

Supplementary material

Visible-light-driven photocatalytic selective oxidation of amines and sulfides over a vanadium metal-organic framework

Ke Guo,^{†ad} Guang'an Jie,^{†a} Jiahui Liu,^a Yanghe Fu,^{*ab} Rui Ma,^{ab} Xinqing Lu,^{ab}

Fumin Zhang,^{ab} Weidong Zhu^{*ab} and Maohong Fan^{*c}

^a Key Laboratory of the Ministry of Education for Advanced Catalysis Materials, Institute of Physical Chemistry, Zhejiang Normal University, Jinhua 321004, People's Republic of China

^b Zhejiang Engineering Laboratory for Green Syntheses and Applications of Fluorine-Containing Specialty Chemicals, Institute of Advanced Fluorine-Containing Materials, Zhejiang Normal University, Jinhua 321004, People's Republic of China

^c Department of Chemical and Petroleum Engineering, University of Wyoming, Laramie, WY 82071, United States of America

^d School of Energy and Power Engineering, Nanjing University of Science and Technology, Nanjing 210094, People's Republic of China

[†]These authors contributed equally to this work.

^{*}Corresponding authors:

E-mail addresses: yhfu@zjnu.cn (Y. Fu), weidongzhu@zjnu.cn (W. Zhu), and mfan@uwyo.edu (M. Fan).

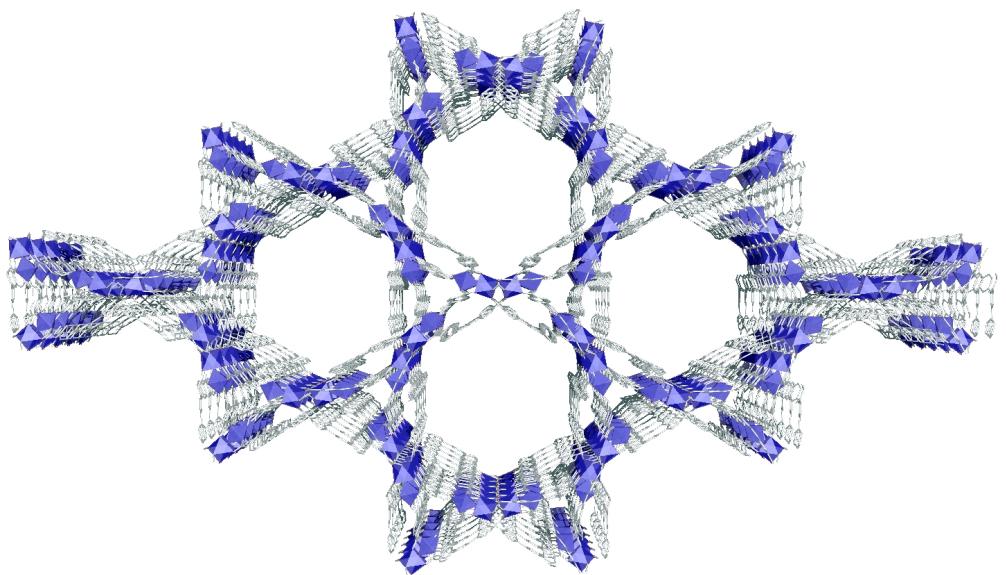


Fig. S1. Structure of BIT-66.

