In vitro and *in silico* studies of SARS-CoV-2 main protease M^{pro} inhibitors isolated from *Helichrysum bracteatum*

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In vitro and *in silico* studies of SARS-CoV-2 main protease M^{pro} inhibitors isolated from *Helichrysum bracteatum*

Abstract

Discovering SARS-CoV-2 inhibitors from natural sources is still a target that capture the interest of many researchers. In this study, the methanolic extract of Helichrysum bracteatum leaves besides compounds (1-18) isolated and identified from it were evaluated in vitro for their inhibitory activities against SARS-CoV-2 main protease (Mpro) using Fluorescence Resonance Energy Transfer assay (FRET-based assay). Based on 1D and 2D spectroscopic techniques, compounds (1-18) were identified as $24-\beta$ -ethyl-cholesta-5(6),22(23),25(26)-triene-3-ol (1), α amyrin (2), linoleic acid (3), 24-*β*-ethyl-cholesta-5(6),22(23),25(26)-triene-3-O-*β*-D-glucoside (4), 1,3-propanediol-2-amino-1-(3,4)-methylenedioxyphenyl)(5), (-)-(7R,8R,8)R)-acuminatolide (6), (+)-piperitol (7), 5,7,4'-trihydroxy-8,3'-dimethoxy flavanone (8), 5,7,4'-trihydroxy-6methoxy flavanone (9), 4`,5-dihydroxy-3`,7,8-trimethoxyflavone (10), 5,7-dihydroxy-3`,4`,5`,8tetramethoxy flavone (11), 1,3-propanediol-2-amino-1-(4'-hydroxy-3'-methoxyphenyl)(12), 3',5',5,7-tetrahydroxy-6-methoxyflavanone (13), simplexoside (piperitol-O- β -D-glucoside) (14), pinoresinol monomethyl ether- β -D-glucoside (15), orientin (16), luteolin-3`-O- β -D-glucoside (17) and 3,5-dicaffeoylquinic acid (18). Compounds 6, 12 and 14 showed comparable inhibitory activities against SARS-COV-2 Mpro with IC50 values of 0.917±0.05, 0.476±0.02 and $0.610\pm0.03\mu$ M, respectively compared with the control lopinavir with an IC₅₀ value of 0.225 ± 0.01 µM. The other tested compounds showed considerable inhibitory activities. Molecular docking study for the tested compounds was carried out to correlate their binding modes and affinities for SARS-COV-2 M^{pro}enzyme with the *in vitro* results. Analyzing the results of the *in vitro* assay together with the obtained in silico results led to the conclusion that the phenylpropanoids, lignans and flavonoids could be considered suitable drug leads for developing anti-COVID-19 therapeutics. Moreover, the phenylpropanoid skeleton oxygenated at C3, C4 of the phenyl moiety and at C1, C3 of the propane part constitute an essential core of the SARS-COV-2 Mpro inhibitors, thus could be proposed as scaffold for the design of new anti-COVID-19 drugs.

Key words: *Helichrysum bracteatum*, FRET-based assay, SARS-COV-2 M^{pro} inhibitors, Molecular docking, anti-COVID-19.

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Figure S4: APT spectrum of compound 2 in CDCl₃





Figure S6: APT spectrum of compound 3 in CDCl₃





Compound 5















Figure S18: HMBC spectrum of compound HM 8







Compound 10





















Figure S30: ¹H-NMR spectrum of compound 13 (expansion at 8(6.60-6.95 ppm)



















149.49 146.79 13.51.71 13.51.71 146.79 146.71 146.71 100.66 111.91 100.66 111.91 100.66 101.91 100.66 10.19

Figure S41: APT spectrum of compound 14 in DMSO-d₆





	Ω	Ζ	D	ii.	16	d	un	po	m	co	of	m	ru	ec	ds	ΡŢ	ŝ	S4	re	ng	E
Compound 17							_							-						-	















Fi gu Fi SS R R SS Fi SS











Figure (S55): TheSARS-COV-2 M^{pro} inhibition (IC₅₀ µg/ml) of methanolic extract, fractions and the isolated compounds against the standard lopinavir

Comp ounds	Band	МеОН	NaOCH ₃	AlCl ₃	AlCl ₃ / HCl	NaOAc	NaOAc/ H ₃ BO ₃			
Flavanones										
8	Ι	236	245	235	235	235	238			
	II	289	327	310	309	329	293			
9	Ι	232	243	231	231	234	238			
	II	291	326	307	311	331	294			
13	Ι	234	238	236	234	237	237			
	II	289	291	293	308	320	295			
Flavon	es									
10	Ι	345	410	357	351	409	328			
	II	276	270	307	306	272	276			
11	Ι	323	306	345	345	314	313			
	II	278	287	310	310	294	299			
Glucos	idated fl	avones								
16	Ι	346	406	424	382	392	380			
	II	271	277	346	361	277	268			
17	Ι	331	387	363	364	397	336			
	II	271	279	342	339	310	290			

