trt-GSH

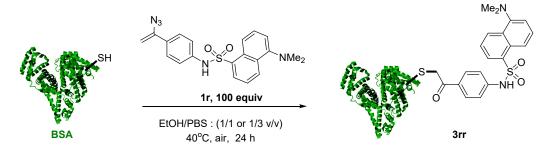
Trt-GSH: The experimental step refers to Kohsaku's method.⁷ The product Trt-GSH was afforded as a white solid (1.5 g, 88%).¹H NMR (300 MHz, Methanol-d4) & 7.31 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 5H), 7.26 - 7.06 (m, 10H), 4.23 - 4.14 (m, 1H), 3.84 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (d, J = 4.3 Hz, 2H), 2.53 (td, J = 12.6, 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.42 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.13 - 1.99 (m, 2H). The data are consistent with those reported in the literature.⁷



The reaction of Trt-GSH with 1a was carried under standard conditions, even stirred in air for 24 hours, no reaction was observed by TLC.



6. Labeling of BSA with dansyl fluorescent probe 1r



To a 1.5 mL centrifuge tube, was added 10 μ L BSA (0.1 g/ml, 1 mg, 1.5×10⁻⁶ mmol, 1 equiv, prepared from 0.1g/mL BAS of PBS solution), followed by 40 μ L EtOH and 120 μ L PBS (10 mmol/L, pH 7.4) or 90 μ L EtOH and 90 μ L PBS. To the premixed solution, was added 10 μ L **1r** (0.06 mg, 1.5×10⁻⁴ mmol, 100 equiv, prepared from 6 mg/mL **1r** in EtOH). The resulting mixture (final volume: 200 μ L, [protein] = 1.5×10⁻⁶ mmol) was covered with plastic wrap and punched, then it was gently shaken at 40 °C for 24 h. After the reaction, the samples were analyzed by SDS-PAGE.

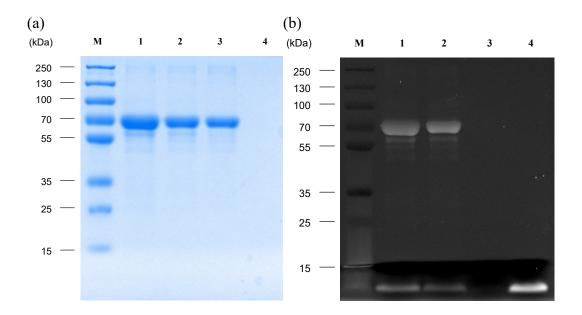


Figure S13. SDS-PAGE analysis of BSA modified with dansyl-vinyl azides. Lane 1: Reaction in 1/1 EtOH/PBS (v/v), BSA dansyl conjugate **3rr** was treated with 5×SDS-PAGE sample buffer and boiled at 100 °C for 5 min; Lane 2: Reaction in 1/3 EtOH/PBS (v/v), BSA dansyl conjugate **3rr** was treated with 5×SDS-PAGE sample buffer and boiled at 100 °C for 5 min; Lane 3: unmodified BSA; Lane 4: dansyl-vinyl azides **1r**. (a) CBB stain of the gel. (b) Fluorescence image of the gel. **M**: PageRuler Plus Prestained Protein Marker.

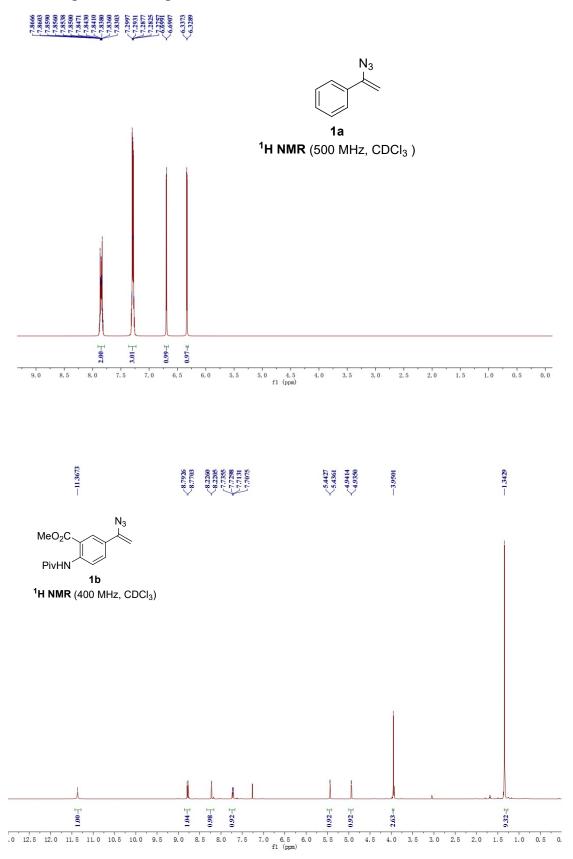
7. Labeling of Ni-NTA resin with YPet-ECFP and STAV AF568

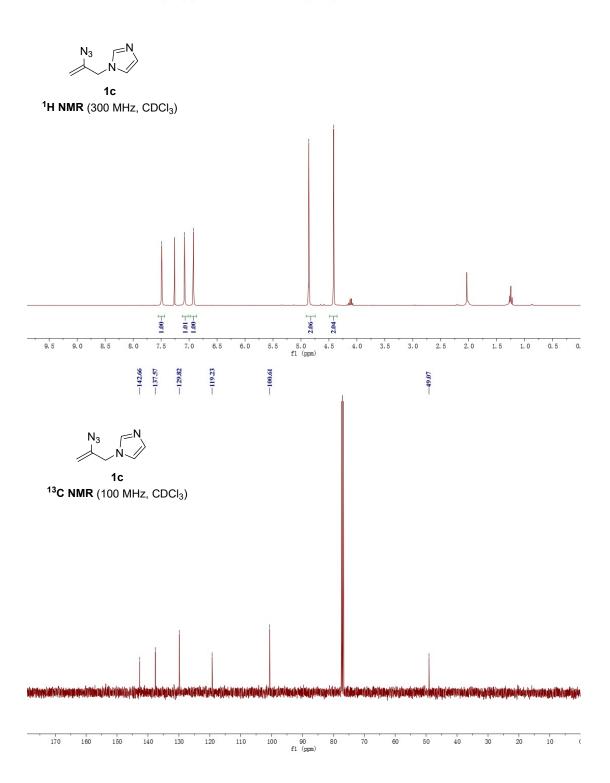
The *Biotin*1s was dissolved in THF and diluted to 8.4×10⁻³ µmol/µL; Streptavidin Alexa Fluor 568 conjugate (American Thermo company) was dissolved in PBS (pH 7.4) and diluted to 36 μ M. The purified **YPet-ECFP**'s protein concentration was 0.5808 μ g/ μ L, which was determined by BCA Protein Assay Kit (Sigma-Aldrich, Germany). The reaction was conducted in two 500 µL centrifuge tubes (1) and (2). To tube number (1), were added *Biotin*1s (10 μ L, 8.4×10⁻² μ mol, 100 equiv) and **YPet-ECFP** (100 μ L, 8.4×10^{-4} µmol, 1 equiv). To tube number (2), was added **YPet-ECFP** (100 µL, 8.4×10^{-4} µmol, 1 equiv). Both of two reaction mixtures were gently shaken at 37 °C for about 40 hours. To the two reaction mixtures, were respectively added 50 µL Nickel NTA agarose beads (Ni-NTA) (purchased from Thermo Scientific) and shaken for 1 h at room temperature to ensure that YPet-ECFP was fully bound with the Ni-NTA Resin. The Ni-NTA resin and it's adsorbates were precipitated by centrifugation in a low-speed centrifuge, and the supernatant was removed. Each tube was washed three times with PBS to wash off excess Biotin1s. Streptavidin Alexa Fluor 568 conjugate (12.5 μ L, 4.5×10⁻⁴ μ mol, 36 μ M) and PBS were respectively added, which were later shaken at room temperature for 5 min. Two reaction mixtures were washed three times with PBS to remove excess Streptavidin Alexa Fluor 568 conjugate. Finally, 100 µL PBS was added to resuspend the Ni-NTA resin and two mixtures were placed on the bottom of the confocal dish for microscope imaging (Carl Zeiss, Germany, primo vert).

8. References

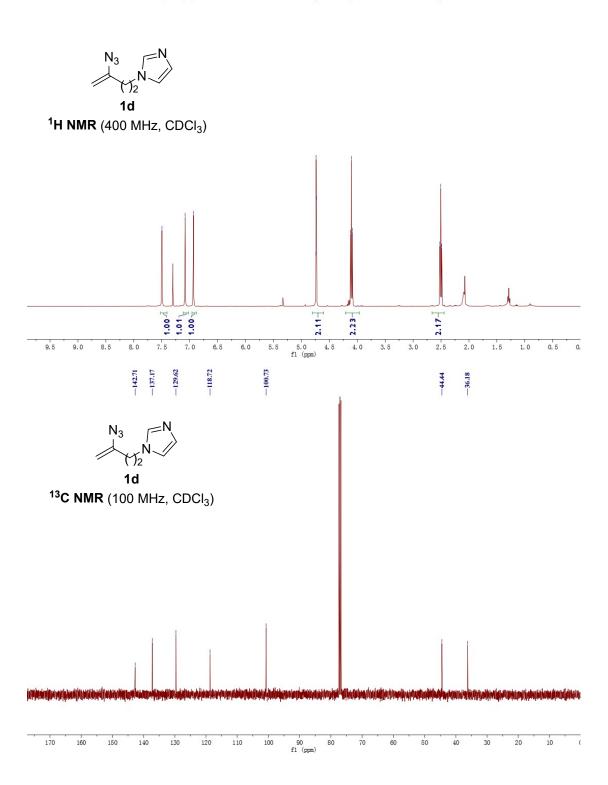
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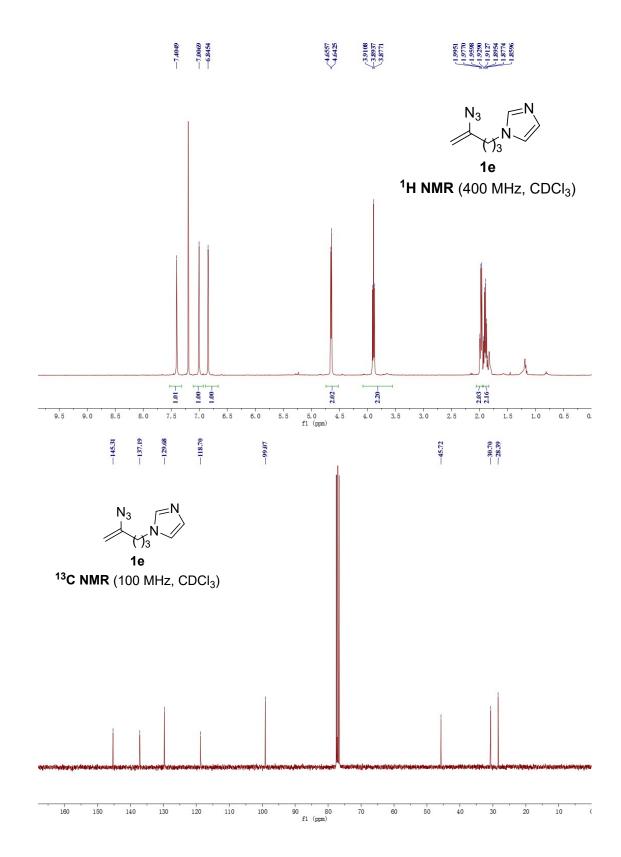
9. NMR spectra of compounds