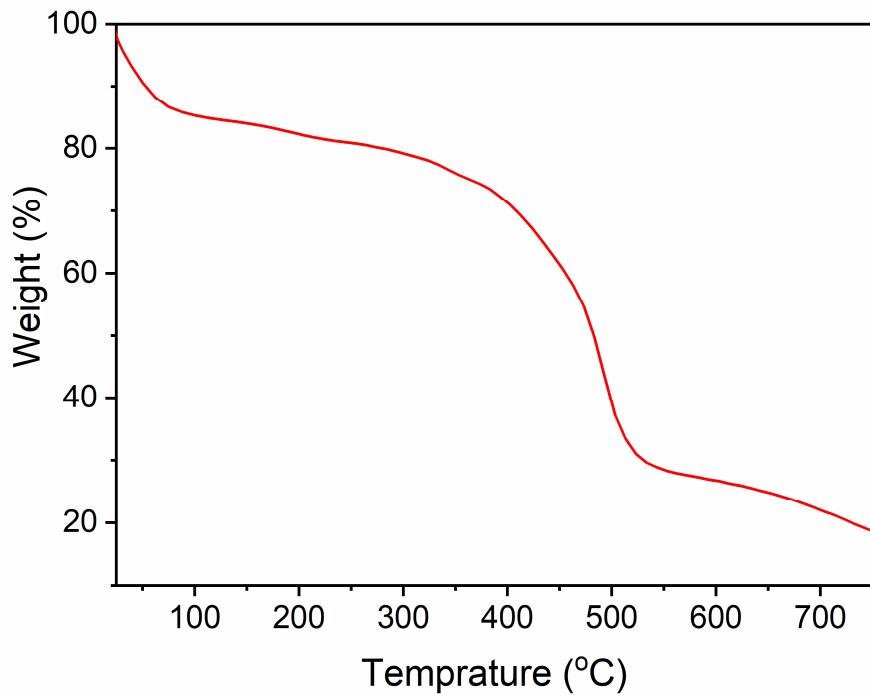


Fig. S2. TGA curve of the as-synthesized BIT-66.

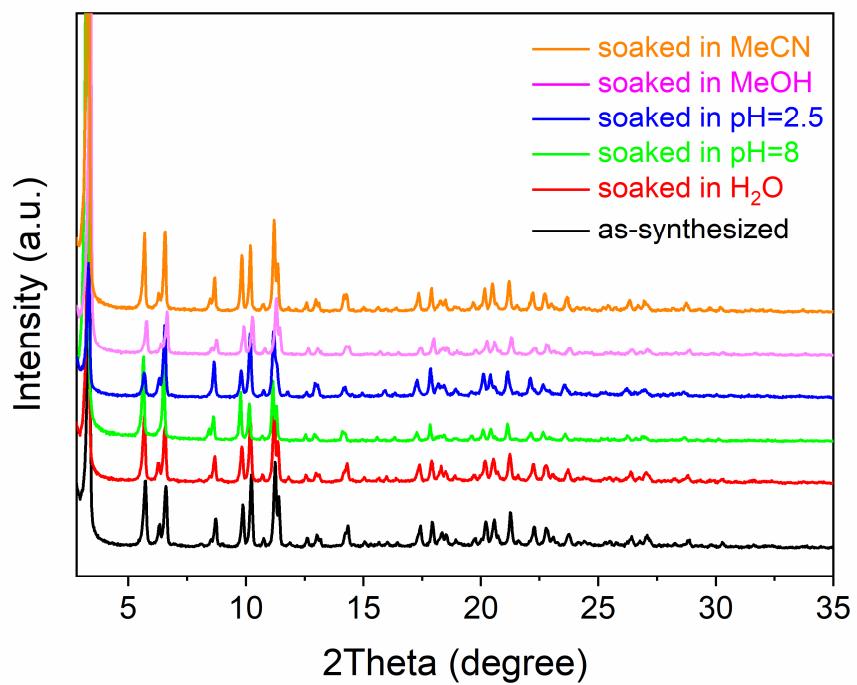


Fig. S3. PXRD patterns of the prepared BIT-66 after immersing in different solutions

for 12 h.

