

Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI)

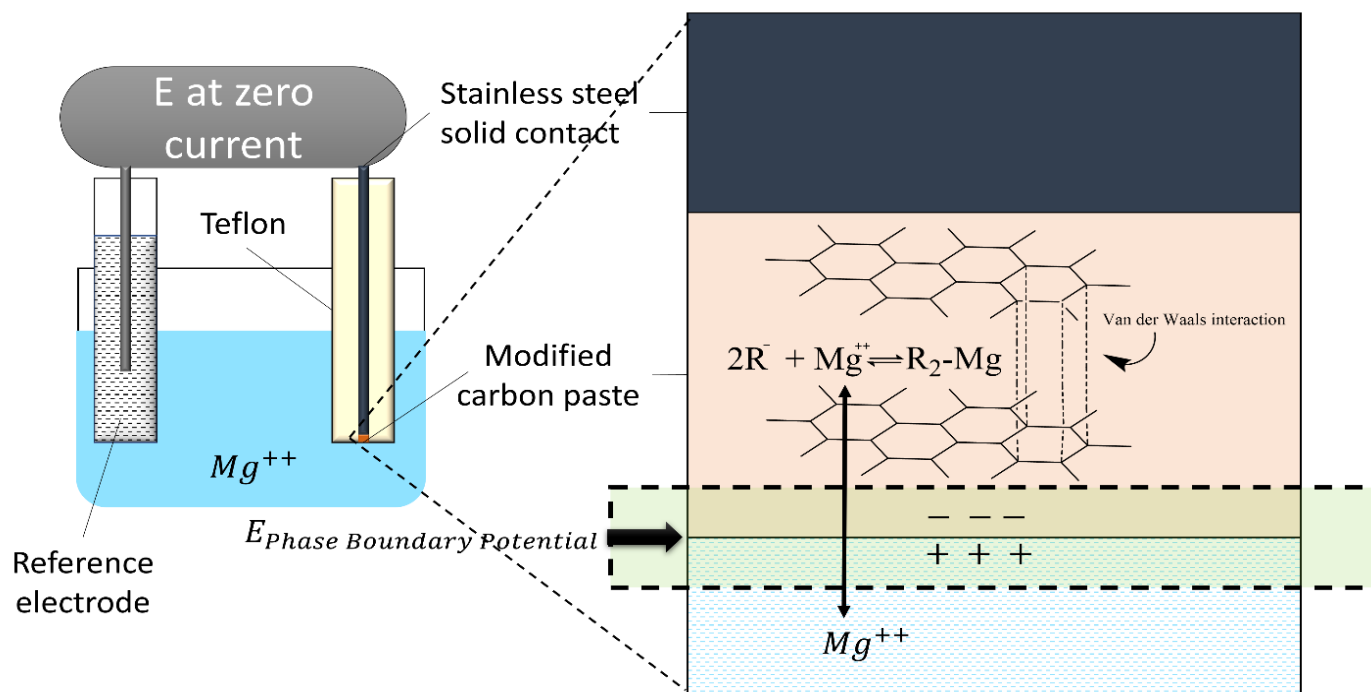


Fig. S1 Diagram for magnesium(II) ions detection using esomeprazole magnesium carbon paste electrode

