

Supporting Information

Tuning B-N Pairs in Porous Carbon Nanorods for Electrochemical Conversion of CO₂ to Syngas with Controllable CO/H₂ Ratios

Xinyue Ma ¹, Lei Shi ¹, Lipeng Zhang, Chuangang Hu *, Dong Liu*

State Key Laboratory of Organic-Inorganic Composites, Beijing Advanced Innovation Center for Soft Matter Science and Engineering, College of
Chemical Engineering, Beijing University of Chemical Technology, Beijing 100029, China

¹These authors contributed equally

* Corresponding author

chuangang.hu@mail.buct.edu.cn; liudong@mail.buct.edu.cn

Supplemental Experimental Data

Crystal data for BIF-24: $C_{48}H_{64}B_4N_{24}Zn_3$, $M_r=1216.64$, cubic, $a=b=c=20.4868(3)$ Å, $V=8598.5(2)$ Å³, $T=173$ (2) K, space group $I3d$, $Z=4$, 977 reflections measured, 741 independent reflections ($R_{int}=0.0450$). The final $R1$ value was 0.0746 ($I>2\sigma(I)$). The final $wR(F^2)$ value was 0.2014 ($I>2(I)$). The goodness of fit on F^2 was 1.328. CCDC 931167 (BIF-24) contain the supplementary crystallographic data for this paper. These data can be obtained free of charge from The Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre via www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/data_request/cif.

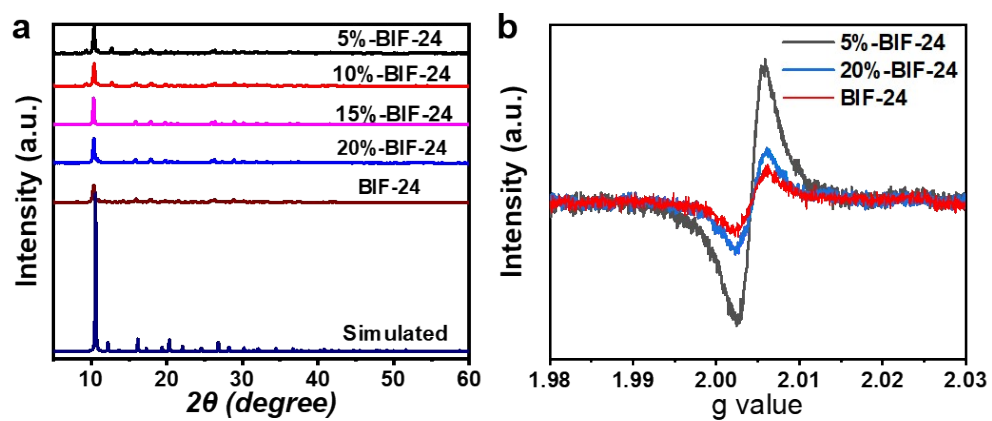


Figure S1. a) Powder XRD patterns of BIF-24 and X-BIF-24, b) The EPR spectrum of 5%-BIF-24, 20%-BIF-24, and BIF-24.

