Supporting Information

Palladium-Catalyzed Intramolecular Enantioselective C(*sp*³)-H Insertion of Donor/Donor Carbenes

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1. General information

Unless stated otherwise, all reactions were conducted in Schlenk tube under an inert atmosphere of dry N₂. All reactions that required heating were proceeded in oil bath. Commercially obtained reagents were used without purification. Reaction starting materials and ligands were prepared as depicted in the literature. ¹H, ¹³C, ¹⁹F NMR pectra were recorded on a Bruker AVANCE 400 (400 MHz for ¹H; 101 MHz for ¹³C; 376 MHz for ¹⁹F) or Bruker AVANCE 500 (500 MHz for ¹H; 126 MHz for ¹³C; 471 MHz for ¹⁹F). ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR chemical shifts were determined relative to internal standard TMS at δ 0.0 and δ 77.16. Chemical shifts (δ) are reported in ppm, and coupling constants (*J*) are in Hertz (Hz). The following abbreviations were used to explain the multiplicities: s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet, br = broad. Infrared (IR) spectra are recorded on a Nicolet 210 spectrophotometer and were recorded in potassium bromide (KBr) pellet. Mass spectra (HRMS) were obtained using ESI mass spectrometer. Melting points were determined using a hot stage apparatus. Diastereotopic ratios was determined by ¹H NMR. Enantiomeric ratios were determined by HPLC, using a chiralcel OD-H or INA and INC column with hexane and *i*-PrOH as solvents.

2. The synthesis of ligands and optimization of reaction conditions

2.1 The synthesis of ligands Cn-ACBP L5-L7

The synthesis of ligands L5-L7 were prepared according to the literature previously reported by Zhou and coworkers.^[1]

(R_a,S,S) -C2-ACBP (L5)



Known compound.^[1] 25% yield, white solid, m.p. = 193.8-195.7 °C, $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ = -122 (c 0.60, CH₂Cl₂), R_f = 0.10 (ethyl acetate). ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.58 (d, *J* = 4.1 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 4.6 Hz, 2H), 3.98 – 3.92 (m, 2H), 1.42 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.3, 149.5, 146.1, 130.1, 124.9, 85.2, 19.0.

(*R_a*,*S*,*S*)-C3-ACBP (L6)



Known compound.^[1] 51% yield, white solid, m.p. = 204.7-204.9 °C, $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ = -392 (c 0.72, CH₂Cl₂), R_f = 0.10 (ethyl acetate). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.46 (d, *J* = 4.1 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.31 – 7.25 (m, 2H), 4.68 – 4.58 (m, 2H), 1.98 – 1.93 (m, 2H), 1.43 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.1, 149.5, 144.4,

124.9, 123.9, 75.7, 41.8, 22.7.

(*Ra*,*S*,*S*)-C4-ACBP (L7)



Known compound.^[1] 17% yield, white solid, m.p. = 205.2-205.3 °C, $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ = -306 (c 0.48, CH₂Cl₂), R_f = 0.10 (ethyl acetate). ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.38 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 2H), 7.32 - 7.27 (m, 4H), 4.38 - 4.31 (m, 2H), 1.90 - 1.83 (m, 2H), 1.80 - 1.72 (m, 2H), 1.42 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.2, 146.6, 142.3, 123.9, 120.6, 80.6,

36.3, 22.5.

(Sa,R,R)-C3-ACBP (L6)



 (S_a, R, R) -C3-ACBP **L6** was synthesized identically to (R_a, S, S) -C3-ACBP **L6**.

Known compound.^[1] 56% yield, white solid, m.p. = 203.8-204.2 °C, $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ = 368 (c 0.64, CH₂Cl₂), R_f = 0.10 (ethyl acetate). ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃-*d*) δ 8.46 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.31 - 7.26 (m, 2H), 4.66 - 4.59 (m, 2H), 1.98 - 1.92 (m, 2H), 1.92 (m, 2H), 1.92 (m, 2H),

2H), 1.42 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.0, 149.4, 144.3, 124.8, 123.8, 75.6, 41.7, 22.6.

2.2 Condition optimization of enantioselective C(sp³)-H insertion reaction

Table S2-1. The screening for the enantioselective $C(sp^3)$ -H insertion reaction of $1a^{[a]}$



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35	$Pd(cod)Cl_2$	L6	PhCF ₃	1:2.3	49%	79%	-44%
36	$Pd(PPh_3)_2Cl_2$	L6	PhCF ₃	1:2.7	17%	6%	42%
37	PdCl ₂	L6	PhCF ₃	1.7:1	46%	85%	-10%
38	[Pd(allyl)Cl] ₂	L6	PhCF ₃	1:4.0	58%	32%	-2%
39	PdBr ₂	L6	PhCF ₃	1:2.2	57%	0	2%
40	Pd(CH ₃ CN) ₂ Cl ₂	L6	PhCF ₃	5.2:1	73%	94%	-21%
41	Pd(CH ₃ CN) ₂ Cl ₂	L1	PhCF ₃	1:3.0	69%	-12%	8%
42	$Pd(CH_3CN)_2Cl_2$	L2	PhCF ₃	1:2.4	62%	-7%	6%
43	Pd(CH ₃ CN) ₂ Cl ₂	L3	PhCF ₃	1:6.7	58%	4%	-3%
44	Pd(CH ₃ CN) ₂ Cl ₂	L4	PhCF ₃	1:8.1	76%	5%	20%
45	$Pd(CH_3CN)_2Cl_2$	L5	PhCF ₃	7.3:1	65%	95%	-12%
46	Pd(CH ₃ CN) ₂ Cl ₂	L7	PhCF ₃	2.8:1	57%	91%	-19%
47 ^[b]	Pd(CH ₃ CN) ₂ Cl ₂	L6	PhCF ₃	1:2.1	19%	4%	-2%

[a]**1a** was prepared in situ through the oxidization of hydrazone **S1a'** by MnO_2 (8.0 eq) and filtered followed by concentration; **1a** (0.1 mmol), [**1a**] = 0.033 M, rt; The yield was isolated yield; The *ee* values of **2a** were determined by HPLC using chiral stationary phase; The ratio of *cis/trans* was determined by ¹H NMR spectrum of the crude reaction mixture. [b] The reaction was conducted for four days without NaBAr^F.



Ph N Cisitrans > 99:1									
F	$ \begin{array}{c} & & \\ & & $	$ \begin{array}{c} $		$ \begin{array}{c} 4a \\ & & \\ & $					
entry	cat. (mol %)	add. (0.22 eq)	ligand	solvent	yield	ee			
1	Pd(PhCN) ₂ Cl ₂	NaBAr ^F	L1	toluene	82%	89%			
2	$Pd(PhCN)_2Cl_2$	NaBAr ^F	L2	toluene	86%	24%			
3	Pd(PhCN) ₂ Cl ₂	NaBAr ^F	L3	toluene	90%	0			
4	Pd(PhCN) ₂ Cl ₂	NaBAr ^F	L4	toluene	89%	39%			
5	$Pd(PhCN)_2Cl_2$	NaBAr ^F	L5	toluene	47%	10%			
6	Pd(PhCN) ₂ Cl ₂	NaBAr ^F	L6	toluene	37%	3%			
7	$Pd(PhCN)_2Cl_2$	NaBAr ^F	L7	toluene	51%	4%			
8	Pd(PhCN) ₂ Cl ₂	NaBAr ^F	L8	toluene	90%	0			
9	Pd(PhCN) ₂ Cl ₂	NaBAr ^F	L9	toluene	72%	7%			
10	Pd(dba) ₂	NaBAr ^F	L1	toluene	0	-			
11	$Pd(PPh_3)_4$	NaBAr ^F	L1	toluene	20%	0			
12	PdCl ₂	NaBAr ^F	L1	toluene	90%	10%			
13	PdCl ₂ (cod)	NaBAr ^F	L1	toluene	84%	66%			
14	Pd(CH ₃ CN) ₂ Cl ₂	NaBAr ^F	L1	toluene	87%	30%			
15	Pd(PhCN) ₂ Cl ₂	-	L1	toluene	85%	7%			
16	Pd(PhCN) ₂ Cl ₂	NaBAr ^F	L1	DCE	76%	20%			
17	Pd(PhCN) ₂ Cl ₂	NaBAr ^F	L1	CHCl ₃	44%	55%			
18	Pd(PhCN) ₂ Cl ₂	NaBAr ^F	L1	DCM	76%	11%			
19	Pd(PhCN) ₂ Cl ₂	NaBAr ^F	L1	THF	83%	53%			
20	Pd(PhCN) ₂ Cl ₂	NaBAr ^F	L1	PhCF ₃	61%	20%			
21	Pd(CH ₃ CN) ₂ Cl ₂	NaBAr ^F	L1	PhCF ₃	63%	8%			
22	Pd(CH ₃ CN) ₂ Cl ₂	NaBAr ^F	L2	PhCF ₃	79%	5%			
23	Pd(CH ₃ CN) ₂ Cl ₂	NaBAr ^F	L3	PhCF ₃	73%	1%			
24	Pd(CH ₃ CN) ₂ Cl ₂	NaBAr ^F	L4	PhCF ₃	69%	14%			
25	Pd(CH ₃ CN) ₂ Cl ₂	NaBAr ^F	L5	PhCF ₃	43%	3%			
26	Pd(CH ₃ CN) ₂ Cl ₂	NaBAr ^F	L6	PhCF ₃	43%	5%			
27	Pd(CH ₃ CN) ₂ Cl ₂	NaBAr ^F	L7	PhCF ₃	42%	3%			

Table S2-2. The screening for the enantioselective $C(sp^3)$ -H insertion reaction of enynone $3a^{[a]}$

[a] **3a** (0.1 mmol), [**3a**] = 0.2 M, 60°C; The yield was isolated yield; The *ee* values of **4a** were determined by HPLC using chiral stationary phase; The ratio of *cis/trans* was determined by ¹H NMR spectrum of the crude reaction mixture.

3. General procedure for preparation of hydrazones and diazo

compounds

Typical procedure for formation of 2-aminobenzophenones (precursor of S1w'&S1x')^[2]

A Schlenk tube was charged with 2-aminobenzonitrile (1.0 equiv.), arylboronic acids (2.0 equiv.), $Pd(TFA)_2$ (5 mol%), 5,5'-dimethyl-2,2'-dipyridyl (7.5 mol%), MsOH (10.0 equiv.) THF: $H_2O=2:1$ (0.5 M) at room temperature. The reaction mixture was stirred vigorously at 80 °C for 24-36 h. The mixture was poured into ethyl acetate, which was washed with saturated NaHCO₃ and then brine. After the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate, the combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography to yield the desired products.

Typical procedure for acetylation of 2-aminobenzophenones (precursor of S1aa')

To a solution of 2-aminobenzophenones (1.0 equiv.) and Et_3N (2.2 equiv.) in DCM (0.5 M) at 0°C under nitrogen was added Ac_2O (1.2 equiv.) dropwise. The resulting mixture was allowed to warm up to room temperature and stirred until the reaction was completed by TLC. Water was added and the organic phase was separated. Aqueous phase was extracted with DCM twice. The combined organic phase was washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification of the crude product by flash column chromatography to yield the desired acetylated 2-aminobenzophenones.

Typical procedure for sulfonylation of 2-aminobenzophenones or 2-aminoacetophenone

To a solution of 2-aminobenzophenones or 2-aminoacetophenone (1.0 equiv.) in DCM (0.5M) at 0 °C was added pyridine (1.5 equiv.) and tosyl chloride or methanesulfonyl chloride (1.5 equiv.). The reaction was allowed to come to room temperature while stirring overnight. Water was added to the reaction and the layers were separated. The organic layer was washed with water and brine, then dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*, and purified by flash column chromatography to yield the desired sulfonylated products.

Typical procedure for benzylation or alkylation of amides

To a flame-dried flask was added the sulfonylated or acetylated 2-aminobenzophenones (1.0 equiv.), anhydrous K_2CO_3 or Cs_2CO_3 (2.5 equiv.) and anhydrous acetonitrile (0.5 M). The desired benzyl bromide or alkyl bromide (1.5 equiv) was added dropwise and the reaction was heated to ranging 60°C from 80°C overnight. The K_2CO_3 or Cs_2CO_3 was removed by filtraltion and washed with ethyl acetate twice. Then the acetonitrile in filtrate was removed *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate and washed with H_2O and brine. The organic layer was dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*, and purified by flash column chromatography to yield the desired benzylated or alkylated amides **S1a-S1y**, **S1aa-S1ab**.

Typical procedure for dibenzylation of 2-aminobenzophenones

To a flame-dried flask was added the 2-aminobenzophenone (1.0 equiv.), anhydrous K_2CO_3 (5.0 equiv.) and anhydrous acetonitrile (0.5 M). Benzyl bromide (3.0 equiv) was added dropwise and the reaction was heated to 80°C overnight. The K_2CO_3 was removed by filtraltion and washed with ethyl acetate twice. Then the solvent in filtrate was removed *in vacuo* and the residue was purified by flash column chromatography to yield the desired dibenzylated amine **S1ac** as bright yellow oil.

Typical procedure for formation of hydrazones^[3]

To a flame-dried flask was added anhydrous 1-butanol or ethanol (0.5 M) along with the desired

both amidated and benzylated or alkylated **S1a-S1y**, **S1aa-S1ab** as well as dibenzylated **S1ac**. (1.0 equiv.). Glacial acetic acid (0.5 to 2.0 equiv.) was added followed by hydrazine hydrate (5.0 to 10.0 equiv.), and the reaction was heated to 100-120°C reflux for 18-120 h upon completion by TLC. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate and washed with H₂O and brine. The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*, and purified by flash column chromatography to yield the desired hydrazones **S1a'-S1y'**. Most notably, if ethanol was used, removing *in vacuo* was required first. *Note: Hydrazones were often isolated as a mixture of E/Z isomers or were used without further purification.* Therefore, ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR peaks have been reported only for major isomer of hydrazones (slightly larger R_f value, major isomer). However, due to obataining an inseparable mixture of two isomers, NMR spectrogram of **S1aa** were characterized in the form of mixed spectrum.



.Ts

Compound S1a: 99% yield, white solid, m.p. = 105.4-107.0 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.60 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.30 – 7.23 (m, 5H), 7.22 – 7.18 (m, 3H), 6.97 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 6.94 – 6.90 (m, 1H), 4.96 (s, 2H), 2.21 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.1, 143.3, 139.6, 137.0, 136.9,

136.8, 136.1, 133.0, 133.0, 130.7, 130.6, 130.2, 129.9, 129.3, 128.3, 128.1, 127.9, 127.8, 127.4, 56.8, 21.5. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3062, 3031, 1668, 1597, 1489, 1448, 1343, 1289, 1264, 1215, 1160, 1092, 1055, 932, 860, 814, 733, 703, 657, 562. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{27}H_{23}NNaO_3S$ (M+Na)⁺ 464.1291, found 464.1283.



Compound S1b: 90% yield, white solid, m.p. = 148.1-149.5 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.59 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.31 – 7.24 (m, 3H), 7.10 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.03 – 6.91 (m, 5H), 4.90 (s, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 2.22 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.0, 143.2, 139.7, 137.5, 137.1, 137.0,

136.9, 133.00, 132.96, 132.9, 130.7, 130.7, 130.2, 129.8, 129.3, 129.0, 128.0, 127.9, 127.4, 56.6, 21.5, 21.3. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3059, 3029, 2923, 1669, 1596, 1487, 1447, 1344, 1290, 1264, 1160, 1092, 1057, 932, 863, 814, 765, 704, 657, 576, 547. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{28}H_{26}NO_3S$ (M+H)⁺ 456.1628, found 456.1630.





-Bu

Compound S1c: 97% yield, white solid, m.p. = 107.5-108.5 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.61 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.31 – 7.24 (m, 3H), 7.15 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.05 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 6.99 – 6.91 (m, 3H), 4.92 (s, 2H), 2.83 (hept, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.20 (s, 3H), 1.19 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 6H). ¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.1, 148.4, 143.1, 139.6, 137.3, 137.0, 136.9, 133.5, 133.0, 132.9, 130.7,

130.6, 130.2, 129.8, 129.3, 128.0, 127.9, 127.4, 126.3, 56.7, 33.8, 24.0, 21.5. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3060, 2961, 2871, 1669, 1597, 1487, 1447, 1344, 1289, 1264, 1160, 1092, 1058, 932, 864, 815, 765, 733, 705, 657, 575, 548. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₃₀H₃₀NO₃S (M+H)⁺ 484.1941, found 484.1937.



Compound S1d: 99% yield, white solid, m.p. = 125.4-127.4 °C, $R_f = 0.6$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.66 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.37 – 7.30 (m, 3H), 7.30 – 7.17 (m, 4H), 7.06 – 7.01 (m, 1H), 6.99 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 4.97 (s, 2H), 2.24 (s, 3H), 1.31 (s, 9H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.1, 150.7, 143.1, 139.5, 137.3, 137.0, 136.9, 133.1, 133.0, 132.9, 130.7, 130.6, 130.2, 129.4, 129.2,

128.1, 127.9, 127.4, 125.2, 56.6, 34.5, 31.4, 21.5. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3062, 2961, 2868, 1669, 1596, 1485, 1446, 1402, 1344, 1289, 1264, 1160, 1092, 1060, 931, 863, 812, 704, 652, 573, 548. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₃₁H₃₁NNaO₃S (M+Na)⁺ 520.1917, found 520.1911.



ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.60 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.55 – 7.50 (m, 3H), 7.48 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.45 – 7.38 (m, 4H), 7.37 – 7.26 (m, 8H), 7.05 – 7.00 (m, 1H), 6.97 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.99 (s, 2H), 2.21 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.1, 143.3, 140.7, 140.6, 139.6, 137.2, 137.0, 136.8, 135.2, 133.0, 130.8, 130.6, 130.3, 130.2, 129.4, 128.8, 128.1, 127.9, 127.5, 127.4,

127.1, 127.0, 56.6, 21.5. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3060, 3031, 2924, 1669, 1597, 1487, 1447, 1408, 1345, 1290, 1265, 1160, 1092, 1058, 932, 864, 762, 735, 702, 657, 568, 546. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{33}H_{28}NO_3S$ (M+H)⁺ 518.1785, found 518.1785.



.18.145 518.15 518.155 518.16 518.165 518.17 518.175 518.18 518.185 518.19 518.195 518.2 518.205 518.21 Counts vs. Mass-to-Charge (m/z)

Compound S1f: 66% yield, white solid, m.p. = 118.3-120.3 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.58 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.30 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.25 – 7.15 (m, 5H), 7.01 – 6.92 (m, 3H), 6.63 (dd, J = 17.6, 10.9 Hz, 1H), 5.68 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (s, 2H), 2.21 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.0, 143.3, 139.6, 137.1, 137.0, 136.9, 136.7, 136.6, 135.7, 132.9,

132.9, 130.7, 130.6, 130.2, 130.0, 129.3, 128.1, 127.9, 127.5, 126.2, 114.0, 56.5, 21.5. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3060, 1669, 1596, 1487, 1447, 1344, 1289, 1264, 1216, 1160, 1092, 1058, 931, 863, 816, 735, 704, 657, 575, 547. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{39}H_{25}NNaO_3S$ (M+Na)⁺ 490.1447, found 490.1445.





SMe

Compound S1g: 99% yield, white solid, m.p. = 110.2-112.4 °C, $R_f = 0.2$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.59 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.31 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.13 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.98 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.94 – 6.89 (m, 1H), 6.71 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 4.88 (s, 2H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 2.22 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.1, 159.3, 143.2, 139.7, 136.97, 136.96, 136.9, 133.0, 132.9, 131.2, 130.6, 130.1,

129.3, 128.2, 128.1, 127.9, 127.4, 113.6, 56.3, 55.2, 21.5. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3061, 2956, 2837, 1669, 1596, 1514, 1447, 1343, 1288, 1250, 1159, 1092, 1034, 932, 864, 816, 762, 735, 704, 657, 576, 548. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{28}H_{26}NO_4S$ (M+H)⁺ 472.1577, found 472.1579.



Compound S1h: 99% yield, white solid, m.p. = 109.8-111.9 °C, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃)) δ 7.58 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.32 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.15 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.06 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.01 – 6.91 (m, 3H), 4.89 (s, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 2.21 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.0, 143.3, 139.6, 138.1, 137.0, 136.9, 136.7, 133.0, 132.9, 132.8, 130.7, 130.6, 130.3, 130.2, 129.3, 128.0, 127.9, 127.5,

126.2, 56.4, 21.5, 15.6. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3060, 2921, 1668, 1597, 1490, 1445, 1344, 1289, 1264, 1160, 1092, 1055, 932, 863, 812, 767, 735, 704, 657, 572, 546. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{28}H_{26}NO_3S_2(M+H)^+$ 488.1349, found 488.1346.



Compound S1i: 99% yield, white solid, m.p. = $132.2-133.4 \,^{\circ}$ C, $R_f = 0.4$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.78 – 7.71 (m, 1H), 7.71 – 7.63 (m, 2H), 7.57 (d, $J = 8.3 \,\text{Hz}$, 3H), 7.54 – 7.44 (m, 4H), 7.44 – 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.30 (t, $J = 7.7 \,\text{Hz}$, 2H), 7.28 – 7.17 (m, 3H), 7.02 – 6.91 (m, 3H), 5.11 (s, 2H), 2.20 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.1, 143.3, 139.6, 137.1, 136.9, 136.8, 133.6, 133.2, 132.98, 132.95, 132.9, 130.8, 130.6, 130.2, 129.4, 128.9, 128.1, 128.00, 127.96, 127.96, 127.7,

127.5, 127.5, 126.04, 126.01, 57.0, 21.5. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3059, 1668, 1597, 1487, 1447, 1400, 1344, 1289, 1264, 1160, 1092, 1066, 933, 896, 859, 817, 759, 734, 705, 660, 575, 547, 476. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{31}H_{26}NO_3S$ (M+H)⁺ 492.1628, found 492.1629.



Counts vs. Mass-to-Charge (m/z)

Compound S1j: 65% yield, white solid, m.p. = 117.7-118.7 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.59 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.54 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.32 – 7.20 (m, 5H), 6.97 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 6.94 – 6.83 (m, 3H), 4.92 (s, 2H), 2.21 (s, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -114.39. ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.0, 162.4 (d, J = 246.1 Hz), 143.4, 139.6, 136.8, 136.5, 133.0, 132.8, 131.9 (d, J = 3.2 Hz), 131.6 (d, J = 8.2

Hz), 130.7, 130.6, 130.2, 129.4, 128.1, 127.8, 127.5, 115.2 (d, J = 21.3 Hz), 56.0, 21.5. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3065, 1669, 1599, 1510, 1446, 1345, 1289, 1264, 1223, 1160, 1093, 1058, 932, 860, 764, 735, 704, 657, 575, 547. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₃FNO₃S (M+H)⁺ 460.1377, found 460.1375.