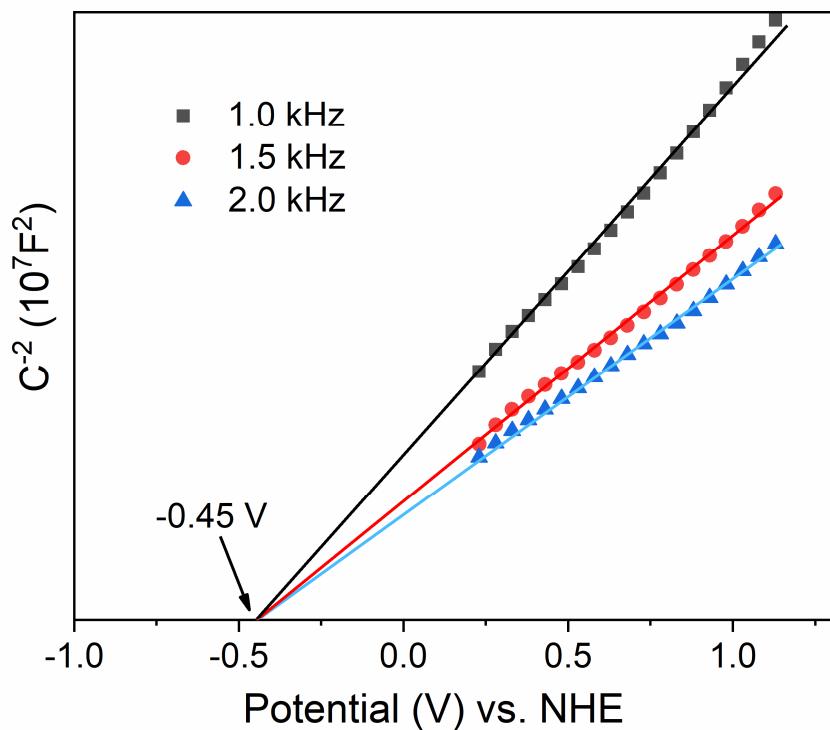


Fig. S4. Mott-Schottky plots of the as-synthesized BIT-66.

Table S1. Photocatalytic oxidative coupling of benzylamine under various reaction conditions^a

Entry	Solvent	Oxidant	Light	Conv. (%)	Sel. (%)
1	MeCN	O ₂	On	85	99
2	DMF	O ₂	On	70	99
3	H ₂ O	O ₂	On	16	99
4	Toluene	O ₂	On	20	99
5	MeCN	Ar	On	7.6	- ^b
6	MeCN	O ₂	Off	-	-
7 ^c	MeCN	O ₂	On	-	-
8 ^d	MeCN	H ₂ O ₂	Off	-	-
9 ^d	MeCN	H ₂ O ₂	On	7.9	-

^a Reaction conditions: 5 mg of BIT-66, 0.5 mmol of benzylamine, 5 mL of solvent, 12 h of visible light irradiation ($800 \text{ nm} \geq \lambda \geq 420 \text{ nm}$).

^b No detected.

^c Without BIT-66.

^d 15 mM H₂O₂ was used under Ar atmosphere.

Table S2. Photocatalytic oxidative coupling of benzylamine over different pure MOFs

photocatalysts under visible light irradiation

Entry	Photocatalyst	Oxidant	TOF (h^{-1}) ^a	Ref.
1	NH ₂ -MIL-125(Ti)	O ₂	2.0	[1]
2	Cd(dcbpy)	Air	2.4	[2]
3	ZJU-56	O ₂	3.5	[3]
4	Zn-bpydc	Air	4.2	[4]
5	BIT-66	O ₂	7.7	This work
6	FJI-Y10	O ₂	8.3	[5]
7	In-ADBEB	O ₂	11.0	[6]
8	PCN-222	Air	24.6	[7]
9	Zn ₃ (OH) ₂ (ADBEB) ₂	O ₂	45.8	[8]

^a The turnover frequency (TOF) values were calculated as the moles of the converted benzylamine divided by the moles of photocatalyst and the reaction time.