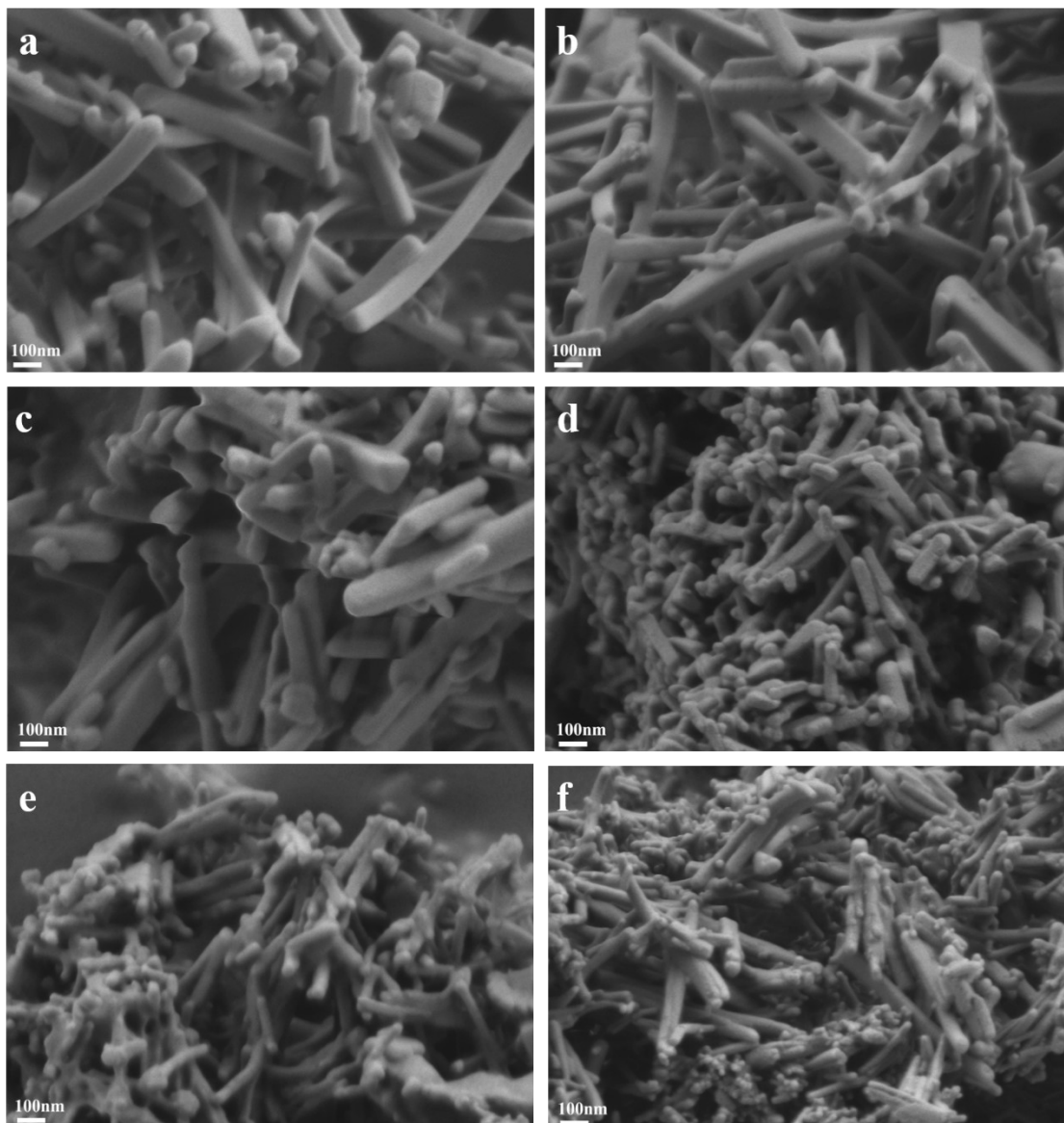


Figure S2. a-e) SEM images of 5%-BIF-24, 10%-BIF-24, 15%-BIF-24, 20%-BIF-24, BIF-24, f) The precursor of NC.