Table S1: UV λ_{max} (nm) of compounds 8, 9, 13, 10, 11, 16 & 17 in methanol and in different shift reagents

Table

C/H	Compound H	IM 8	Compound	HM 9	Compour	13	S2:			
Positi	[5,7,4 [`] - trihyd	roxy-	[5,7,4`-trihyd	hydroxy-6- [3`,5`,5,7-tetrahydroxy-		[3`,5`,5,7-tetrahydroxy-6-				
on	8,3'- dimethoxy		methoxy flavanone]		methoxyflavanone]		one] methoxyflavan			
	flavanone	;]	-	_			_			
	¹ H-NMR	APT	¹ H-NMR	APT	¹ H-NMR	APT		and		
2	5.18 (1H, dd,	79.2	5.22 (1H,	79.2	5.16 (1H,	79.2	CH	ADT		
	$J_1 = 2.8, J_2 =$		dd, $J_1 = 2.8$,		dd, <i>J</i> = 2.8,			AFI		
	12.6)		$J_2 = 13)$		12.8)			value		
3	3 <i>α</i> = 2.56 (1H,	42.7	3 <i>α</i> = 2.60	42.7	3 α= 2.60	42.7	CH ₂	of		
	dd, $J_1 = 2.8$,		$(1H, dd, J_1 =$		(1H, dd, <i>J</i> =			UI		
	$J_2 = 17.2$)		$2.8, J_2 = 17)$		2.8, 17.2)			comp		
	3β = 2.97 (1H,		3β = 3.01		3β = 2.96			und		
	dd, J_1 = 12.8,		(1H, dd, <i>J</i> =		(1H, dd, <i>J</i> =					
	$J_2 = 17.2$)		12.8, 17.2)		12.8, 17.2)			9 and		
4		195.7		197.2		197.2	Q	13in		
5		159.0		155.2		155.2	Q	15111		
6	5.79 (1H, s)	96.3		129.0		129.0	Q	CD ₃		
7		164.6		159.4		159.5	Q	D*		
8		130.7	5.87 (1H, s)	94.8	5.87 (1H, s)	94.8	CH			
9		155.0		157.6		158.8	Q			
10		100.7		102.1		102.1	Q			
OCH ₃	3.66 (3H, s)	59.4	3.67 (3H, s)	59.6	3.68 (3H, s)	59.6	CH ₃			
OCH ₃	3.78 (3H, s)	55.1								
1`		130.1		129.7		130.3	Q			
2`	6.97 (1H, d,	109.8	7.21 (2H, d,	127.6	6.68 (2H, s)	117.9	CH			
	J=1.6)		J= 8.4)							
3`		147.7	6.71 (2H, d,	114.9		145.1	Q			
			J = 8.8)				_			
4`		146.6		158.8	6.68 (2H, s)	114.8	CH	1		
5`	6.71 (1H, d,	114.7	6.71 (2H, d,	114.9		145.5	Q			
	J= 8)		J= 8.8)							
6	6.81 (1H, dd,	119.0	7.21 (2H, d,	127.6	6.81 (1H, s)	113.3	CH			
	$J_1 = 8.2, J_2 = 2$)		J= 8.4)							

* δ values of compounds **8**, **9**& **13** are expressed in ppm and coupling constants (*J*) in Hz. ¹H-NMR and APT were measured in CD₃ODat 400 and 100 MHz respectively.

Table S3: HMBC correlations of compound 13 deduced from HMBC (Figures S34,S35&S39)

Proton	Proton (Values in ppm)	Correlated Carbon (s) (Values in ppm)
OCH ₃	3.68	129.0 (C-6)
H-8	5.87	129.0 (C-6), 159.5 (C-7), 158.8 (C-9), 102.1 (C-
		10)
H- 2`	6.68	130.3 (C-1`), 114.8 (C-4`), 145.1 (C-3`), 145.5
		(C-5`), 113.3 (C-6`), 79.2 (C-2)
H-4`	6.68	145.1 (C-3`), 145.5 (C-5`)
H-6`	6.81	117.9 (C-2`), 145.1 (C-3`), 145.5 (C-5`), 79.2
		(C-2)

