Supporting Information for

High Capacity All-Solid-State Lithium Battery Enabled by In Situ Formation of

$Ionic\ Conduction\ Path\ by\ Lithiation\ of\ MgH_2$

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Figure S1. SEM images and EDS mapping results for electrode mixture pressed at 320 MPa. The electrode mixtures without LiBH₄ (MgH₂:AB = 70:30) were pressed at 320 MPa. SEM images (Fig. S1a) and an EDS map (Figs. S1b) are displayed. An SEM image at higher magnification $(10,000\times)$ is displayed in Fig. S1c.



Figure S2. EDS analysis results for (a–d) initial MgH₂ and AB composite powders, (e–h) discharged state, and (i–l) charged state. For all the states, ADF-STEM images (Fig. S2a, S2e, and S2i), Mg maps (Figs. S2b, S3f, and S2j), O maps (Figs. S2c, S2g, and S2k), and C maps (Figs. S2d, S2h, and S2l) are displayed in this order.



Figure S3. Discharge (lithiation)–charge (delithiation) curves for cells with different electrode compositions: (a) composition $MgH_2:AB = 70:30$, current density 0.5 mA/cm^2 ; (b) composition $MgH_2:AB = 95:5$, current density 0.5 mA/cm^2 ; (c) composition $MgH_2:AB = 99:1$, current density 0.5 mA/cm^2 ; (d) composition $MgH_2:AB = 99:1$, current density 0.05 mA/cm^2 ; and (e) composition $LiBH_4:MgH_2:AB = 40:30:30$, current density 0.5 mA/cm^2 .