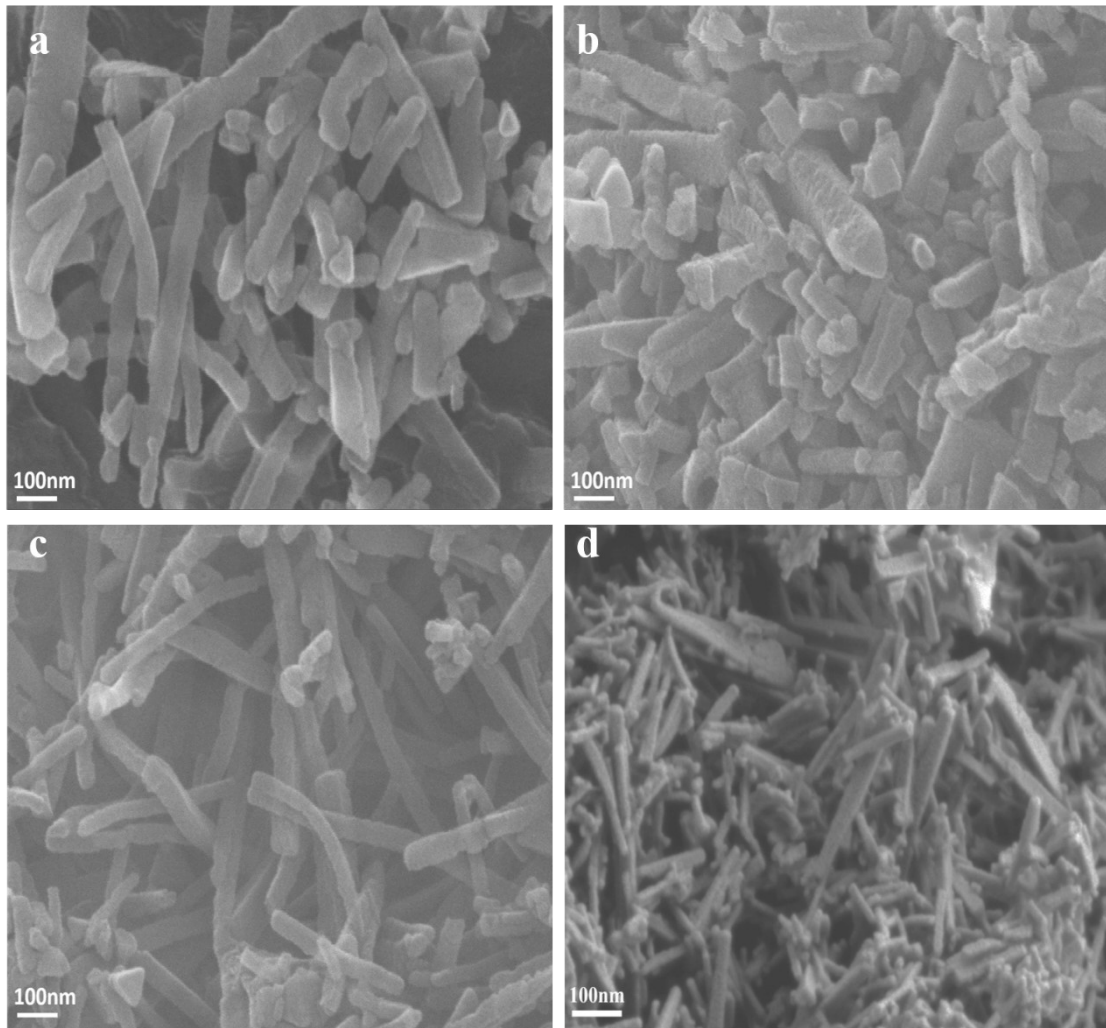


Figure S3. a-c) SEM images of NBC-10%, NBC-15%, NBC-20% and NC.

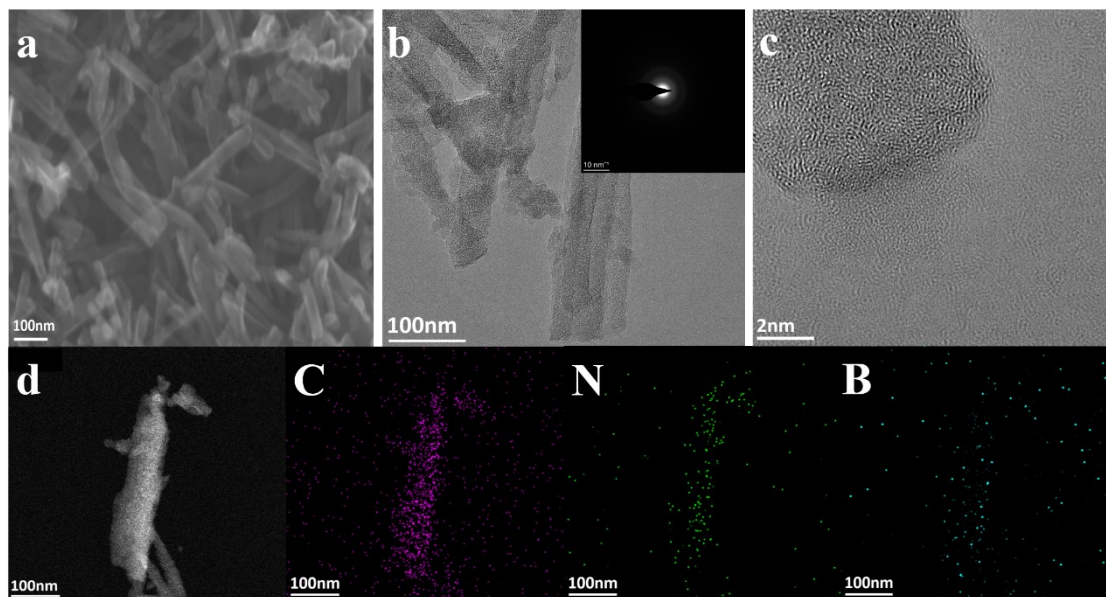


Figure S4. a) SEM image. b) TEM image. c) High-resolution TEM image. d) HAADF image and corresponding elemental mappings of NBC.

