# Dimerized Fusion Inhibitor Peptides Targeting the HR1-HR2 Interaction of SARS-CoV-2

Kohei Tsuji,<sup>†,#,\*</sup> Kofi Baffour-Awuah Owusu,<sup>†,#</sup> Yutaro Miura,<sup>†</sup> Takahiro Ishii,<sup>†</sup> Takuya Kobayakawa,<sup>†</sup> Akino Emi,<sup>§</sup> Takashi Nakano,<sup>§</sup> Youichi Suzuki,<sup>§</sup> and Hirokazu Tamamura<sup>†,\*</sup>

<sup>†</sup>Department of Medicinal Chemistry, Institute of Biomaterials and Bioengineering, Tokyo Medical and Dental University (TMDU), Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 101-0062, Japan, <sup>§</sup>Department of Microbiology and Infection Control, Faculty of Medicine, Osaka Medical and Pharmaceutical University, Takatsuki, Osaka 569-8686, Japan.

<sup>#</sup>These authors contributed equally to this study.

\*To whom correspondence should be addressed; ktsuji.mr@tmd.ac.jp, phone: +81-3-5280-8038 (KT), tamamura.mr@tmd.ac.jp, phone: +81-3-5280-8036 (HT)

## Table of contents

I. General methods for synthesis and characterization of compounds
I-I. General methods
I-II. General Fmoc-based solid phase peptide synthesis
I-III. Synthesis of monomer peptides 1a – 8a
Table S1. HPLC, mass and yield data of monomer peptides
Figure S1. HPLC charts of purified HR2 monomer peptidesS7
I-IV. Synthesis of octa-arginine-conjugated peptides 1c – 7bS12
Table S2. HPLC, mass and yield data of intermediate peptide thioestersS14
Figure S2. HPLC charts of purified intermediate peptide thioestersS15
Table S3. HPLC, mass and yield data of intermediates for octa-arginine
conjugated peptidesS17
Figure S3. HPLC charts of purified intermediates for octa-arginine
conjugated peptidesS17
Table S4. HPLC, mass and yield data of octa-arginine conjugated
peptidesS22
Figure S4. HPLC charts of purified octa-arginine conjugated peptidesS22
I-V. Synthesis of <i>C</i> -terminal dimers 1Ca – 8C
Table S5. HPLC, mass and yield data of intermediate peptides for C-terminal
Table S5. HPLC, mass and yield data of intermediate peptides for C-terminal dimers
Table S5. HPLC, mass and yield data of intermediate peptides for C-terminaldimers
Table S5. HPLC, mass and yield data of intermediate peptides for C-terminal dimers
Table S5. HPLC, mass and yield data of intermediate peptides for C-terminal dimers
Table S5. HPLC, mass and yield data of intermediate peptides for C-terminal dimers
Table S5. HPLC, mass and yield data of intermediate peptides for C-terminal dimers
Table S5. HPLC, mass and yield data of intermediate peptides for C-terminal dimers. S30   Figure S5. HPLC charts of purified intermediate peptides for C-terminal dimers. S30   Table S6. HPLC, mass and yield data of C-terminal dimers. S35   Figure S6. HPLC charts of purified C-terminal dimers. S35   I-VI. Synthesis of N-terminal dimers 1N – 8N. S42   Table S7. HPLC, mass and yield data of intermediate peptides for N-terminal
Table S5. HPLC, mass and yield data of intermediate peptides for C-terminal dimers. S30   Figure S5. HPLC charts of purified intermediate peptides for C-terminal dimers. S30   Table S6. HPLC, mass and yield data of C-terminal dimers. S35   Figure S6. HPLC charts of purified C-terminal dimers. S35   I-VI. Synthesis of N-terminal dimers 1N – 8N. S42   Table S7. HPLC, mass and yield data of intermediate peptides for N-terminal dimers. S44
Table S5. HPLC, mass and yield data of intermediate peptides for C-terminal dimers. S30   Figure S5. HPLC charts of purified intermediate peptides for C-terminal dimers. S30   Table S6. HPLC, mass and yield data of C-terminal dimers. S35   Figure S6. HPLC charts of purified C-terminal dimers. S35   I-VI. Synthesis of N-terminal dimers 1N – 8N. S42   Table S7. HPLC, mass and yield data of intermediate peptides for N-terminal dimers. S44   Figure S7. HPLC charts of purified intermediate peptides for N-terminal S44
Table S5. HPLC, mass and yield data of intermediate peptides for C-terminal dimers. S30   Figure S5. HPLC charts of purified intermediate peptides for C-terminal dimers. S30   Table S6. HPLC, mass and yield data of C-terminal dimers. S35   Figure S6. HPLC charts of purified C-terminal dimers. S35   I-VI. Synthesis of N-terminal dimers 1N – 8N. S42   Table S7. HPLC, mass and yield data of intermediate peptides for N-terminal dimers. S44   Figure S7. HPLC charts of purified intermediate peptides for N-terminal dimers. S44
Table S5. HPLC, mass and yield data of intermediate peptides for C-terminal dimers
Table S5. HPLC, mass and yield data of intermediate peptides for C-terminal dimers. S30   Figure S5. HPLC charts of purified intermediate peptides for C-terminal dimers. S30   Table S6. HPLC, mass and yield data of C-terminal dimers. S35   Figure S6. HPLC charts of purified C-terminal dimers. S35   I-VI. Synthesis of N-terminal dimers 1N – 8N. S42   Table S7. HPLC, mass and yield data of intermediate peptides for N-terminal dimers. S44   Figure S7. HPLC charts of purified intermediate peptides for N-terminal dimers. S44   Figure S7. HPLC charts of purified intermediate peptides for N-terminal dimers. S44   Figure S8. HPLC, mass and yield data of N-terminal dimers. S49   Figure S8. HPLC charts of purified N-terminal dimers. S49
Table S5. HPLC, mass and yield data of intermediate peptides for C-terminal dimers. S30   Figure S5. HPLC charts of purified intermediate peptides for C-terminal dimers. S30   Table S6. HPLC, mass and yield data of C-terminal dimers. S35   Figure S6. HPLC charts of purified C-terminal dimers. S35   I-VI. Synthesis of N-terminal dimers 1N – 8N. S42   Table S7. HPLC, mass and yield data of intermediate peptides for N-terminal dimers. S44   Figure S7. HPLC charts of purified intermediate peptides for N-terminal dimers. S44   Figure S7. HPLC charts of purified atta of N-terminal dimers. S44   Figure S8. HPLC, mass and yield data of N-terminal dimers. S44   Table S8. HPLC, mass and yield data of N-terminal dimers. S49   Figure S8. HPLC charts of purified N-terminal dimers. S49   Figure S8. HPLC charts of purified N-terminal dimers. S49   Figure S8. HPLC charts of purified N-terminal dimers. S49   HI. Biological evaluation of the sinthesized peptides. S54
Table S5. HPLC, mass and yield data of intermediate peptides for C-terminal dimers
Table S5. HPLC, mass and yield data of intermediate peptides for C-terminal dimers