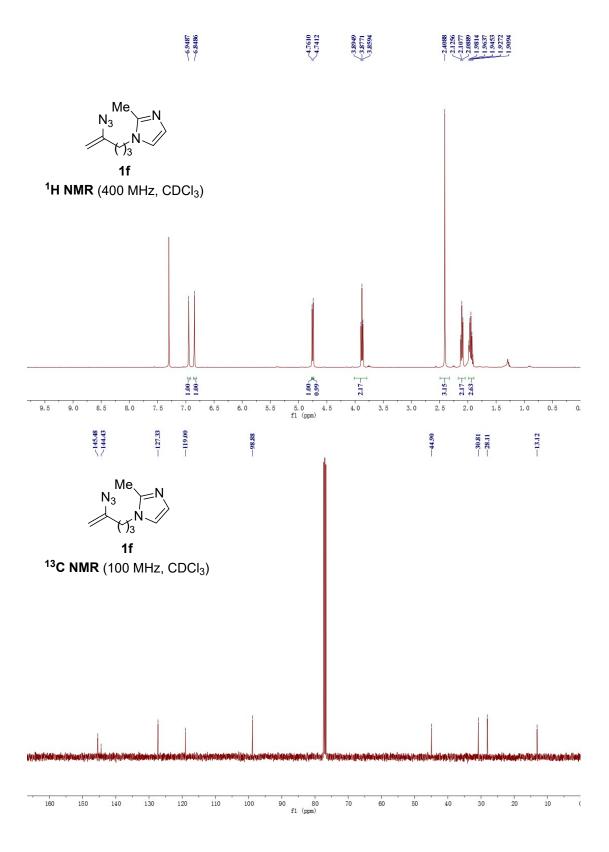


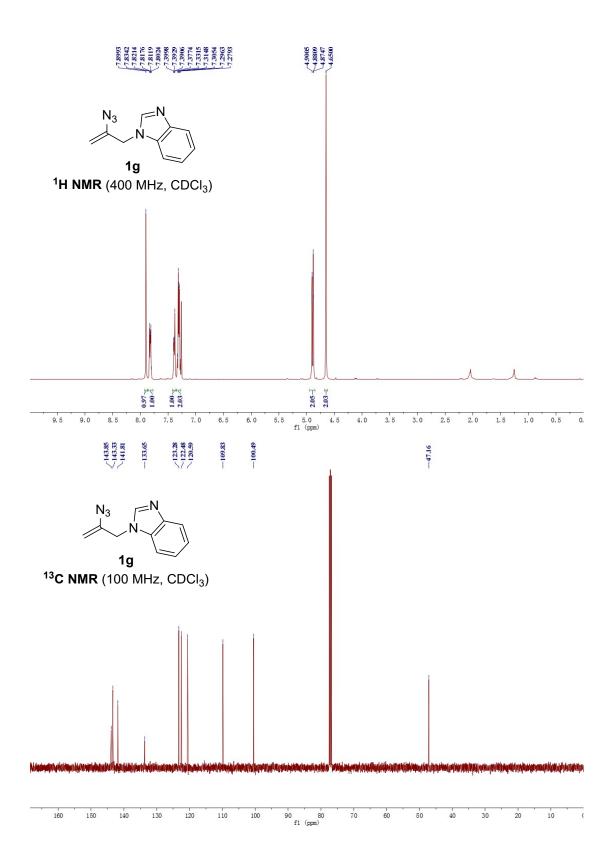


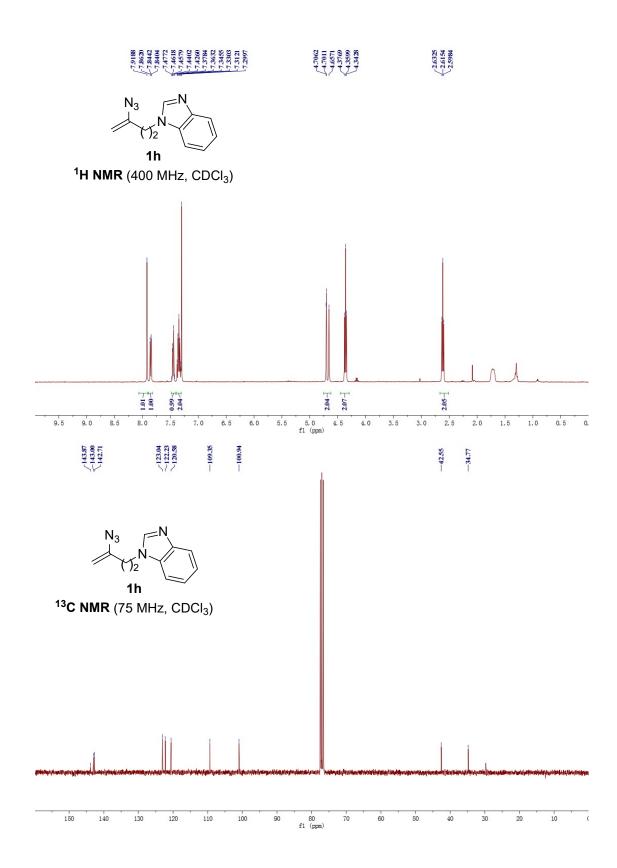


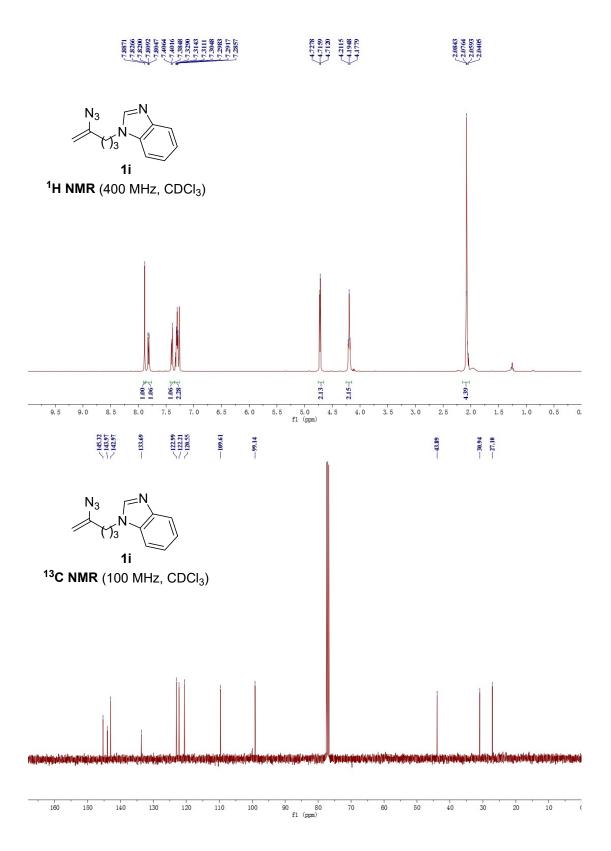


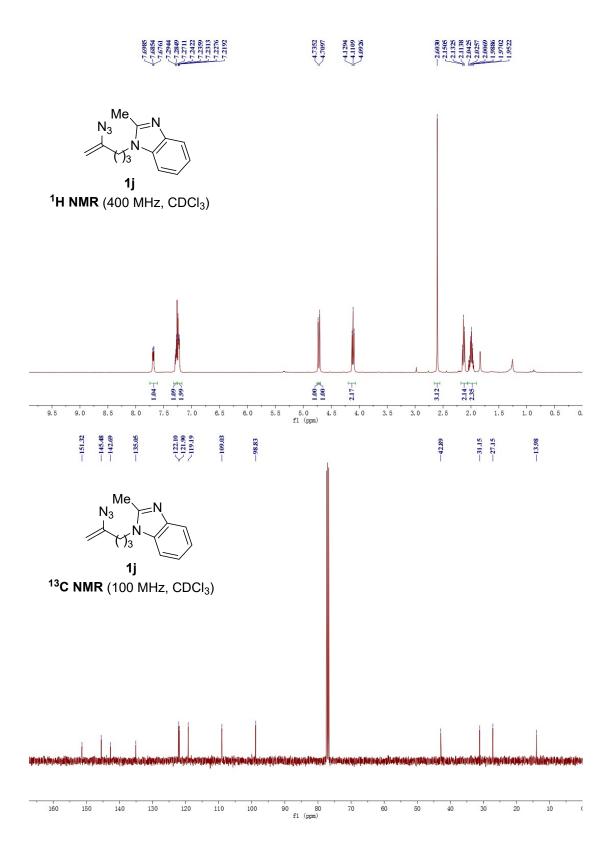


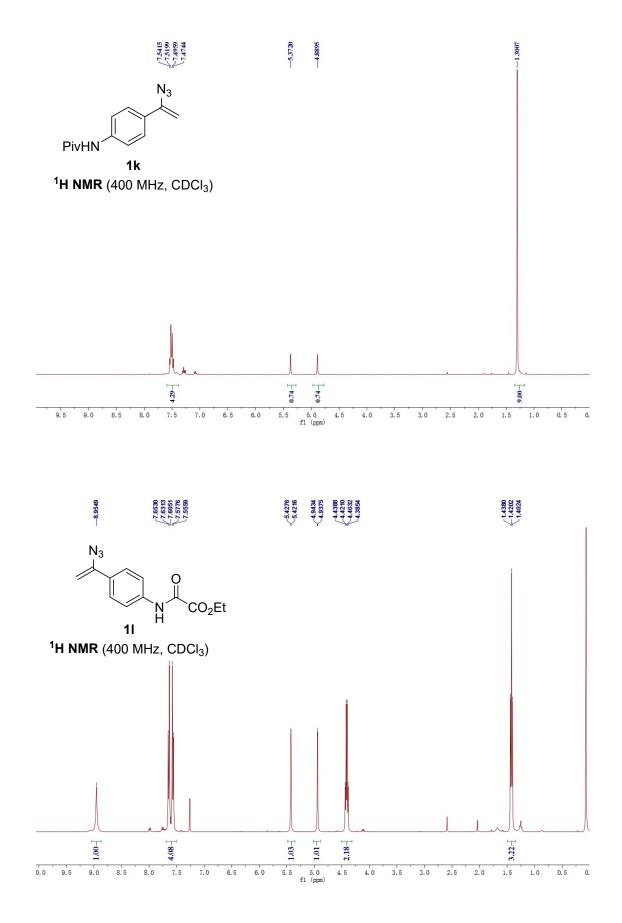


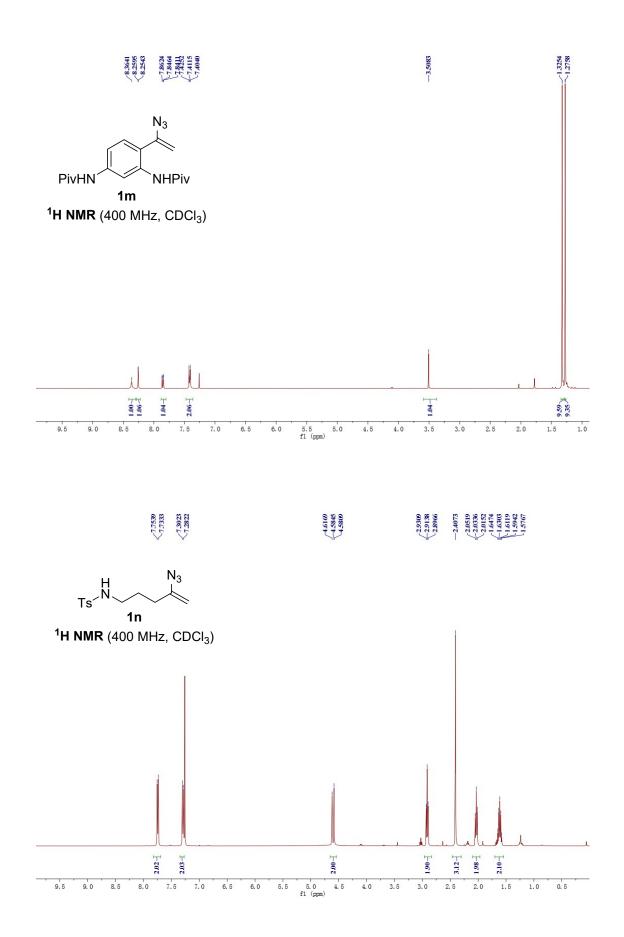


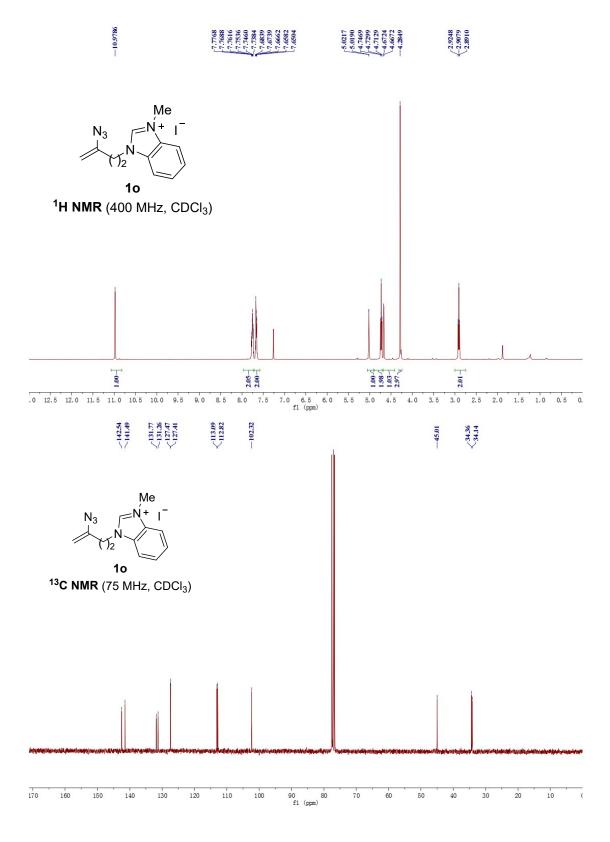