Table S4: Results of the SARS-COV-2M pro inhibitory activity of the methanolic extract ofthe leaves of *H. bracteatum* and its fractions compared with the standard lopinavir

Extract& Fractions	In vitroSARS-COV-2M pro
	IC ₅₀
	IC ₅₀ (µg/ml)
Lopinavir (Standard)	0.141 ±0.01
Methanolic extract	14.47±0.74
Pet. ether fraction	3.466±0.18
Methylene fraction	16.05±0.82
Ethyl fraction	2.589±0.13
Butanol fraction	21.9±1.12

Comp-	Compounds (name)	In In	Binding	Type of binding interactions
Ound		-COV-2	energy (kcal/m	
(code)		M ^{pro} IC50	ol)	
		uM IC ₅₀	(dockin	
		(µmole)	g score)	
Stand-	Loninavir	0.225±0.01	-9.61	H-bond with Glu 166 & Gln
ard	Lopinavii			189
1	24- β -ethyl-cholesta-			H-bond with Glu 166 & Phe
	5(6),22(23),25(26)-triene-	12.51±0.64	-9.99	140
	3-ol			
2	α-amyrin	4.185±0.21	-10.29	H-bond with Glu 166
3	Linoleic acid	20 67+1 05	-10 39	H-bond with Thr 190 & Arg
		20.07±1.05	10.57	188
	24- β -ethyl-cholesta-			
4	5(6),22(23),25(26)-triene-	89.99±4.59	-11.92	Three H-bonds with Gln 189
	$3-O-\beta-D-glucoside$			
	1,3-propanediol-2-amino-1-			-Two H-bonds with Gln 189
5	(3`,4`-methylene	8.532±0.43	-8.97	- H-bond with Glu 166 & Gln
	dioxyphenyl)			192
6	$(-)-(7R,8R,8^{R})-$	0.917+0.05	_9 39	H-bond with Glu 166 & Ser
	acuminatolide	0.917±0.05	,,	144
7	(+)-piperitol	16 31+0 83	_12.34	H-bond with Glu 166, Ser 46,
		10.31±0.03	-12.34	Thr 25 & Thr 45
8	5,7,4`-trihydroxy-8,3`-	27.86±1.42	-12.69	H-bond with Glu 166, Gly

Table S5: The SARS-COV-2M $^{\rm pro}$ inhibition (IC₅₀ μM), docking scores^a and type of binding interactions of the isolated compounds (1-18) and the standard compound (lopinavir)

	dimethoxy flavanone			143 & Leu 141
9	5,7,4`-trihydroxy-6-			-H-bond with Glu 166, Gly
	methoxy flavanone	11.83±0.6	-11.49	143& Ser 144
	-			-Two H-bonds with His 163
10	4`,5-dihydroxy-3`,7,8-			-H-bond with Glu 166 & Leu
	trimethoxyflavone	12.83±0.65	-13.45	141
				- Two H-bonds with Gly 143
11	5,7-dihydroxy- 3`,4`,5`,8-	5 060 10 26	12 40	H-bond with Glu 166, Cys
	tetramethoxy flavone	5.009±0.20	-12.48	145, Gly 143 & Ser 144
	1,3-propanediol-2-amino-1-			-Two H-bonds with Glu 166
12	(4`-hydroxy-3`-	0.476±0.02	-10.79	- H-bond with Gln 189, Thr
	methoxyphenyl)			190 & Arg 188
13	3`,5`,5,7-tetrahydroxy-6-	5 5 6 5 1 0 2 9	12.01	H-bond with Glu 166, His
	methoxyflavanone	3.363±0.28	-12.81	163 & Leu 167

14	Simplexoside (piperitol-O- β -D-glucoside)	0.61±0.03	-12.96	-H-bond with Gln 189, Glu 166, Thr 26, Thr 24 & Ser 46 -Two H-bonds with Gly 143
15	Pinoresinol monomethyl ether-β-D-glucoside	11.46±0.58	-11.69	-Three H- bonds with Glu 166 -Two H-bonds with Thr 190 - H-bond with Gln 192, Thr 26 & Arg 188
16	Orientin	27.5±1.4	-14.34	-Two H-bonds with Glu 166 - H-bond with His 163 & Arg 188
17	Luteolin 3`-O-β-D- glucoside	10.12±0.52	-15.61	-Two H-bonds with Glu 166 - H-bond with His 163, Phe 140, Thr 24 & Thr 25
18	3,5-dicaffeoylquinic acid	4.74±0.24	-16.24	-H-bond with Glu 166, Gln 189, Leu 141 & Thr 25

[a] Docking was performed using MOE 2009.10 towards the active site of M ^{pro} (code: 6LU7)

[b] All data are presented as mean value \pm SD for three independent experiments.