## I. General methods for synthesis and characterization of compounds

#### **I-I.** General methods

All reagents and solvents are purchased from Sigma-Aldrich, Novabiochem, Tokyo Chemical Industry Co., Ltd. (TCI), FUJIFILM Wako Pure Chemical Corporation, KANTO CHEMICAL CO., INC., NACALAI TESQUE, INC., WATANABE CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES, LTD., KOKUSAN CHEMICAL Co., Ltd. without further purification unless otherwise noted. For analytical reverse phase HPLC (RP-HPLC), a Cosmosil 5C<sub>18</sub>-ARII column (4.6 x 250 mm, Nacalai Tesque, Inc., Kyoto, Japan) was employed with a linear gradient of MeCN containing 0.1% (v/v) trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) (Solvent B) in H<sub>2</sub>O containing 0.1% (v/v) TFA (Solvent A) at a flow rate of 1.0 cm<sup>3</sup>min<sup>-1</sup> on a PU-2089 plus (JASCO Corporation, Ltd., Tokyo, Japan), and eluting products were detected by UV at 220 nm using JASCO UV-2075 plus. Preparative RP-HPLC was performed using a Cosmosil 5C<sub>18</sub>-ARII column ( $20 \times 250$  mm, Nacalai Tesque, Inc., Japan) on a JASCO PU-2086 plus, PU-2087 plus, and PU-4086-Binary (JASCO Corporation, Ltd.) in a linear gradient of MeCN containing 0.1% TFA (Solvent B) in H<sub>2</sub>O containing 0.1% (v/v) TFA (Solvent A) at a flow rate of 10 cm<sup>3</sup>min<sup>-1</sup>, and eluting products were detected by UV at 220 nm using JASCO UV-2075 plus and UV-4075. Semi-preparative RP-HPLC is performed using a Cosmosil 5C<sub>18</sub>-AR II column (10 x 250 mm, Nacalai Tesque, Inc.) on a JASCO PU-2089 plus (JASCO Corporation, Ltd., Tokyo, Japan) in a suitable gradient mode of MeCN in H<sub>2</sub>O containing 0.1% (v/v) TFA at a flow rate of 3 cm<sup>3</sup>min<sup>-1</sup>, and eluting products were detected by UV at 220 nm using JASCO UV-2075 plus. Low- resolution mass (ESI-TOF MS) spectra were recorded on a Bruker Daltonics micrOTOF focus (Bruker, MA, USA) in the positive detection mode.

#### I-II. General Fmoc-based solid phase peptide synthesis

Peptides were synthesized using NovaSyn<sup>®</sup> TGR resin (0.25 mmol/g, 0.05, 0.1 or 0.2 mmol scales) and 2-chlorotrityl chloride resin (0.2 mmol/g, 0.05, 0.1 or 0.2 mmol scales). 9-Fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl (Fmoc)-based solid-phase peptide syntheses (SPPS) were manually and automatically performed (PurePrepChorus, Gyros Protein Technologies, AZ, USA). The following side chain protected amino acids were used: Boc for Lys, Pbf for Arg, O'Bu for Asp and Glu, Trt for Asn, Cys and Gln, 'Bu for Ser, Thr, and Tyr. In the manual peptide synthesis procedures, each cycle of SPPS involves (i) 20 min shaking for Fmoc removal (20% piperidine/DMF) and (ii) 120 min to overnight coupling (Fmoc-amino acid (Fmoc-AA-OH) (3 or 5 equiv.). 1-hydroxybenzotriazole monohydrate  $(HOBt \cdot H_2O)$  (3) or 5 equiv.) and

N,N'-diisopropylcarbodiimide (DIPCI) (3 or 5 equiv.) in DMF). Coupling was monitored by the Kaiser ninhydrin test. The coupling step was repeated (double coupling) using a mixture of Fmoc amino acid (5 equiv.), HOBt·H<sub>2</sub>O (5 equiv.), DIPCI (5 equiv.) in DMF, if needed. In the automated peptide synthesis procedure (0.1 mmol scale) using NovaSyn<sup>®</sup> TGR resin, each cycle of SPPS involves (i) 2 min shaking for Fmoc removal (20% piperidine/DMF (6 mL) twice at 50 °C) and (ii) 5 min shaking for coupling (Fmoc-AA-OH (5 equiv), Oxyma Pure (5.5 equiv), and DIPCI (5 equiv.) in DMF (6 mL) at 90 °C). In the automated peptide synthesis procedure (0.1 mmol scale) using 2-chlorotrityl chloride resin, each cycle of SPPS involves (i) 7 min shaking for Fmoc removal (20% piperidine/DMF (6 mL) twice at room temperature) and (ii) 2 h shaking for coupling (Fmoc-AA-OH (5 equiv), Oxyma Pure (5.5 equiv), and DIPCI (5 equiv.) in DMF (6 mL) at room temperature). The elongated peptide resins were treated with Ac<sub>2</sub>O (20 equiv.), pyridine (20 equiv.) in DMF for 45 min for acetylation. The protected R<sub>8</sub> peptide resin was treated with chloroacetic acid (40 equiv.) and DIPCI (40 equiv.) in DMF (10 mL) for 1 h for chloroacetylation as reported previously.<sup>S1</sup> After construction of protected peptides on the resins, the resins were extensively washed (DMF, dichloromethane (DCM), and Et<sub>2</sub>O) and then dried in vacuo. The protected peptide was cleaved from the resin with the deprotection of all the protecting groups on their side chain functional groups by treatment with a mixture of TFA/triisopropylsilane  $(TIPS)/H_2O = 95:2.5:2.5$  (v/v) or TFA/triisopropylsilane  $(TIPS)/H_2O$ /ethanedithiol (EDT) = 95/2.5/2.5/7.5 (v/v) at room temperature for 2 h. The reaction mixture was filtered, and the resin was washed with TFA (3 times). The filtrate was removed by nitrogen gas flow, and the residue was precipitated by the addition of cold Et<sub>2</sub>O. After centrifugation, the supernatant was removed. The precipitate was washed with cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (3 times). The obtained crude peptide was purified by preparative and semi-preparative RP-HPLC. The purified peptide was identified by ESI-TOF MS and analytical RP-HPLC, and was lyophilized to obtain as a white powder.