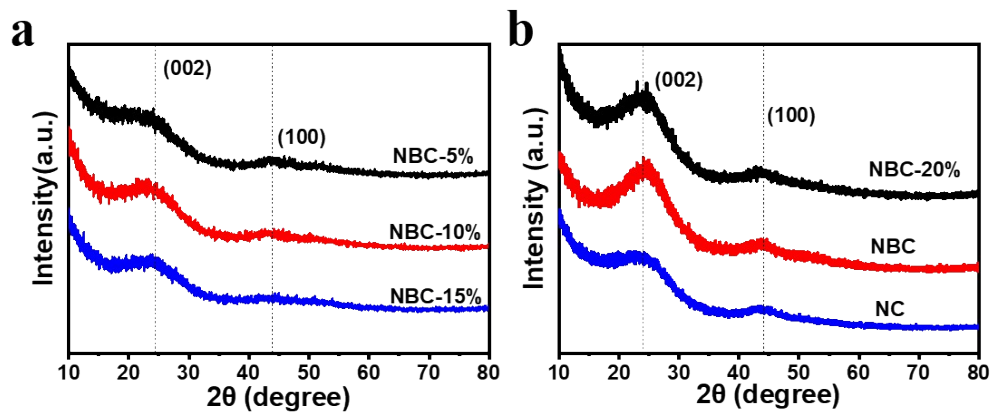


Figure S5. XRD patterns of catalysts.

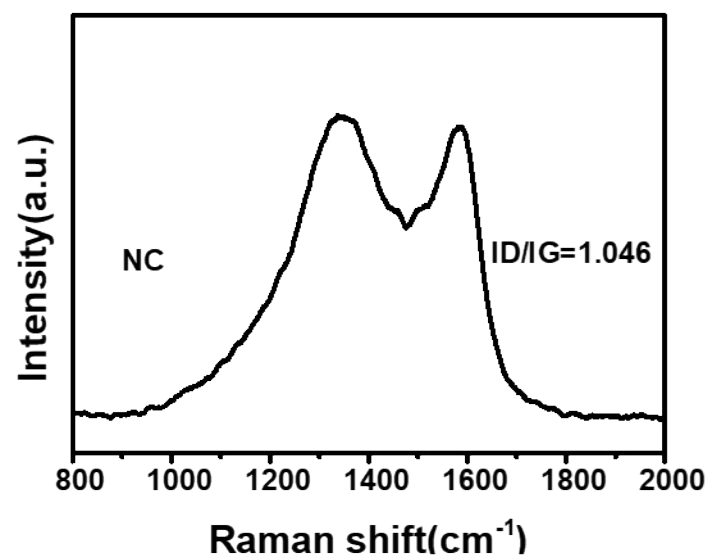


Figure S6. Raman pattern of NC.

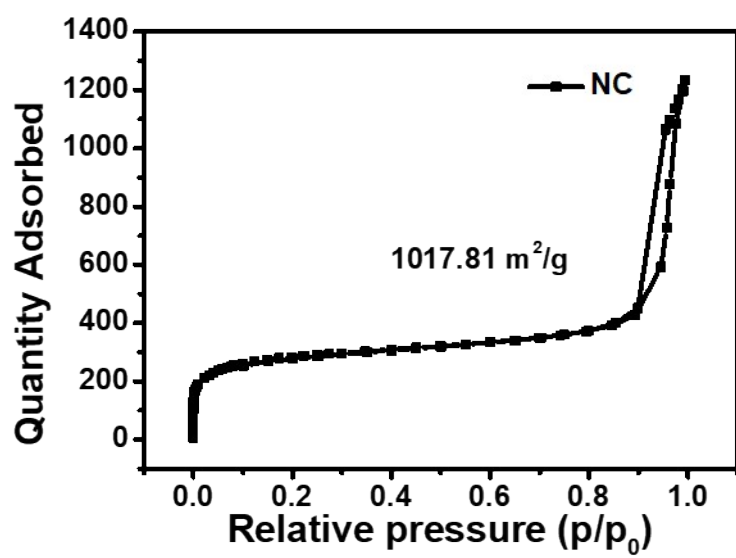


Figure S7. N₂ adsorption-desorption isotherm of NC.

