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Vanadium nitride nanoparticle decorated N-doped carbon nanotube/N-doped carbon nanosheet hybrids via a C_3N_4 self-sacrificing method for electrochemical capacitors

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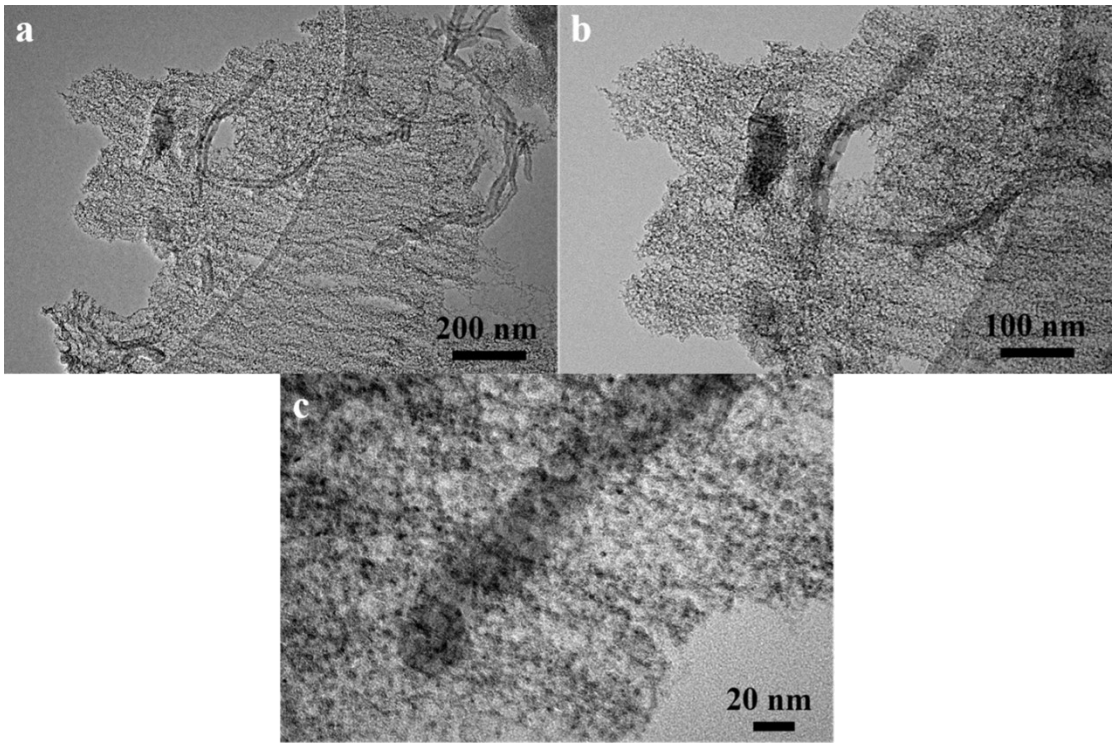

Fig.S1 TEM images of VN/NCNT/NCN-2 hybrids

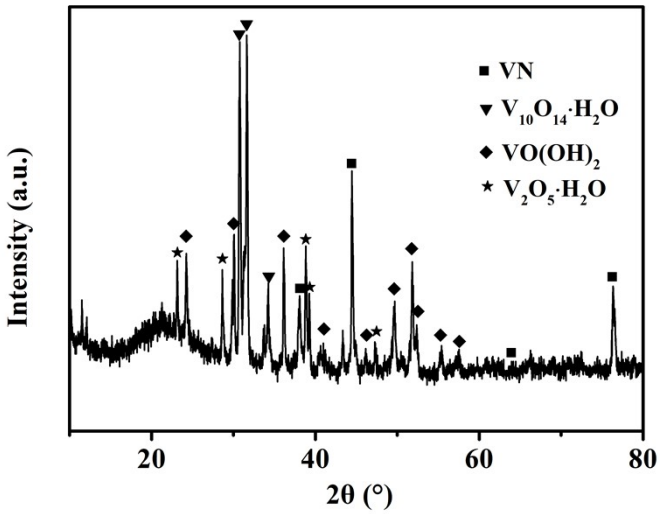

Fig. S2 XRD pattern of VN/NCNT/NCN-2 electrode film after 5000-cycle charge-discharge tests

Table S1 Summary of the cyclic stability of recently reported VN, vanadium-based/carbon hybrids, other supercapacitor electrode materials

Materials	Electrolytes	Current density	Cyclic cycles	Cs retention
VN hollow fiber [1]	2 M KOH	5 A g^{-1}	1000 cycles	54%
VN nanoflake [2]	2 M KOH	1 A g^{-1}	1000 cycles	66%
Mesoporous VN [3]	6 M KOH	10 A g^{-1}	5000 cycles	83%
VN/N-graphene-700 [4]	2 M KOH	2 A g^{-1}	2000 cycles	73.9%
VN nanoparticles/carbon sheet [5]	1 M KOH	1 A g^{-1}	5000 cycles	75.8%
VN/PEDOT [6]	KOH/PVA	10 A g^{-1}	5000 cycles	91.5%
Graphene-$NiFe_2O_4$ nanocomposite [7]	2 M KOH	8 A g^{-1}	10000 cycles	94%
Graphene-$NiCo_2O_4$ Nanorod [8]	2 M KOH	8 A g^{-1}	10000 cycles	94%
this work	**6 M KOH**	**10 A g^{-1}**	**5000 cycles**	**91%**

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