I-III. Synthesis of monomer peptides 1a – 8a.							
H <sub>2</sub> N—	Fmoc-SPPS TFA/TIPS/H <sub>2</sub> O Ac peptide NH <sub>2</sub>						
NovaSyn resi	® TGR in						
1a	Ac-ISGINASVVNIQKEIDRLNEVAKNLNESLIDLQE-NH <sub>2</sub>						
2a	Ac-ISGINASVVNIQEEIKKLNEEAKKLNESLIDLQE-NH2						
3a	Ac-ISGINASVVNIQEEIKRLNEVAKKLNESLIDLQE-NH2						
4a	Ac-ISGINASVVNIQKEIERLNKVAKELNKSLIDLQE-NH2						
5a	Ac-ISGINASVVEIQKEIERLNKVAKNLNESLIDLQE-NH <sub>2</sub>						
6a	Ac-ISGINASVVEIQKEIERLNKVAKELNKSLIDLQE-NH2						
7a	Ac-ISGINASVVNIQKEIERLNKVAKELNESLIDLQE-NH2						

The peptides 1a - 7a were synthesized following the general Fmoc-SPPS procedures mentioned in the section I-II.



#### 1b Ac-ISGINASVVNIQKEIDRLNEVAKNLNESLIDLQE-RERERE-GC(CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>)-NH<sub>2</sub>

The peptide **1b** was synthesized using gereral Fmoc-SPPS procedures mentioned in the section **I-II** followed by acetamide capping. In brief, the purified **1bSH** (12.4 mg, 2.25  $\mu$ mol) was treated with iodoacetamide (4.2 mg, 22.5  $\mu$ mol) in 0.1 M Na phosphate buffer (pH 7.8, 6 M guanidine·HCl, 2.25 mL, peptide concentration: 1.0 mM) at room temperature for 3 h. The mixture was purified using preparative RP-HPLC to obtain **1b**.





The peptide **8a** was synthesized using gereral Fmoc-SPPS procedures mentioned in the section **I-II** followed by selective deprotection of ivDde group on lysine  $\varepsilon$ -amino group and its acetyl capping. In brief, the constructed resin was treated with 2% H<sub>2</sub>NNH<sub>2</sub> in *N*-methylpyrrolidone (NMP, v/v) at room temperature for 3 h and overnight (twice). The resin was then treated with Ac<sub>2</sub>O (10 equiv.), pyridine (10 equiv.) in DMF for 60 min for acetylation. The resulting resin was treated with the TFA cocktail followed by preparative RP-HPLC purification to obtain **8a**.

Peptide	Analytical HPLC <sup>a</sup>		Preparative HPLC <sup>b</sup>	m/z			
	$^{c}t_{R}(\min)$	Gradient (%)	Gradient (%)	Calcd	Found	- Yield <sup>a</sup> (%)	
1a	31.3	20 to 60	37 to 47	1247.4 [M+3H] <sup>3+</sup>	1274.9	9.6	
1bSH	29.6	5 to 60	35 to 50	1210.1 [M+3H] <sup>3+</sup>	1210.4	5.7	
1b	29.5	5 to 60	35 to 50	1224.6 [M+3H] <sup>3+</sup>	1225.1	24	
2a	35.0	5 to 60	30 to 55	1284.4 [M+3H] <sup>3+</sup>	1284.8	8.5	
3a	31.2	20 to 60	38 to 48	1283.7 [M+3H] <sup>3+</sup>	1284.7	9.2	
4a	21.2	20 to 80	40 to 50	1283.4 [M+3H] <sup>3+</sup>	1283.9	2.6	
5a	21.2	20 to 80	40 to 55	1283.7 [M+3H] <sup>3+</sup>	1284.2	2.6	
6a	31.0	20 to 60	38 to 48	1288.4 [M+3H] <sup>3+</sup>	1288.9	9.0	
7a	32.5	20 to 60	38 to 48	1283.7 [M+3H] <sup>3+</sup>	1284.1	10.2	
8a	34.0	20 to 60	35 to 50	1183.9 [M+3H] <sup>3+</sup>	1187.1	5.3	

Table S1. HPLC, mass and yield data of monomer peptides.

0 1% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (v/v, solvent A) and 0.1% TFA in MeCN (v/v, solvent B) was used for HPLC elution over 40 min. <sup>a</sup>Cosmosil 5C<sub>18</sub>-AR-II analytical column was employed with a linear gradient of solvent B in solvent A over 40 min. <sup>b</sup>Cosmosil 5C<sub>18</sub>-AR-II preparative column was employed with a linear gradient of solvent B in solvent A over 40 min. <sup>c</sup>Retention time. <sup>d</sup>from NovaSyn<sup>®</sup> TGR resin.



## Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQKEIDRLNEVAKNLNESLIDLQE**-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 31.3 min

## 1bSH



Sequence:

Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQKEIDRLNEVAKNLNESLIDLQE-RERERE-GC-**NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 29.6 min



Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQKEIDRLNEVAKNLNESLIDLQE-RERERE-GC**(CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>)-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 29.5 min



Sequence: Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQEEIKKLNEEAKKLNESLIDLQE**-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 35.0 min

**S**8



## $Ac\text{-}\textbf{ISGINASVVNIQEE}\textbf{ikrlneslidlqe}\text{-}NH_2$

Retention time: 31.2 min

#### 4a



Sequence:

Ac-ISGINASVVNIQKEIERLNKVAKELNKSLIDLQE-NH<sub>2</sub>

Retention time: 21.1 min





6a



Sequence:

Ac-**ISGINASVVEIQKEIERLNKVAKELNKSLIDLQE**-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 31.0 min



Sequence: Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQKEIERLNKVAKELNESLIDLQE**-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 32.5 min

8a



Sequence:

Ac-**SLDQINVTFLDLEYEMKKLEEAIKKLEESYIDLKEL-GSGK**(Ac)-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 34.0 min

Figure S1. HPLC charts of purified HR2 monomer peptides.