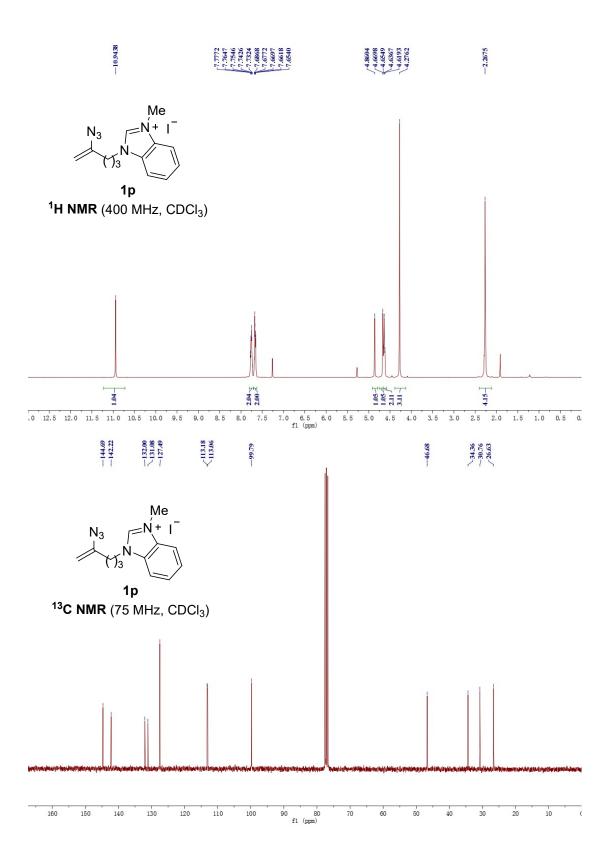


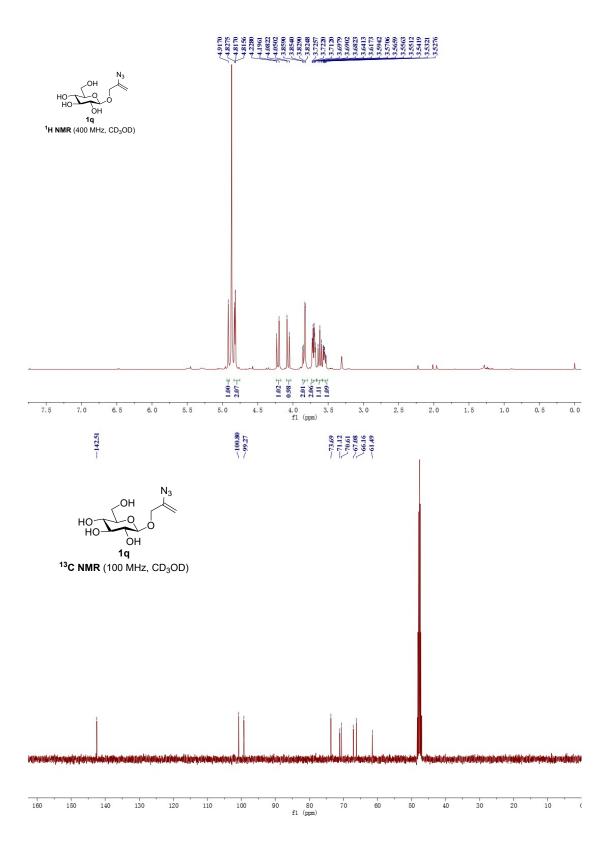


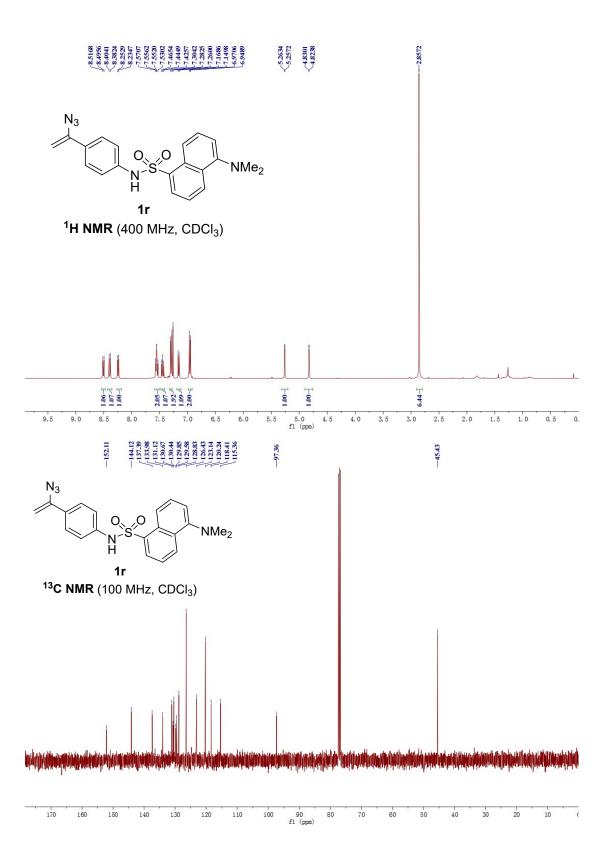


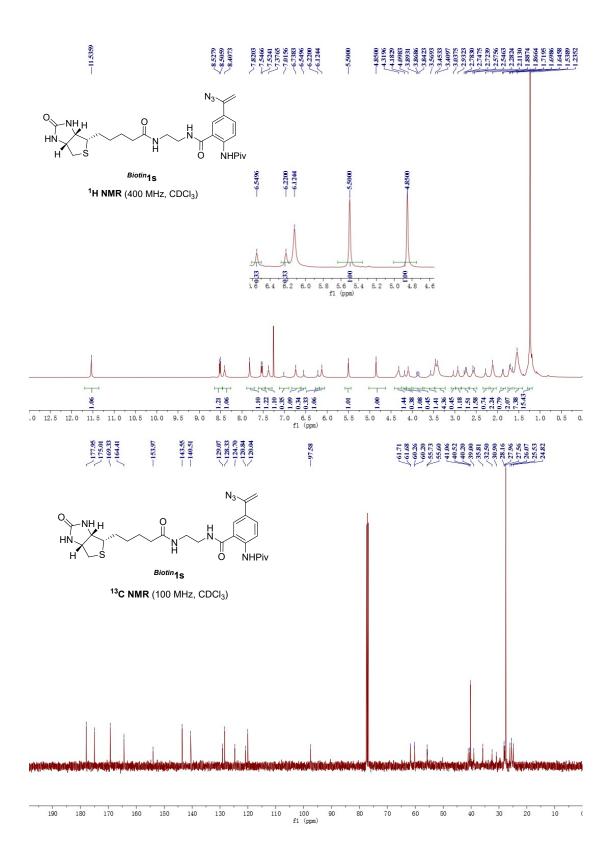


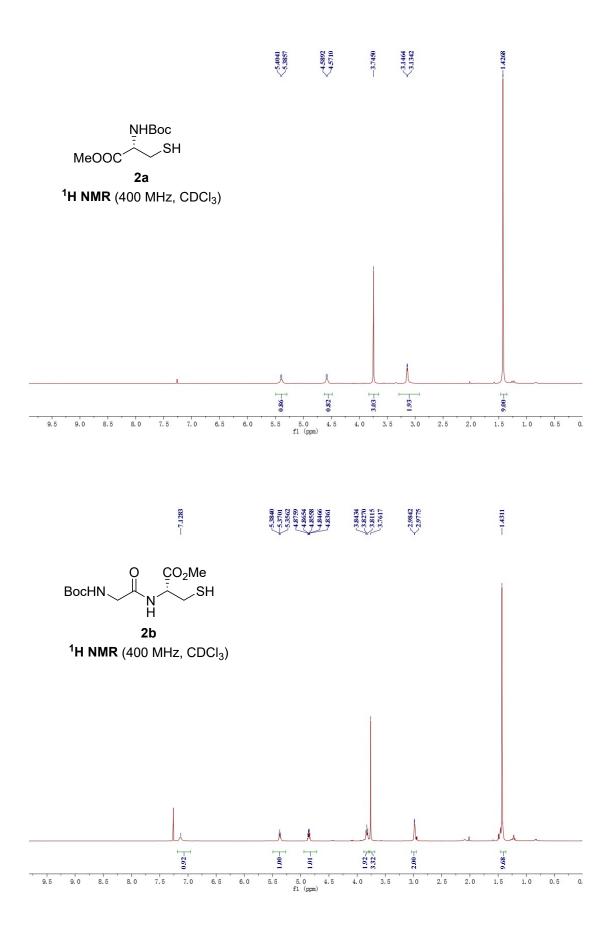


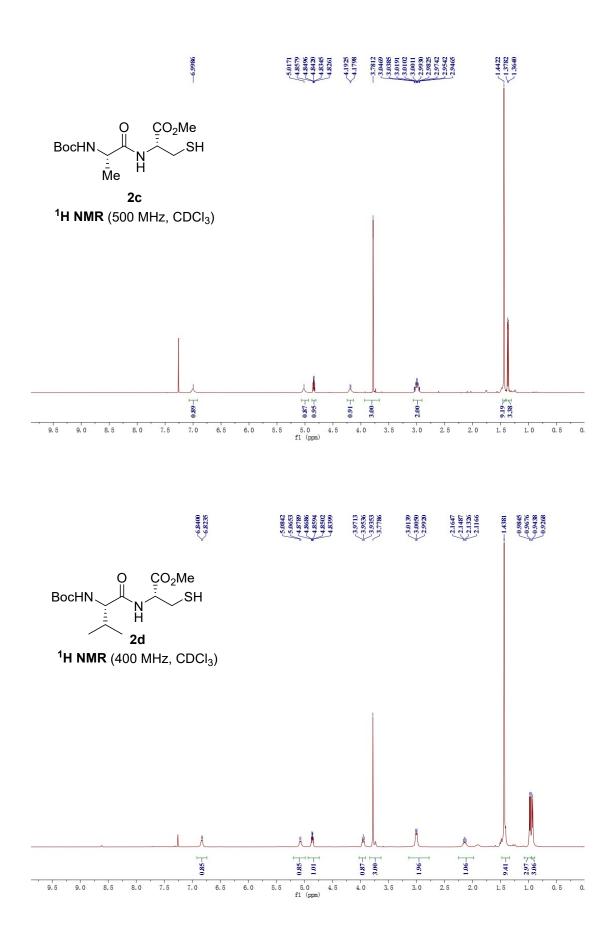




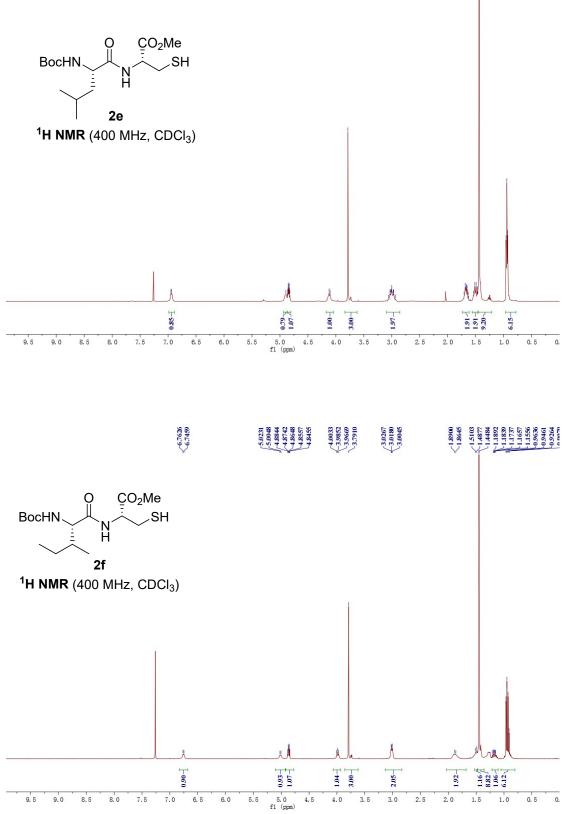


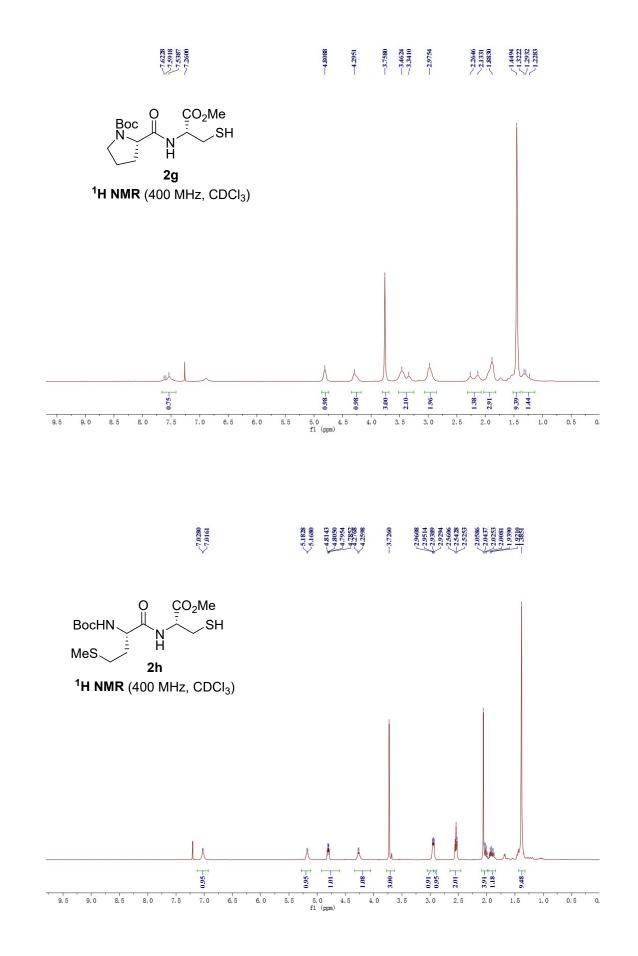