130.3, 129.4, 128.5, 128.1, 127.9, 127.6, 56.1, 21.5. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3062, 2924, 1669, 1596, 1490, 1446, 1409, 1347, 1290, 1265, 1161, 1091, 1060, 932, 863, 813, 704, 657, 572, 546. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{27}H_{23}CINO_3S$ (M+H)⁺ 476.1082, found 476.1072; isotopic peak: **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{27}H_{23}CINO_3S$ (M+H)⁺ 478.1053, found 478.1052.



Compound S1I: 80% yield, white solid, m.p. = 138.7-140.1 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.57 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.32 – 7.23 (m, 5H), 7.13 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.01 – 6.91 (m, 3H), 4.89 (s, 2H), 2.20 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.8, 143.4, 139.5, 136.8, 136.7, 136.3, 135.1, 133.0,

132.5, 131.5, 131.4, 130.8, 130.5, 130.2, 129.3, 128.0, 127.8, 127.5, 121.9, 56.0, 21.5. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3063, 1668, 1596, 1487, 1446, 1403, 1346, 1289, 1263, 1160, 1091, 1068, 1011, 931, 862, 813, 765, 735, 703, 657, 637, 570, 545. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{27}H_{22}BrNNaO_3S$ (M+Na)⁺ 542.0396, found 542.0406; isotopic peak: **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{27}H_{22}BrNNaO_3S$ (M+Na)⁺ 544.0376, found 544.0364.





Compound S1m: 59% yield, white solid, m.p. = 130.3-133.4 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.57 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.54 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.33 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.03 – 6.92 (m, 5H), 4.87 (s, 2H), 2.21 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.9, 143.4, 139.5, 137.4, 136.9, 136.8, 136.4, 135.8, 133.0, 132.5, 131.7, 130.8, 130.6, 130.3, 129.4, 128.1, 127.9 127.6, 93.8, 56.2, 21.5. **IR** (KBr,

cm⁻¹) 3060, 2924, 1669, 1596, 1485, 1448, 1346, 1289, 1264, 1161, 1091, 1061, 1008, 932, 863, 814, 735, 704, 657, 569, 546. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₃INNaO₃S (M+Na)⁺ 590.0257, found 590.0259.





Compound S1n: 91% yield, white solid, m.p. = 149.2-151.5 °C, $R_f = 0.6$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.59 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.54 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.49 – 7.40 (m, 6H), 7.36 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.34 – 7.28 (m, 3H), 7.01 – 6.94 (m, 3H), 5.01 (s, 2H), 2.21 (s, 3H). ¹⁹**F NMR** (471 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -62.46. ¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.0, 143.6, 140.3, 139.5, 137.1, 136.8, 136.3, 133.1, 132.6, 131.0, 130.6, 130.4, 130.00, 129.99 (q, J = 32.3 Hz), 129.4, 128.1,

127.9, 127.7, 125.3 (q, J = 3.6 Hz), 124.2 (q, J = 272.2 Hz), 56.4, 21.5. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3127, 1669, 1597, 1487, 1446, 1401, 1325, 1289, 1162, 1120, 1067, 1019, 932, 862, 815, 704, 657, 638, 570, 545. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₈H₂₃F₃NO₃S (M+H)⁺ 510.1345, found 510.1345.





Compound S10: 95% yield, white solid, m.p. = 110.1-112.9 °C, $R_f = 0.6$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.60 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.33 – 7.26 (m, 5H), 7.05 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.99 – 6.92 (m, 3H), 4.96 (s, 2H), 2.19 (s, 3H). ¹⁹**F NMR** (471 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -57.76. ¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.0, 148.8(d, J = 1.4 Hz), 143.5, 139.5, 137.0, 136.8, 136.5, 135.0, 133.1, 132.6, 131.2, 130.8, 130.6, 130.3, 129.4,

128.1, 127.8, 127.6, 120.6, 120.5 (q, J = 257.0 Hz), 56.1, 21.42. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3063, 1670, 1597, 1509, 1447, 1347, 1261, 1222, 1162, 1092, 1061, 931, 862, 815, 764, 735, 704, 657, 571, 546. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₈H₂₂F₃NNaO₄S (M+Na)⁺ 548.1114, found 548.1102.



CO₂Me **Compound S1p**: 99% yield, white solid, m.p. = 133.1-135.1 °C, $R_f = 0.2$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.88 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.54 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.40 – 7.31 (m, 4H), 7.32 – 7.27 (m, 3H), 6.98 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.95 – 6.90 (m, 1H), 5.01 (s, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 2.22 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.0, 167.0, 143.5, 141.4,

139.5, 136.9, 136.8, 136.5, 133.1, 132.8, 130.9, 130.7, 130.4, 129.8, 129.7, 129.6, 129.4, 128.1, 127.9, 127.6, 56.5, 52.2, 21.5. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3064, 2952, 1721, 1669, 1597, 1441, 1347, 1283, 1161, 1110, 932, 865, 760, 705, 657, 571, 546. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{29}H_{26}NO_5S$ (M+H)⁺ 500.1526, found 500.1530.



500.1 500.125 500.15 500.175 500.2 500.225 500.25 500.275 500.3 500.325 500.35 500.375 500.4 Counts vs. Mass-to-Charge (m/z)



Compound S1q: 87% yield, white solid, m.p. = 122.8-126.5 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.64 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.51 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.31 – 7.25 (m, 3H), 7.20 – 7.12 (m, 1H), 7.04 – 6.93 (m, 4H), 6.85 (t, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 5.03 (s, 2H), 2.21 (s, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -117.62. ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ

194.9, 161.14 (d, J = 247.7 Hz), 143.3, 139.7, 137.1, 137.0, 136.3, 132.8, 132.4 (d, J = 3.6 Hz), 131.9, 130.7, 130.6, 130.2, 129.73 (d, J = 8.2 Hz), 129.3, 128.0, 127.8, 127.5, 124.0 (d, J = 3.7 Hz), 123.1 (d, J = 14.4 Hz), 115.0 (d, J = 21.8 Hz), 49.6, 21.4. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3063, 1669, 1597, 1493, 1450, 1346, 1289, 1265, 1230, 1160, 1111, 1091, 1060, 933, 865, 814, 762, 736, 704, 657, 639, 611, 570, 547. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₂FNNaO₃S (M+Na)⁺ 482.1196 found 482.1189.





Compound S1r: 82% yield, white solid, m.p. = 159.3-165.0 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.68 (dd, J = 7.3, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.32 – 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.22 – 7.11 (m, 3H), 7.05 – 6.98 (m, 3H), 5.16 (s, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.9, 143.5, 139.6, 137.2, 137.0, 136.2,

134.5, 133.8, 132.9, 132.3, 132.2, 131.0, 130.7, 130.5, 129.4, 129.3, 129.2, 128.1, 128.0, 127.5, 127.1, 127.0, 53.5, 21.6. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3062, 1668, 1594, 1483, 1444, 1345, 1291, 1260, 1160, 1093, 1039, 931, 857, 813, 756, 702, 655, 610, 566. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{27}H_{23}CINO_3S$ (M+H)⁺ 476.1082, found 476.1079; isotopic peak: **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{27}H_{23}CINO_3S$ (M+H)⁺ 478.1053, found 478.1059.



Compound S1s: 90% yield, white solid, m.p. = 113.0-114.6 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.60 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.54 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.33 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.21 – 7.14 (m, 1H), 7.05 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.02 – 6.94 (m, 4H), 6.89 (td, J = 8.5, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.95 (s, 2H), 2.20 (s, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -113.10. ¹³C

NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.0, 162.7 (d, J = 245.9 Hz), 143.5, 139.5, 138.8 (d, J = 7.2 Hz), 136.9 (d, J = 10.9 Hz), 136.6, 133.1, 132.9, 130.9, 130.7, 130.3, 129.9, 129.8, 129.4, 128.1, 127.9, 127.6, 125.4 (d, J = 2.8 Hz), 116.6 (d, J = 21.2 Hz), 114.8 (d, J = 21.1 Hz), 56.4, 21.5. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3063, 1669, 1595, 1487, 1448, 1347, 1289, 1261, 1161, 1092, 1057, 933, 875, 767, 737, 706, 658, 566. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₃FNO₃S (M+H)⁺ 460.1377, found 460.1371.





Compound S1t: 99% yield, white solid, m.p. = 105.4-107.3 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1).¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.61 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.54 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.34 – 7.27 (m, 5H), 7.22 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.01 – 6.92 (m, 3H), 4.91 (s, 2H), 2.21 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.0, 143.5, 139.6, 138.5, 136.9, 136.8,

136.6, 133.1, 132.8, 132.6, 130.9, 130.8, 130.6, 130.3, 129.9, 129.4, 128.4, 128.1, 127.8, 127.7, 122.3, 56.3, 21.5. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3061, 2924, 1669, 1596, 1574, 1482, 1448, 1346, 1290, 1264, 1211, 1161, 1094, 1067, 933, 845, 813, 788, 766, 735, 705, 660, 639, 564. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{27}H_{22}BrNNaO_3S$ (M+Na)⁺ 542.0396, found 542.0398; isotopic peak: **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{27}H_{22}BrNNaO_3S$ (M+Na)⁺ 544.0376, found 544.0372.



Compound S1u: 97% yield, white solid, m.p. = 111.4-112.5 °C, $R_f = 0.6$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.77 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.48 – 7.37 (m, 5H), 7.38 – 7.30 (m, 2H), 7.19 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 3.45 (d, J = 34.3 Hz, 2H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 1.82 (hept, J = 6.8 Hz,

1H), 0.90 (s, 6H). ¹³**C** NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.00, 143.3, 140.1, 138.1, 137.1, 135.9, 133.0, 130.8, 130.8, 130.3, 130.2, 129.3, 128.1, 128.0, 127.1, 60.0, 27.2, 21.6, 20.6. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3061, 2958, 2871, 1672, 1596, 1487, 1447, 1346, 1289, 1262, 1159, 1090, 1061, 926, 850, 815, 771, 735, 705, 657, 638, 575, 548. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₄H₂₅NNaO₃S (M+Na)⁺ 430.1447, found 430.1438.





Compound S1v: 96% yield, white solid, m.p. = 105.5-106.8 °C, $R_f = 0.6$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.76 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.54 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.48 – 7.31 (m, 7H), 7.21 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.46 (s, 2H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 1.85 – 1.40 (m, 6H), 1.21 – 1.05 (m, 3H), 0.92 – 0.77 (m, 2H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.0, 143.27, 140.1, 138.3, 137.2, 136.1,

133.0, 130.8, 130.6, 130.2, 129.3, 128.1, 128.1, 127.1, 59.1, 36.2, 31.2, 26.5, 25.8, 21.6. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3062, 2924, 2851, 1672, 1597, 1487, 1447, 1347, 1290, 1263, 1162, 1092, 1042, 932, 879, 821, 770, 734, 705, 657, 637, 579. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{27}H_{30}NO_3S$ (M+H)⁺ 448.1941, found 448.1940.





Compound S1w: 84% yield, white solid, m.p. = 117.5-119.1 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.50 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.33 – 7.13 (m, 10H), 7.01 – 6.88 (m, 3H), 4.97 (s, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 2.20 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.8, 143.9, 143.2, 139.9, 136.9, 136.8, 136.2, 134.4, 133.2, 130.8, 130.5, 130.1, 129.9, 129.3, 128.8, 128.3, 127.9,

127.8, 127.4, 56.9, 21.8, 21.5. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3031, 2923, 1664, 1603, 1488, 1448, 1342, 1291, 1265, 1214, 1159, 1092, 1055, 931, 861, 814, 776, 726, 698, 656, 607, 561. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{28}H_{25}NNaO_3S$ (M+Na)⁺ 478.1447, found 478.1440.



ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.54 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.38 – 7.25 (m, 4H), 7.27 – 7.16 (m, 6H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 6.95 – 6.86 (m, 1H), 4.94 (s, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 193.8, 143.5, 139.5, 139.4, 137.0, 136.6, 135.9, 135.3, 132.6, 132.0, 130.9, 129.9,

129.8, 129.4, 128.4, 128.3, 127.9, 127.5, 56.8, 21.5. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3064, 1671, 1590, 1486, 1448, 1400, 1344, 1290, 1263, 1215, 1160, 1091, 1056, 1020, 930, 860, 815, 777, 736, 656, 562. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{27}H_{22}CINNaO_3S$ (M+Na)⁺ 498.0901, found 498.0902; isotopic peak: **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{27}H_{22}CINNaO_3S$ (M+Na)⁺ 500.0872, found 500.0865.

CI



Compound S1y: Yield: 94%, white solid, m.p. = 118.4-119.7 °C, $R_f = 0.4$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.55 (dd, J = 7.5, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.33 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.25 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.23 – 7.16 (m, 5H), 6.74 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (s, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 2.33 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.4, 143.8, 141.4, 136.3, 135.5, 135.2, 131.2, 129.9, 129.53, 129.45, 129.4,

128.4, 128.3, 128.1, 128.0, 55.7, 29.9, 21.6. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3065, 3032, 1691, 1596, 1488, 1447, 1348, 1285, 1243, 1162, 1090, 1042, 859, 816, 784, 739, 702, 655, 601, 562. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{22}H_{22}NO_3S$ (M+H)⁺ 380.1315, found 380.1313.



380.123 380.124 380.125 380.126 380.127 380.128 380.129 380.13 380.131 380.132 380.133 380.134 380.135 380.136 Counts vs. Mass-to-Charge (m/z)

Compound S1aa: 88% yield, white solid, m.p. = 61.1-63.6 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 2:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.73 – 7.66 (m, 2H), 7.58 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.47 – 7.37 (m, 5H), 7.17 – 7.04 (m, 5H), 6.94 – 6.91 (m, 1H), 5.26 (d, J = 14.5 Hz, 2H), 4.17 (d, J = 14.4 Hz, 2H), 1.93 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.8, 170.7, 140.9, 137.0, 136.9, 136.5, 133.4, 131.4, 130.9, 130.0, 129.9, 129.0,

128.4, 128.1, 127.5, 127.3, 52.7, 22.9. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3062, 3030, 2928, 1664, 1596, 1487, 1448, 1339, 1357, 1314, 1287, 1214, 1072, 932, 762, 733, 705, 637. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{22}H_{19}NNaO_2$ (M+Na)⁺ 352.1308, found 352.1302.



Compound S1ab: 99% yield, white solid, m.p. = 85.3-86.4 °C, $R_f = 0.6$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.77 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.41 – 7.29 (m, 3H), 7.26 – 7.18 (m, 6H), 4.73 (s, 2H), 2.85 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.9, 138.6, 137.5, 137.0, 135.9, 133.6, 133.1, 131.0, 130.5, 130.0, 129.4, 128.54, 128.47, 128.0, 127.5,

55.9, 40.5. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3062, 3031, 2933, 1667, 1595, 1488, 148, 1337, 1289, 1264, 1151, 1063, 960, 932, 861, 778, 703, 638, 540, 518. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{21}H_{19}NNaO_3S$ (M+Na)⁺ 388.0978, found 388.0975.

Ms







Compound S1a': 46% yield, yellowish white solid, m.p. = 139.7-141.2 °C, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.53 – 7.41 (m, 5H), 7.39 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.32 – 7.22 (m, 3H), 7.18 – 7.03 (m, 4H), 6.99 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 6.71 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 5.52 (s, 2H), 4.37 (d, J = 14.8 Hz, 1H), 3.99 (d, J = 14.5 Hz, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H). ¹³**C** NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.1,

143.6, 138.6, 138.5, 136.9, 134.9, 134.8, 131.8, 131.3, 129.7, 129.6, 129.4, 129.2, 128.4, 128.2, 128.0, 127.7, 126.3, 54.9, 21.6. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3408, 3299, 3061, 3032, 2925, 1596, 1494, 1447, 1331, 1268, 1213, 1159, 1090, 1033, 858, 816, 771, 736, 698, 658, 609, 566. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{27}H_{26}N_3O_2S$ (M+H)⁺ 456.1740, found 456.1737.

 H_2N



(performance energy accure -5.1). In Here (466 MHz, CDCl₃) $_{0}$ $_{7.57}$ $_{-7.51}$ (III, 7H), 7.26 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 7.20 $_{-7.08}$ (m, 3H), 6.78 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 6.56 (s, 2H), 5.59 (s, 2H), 4.31 (d, J = 14.6 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (d, J = 14.0 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 2.20 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) $_{0}$ 147.2, 143.6, 138.6, 138.5, 137.4, 136.9, 135.0, 131.8, 131.7, 131.3, 129.7, 129.6, 129.4, 129.2, 128.7, 128.4, 128.3, 128.1, 126.3,

54.8, 21.6, 21.1. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3409, 3299, 3057, 2923, 1594, 1488, 1444, 1330, 1266, 1157, 1089, 1042, 861, 813, 737, 696, 657, 572, 547. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{28}H_{27}N_3NaO_2S$ (M+Na)⁺ 492.1716, found 492.1709.



Compound S1c': 29% yield, yellowish white foam, m.p. = 65.9-69.9 °C, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.55 – 7.36 (m, 7H), 7.36 – 7.19 (m, 4H), 7.09 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 6.82 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 6.59 (s, 2H), 5.28 (s, 2H), 4.30 (d, J = 14.4 Hz, 1H), 4.04 (d, J = 13.5 Hz, 1H), 2.75 (hept, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.15 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 6H). ¹³C **NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.4, 147.4, 143.4, 139.1, 138.6, 137.2, 134.9, 132.1, 131.6, 131.4, 129.9, 129.8,

129.29, 129.26, 128.43, 128.40, 128.3, 126.4, 126.1, 55.2, 33.8, 24.04, 24.00, 21.6. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3410, 3300, 3059, 2961, 2927, 1596, 1488, 1444, 1329, 1157, 1090, 1058, 863, 840, 815, 769, 736, 694, 657, 572, 547. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{30}H_{32}N_3O_2S$ (M+H)⁺ 498.2210, found 498.2209.

 H_2N



Compound S1d': 82% yield, yellowish white foam, m.p. = 63.6-66.5 °C, $R_f = 0.4$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.53 – 7.45 (m, 3H), 7.44 – 7.37 (m, 4H), 7.33 – 7.24 (m, 4H), 7.06 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 6.97 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 6.59 (s, 2H), 5.56 (s, 2H), 4.30 (d, J = 14.2 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (d, J = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 1.21 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 150.6, 147.3, 143.3, 139.3, 138.6, 137.2, 134.9, 131.7, 131.5, 131.3, 129.9, 129.5, 129.3, 129.2, 128.42, 128.35, 128.3,

126.4, 124.9, 55.2, 34.5, 31.4, 21.6. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3408, 3229, 3059, 2962, 2869, 1596, 1488, 1445, 1130, 1267, 1158, 1090, 1024, 863, 813, 768, 737, 698, 657, 572, 549. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{31}H_{33}N_3NaO_2S$ (M+Na)⁺ 534.2185, found 534.2177.

 H_2N

Ph

 H_2N



Compound S1e': 58% yield, yellowish white foam, m.p. = 92.1-98.4 °C, $R_f = 0.2$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.53 – 7.37 (m, 11H), 7.35 – 7.25 (m, 5H), 7.18 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.11 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 6.72 (s, 2H), 5.54 (s, 2H), 4.36 (d, J = 14.6 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (d, J = 14.3 Hz, 1H), 2.35 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.3, 143.6, 140.7, 140.6, 139.1, 138.6, 137.0, 135.0, 133.8, 131.54, 131.45, 130.1, 130.0, 129.39, 129.36, 128.9, 128.5, 128.5, 128.3, 127.5, 127.0,

126.7, 126.4, 55.2, 21.6. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3407, 3298, 3058, 1596, 1487, 1444, 1406, 1329, 1265, 1157, 1089, 1043, 843, 815, 765, 737, 698, 658, 569, 545. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{33}H_{29}N_3NaO_2S$ (M+Na)⁺ 554.1872, found 554.1875.



 $H_2N_N N^{TS} = 7.8$

 H_2N

Compound S1f': 71% yield, yellowish white foam, m.p. = 182.4-218.9 °C, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.57 – 7.33 (m, 8H), 7.29 – 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.18 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 6.70 – 6.49 (m, 3H), 5.63 (d, *J* = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.39 (s, 2H), 5.18 (d, *J* = 10.9 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (d, *J* = 14.6 Hz, 1H), 4.04 (d, *J* = 14.2 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.2, 143.7, 138.7, 138.6, 137.0, 136.8, 136.4, 135.0, 134.3,

131.6, 131.4, 129.83, 129.79, 129.4, 129.3, 128.41, 128.39, 128.2, 126.3, 125.8, 114.0, 54.9, 21.6. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3408, 3300, 3058, 2924, 1627, 1596, 1512, 1488, 1444, 1407, 1330, 1268, 1214, 1158, 1089, 1043, 993, 911, 847, 817, 770, 736, 695, 659, 573, 546. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{29}H_{28}N_3O_2S$ (M+H)⁺ 482.1897, found 482.1888.



Compound S1g': 36% yield, yellowish white foam, m.p. = 57.7-74.9 °C, $R_f = 0.4$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 2:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.56 – 7.46 (m, 3H), 7.45 – 7.39 (m, 3H), 7.37 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.30 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.16 (d, J = 7.4Hz, 2H), 7.12 (s, 1H), 6.59 (s, 2H), 6.50 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.59 (s, 2H), 4.27 (d, J =14.6 Hz, 1H), 3.94 (d, J = 11.8 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 2.40 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.2, 147.4, 143.6, 138.7, 138.5, 137.0, 135.1, 131.9, 131.4, 131.0, 129.8.

CDCl₃) δ 159.2, 147.4, 143.6, 138.7, 138.5, 137.0, 135.1, 131.9, 131.4, 131.0, 129.8, 129.4, 129.3, 128.5, 128.4, 128.3, 126.8, 126.4, 113.4, 55.2, 54.5, 21.6. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3406, 3300, 3061, 2934, 1609, 1513, 1488, 1444, 1328, 1248, 1157, 1113, 1089, 1034, 949, 861, 840, 816, 771, 735, 693, 657, 573, 548. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₈H₂₈N₃O₃S (M+H)⁺ 486.1846, found 486.1842.



Compound S1h': 79% yield, yellowish white foam, m.p. = 60.1-66.3 °C, $R_f = 0.15$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 – 7.33 (m, 7H), 7.31 – 7.22 (m, 3H), 7.18 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 6.82 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 6.63 – 6.50 (m, 2H), 5.10 (s, 2H), 4.27 (d, J = 14.6 Hz, 1H), 4.03 (d, J = 14.5 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 2.37 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.2, 143.6, 138.7, 138.5, 138.1, 136.7, 134.9, 131.5, 131.3, 130.0, 129.8, 129.4, 129.3, 128.4, 128.2,

126.2, 125.8, 54.8, 21.6, 15.6. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3408, 3300, 3058, 2924, 1627, 1596, 1512, 1488, 1444, 1407, 1330, 1268, 1214, 1158, 1089, 1043, 993, 949, 911, 847, 817, 770, 736, 695, 659, 573, 546. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{28}H_{28}N_3O_2S_2$ (M+H)⁺ 502.1618, found 502.1608.