S11



#### I-IV. Synthesis of octa-arginine-conjugated peptides 1c – 7b.

6b

The peptides 1c, 2b, 3b, and 6b were synthesized using gereral Fmoc-SPPS procedures mentioned in the section I-II followed by cleavage of protected peptides, thioesterification, native chemical ligation (NCL), and acetamide capping. In brief, the constructed peptide on 2-chlorotrityl chloride resin was cleaved from resin with AcOH/trifluoroethanol (TFE)/DCM = 1:1:3 as a protected peptide with C-terminal The crude peptide subsequently coupled carboxylic acid. was with ethyl 3-mercaptopropionate (20)equiv.) using 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (EDCI·HCl, 10 equiv.) and HOBt·H<sub>2</sub>O (10 equiv.) in DMF at room temperature overnight. The volatile was removed in vacuo and the residue was treated with TFA/TIPS/H<sub>2</sub>O = 95:2.5:2.5 (v/v) for global deprotection followed by RP-HPLC purification. The obtained peptide thioester was treated with H-C-R<sub>8</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub> in 0.1 M Na phosphate buffer (pH 7.8, 6 M guanidine HCl, peptide concentration: 1.0 mM) in the presence of 30 mM 4-mercaptophenylacetic acid (MPAA) and 20 mM tris(2-carboxyethyl)phosphine hydrochloride (TCEP·HCl) at room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was then purified using preparative RP-HPLC to obtain the NCL product. The generated thiol of the peptide was capped by treatment of iodoacetamide (20 equiv.) in 0.1 M Na phosphate buffer (pH 7.8, 6 M guanidine ·HCl, peptide concentration: 1.0 mM) at room temperature for 1 h. The mixture was purified using preparative RP-HPLC to obtain desired peptide.



1e Ac-GC(Acm)GG-ISGINASVVNIQKEIDRLNEVAKNLNESLIDLQE-RERERE-GC(CH<sub>2</sub>CO-R<sub>8</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>)-NH<sub>2</sub> The peptides **1e** was synthesized using gereral Fmoc-SPPS procedures mentioned in the section **I-II** followed by conjugation of chloroacetylated octa-arginine peptide. In brief, the purified peptide **1eSH** (11.7 mg, 2.00 mmol) was treated with chloroacetyl-**R**<sub>8</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub> (22.6 mg, 10.0 µmol) in 0.1 M Na phosphate buffer (pH 7.8, 6 M guanidine·HCl, peptide concentration: 1.0 mM) at room temperature overnight. The mixture was purified using preparative RP-HPLC to obtain desired peptide.



7b AC-ISGINASVVNIQKEIERLNKVAKELNESLIDLQE-GGGSGGGG-C(CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>)-R<sub>8</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>

The peptides **4b**, **5b**, and **7b** were synthesized using gereral Fmoc-SPPS procedures mentioned in the section **I-II** followed by acetamide capping. In brief, the purified thiol peptide was treated with iodoacetamide (20 equiv.) in 0.1 M Na phosphate buffer (pH 7.8, 6 M guanidine-HCl, peptide concentration: 1.0 mM) at room

temperature for 1 h. The mixture was purified using preparative RP-HPLC to obtain desired peptide.



The peptide **1d** was synthesized using gereral Fmoc-SPPS procedures mentioned in the section **I-II** followed by purification using preparative RP-HPLC to obtain desired peptide.

Table S2. HPLC, mass and yield data of intermediate peptide thioesters.

Peptide -	Analytical HPLC <sup>a</sup>		Preparative HPLC <sup>b</sup>	m/z		<b>W</b> :-14d (0/)	
	$^{c}t_{R}(min)$	Gradient (%)	Gradient (%)	Calcd	Found	r ieid" (%)	
1cSR	32.4	20 to 60	38 to 48	1456.4 [M+3H] <sup>3+</sup>	1456.8	8.1	
2bSR	35.7	5 to 60	33 to 43	1466.4 [M+3H] <sup>3+</sup>	1466.9	7.4	
3bSR	31.8	20 to 60	38 to 48	1466.1 [M+3H] <sup>3+</sup>	1466.4	7.1	
6bSR	32.0	20 to 60	35 to 55	1476.7 [M+3H] <sup>3+</sup>	1476.2	6.7	

0 1% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (v/v, solvent A) and 0.1% TFA in MeCN (v/v, solvent B) was used for HPLC elution over 40 min. <sup>a</sup>Cosmosil 5C<sub>18</sub>-AR-II analytical column was employed with a linear gradient of solvent B in solvent A over 40 min. <sup>b</sup>Cosmosil 5C<sub>18</sub>-AR-II preparative column was employed with a linear gradient of solvent B in solvent A over 40 min. <sup>c</sup>Retention time. <sup>d</sup>from 2-chlorotrityl chloride resin.



## Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQKEIDRLNEVAKNLNESLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-**S(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>Et Retention time: 32.4

2bSR



Sequence:

Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQEEIKKLNEEAKKLNESLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-**S(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>Et Retention time: 35.7 min 3bSR



Sequence:

Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQE IKRLN VAKKLNESLIDLQE**-**GGGSGGG**-S(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>Et Retention time: 31.8 min

### 6bSR



Sequence:

Ac-**ISGINASVVEIQKEIERLNKVAKELNKSLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-**S(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>Et Retention time: 32.0

Figure S2. HPLC charts of purified intermediate peptide thioesters.