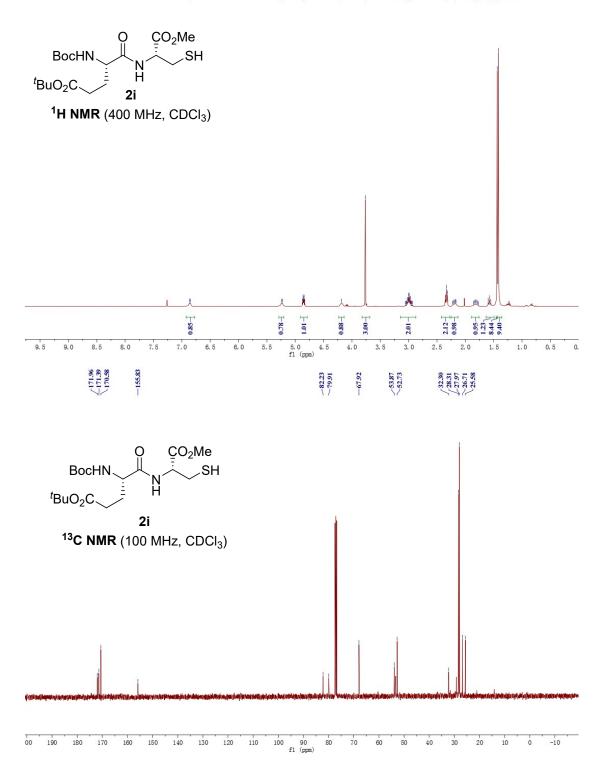


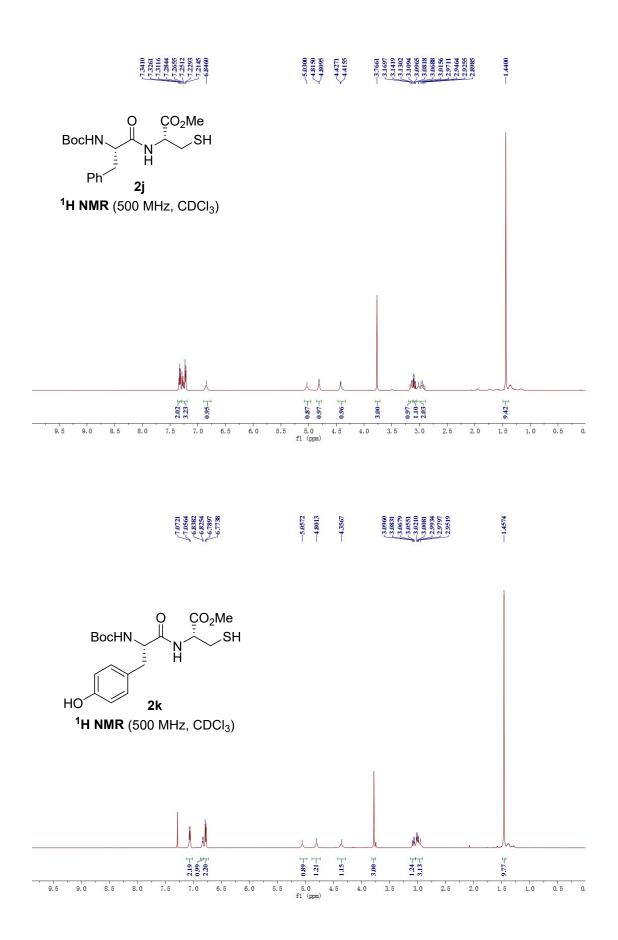


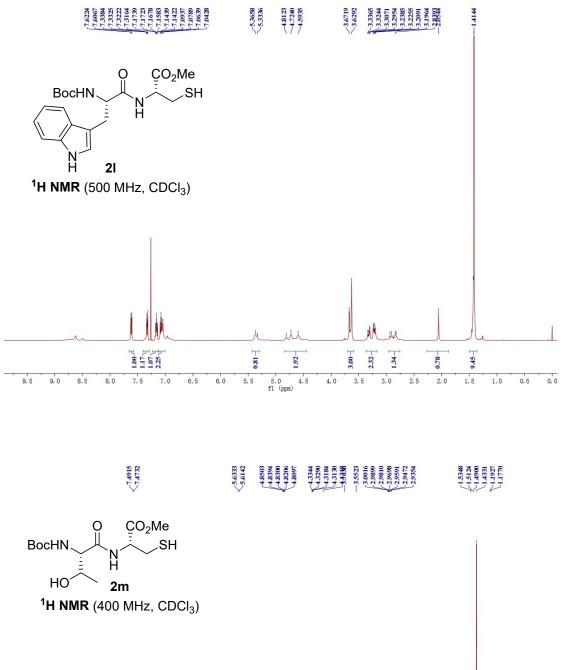


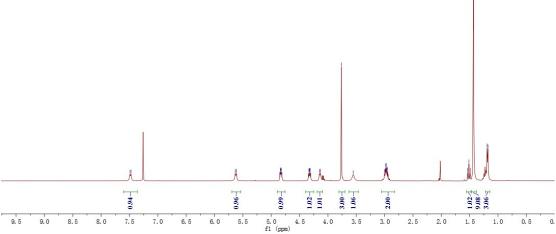


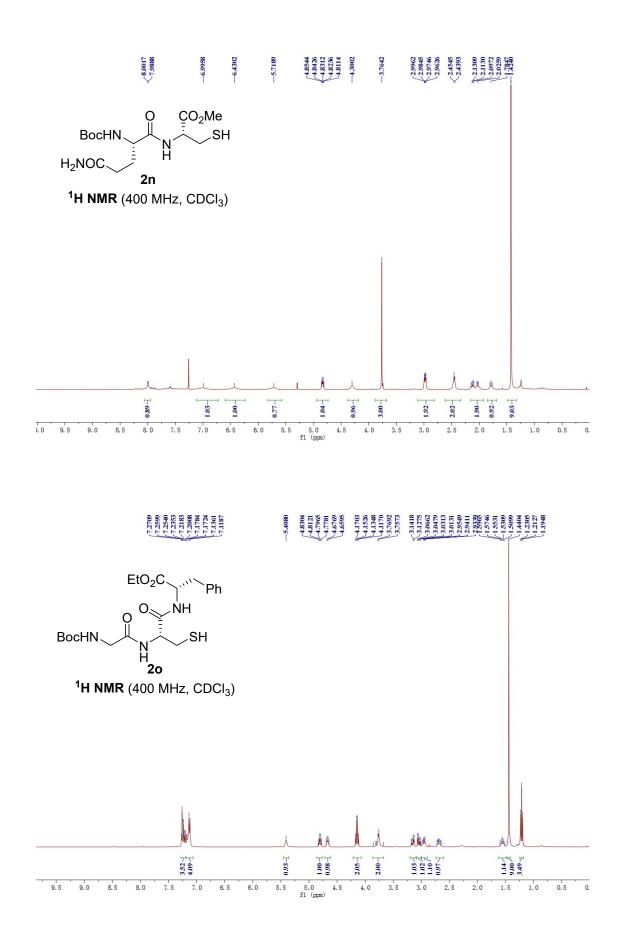


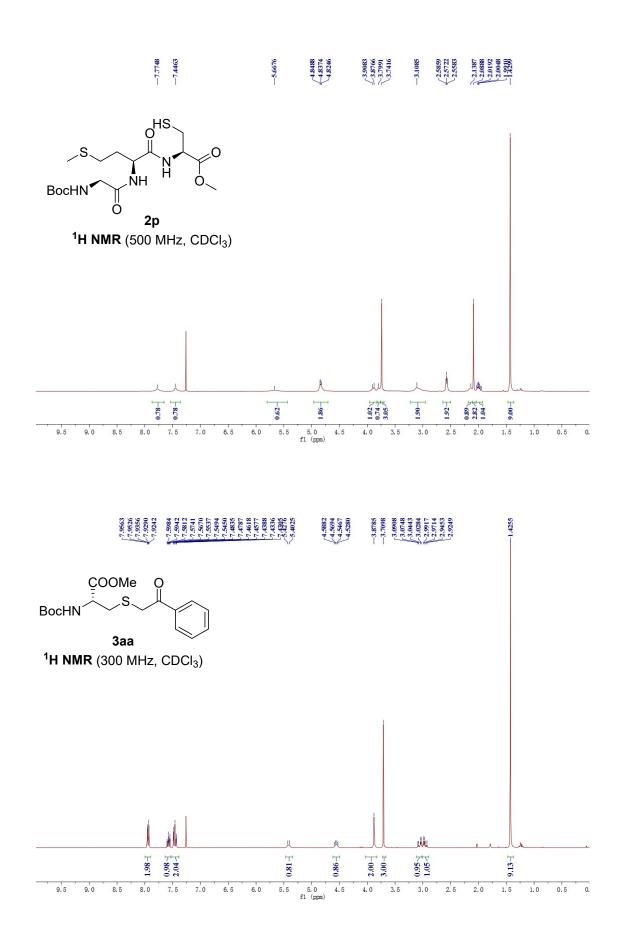


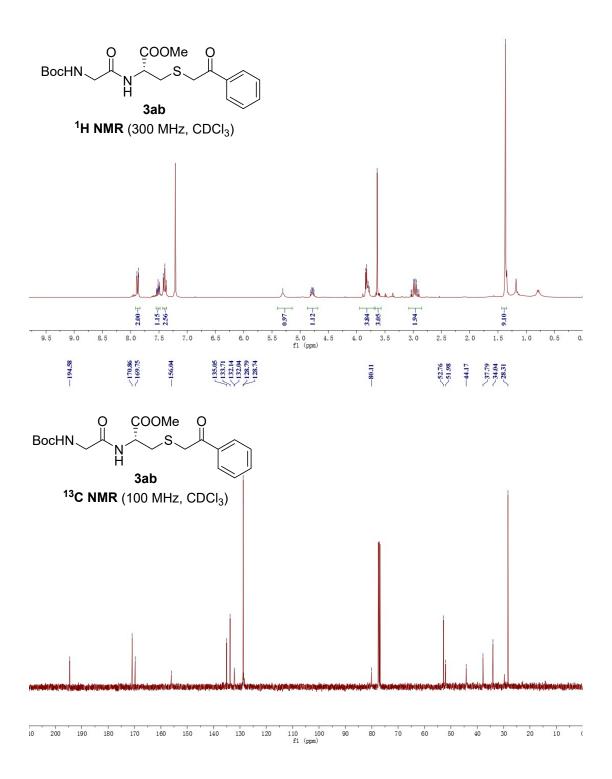


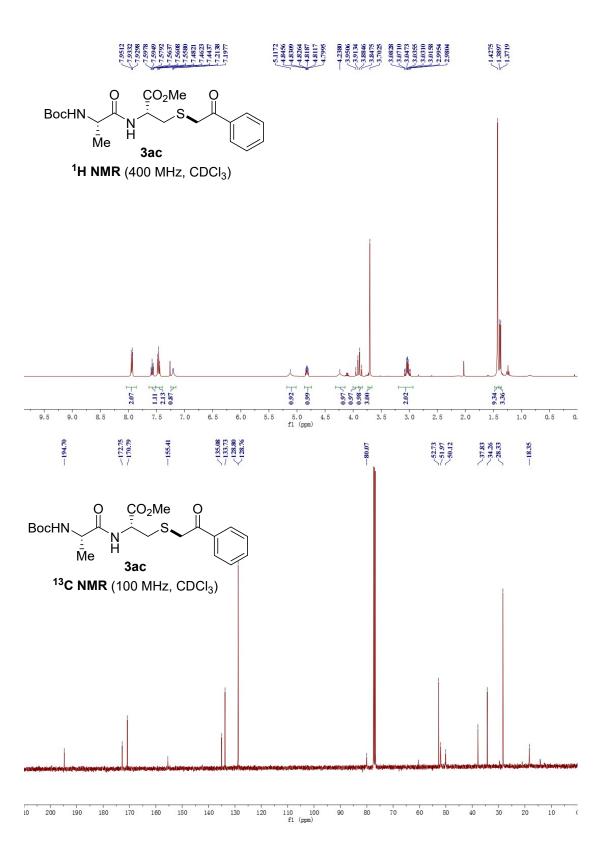