H₂N

H₂N

N



Compound S1i': 70% yield, yellowish white foam, m.p. = 77.0-86.9 °C, $R_f = 0.2$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.69 – 7.64 (m, 1H), 7.53 – 7.35 (m, 12H), 7.32 – 7.20 (m, 3H), 7.03 – 6.95 (m, 3H), 6.81 – 6.69 (m, 1H), 5.21 (s, 2H), 4.49 (d, J = 14.5 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (d, J = 14.6 Hz, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.4, 143.7, 139.2, 138.6, 137.0, 135.0, 132.9, 132.1, 131.5, 131.4, 130.1, 129.4, 129.3, 129.0, 128.5, 128.4, 127.9, 127.7, 127.5, 127.2, 126.4, 126.1,

125.9, 55.7, 21.5. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3408, 3300, 3056, 2923, 1596, 1488, 1444, 1328, 1269, 1157, 1089, 1043, 951, 896, 859, 816, 756, 696, 661, 572, 547, 478. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{31}H_{28}N_3O_2S$ (M+H)⁺ 506.1897, found 506.1890.



(petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.53 – 7.44 (m, 3H), 7.44 – 7.33 (m, 4H), 7.29 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.18 – 7.11 (m, 3H), 6.78 – 6.48 (m, 4H), 5.63 (s, 2H), 4.28 (d, *J* = 14.7 Hz, 1H), 4.05 (d, *J* = 14.6 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H). ¹⁹**F NMR** (471 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -114.48. ¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.4 (d, *J* = 246.6 Hz), 147.2, 143.8, 138.71, 138.65, 136.8, 135.0, 131.6, 131.5, 131.3 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz), 130.6

(d, J = 2.7 Hz), 129.9, 129.5, 129.4, 128.5, 128.3, 126.3, 114.9 (d, J = 21.3 Hz), 54.5, 21.6. IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3408, 3299, 3062, 2925, 1600, 1510, 1489, 1443, 1328, 1222, 1157, 1089, 1037, 842, 768, 735, 692, 655, 570, 547. HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₄FN₃NaO₂S (M+Na)⁺ 496.1495, found 496.1458.

 H_2N

 H_2N



Compound S1k': 75% yield, yellowish white solid, m.p. = 120.0-121.1 °C, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.57 – 7.34 (m, 7H), 7.28 – 7.17 (m, 4H), 7.12 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 6.67 – 6.48 (m, 2H), 5.65 (s, 2H), 4.24 (d, *J* = 14.7 Hz, 1H), 4.11 (d, *J* = 14.9 Hz, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.0, 143.8, 138.8, 138.5, 136.4, 134.8, 133.5, 133.1, 131.4, 131.1, 130.8, 129.9, 129.4, 128.4, 128.2, 128.0, 126.1, 54.7, 21.6. **IR** (KBr,

cm⁻¹) 3408, 3300, 3060, 2924, 1597, 1493, 1444, 1408, 1329, 1267, 1158, 1090, 1039, 1016, 948, 862, 813, 768, 737, 695, 658, 571, 547. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{27}H_{25}ClN_3O_2S$ (M+H)⁺ 490.1351, found 490.1350; isotopic peak: **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{27}H_{25}ClN_3O_2S$ (M+H)⁺ 492.1322, found 492.1317.



(petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.50 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.48 – 7.35 (m, 6H), 7.26 – 7.20 (m, 4H), 7.13 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.49 (s, 2H), 4.23 (d, *J* = 14.6 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (d, *J* = 14.4 Hz, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H). ¹³**C** NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.1, 143.9, 139.0, 138.5, 136.5, 134.8, 133.7, 131.5, 131.2, 131.0, 130.0, 129.4, 128.4, 128.3, 126.1, 121.9, 54.9, 21.7. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3403,

3300, 3059, 2923, 1593, 1487, 1443, 1406, 1329, 1158, 1089, 1068, 1042, 1011, 862, 811, 768, 737, 692, 657, 570, 546. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₅BrN₃O₂S (M+H)⁺ 534.0846, found 534.0839; isotopic peak: **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₅BrN₃O₂S (M+H)⁺ 536.0825, found 534.0817.

 H_2N





Compound S1m': 37% yield, yellowish white foam, m.p. = 66.6-72.5 °C, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.51 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.46 – 7.36 (m, 6H), 7.27 – 7.25 (m, 4H), 7.22 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 4H), 7.13 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 6.34 (s, 2H), 5.54 (s, 2H), 4.21 (d, J = 14.6 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (d, J = 14.6 Hz, 1H), 2.41 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.1, 143.9, 139.1, 138.5, 137.0, 136.6, 134.8, 134.3, 131.5, 131.4, 131.1, 130.1, 129.4, 128.5, 128.4, 128.3, 126.2, 93.8,

55.1, 21.7. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3406, 3299, 3059, 2923, 1593, 1486, 1444, 1403, 1329, 1159, 1089, 1060, 1007, 948, 861, 812, 768, 736, 695, 658, 570, 546. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{27}H_{25}IN_3O_2S$ (M+Na)⁺ 604.0526, found 604.0527.

 H_2N

 H_2N



Compound S1n': 28% yield, yellowish white foam, m.p. = 84.3-89.0 °C, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.53 (td, J = 7.4, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.49 – 7.35 (m, 6H), 7.32 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.26 – 7.23 (m, 3H), 7.13 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.07 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 6.77 – 6.67 (m, 2H), 5.26 (s, 2H), 4.32 (s, 2H), 2.35 (s, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -62.7. ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.2, 144.0, 139.5, 138.7, 138.5, 136.4, 134.7, 131.5, 130.9, 130.2, 129.70, 129.69 (q, J = 34.0

Hz), 129.6, 129.4, 128.5, 128.5, 126.1, 124.8 (q, J = 3.6 Hz), 124.1 (q, J = 272.1 Hz), 55.4, 21.5. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3409, 3301, 3063, 2924, 1595, 1489, 1443, 1421, 1325, 1160, 1122, 1066, 1020, 843, 815, 769, 737, 693, 657, 569, 545. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₈H₂₄F₃N₃NaO₂S (M+Na)⁺ 546.1433, found 546.1437.





Compound S1o': 47% yield, yellowish white foam, m.p. = 84.3-89.0 °C, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.46 – 7.38 (m, 6H), 7.30 – 7.25 (m, 4H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 6.76 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 6.66 (s, 2H), 5.58 (s, 2H), 4.28 (d, *J* = 14.6 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (d, *J* = 14.6 Hz, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H). ¹⁹**F NMR** (471 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -57.84. ¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.7, 147.2, 143.9, 139.3, 138.6, 136.7, 134.8, 133.5, 131.5, 131.2, 131.0, 130.1, 129.5, 129.4,

128.5, 128.4, 126.2, 120.32, 120.32(q, J = 257.2 Hz), 54.9, 21.5. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3408, 3300, 3062, 2926, 1596, 1508, 1444, 1330, 1262, 1222, 1159, 1090, 1040, 859, 816, 770, 735, 694, 657, 571, 547. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₈H₂₅F₃N₃O₃S (M+H)⁺ 540.1563, found 540.1564.



Counts vs. Mass-to-Charge (m/z)



Compound S1p': 15% yield, yellowish white foam, m.p. = 70.3-85.1 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 2:1). ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.61 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.53 – 7.44 (m, 3H), 7.43 – 7.35 (m, 4H), 7.26 – 7.24 (m, 3H), 7.18 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 6.77 – 6.68 (m, 2H), 5.44 (s, 2H), 4.37 (d, J = 15.0 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (d, J = 14.9 Hz, 1H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 2.38 (s, 3H). ¹³C **NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.8, 147.1, 144.0, 140.0, 138.9, 138.6, 136.5, 134.9, 131.5, 131.4, 130.0,

129.51, 129.48, 129.44, 129.39, 129.3, 128.5, 128.4, 126.3, 54.9, 52.2, 21.6. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3407, 3300, 3060, 2951, 1720, 1603, 1488, 1441, 1331, 1282, 1159, 1111, 1046, 964, 861, 813, 771, 735, 698, 658, 572, 546. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{29}H_{28}N_3O_4S$ (M+H)⁺ 514.1795, found 514.1788.





CI ′ H₂N

Ts

Compound S1q': 96% yield, yellowish white solid, m.p. = 121.2-127.3 °C, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.54 – 7.46 (m, 3H), 7.45 – 7.33 (m, 4H), 7.27 – 7.21 (m, 3H), 7.17 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.09 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 6.85 – 6.70 (m, 3H), 5.61 (s, 2H), 4.31 (d, J = 15.1 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (d, J = 15.1 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H). ¹⁹**F NMR** (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -116.56. ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz,

CDCl₃) δ 161.0 (d, J = 247.8 Hz), 147.2, 143.9, 138.7 (d, J = 12.7 Hz), 136.1, 135.1, 132.2 (d, J = 3.7 Hz), 131.6, 131.2, 129.8, 129.8, 129.7, 129.4, 129.4, 128.5, 128.3, 128.2, 126.3, 123.9 (d, J = 3.6 Hz), 122.1 (d, J = 14.3 Hz), 115.1 (d, J = 22.0 Hz), 48.4, 21.7. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3408, 3301, 3060, 1591, 1491, 1448, 1333, 1270, 1228, 1159, 1089, 1036, 946, 861, 816, 763, 738, 694, 656, 570, 548. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₅FN₃O₂S (M+H)⁺ 474.1646, found 474.1649.



Compound S1r': 79% yield, yellowish white solid, m.p. = 127.0-129.2 °C, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 – 7.41 (m, 4H), 7.38 (dd, J = 7.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (dd, J = 6.6, 2.9 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.20 – 7.12 (m, 5H), 7.03 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.00 – 6.94 (m, 1H), 6.87 – 6.77 (m, 2H), 5.43 (s, 2H), 4.53 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (d, J = 15.5 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H). ¹³**C**

NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.1, 144.0, 140.0, 138.6, 135.6, 134.9, 133.5, 132.7, 131.8, 131.5, 130.3, 129.9, 129.4, 129.3, 129.1, 128.8, 128.7, 128.2, 128.0, 126.4, 126.2, 53.1, 21.6. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3409, 3302, 3061, 2925, 1596, 1486, 1444, 1335, 1269, 1209, 1161, 1090, 1038, 947, 851, 817, 740, 697, 657, 570, 547. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₅ClN₃O₂S (M+H)⁺ 490.1351, found 490.1346; isotopic peak: **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₅ClN₃O₂S (M+H)⁺ 492.1322, found 492.1325.



Compound S1s': 49% yield, yellowish white foam, m.p. = 63.9-65.4 °C, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.54 – 7.36 (m, 7H), 7.32 – 7.25 (m, 3H), 7.19 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.00 – 6.92 (m, 1H), 6.75 (td, *J* = 8.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 6.34 – 6.24 (m, 1H), 5.49 (s, 2H), 4.32 (d, *J* = 14.9 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (d, *J* = 14.8 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H). ¹⁹**F NMR**

(471 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -113.29. ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.4 (d, J = 245.9 Hz), 147.2, 143.9, 138.8, 138.5, 137.4 (d, J = 7.0 Hz), 136.7, 134.9, 131.6, 131.4, 130.0, 129.48, 129.47, 129.4, 128.5, 128.4, 126.3, 125.2 (d, J = 2.7 Hz), 116.4 (d, J = 21.9 Hz), 114.7 (d, J = 21.2 Hz), 54.7, 21.6. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3408, 3300, 3062, 2925, 1616, 1593, 1488, 1447, 1331, 1256, 1208, 1159, 1090, 1043, 927, 879, 815, 769, 738, 692, 658, 570, 548. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₅FN₃O₂S (M+H)⁺ 474.1646, found 476.1644.

 H_2N

Br

Ts

 H_2N



Compound S1t': 50% yield, yellowish white foam, m.p. = 56.8-71.1 °C, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.53 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.48 – 7.39 (m, 6H), 7.34 – 7.25 (m, 4H), 7.17 – 7.09 (m, 3H), 6.85 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (s, 1H), 5.51 (s, 2H), 4.27 (d, J = 14.7 Hz, 1H), 4.10

(d, J = 14.6 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.2, 144.0, 139.2, 138.5, 136.9, 136.8, 134.8, 132.5, 131.4, 131.3, 130.8, 130.1, 129.5, 129.5, 128.6, 128.5, 128.3, 128.2, 126.2, 122.2, 55.0, 21.7. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3407, 3299, 3060, 2923, 1597, 1571, 1485, 1444, 1330, 1266, 1207, 1158, 1090, 1067, 1041, 889, 845, 815, 768, 736, 695, 660, 568. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₅BrN₃O₂S (M+H)⁺ 534.0846, found 534.0840. isotopic peak: **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₅BrN₃O₂S (M+H)⁺ 536.0825, found 536.0823.



Compound S1u': 27% yield, yellowish white solid, m.p. = 106.2-107.8 °C, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.66 (s, 2H), 7.54 – 7.36 (m, 6H), 7.28 – 7.21 (m, 5H), 5.68 (s, 2H), 3.02 – 2.88 (m, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 1.24 (s, 1H), 0.46 (s, 3H), 0.20 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 146.6, 143.8,

138.8, 138.7, 136.6, 131.9, 130.3, 129.9, 129.6, 129.1, 128.4, 128.2, 128.1, 126.2, 58.4, 26.6, 21.7, 20.1, 19.7. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3412, 3303, 3059, 2961, 2872, 1594, 1488, 1444, 1338, 1267, 1221, 1155, 1089, 1064, 1040, 961, 855, 817, 768, 739, 698, 659, 577, 546. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{24}H_{27}N_3NaO_2S$ (M+Na)⁺ 444.1716, found 444.1710.

H₂N





Compound S1v': 66% yield, yellowish white solid, m.p. = 135.2-136.5 °C, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.64 (s, 2H), 7.54 – 7.34 (m, 6H), 7.28 – 7.22 (m, 5H), 5.23 (s, 2H), 3.02 – 2.91 (m, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 1.47 – 1.22 (m, 5H), 1.06 – 0.77 (m, 4H), 0.64 (s, 1H), 0.36 (q, J = 10.5 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 146.6, 143.8, 139.0, 138.8, 136.6, 131.8, 131.8, 130.5, 129.9,

129.5, 129.0, 128.4, 128.3, 128.1, 126.2, 57.5, 35.4, 30.9, 30.6, 26.2, 25.6, 25.4, 21.7, 21.6. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3413, 3303, 3059, 2926, 2851, 1597, 1487, 1445, 1338, 1266, 1210, 1159, 1090, 1060, 1035, 973, 923, 895, 821, 769, 737, 697, 658, 581, 547. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{27}H_{32}N_3O_2S$ (M+H)⁺ 462.2210, found 462.2212.





Compound S1w': 85% yield, yellowish white foam, m.p. = 72.9-83.0 °C, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.55 – 7.44 (m, 3H), 7.40 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.38 – 7.29 (m, 3H), 7.15 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.12 – 7.06 (m, 4H), 7.00 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 6.76 – 6.69 (m, 2H), 5.47 (s, 2H), 4.36 (d, J = 14.8 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (d, J = 14.5 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 2.31 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126

MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.6, 143.7, 138.5, 138.3, 137.0, 135.9, 135.2, 135.0, 131.9, 131.4, 129.8, 129.7, 129.5, 129.3, 129.2, 128.5, 128.1, 127.7, 126.4, 55.0, 21.7, 21.4. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3406, 3297, 3062, 3031, 2923, 1600, 1489, 1448, 1333, 1266, 1158, 1090, 1043, 858, 819, 732, 700, 657, 607, 563, 545. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₈H₂₇N₃NaO₂S (M+Na)⁺ 492.1716, found 492.1713. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.55 - 7.44 (m, 3H), 7.40 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.38 - 7.29 (m, 4H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.12 - 7.06 (m, 4H), 7.00 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 5.47 (s, 1H), 4.36 (d, *J* = 14.8 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (d, *J* = 14.5 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 2.31 (s, 3H).





Compound S1x': 24% yield, yellowish white solid, m.p. = 132.8-134.0 °C, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.55 – 7.43 (m, 3H), 7.41 – 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.27 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.21 – 7.08 (m, 6H), 7.00 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 6.72 (s, 2H), 5.52 (s, 2H), 4.35 (d, J = 14.7 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (d, J = 14.5 Hz, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.9, 143.9, 138.8, 137.2,

136.4, 134.8, 134.6, 133.9, 131.4, 131.3, 129.9, 129.5, 129.4, 129.4, 128.4, 128.1, 127.8, 127.4, 55.2, 21.6. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3409, 3301, 3062, 1597, 1489, 1446, 1333, 1159, 1091, 1037, 950, 836, 742, 675, 610, 566. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{27}H_{24}ClN_3NaO_2S$ (M+Na)⁺ 512.1170, found 512.1172; isotopic peak : **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{27}H_{24}ClN_3NaO_2S$ (M+Na)⁺ 514.1141, found 514.1132.



H₂N._N,Ts

Compound S1y': Yield: 90%, white solid, m.p. = 85.8-88.1 °C, R_f = 0.4 (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 2:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.58 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.21 – 7.13 (m, 6H), 6.75 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.85 (s, 2H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 1.99 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.1, 143.4, 141.4, 136.7, 136.5, 135.6, 130.3, 130.03, 130.00, 129.4, 128.6, 128.3,

128.21, 128.18, 127.9, 56.1, 21.5, 18.8. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3397, 3063, 3032, 1597, 1491, 1445, 1343, 1215, 1091, 1044, 862, 817, 701, 607, 560. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{22}H_{24}N_3OS$ (M+H)⁺ 394.1584, found 394.1587.


Compound S1aa': 62% yield, yellowish white foam (contains an inseparable *Z/E* mixture), m.p. = 52.0-54.2 °C, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 2:1). ¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.54 – 7.26 (m, 14H), 7.23 – 7.09 (m, 7H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 5.62 and 5.52 (s, 2H), 5.58 and 5.22 (d, *J* = 14.6 Hz, 1H), 3.98 and 3.22 (d, *J* = 14.5 Hz, 1H), 1.98 and 1.46 (s, 3H). ¹³**C** NMR (126 MHz,

CDCl₃) δ 170.7 and 169.7, 147.6 and 146.0, 141.4 and 141.1, 138.3 and 137.7, 132.5 and 131.8, 132.1 and 132.0, 130.8 and 130.3, 130.1 and 130.0, 128.95, 128.89, 128.82, 128.77, 128.7, 128.5, 128.4, 128.2, 127.6 and 127.2, 126.7, 126.33 and 126.28, 126.1, 51.0 and 50.6, 22.5 and 22.1.**IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3306, 3059, 3029, 2927, 1698, 1664, 1602, 1579, 1489, 1447, 1372, 1292, 1266, 1166, 1070, 1022, 953, 736, 699, 654, 536. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₂H₂₁N₃NaO (M+Na)⁺ 366.1577, found 366.1582.



Compound S1ab': 50% yield, yellowish white solid, m.p. = 123.6-125.4 °C, $R_f = 0.4$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.49 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.39 – 7.29 (m, 5H), 7.22 – 7.15 (m, 4H), 7.07 (s, 2H), 5.58 (s, 2H), 4.43 (d, J = 14.3 Hz, 1H), 4.23 (s, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 146.8, 138.9, 138.4, 135.3, 133.6, 132.9, 130.6, 129.9, 129.2, 128.6,

128.5, 128.4, 128.1, 126.1, 54.9, 41.5. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3408, 3298, 3061, 3030, 2931, 1589, 1489, 1445, 1330, 1213, 1148, 1061, 964, 864, 775, 735, 699, 654, 608, 541, 521, 497. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{21}H_{21}N_3NaO_2S$ (M+Na)⁺ 402.1246, found 402.1239.

Ms

H₂N



 $\begin{array}{c} 30:1). {}^{1}\mathbf{H} \mathbf{NMR} (500 \text{ MHz, CDCl}_{3}) \delta 7.51 - 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.36 - 7.26 (m, 4H), 7.21 (d, J = 7.5 \text{ Hz}, 1H), 7.17 - 7.08 (m, 7H), 7.06 (d, J = 8.2 \text{ Hz}, 1H), 6.89 - 6.84 (m, 4H), 5.54 (s, 2H), 4.03 (d, J = 14.4 \text{ Hz}, 2H), 3.95 (d, J = 14.4 \text{ Hz}, 2H). {}^{13}\mathbf{C} \mathbf{NMR} (126 \text{ MHz}, CDCl_{3}) \delta 150.8, 149.6, 138.8, 137.7, 130.8, 129.8, 128.9, 128.3, 128.13, 128.08, 127.1, 127.0, 126.4, 122.7, 122.4, 55.9. \mathbf{IR} (KBr, cm^{-1}) 3409, 3059, 3027, 1591, 1489, 1446, 1367, 1330, 1207, 126.4, 122.7, 122.4, 55.9. \mathbf{IR} (KBr, cm^{-1}) 3409, 3059, 3027, 1591, 1489, 1446, 1367, 1330, 1207, 126.4, 122.7, 122.4, 55.9. \mathbf{IR} (KBr, cm^{-1}) 3409, 3059, 3027, 1591, 1489, 1446, 1367, 1330, 1207, 126.4, 1$









The procedures were slightly modified according to Ref 4.

2-nitrophenylacetic acid (3.3 g, 18 mmol) was dissolved in methanol (30 mL) and the solution was cooled down to 0 °C before addition of thionyl dichloride (3.4 mL, 45 mmol) dropwise. The reaction was stirred overnight at 60 °C and checked by TLC. The solvent was evaporated in vacuo and the residual oil washed with a saturated solution of NaHCO₃ and extracted with EtOAc. Subsequently, the combined organic fractions were washed with water and brine, dried over NaSO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford methyl 2-(2-nitrophenyl)acetate (3.6g, 99% yield) as yellow solid without purification.

To methyl 2-(2-nitrophenyl)acetate from the previous reaction (3.6 g, 18 mmol) in 4:1 acetone/water (60 mL) was added zinc dust (6.0 g, 90 mmol) and NH₄Cl (10.0 g, 180 mmol), and stirred 12 hours at

50 °C. The solution was then concentrated and diluted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with water and brine, then dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*, and purified by flash column chromatography (silica gel, petroleum ether/AcOEt = 5:1) to afford methyl 2-(2-aminophenyl)acetate (1.8 g, 58%) as red oil.