[c] Lopinavir was used as a positive control.

Table S6: 2D binding mode and residues involved in the recognition of the standard lopinavir and the isolated compounds docked and minimized in the SARS-COV-2M^{pro}binding pocket



Code 2D binding mode and residues















Table (S7): A) 3D binding mode and residues involved in the recognition the standard lopinavir and the isolated compounds docked and minimized in the SARS-COV-2M^{pro}binding pocket

B)	Surface and	maps of the	e isolated	compound	compared t	o the standar	d lopinavir
_,	,			p m		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

No.	Name of	Α	В
	compounds		
Stan- dard	Lopinavir	Ala191 Cin192 Thr 100 Cin189 Cin189 Met185 His164	









Data S1

Compound 1 (24-*β*-ethyl-cholesta-5(6),22(23),25(26)-triene-3-ol) was obtained as white powder. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): 3.49 (m, H-3), 5.32 (1H, d, *J*= 5.2 Hz, H-6), 0.67 (s, H-18), 0.99 (br s, H-19), 0.98 (br s, H-21), 5.22 (1H, dd, *J*= 15.2 & 8 Hz, H-22), 5.13 (1H, dd, *J*= 15.2 & 8 Hz, H-23), 4.67-4.69 (2H, m, H-26), 1.62 (s, H-27), 0.82 (1H, d, *J*= 7.6 Hz, H-29). DEPT Q (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): 37.3 (C-1), 31.7 (C-2), 71.8 (C-3), 39.8 (C-4), 140.8 (C-5), 121.7 (C-6), 31.9 (C-7), 31.9 (C-8), 50.1 (C-9), 36.5 (C-10), 21.1 (C-11), 39.7 (C-12), 42.3 (C-13), 56.9 (C-14), 24.3 (C-15), 28.7 (C-16), 55.9 (C-17), 12.1 (C-18), 19.4 (C-19), 40.2 (C-20), 20.8 (C-21), 137.2 (C-22), 130.0 (C-23), 52.0 (C-24), 148.7 (C-25), 109.5 (C-26), 20.3 (C-27), 25.7 (C-28), 12.2 (C-29).

Compound 2 (*α*-amyrin) was obtained as oily substance. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): 3.15 (m, H-3), 5.11 (t, H-12), 0.94 (s, 3H, H-23), 0.85 (s, 3H, H-24), 0.79 (m, H-25), 0.89 (s, 3H, H-26), 1.00 (s, 3H, H-27), 0.93 (s, 3H, H-28), 0.89 (s, 3H, H-29), 0.73 (s, 3H, H-30). APT (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): 38.8 (C-1), 27.3 (C-2), 77.4 (C-3), 38.5 (C-4), 55.2 (C-5), 18.4 (C-6), 32.9 (C-7), 40.0 (C-

8), 47.7 (C-9), 36.8 (C-10), 23.4 (C-11), 124.4 (C-12), 139.6 (C-13), 42.0 (C-14), 29.4 (C-15), 26.6 (C-16), 33.8 (C-17), 59.1 (C-18), 39.7 (C-19), 39.6 (C-20), 31.3 (C-21), 41.5 (C-22), 28.8 (C-23), 15.7 (C-24), 15.6 (C-25), 16.9 (C-26), 23.4 (C-27), 28.2 (C-28), 17.5 (C-29), 21.4 (C-30).

Compound 3 (linoleic acid) was obtained as white powder. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): 2.32 (H-2), 1.61 (H-3), 1.29 (H-4), 1.29 (H-7), 2.07 (H-8), 5.34 (H-9,10), 2.78 (H-11), 5.34 (H-12,13), 1.29 (H-15&17), 0.97 (H-18). APT (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): 179.1 (C-1), 33.9 (C-2), 24.7 (C-3), 29.0 (C-4), 29.3 (C-5), 29.6 (C-6), 29.7 (C-7), 27.2 (C-8), 130.3 (C-9), 128.3 (C-10), 25.5 (C-11), 130.1 (C-12), 127.9 (C-13), 25.6 (C-14), 29.4 (C-15), 31.9 (C-16), 22.7 (C-17), 14.3 (C-18).