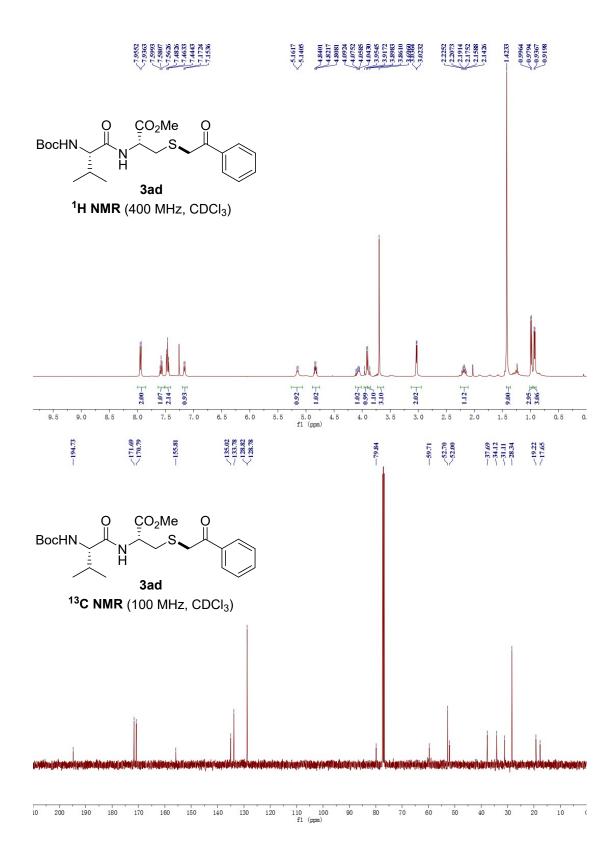


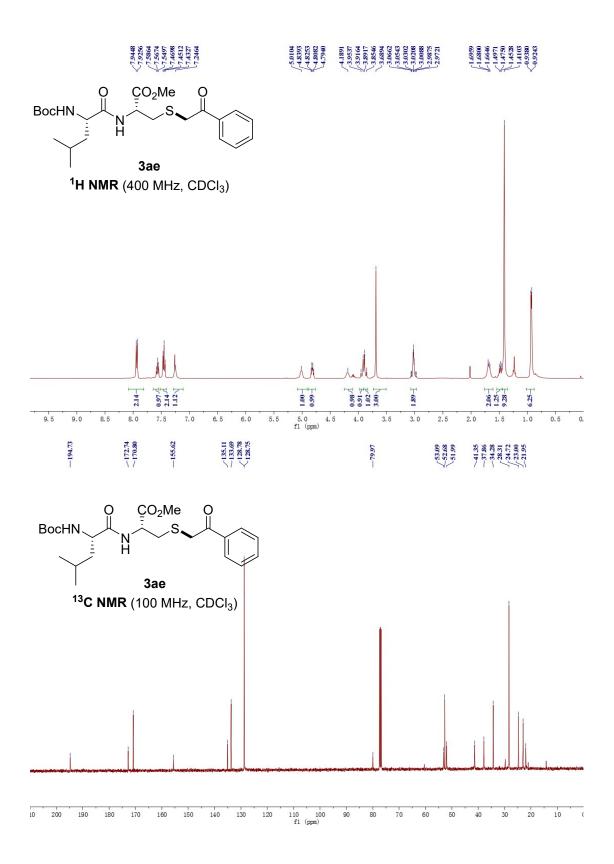


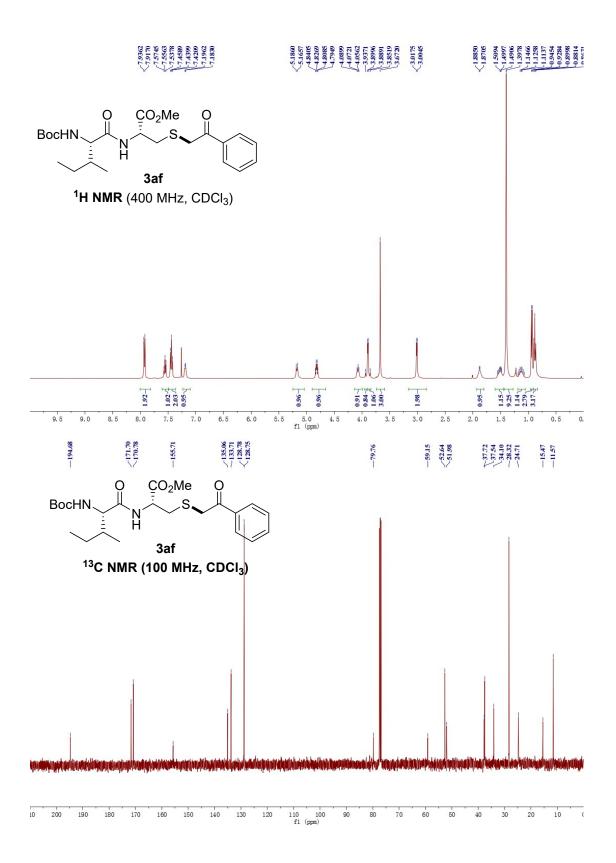


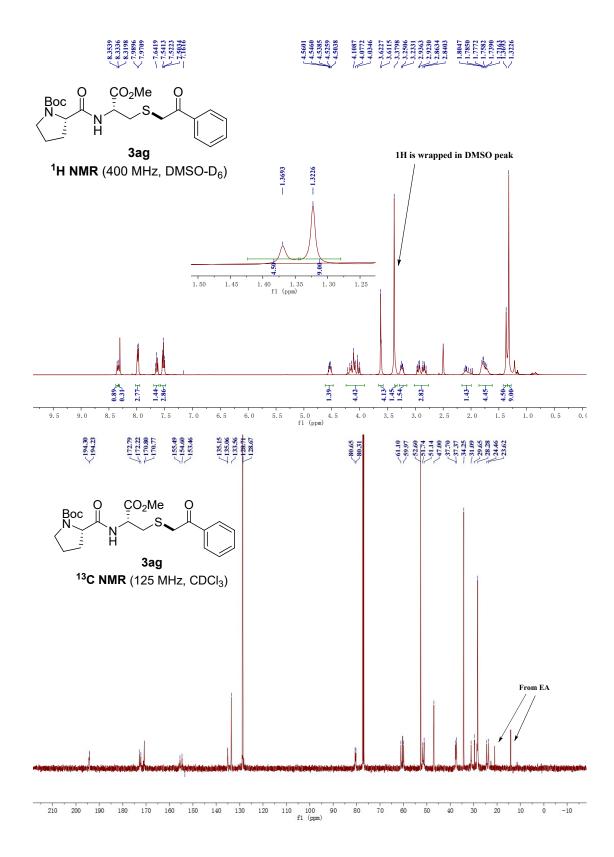


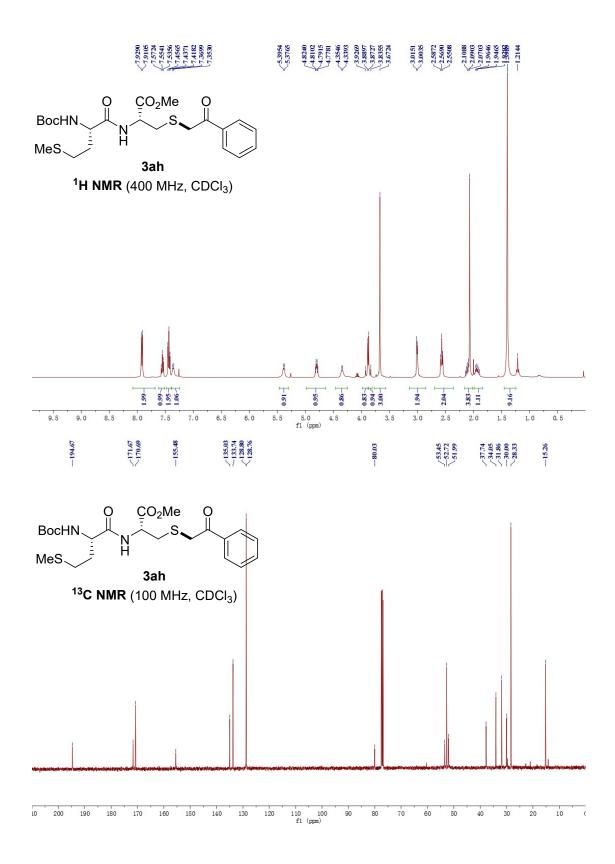


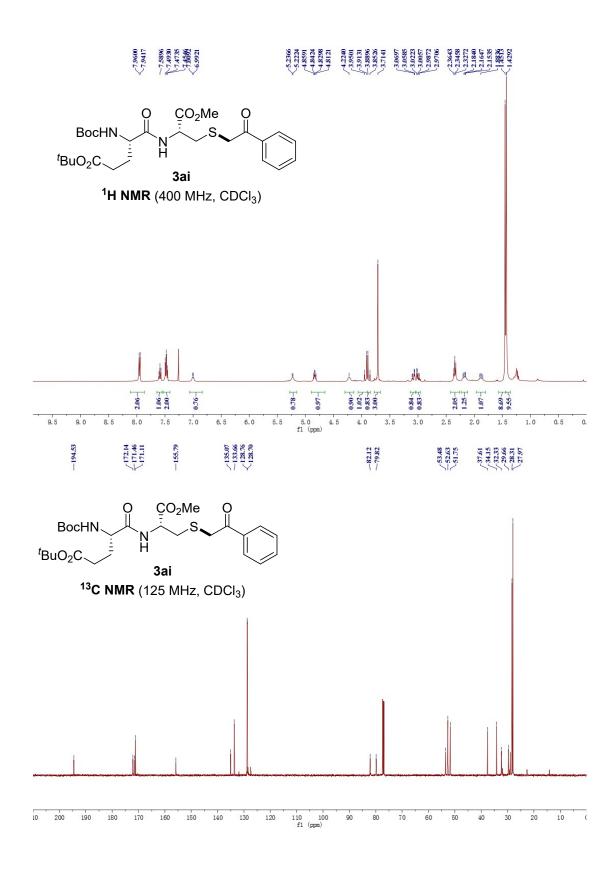


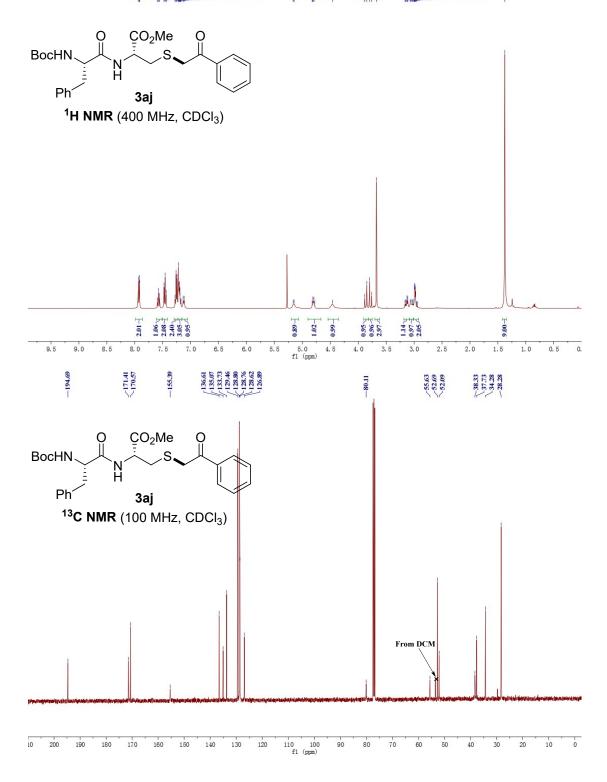




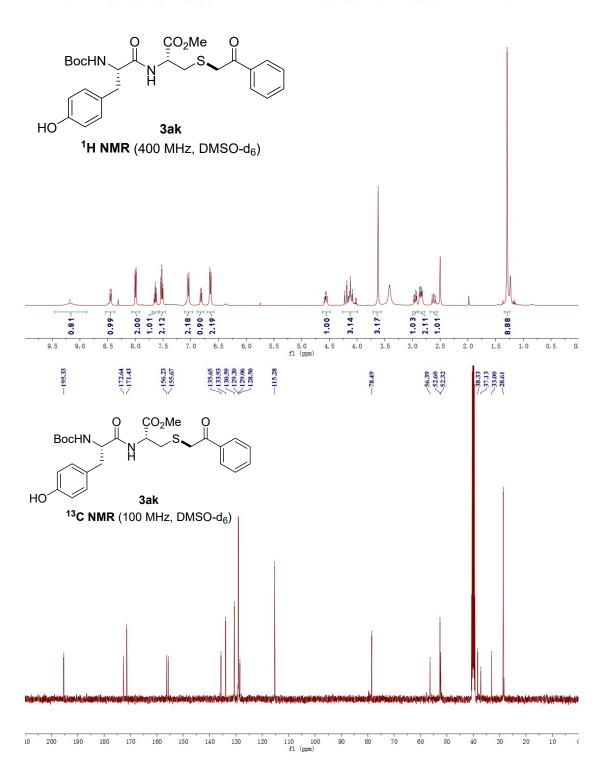