To a solution of methyl 2-(2-aminophenyl)acetate (1.8 g, 11 mmol) in DCM (30 mL) at 0 °C was added pyridine (1.3 mL,16.5 mmol) and tosyl chloride (3.1 g, 16.5 mmol). The reaction was allowed to come to room temperature while stirring overnight. Water was added to the reaction and the layers were separated. The organic layer was washed with water and brine, then dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*, and purified by flash column chromatography (silica gel, petroleum ether/AcOEt = 5:1) to afford methyl 2-(2-((4-methylphenyl)sulfonamido)phenyl)acetate as white solid (3.3g, 96%).

A solution of above material (3.3 g, 10.3 mmol) was dissolved in acetonitrile (30 mL). After the addition of triethylamine (3.0 mL, 20.6 mmol), the reaction mixture was cooled down to 0 °C. Next, benzyl bromide (3.6 mL, 15.5 mmol) was added dropwise and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 days until no starting material was detected anymore. Subsequently, the solvent was evaporated in vacuo and the residual oil was dissolved in DCM, and washed with water and brine. After drying over Na₂SO₄, the mixture was concentrated in vacuo and purified via column chromatography (silica petroleum ether/AcOEt = 5:1) to afford methyl 2-(2-((N-benzyl-4gel, methylphenyl)sulfonamido)phenyl)acetate (2.5g, 59%) as white solid.

A solution containing the ester above (2.5 g, 6.1 mmol) and *p*-ABSA (2.93g, 12.2 mmol) in MeCN (30 mL) was cooled to 0 °C. DBU (2.3 g, 15.3 mmol) was added dropwise. The reaction stirred for 24 h at 50 °C monitored by TLC. Then, the reaction mixture was cooled down to 0 °C and saturated NH₄Cl solution was added to quench the reaction. The mixture was extracted with DCM, washed with brine and dried over Na₂SO₄. The solvent was evaporated *in vacuo* and the crude reaction mixture was purified via flash column chromatography (silica gel, petroleum ether/AcOEt = 5:1) to afford methyl 2-(2-((*N*-benzyl-4-methylphenyl)sulfonamido)phenyl)-2-diazoacetate **1z** (1.70 g, 64%) as bright yellow solid.

 N2
 Compound 1z: known compound.^[4] Yield: 64%, bright yellow solid, $R_f = 0.5$
 U_{CO_2Me} (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.65 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.49 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.23 – 7.12 (m, 3H), 7.12 – 7.06 (m, 3H), 6.56 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (s, 1H), 4.10

(s, 1H), 3.62 (s, 3H), 2.47 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.0, 144.1, 137.0, 135.8, 134.5, 131.3, 129.8, 129.5, 128.7, 128.4, 128.2, 128.0, 127.7, 60.6, 56.9, 51.8, 21.7.

The procedure for formation of diazo compound 1ad



The procedures referred to Ref 5.



Compound **1ad**: known compound.^[5] 88% yield, yellow oil, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.27 – 7.18 (m, 2H), 6.75 – 6.67 (m, 3H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.52 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.93 (s, 3H), 2.53 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.8, 148.7, 129.3, 116.8, 112.2, 52.0, 50.8, 38.3, 21.7.

4. General procedure for Pd(II)-catalyzed C-H insertion of diazo

compounds and synthetic applications

4.1 General procedure for enantioselective Pd(II)-catalyzed C-H insertion of diazo compounds (0.1 mmol)

In a flame-dried scintillation vial, the desired hydrazones **S1a'-S1y'**, **S1aa'-S1ac'** (0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) were dissolved in anhydrous benzotrifluoride (0.033 M). The scintillation vial was wrapped in foil, and MnO₂ (8.0 equiv.) was added. The oxidation was allowed to stir until full conversion of the starting material was observed by TLC, then the MnO₂ was removed by filtering through celite into a new flame-dried flask using dry ethyl acetate quickly. Next the solvent was removed *in vacuo* at room temperature. The crude magenta diazo compounds **1a-1y**, **1aa-1ac** were used for next step without purification and were diluted to 0.033 M with anhydrous benzotrifluoride. By the way, pure diazo compounds **1z** and **1ad** were not generated in suit through this method. In the meantime, under nitrogen atmosphere, Pd(CH₃CN)₂Cl₂ (10 mol%), chiral ligand **L5** or **L6** (12 mol%) and NaBAr^F (24 mol%) were added in dry benzotrifluoride (6.7×10^{-3} M). The chiral catalysts mixture was stirred to bright yellow at room temperature for 2 h. Then the magenta solution of diazo compounds **1a-1ad** was added dropwise into the catalyst system for 10 min. The insertion reaction was stirred at room temperature within 12 h until completion monitored by TLC. The crude reaction mixture was filtered over Celite, concentrated *in vacuo*, and purified by column chromatography to yield the desired insertion products **2a-2ad**.



Compound *trans-***2a**: 47.1 mg of **S1a'** yields 28.6 mg of **2a** (65%, 12 h, *trans/cis* = 7.3:1, using **L5**); 46.1 mg of **S1a'** yields 31.4 mg of **2a** (73%, 12 h, *trans/cis* = 5.2:1, using **L6**), white solid, m.p. = 133.4-135.3 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.2 Hz,

2H), 7.38 – 7.31 (m, 5H), 7.33 – 7.25 (m, 1H), 7.17 – 7.09 (m, 3H), 7.07 – 7.00 (m, 3H), 6.88 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.43 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 5.02 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.23 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H). ¹³C **NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.1, 143.6, 143.2, 142.5, 134.7, 133.1, 129.7, 129.0, 128.81, 128.76, 127.9, 127.6, 126.9, 126.3, 125.9, 124.7, 115.7, 74.4, 57.4, 21.7. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3063, 3030, 2922, 1598, 1456, 1400, 1359, 1169, 1090, 1025, 957, 812, 733, 699, 665, 575, 542. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₄NO₂S (M+H)⁺ 426.1522, found 426.1518. **HPLC** (using **L5**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 8.8 min, minor: 12.1 min. 95% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -127^\circ$ (*c* 0.75, CH₂Cl₂); **HPLC** (using **L6**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 7.8 min, minor: 10.5 min. 94% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -125^\circ$ (*c* 0.46, CH₂Cl₂).





Compound *cis*-2a: white solid, m.p. = 163.6-166.0 °C, $R_f = 0.4$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.82 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.08 – 6.88 (m, 7H), 6.83 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 6.64 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.57 (d, J

= 9.5 Hz, 1H), 4.68 (d, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H). ¹³**C** NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.1, 143.3, 137.5, 136.7, 136.0, 134.4, 129.9, 129.7, 128.5, 127.9, 127.7, 127.4, 127.2, 127.1, 126.0, 124.8, 115.9, 71.0, 54.0, 21.7. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3058, 2986, 1598, 1494, 1456, 1356, 1266, 1166, 1096, 1027, 950, 895, 813, 776, 736, 702, 661, 576, 542. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₃NNaO₂S (M+Na)⁺ 448.1342, found 448.1335.





Compound *trans-2b*: 47.6 mg of **S1b'** yields 28.1 mg of **2b** (63%, 4 h, *trans/cis* = 4.9:1, using **L5**); 46.9 mg of **S1b'** yields 24.6 mg of **2b** (56%, 4 h, *trans/cis* = 2.4:1, using **L6**), white solid, m.p. = 162.8-163.9 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.89 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.2 Hz,

2H), 7.33 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.17 – 7.09 (m, 5H), 7.06 – 6.99 (m, 3H), 6.87 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 4.97 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.21 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 2.34 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.0, 143.6, 142.5, 140.3, 137.5, 134.7, 133.2, 129.7, 129.6, 128.8, 128.7, 127.6, 126.8, 126.3, 125.9, 124.6, 115.7, 74.3, 57.4, 21.7, 21.3. IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3028, 2921, 1597, 1457, 1358, 1260, 1166, 1090, 1022, 957, 808, 735, 700, 665, 573, 542. HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₈H₂₆NO₂S (M+H)⁺ 440.1679, found 440.1676. HPLC (using L5): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 7.9 min, minor: 9.8 min. 96% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -158^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.68, CH₂Cl₂); HPLC (using L6): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 7.2 min, minor: 8.7 min. 92% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -138^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.57, CH₂Cl₂).





Compound *trans-***2c**: 51.1 mg of **S1c**' yields 25.0 mg of **2c** (52%, 11 h, *trans/cis* = 3.0:1, using **L5**); 49.7 mg of **S1c**' yields 31.8 mg of **2c** (68%, 11h, *trans/cis* = 3.5:1, using **L6**), white solid, m.p. = 176.2-177.4 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.88 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.53

(d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.25 – 7.23 (m, 2H), 7.19 – 7.08 (m, 5H), 7.06 – 6.99 (m, 3H), 6.88 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 5.03 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 4.24 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 2.89 (hept, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 1.24 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.4, 143.9, 143.7, 142.5, 140.5, 135.0, 133.3, 129.7, 128.75, 128.73, 127.5, 127.0, 126.8, 126.4, 125.8, 124.6, 115.6, 74.2, 57.2, 33.9, 24.13, 24.11, 21.6. IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3027, 2961, 2926, 1598, 1458, 1401, 1458, 1359, 1261, 1169, 1106, 1022, 959, 813, 753, 700, 667, 575, 544. HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₃₀H₂₉NNaO₂S (M+Na)⁺ 490.1811, found 490.1802. HPLC (using L5): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 6.9 min, minor: 8.9 min. 96% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -132^\circ$ (*c* 0.42, CH₂Cl₂); HPLC (using L6): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 6.8 min, minor: 8.6 min. 96% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -139^\circ$ (*c* 0.45, CH₂Cl₂).





Compound *trans*-2d: 52.3 mg of S1d' yields 27.3 mg of 2d (55%, 6 h, *trans/cis* = 3.2:1, using L5); 53.8 mg of S1d' yields 41.0 mg of 2d (81%, 6 h, *trans/cis* = 4.0:1, using L6), white solid, m.p. = 151.9-153.8 °C, $R_f = 0.6$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.88 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (d, J

= 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.37 – 7.31 (m, 3H), 7.27 – 7.24 (m, 2H), 7.13 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.06 – 7.01 (m, 3H), 6.89 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 5.04 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 4.25 (d, J = 3.1 Hz, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 1.31 (s, 9H). ¹³**C** NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 150.6, 143.9, 143.8, 142.5, 140.1, 135.0, 133.3, 129.7, 128.75, 128.73, 127.5, 126.8, 126.4, 125.8, 125.5, 124.6, 115.6, 74.1, 57.2, 34.7, 31.5, 21.6. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3030, 2962, 2869, 1598, 1494, 1477, 1460, 1360, 1265, 1170, 1108, 1023, 961, 814, 737, 703, 668, 576, 546. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₃₁H₃₂NO₂S (M+H)⁺ 482.2148, found 482.2141. **HPLC** (using **L5**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 6.6 min, minor: 9.1 min. 96% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -107^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.69, CH₂Cl₂); **HPLC** (using **L6**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 6.0 min, minor: 7.9 min. 97% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -109^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.28, CH₂Cl₂).





Compound *trans-2e*: 54.9 mg of **S1e**' yields 28.2 mg of **2e** (54%, 11 h , *trans/cis* = 3.3:1, using **L5**); 52.7 mg of **S1e**' yields 45.3 mg of **2e** (91%, 11 h, *trans/cis* = 4.0:1, using **L6**), white solid, m.p. = 147.7-149.1 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.92 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.60

-7.52 (m, 6H), 7.45 -7.38 (m, 4H), 7.37 -7.32 (m, 2H), 7.18 -7.10 (m, 3H), 7.08 -7.01 (m, 3H), 6.90 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 5.07 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 4.27 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.1, 143.5, 142.4, 142.2, 141.0, 140.8, 134.7, 133.1, 129.7, 128.89, 128.85, 128.8, 127.7, 127.6, 127.4, 127.3, 126.9, 126.4, 124.7, 115.7, 74.2, 57.4, 21.7. IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3030, 2923, 1598, 1484, 1460, 1405, 1359, 1261, 1169, 1108, 1028, 960, 839, 813, 760, 732, 700, 667, 575, 544. HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₃₃H₂₇NNaO₂S (M+Na)⁺ 524.1654, found 424.1651. HPLC (using L5): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 10.9 min, minor: 15.7 min. 96% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -180^\circ$ (*c* 0.53, CH₂Cl₂); HPLC (using L6): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 10.8 min, minor: 15.4 min. 97% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -179^\circ$ (*c* 0.42, CH₂Cl₂).





Compound *trans*-2**f**: 49.0 mg of **S1f**' yields 19.1 mg of **2f** (42%, 12 h, *trans/cis* = 2.8:1, using **L5**); 52.3 mg of **S1f**' yields 28.9 mg of **2f** (59%, 12 h, *trans/cis* = 3.8:1, using **L6**), white solid, m.p. = 148.4-150.9 °C, $R_f = 0.6$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J

= 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.40 – 7.32 (m, 3H), 7.29 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.16 – 7.09 (m, 3H), 7.07 – 7.00 (m, 3H), 6.87 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (dd, J = 17.6, 10.9 Hz, 1H), 6.43 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 5.73 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.23 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H), 4.99 (d, J = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 4.21 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.1, 143.5, 142.7, 142.4, 137.3, 136.6, 134.6, 133.1, 129.7, 128.83, 128.77, 127.6, 126.9, 126.8, 126.3, 126.1, 124.7, 115.7, 114.1, 74.2, 57.4, 21.7. IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3029, 1598, 1482, 1358, 1264, 1167, 1098, 1023, 911, 813, 748, 701, 666, 575, 543. HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₉H₂₆NO₂S (M+H)⁺ 452.1679, found 452.1676. HPLC (using L5): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 8.6 min, minor: 10.8 min. 97% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -173^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.53, CH₂Cl₂); HPLC (using L6): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 8.7 min, minor: 11.0 min. 97% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -156^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.74, CH₂Cl₂).





Compound *trans*-2g: 49.4 mg of S1g' yields 29.6 mg of 2g (64%, 11 h, *trans/cis* = 1.0:1, 14.8 mg *trans* product, using L5); 50.9 mg of S1g' yields 34.9 mg of 2g (73%, 11 h, *trans/cis* = 1.7:1, 22.0 mg *trans* product, using L6), white solid, m.p. = 135.0-137.1 °C, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (500

MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.88 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.26 – 7.24 (m, 2H), 7.15 – 7.09 (m, 3H), 7.06 – 6.99 (m, 3H), 6.91 – 6.83 (m, 3H), 6.43 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 4.96 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.21 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 2.39 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.3, 144.0, 143.6, 142.4, 135.5, 134.7, 133.2, 129.7, 128.8, 128.7, 127.5, 127.2, 126.8, 126.3, 124.6, 115.6, 114.3, 74.0, 57.4, 55.4, 21.7. IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3031, 2933, 2837, 1605, 1513, 1459, 1358, 1300, 1249, 1170, 1101, 1033, 957, 817, 743, 702, 667, 575, 547. HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₈H₂₆NO₃S (M+H)⁺ 456.1628, found 456.1627. HPLC (using L5): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 11.7 min, minor: 15.5 min. 96% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -180^\circ$ (*c* 0.63, CH₂Cl₂); HPLC (using L6): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 11.6 min, minor: 15.5 min. 98% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -170^\circ$ (*c* 0.37, CH₂Cl₂).





Compound *cis***-2g**: 49.4 mg of **S1g**' yields 29.6 mg of **2g** (64%, 11 h, *trans/cis* = 1.0:1.0, 14.8 mg *cis* product, using **L5**); 50.9 mg of **S1g**' yield 34.9 mg of **2g** (73%, 11 h, *trans/cis* = 1.7:1, 12.9 mg *cis* product, using **L6**), white solid, m.p. 209.7-211.9 °C, $R_f = 0.2$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.80 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (t, J = 7.7

Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.07 – 6.97 (m, 4H), 6.84 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.70 – 6.63 (m, 4H), 6.47 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 5.53 (d, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 4.64 (d, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H), 3.64 (s, 3H), 2.38 (s, 3H). ¹³C **NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.7, 144.0, 143.3, 136.8, 136.1, 134.4, 129.9, 129.8, 129.7, 128.5, 128.4, 127.9, 127.2, 127.1, 126.0, 124.7, 115.9, 113.1, 70.6, 55.2, 54.0, 21.7. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3034, 2836, 1605, 1512, 1461, 1355, 1298, 1248, 1168, 1097, 1032, 951, 818, 739, 702, 673, 576, 546. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₈H₂₅NNaO₃S (M+Na)⁺ 478.1447, found 478.1450. **HPLC** (using **L5**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 18.0 min, minor: 15.0 min. 70% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -52^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.37, CH₂Cl₂); **HPLC** (using **L6**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 18.2 min, minor: 15.1 min. 66% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -45^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.35, CH₂Cl₂).





Compound *trans*-**2h**: 50.0 mg of **S1h'** yields 26.9 mg of **2h** (57%, 12 h, *cis/trans* = 1.3:1, 11.8 mg *trans* product, using **L5**); 61.1 mg of **S1h'** yields 36.1 mg of **2h** (63%, 12 h, *trans/cis* = 1.7:1, 22.7 mg *trans* product, using **L6**), white solid, m.p. = 136.3-138.8 °C, $R_f = 0.4$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (500

MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.89 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.25 – 7.20 (m, 4H), 7.17 – 7.09 (m, 3H), 7.07 – 7.00 (m, 3H), 6.87 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 4.96 (d, J = 4.1 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 2.47 (s, 3H), 2.39 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.1, 143.4, 142.4, 140.1, 138.0, 134.6, 133.0, 129.7, 128.82, 128.76, 127.5, 127.2, 126.9, 126.5, 126.3, 124.7, 115.6, 74.1, 57.4, 21.7, 16.1. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3026, 1595, 1486, 1356, 1264, 1165, 1095, 1021, 958, 809, 755, 702, 664, 572, 540. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₈H₂₆NO₂S₂ (M+H)⁺ 472.1400, found 472.1395. **HPLC** (using **L5**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 11.4 min, minor: 15.2 min. 82% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -80^\circ$ (c 0.43, CH₂Cl₂); **HPLC** (using **L6**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 11.4 min, minor: 15.2 min. 82% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -80^\circ$ (c 0.43, CH₂Cl₂); **HPLC** (using **L6**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 11.4 min, minor: 15.2 min. 82% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -80^\circ$ (c 0.43, CH₂Cl₂); **HPLC** (using **L6**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 11.4 min, minor: 15.2 min. 82% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -80^\circ$ (c 0.43, CH₂Cl₂); **HPLC** (using **L6**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 11.3 min, minor: 15.0 min. 96% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -112^\circ$ (c 0.51, CH₂Cl₂).





Compound *cis*-**2h**: 50.0 mg of **S1h'** yields 26.9 mg (57%, 12 h, *cis/trans* = 1.3:1, 15.1 mg *cis* product, using **L5**); 61.1 mg of **S1h'** yields 36.1 mg of **2h** (63%, 12 h, *trans/cis* = 1.7:1, 13.4 mg *cis* product, using **L6**), white solid, m.p. = 204.9-206.2 °C, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz,

CDCl₃) δ 7.81 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.08 – 6.97 (m, 4H), 6.87 – 6.80 (m, 3H), 6.70 – 6.63 (m, 4H), 5.52 (d, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (d, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 2.34 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.1, 143.2, 137.2, 136.6, 136.0, 134.6, 134.3, 129.9, 129.8, 128.6, 128.0, 127.8, 127.24, 127.20, 126.1, 126.0, 124.8, 115.9, 70.6, 53.9, 21.7, 16.1. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3032, 2922, 1597, 1464, 1353, 1300, 1220, 1164, 1095, 1021, 952, 813, 735, 700, 664, 577, 543. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₈H₂₅NNaO₂S₂ (M+Na)⁺ 494.1219, found 494.1221. **HPLC** (using **L5**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 19.0 min, minor: 13.6 min. 54% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -19^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.42, CH₂Cl₂); **HPLC** (using **L6**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 19.0 min, minor: 13.5 min. 42% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -10^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.39, CH₂Cl₂). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.81 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.08 – 6.97 (m, 4H), 6.87 – 6.80 (m, 3H), 5.52 (d, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (d, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 2.34 (s, 3H).





Compound *trans*-2i: 51.4 mg of S1i' yields 28.5 mg of 2i (59%, 3 h, *trans/cis* = 2.3:1, using L5); 50.6 mg of S1i' yields 21.4 mg of 2i (45%, 3 h, *trans/cis* = 4.0:1, using L6), white solid, m.p. = 189.0-190.9 °C, $R_f = 0.6$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.96 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.85 –

7.75 (m, 4H), 7.58 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.49 – 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.42 (dd, J = 8.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.09 – 7.02 (m, 3H), 6.89 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 5.17 (d, J = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 4.29 (d, J = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.1, 143.5, 142.6, 140.3, 134.7, 133.5, 133.18, 133.17, 129.7, 129.1, 128.9, 128.8, 128.3, 127.8, 127.64, 127.60, 127.0, 126.37, 126.35, 126.1, 124.9, 124.7, 123.9, 115.7, 74.6, 57.4, 21.7. IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3058, 2923, 1598, 1493, 1447, 1460, 1359, 1264, 1170, 1107, 1090, 1026, 956, 815, 737, 701, 666, 574, 544, 476. HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₃₁H₂₆NO₂S (M+H)⁺ 476.1679, found 476.1670. HPLC (using L5): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 9.2 min, minor: 11.3 min. 98% ee. $[\alpha]_{D}^{21} = -83^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.26, CH₂Cl₂).





Compound *trans*-2**j**: 48.7 mg of **S1j**' yields 29.6 mg of **2j** (65%, 11 h, *trans/cis* = 5.3:1, using **L5**); 48.0 mg of **S1j**' yields 24.7 mg of **2j** (55%, 11 h, *trans/cis* = 5.3:1, using **L6**), white solid, m.p. = 129.5-130.6 °C, $R_f = 0.6$ (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.89 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J

= 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.36 – 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.15 – 7.10 (m, 3H), 7.07 – 6.97 (m, 5H), 6.87 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 4.98 (d, J = 4.1 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H). ¹⁹**F** NMR (471 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -114.8. ¹³**C** NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.3 (d, J = 245.8 Hz), 144.2, 143.3, 142.3, 139.1(d, J = 2.9 Hz), 134.5, 132.9, 129.8, 128.9, 128.8, 127.7 (d, J = 8.1 Hz), 127.55, 127.52, 127.0, 126.3, 124.8, 115.9, 115.7 (d, J = 2.5 Hz), 73.8, 57.4, 21.6. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3032, 2922, 1600, 1509, 1458, 1359, 1226, 1170, 1096, 1023, 957, 817, 736, 701, 667, 574, 543. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₃FNO₂S (M+H)⁺ 444.1428, found 444.1432. **HPLC** (using **L5**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 8.1 min, minor: 11.0 min. 98% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -145^\circ$ (*c* 0.76, CH₂Cl₂); **HPLC** (using **L6**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 8.0 min, minor: 10.7 min. 97% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -101^\circ$ (*c* 0.41, CH₂Cl₂).