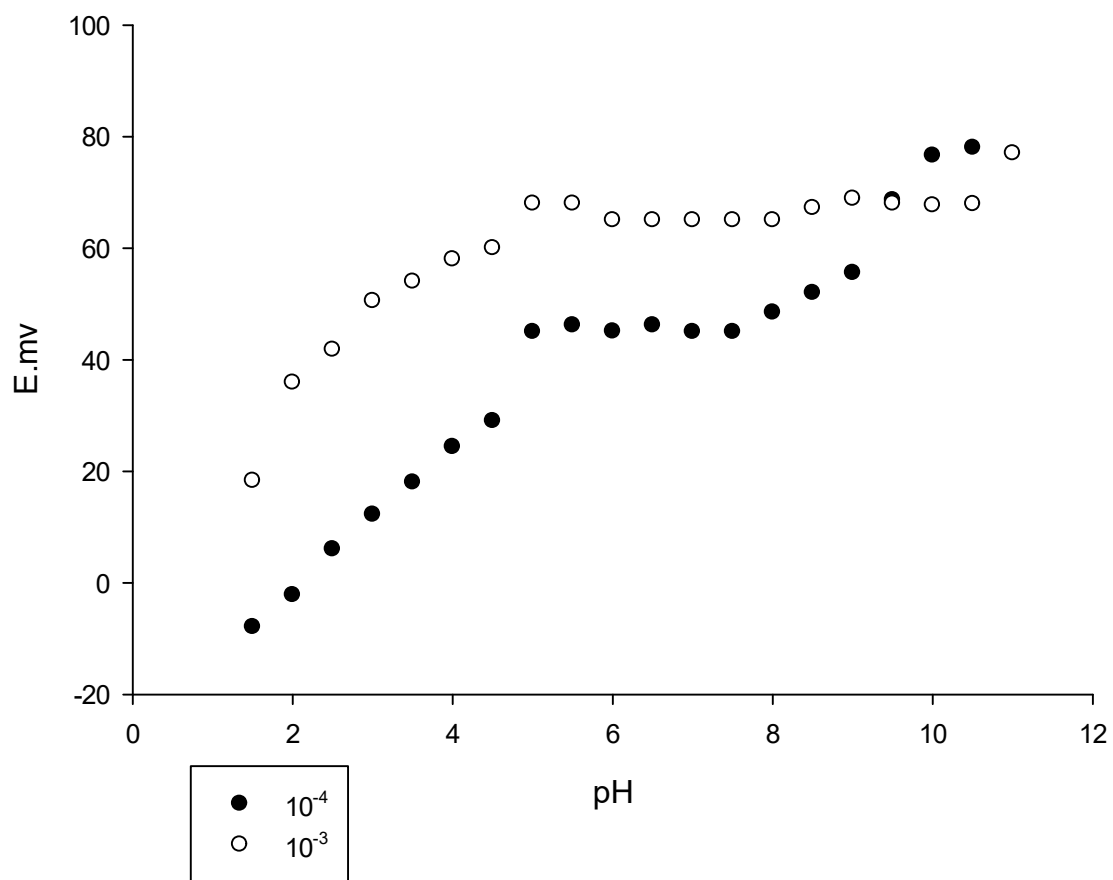


Fig. S2 Effect of pH on 1×10^{-3} and 1×10^{-4} mol L⁻¹ Magnesium(II) solutions on the potential response of the esomeprazole-mg sensor