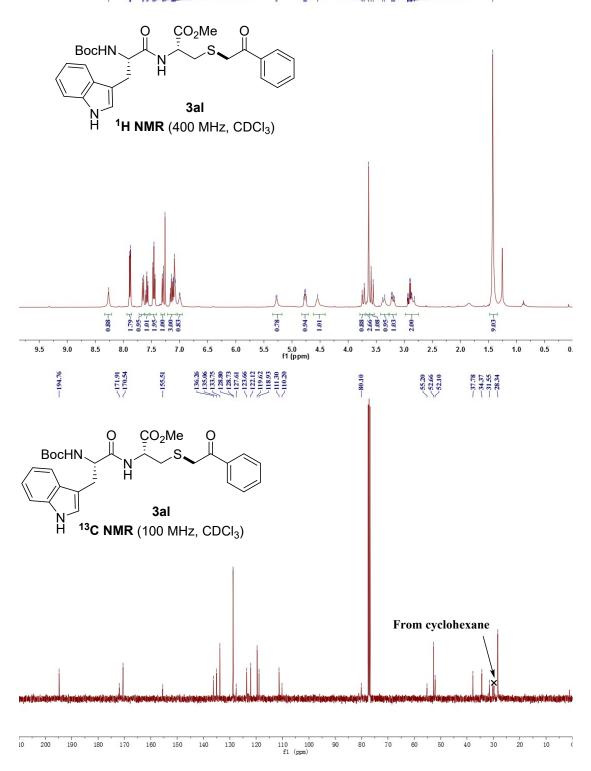




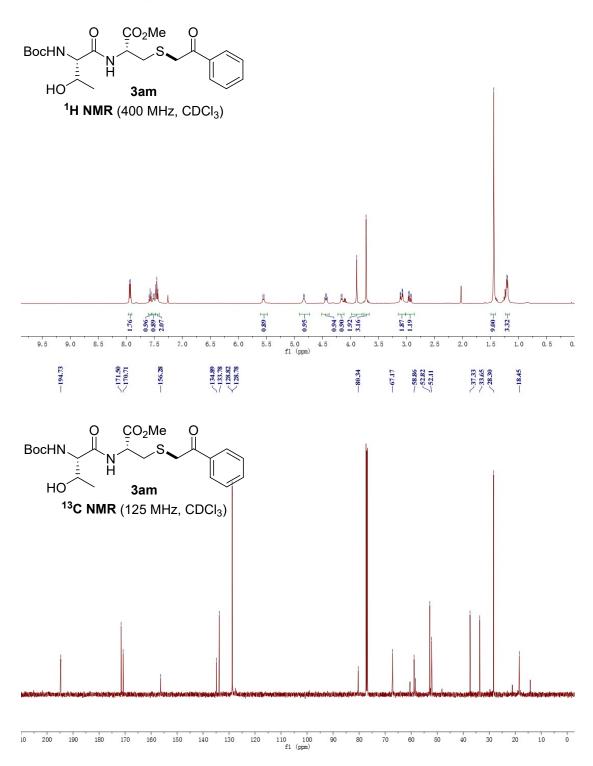
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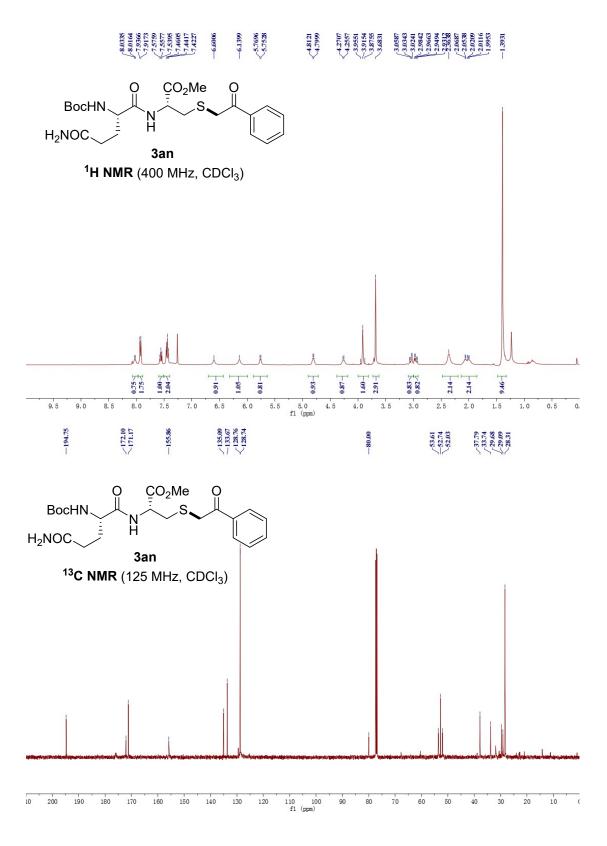


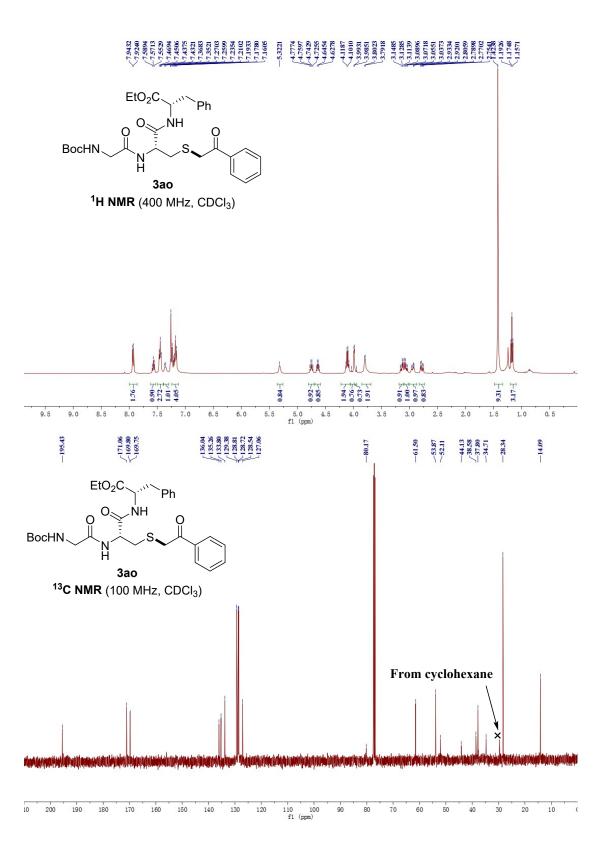
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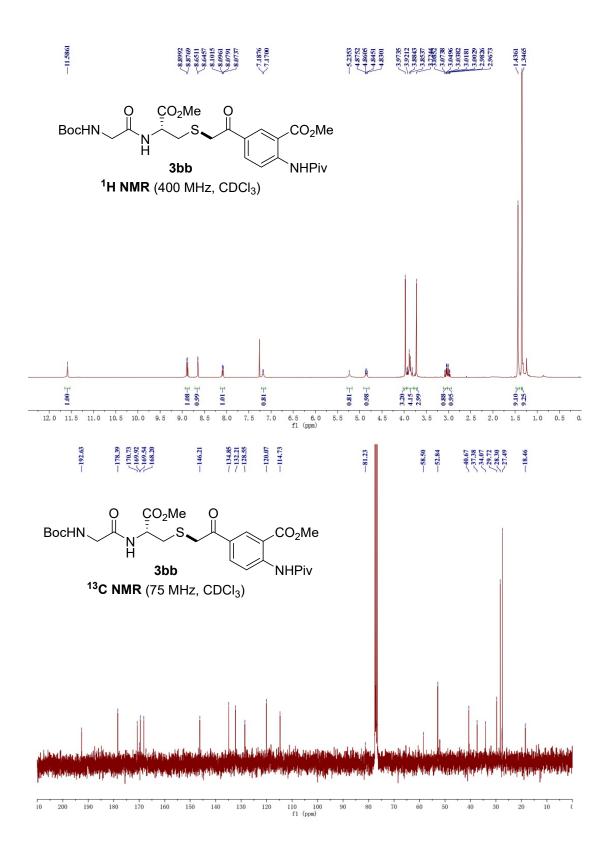