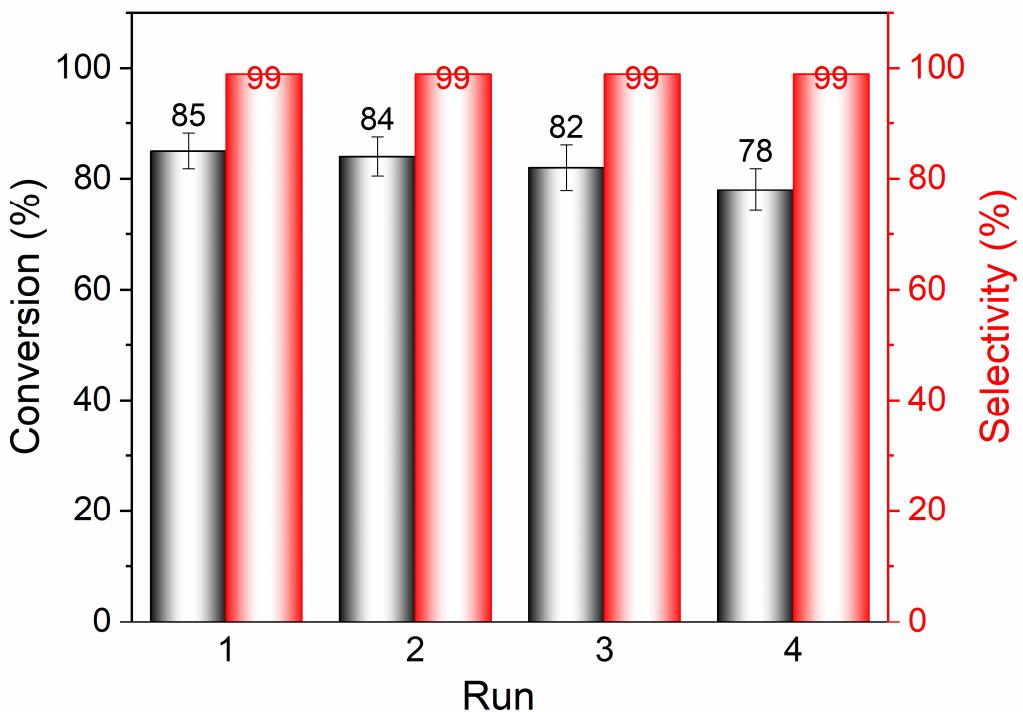


Fig. S5. Reusability of BIT-66 in the photocatalytic oxidative coupling of benzylamine upon visible-light irradiation.

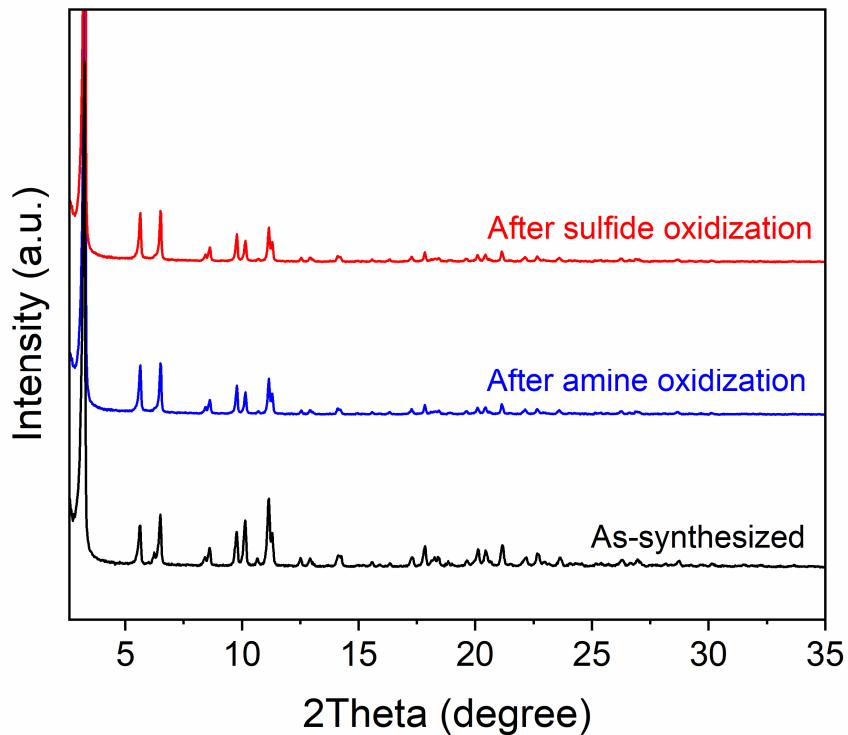


Fig. S6. PXRD patterns of the fresh and the used BIT-66 after the 4th-run

photocatalytic reaction.