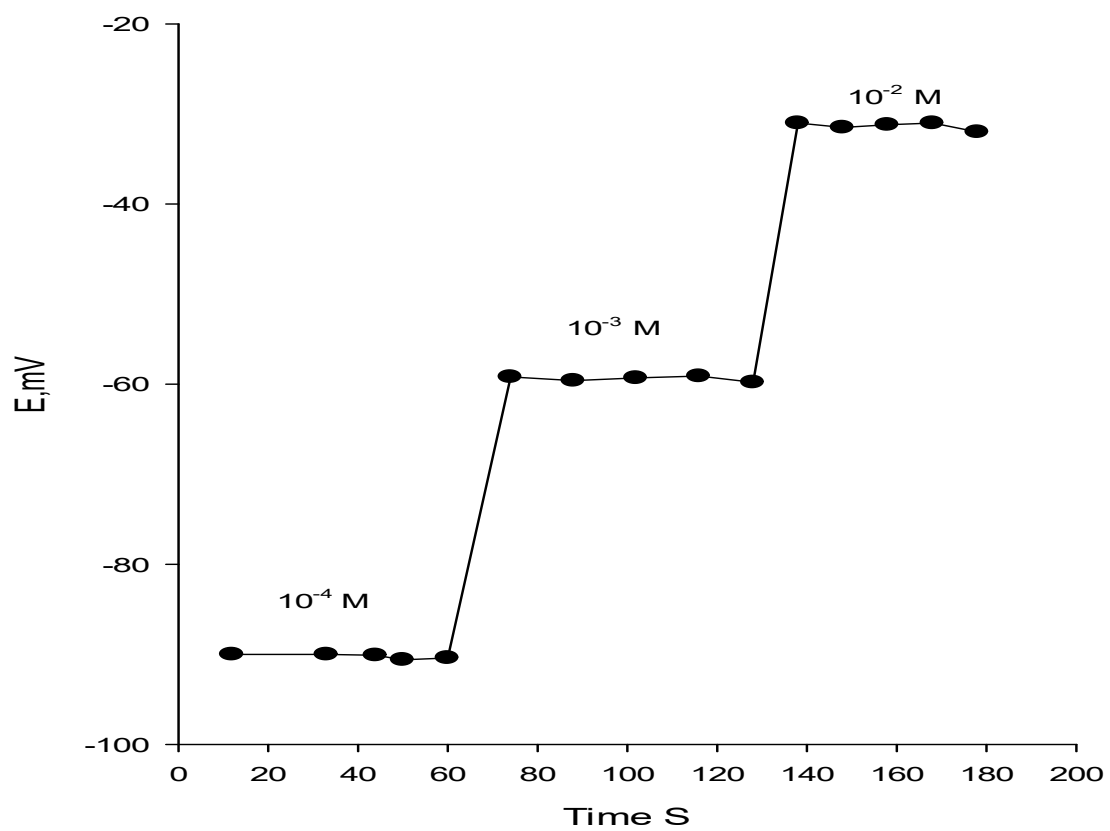


Fig. S3 Potential-Time response of the esomeprazole magnesium sensor using Magnesium(II) solutions 1×10^{-4} to 1×10^{-2} mol L⁻¹

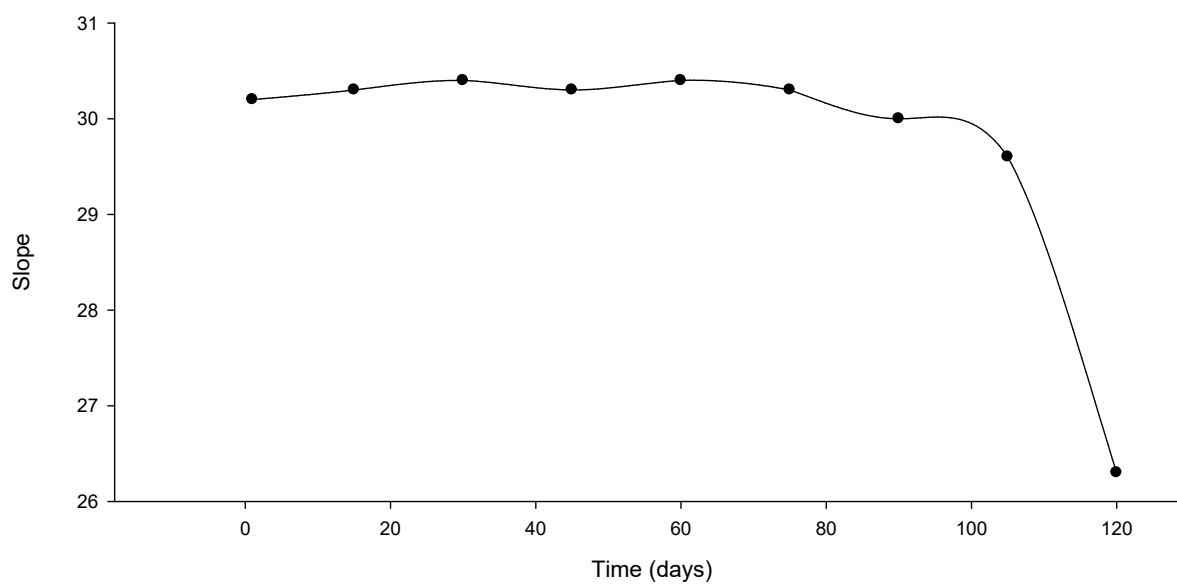


Fig. S4 Life span of the esomeprazole magnesium sensor

Table S1 Response characteristics of the optimized sensor^(a).

Parameters	Optimized sensor response ^(a)
Slope (mV decade ⁻¹)	29.93 ± 0.10
Correlation coefficient (r)	0.996
LOD (mol L ⁻¹)	4.13×10 ⁻⁶
Linear range (mol L ⁻¹)	1.41×10 ⁻⁵ – 1.00×10 ⁻²
Accuracy (recovery % ± %RSD)	100.5±0.39
Working pH range	5.0–8.0
Response time (s)	8-10
Life span (months)	4

^{a)} The sensor consists of 20% esomeprazole mg, 36% graphite, and 44% NOPE.

Table S2 Selectivity coefficient values for the esomeprazole-mg sensor

Interfering ions	$\log K_{Mg,j}^{pot}$
Fe ³⁺	-4.89
Zn ²⁺	-1.81
Cr ³⁺	-3.06
Se ⁶⁺	-1.17
Ni ³⁺	-1.26
Ca ²⁺	-2.06
K ⁺	-1.18
Na ⁺	-1.18
Mo ²⁺	-2.73
Cu ²⁺	-2.96
Co ³⁺	-3.15
Na-CMC	-2.47
Lactose	-2.42
Starch	-2.39
MC.Cellulose	-2.58
Talc	-2.18
Gelatin	-1.9
Sucrose	-3.49
L-Glutamine	-2.17
B-Alanine	-1.54
L-Threonine	-2.69