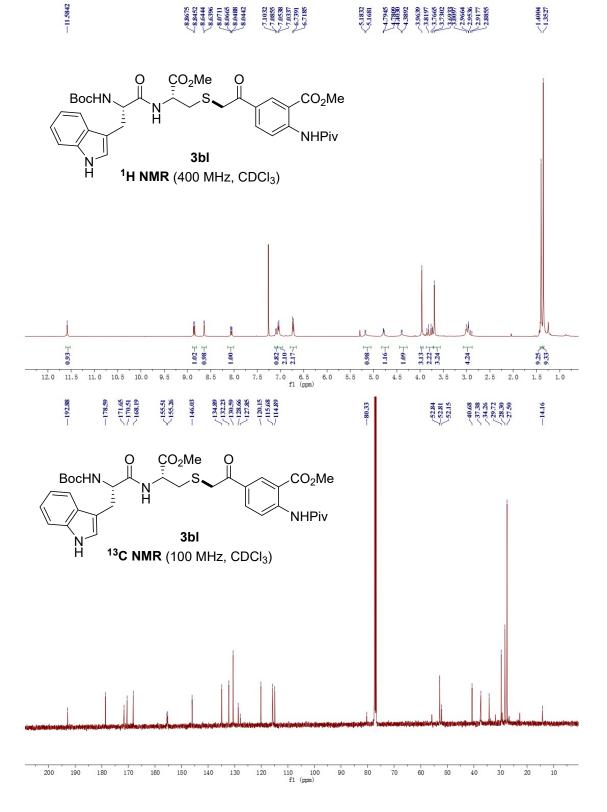


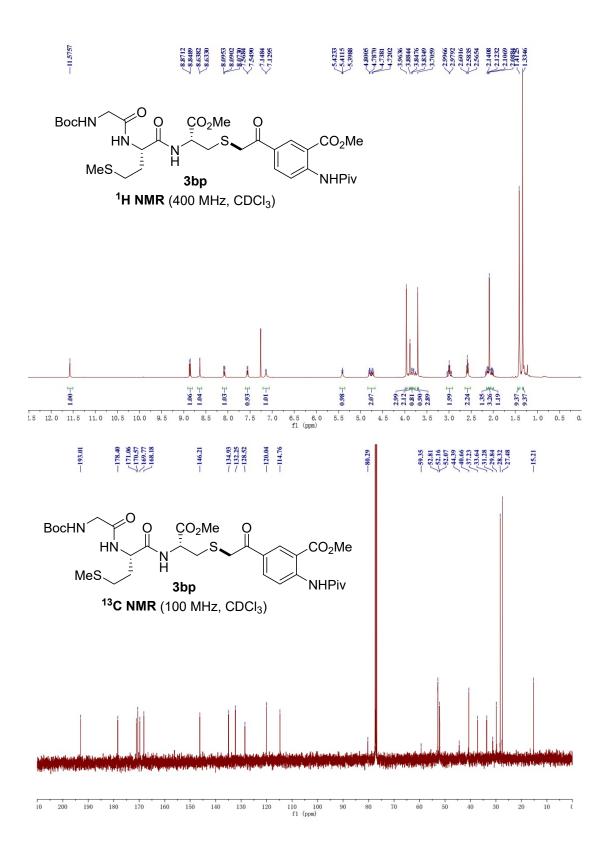


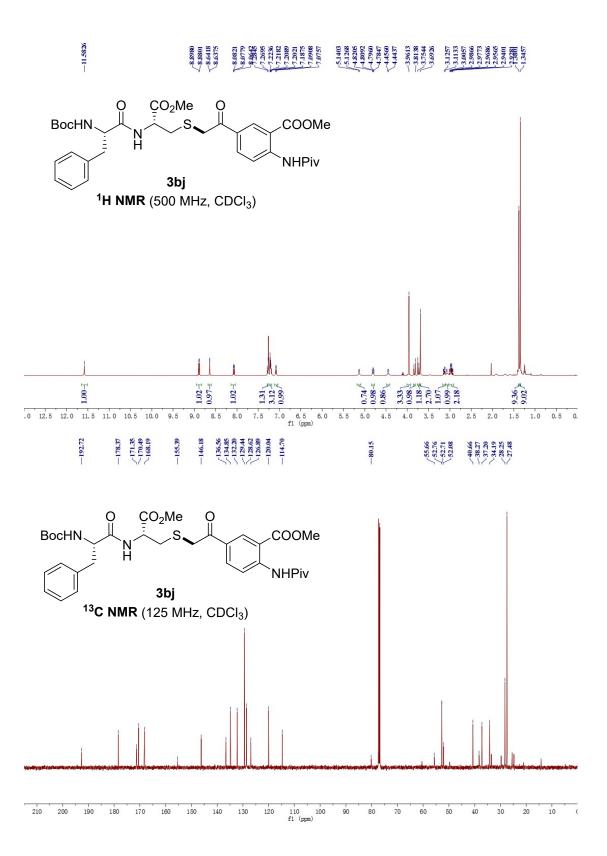


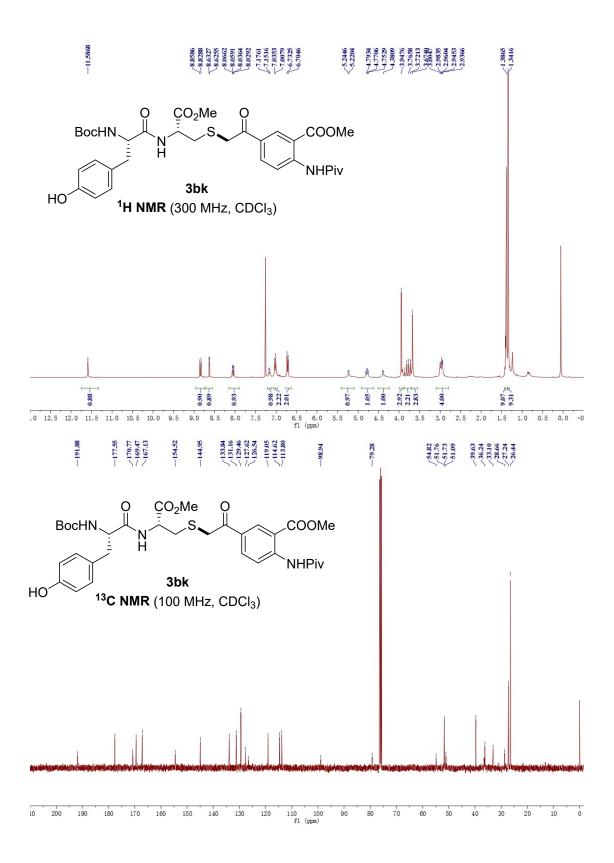


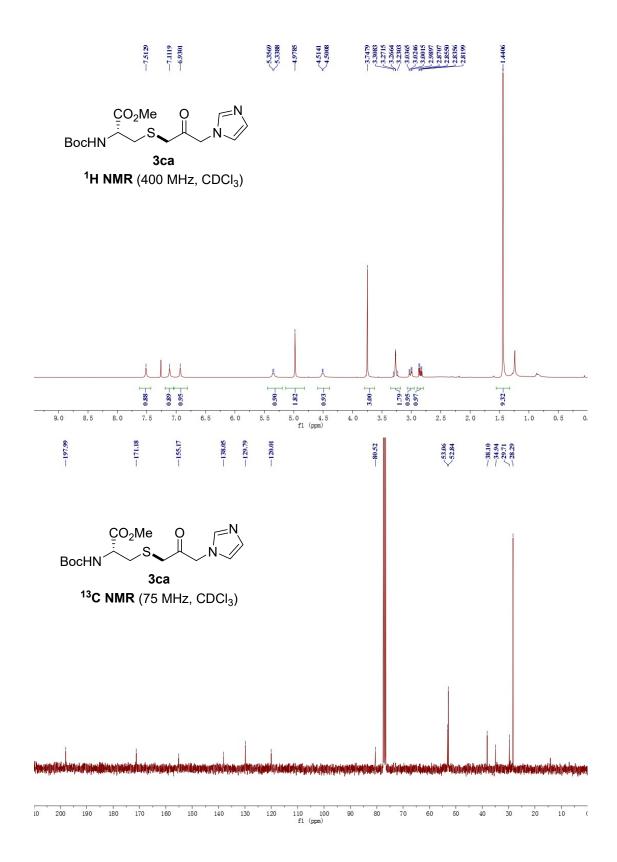


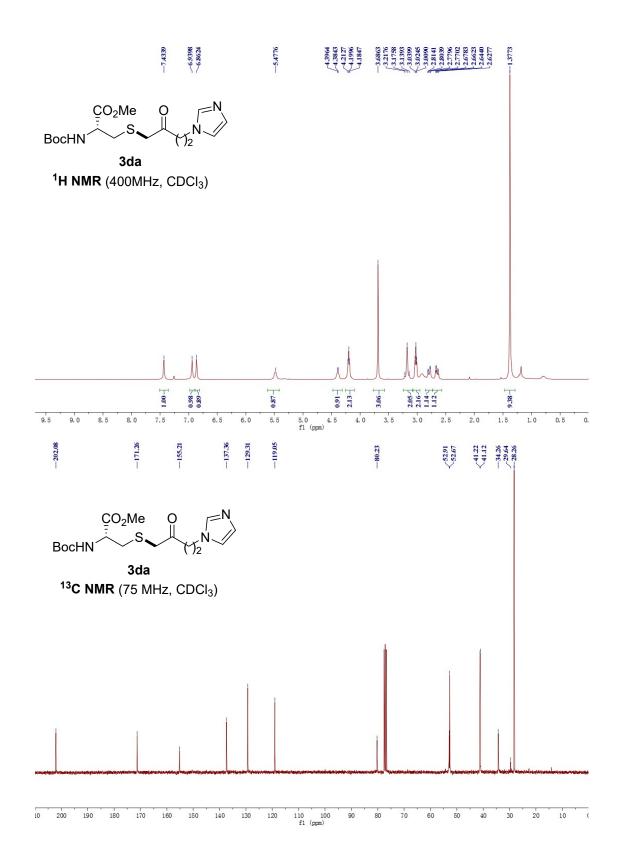


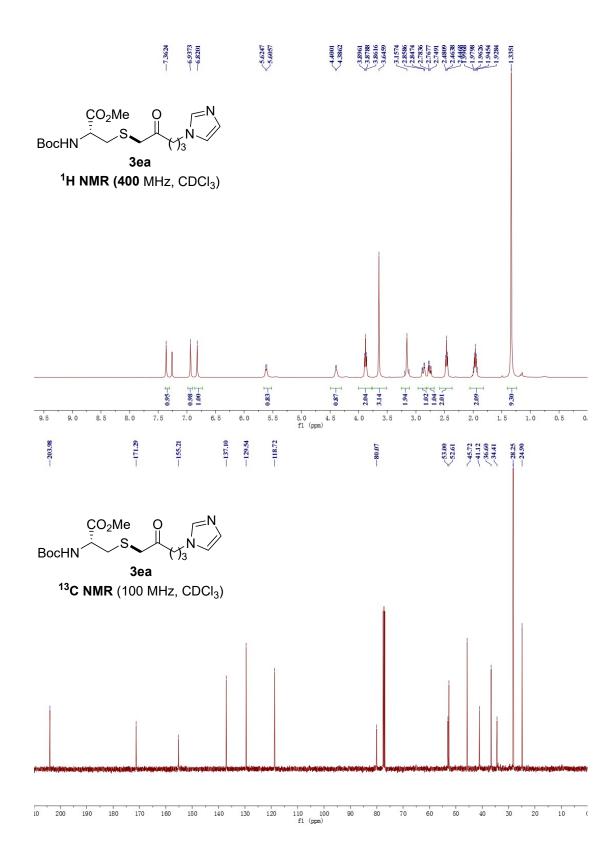




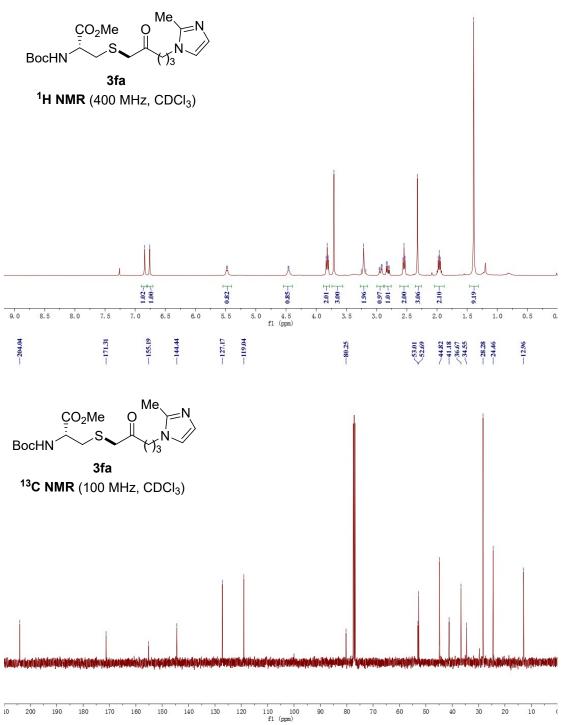