Compound 4 (24-β-ethyl-cholesta-5(6),22(23),25(26)-triene-3-O-β-D-glucoside) was obtained as white powder. ¹H NMR (DMSO- *d*₆, 400 MHz): 3.66 (m, H-3), 5.34 (m, H-6), 0.68 (s, H-18), 0.99 (s, H-19), 0.97 (s, H-21), 5.28-5.14 (m, H-22,23), 4.91 (m, H-26), 1.62 (s, H-27), 0.80 (s, H-29), 5.03 (d, *J*= 8.8 Hz, H-1[•]), 4.24 (d, *J*= 7.6 Hz, H-2[•]), 4.70 (m, H-3[•], 4[•]), 3.66 (m, H-5[•]), 4.46 (t, *J*= 11.2 Hz, 5.6 Hz, H-6[•]a), 4.70 (m, H-6[•]b). APT (DMSO- *d*₆, 100 MHz): 37.3 (C-1), 29.7 (C-2), 77.2 (C-3), 42.3 (C-4), 140.9 (C-5), 121.7 (C-6), 31.9 (C-7&8), 50.1 (C-9), 36.7 (C-10), 21.1 (C-11), 38.7 (C-12), 42.3 (C-13), 56.7 (C-14), 24.3 (C-15), 28.8 (C-16), 55.7 (C-17), 12.3 (C-18), 19.6 (C-19), 40.6 (C-20), 21.2 (C-21), 137.3 (C-22), 130.0 (C-23), 51.7 (C-24), 148.2 (C-25), 110.5 (C-26), 20.4 (C-27), 25.7 (C-28), 12.5 (C-29), 101.2 (C-1[•]), 73.9 (C-2[•]), 77.4 (C-3[•]), 70.6 (C-4[•]), 77.2 (C-5[•]), 61.6 (C-6[•]).

Compound 5 (1,3-propanediol-2-amino-1-(3',4'-methylenedioxyphenyl) or (1',3'-propanediol-2'-amino-1'-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)) was obtained as white powder. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): 4.72 (d, 1H, J = 3.2 Hz, H-1), 3.05 (m, 1H, H-2), 4.23 (dd, 1H, J = 6.4 Hz, 8.4 Hz, H-3a), 3.87 (dd, 1H, J = 6.8 Hz, 2 Hz, H-3b), 6.85 (br s, 1H, H-2'), 6.78 (br d, 1H, J= 8, H-5'), 6.80 (br d, 1H, J= 10.8, H-6'), 5.95 (s, 2H, OCH₂O). APT (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): 85.8 (C-1), 54.3 (C-2), 71.7 (C-3), 135.0 (C-1'), 106.5 (C-2'), 148.0 (C-3'), 147.1 (C-4'), 108.2 (C-5'), 119.4 (C-6'), 101.1 (OCH₂O).

Compound 6 ((-)-(7*R*,8*R*,8`*R*)-acuminatolide) was obtained as white powder. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): 6.84& 6.79 (br. s, 3H aromatic), 5.97 (s, 2H, OCH₂O), 4.60 (d, 1H, $J_{7,8}$ = 6.8 Hz, H-7), 3.06-3.11 (m, 1H, H-8), 3.44 (ddd, 1H, $J_{7,8}$ = 3.6 Hz, $J_{8`,9`eq}$ = 3.6 Hz, $J_{8`,8}$ = 3.6 Hz, H-8`), 4.49 (dd, 1H, $J_{9eq,9ax}$ = 6.8, $J_{8,9eq}$ = 6.8, H-9eq), 4.38-4.31 (m, 2H, H-9ax & H-9`ax), 4.19 (dd, 1H, $J_{9`eq,9`ax}$ = 3.6, $J_{8`,9`eq}$ = 3.6, H-9`eq). APT (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): 132.7 (C-1), 106.4 (C-2), 148.2 (C-3), 147.8 (C-4), 108.4 (C-5), 119.7 (C-6), 101.3 (OCH₂O), 86.1 (C-7), 178.1 (C-7`), 48.4 (C-8), 46.0 (C-8`), 70.1 (C-9), 69.8 (C-9`).

Compound 7 ((+)-piperitol) was obtained as white powder. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): 6.77-6.89 (6H, m, Ar-H), 5.95 (s, 2H, OCH₂O), 3.89 (s, 3H, OCH₃) 5.68 (s, 1H, 4'- OH), 4.73 (2H, d, *J*= 2, H-7&7'), 3.03-3.12 (2H, m, H-8&8'), 4.21- 4.27 (2H, m, H-9a&9'a), 3.86-3.89 (2H, m, H-9b&9'b). APT (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): 135.1 (C-1), 106.5 (C-2), 147.9 (C-3), 147.1 (C-4), 108.6 (C-5),

119.4 (C-6),101.1 (OCH₂O), 132.9 (C-1`), 108.2 (C-2`), 146.7 (C-3`), 145.3 (C-4`), 114.3 (C-5`), 118.9 (C-6`), 55.9 (OCH₃),85.9 (C-7), 85.8 (C-7`), 54.3 (C-8), 54.2 (C-8`), 71.7 (C-9&9`).