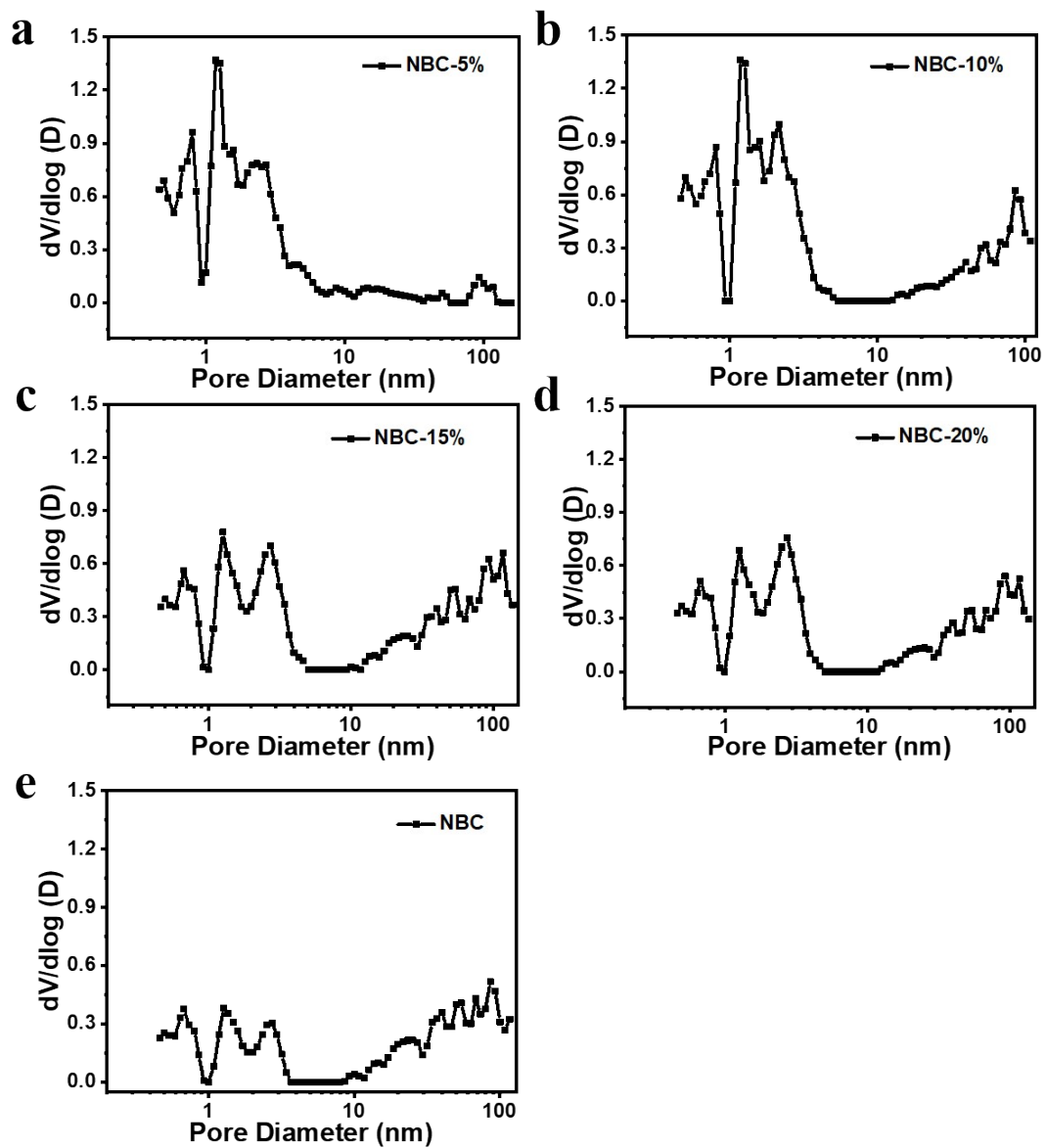


Figure S8. Corresponding pore size distributions of NBCs.