Pantida	Analytical HPLC <sup>a</sup>		Preparative HPLC <sup>b</sup>	m/z		- Viold <sup>d</sup> (%)
replide	$^{\rm c}t_{\rm R}({\rm min})$	Gradient (%)	Gradient (%)	Calcd	Found	- Heid (76)
1cSH	27.9	20 to 60	38 to 48	1401.5 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	1401.8	26.2
1eSH	28.9	5 to 60	35 to 45	1296.4 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	1296.5	3.2 <sup>e</sup>
2bSH	32.1	5 to 60	25 to 45	1409.3 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	1409.4	25.5
3bSH	27.4	20 to 60	35 to 55	1408.5 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	1408.9	30.2
4bSH	27.3	20 to 60	30 to 47	1408.3 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	1408.0	$ND^{f}$
5bSH	28.0	20 to 60	30 to 47	1408.5 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	1408.9	ND
6bSH	275	20 to 60	35 to 45	1412.0 $[M+4H]^{4+}$	1412.5	29.3
7bSH	28.0	20 to 60	30 to 47	1408.5 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	1408.9	ND

**Table S3.** HPLC, mass and yield data of intermediates for octa-arginine conjugated peptides.

0 1% TFA in  $H_2O$  (v/v, solvent A) and 0.1% TFA in MeCN (v/v, solvent B) was used for HPLC elution over 40 min. <sup>a</sup>Cosmosil 5C<sub>18</sub>-AR-II analytical column was employed with a linear gradient of solvent B in solvent A over 40 min. <sup>b</sup>Cosmosil 5C<sub>18</sub>-AR-II preparative column was employed with a linear gradient of solvent B in solvent A over 40 min. <sup>c</sup>Retention time. <sup>d</sup>from NCL. <sup>e</sup>from NovaSyn<sup>®</sup> TGR resin.

<sup>f</sup>ND: not determined. The intermediate was used in next step without purification

#### 1cSH



Sequence:

## Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQKEIDRLNEVAKNLNESLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-C-R**<sub>8</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 27.9





Ac-GC(Acm)GG-ISGINASVVNIQKEIDRLNEVAKNLNESLIDLQE-RERERE-GC-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 28.9

2bSH



Sequence:

Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQEEIKKLNEEAKKLNESLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-C-R**<sub>8</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 32.1 min 3bSH



Sequence:

Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQEEIKRLNEVAKKLNESLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-C-R**<sub>8</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 27.4 min

4bSH



Sequence:

Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQKEIERLNKVAKELNKSLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-C-R**<sub>8</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 27.3 min



Ac-**ISGINASVVEIQKEIERLNKVAKNLNESLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-C-R**<sub>8</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 28.0 min

### 6bSH



Sequence:

Ac-**ISGINASVVEIQKEIERLNKVAKELNKSLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-C-R**<sub>8</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 27.5





# Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQKEIERLNKVAKELNESLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-C-R**<sub>8</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 28.0 min

Figure S3. HPLC charts of purified intermediates for octa-arginine conjugated peptides.

Pontido	Analytical HPLC <sup>a</sup>		Preparative HPLC <sup>b</sup>	m/z		Viald (%)	
replide	$^{c}t_{\rm R}$ (min)	Gradient (%)	Gradient (%)	Calcd	Found	1 ieid (76)	
1c	28.0	20 to 60	38 to 48	1415.8 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	1416.0	33.2	
1d	28.2	20 to 60	30 to 45	1391.0 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	1391.5	9.2 <sup>d</sup>	
1e	27.8	5 to 60	35 to 45	1298.7 [M+5H] <sup>5+</sup>	1298.7	14.9	
2b	33.3	20 to 60	38 to 48	1423.8 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	1423.7	25.0	
3b	27.6	20 to 60	35 to 55	1422.8 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	1423.0	34.0	
4b	27.0	20 to 60	30 to 47	1422.5 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	1422.9	3.6 <sup>d</sup>	
5b	28.0	20 to 60	30 to 47	1422.8 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	1423.3	3.2 <sup>d</sup>	
6b	27.0	20 to 60	35 to 45	1426.3 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	1426.7	35.0	
7b	28.1	20 to 60	30 to 47	1422.8 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	1423.0	3.1 <sup>d</sup>	

Table S4. HPLC, mass and yield data of octa-arginine conjugated peptides.

0 1% TFA in  $H_2O$  (v/v, solvent A) and 0.1% TFA in MeCN (v/v, solvent B) was used for HPLC elution over 40 min. <sup>a</sup>Cosmosil 5C<sub>18</sub>-AR-II analytical column was employed with a linear gradient of solvent B in solvent A over 40 min. <sup>b</sup>Cosmosil 5C<sub>18</sub>-AR-II preparative column was employed with a linear gradient of solvent B in solvent A over 40 min. <sup>c</sup>Retention time. <sup>d</sup>2 steps from NovaSyn<sup>®</sup> TGR resin bound peptides.

1c



Sequence:

Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQKEIDRLNEVAKNLNESLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-C**(CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>)-**R**<sub>8</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 28.1 min



Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQKEIDRLNEVAKNLNESLIDLQE**-(miniPEG)<sub>2</sub>-**R**<sub>8</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 28.2 min





Sequence:

 $\label{eq:Ac-GC} Acm) \textbf{GG-ISGINASVVNIQKEIDRLNEVAKNLNESLIDLQE-RERERE--GC} (CH_2CO-\textbf{R}_8-NH_2)-NH_2$ 

Retention time: 27.8

1d



Ac-ISGINASVVNIQEEIKKLNEEAKKLNESLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-C(CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>)-R<sub>8</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 33.3 min



Sequence:

Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQE KRLNEVAKKLNESLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-C**(CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>)-**R**<sub>8</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 27.6 min

**2b** 





Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQKEIERLNKVAKELNKSLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-C**(CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>)-**R**<sub>8</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 27.0 min



Sequence:

Ac-**ISGINASVVEIQKEIERLNKVAKNLNESLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-C**(CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>)-**R**<sub>8</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 28.0 min

**4b** 





Ac-**ISGINASVVEIQKEIERLNKVAKELNKSLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-C**(CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>)-**R**<sub>8</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 27.0

7b



Sequence:

Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQKEIERLNKVAKELNESLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-C**(CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>)-**R**<sub>8</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 28.1 min

Figure S4. HPLC charts of purified octa-arginine conjugated peptides.



I-V. Synthesis of C-terminal dimers 1Ca – 8C.