Compound 8 (5,7,4^{*}-trihydroxy-8,3^{*}-dimethoxyflavanone) was obtained as yellowish white powder. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 400 MHz): 5.18 (1H, dd, J= 2.8 Hz, 12.6 Hz, H-2), 2.56 (1H, dd, J= 2.8 Hz, 17.2 Hz, H-3 α), 2.97 (1H, dd, J= 12.8 Hz, 17.2 Hz, H-3 β), 5.79 (s, 1H, H-6), 3.66 (s, 3H, R₄), 3.78 (s, 3H, R₅), 6.97 (1H, d, J= 1.6 Hz, H-2^{*}), 6.71 (1H, d, J= 8 Hz, H-5^{*}), 6.81 (1H, dd, J= 8.2 Hz, 2 Hz, H-6^{*}). APT (CD₃OD, 100 MHz): 79.2 (C-2), 42.7 (C-3), 195.7 (C-4), 159.0 (C-5), 96.3 (C-6), 164.6 (C-7), 130.7 (C-8), 155.0 (C-9), 100.7 (C-10), 59.4 (R₄), 55.1 (R₅), 130.1 (C-1^{*}), 109.8 (C-2^{*}), 147.7 (C-3^{*}), 146.6 (C-4^{*}), 114.7 (C-5^{*}), 119.0 (C-6^{*}).

Compound 9 (5,7,4'-trihydroxy-6-methoxy flavanone) was obtained as yellowish white powder. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 400 MHz): 5.22 (1H, dd, J= 2.8 Hz, 13 Hz, H-2), 2.60 (1H, dd, J= 2.8 Hz, 17 Hz, H-3 α), 3.01 (1H, dd, J= 12.8 Hz, 17.2 Hz, H-3 β), 5.87 (s, 1H, H-8), 3.67 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 7.21 (2H, d, J= 8.4 Hz, H-2',6'), 6.71 (2H, d, J= 8 Hz, H-3',5'). APT (CD₃OD, 100 MHz): 79.2 (C-2), 42.7 (C-3), 197.2 (C-4), 155.2 (C-5), 129.0 (C-6), 159.4 (C-7), 94.8 (C-8), 157.6 (C-9), 102.1 (C-10), 59.6 (OCH₃), 129.7 (C-1'), 127.6 (C-2',6'), 114.9 (C-3',5'), 158.8 (C-4').

Compound 10 (4`,5-dihydroxy-3`,7,8-trimethoxyflavone) was obtained as yellow powder. ¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): 6.99 (1H, s, H-3), 6.59 (1H, s, H-6), 3.92 (3H, s, R₃), 3.86 (3H, s, R₄), 7.59 (1H s, H-2`), 7.00 (1H, br d, J= 6.7 Hz, H-5`), 7.60 (1H, d, J= 6.0 Hz, H-6`), 3.90 (3H, s, R₅), 12.97 (5-OH), 10.08 (4`-OH). DEPT Q (DMSO- d_6 , 100 MHz): 164.3 (C-2), 103.5 (C-3), 182.7 (C-4), 157.1 (C-5), 96.4 (C-6), 158.8 (C-7), 128.9 (C-8), 151.4 (C-9), 104.3 (C-10), 56.9 (R₃), 61.6 (R₄), 121.9 (C-1`), 110.4 (C-2`), 149.2 (C-3`), 148.5 (C-4`), 116.6 (C-5`), 120.8 (C-6`), 56.5 (R₅).

Compound 11 (5,7-dihydroxy-3`,4`,5`,8-tetramethoxy flavone) was obtained as yellow substance. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): 6.62 (1H, s, H-3), 6.43 (1H, s, H-6), 4.00 (3H, s, R₄), 7.13 (2H, s, H-2`,6`), 3.95 (6H, s, R₅, R₇), 3.94 (3H, s, R₆). APT (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): 163.2 (C-2), 105.4 (C-3), 182.4 (C-4), 155.5 (C-5), 99.0 (C-6), 157.7 (C-7), 126.9 (C-8), 148.9 (C-9), 105.1 (C-10), 61.8 (R₄), 126.3 (C-1`), 103.7 (C-2`,6`), 153.7(C-3`,5`), 141.6 (C-4`), 56.3 (R₅, R₇), 61.1 (R₆).

