## Supporting Information

Theoretical and experimental analysis in search of new immunogenic peptides from gp120 protein of HIV-1.


Figure S1. Frequency of sequences obtained by each subtype of HIV-1 found at NCBI in 2015.


Figure S2. A. 3D structure of the HIV-1 gp120 trimer. B. Ramachandran's plot of gp120 protein.


Figure S3. Frequency of the epitopes in the different alleles of the CMH-II predicted by the ProPred server. * Asterisks in the graph indicate the peptides that by their structure and the score obtained in the servers are potential candidates for their synthesis.


Figure S4. Flow Cytometry Dot-Plots. Representative Dot-Plots for selection criteria of cell populations for the P2+CT from IN group, cells were gated based on size and granularity using FSC-A and SSC-A. Dot-Plots: A: FSC-A and FSC-H; B: FSC-A and SSC-A; C: CD3 and SSCA; D: CD3 and CD4; E: CD3 and CD8. Programs to determinate lymphocyte region; the same procedure was applied to all mice groups.

Table S1. Proteasomal cleavages predicted by the PaPROC server

| Peptide | Proteasomal cleavages Type-I |
| :---: | :---: |
| P31 | MTLTVQA\|RQLL|SGI|V|QQ|Q|S|NL|L|RAIEA|Q|Q|H|MLQL|T|VWGI|KQL|QA|RVLALERYL|KDQQ |
| P32 | FNVTTNM $\mid$ RDKV $\mid$ QG $\mid$ A \| YAL $\mid$ F \| Y | K |LD | VVPI |
| P37 | LTVWGI \| KQLQA |
| Peptide | Proteasomal cleavages Type-II |
| P31 | MTLTVQ\|A|RQLLSGIVQQ|QSNLL|RAIEAQQH|ML|QL|T|VWGI|KQL|QA|RVLALER|Y|L|KDQQ |
| P32 | FNVTTNM \| RDKVQGA | YAL | FY | K |LDVVPI |
| P37 | LTVWGI \| KQLQA |
| P40 | MTLTVQ\| ARQL |
| Peptide | Proteasomal cleavages Type-II |
| P31 | MTLTVQ\|A|RQL|LSGIVQQQSNL|L|RAIEAQQ|H|ML|QL|TV|WGI|KQL|QA|RVLAL|ER|Y|L|KDQQ |
| P32 | FNVTTNM \| RDKV | QGA | YAL | FY | K |L| D | VVPI |
| P37 | LTVWGI \| KQLQA |
| P40 | MTLTVQ \| ARQL |

Table S2. Molecular, topological and chemical reactivity parameters calculated by the DFT method with a 6-311G** used to develop the QSAR models.

| Peptides |  | Descriptors |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Secuencias | $\boldsymbol{H} \boldsymbol{y}$ | $\boldsymbol{A M \boldsymbol { R }}$ | $\boldsymbol{A L O G P}$ | $\boldsymbol{I C R}$ | $\boldsymbol{Q} \boldsymbol{\text { tot }}$ | $\boldsymbol{E H O M O}$ | $\boldsymbol{I}$ |
| P2 | FYKLDVVPI | 7.776 | 285.854 | 3.308 | 3.968 | 17.844 | -8.37 | 8.37 |
| P6 | IRPVVSTQL | 7.576 | 204.841 | -1.86 | 3.848 | 13.468 | -9.07 | 9.07 |
| P10 | LGFLSAAGS | 8.743 | 267.271 | 1.108 | 4.032 | 18.202 | -8.57 | 8.57 |
| P16 | YKLDVVPID | 16.755 | 277.179 | -5.496 | 3.974 | 19.562 | -7.8 | 7.8 |
| P30 | FNSTWTRND | 11.574 | 254.704 | -1.643 | 3.902 | 16.484 | -9.4 | 9.4 |

$\boldsymbol{E}_{\text {номо }}=$ Energy of the HOMO orbital; $\boldsymbol{Q t o t}=$ total absolute charge; $\boldsymbol{A l o g} \boldsymbol{P}=$ Ghose-Crippen octanol-water partition coefficient; $\boldsymbol{A M R}=$ Molar refractivity; $\boldsymbol{I C R}=$ radial centric information index; $\boldsymbol{H} \boldsymbol{y}=$ hydrophilic factor; $\boldsymbol{I}=$ Ionization potential.