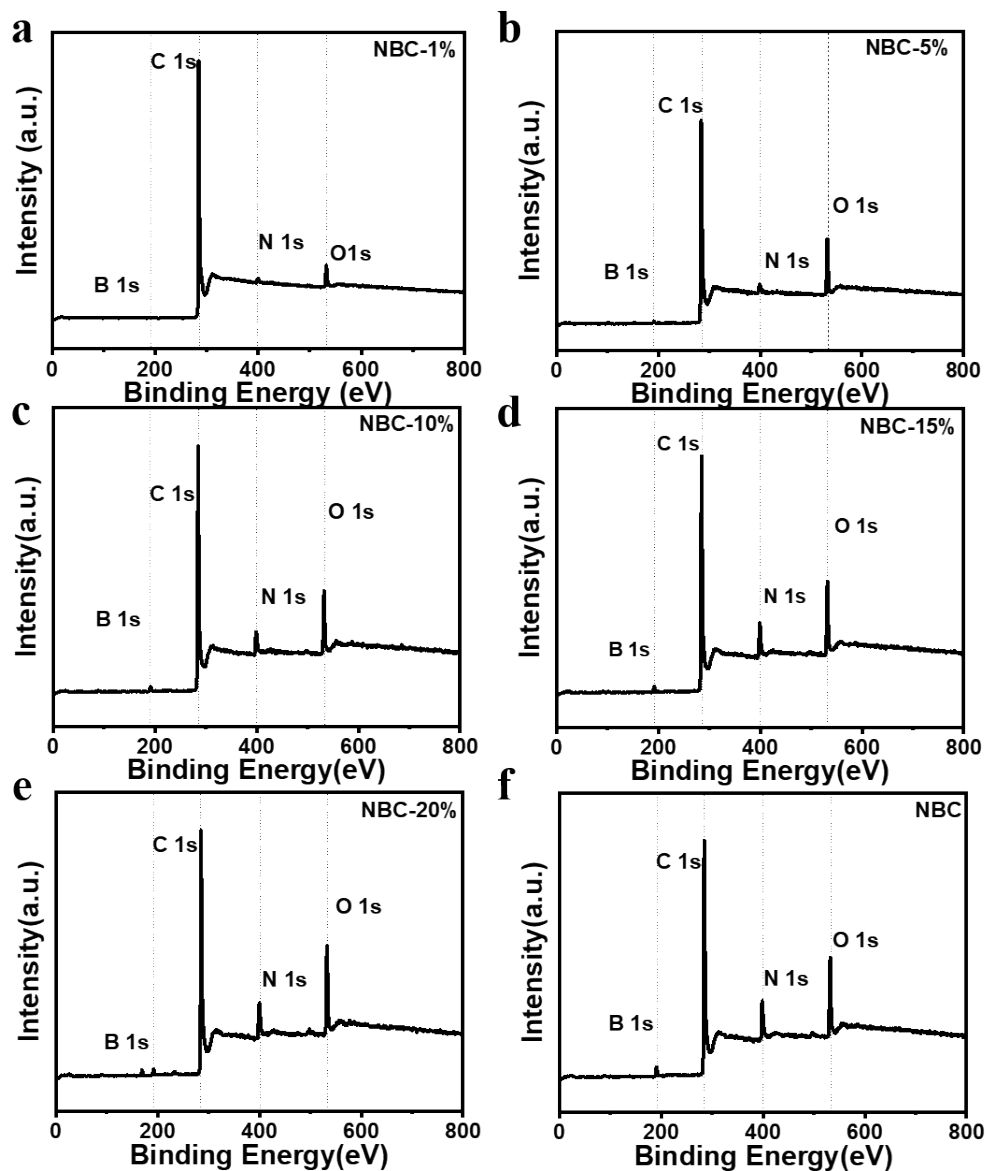


Figure S9. Survey XPS spectra.

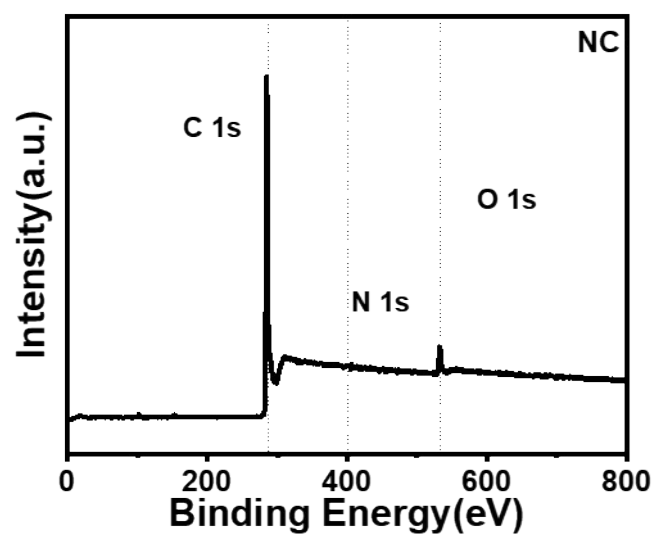


Figure S10. XPS spectrum of NC.