The peptides **1Ca**, **1Cb**, **1Cc**, **4C**, **5C**, and **7C** were synthesized using gereral Fmoc-SPPS procedures mentioned in the section **I-II** followed by disulfide bond formation *via* air oxidation. In brief, the purified thiol peptide was incubated in 0.1 M Na phosphate buffer (pH 7.8, 6 M guanidine·HCl, peptide concentration: 1.0 mM) at 37 °C for 72 h. The mixture was purified using preparative RP-HPLC to obtain desired peptide.



The peptides **2Ca**, **2Cb**, **2Cc**, **3C**, and **6C** were synthesized using gereral Fmoc-SPPS procedures mentioned in the section **I-II** followed by cleavage of protected peptides, thioesterification, native chemical ligation (NCL) as shown in the section **I-IV**, and disulfide bond formation *via* air oxidation. In brief, the constructed peptide on 2-chlorotrityl chloride resin was cleaved from resin with AcOH/TFE/DCM = 1:1:3 as a protected peptide with C-terminal carboxylic acid. The crude peptide was subsequently coupled with ethyl 3-mercaptopropionate (20 equiv.) using EDCI·HCl (10 equiv.) and HOBt·H<sub>2</sub>O (10 equiv.) in DMF at room temperature overnight. The volatile was removed *in vacuo* and the residue was treated with TFA/TIPS/H<sub>2</sub>O = 95:2.5:2.5 (v/v) for global deprotection followed by RP-HPLC purification. The obtained peptide thioester was treated with H-C-NH<sub>2</sub>, H-C-R<sub>4</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>, or H-C-R<sub>8</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub> in 0.1 M Na phosphate buffer (pH 7.8, 6 M guanidime·HCl, each peptide concentration: 1 mM) in the presence of 30 mM MPAA and 20 mM TCEP·HCl at room temperature overnight. The volatile was then purified using preparative RP-HPLC to obtain the NCL product. The generated thiol peptide was incubated in 0.1 M Na phosphate buffer (pH

7.8, 6 M guanidine HCl, peptide concentration: 1.0 mM) at 37 °C for 72 h. The mixture was purified using preparative RP-HPLC to obtain desired peptide.



The peptide **8C** was synthesized using gereral Fmoc-SPPS procedures mentioned in the section **I-II** followed by selective deprotection of ivDde group on lysine  $\varepsilon$ -amino group, its coupling with Fmoc-Cys(Trt)-OH, acetyl capping, and disulfide bond formation *via* air oxidation. In brief, the constructed resin was treated with 2% H<sub>2</sub>NNH<sub>2</sub> in NMP (v/v) at room temperature for 3 h and overnight (twice). The resin was then coupled with Fmoc-Cys(Trt)-OH (5 equiv.) using DIPCI (5 equiv.) and HOBt·H<sub>2</sub>O (5 equiv.) in DMF. After Fmoc removal by 20% piperidine/DMF (v/v), the resin was treated with Ac<sub>2</sub>O (10 equiv.), pyridine (10 equiv.) in DMF for 60 min for acetylation. The resulting resin was treated with the TFA cocktail followed by preparative RP-HPLC purification to obtain **8CSH**. The obtained **8CSH** (21.1 mg, 3.81 mmol) was incubated in 0.1 M Na phosphate buffer (pH 7.8, 6 M guanidine·HCl, 3.81 mL, peptide concentration: 1.0 mM) at 37 °C for 72 h. The mixture was purified using preparative RP-HPLC to obtain the desired peptide **8C**.

Peptide —	Analyt	ical HPLC <sup>a</sup>	Preparative HPLC <sup>b</sup>	m/z		x; 11d (0/)
	$^{c}t_{R}(\min)$	Gradient (%)	Gradient (%)	Calcd	Found	r leid " (%)
1CaSH	30.3	20 to 60	38 to 48	1452.1 [M+3H] <sup>3+</sup>	1452.1	8.0
2CaSH	34.9	5 to 60	25 to 45	1462.1 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	1462.3	20.2 <sup>e</sup>
2CbSH	33.7	5 to 60	25 to 45	1252.9 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	1253.0	23.3 <sup>e</sup>
3CSH	30.1	20 to 60	42 to 50	1461.1 [M+3H] <sup>3+</sup>	1461.6	20.2 <sup>e</sup>
4CSH	29.6	20 to 60	38 to 48	1461.2 [M+3H] <sup>3+</sup>	1461.1	8.7
5CSH	30.5	20 to 60	38 to 48	1461.1 [M+3H] <sup>3+</sup>	1461.5	9.0
6CSH	33.3	20 to 60	38 to 48	1466.1 [M+3H] <sup>3+</sup>	1466.3	28.6 <sup>e</sup>
7CSH	30.7	20 to 60	38 to 48	1461.0 [M+3H] <sup>3+</sup>	1461.5	8.3
8CSH	23.5	20 to 80	35 to 50	1212.6 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	1212.8	4.3

Table S5. HPLC, mass and yield data of intermediate peptides for C-terminal dimers.

0 1% TFA in H2O (v/v, solvent A) and 0.1% TFA in MeCN (v/v, solvent B) was used for HPLC elution over 40 min. <sup>a</sup>Cosmosil 5C<sub>18</sub>-AR-II analytical column was employed with a linear gradient of solvent B in solvent A over 40 min. <sup>b</sup>Cosmosil 5C<sub>18</sub>-AR-II preparative column was employed with a linear gradient of solvent B in solvent A over 40 min. <sup>c</sup>Retention time. <sup>d</sup>from NovaSyn<sup>®</sup> TGR resin. <sup>e</sup>from NCL.

1CaSH



Sequence:

Ac-ISGINASVVNIQKEIDRLNEVAKNLNESLIDLQE-GGGSGGGG-C-NH<sub>2</sub>

Retention time: 30.3 min





Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQE EIKKLNEEAKKLNESLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-C-**NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 34.9 min

## 2CbSH



Sequence:

Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQE IKKLN EAKKLNESLIDLQE**-**GGGSGGG**-**C**-**R**<sub>4</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 33.7 min





Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQEIKRLNEVAKKLNESLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-C-**NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 30.1 min

## 4CSH



Sequence:

Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQKEIERLNKVAKELNKSLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-C-**NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 29.6 min



Ac-**ISGINASVVEIQKEIERLNKVAKNLNESLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-C-**NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 30.5 min

## 6CSH



Sequence:

Ac-ISGINASVVEIQKEIERLNKVAKELNKSLIDLQE-GGGSGGGG-C-NH<sub>2</sub>

Retention time: 33.3 min





## Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQKEIERLNKVAKELNESLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-C-**NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 30.7 min

## 8CSH



Sequence:

Ac-**SLDQINVTFLDLEYEMKKLEEAIKKLEESYIDLKEL-GSGK**(Ac-**C**)-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 23.5 min

Figure S5. HPLC charts of purified intermediate peptides for *C*-terminal dimers.

