

Supplemental Material

Simultaneous detection of acetaminophen, catechol and hydroquinone using graphene-assisted electrochemical sensor

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Table S1 Analytical results for Phenols of ITO/APTES /r-GO@Au electrode

Table S1 Analytical results for separate determination of phenols

| Phenols | Fitting equation | Dynamic range (μM) | LOD (μM) | LOQ (μM) | R ² |
|---------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| Acetaminophen | $Y=713.59+49.57 X$ | 1-500 | 0.82 | 2.73 | 0.9844 |
| Catechol | $Y=-1163.62+59.21 X$ | 5-500 | 1.41 | 4.71 | 0.996 |
| Hydroquinone | $Y=2023.84+67.05 X$ | 8-700 | 1.95 | 6.51 | 0.9912 |

Table S2. Analytical results for simultaneous determination of phenols

Table S2 Analytical results for simultaneous determination of phenols

| Phenols | Fitting equation | Dynamic range (μM) | LOD (μM) | LOQ (μM) | R ² |
|---------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| acetaminophen | $Y=68.22 X+2325.89$ | 1-180 | 0.12 | 0.43 | 0.997 |
| catechol | $Y=75.50 X+2535.50$ | 5-140 | 0.13 | 0.42 | 0.9949 |
| hydroquinone | $Y=59.04 X+5721.67$ | 8-200 | 0.11 | 0.36 | 0.9948 |

Table S3 Recovery results for phenolic compounds at ITO/APTES /r-GO@Au

electrode

Table S3 Recovery results for phenolic compounds at ITO/APTES /r-GO@Au

electrode

| Phenols | Added (μM) | Found (μM) | Recovery (%) | RSD (%) |
|---------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|---------|
| Catechol | 60 | 63.86 | 106.43 | 0.63 |
| Acetaminophen | 65 | 68.86 | 105.94 | 0.10 |
| Hydroquinone | 88 | 95.54 | 108.57 | 0.31 |

Table S4 Drug content determined by HPLC and EC

| Samples | HPLC | | | EC | | |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|---------|--------------------------------------|--|---------|
| | Real concentration (μM) | Detected concentration (μM) | Content | Real concentration (μM) | Detected concentration (μM) | Content |
| Acetaminophen | 231.82 | 200.33 | 86.42% | 107.58 | 85.62 | 79.59% |

Table S5 Comparison of analytical performance of phenolic compounds

| Table S5 Comparison of analytical performance of phenolic compounds | | | | |
|---|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----|
| Analyte | Methods | Dynamic range (μM) | LOD (μM) | Ref |
| | This work | 1-500 | 0.82 | |
| AP | A flow injection chemiluminescence method | 5 - 50 | 1.8 | 1 |
| | A MIP electrochemical sensor | 10 - 8000 | 1 | 2 |
| | This work | 5-500 | 1.41 | |
| | An expanded graphite electrode modified with intercalated montmorillonite | 10-1000 | 1.13 | 3 |
| CC | Electrodeposited molecularly imprinted chitosan film on BDD electrodes | 0-80 | 0.69 | 4 |
| | This work | 8-700 | 1.95 | |
| | MOF-rGO modified carbon paste electrode | 4-1000 | 0.66 | 5 |
| HQ | A nanometer cobalt/l-glutamate-modified electrode | 3.85-1300 | 0.497 | 6 |

Figure S1 Comparison of HPLC and EC method

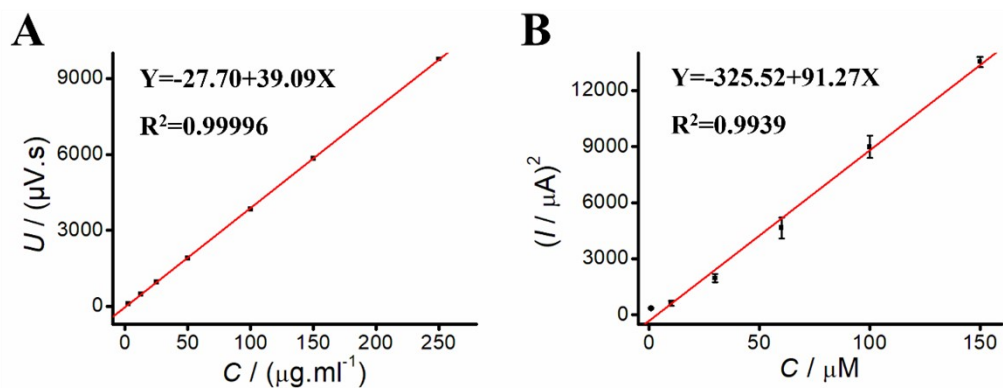


Fig. S1. Comparison of HPLC and EC method. A. Plot of various concentrations of AP vs peak area (HPLC). B. Plot of various concentrations of AP vs square of current (EC).

Figure S2 Raman spectra of different electrodes

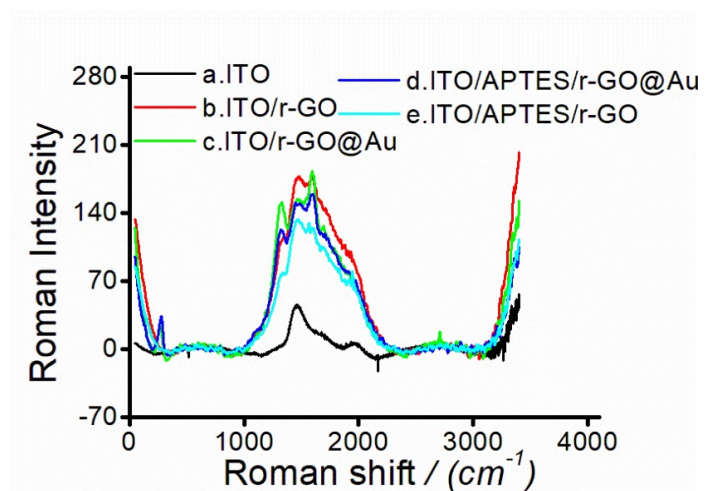


Fig. S2. Raman spectra of electrodes. Raman spectra of ITO glass, ITO/r-GO glass, ITO/r-GO@Au glass, ITO/APTES /r-GO glass and ITO/APTES / r-GO@Au glass electrodes.

References

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