Compound *trans-***2k**: 51.0 mg of **S1k'** yields 27.5 mg of **2k** (57%, 12 h, *trans/cis* = 4.6:1, using **L5**); 48.9 mg of **S1k'** yields 23.9 mg of **2k** (52%, 12 h, *trans/cis* = 1.8:1, using **L6**), white solid, m.p. = 145.6-147.6 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.55

(d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.39 – 7.26 (m, 5H), 7.19 – 7.10 (m, 3H), 7.09 – 6.99 (m, 3H), 6.87 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 4.95 (d, J = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.3, 143.2, 142.3, 141.7, 134.4, 133.6, 132.8, 129.8, 129.1, 128.9, 128.8, 127.6, 127.5, 127.4, 127.1, 126.3, 124.9, 115.7, 73.8, 57.4, 21.7. IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3029, 1597, 1486, 1458, 1359, 1263, 1168, 1090, 1016, 956, 812, 751, 703, 665, 574, 542. HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₃ClNO₂S (M+H)⁺ 460.1133, found 460.1138; isotopic peak: HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₃ClNO₂S (M+H)⁺ 462.1104, found 462.1103. HPLC (using L5): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 8.1 min, minor: 10.8 min. 96% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -135^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.64, CH₂Cl₂); HPLC (using L6): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 8.2 min, minor: 10.9 min. 92% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -154^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.68, CH₂Cl₂).



Compound *trans-2***l**: 54.0 mg of **S1I'** yields 30.6 mg of **2I** (60%, 11 h, *trans/cis* = 4.3:1, using **L5**); 52.1 mg of **S1I'** yields 24.1 mg **2I** (49%, 11 h, *trans/cis* = 3.5:1, using **L6**), white solid, m.p. = 169.6-172.2 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, *J*

= 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.17 – 7.11 (m, 3H), 7.08 – 7.00 (m, 3H), 6.86 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 4.93 (d, *J* = 4.3 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (d, *J* = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.3, 143.2, 142.3, 142.2, 132.8, 132.1, 129.8, 128.9, 128.8, 127.7, 127.6, 127.5, 127.1, 126.3, 124.9, 121.8, 115.7, 73.8, 57.3, 21.7. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3029, 2921, 1597, 1484, 1458, 1359, 1261, 1167, 1106, 1010, 957, 811, 754, 702, 665, 575, 542. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₃BrNO₂S (M+H)⁺ 506.0607, found 506.0609. **HPLC** (using **L5**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 8.3 min, minor: 11.0 min. 97% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -140^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.48, CH₂Cl₂); **HPLC** (using **L6**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 7.6 min, minor: 9.8 min. 97% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -119^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.51, CH₂Cl₂).

Br

Τs





Compound *trans*-2**m**: 53.5 mg of **S1m**' yields 21.2 mg of 2**m** (42%, 12 h, *trans/cis* = 4.3:1, using **L5**); 55.5 mg of **S1m**' yields 24.8 mg of 2**m** (47%, 12 h, *trans/cis* = 3.2:1, using **L6**), white solid, m.p. = 186.9-191.0 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.66

(d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.16 – 7.12 (m, 3H), 7.08 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.06 – 7.01 (m, 3H), 6.86 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 4.92 (d, J = 4.1 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.3, 143.2, 142.9, 142.3, 138.0, 134.4, 132.8, 129.8, 128.9, 128.8, 128.0, 127.6, 127.5, 127.1, 126.3, 124.9, 115.7, 93.4, 73.9, 57.3, 21.7. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3031, 1596, 1482, 1359, 1167, 1098, 1006, 957, 811, 733, 703, 666, 576, 545. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₂INNaO₂S (M+Na)⁺ 574.0308, found 574.0305. **HPLC** (using **L5**): INA column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 11.9 min, minor: 15.9 min. 86% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -96^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.34, CH₂Cl₂); **HPLC** (using **L6**): INA column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 11.6 min, minor: 15.3 min. 96% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -126^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.40, CH₂Cl₂).





Compound *trans-***2n**: 53.1 mg of **S1n'** yields 27.0 mg of **2n** (54%, 11 h, *trans/cis* = 2.8:1, using **L5**); 52.2 mg of **S1n'** yields 24.1 mg of **2n** (49%, 11 h, *trans/cis* = 1.9:1, using **L6**), white solid, m.p. = 160.9-162.5 °C, $R_f = 0.6$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.93 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.63

- 7.54 (m, 4H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.37 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.19 - 7.12 (m, 3H), 7.09 - 7.02 (m, 3H), 6.87 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 5.03 (d, J = 4.3 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (d, J = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 2.41 (s, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -62.5. ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.0, 144.4, 143.0, 142.3, 134.3, 132.7, 130.1 (q, J = 32.4 Hz), 129.8, 129.0, 128.9, 127.6, 127.5, 126.33, 126.31, 126.0 (q, J = 3.5 Hz), 125.0, 124.2 (q, J = 272.16 Hz), 115.7, 73.9, 57.3, 21.7. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3032, 2922, 1620, 1598, 1494, 1478, 1461, 1419, 1361, 1325, 1263, 1167, 1121, 1068, 1017, 950, 840, 814, 739, 701, 667, 576, 544. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₈H₂₃F₃NO₂S (M+H)⁺ 494.1396, found 494.1395. **HPLC** (using **L5**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 6.9 min, minor: 9.6 min. 96% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -116^\circ$ (*c* 0.61, CH₂Cl₂); **HPLC** (using **L6**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 6.4 min, minor: 8.6 min. 96% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -116^\circ$ (*c* 0.36, CH₂Cl₂).





Compound *trans-***20**: 53.4 mg of **S10**' yields 36.8 mg of **20** (73%, 10 h, *trans/cis* = 4.6:1, using **L5**); 56.3 mg of **S10**' yields 34.0 mg of **20** (64%, 10 h, *trans/cis* = 4.3:1, using **L6**), white solid, m.p. = 118.1-120.7 °C, $R_f = 0.6$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.91 (d,

J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.39 – 7.32 (m, 3H), 7.20 – 7.10 (m, 5H), 7.09 – 7.01 (m, 3H), 6.88 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.43 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 5.02 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -57.8. ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.8, 144.3, 143.2, 142.2, 141.9, 134.5, 132.8, 129.8, 129.0, 128.9, 127.55, 127.52, 127.4, 127.1, 126.4, 124.9, 121.5, 120.6 (q, J = 258.3 Hz), 115.7, 73.6, 57.3, 21.6. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 2968, 1596, 1505, 1361, 1261, 1222, 1167, 1167, 1101, 1022, 957, 811, 752, 702, 667, 575, 543. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₈H₂₂F₃NNaO₃S (M+Na)⁺ 532.1164, found 532.1156. **HPLC** (using **L5**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 6.6 min, minor: 9.7 min. 97% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -77^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.62, CH₂Cl₂); **HPLC** (using **L6**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 6.6 min, minor: 9.6 min. 98% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -72^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.58, CH₂Cl₂).





Compound *trans*-2**p**: 55.0 mg of **S1p**' yields 22.0 mg of **2p** (42%, 4 h, *trans/cis* = 4.6:1, using **L5**); 51.3 mg of **S1p**' yields 23.7 mg of **2p** (49%, 4 h, *trans/cis* = 3.5:1, using **L6**), white solid, m.p. = 148.6-149.9 °C, $R_f = 0.6$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.02 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H),

7.92 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.17 – 7.11 (m, 3H), 7.08 – 7.01 (m, 3H), 6.86 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 5.03 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (d, J = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 2.40 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.9, 148.1, 144.4, 143.1, 142.3, 134.3, 132.8, 130.4, 129.8, 129.7, 129.0, 128.8, 127.61, 127.57, 127.1, 126.3, 125.9, 124.9, 115.7, 74.1, 57.3, 52.2, 21.6. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3059, 2952, 1721, 1604, 1458, 1437, 1359, 1279, 1169, 1109, 1021, 958, 811, 737, 702, 666, 575, 543. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₉H₂₆NO₄S (M+H)⁺ 484.1577, found 484.1580. **HPLC** (using **L5**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 13.9 min, minor: 17.7 min. 95% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -113^{\circ}$ (*c* 1.08, CH₂Cl₂); **HPLC** (using **L6**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 13.2 min, minor: 16.3 min. 94% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -86^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.35, CH₂Cl₂).





Compound *trans*-2**q**: 48.2 mg of **S1q**' yields 28.5 mg of **2q** (63%, 12 h, *trans/cis* = 7.3:1, using **L5**); 47.3 mg of **1q** yields 27.5 mg of **S2q**' (62%, 12 h, *trans/cis* = 5.3:1, using **L6**), white solid, m.p. = 168.8-170.6 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.94 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.30 – 7.26 (m, 1H), 7.15 – 7.02

(m, 6H), 6.98 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.44 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 5.34 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 4.21 (d, J = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H). ¹⁹**F** NMR (471 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -117.2. ¹³**C** NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.8 (d, J = 246.4 Hz), 144.2, 143.2, 142.2, 134.7, 133.0, 130.2 (d, J = 13.1 Hz), 129.8, 129.4 (d, J = 8.1 Hz), 128.9, 128.5, 127.9 (d, J = 3.9 Hz), 127.6, 127.5, 126.8, 126.5, 124.8, 124.7 (d, J = 3.5 Hz),115.68, 115.68 (d, J = 21.1 Hz), 68.6, 56.4, 21.7. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3064, 2924, 1595, 1486, 1457, 1360, 1261, 1228, 1168, 1098, 1028, 959, 812, 758, 733, 700, 666, 574, 546. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₃FNO₂S (M+H)⁺ 444.1428, found 444.1425. **HPLC** (using **L5**): OD-H column, 97.5:2.5 hexane: isopropanol, 0.70 mL/min, t_R = major: 14.6 min, minor: 21.6 min. 92% ee; **HPLC** (using **L6**): OD-H column, 97.5:2.5 hexane: isopropanol, 0.70 mL/min, t_R = major: 15.5 min, minor: 22.2 min. 94% ee. (The specific rotation did not measure due to a pair of an inseparable diastereoisomers.)





Compound *trans*-2r: 48.6 mg of S1r' yields 27.6 mg of 2r (61%, 7 h, *trans/cis* = 4.3:1, using L5); 48.8 mg of S1r' yields 24.3 mg of 2r (53%, 7 h, *trans/cis* = 2.8:1, using L6), white solid, m.p. = 155.6-159.5 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H **NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.94 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (dd,

J = 7.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.40 - 7.33 (m, 2H), 7.25 - 7.17 (m, 4H), 7.10 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.84 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 5.51 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 2H), 5.51 (d, 1H), 4.13 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 2.42 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.3, 143.2, 142.2, 140.7, 134.7, 133.2, 131.8, 129.9, 129.8, 128.9, 128.4, 127.8, 127.7, 127.6, 126.9, 126.4, 124.8, 115.2, 70.6, 56.7, 21.7. IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3031, 1598, 1455, 1354, 1247, 1166, 1098, 1025, 961, 811, 738, 702, 667, 579, 548. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₃ClNO₂S (M+H)⁺ 460.1133, found 460.1129. isotopic peak: HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₃ClNO₂S (M+H)⁺ 462.1104, found 460.1103. HPLC (using L5): INC column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 14.6 min, minor: 13.2 min. 89% ee. HPLC (using L6): INC column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 15.0 min, minor: 13.5 min. 88% ee. (The specific rotation did not measure due to a pair of an inseparable diastereoisomers.)





Compound *trans-2s*: 50.4 mg of **S1s'** yields 21.9 mg of **2s** (46%, 11 h, *trans/cis* = 4.9:1, using **L5**); 48.1 mg of **S1s'** yields 25.2 mg of **2s** (56%, 11 h, *trans/cis* = 4.0:1, using **L6**), white solid, m.p. = 121.4-122.5 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.91 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.39 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.18 – 7.11 (m, 4H), 7.08 – 7.01 (m, 4H), 6.98 (t, J = 8.4

Hz, 1H), 6.87 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 4.98 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -112.2. ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.2 (d, J = 246.6 Hz), 145.7 (d, J = 6.6 Hz), 144.3, 143.2, 142.3, 134.4, 132.8, 130.6 (d, J = 8.2 Hz), 129.8, 129.0, 128.8, 127.6, 127.5, 127.1, 126.3, 124.9, 121.5 (d, J = 2.6 Hz), 115.8, 114.8 (d, J = 21.2 Hz), 113.0 (d, J = 22.5 Hz), 73.8, 57.3, 21.7. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3063, 3031, 2924, 1595, 1484, 1455, 1359, 1264, 1168, 1098, 1027, 959, 879, 811, 789, 737, 698, 665, 577, 543. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₃FNO₂S (M+H)⁺ 444.1428, found 444.1422. **HPLC** (using **L5**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 8.2 min, minor: 12.0 min. 93% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -134^\circ$ (*c* 0.69, CH₂Cl₂); **HPLC** (using **L6**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 7.9 min, minor: 11.2 min. 95% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -155^\circ$ (*c* 0.59, CH₂Cl₂).





Compound *trans-***2t**: 53.2 mg of **S1t**' yields 20.4 mg of **2t** (40%, 10 h, *trans/cis* = 4.0:1, using **L5**); 50.5 mg of **S1t**' yields 20.0 mg of **2t** (42%, 10 h, *trans/cis* = 2.8:1, using **L6**), white solid, m.p. = 168.9-175.5 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.91 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (s, 1H), 7.41 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.28 – 7.25 (m,

1H), 7.20 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.17 – 7.11 (m, 3H), 7.08 – 7.00 (m, 3H), 6.87 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 4.95 (d, J = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (d, J = 4.1 Hz, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.4, 144.3, 143.2, 142.3, 134.4, 132.8, 131.0, 130.6, 129.8, 129.0, 128.9, 127.6, 127.5, 127.1, 126.3, 124.9, 124.7, 123.0, 115.7, 73.7, 57.3, 21.7. IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3063, 2923, 1597, 1572, 1475, 1428, 1401, 1359, 1260, 1167, 1094, 1027, 955, 811, 787, 735, 699, 666, 575, 543. HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₂BrNNaO₂S (M+Na)⁺ 526.0447, found 526.0443; isotopic peak: HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₂BrNNaO₂S (M+Na)⁺ 528.0427, found 528.0420. HPLC (using L5): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 8.7 min, minor: 13.5 min. 94% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -158^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.48, CH₂Cl₂); HPLC (using L6): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 8.6 min, minor: 13.0 min. 98% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -162^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.46, CH₂Cl₂).





Compound *trans-***2u**: 41.2 mg of **S1u'** yields 21.6 mg **2u** (56%, 11 h, *trans/cis* = 12.0:1 dr, using **L5**); 42.1 mg of **S1u'** yields 20.3 mg of **2u** (52%, 11 h, *trans/cis* = 15.7:1, using **L6**), white solid, m.p. = 157.8-161.4 °C, $R_f = 0.8$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.83 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (t,

 $J = 7.7 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}, 7.05 - 6.97 \text{ (m, 4H)}, 6.94 - 6.86 \text{ (m, 3H)}, 6.23 \text{ (d, } J = 7.7 \text{ Hz}, 2\text{H}), 4.07 \text{ (d, } J = 2.2 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}), 4.01 - 3.93 \text{ (m, 1H)}, 2.45 \text{ (dh, } J = 12.5, 6.1 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}), 2.35 \text{ (s, 3H)}, 1.08 \text{ (d, } J = 6.9 \text{ Hz}, 3\text{H}), 0.92 \text{ (d, } J = 6.8 \text{ Hz}, 3\text{H}). {}^{13}\text{C}$ **NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.5, 143.8, 142.6, 134.9, 134.7, 129.7, 128.5, 128.4, 127.5, 126.09, 126.07, 124.6, 116.3, 76.5, 47.5, 34.1, 21.6, 18.6, 15.8. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3030, 2961, 2873, 1598, 1459, 1356, 1301, 1168, 1093, 1027, 958, 812, 734, 700, 667, 577, 542. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₄H₂₅NNaO₂S (M+Na)⁺ 414.1498, found 414.1499. **HPLC** (using **L5**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 6.2 min, minor: 8.7 min. 56% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -177^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.56, CH₂Cl₂); **HPLC** (using **L6**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 6.2 min, minor: 8.7 min. 56% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -187^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.06, CH₂Cl₂).





Compound *trans*-2**v**: 47.2 mg of **S1v**' yields 29.9 mg of 2**v** (68%, 12 h, *trans/cis* = 19.0:1 dr, using **L5**); 48.0 mg of **S1v**' yields 29.2 mg of 2**v** (65%, 12 h, *trans/cis* = 24.0:1, using **L6**), white solid, m.p. = 114.8-118.9 °C, $R_f = 0.7$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.82 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, *J* =

8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 6.98 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.94 – 6.86 (m, 3H), 6.24 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 4.13 (d, J = 0.4 Hz, 1H), 3.96 (dd, J = 4.3, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 2.08 – 2.00 (m, 1H), 1.84 – 1.67 (m, 5H), 1.39 – 1.22 (m, 3H), 1.21 – 1.12 (m, 1H), 0.98 (qd, J = 12.3, 3.0 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.4, 143.7, 142.6, 134.9, 134.6, 129.6, 128.5, 128.4, 127.4, 126.2, 126.0, 124.6, 116.5, 76.4, 48.3, 44.4, 29.1, 26.7, 26.6, 26.3, 26.1, 21.6. IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3031, 2928, 2853, 1598, 1455, 1354, 1247, 1166, 1098, 1025, 961, 811, 738, 702, 667, 580, 548. HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₃₀NO₂S (M+H)⁺ 432.1992, found 432.1991. HPLC (using L5): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 5.8 min, minor: 9.0 min. 82% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -158^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.73, CH₂Cl₂); HPLC (using L6): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 5.9 min, minor: 9.0 min. 86% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -168^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.99, CH₂Cl₂).





Compound *trans-2***w**: 48.3 mg of **S1w**' yields 27.3 mg of **2w** (60%, 8 h, *trans/cis* = 6.1:1, using **L5**); 47.3 mg of **S1w**' yields 22.1 mg of **2w** (50%, 8 h, *trans/cis* = 3.8:1, using **L6**), white solid, m.p. = 139.7-140.4 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.89 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.36 – 7.29

(m, 5H), 7.30 – 7.25 (m, 1H), 7.12 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.02 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.89 – 6.81 (m, 3H), 6.33 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.00 (d, J = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 2.27 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.0, 143.3, 142.4, 140.6, 136.5, 134.8, 133.3, 129.7, 129.4, 128.9, 128.7, 127.8, 127.6, 127.4, 126.3, 125.9, 124.6, 115.6, 74.5, 57.0, 21.6, 21.1. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3030, 2922, 1597, 1512, 1477, 1457, 1359, 1261, 1167, 1107, 1025, 959, 808, 751, 701, 664, 572, 542. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₈H₂₆NO₂S (M+H)⁺ 440.1679, found 440.1680. **HPLC** (using **L5**): INA column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 10.6 min, minor: 12.3 min. 90% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -157^\circ$ (*c* 0.45, CH₂Cl₂); **HPLC** (using **L6**): INA column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 9.0 min, minor: 10.3 min. 90% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -180^\circ$ (*c* 0.41, CH₂Cl₂).





İs

Compound *trans-***2x**: 50.8 mg of **S1x**' yields 22.9 mg of **2x** (48%, 12 h, *trans/cis* = 1.5:1, using **L5**); 49.0 mg of **S1x**' yields 24.8 mg of **2x** (54%, 12 h, *trans/cis* = 2.4:1, using **L6**), white solid, m.p. = 139.6-143.4 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.91 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.39 – 7.29 (m, 6H), 7.12 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.06 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (d, J

= 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.37 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 4.96 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 4.21 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.41 (s, 3H). ¹³**C** NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.3, 142.8, 142.5, 142.0, 134.7, 132.8, 132.5, 129.7, 129.1, 129.0, 128.9, 128.8, 128.0, 127.5, 126.3, 125.9, 124.9, 116.0, 74.3, 56.5, 21.7. IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3029, 1597, 1485, 1457, 1358, 1260, 1166, 1091, 1020, 960, 810, 752, 701, 665, 566, 544. HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₃ClNO₂S (M+H)⁺ 460.1133, found 460.1123; isotopic peak: HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₃ClNO₂S (M+H)⁺ 462.1104, found 462.1103. HPLC (using L5): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 10.9 min, minor: 9.4 min. 82% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -144^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.24, CH₂Cl₂); HPLC (using L6): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 20.5 min, minor: 8.4 min. 89% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -125^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.34, CH₂Cl₂).



The alkyl-containing diazo **1y** could not be prepared because of the alkyl-containing diazo compound was unstable at ambient temperature and quickly delivered to the olefin one by [1,2]-H shift. In addition, using one-pot method (The desired hydrazone and catalyst were mixed first at 0°C, then MnO₂ was added into the catalyst system slowly.) also failed.

Compound 2y: white solid, m.p. = 131.3-132.1 °C, $R_f = 0.8$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.61 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.24 – 7.04 (m, 7H), 6.76 (dd, J = 17.6, 11.0 Hz,

1H), 6.66 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 5.54 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.11 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 4.87 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (d, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.6, 138.7, 136.5, 136.2, 135.4, 132.6, 129.6, 129.4, 129.2, 128.5, 128.2, 127.9, 127.8, 126.0, 115.4, 55.9, 21.6. IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3063, 3030, 1629, 1482, 1451, 1345, 1186, 1090, 1051, 861, 814, 774, 705, 655, 560. HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₂H₂₂NO₂S (M+H)⁺ 364.1366, found 364.1354.



MeO₂C Ph

Compound *trans*-2z: known compound.^[4] 43.8 mg of 1z yields 9.4 mg of 2z (23%, 24 h, *trans/cis* = 1.4:1, using L6), white solid, $R_f = 0.4$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 8:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.75 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.38 – 7.25 (m, 7H), 7.18 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.06 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 5.77 (d, J

= 3.6 Hz, 1H), 3.91 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 3.54 (s, 3H), 2.35 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.6, 144.0, 142.2, 141.9, 134.8, 129.5, 129.4, 128.9, 127.9, 127.6, 127.4, 126.3, 125.8, 124.3, 115.7, 67.0, 55.7, 52.6, 21.5. HPLC (using L6): OD-H column, 99:1 hexane: isopropanol, 1.00 mL/min, t_R = major: 38.0 min, minor: 33.3 min. 2% ee.