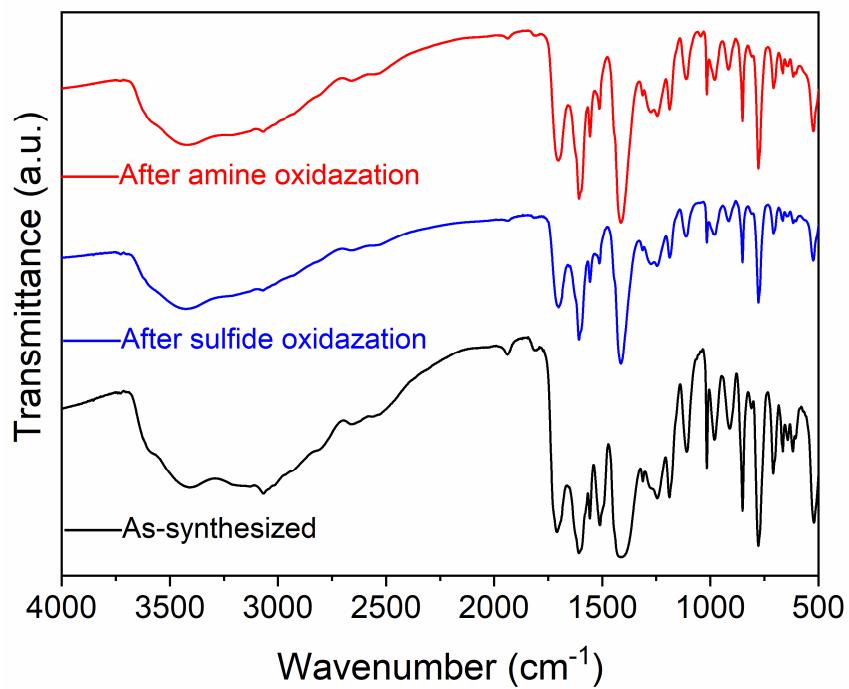


Fig. S7. FT-IR spectra of the fresh and the used BIT-66 after the 4th-run photocatalytic reaction.

Table S3. Photocatalytic oxidation of thioanisole under various reaction conditions^a

Entry	Solvent	Oxidant	Conv. (%)	Sel. (%)
1	MeCN	O ₂	-	-
2	MeCN	H ₂ O ₂	90	53
3	MeCN	TBHP	97	98
4	MeOH	TBHP	80	98
5	H ₂ O	TBHP	32	98
6 ^b	MeCN	TBHP	-	-
7 ^c	MeCN	TBHP	9	98

^a Reaction conditions: 5 mg of BIT-66, 1.5 mmol of thioanisole, 1.5 mmol of oxidant, 5 mL of solvent, 3 h of visible light irradiation (800 nm $\geq \lambda \geq$ 420 nm).

^b Without BIT-66.

^c In dark.

Table S4. Photocatalytic oxygenation of thioanisole over different pure MOFs

photocatalysts under visible light irradiation^a

Entry	Photocatalyst	Oxidant	TOF (h ⁻¹) ^a	Ref.
1	PCN-222(Zr)	Air	1.5	[9]
2	DUT-67(Zr)	O ₂	1.9	[10]
3	CoMo-TPT	O ₂	2.6	[11]
4	Zr ₆ -Ir(bpy)OMe	O ₂	3.4	[12]
5	Zr ₁₂ -NBC	Air	5.0	[13]
6	Zr-TCA	Air	5.0	[14]
7	Bi-PMOF	O ₂	6.3	[15]
8	In-ADBEB	H ₂ O ₂	14.7	[6]
9	[Ru(bpy) ₃]Cl ₂ -UiO-67	Air	16.6	[16]
10	UNLPF-10	Air	103.9	[17]
11	BIT-66	TBHP	105.7	This work

^a The turnover frequency (TOF) values were calculated as the moles of the converted thioanisole

divided by the moles of photocatalyst and the reaction time.