Dontido	Analytical HPLC <sup>a</sup>		Preparative HPLC <sup>b</sup>	m/z		Viold (0/)
Peptide	$^{c}t_{R}(\min)$	Gradient (%)	Gradient (%)	Calcd	Found	
1Ca	33.4	20 to 60	38 to 48	2177.4 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	2177.4	10.8
1Cb	30.8	5 to 60	35 to 50	1934.4 [M+5H] <sup>5+</sup>	1935.6	6.1
1Ce	30.1	5 to 60	35 to 50	1037.2 [M+10H] <sup>10+</sup>	1037.4	6.6
2Ca	30.5	20 to 60	38 to 48	2192.4 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	2192.6	23.4
2Cb	33.2	5 to 60	25 to 45	1253.0 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	1253.1	21.2
2Cc	34.4	5 to 60	25 to 45	2816.8 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	2816.9	20.1
3C	33.3	20 to 60	38 to 48	2191.1 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	2191.2	18.6
4 <b>C</b>	32.1	20 to 60	38 to 48	2190.7 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	2191.0	25.0
5C	33.2	20 to 60	38 to 48	2191.1 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	2191.5	18.6
6C	33.7	20 to 60	38 to 48	2198.2 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	2198.5	22.5
7C	33.8	20 to 60	38 to 48	2191.1 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	2191.3	31.5
8C	23.9	20 to 80	35 to 50	1940.0 [M+5H] <sup>5+</sup>	1939.4	15.9

Table S6. HPLC, mass and yield data of C-terminal dimers.

0 1% TFA in  $H_2O$  (v/v, solvent A) and 0.1% TFA in MeCN (v/v, solvent B) was used for HPLC elution over 40 min. <sup>a</sup>Cosmosil 5C<sub>18</sub>-AR-II analytical column was employed with a linear gradient of solvent B in solvent A over 40 min. <sup>b</sup>Cosmosil 5C<sub>18</sub>-AR-II preparative column was employed with a linear gradient of solvent B in solvent A over 40 min. <sup>c</sup>Retention time.

1Ca



Sequence:

 $(Ac\mbox{-} \mbox{isginasvvni} \mbox{okeidrlnevaknlneslidl} \mbox{oeggsggg-} \mbox{c-} \mbox{NH}_2)_2$ 

Retention time: 33.4 min



(Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQKEIDRLNEVAKNLNESLIDLQE-RERERE-GC**-NH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 30.8 min

S

S

1Cc



Sequence:

(Ac-GC(Acm)GG-ISGINASVVNIQKEIDRLNEVAKNLNESLIDLQE-RERERE-GC-NH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 30.1 min



(Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQEIKKLNEEAKKLNESLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-C**-NH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 30.5 min

Ş

S

2Cb



Sequence:

(Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQE IKKLNEEAKKLNESLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-C**-**R**<sub>4</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 33.2 min



(Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQE IKKLN EAKKLNESLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-C-R**<sub>8</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 34.4 min

S

S

**3**C



Sequence:

(Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQEEIKRLNEVAKKLNESLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-**C-NH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 33.3 min





S

S



Sequence:

(Ac-**ISGINASVVEIQKEIERLNKVAKNLNESLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-C**-NH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 33.2 min



(Ac-**ISGINASVVEIQKEIERLNKVAKELNKSLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-C**-NH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 33.7 min

S

S

7C



Sequence:

(Ac-**ISGINASVVNIQKEIERLNKVAKELNESLIDLQE-GGGSGGG-**C-NH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 33.8 min



# (Ac-**SLDQINVTFLDLEYEMKKLEEAIKKLEESYIDLKEL-GSGK**(Ac-C)-NH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 23.5 min

S

Figure S6. HPLC charts of purified *C*-terminal dimers.



#### I-VI. Synthesis of *N*-terminal dimers 1N – 8N.

The peptides 1N, 2N, 3N, 4N, 5N, 6N, and 7N were synthesized using gereral Fmoc-SPPS procedures mentioned in the section I-II followed by disulfide bond formation *via* air oxidation. In brief, the purified thiol peptide was incubated in 0.1 M Na phosphate buffer (pH 7.8, 6 M guanidine·HCl, peptide concentration: 1.0 mM) at 37 °C for 72 h. The mixture was purified using preparative RP-HPLC to obtain desired peptide.



The peptide **8N** was synthesized using gereral Fmoc-SPPS procedures mentioned in the section **I-II** followed by selective deprotection of ivDde group on lysine  $\varepsilon$ -amino group, its acetyl capping, and disulfide bond formation *via* air oxidation. In brief, the constructed resin was treated with 2% H<sub>2</sub>NNH<sub>2</sub> in NMP (v/v) at room temperature for 3 h and overnight (twice). The resin was then treated with Ac<sub>2</sub>O (20 equiv.), pyridine (20 equiv.) in DMF for 60 min for acetylation. The resulting resin was treated with the TFA cocktail followed by preparative RP-HPLC purification to obtain **8NSH**. The obtained **8NSH** was incubated in 0.1 M Na phosphate buffer (pH 7.8, 6 M guanidine·HCl, peptide concentration: 1.0 mM) at 37 °C for 72 h. The mixture was purified using preparative RP-HPLC to obtain desired peptide.