Compound *cis*-2z: known compound.^[4] 43.8 mg of 1z yields 9.4 mg of 2z (23%, 24 h, *trans/cis* = 1.4:1, using L6), white solid, $R_f = 0.4$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 8:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.71 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.38 - 7.28 (m, 1H), 7.24 - 7.12 (m, 9H), 5.59 (d, *J* = 10.1 Hz, 1H),

4.37 (d, J = 10.1 Hz, 1H), 3.22 (s, 3H), 2.35 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.5, 144.1, 142.7, 137.4, 135.3, 129.0, 128.2, 127.11, 127.06, 126.9, 124.8, 116.1, 67.2, 52.7, 51.7, 21.6. (Only the peak of the *cis*-product is marked in the ¹³C NMR spectrum.) **HPLC** (using **L6**): OD-H column, 99:1 hexane: isopropanol, 1.00 mL/min, t_R = major: 45.4 min, minor: 43.3 min. 16% ee.





Compound *cis*-2aa: 34.0 mg of S1aa' yields 7.8 mg of 2aa (25%, 12 h, *cis/trans* > 99:1 dr, using L5); 34.0 mg of S1aa' yields 16.6 mg of 2aa (54%, 12 h, *cis/trans* > 99:1 dr, using L6), white solid, m.p. = 171.0-172.2 °C, $R_f = 0.4$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.42 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.10 – 6.91 (m, 8H), 6.79 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.69 (s, 2H), 5.55 (d, J = 9.4

Hz, 1H), 5.19 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 2.04 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.6, 144.4, 137.8, 136.8, 132.7, 130.0, 128.4, 128.2, 127.9, 127.6, 127.1, 126.8, 125.4, 124.3, 116.8, 70.0, 53.9, 24.3. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3032, 2920, 1663, 1597, 1477, 1457, 1394, 1351, 1265, 1127, 1028, 925, 852, 781, 732, 700, 655, 611, 562. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₂H₁₉NNaO (M+Na)⁺ 336.1359, found 336.1350. **HPLC** (using **L5**): OD-h column, 95:5 hexane: isopropanol, 1.00 mL/min, t_R = major: 14.1 min, minor: 25.5 min. 14% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -5^{\circ} (c \ 0.28, CH_2Cl_2)$; **HPLC** (using **L6**): OD-H column, 95:5 hexane: isopropanol, 1.00 mL/min, t_R = major: 14.0 min, minor: 25.3 min. 10% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -3^{\circ} (c \ 0.38, CH_2Cl_2)$.





Compound *trans*-2ab: 39.3 mg of S1ab' yields 25.4 mg of 2ab (70%, 12 h, *trans/cis* = 5.7:1, using L5); 39.6 mg of S1ab' yields 26.6 mg of 2ab (73%, 12 h, *trans/cis* = 4.3:1, using L6), white solid, m.p. = 95.4-96.6 °C, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.57 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.38 – 7.26

(m, 9H), 7.14 – 7.06 (m, 4H), 5.18 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 2.69 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.2, 142.4, 142.2, 132.8, 129.2, 129.1, 128.3, 127.63, 127.61, 126.6, 126.2, 124.3, 114.1, 74.7, 56.9, 37.9. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3056, 2986, 1599, 1495, 1479, 1460, 1422, 1352, 1265, 1160, 1109, 1028, 970, 897, 738, 703, 544, 515. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₁H₁₉NNaO₂S (M+Na)⁺ 372.1028, found 372.1030. **HPLC** (using **L5**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane:isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 11.8 min, minor: 14.7 min. 96.5:3.5 er. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -185^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.50, CH₂Cl₂); **HPLC** (using **L6**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane:isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: (*c* 0.63, CH₂Cl₂).





Compound *cis*-2ab: white solid, m.p. = 152.8-153.5 °C, $R_f = 0.2$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.54 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.13 – 6.96 (m, 8H), 6.87 – 6.79 (m, 4H), 5.68 (d, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H), 5.25 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 2.89 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.1, 137.1,

136.3, 133.0, 129.8, 128.6, 127.93, 127.85, 127.6, 127.2, 127.1, 126.3, 124.0, 113.6, 71.0, 53.9, 38.9. IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3031, 2927, 1598, 1476, 1456, 1347, 1157, 963, 780, 738, 700, 546, 512. HRMS (ESI) Calcd for $C_{21}H_{19}NNaO_2S$ (M+Na)⁺ 372.1028, found 372.1029.



The diazo compound **3ac** and **3ad** were conducted in standard condition. However, only trace of $C(sp^3)$ -H insertion products was observed.



4.2 Gram scale experiment (3 mmol) for diazo compound 1a



In a flame-dried 100 mL flask, the desired hydrazones **S1a'** (3 mmol, 1.40 g) were dissolved in 20 mL anhydrous benzotrifluoride (0.15 M). The flask was wrapped in foil, and MnO_2 (24.0 mmol, 1.96 g) was added. The oxidation was allowed to stir for 10 min until full conversion of the starting material was observed by TLC and dry Na₂SO₄ (1.0 g) was added to stir for 1 min to remove H₂O generated in suit. Then MnO₂ and Na₂SO₄ was removed by filtering through alumina (neutral) into a new flame-dried flask using dry ethyl acetate (30 mL) quickly. Next the solvent was removed *in vacuo* at room temperature. The crude magenta diazo compounds **1a** were used for next step without purification and were diluted to 0.15 M with anhydrous benzotrifluoride (20 mL). In the meantime, under nitrogen atmosphere, Pd(CH₃CN)₂Cl₂ (9 mol%, 69.1 mg), chiral ligand **L6** (10.8 mol%, 82.0 mg) and NaBAr^F (21.6 mol%, 575 mg) were added in dry benzotrifluoride (15 mL, 1.8×10^{-2} M). The chiral catalysts mixture was stirred

to bright yellow at room temperature for 2 h and the grey aggregation was removed through cotton. The bright yellow solution was transferred into a new flame-dry flask and the magenta solution of diazo compounds **1a** was added dropwise into the catalyst system with syringe pump for 2 hours (10 mL/h) under nitrogen atmosphere. The insertion reaction was stirred at room temperature overnight (for another 13 h). The crude reaction mixture was filtered over Celite, concentrated *in vacuo*, and purified by column chromatography (PE: DCM = 3:1) to yield the insertion product **2a** (1.03 g, 79%, *trans:cis* = 3.1:1, 94% ee for *trans-***2a**).

4.3 Procedure for the removal of tosyl in *trans*-2a^[6]

The C-H inserion of **1a** was conducted repeatedly and could be expanded to 0.26 mmol scale (111 mg of **S1a'**, 0.26 mmol), thus delivering **2a** (63.4 mg) with 61% yield, 5.5:1 *trans/cis* ratio and 94% ee. Then a mixture of *trans-2a* (53.5 mg, 0.13mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and Mg powder (43.4 mg, 1.82 mmol, 14.0 equiv.) in dry MeOH (5.0 mL) was sonicated under N₂ atmosphere, then the mixture was stirred at 50°C for 2h until completion, quenched with saturated NH₄Cl, and the aqueous layer was extracted with DCM. The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by flash column chromatography to yield the product *trans-2a'*.



Compound *trans-***2a**': 53.5 mg of *trans-***2a**' yields 24.2 mg of *trans-***2a**' (71%, 2 h, *trans/cis* > 99:1), yellow oil, $R_f = 0.8$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.33 – 7.23 (m, 8H), 7.18 – 7.09 (m, 3H), 6.84 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.78 – 6.70 (m, 2H), 4.82 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 4.29 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (s, 1H).

¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 150.9, 143.0, 142.3, 131.4, 129.0, 128.63, 128.55, 128.2, 127.7, 127.0, 126.8, 125.2, 119.3, 109.2, 73.8, 58.9. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3363, 3030, 2918, 2851, 1603, 1486, 1460, 1359, 1262, 1033, 742, 700, 616. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₀H₁₇NNa (M+Na)⁺ 294.1253, found 294.1249. **HPLC**: OD-H column, 95:5 hexane: isopropanol, 1.00 mL/min, t_R = major: 15.7 min, minor: 11.2 min. 94% ee. $[\alpha]_{p}^{21} = -49^{\circ}$ (*c* 7.7, CH₂Cl₂).



Compound *cis*-2a': known compound^[3], yellow oil (The procedure of the removal of tosyl in *cis*-2a was the same as that of *trans*-2a), $R_f = 0.7$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.17 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.06 – 6.96 (m, 9H), 6.84 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.75 – 6.69 (m, 2H), 5.24 (d, J = 9.0

Hz, 1H), 4.73 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (s, 1H). ¹³**C** NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 151.7, 140.1, 139.3, 131.3, 129.4, 128.1, 127.7, 127.6, 127.3, 126.9, 126.2, 125.9, 119.3, 109.1, 69.0, 54.2.

4.4 Side product in the Pd(II)-catalyzed C-H insertion of diazo compound

The major side product in the Pd(II)-catalyzed C-H insertion of diazo compound is O-H insertion product. Because of the high activity of donor-type diazo compounds, the attack by H₂O to deliver O-H insertion easily happens in the catalytic system. Taking diazo compound **1a** in scale-up experiment for example, in addition to C-H insertion product **2a** (79% yield, *trans*: *cis* = 3.1:1), side product **7** (12% yield) and trace of carbene dimer were also obtained.





Compound 7: white solid, m.p. = 152.1-153.0 °C, $R_f = 0.4$ (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.62 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.30 – 7.23 (m, 1H), 7.22 – 7.17 (m, 4H), 7.14 – 7.05 (m, 5H), 6.94 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.48 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 6.07 (s, 1H), 5.28 (d, J = 13.1 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (d, J = 13.1 Hz, 1H), 4.10 – 4.07 (m, 1H), 2.47 (s, 3H). ¹³C

NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 146.4, 144.4, 142.6, 136.9, 134.8, 134.3, 130.8, 130.0, 129.8, 129.3, 128.9, 128.34, 128.28, 128.1, 127.5, 126.5, 126.3, 126.2, 68.5, 56.3, 21.7. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3515, 3063, 3032, 1598, 1490, 1451, 1338, 1158, 1091, 1049, 873, 844, 816, 740, 715, 661, 561. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₅NNaO₃S (M+Na)⁺ 466.1447, found 466.1437.




5. General procedure for preparation of enynones

Typical procedure for preparation of S3

To a solution of 2-iodoaniline and Et₃N (2.2 equiv.) in DCM (0.5 M) at 0°C under nitrogen was added Ac₂O (1.2 equiv.) dropwise. The resulting mixture was allowed to warmed up to room temperature and stirred until the reaction was completed by TLC. Water was added and the organic phase was separated. Aqueous phase was extracted with DCM twice. The combined organic phase was washed with NaHCO₃ and NH₄Cl, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification of the crude product by flash column chromatography (silica gel, petroleum ether/AcOEt = 5:1) gave **S3** with 85-96% yield.

Typical procedure for preparation of S5

To a solution of 2-propynol **S4** (300 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (150 mL) was added *tert*-butyldimethylsilyl chloride (450 mmol) and 1-H imidazole (750 mmol) at 0°C. After about 2 h, the reaction was monitored by TLC until totally completed. The reaction mixture was washed with water, dried over MgSO₄, and was concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (silica gel, petroleum ether/AcOEt = 20:1) to afford **S5** as colorless oil (94% yield).

Typical procedure for preparation of S6

Under nitrogen atmosphere, a mixture of **S3** (10 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), CuI (10 mol%), Pd(PPh₃)₂Cl₂ (5 mol%) were added to a schlenk tube, Et₃N (20 mL) and THF (20 mL) as co-solvent was added to the reaction mixture, then **S5** (15 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) was added slowly. The reaction was stirred for 12 h at 50 °C. The mixture was diluted with H₂O, and extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The extract was dried over MgSO₄ and evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate (5:1) as the eluent to afford **S6** (60-89%).

Typical procedure for preparation of S7

To a stirred suspension of NaH (3.6 mmol) in 3 ml of dry THF at 0 °C the **S6** (3.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) dissolved in 4 mL of THF was added dropwise within 5 min. The reaction mixture was stirred until the solution became clear, and the solution of alkyl bromide (1.1-1.5 equiv.) in 3 mL of THF was added dropwise within 5 min. The solution was warmed up to room temperature and monitored by TLC. After **S6** was completely consumed, the reaction mixture was quenched with water (15 mL). The resulting solution was extracted with ethyl acetate (3×10 mL). Combined organic layers were washed with brine (1×20 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification of the crude product by flash column chromatography (silica gel, petroleum ether/AcOEt = 5:1) gave **S7** (66-91%).

Typical procedure for preparation of S8

To a solution of **S7** in DCM tetrabutylammonium fluoride (TBAF, 1.5 equiv.) was added slowly, the reaction was monitored by TLC. After totally completed, the reaction mixture was quenched with water. The resulting solution was extracted with DCM. Combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification of the crude product by flash column chromatography (silica gel, petroleum ether/AcOEt = 2:1) gave **S8** as yellow oil (85-97%).

Typical procedure for preparation of S9

To a solution of **S8** in DCM (0.25 M) Dess-Martin regent (1.5 equiv.) was added with portions. The reaction was monitored by TLC, after totally completed, the reaction mixture was added saturated NaHCO₃ aqueous solution and saturated Na₂S₂O₃ aqueous solution to quench the reaction. The resulting solution was extracted with DCM. Combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification of the crude product by flash column chromatography (silica gel, petroleum ether/AcOEt = 3:1) gave **S9** as yellow oil (52-88%).

Typical procedure for preparation of enynones 3a-3i^[7]

S9 (1.0 equiv.), AcOH (0.6 equiv.), piperidine (0.2 equiv.) and MgSO₄ (0.2 - 0.5 equiv.) were added to a solution of **S10** (1.2-1.5 equiv.) in toluene at room temperature. The reaction was stirred at room temperature and monitored by TLC. The reaction mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate and water. Combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was purified by flash column chromatography (silica gel, petroleum ether/AcOEt = 2:1) to yield **3a-3i** (45-70%).



Compound 3a: known compound.^[7] 61% yield, yellow oil, $R_f = 0.2$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 3:1). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.58 – 7.50 (m, 1H), 7.36 – 7.29 (m, 2H), 7.26 – 7.21 (m, 3H), 7.21 – 7.17 (m, 2H), 6.90 – 6.81 (m, 1H), 6.80 (s, 1H), 5.38 (d, J = 14.2 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (d, J = 14.2 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (s, 3H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 1.85 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.8, 195.7, 170.1, 150.5, 144.2, 137.2, 134.2,

131.2, 129.9, 129.4, 128.5, 128.4, 127.7, 121.8, 121.2, 101.9, 89.3, 52.3, 31.1, 27.2, 22.6.



Compound 3b: known compound.^[5] 55% yield, yellow oil, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 3:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.56 – 7.50 (m, 1H), 7.36 – 7.31 (m, 2H), 7.09 – 7.01 (m, 4H), 6.89 – 6.84 (m, 1H), 6.83 – 6.79 (m, 1H), 5.31 (d, J = 14.2 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (d, J = 14.2 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (s, 3H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 1.83 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.6, 195.5, 169.8, 150.1, 144.0, 137.0, 133.95, 133.93 131.1, 129.8, 129.2, 128.9, 128.3, 121.5, 121.1, 101.9, 89.0, 51.8, 30.9,

27.0, 22.4, 21.1.



Compound 3c: known compound.^[7] 46% yield, yellow oil, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 2:1). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.38 – 7.32 (m, 1H), 7.19 – 7.12 (m, 2H), 6.92 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.74 – 6.67 (m, 1H), 6.64 (s, 1H), 6.57 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.05 (d, J = 14.2 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (d, J = 14.2 Hz, 1H), 3.54 (s, 3H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 2.18 (s, 3H), 1.64 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ

200.3, 195.2, 169.3, 158.6, 149.8, 143.5, 133.6, 130.8, 130.2, 129.4, 128.8, 128.0, 121.2, 120.7, 113.2, 101.5, 88.6, 54.7, 51.1, 30.5, 26.6, 22.0.



Compound 3d: known compound.^[7] 56% yield, yellow oil, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 2:1). ¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.55 (dd, J = 5.5, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (dd, J = 5.6, 3.6 Hz, 2H), 7.18 – 7.12 (m, 2H), 6.92 (t, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.85 (dd, J = 5.4, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (s, 1H), 5.29 (d, J = 14.2 Hz, 1H), 4.36 (d, J = 14.3 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (s, 3H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 1.84 (s, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -114.74.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.8, 195.6, 170.1, 162.3 (d, J = 245.9 Hz), 150.5, 144.0, 134.3, 133.00 (d, J = 3.3 Hz), 131.3 (d, J = 6.1 Hz), 131.1, 129.8, 128.6, 121.7, 121.0, 115.26 (d, J = 21.3 Hz), 101.7, 89.2, 51.5, 31.0, 27.1, 22.5.



Compound 3e: known compound.^[7] 55% yield, yellow oil, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 2:1). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.30 – 7.27 (m, 1H), 7.12 – 7.04 (m, 2H), 6.94 – 6.86 (m, 4H), 6.69 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (s, 1H), 4.92 (d, J = 14.4 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (d, J = 14.4 Hz, 1H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 2.10 (s, 3H), 1.55 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.0, 195.0, 169.2, 149.9, 143.1, 135.2, 133.5, 132.5, 130.8, 127.8, 120.9, 120.1, 100.8, 88.5, 50.9, 30.2, 26.2, 21.7

 $130.1,\,129.0,\,128.0,\,127.8,\,120.9,\,120.1,\,100.8,\,88.5,\,50.9,\,30.2,\,26.2,\,21.7.$





Compound 3f: known compound.^[7] 45% yield, yellow oil, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 2:1). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36 – 7.31 (m, 1H), 7.19 – 7.09 (m, 4H), 6.88 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.74 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (s, 1H), 4.93 (d, J =14.3 Hz, 1H), 4.25 (d, J = 14.3 Hz, 1H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 1.61 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.3, 195.2, 169.5, 149.9, 143.3, 135.8, 133.7, 130.95, 130.90, 130.7, 129.1, 128.1, 121.09, 121.05, 120.4, 101.0, 88.7, 51.2, 30.4, 26.5, 21.9. **Compound 3g**: 50% yield, yellow oil, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 2:1). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.20 – 7.13 (m, 4H), 7.13 – 7.07 (m, 2H), 6.97 – 6.88 (m, 1H), 6.74 (dd, J = 8.6, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (s, 1H), 5.30 (d, J = 14.2 Hz, 1H), 4.23 (d, J = 14.2 Hz, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 1.78 (s, 3H). ¹⁹**F NMR** (376 MHz,

Ac CDCl₃) δ -111.8. ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.4, 195.4, 169.9, 161.2 (d, J = 250.4 Hz), 150.9, 140.1 (d, J = 3.5 Hz), 136.7, 131.4 (d, J = 9.1 Hz), 129.2, 128.3, 127.6, 123.3 (d, J = 10.1 Hz), 120.26 (d, J = 24.2 Hz), 120.26, 120.1, 118.2 (d, J = 22.4 Hz), 99.8, 89.6, 52.0, 30.8, 26.9, 22.3. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3608, 3325, 3062, 2919, 1676, 1597, 1565, 1487, 1460, 1393, 1365, 1308, 1231, 1158, 1059, 1028, 952, 856, 801, 755, 701, 674, 632, 610, 555, 486, 433. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₃H₂₁FNO₃ (M+H)⁺ 378.1500, found 378.1502.





Åс

Compound 3h: 55% yield, yellow oil, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 2:1). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.34 (s, 1H), 7.27 – 7.16 (m, 5H), 7.12 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (s, 1H), 6.74 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 5.35 (d, J = 14.2 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (d, J = 14.2 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (s, 3H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 1.84 (s, 3H).¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.7, 195.5, 170.1, 150.1, 141.6, 138.5, 137.1, 134.3, 132.0, 129.4, 129.2, 128.2, 127.4, 121.2, 121.1, 102.2, 88.7, 52.1, 30.9, 27.0, 22.4, 20.8.

IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3609, 3306, 3030, 2924, 2353, 2192, 1786, 1766, 1711, 1664, 1585, 1535, 1517, 1497, 1392, 1375, 1292, 1246, 1171, 1070, 1022, 969, 887, 831, 745, 703, 628, 584, 536, 508, 441. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{24}H_{24}NO_3$ (M+H)⁺ 374.1751, found 374.1758.



Compound 3i: known compound.^[7] 70% yield, yellow oil, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 3:1). ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.60 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.02 – 3.90 (m, 1H), 3.51 – 3.35 (m, 1H), 2.51 (s, 3H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 1.81 (s, 3H), 1.56 – 1.44 (m, 2H), 1.38 – 1.29 (m, 2H), 0.89 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.8,

195.6, 169.9, 150.4, 144.6, 134.2, 131.3, 129.4, 128.2, 121.7, 121.0, 101.9, 89.1, 48.5, 30.9, 29.8, 27.0, 22.5, 20.1, 13.8.

6. General procedure for Pd(II)-catalyzed C-H insertion of enynones

General procedure for enantioselective Pd(II)-catalyzed C-H insertion of enynones

Under nitrogen atmosphere, to a solution of enynone **3a-3i** (0.2 mmol) in dry toluene (0.2 M), $[Pd(PhCN)_2Cl_2]$ (10 mol%), Pybox ligand L1 (11 mol%) and NaBAr^F (22 mol%) were added. The reaction mixture was then heated to a temperature of 60 °C and stirred for 12 h. After the reaction was completed, the reaction mixture was filtered through short silica gel, and then the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The crude C-H insertion product was purified by flash column chromatography (silica gel, petroleum ether/AcOEt = 3:1) to yield **4a-4i**.



Compound 4a: known compound.^[7] 72.0 mg of **3a** yields 59.8 mg of **4a** (83%, 12 h, >99:1 dr), yellow oil, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 3:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.39 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.41 – 7.32 (m, 1H), 7.16 – 7.08 (m, 5H), 6.89 (dd, J = 6.5, 3.0 Hz, 2H), 5.96 (s, 1H), 5.59 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (d, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 2.04 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)

δ 194.0, 169.5, 157.9, 149.0, 143.9, 138.0, 129.0, 128.4, 128.0, 126.3, 125.2, 124.4, 121.7, 117.0, 109.8, 68.2, 47.0, 29.0, 24.3, 14.0. **HPLC**: OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 1.00 mL/min, t_R = major: 13.7 min, minor: 23.7 min. 89% ee. $[α]_D^{23} = -38^\circ$ (*c* 0.10, CH₂Cl₂).





Compound 4b: known compound.^[7] 74.7 mg of **3b** yields 63.5 mg of **4b** (85%, 12 h, >99:1 dr), yellow oil, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 3:1). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.38 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.42 – 7.32 (m, 1H), 7.10 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 2H), 6.90 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 6.76 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 5.96 (s, 1H), 5.56 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 5.19 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 2.21 (s, 3H), 2.18 (s, 3H), 2.05 (s, 3H). ¹³**C**

NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.2, 169.5, 157.9, 149.1, 143.9, 137.7, 135.0, 129.4, 129.0, 128.9, 126.2, 125.2, 124.4, 121.7, 117.0, 109.7, 68.1, 47.1, 29.0, 24.3, 21.0, 14.1. **HPLC**: OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 1.00 mL/min, t_R = major: 11.6 min, minor: 20.0 min. 90% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{23} = -89^\circ$ (*c* 0.17, CH₂Cl₂).