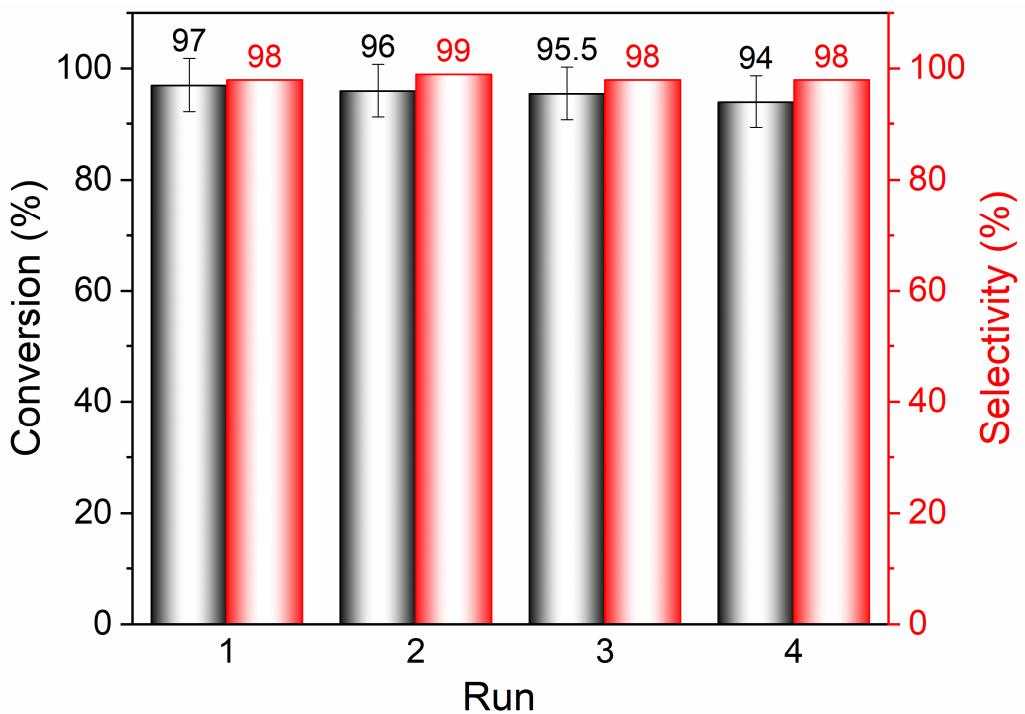


Fig. S8. Reusability of BIT-66 in the photocatalytic oxygenation of thioanisole upon visible-light irradiation.

Table S5. Quenching experiments for the photocatalytic oxidation of benzylamine and thioanisole^a

Entry	Substrate	Oxidant	Scavenger	Inhibited species	Conv. (%)
1	Benzylamine	O ₂	-	-	85
2		O ₂	p-BQ	•O ₂ ⁻	12
3		O ₂	AgNO ₃	e ⁻	26
4		O ₂	EDTA	h ⁺	58
5		O ₂	IPA	•OH	83
6		O ₂	2-Methylfuran	¹O ₂	83
7	Thioanisole	TBHP	-	-	97
8		TBHP	IPA	•OH	44
9		TBHP	AgNO ₃	e ⁻	33
10		TBHP	EDTA	h ⁺	40
11		TBHP	p-BQ	'BuOO•	59
12		TBHP	2-Methylfuran	¹O ₂	95

^a The reaction conditions were similar to those for the photocatalytic oxidation of benzylamine and thioanisole except that 1 mmol of the scavenger agent was added into the reaction system before visible light irradiation.