Peptide	Analytical HPLC <sup>a</sup>		Preparative HPLC <sup>b</sup>	m/z		Viold (0/)
	$^{c}t_{R}(min)$	Gradient (%)	Gradient (%)	Calcd	Found	rield (%)
1NSH	36.8	5 to 60	35 to 50	1346.7 [M+3H] <sup>3+</sup>	1346.9	11.2
2NSH	32.3	5 to 60	30 to 55	1356.4 [M+3H] <sup>3+</sup>	1357.0	12.3
3NSH	36.7	5 to 60	30 to 55	1355.7 [M+3H] <sup>3+</sup>	1356.2	8.8
4NSH	20.4	20 to 80	40 to 50	1384.8 [M+3H] <sup>3+</sup>	1385.3	8.9
5NSH	20.5	20 to 80	40 to 55	1385.1 [M+3H] <sup>3+</sup>	1385.6	8.9
6NSH	31.4	20 to 60	38 to 48	$1360.4 \ [M+3H]^{3+}$	1360.9	11.0
7NSH	32.2	20 to 60	38 to 48	1355.7 [M+3H] <sup>3+</sup>	1356.0	10.3
8NSH	23.0	20 to80	40 to 50	1262.9 [M+3H] <sup>3+</sup>	1263.3	4.3

Table S7. HPLC, mass and yield data of intermediate peptides for *N*-terminal dimers.

0 1% TFA in  $H_2O$  (v/v, solvent A) and 0.1% TFA in MeCN (v/v, solvent B) was used for HPLC elution over 40 min. <sup>a</sup>Cosmosil 5C<sub>18</sub>-AR-II analytical column was employed with a linear gradient of solvent B in solvent A over 40 min. <sup>b</sup>Cosmosil 5C<sub>18</sub>-AR-II preparative column was employed with a linear gradient of solvent B in solvent A over 40 min. <sup>c</sup>Retention time.

#### **1NSH**



Sequence:

### $Ac\ensuremath{\text{-C-Ahx-ISGINASVVNIQKEIDRLNEVAKNLNESLIDLQE-} NH_2$

Retention time: 36.8 min



Ac-C-Ahx-ISGINASVVNIQEEIKKLNEEAKKLNESLIDLQE-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 32.3 min

**3NSH** 



Sequence:

Ac-C-Ahx-ISGINASVVNIQEEIKRLNEVAKKLNESLIDLQE-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 36.7 min



## Ac-C-GSG-ISGINASVVNIQKEIERLNKVAKELNKSLIDLQE-NH2

Retention time: 20.4 min

5NSH



Sequence:

 $Ac\text{-}C\text{-}GSG\text{-}ISGINASVVEIQKEIERLNKVAKNLNESLIDLQE-NH_2$ 

Retention time: 20.6 min





## Ac-C-Ahx-ISGINASVVEIQKEIERLNKVAKELNKSLIDLQE-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 31.4 min

# 7NSH



Sequence:

Ac-C-Ahx-ISGINASVVNIQKEIERLNKVAKELNESLIDLQE-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 32.2 min



## Ac-**C-GSG-SLDQINVTFLDLEYEMKKLEEAIKKLEESYIDLKEL-GSGK**(Ac)-NH<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 23.0 min

Figure S7. HPLC charts of purified intermediate peptides for *N*-terminal dimers.

Peptide	Analytical HPLC <sup>a</sup>		Preparative HPLC <sup>b</sup>	m/z		Viold (0/)
	$^{c}t_{R}(\min)$	Gradient (%)	Gradient (%)	Calcd	Found	rield (%)
1N	32.8	20 to 60	38 to 48	2018.8 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	2019.4	20.2
2N	36.5	5 to 60	35 to 50	2034.4 $[M+4H]^{4+}$	2034.5	22.1
3N	38.2	5 to 60	35 to 50	2032.9 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	2033.4	20.1
4N	20.9	20 to 80	40 to 55	1039.0 [M+8H] <sup>8+</sup>	1038.9	12.1
5N	21.4	20 to 80	40 to 55	1039.1 [M+8H] <sup>8+</sup>	1039.1	12.4
6N	33.3	20 to 60	33 to 55	2039.9 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	2040.4	20.0
7N	33.8	20 to 60	38 to 48	2032.9 [M+4H] <sup>4+</sup>	2033.2	20.4
8N	23.2	20 to 80	40 to 50	2019.8 [M+5H] <sup>5+</sup>	2020.2	16.0

Table S8. HPLC, mass and yield data of *N*-terminal dimers.

0 1% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (v/v, solvent A) and 0.1% TFA in MeCN (v/v, solvent B) was used for HPLC elution over 40 min. <sup>a</sup>Cosmosil 5C<sub>18</sub>-AR-II analytical column was employed with a linear gradient of solvent B in solvent A over 40 min. <sup>b</sup>Cosmosil 5C<sub>18</sub>-AR-II preparative column was employed with a linear gradient of solvent B in solvent A over 40 min. <sup>c</sup>Retention time.

#### 1N



Sequence:

—\_S

(Ac-C-Ahx-ISGINASVVNIQKEIDRLNEVAKNLNESLIDLQE-NH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 32.8 min





S







S

Sequence:

(Ac-C-Ahx-ISGINASVVNIQEEIKRLNEVAKKLNESLIDLQE-NH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 38.2 min











Ş

(Ac-C-GSG-ISGINASVVEIQKEIERLNKVAKNLNESLIDLQE-NH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> Retention time: 20.9 min





7N



Sequence:

-----S | (Ac-C-Ahx-ISGINASVVNIQKEIERLNKVAKELNESLIDLQE-NH2)2

Retention time: 33.8 min



Figure S8. HPLC charts of purified *N*-terminal dimers.

II. Biological evaluation of the sinthesized peptides.

**II-I.** Figure S9. Results from plaque reduction assay of experiments 1 to 7.



**Figure S9**. Results from plaque reduction assays of experiments (a) 1 to (g) 7. The X axis represents inhibitor concentration (log M) and the Y axis represents %inhibition

based on the plaque number of DMSO control. Data points represent average  $\pm$  SEM from three independent experiments or single experiment and fit using non-linear regression in GraphPad Prism 9.



II-II. Figure S10. Results from plaque reduction assays in Table 5.

**Figure S10**. Results from plaque reduction assays in Table 5. The X axis represents inhibitor concentration (log M) and the Y axis represents %inhibition based on the plaque number of DMSO control. Data points represent average  $\pm$  SEM from three independent experiments and fit using non-linear regression in GraphPad Prism 9.

#### **III. Reference for Supplementary Information.**

S1. T. Narumi, M. Komoriya, C. Hashimoto, H. Wu, W. Nomura, S. Suzuki, T. Tanaka, J. Chiba, N. Yamamoto, T. Murakami and H. Tamamura, *Bioorg. Med. Chem.*, 2012, 20, 1468–1474.