Compound 12 (1,3-propanediol-2-amino-1-(4'-hydroxy-3'-methoxyphenyl) was obtained as colorless needles. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): 4.74 (d, 1H, *J*= 4 Hz, H-1), 3.10 (m, 1H, H-2), 4.25 (dd, 1H, *J*=9.2 & 6.4 Hz, H-3a), 3.88 (dd, 1H, *J*=9.2 Hz, 3.6 Hz, H-3b), 6.90 (d, 1H, *J*= 2 Hz, H-2`), 6.89 (d, 1H, *J*= 7.6 Hz, H-5`), 6.82 (dd, 1H, *J*= 8.2 Hz, 1.6 Hz, H-6`), 3.91 (s, 3H, OCH₃). APT (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): 85.9 (C-1), 54.2 (C-2), 71.7 (C-3), 132.9 (C-1`), 108.6 (C-2`), 146.7 (C-3`), 145.3 (C-4`), 114.3 (C-5`), 118.9 (C-6`), 55.9 (OCH₃).

Compound 13 (3`,5`,5,7-tetrahydroxy-6-methoxyflavanone) was obtained as yellow powder. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 400 MHz): 5.16 (1H, dd, J= 2.8 Hz, 12.8 Hz, H-2), 2.60 (1H, dd, J= 2.8 Hz, 17.2 Hz, H-3 α), 2.96 (1H, dd, J= 12.8 Hz, 17.2 Hz, H-3 β), 5.87 (1H, s, H-8), 3.68 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 6.68 (2H, s, H-2`,4`), 6.81 (1H, s, H-6`). APT (CD₃OD, 100 MHz): 79.2 (C-2), 42.7 (C-3), 197.2 (C-4), 155.2 (C-5), 129.0 (C-6), 159.5 (C-7), 94.8 (C-8), 158.8 (C-9), 102.1 (C-10), 59.6 (OCH₃), 130.3 (C-1`), 117.9 (C-2`), 145.1 (C-3`), 114.8 (C-4`), 145.5 (C-5`),113.3 (C-6`).

Compound 14 (simplexoside (piperitol-O- β -D-glucoside)) was obtained as white powder. ¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400 MHz): 6.86- 7.06 (6H, m, aromatic protons), 3.78 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 6.00 (s, 2H, OCH₂O), 4.67 (s, 2H, H-7&7`), 3.04 (2H, m, H- 8&8`), 4.14 (2H, t, J= 15.6, 7.1, H-9a,9`a), 3.66-3.69 (2H, d, J= 11.4, H-9b, 9`b), 4.88 (1H, s, J= 6.7 Hz, H-1``), 3.37 (m, protons of sugar). APT (DMSO- d_6 , 100 MHz): 135.9 (C-1), 107.1 (C-2), 149.4 (C-3), 147.9 (C-4), 111.0 (C-5), 119.9 (C-6), 101.4 (OCH₂O), 135.6 (C-1`), 108.5 (C-2`), 146.9 (C-3`), 146.3 (C-4`), 115.6 (C-5`), 118.6 (C-6`), 56.2 (OCH₃), 85.4 (C-7), 85.3 (C-7`), 54.2 (C-8), 54.1 (C-8`), 71. 6 (C-9), 71.5 (C-9`), 100.6 (C-1``), 73.7 (C-2``), 77.3 (C-3``), 70.1 (C-4``), 77.4 (C-5``), 61.1 (C-6``).

Compound 15 (pinoresinol monomethyl ether- β -D-glucoside) was obtained as white powder. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 400 MHz): 6.85 (d, J=2 Hz, 1H, H-2), 6.66 (d, J=8 Hz, 1H, H-5), 6.71 (dd, J=8.2 Hz, 2 Hz, 1H, H-6), 3.76 (s, 6H, R_{1,2}), 6.93 (d, J=2 Hz, 1H, H-2`), 7.05 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H, H-5`), 6.82 (dd, J=8 Hz, 2 Hz, 1H, H-6`), 3.77 (s, 3H, R₃), 4.61 (d, J=4 Hz, 1H, H-7), 4.66 (d, J=4 Hz, 1H, H-7`), 3.04 (m, 2H, H-8&8`), 3.53-3.61 (m, 2H, H-9a&9`a), 4.12-4.17 (m, 2H, H-9b& 9`b), 4.78 (d, J=7.2 Hz, 1H, H-1``), 3.29-3.41 (m, 4H, H- 2``,3``,4``,5``), 3.53-3.61 (m, 2H, H-6``a, 6``b). APT (CD₃OD, 100 MHz): 132.3 (C-1), 109.5 (C-2), 147.7 (C-3), 146.1 (C-4), 114.7 (C-5), 118.6 (C-6), 54.9 (R_{1&}R₂), 136.0 (C-1`), 110.1 (C-2`), 149.5 (C-3`), 145.9 (C-4`), 116.6 (C-5`), 118.4 (C-6`), 55.3 (R₃), 86.1 (C-7), 85.7 (C-7`), 54.1 (C-8), 53.9 (C-8`), 71.3 (C-9&9`), 101.4 (C-1``), 73.5 (C-2``), 76.4 (C-3``), 69.9 (C-4``), 76.8 (C-5``), 61.1 (C-6`).