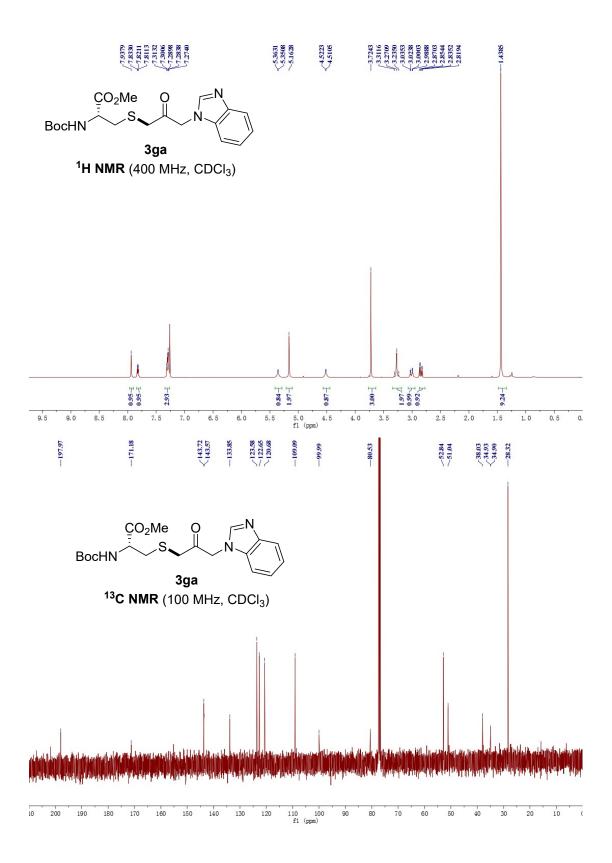


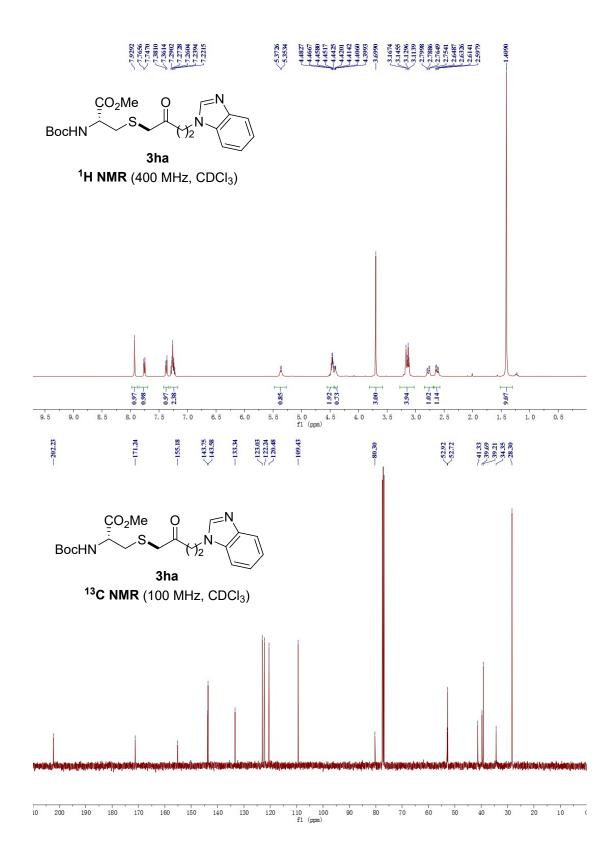


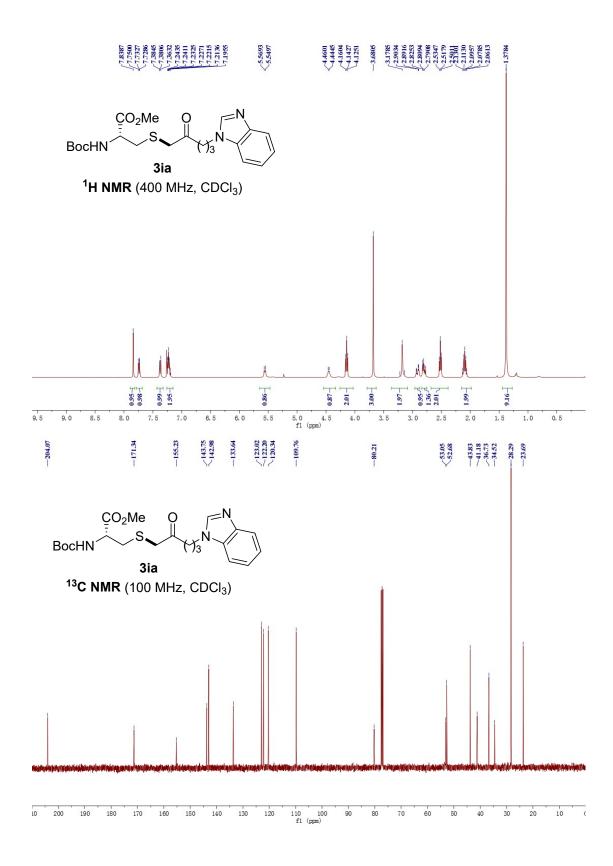




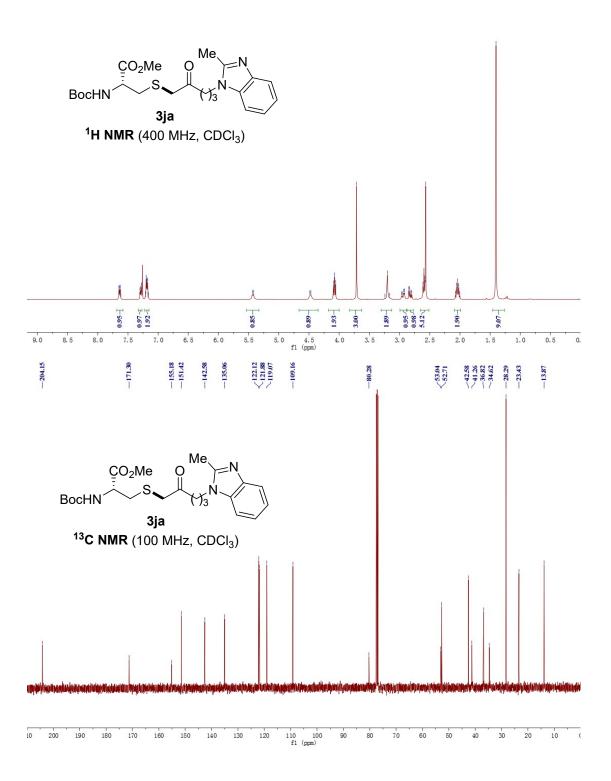


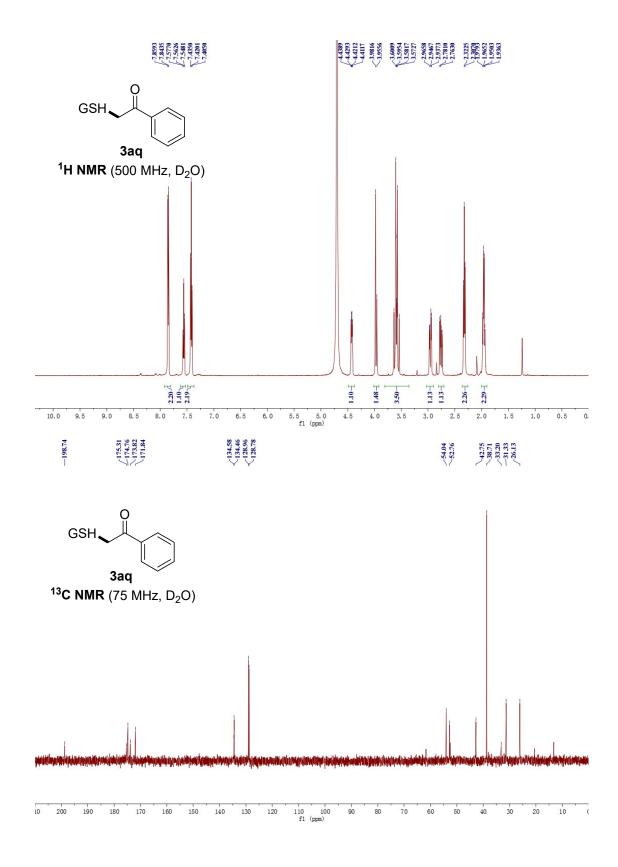


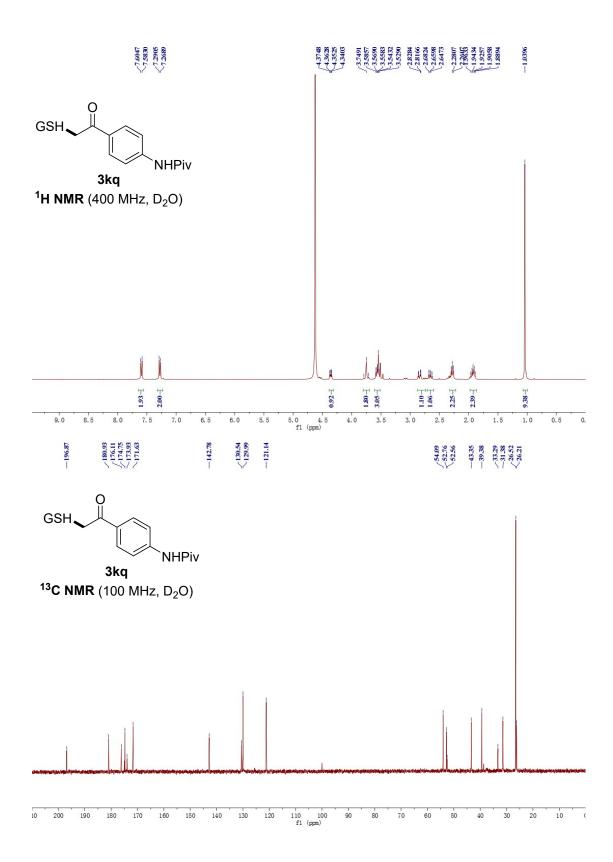




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