Compound 4c: known compound.^[7] 77.9 mg of **3c** yields 65.4 mg of **4c** (84%, 12 h, >99:1 dr), yellow oil, $\mathbf{R}_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 3:1). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.34 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.10 – 7.02 (m, 2H), 6.78 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.60 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.98 (s, 1H), 5.52 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 5.14 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.64 (s, 3H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.0, 169.4, 159.2, 157.8, 149.1, 143.8, 130.0, 129.3, 128.8, 127.4, 125.1, 124.3, 121.7, 116.9, 113.6, 109.6, 67.7, 55.2, 46.9, 29.0, 24.2, 14.0. **HPLC**: OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 1.00 mL/min, t_R = major: 18.6 min, minor: 30.3 min. 80% ee. $[\alpha]_{D}^{23} = -71^{\circ} (c \ 0.12, CH_2Cl_2).$





Compound 4d: known compound.^[7] 75.5 mg of **3d** yields 60.4 mg of **4d** (80%, 12 h, >99:1 dr), yellow oil, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 3:1). ¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.37 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (dt, J = 8.1, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 2H), 6.96 – 6.74 (m, 4H), 6.05 (s, 1H), 5.59 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 5.21 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 2.21 (s, 3H), 2.04 (s, 3H). ¹⁹**F** NMR (376 MHz,

CDCl3) δ -113.76. ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 193.9, 169.3, 162.3 (d, J = 247.9 Hz), 158.0, 148.8, 143.6, 133.9 (d, J = 2.0 Hz), 129.0, 128.9, 127.9 (d, J = 8.1 Hz), 125.2, 124.6, 121.8, 117.0, 115.3 (d, J = 21.9 Hz), 109.8, 67.5, 46.9, 29.0, 24.2, 14.1. **HPLC**: OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 1.00 mL/min, t_R = major: 14.3 min, minor: 26.0 min. 91% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{23} = -88^\circ$ (*c* 0.11, CH₂Cl₂). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.37 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (dt, J = 8.1, 4.5 Hz, 2H), 7.12 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 2H), , 6.05 (s, 1H), 5.59 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 5.21 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 2.21 (s, 3H), 2.04 (s, 3H).



Compound 4e: known compound.^[7] 78.8 mg of **3e** yields 59.9 mg of **4e** (76%, 12 h, >99:1 dr), yellow oil, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 3:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.34 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 7.36 – 7.31 (m, 1H), 7.14 – 7.04 (m, 4H), 6.82 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.04 (s, 1H), 5.55 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 5.19 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 2.01 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)

δ 193.9, 169.2, 158.0, 148.6, 143.6, 136.7, 133.8, 129.0, 128.5, 127.6, 125.2, 124.6, 121.8, 117.0, 109.9,

67.5, 46.9, 29.0, 24.2, 14.0. **HPLC**: OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 1.00 mL/min, t_R = major: 15.5 min, minor: 27.8 min. 94% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{23} = -41^\circ$ (*c* 0.13, CH₂Cl₂).



Compound 4f: known compound.^[7] 87.6 mg of **3f** yields 72.4 mg of **4f** (83%, 12 h, >99:1 dr), yellow oil, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 3:1). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.34 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.14 – 7.06 (m, 2H), 6.76 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.04 (s, 1H), 5.54 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 2.20 (s, 3H), 2.02 (s, 3H). ¹³C

NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 193.9, 169.2, 158.1, 148.5, 143.5, 137.2, 131.5, 129.0, 128.8, 128.0, 125.2, 124.6, 121.9, 121.8, 117.0, 110.0, 67.6, 46.9, 29.0, 24.2, 14.0. **HPLC**: OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 1.00 mL/min, t_R = major: 15.6 min, minor: 28.4 min. 95% ee. $[\alpha]_{D}^{23} = -46^{\circ} (c \ 0.14, CH_2Cl_2).$





Ác

Compound 4g: 94.4 mg of **3g** yields 59.2 mg of **4g** (63%, 12 h, >99:1 dr), yellow oil, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 3:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.36 (dd, J = 7.7, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 7.19 – 7.09 (m, 3H), 7.04 (td, J = 8.9, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.95 – 6.84 (m, 2H), 6.80 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.99 (s, 1H), 5.61 (d, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (d, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 2.18 (s, 3H), 2.03 (s, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz,

CDCl₃) δ -117.87. ¹³C **NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 193.9, 169.2, 159.8 (d, J = 243.3 Hz), 158.1, 148.1, 140.0, 137.7, 131.4 (d, J = 8.3 Hz), 128.5, 128.2, 126.2, 121.8, 117.9 (d, J = 8.3 Hz), 115.3 (d, J = 22.7 Hz), 112.5 (d, J = 24.4 Hz), 110.0, 68.5, 46.9, 29.0, 24.0, 14.0. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3743, 3609, 3307, 3032, 2923, 2853, 2353, 1726, 1667, 1608, 1566, 1481, 1453, 1392, 1354, 1316, 1256, 1229, 1173, 1128, 1078, 1057, 1030, 948, 874, 822, 804, 755, 706, 675, 631, 608, 546, 517, 485. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₃H₂₁FNO₃ (M+H)⁺ 378.1500, found 378.1497. **HPLC**: OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 1.00 mL/min, t_R = major: 12.1min, minor: 15.3 min. 96% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{23} = -44^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.13, CH₂Cl₂).



Compound 4h: 74.7 mg of **3h** yields 63.5 mg of **4h** (85%, 12 h, >99:1 dr), yellow solid, m. p. = 118-119 °C, $R_f = 0.3$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 3:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.26 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.13 – 7.06 (m, 3H), 6.93 – 6.85 (m, 3H), 5.96 (s, 1H), 5.57 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 2.17 (s, 3H), 2.03 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101

MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.1, 169.2, 157.9, 149.1, 141.7, 138.2, 134.2, 129.5, 129.3, 128.4, 128.0, 126.3, 125.7, 121.8, 116.7, 109.8, 68.4, 47.0, 29.0, 24.2, 21.2, 14.1. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3855, 3746, 3493, 3030, 2921, 2852, 2352, 2319, 1727, 1664, 1566, 1486, 1451, 1429, 1391, 1350, 1304, 1270, 1228, 1182, 1058, 1030, 955, 821, 756, 706, 676, 633, 606, 538, 519. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₄H₂₄NO₃ (M+H)⁺ 374.1751, found 374.1767. **HPLC**: OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 1.00 mL/min, t_R = major: 13.5 min, minor: 16.9 min. 92% ee. [α]_D²³ = -46° (*c* 0.04, CH₂Cl₂).

Ác





The alkyl substituted enynone **3i** was tested in the optimal condition. Substrate **3i** basically remained in this system and there was no desired C-H insertion product **4i** even at 120 °C, only trace of **4j**.





Compound 4j: yellow oil, $R_f = 0.2$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.65 – 7.57 (m, 2H), 7.53 – 7.48 (m, 1H), 7.30 – 7.26 (m, 2H), 4.06 – 3.94 (m, 1H), 3.06 – 2.96 (m, 1H), 2.70 (s, 3H), 2.44 (s, 3H), 1.87 (s, 3H), 1.52 – 1.38 (m, 2H), 1.25 – 1.17 (m, 2H), 0.82 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 192.9, 181.5, 170.5, 163.8, 149.6, 141.6, 136.0, 132.1, 130.9, 129.7, 127.9, 123.6, 120.8, 49.4, 29.8, 29.7, 29.0, 23.0, 20.1, 15.0, 13.8. IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3608, 3325,

3062, 2919, 1676, 1597, 1565, 1487, 1460, 1393, 1365, 1308, 1231, 1158, 1059, 1028, 952, 856, 801, 755, 701, 674, 632, 610, 555, 486, 433. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for $C_{20}H_{23}NNaO_4^+$ (M+Na)⁺ 364.1519, found 364.1522.

7. Deuteration experiment

7.1 Preparation of the dideutierium-labled d2-S1a'



Step 1: Under a N₂ atmosphere, to a stirring suspension of LiAlD₄ (3.2 mmol) in dry THF (10 mL) was added dropwise a THF solution (5 mL) of benzoyl chloride (5.1 mmol) at 0°C. The solution was then refluxed to 80°C for 2 h until the reaction was completely transformed. The mixture was carefully quenched by dropwise addition of H₂O at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was acidified with 1 M HCl (30 mL), extracted with Et₂O (3× 20 mL), washed with 10% acqueous K₂CO₃ (30 mL) and saturated brine. Organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and evapoured under reduced pressure. The crude mixture **S12** was directly used for next step.

Step 2: To a round bottom flask containing crude alcohol **S12** and dry DCM, PBr₃ (6.8 mmol) was added dropwise at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was warmed up to rt and stirred overnight. Upon completion, the reaction mixture was carefully quenched by NaHCO₃ at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was extracted with DCM (3×20 mL) and washed with saturated brine. Organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and evapoured under reduced pressure very carefully. The crude mixture was purified by column chromatography (in petroleum ether) to affored 607 mg (69%) of (bromomethyl-*d*₂)benzene **S13** as colorless liquid.

Step 3: The dideutierium-labled d_2 -S1a' was affored as yellowish white solid (798 mg, 91%) according to the typical procedure for formation of hydrazones in **Chapter 3**.



DD

N

H₂N._NTs

Compound d_2 -S1a: 67% yield, white solid, m.p. = 105.1-106.7 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.59 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.30 – 7.24 (m, 5H), 7.22 – 7.17 (m, 3H), 6.96 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.94 – 6.90

(m, 1H), 2.20 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.1, 143.2, 139.6, 136.9, 136.8, 136.0, 133.1, 133.0, 130.67, 130.65, 130.2, 129.9, 129.3, 128.3, 128.0, 127.8, 127.4, 21.5. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3061, 3030, 1669, 1596, 1488, 1447, 1345, 1287, 1265, 1162, 1101, 929, 809, 734, 702, 648, 603, 550. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₁D₂NNaO₃S (M+Na)⁺ 466.1416, found 466.1417.





3H), 7.19 – 7.05 (m, 4H), 7.00 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 6.76 – 6.66 (m, 2H), 5.55 (s, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.2, 143.6, 138.6, 138.5, 136.9, 135.0, 134.8, 131.9, 131.4, 129.7, 129.6, 129.4, 129.3, 128.40, 128.39, 128.3, 128.1, 127.8, 126.4, 21.6. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3408, 3299, 3060, 1594, 1489, 1445, 1331, 1269, 1234, 1161, 1094, 1028, 854, 810, 766, 735, 695, 656, 604, 562. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₃D₂N₃NaO₂S (M+Na)⁺ 480.1685, found 480.1687.



7.2 Deuteration Experiment



In a flame-dried scintillation vial, the substrate d_2 -S1a' (0.1 mmol) was dissolved in anhydrous benzotrifluoride (0.033 M). The scintillation vial was wrapped in foil, and MnO₂ (0.8 equiv.) was added. The oxidation was allowed to stir until full conversion of the starting material was observed by TLC, then the MnO₂ was removed by filtering through celite into a new flame-dried flask using dry ethyl acetate quickly. Next the solvent was removed *in vacuo* at room temperature. The crude magenta diazo compound d_2 -1a was used for next step without purification and was diluted to 0.033 M with anhydrous benzotrifluoride. In the meantime, under nitrogen atmosphere, Pd(CH₃CN)₂Cl₂ (10 mol%), chiral ligand L6 (12 mol%) and NaBAr^F (24 mol%) were added in dry benzotrifluoride (6.7×10^{-3} M). The chiral catalysts mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. Then the magenta solution of diazo compounds d_2 -1a was added dropwise into the catalyst system for 10 min. The insertion reaction was stirred at room temperature for 12 h. The crude reaction mixture was filtered over Celite, concentrated *in vacuo*, and purified by column chromatography (silica gel, petroleum ether/AcOEt = 30:1) to yield the desired insertion product d_2 -2a. The *dr* value (*trans/cis*) was determined by ¹H NMR.

Compound d_2 -2a (*trans*): 48.4 mg of d_2 -1a yields 27.8 mg of d_2 -2a (62%, 12 h, *trans:cis* = 4.7:1, 22.9 mg *trans* product, using L6), white solid, m.p. = 133.1-135.8 °C, R_f = 0.5 (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.39 – 7.26 (m, 6H), 7.17 – 7.08 (m, 3H), 7.07 – 6.99

(m, 3H), 6.87 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.43 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 2.39 (s, 3H). ¹³**C** NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.1, 143.5, 143.1, 142.5, 134.7, 133.1, 129.7, 129.0, 128.8, 128.7, 127.9, 127.6, 127.5, 126.9, 126.3, 125.9, 124.7, 115.7, 21.7. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3028, 2923, 1597, 1545, 1358, 1261, 1166, 1120, 1089, 974, 939, 812, 754, 700, 663, 575, 541. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₁D₂NNaO₂S (M+Na)⁺ 450.1467, found

450.1468. **HPLC** (using **L6**): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, $t_R =$ major: 8.5 min, minor: 11.3 min. 92% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -164^\circ$ (*c* 0.55, CH₂Cl₂).



Compound d_2 -2a (*cis*): 48.4 mg of d_2 -1a yields 27.8 mg of d_2 -2a (62%, 12 h, *trans:cis* = 4.7:1, 4.9 mg of *cis* product, using L6), white solid, m.p. = 151.7-153.1 °C, R_f = 0.4 (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.82 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H),

7.08 – 7.01 (m, 2H), 7.01 – 6.96 (m, 3H), 6.93 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 6.83 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 6.64 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.39 (s, 3H). ¹³**C** NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.0, 143.4, 137.5, 136.7, 136.1, 134.4, 129.9, 129.8, 128.6, 127.9, 127.7, 127.4, 127.3, 127.2, 127.1, 126.1, 124.8, 115.9, 21.7. IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3028, 2921, 1596, 1453, 1353, 1266, 1164, 1035, 930, 811, 753, 701, 657, 575, 546. HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₁D₂NNaO₂S (M+Na)⁺ 450.1467, found 450.1469. HPLC (using L6): OD-H column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 0.80 mL/min, t_R = major: 12.8 min, minor: 10.3 min. 17% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -3^{\circ}$ (*c* 0.99, CH₂Cl₂).



7.3 Preparation of the monodeutierium-labled d-1a



Step 1: Under a N₂ atmosphere, to a stirring suspension of LiAlD₄ (3.3 mmol) in dry THF (10 mL) was added dropwise a THF solution (10 mL) of benzaldehyde **S14** (6.8 mmol) at 0°C. The resulting mixture was then warmed to room temperature and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was diluted with Et₂O (10 mL), carefully quenched by dropwise addition of aqueous 2.0 M NaOH (30 mL) at 0 °C, filtered through a pad of silica and extracted with Et₂O (3× 20 mL). The combined organic solution was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and evapoured under reduced pressure. The crude mixture **S15** was directly used for next step.

Step 2: To a round bottom flask containing crude alcohol and dry DCM, PBr₃ (7.6 mmol) was added dropwise at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was warmed up to room temperature and stirred overnight. Upon completion, the reaction mixture was carefully quenched by NaHCO₃ at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was extracted with DCM (3×20 mL) and washed with saturated brine. Organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and evapoured under reduced pressure very carefully. The crude mixture was purified by column chromatography (in petroleum ether) to affored (bromomethyl-*d*)benzene **S16** (902 mg, 77%) as colorless liquid.

Step 3: The monodeutierium-labled *d*-**S1a**' was affored as yellowish white solid (1183 mg, 81%) according to the typical procedure for formation of hydrazones in **Chapter 3**.



Compound *d***-S1a**: Yield: 90%, white solid, m.p. = 102.8-104.9 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.60 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.30 – 7.24 (m, 5H), 7.23 – 7.18 (m, 3H), 6.96 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 6.95 – 6.90

(m, 1H), 4.95 (s, 1H), 2.20 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.1, 143.2, 139.6, 137.0, 136.9, 136.8, 136.1, 133.1, 133.0, 130.68, 130.67, 130.2, 129.9, 129.3, 128.3, 128.1, 127.87, 127.86, 127.5, 56.7, 56.6, 56.4, 21.5. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3062, 3032, 1669, 1296, 1488, 1448, 1346, 1265, 1161, 1098, 932, 818, 735, 703, 650, 552. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₂DNNaO₃S (M+Na)⁺ 465.1353, found 465.1356.



Compound d-S1a': Yield: 81%, yellowish white solid, m.p. = 135.3-136.5 °C, R_f = 0.3 (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.54 – 7.37 (m, 6H), 7.34 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.31 – 7.25 (m, 3H), 7.18 – 7.05 (m, 4H), 7.00 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 6.71 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 5.51 (s, 2H), 4.35 (s, 0.5H), 3.97

(s, 0.5H), 2.38 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.1, 143.6, 138.6, 136.9, 134.9, 134.8, 131.9, 131.4, 129.7, 129.6, 129.4, 129.2, 128.4, 128.2, 128.0, 127.7, 126.4, 54.9, 54.7, 54.4, 21.6. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3408, 3300, 3060, 1594, 1489, 1446, 1333, 1269, 1159, 1092, 948, 907, 818, 767, 737, 696, 656, 564. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₄DN₃NaO₂S (M+Na)⁺ 479.1622, found 479.1624.



7.4 Kinetic Isotope Effect (KIE) Experiment



In a flame-dried scintillation vial, the substrate *d*-S1a' (0.1 mmol) was dissolved in anhydrous benzotrifluoride (0.033 M). The scintillation vial was wrapped in foil, and MnO₂ (0.8 equiv.) was added. The oxidation was allowed to stir until full conversion of the starting material was observed by TLC, then the MnO₂ was removed by filtering through celite into a new flame-dried flask using dry ethyl acetate quickly. Next the solvent was removed *in vacuo* at room temperature. The crude magenta diazo compound *d*-1a was used for next step without purification. Then diazo compound *d*-1a was diluted to 0.033 M. In the meantime, under nitrogen atmosphere, Pd(CH₃CN)₂Cl₂ (10 mol%), chiral ligand L6 (12 mol%) and NaBAr^F (24 mol%) were added in dry benzotrifluoride (6.7×10^{-3} M). The chiral catalysts mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. Then the magenta solution of diazo compounds *d*-1a was added dropwise into the catalyst system for 10 min. The insertion reaction was stirred at room temperature for 12 h. The crude reaction mixture was filtered over Celite, concentrated *in vacuo*, and purified by column chromatography (silica gel, petroleum ether/AcOEt = 30:1) to yield the desired insertion product. The *dr* value (*trans/cis*) was determined by ¹H NMR using crude mixture. KIE value (*k*_H/*k*_D (*cis-d*-2a) = 1.2:1) was determined by the ratio of desired products by ¹H NMR analysis.



8. Mechanistic Studies

8.1 Preparation of substrate (R/S)-S20 for control experiments



Step 1: To a solution of 2-aminobenzophenone **S17** (3.8 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in DCM (0.3 M) at 0 °C was added pyridine (5.7 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) and tosyl chloride (5.7 mmol, 1.5 equiv.). The reaction was allowed to come to room temperature while stirring overnight. Water was added to the reaction and the layers were separated. The organic layer was washed with water and brine, then dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*, and purified by column chromatography (silica gel, petroleum ether/AcOEt = 5:1) to yield the desired products.

Step 2: To a flame-dried flask was added the sulfonylated 2-aminobenzophenone **S18** (3.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), anhydrous Cs_2CO_3 (8.7 mmol, 2.5 equiv.) and anhydrous acetonitrile (0.3 M). (1-Bromoethyl)benzene (5.2 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) was added dropwise and the reaction was heated to 80°C overnight. The Cs_2CO_3 was removed by filtraltion and washed with ethyl acetate twice. Then the acetonitrile in filtrate was removed *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate and washed with H₂O and brine. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*, and purified by column chromatography (silica gel, petroleum ether/AcOEt = 5:1) to yield (*R/S*)-**S19** (1600 mg, 99%).

Step 3: To a flame-dried flask was added anhydrous 1-butanol (0.5 M) along with (*R/S*)-**S19** (2.9 mmol, 1.0 equiv.). Glacial acetic acid (5.7 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) was added followed by anhydrous hydrazine (29 mmol, 10.0 equiv.), and the reaction was heated to 110° C reflux for 40 h upon completion by TLC. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate and washed with H₂O and brine. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*, and purified by column chromatography (silica gel, petroleum ether/AcOEt = 5:1) to yield the desired hydrazone (*R/S*)-**S20** (471 mg, 27%).

8.2 Preparation of substrate (R)-S20 for control experiments



The synthesis of (S)-(1-bromoethyl)benzene^[6]: To a solution of (R)-1-phenylethan-1-ol (50 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in dry hexane (100 mL) was added DMAP (100 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) and the mixture was cooled to

0 °C. To the mixture was added POBr₃ (30 mmol, 0.6 equiv.) slowly. The mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 30 min, then filtered and the solid was washed with hexane (50 mL). The combined filtrate was washed with water (100 mL) and saturated aqueous solution Na₂CO₃ (50 mL). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated to afford the target product as colourless oil, which was used for next step without further purification.

The synthesis of (R)-S20

The (*R*)-**S19** (6.6 g, 60% yield for two steps, 45% ee) was afforded according to **Step 1** and **2** above using (*S*)-(1-bromoethyl)benzene as chiron. (*R*)-**S19** with low ee value was required to recrystallize in DCM/i-PrOH system for three times and the optically pure (*R*)-**S19** (1.3 g, 97% ee) was obtained. The target product (*R*)-**S20** (740 mg, 55%, 97% ee) was afforded according to **Step 3** and the ee value was supposed to be consistent.



Compound (*R*)-**S19**: 60% yield, white solid, m.p. = 128.2-129.2 °C, $R_f = 0.6$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.64 – 7.27 (m, 8H), 7.21 – 7.07 (m, 5H), 7.00 and 6.73 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 4H), 5.37 and 5.04 (m, 1H), 2.32 and 2.29 (s, 1H), 1.54 and 1.44 (d, *J* = 6.5

Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.8 and 194.4, 143.1 and 142.8, 141.9 and 140.4 141.0 and 140.1, 137.9 and 137.5, 137.6 and 137.0, 136.9 and 135.9, 133.8, 133.0 and 132.9, 131.0 and 130.7, 130.5 and 130.22, 130.16, 129.2 and 129.0, 128.7 and 128.5, 128.4 and 128.2, 128.1 and 128.0, 127.8, 127.7 and 127.6, 61.9 and 61.2, 21.60 and 19.9, 21.55. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3062, 3031, 2981, 2993, 1670, 1596, 1486, 1448, 1343, 1287, 1263, 1160, 1085, 1021, 940, 907, 812, 768, 733, 703, 660, 639, 572, 550. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₈H₂₆NO₃S (M+H)⁺ 456.1628, found 456.1626. **HPLC**: INA column, 90:10 hexane: isopropanol, 1.00 mL/min, t_R = major: 11.8 min, minor: 13.1 min. 97% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = 104$ (*c* 0.61, CH₂Cl₂)).