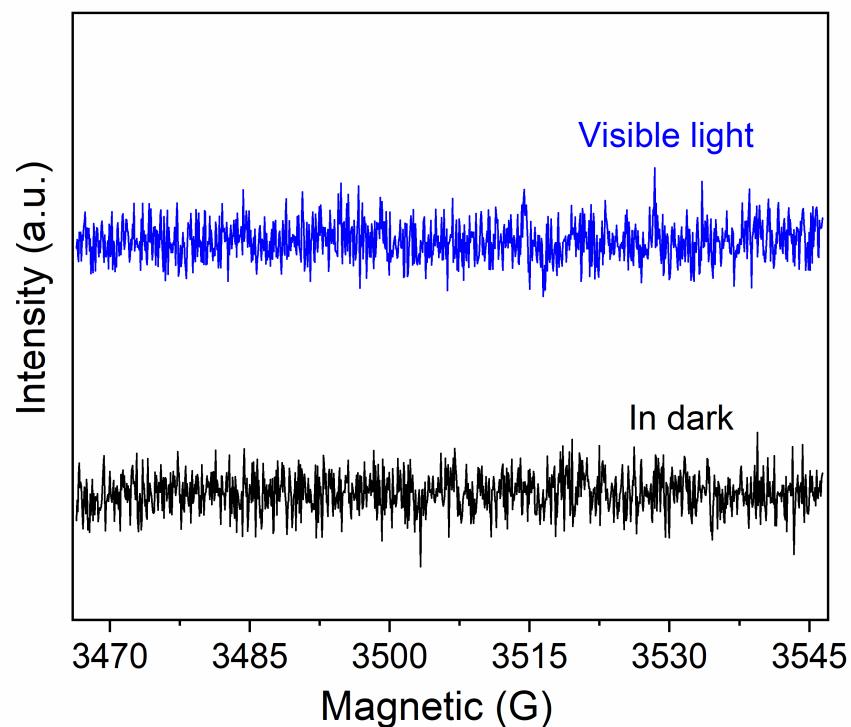


Fig. S9. EPR detection of the ·OH species trapped by DMPO in the photocatalytic oxidative coupling of benzylamine over BIT-66.

References

- [1] D. Sun, L. Ye and Z. Li, *Appl. Catal. B: Environ.*, 2015, **164**, 428-432.
- [2] J. Shi, J. Zhang, T. Liang, D. Tan, X. Tan, Q. Wan, X. Cheng, B. Zhang, B. Han, L. Liu, F. Zhang and G. Chen, *ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces*, 2019, **11**, 30953-30958.
- [3] H. Li, Y. Yang, C. He, L. Zeng and C. Duan, *ACS Catal.*, 2018, **9**, 422-430.
- [4] Y. Sha, J. Zhang, D. Tan, F. Zhang, X. Cheng, X. Tan, B. Zhang, B. Han, L. Zheng and J. Zhang, *Chem. Commun.*, 2020, **56**, 10754-10757.
- [5] F.J. Zhao, G. Zhang, Z. Ju, Y.X. Tan and D. Yuan, *Inorg. Chem.*, 2020, **59**, 3297-3303.
- [6] H. Wei, Z. Guo, X. Liang, P. Chen, H. Liu and H. Xing, *ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces*, 2019, **11**, 3016-3023.
- [7] C. Xu, H. Liu, D. Li, J.H. Su and H.L. Jiang, *Chem. Sci.*, 2018, **9**, 3152-3158.
- [8] P. Chen, Z. Guo, X. Liu, H. Lv, Y. Che, R. Bai, Y. Chi and H. Xing, *J. Mater. Chem. A*, 2019, **7**, 27074-27080.
- [9] D. Zheng, E. Chen, C. Ye and X. Huang, *J. Mater. Chem. A*, 2019, **7**, 22084-22091.
- [10] Y. Liu, J. Zou, B. Guo, Y. Ren, Z. Wang, Y. Song, Y. Yu and L. Wu, *Langmuir*, 2020, **36**, 2199-2208.
- [11] X. Yan, Z. Shi, J. Jiao, C. Si and Q. Han, *Inorg. Chem.*, 2021, **60**, 16810-16816.
- [12] L. Wei and B. Ye, *ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces*, 2019, **11**, 41448-41457.
- [13] X. Zou, D. Zhang, T. Luan, Q. Li, L. Li, P. Li and Y. Zhao, *ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces*, 2021, **13**, 20137-20144.
- [14] D. Zhang, X. Zou, X. Wang, J. Su, T. Luan, W. Fan, P. Li and Y. Zhao, *ACS Appl.*

Mater. Interfaces, 2022, **14**, 23518-23526.

[15] D. Xie, S. Wang, S. Li, W. Yang and Y. Feng, *Catal. Sci. Technol.*, 2022, **12**, 3254-3260.

[16] C. Wang, Z. Xie, K.E. deKrafft and W. Lin, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 2011, **133**, 13445-13454.

[17] J.A. Johnson, X. Zhang, T.C. Reeson, Y.S. Chen and J. Zhang, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 2014, **136**, 15881-15884.