Compound 16 (orientin) was obtained as yellow powder. ¹H NMR (DMSO- *d*₆, 400 MHz):6.68 (s, 1H, H-3), 6.29 (s, 1H, H-6), 7.51 (br s, 1H, H-2[']), 6.89 (d, *J*= 8.4 Hz, 1H, H-5[']), 7.56 (br d, *J*= 8.4 Hz, 1H, H-6[']), 4.70 (d, *J*= 9.6 Hz, 1H, H-1^{''}), 3.26- 3.94 (m, 6H, H-2^{''}, 3^{''}, 4^{''}, 5^{''}, 6^{''}a, 6^{''}b), 13.20 (s, 5-OH).APT (DMSO- *d*₆, 100 MHz): 164.6 (C-2), 102.9 (C-3), 182.5 (C-4), 160.9 (C-5), 98.7 (C-6), 163.1 (C-7), 105.0 (C-8), 156.5 (C-9), 104.5 (C-10), 122.5 (C-1[']), 114.5 (C-2[']), 146.3 (C-3[']), 150.2 (C-4[']), 116.1 (C-5[']), 119.9 (C-6[']), 73.9 (C-1^{''}), 71.2 (C-2^{''}), 79.2 (C-3^{''}), 71.2 (C-4^{''}), 82.5 (C-5^{''}), 62.1(C-6^{''}).

Compound 17 (luteolin-3`-O- β -D-glucoside) was obtained as yellow powder. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 400 MHz): 6.52 (s, H-3), 6.12 (s, H-6), 6.36 (s, H-8), 7.35 (br s, H-2`), 7.22 (d, *J*= 8.4 Hz, H-5`), 7.36 (br d, *J*= 9.6 Hz, H-6`), 4.8 (H-1``, masked), 3.3-3.9 (m, H-2``,3``,4``,5``,6``). APT (CD₃OD, 100 MHz): 164.8 (C-2), 103.7 (C-3), 182.5 (C-4), 161.8 (C-5), 98.8 (C-6), 164.1 (C-7), 93.7 (C-8), 158.0 (C-9), 104.1 (C-10), 125.8 (C-1`), 113.5 (C-2`), 148.6 (C-3`), 147.2 (C-4`), 116.5 (C-5`), 118.4 (C-6`), 101.8 (C-1``), 73.4 (C-2``), 76.1 (C-3``), 69.9 (C-4``), 77.1 (C-5``), 60.1 (C-6`).

Compound 18 (3,5-dicaffeoylquinic acid (isochlorogenic acid)) was obtained as yellow powder. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 400 MHz): 2.31 (m, H-2eq), 2.08-2.15 (m, H-2ax, 6eq, 6ax), 5.41 (m, H-3), 3.95 (dd, *J*= 9.36, 3.4, H-4), 5.53 (m, H-5), 6.79 (s, H-2`), 6.81 (s, H-2``), 7.09 (d, *J*= 7.8 Hz, H-5`, 5``), 6.99 (dd, *J*= 7.5, 2.2 Hz, H-6`, 6``),7.60 (d, *J*=15.9 Hz, H-7`), 7.63 (d, *J*= 15.9 Hz, H-7``), 6.32 (d, *J*= 15.9 Hz, H-8`), 6.42 (d, *J*= 15.9 Hz, H-8``). APT (CD₃OD, 100 MHz): 74.6 (C-1), 35.9 (C-2), 72.7 (C-3), 71.3 (C-4), 70.9 (C-5), 38.9 (C-6), 170.0 (C-7), 126.6 (C-1`), 126.4 (C-1``), 113.6 (C-2`), 113.7 (C-2``), 145.4 (C-3`, 3``), 148.1 (C-4`), 148.0 (C-4``), 115.1 (C-5`), 115.0 (C-5``), 121.6 (C-6`), 121.5 (C-6``), 145.5 (C-7`), 145.4 (C-7``), 114.6 (C-8`), 114.1 (C-8``), 167.4 (C-9`), 167.9 (C-9``).

End of Supplementary material file