

Electronic Supplementary Information: Molecular Basis of Transport of Surface Functionalised Gold Nanoparticles to Pulmonary Surfactant

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Extended Simulations

In order to ensure that the simulations had equilibrated by ~ 750 ns some systems were simulated for an extended to 3000 ns. Figure S1 shows the position of the Au nanoparticles (NPs) as a function of simulation time. After a short equilibration period (<100 ns) the AuNPs maintain a constant position over the full 3000 ns. The surface tension (as an average over 75 ns time periods) as a function of simulation time is shown in Figure S2. While the surface tensions fluctuate an equilibrated values is typically reached by <500 ns. Overall these extended simulation results confirm that 1050 ns is a suitable timescale for the determination of parameters considered in this work.

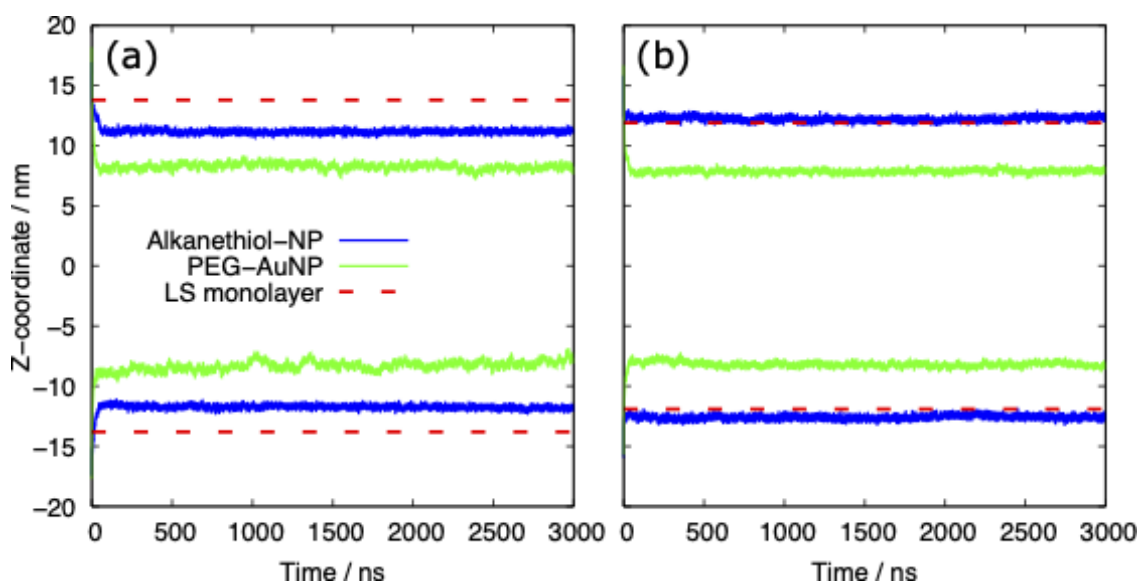


Fig. S1: The z-coordinate of the centre of mass of the AuNP as a function of simulation time for (a) the compressed (APL=0.48 nm²) and (b) expanded (APL=0.54 nm²) phases. The centre of mass of the lipids in each monolayer is shown by the dashed red lines. Representative data is shown for systems with a chain density of 2.33 chain nm⁻² and a chain length of 2.

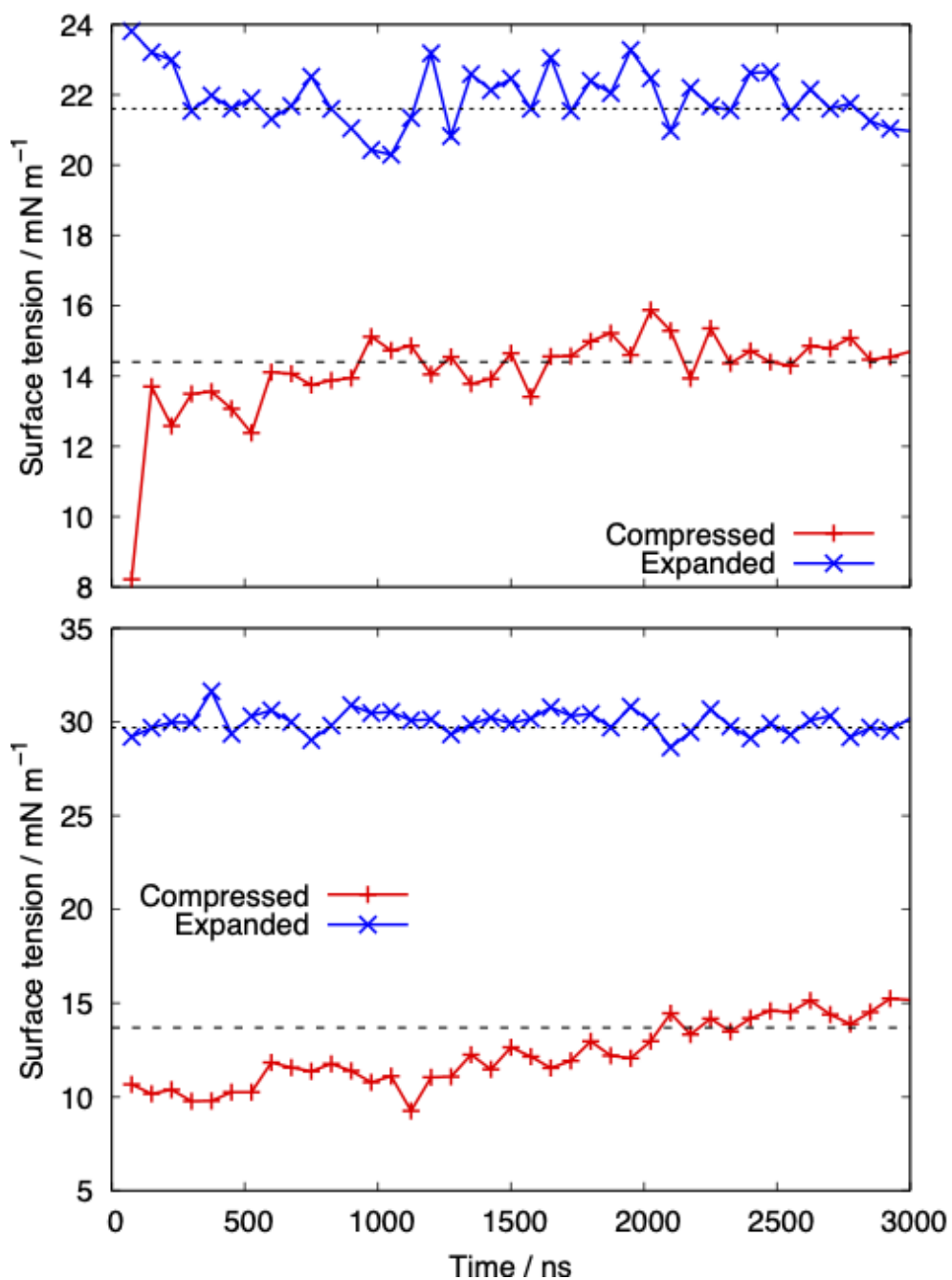


Fig. S2: Average of the surface tension as function of time for the extended simulations: (a) the alkanethiol AuNP systems and (b) the PEG-AuNP systems. Representative data shown for systems with a chain density of 2.33 chain nm⁻² and a chain length of 2. The dashed lines show the surface tension for each system determined from the average over all runs.