Compound (*R*)-S20: 55% yield, yellow foam, m.p. = 57.4-72.4 °C, $R_f = 0.4$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5:1), 97% ee. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.59 and 7.56 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.49 and 7.36 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.41 and 7.32 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.25 - 7.00 (m, 10H), 6.96 and 6.86(d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 6.79 and

6.59 (s, 1H), 5.57 (s, 2H), 5.28 and 5.06 (q, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.40 and 2.33 (s, 3H), 1.40 and 1.30 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.6 and 146.5, 142.8 and 142.4, 142.2, 142.0 and 140.9, 139.5 and 139.0, 136.3 and 135.8, 133.9 and 133.4, 133.2 and 132.8, 132.1 and 131.7, 129.6 and 129.2, 129.1 and 128.9, 128.82 and 128.72, 128.79 and 128.54, 128.34 and 128.09, 128.26 and 128.19, 128.0 and 127.4, 127.74 and 127.52, 127.68 and 127.28, 127.6, 61.6 and 61.4, 22.6 and 21.6, 21.5 and 20.1. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3408, 3301, 3061, 2980, 2934, 1594, 1494, 1446, 1324, 1157, 1088, 907, 815, 757, 697, 660, 577, 552. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₈H₂₈N₃O₂S (M+H)⁺ 470.1897, found 470.1901.



8.3 C(*sp*³)-H insertion of 5a for control experiments

In a flame-dried scintillation vial, the hydrazone (*R*)-**S20** (0.08 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was dissolved in anhydrous benzotrifluoride (0.04 M). The scintillation vial was wrapped in foil, and MnO₂ (0.64 mmol, 8.0 equiv.) was added. The oxidation was allowed to stir until full conversion of the starting material was observed by TLC, then the MnO₂ was removed by filtering through celite into a new flame-dried flask using dry ethyl acetate quickly. Next the solvent was removed *in vacuo* at room temperature. The crude magenta diazo compound (*R*)-**5a** was used for next step without purification and was diluted to 0.025 M. In the meantime, under nitrogen atmosphere, Pd(CH₃CN)₂Cl₂ (10 mol%), chiral ligand **L6** (12 mol%) and NaBAr^F (24 mol%) were added in dry benzotrifluoride (4.0×10^{-3} M), The chiral catalysts mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. Then the magenta solution of diazo compound (*R*)-**5a** was added dropwise into the catalyst system for 10 min. The insertion reaction was stirred at room temperature for 10 h. The crude reaction mixture was filtered over Celite, concentrated *in vacuo*, and purified by column chromatography (silica gel, petroleum ether/AcOEt = 30:1) to yield the desired insertion product **6a**. The procedures of other control experiments were analogous to that of the procedure above.



Compound 6a (*cis*): 68% yield, (catalyzed by Pd(CH₃CN)₂Cl₂ + *rac*-L6 with 96% ee hydrazone (*R*)-**5a**), white solid, m.p. = 212.4-213.7 °C, $R_f = 0.6$ (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.84 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.78 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.31 - 7.24 (m, 3H), 7.10 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.05 - 6.98 (m, 3H), 6.98 -

6.92 (m, 3H), 6.84 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 6.80 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 4.60 (s, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 2.26 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.9, 143.6, 141.3, 139.2, 136.3, 131.4, 130.2, 129.7, 128.6, 127.8, 127.6, 127.4, 127.0, 126.9, 126.4, 125.7, 123.0, 112.9, 78.7, 63.0, 27.0, 21.7. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3025, 1596, 1455, 1342, 1234, 1160, 1123, 1084, 997, 811, 778, 727, 695, 655, 575. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₈H₂₆NO₂S (M+H)⁺ 440.1679, found 440.1675. **HPLC**: OD-H column, 95:5 hexane:

isopropanol, 0.50 mL/min, t_R = major: 20.9 min, minor: 28.4 min. 96% ee. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = 109 (c \ 0.63, CH_2Cl_2)$. (More details see Figure **S8-1b** and Figure **S8-2b**) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.84 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.78 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.31 – 7.24 (m, 3H), 7.10 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), , 6.84 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 6.80 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 4.60 (s, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 2.26 (s, 3H).



Compound 6a (*trans*): white solid (separated from a pair of diastereoisomers in the catalytic system of Pd(CH₃CN)₂Cl₂ with racemic hydrazone (*R/S*)-**5a**, *cis:trans* = 63:37), m.p. = 97.2-97.5 °C, R_f = 0.6 (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 12:1). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.78 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, *J* =

7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.35 – 7.26 (m, 4H), 7.23 – 7.18 (m, 3H), 7.14 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.02 – 6.92 (m, 2H), 6.73 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 4.65 (s, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 1.58 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 146.6, 143.7, 142.7, 138.7, 138.5, 131.4, 129.6, 129.5, 128.6, 128.4, 128.3, 127.6, 127.3, 127.2, 126.1, 126.0, 123.4, 114.2, 77.9, 63.3, 22.9, 21.6. **IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3129, 1610, 1461, 1401, 1350, 1239, 1162, 1084, 991, 808, 749, 696, 650, 571. **HRMS** (ESI) Calcd for C₂₈H₂₅NNaO₂S (M+Na)⁺ 462.1498, found 462.1488.

Τs



8.4 Intramolecular C(sp^3)-H insertion of (R/S)-5a monitored by HPLC Table S8-1. Intramolecular C(sp^3)-H insertion of (R/S)-5a monitored by HPLC



entry	SM	cat. (mol %)	ligand	yield	cis:trans	ee _{cis}	ee _{trans}
				(%)		(%)	(%)
S8-1a	(<i>R</i> / <i>S</i>)- 5 a	Pd(CH ₃ CN) ₂ Cl ₂	/	65	63:37	0	0
S8-1b	(<i>R</i> / <i>S</i>)- 5 a	$Pd(CH_3CN)_2Cl_2$	rac- L6	49	92:8	0	0

Reaction conditions: (*R/S*)-**5a** (0.08 mmol, 0.025M), [Pd] (10 mol%), L (12 mol%) and NaBAr^F (24 mol%), PhCF₃, rt, under N₂; The ratio of *cis/trans* was determined by ¹H NMR spectrum of the crude reaction mixture. The *ee* value was determined by HPLC.

Cis and *trans* insertion products were shown in HPLC figure. The absolute configuration of the peak 2 (from left to right) in HPLC was determined by single crystal X-ray diffraction, which showed a *cis*-(*2R*, *3S*) configuration. According to the racemic standard for **6a** (Figure S8-1a and S8-1b), peak 2 and peak 4 were a pair of enantiomers and thus peak 4 showed a *cis*-(*2S*, *3R*) configuration. And we could also deduce that peak 1 and peak 3 were another pair of enantiomers, which showed a *trans* configuration. In addition, in Figure S8-2a, enantiomerically enriched (*R*)-5a (97% ee) delivered peak 3 and peak 4 (*2S*, *3R*) with 79:21 *cis/trans* ratio (consistent with the 78:22 *cis/trans* ratio determined by ¹H NMR) and 98% ee. It meant that the configuration at the insertion site (C1) basically retained. Based on above information, we could deduce that peak 3 showed a *trans*-(*2S*, *3S*) configuration and further deduce that peak 1 showed a *trans*-(*2R*, *3R*) configuration. Collectively, from left to right in HPLC figures, the attribution of each peak was shown below: peak 1 = *trans*-(*2R*, *3R*); peak 2 = *cis*-(*2R*, *3S*); peak 3 = *trans*-(*2S*, *3S*); peak 4 = *cis*-(*2S*, *3R*).



Figure S8-1a Intramolecular $C(sp^3)$ -H insertion of (R/S)-**5a** catalyzed by Pd(CH₃CN)₂Cl₂

100.000

100.000

总计

18414859

460298



Figure S8-1b Intramolecular $C(sp^3)$ -H insertion of (R/S)-5a catalyzed by Pd(CH₃CN)₂Cl₂ + rac-L6

8.5 Intramolecular C(sp³)-H insertion of (R)-5a monitored by HPLC

Table S8-2. Intramolecular $C(sp^3)$ -H insertion of (R)-5a monitored by HPLC



Reaction conditions: **S8-2a-2d**: (*R*)-**5a** (0.08 mmol, 0.025M), [Pd] (10 mol%), **L** (12 mol%) and NaBAr^F (24 mol%), PhCF₃, rt, under N₂; **S8-2e**: -10°C. The ratio of *cis/trans* was determined by ¹H NMR spectrum of the crude reaction mixture. The *ee* value was determined by HPLC.



Figure S8-2a Intramolecular $C(sp^3)$ -H insertion of (<i>R</i>)- 5a catalyzed by Pd(CH ₃ CN) ₂ Cl ₂						
总计		19963867	326626	100.000	100.000	
4	28.302	15627979	242921	78.281	74.373	
~	20.000	0001101	10100	101010	22.100	



Figure S8-2b Intramolecular $C(sp^3)$ -H insertion of (R)-5a catalyzed by Pd(CH₃CN)₂Cl₂ + rac-L6



Figure S8-2c Intramolecular $C(sp^3)$ -H insertion of (R)-5a catalyzed by Pd(CH₃CN)₂Cl₂ + (S_a, R, R)-L6



Figure S8-2d Intramolecular $C(sp^3)$ -H insertion of (*R*)-**5a** catalyzed by Pd(CH₃CN)₂Cl₂ + (*R_a*, *S*, *S*)-L6 at room temperature



Figure S8-2e Intramolecular $C(sp^3)$ -H insertion of (*R*)-**5a** catalyzed by Pd(CH₃CN)₂Cl₂ + (*R_a*, *S*, *S*)-L6 at -10°C

Based on the plausible reaction mechanism of prochiral substrate **2a** in Scheme 6 of main text, the possible working mode of chirality transfer of substrate **5a** is depicted following. When forming the chiral palladium carbene, an initial hydride shift from C1 to C2 to form short-lived and compact zwitterionic intermediate occurs with stereochemical selectivity, which is dominated by substrate and palladium catalyst and thus diastereoselectivity is governed in this process. Although the pyridine rings of axially chiral 2,2'-bipyridine ligand **L6** could influence diastereoselectivity to some extent, the π - π interaction between two phenyls on C1 and C2 is still favorable. Therefore, *cis*-indoline affords with higher proportion. Subsequently, a fast ring-closure follows, accounting for the stereochemical fidelity of C1. However, if there is a mismatch in stereochemical preference between the substrate and chiral palladium catalyst of zwitterionic intermediate, the rate of ring-closure would be inhibited. In order to reduce the steric repulsion or structure strain in the chiral cavity between substrate and catalyst, a trivial rotation around the C_{aryl}–N bond of zwitterionic intermediate to expose a favorable face might happen, which causes the chirality erosion of C1.



9. Hammett analysis



The general experiment procedure: In a flame-dried scintillation vial, the hydrazone S1a' (0.05 mmol, 0.5 equiv.) and S1b' (0.05 mmol, 0.5 equiv.) was dissolved in anhydrous benzotrifluoride (0.033 M). The scintillation vial was wrapped in foil, and MnO₂ (0.8 mmol, 8.0 equiv.) was added. The oxidation was allowed to stir until full conversion of the starting material was observed by TLC, then the MnO₂ was removed by filtering through celite into a new flame-dried flask quickly. The crude magenta diazo compound mixture containing 1a and 1b was used for next step without purification and then diluted to 0.033 M. In the meantime, under nitrogen atmosphere, Pd(CH₃CN)₂Cl₂ (10 mol%), chiral ligand L6 (12 mol%) and NaBAr^F (24 mol%) were added in dry benzotrifluoride (6.7×10^{-3} M). The chiral catalysts mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h and swifted to -25°C (Due to a rapid transformation of diazo compound at room temperature, we changed the system at -25°C to retard C-H insertion process). Then the magenta solution was added dropwise into the catalyst system for 9 min. The insertion reaction was stirred for another 9 min. The crude reaction mixture was filtered over Celite quickly to remove catalysis and concentrated in vacuo. The ratio of 2b/2a was determined by ¹H NMR. Similar procedures were used to determine ratios of 2d/2a, 2e/2a, 2f/2a, 2g/2a, 2j/2a, 2k/2a, 2l/2a, 2n/2a and 2o/2a. (The Hammett substituent constants were selected from the literature of *Chem. Rev.* 1991, 91, 165–195.)^[9] Table S9-1. Hammett analysis through competition experiments with *p*-substitute benzyl substrate

entry	substrate	Х	σ	conv.	K_X/K_H	$lg(K_x/K_H)$
1	1g	OMe	-0.27	8%	1.02	0.0086
2	1d	t-Bu	-0.20	13%	1.08	0.0334
3	1b	CH_3	-0.17	8%	1.03	0.0128
4	1f	vinyl	-0.04	11%	1.09	0.0374
5	1e	Ph	-0.01	9%	0.95	-0.0211
6	1j	F	0.06	9%	0.93	-0.0135
7	1k	Cl	0.23	8%	0.92	-0.0362
8	11	Br	0.232	6%	0.81	-0.0915
9	1n	OCF ₃	0.35	10%	0.70	-0.1549
10	10	CF ₃	0.54	9%	0.62	-0.2076



Figure S9-1 Hammett plot vervus σ_p

10. X-Ray diffraction analysis

10.1 Crystal data and structure refinement for trans-2a

Single crystal of *trans*-**2a** was grown from slow evaporation of PE/DCM solvent. A suitable crystal was selected and measured on a Agilent SuperNova, Dual, Cu at zero, AtlasS2 diffractometer. The crystal was kept at 100(10) K during data collection.



Figure S10-1 Ellipsoid plot of the crystal structure of *trans*-2a (Prob = 50, Temp = 100 K)

Fable S10-1.	Crystal	data and	structure re	finement	for <i>trans</i> -2 a
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CCDC	2142261
Identification code	trans-2a (LWD-II-78-1)
Empirical formula	C ₂₇ H ₂₃ NO ₂ S
Formula weight	425.52
Temperature/K	100.00(10)
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	P21
a/Å	9.4589(6)
b/Å	9.3504(5)
c/Å	12.9480(8)
α'°	90
$\beta^{\prime \circ}$	110.298(7)
$\gamma/^{\circ}$	90
Volume/Å ³	1074.06(12)
Z	2
$\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$	1.316
μ/mm^{-1}	0.175
F(000)	448.0
Crystal size/mm ³	$0.13 \times 0.12 \times 0.11$
Radiation	Mo Ka ($\lambda = 0.71073$)
2Θ range for data collection/°	4.592 to 49.998
Index ranges	$-11 \le h \le 11, -11 \le k \le 11, -15 \le l \le 14$
Reflections collected	4686
Independent reflections	3047 [$R_{int} = 0.0233$, $R_{sigma} = 0.0416$]
Data/restraints/parameters	3047/1/281

Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.123
Final R indexes $[I \ge 2\sigma(I)]$	$R_1=0.0344,wR_2=0.0785$
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1=0.0358,wR_2=0.0798$
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³	0.22/-0.37
Flack parameter	-0.01(5)

10.2 Crystal data and structure refinement for 4h

Single crystal of **4h** was grown from slow evaporation of PE/EA solvent. A suitable crystal was selected and measured on a Agilent SuperNova, Dual, Cu at zero, AtlasS2 diffractometer. The crystal was kept at 150 K during data collection.



Figure S10-2 Ellipsoid plot of the crystal structure of 4h (Prob = 50, Temp = 150 K) Table S10-2. Crystal data and structure refinement for 4h

CCDC	1908561
Identification code	4h (ZH-53-1)
Empirical formula	$C_{24}H_{23}NO_3$
Formula weight	373.43
Temperature/K	150.00(10)
Crystal system	orthorhombic
Space group	$P2_{1}2_{1}2_{1}$
a/Å	7.94940(10)
b/Å	10.28380(10)
c/Å	24.4594(3)
α/°	90
β/°	90
γ/°	90
Volume/Å ³	1999.56(4)
Z	4
$\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$	1.240
µ/mm ⁻¹	0.652
F(000)	792.0
Crystal size/mm ³	$0.16 \times 0.14 \times 0.12$

$CuK\alpha$ ($\lambda = 1.54184$)
7.228 to 148.368
$\textbf{-9} \leq h \leq \textbf{9}, \textbf{-11} \leq k \leq \textbf{12}, \textbf{-30} \leq \textbf{l} \leq \textbf{30}$
18997
3985 [$R_{int} = 0.0323$, $R_{sigma} = 0.0204$]
3985/0/257
0.986
$R_1 = 0.0349, wR_2 = 0.0923$
$R_1 = 0.0369, wR_2 = 0.0935$
0.27/-0.20
0.02(7)/0.03(6)

10.3 Crystal data and structure refinement for the (2R, 3S)-6a

Experimental Procedure

Single crystal of (2*R*, 3*S*)-**6a** was grown from slow evaporation of PE/DCM solvent. A suitable crystal was selected and measured on a Agilent SuperNova, Dual, Cu at zero, AtlasS2 diffractometer. The crystal was kept at 150(10) K during data collection.



Figure S10-3 Ellipsoid plot of the crystal structure of (2R, 3S)-6a (Prob = 50, Temp = 150 K)

Table S10-3 Crystal data and structure refinement for (2R, 3S)-6a

CCDC	2142262
Identification code	(2R, 3S)-6a (LWD-III-17-3)
Empirical formula	$C_{28}H_{25}NO_2S$
Formula weight	439.55
Temperature/K	150.00(10)
Crystal system	trigonal
Space group	P31
a/Å	10.2503(2)
b/Å	10.2503(2)
c/Å	18.6428(4)
α'°	90
β/°	90
$\gamma^{ m /o}$	120

Volume/Å ³	1696.35(8)
Z	3
$\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$	1.291
µ/mm ⁻¹	1.465
F(000)	696.0
Crystal size/mm ³	$0.15\times0.12\times0.11$
Radiation	$Cu K\alpha (\lambda = 1.54184)$
2Θ range for data collection/°	9.964 to 148.012
Index ranges	$-12 \le h \le 11, -9 \le k \le 12, -22 \le l \le 21$
Reflections collected	10380
Independent reflections	4315 [$R_{int} = 0.0271$, $R_{sigma} = 0.0294$]
Data/restraints/parameters	4315/1/292
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.046
Final R indexes $[I \ge 2\sigma(I)]$	$R_1 = 0.0299, wR_2 = 0.0819$
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0303, wR_2 = 0.0828$
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³	0.19/-0.21
Flack/Hooft parameter	0.006(8)/-0.004(7)

11. References

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12. Spectrum of NMR



106










(S_a, R, R)-L6





210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10 f1 (ppm)















































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(P.P.m)






























$\begin{array}{c} 150.62 \\ 147.33 \\ 138.60 \\ 137.17 \\ 131.65 \\ 131.45 \\ 131.45 \\ 131.45 \\ 131.45 \\ 131.45 \\ 121.48 \\ 122.23 \\ 122.36 \\ 122.36 \\ 122.36 \\ 122.48 \\ 122.48 \\ 122.48 \\ 122.48 \\ 122.33 \\ 25.23 \\ - 55.23 \\ - 55.23 \\ - 21.61 \\ 121.61 \\ 122.45 \\ - 21.61 \\ -$

















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210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10 fl (ppm)













20 10 0 -10 -20 -30 -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -90 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -200 -210 -2. f1 (ppm)





20 10 0 -10 -20 -30 -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -90 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -200 -210 -2 f1 (ppm)







210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10 fl (ppm)



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20 10 0 -10 -20 -30 -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -90 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -200 -210 -2 ſ1 (ppm)



















 $\begin{array}{c} & 7.49 \\ & 7.48 \\ & 7.44 \\ & 7.42 \\ & 7.39 \\ & 7.33 \\ & 7.32 \\ & 7.3$















> 150.81
> 150.81
> 137.73
139.77
139.77
128.28
127.10
128.08
122.08
122.71
122.38
-55.88



175



















- 2.38



179





2b (trans)


























7.297 7.287 7.287 7.287 7.287 7.287 7.287 7.287 7.287 7.287 7.287 7.287 7.287 7.247



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20 10 0 -10 -20 -30 -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -90 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -200 -210 -2. f1 (ppm)











77.95 77.66 77.66 77.66 77.66 77.66 77.45 77.75 77.45 77.75



20 10 0 -10 -20 -30 -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -90 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -200 -210 -2. f1 (ppm)

















7.7_{12} 7.7_{12} 7.7_{13} 7.7_{13} 7.7_{13} 7.7_{13} 7.7_{14} 7.7_{14} 7.7_{14} 7.7_{14} 7.7_{16} 6.99 6.99 6.99 6.99 6.93 3.396 6.234 4.13 3.396 6.234 4.13 3.396 6.224 4.13 3.396 6.224 4.13 3.396 6.224 4.13 3.396 6.224 4.13 3.396 6.224 4.13 3.396 6.224 4.13 3.396 6.224 4.13 3.396 6.224 1.774 1.177 1.177 1.177 1.176 1.173 1.173 1.176 1.173 1.176 1.174 1.172 1.172 1.126 1

































-169.58 -169.58 -169.58 -137.80 -13.676 -13.676 -127.95 -127.95 -127.95 -127.95 -127.41 -127.41 -127.41 -127.41 -53.89 -53.89 -24.34









$\begin{bmatrix} 7,31\\7,31\\7,29\\7,229\\7,729$



$\begin{array}{c} 120,86\\ 143,03\\ 113,141\\ 128,55$




$\begin{array}{c} & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & &$























-200.33 -195.24 -195.24 -195.35 -169.35 -169.35 -149.85 -143.354 -133.349 -133.359 -234.67 -54.67





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10 0 -10 -20 -30 -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -90 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -200 -210 f1 (ppm)











 $\begin{array}{c} 7.61 \\ 7.59 \\ 7.53 \\ 7.51 \\ 7.51 \\ 7.51 \\ 7.40 \\ 7.40 \\ 7.39 \\ 7.39 \\ 7.25 \\ 7.25 \\ 7.25 \\ 7.25 \\ 7.25 \\ 8.8 \\ 6.88 \end{array}$







210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10 f1 (ppm)



2.36 2.21 2.18 2.18

-194.15 -169.53 -157.89 -157.89 -157.89 -137.70 -137.70 -137.70 -122.89 -23.93 -47.06 -47.06 -47.06 -47.06 -47.06















-193.89 -169.17 -169.17 -158.06 137.16 137.16 128.88 -177.89 -177.89 -177.89 -27.45 -67.56 -29.03 -24.22 -14.03





210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 f1 (ppm)

50 40 30 20 10 0

-10

























