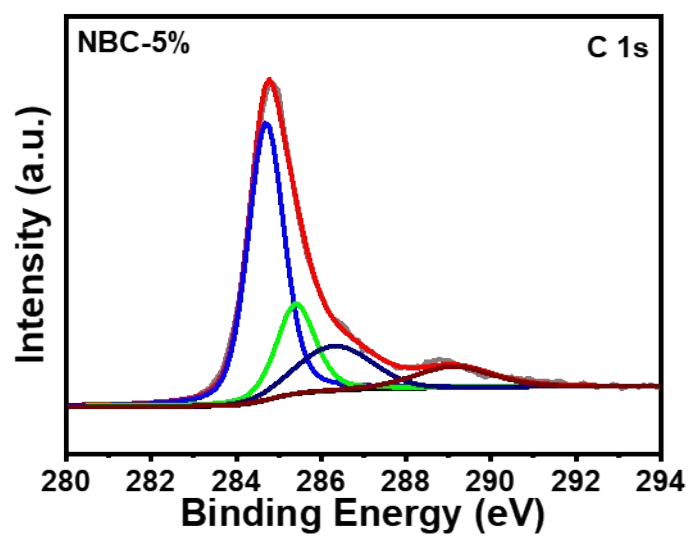


Figure S11. XPS spectra of C 1s of NBC-5%.

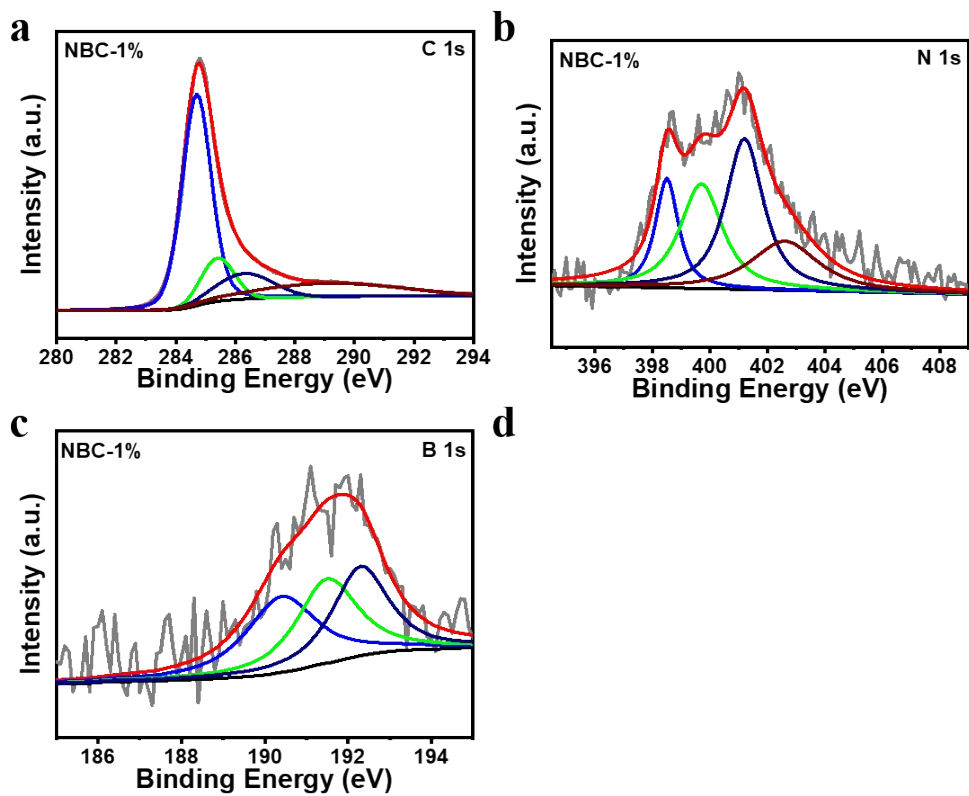


Figure S12. XPS spectra of NBC-1%. a) C 1s, b) N 1s, c) B 1s.

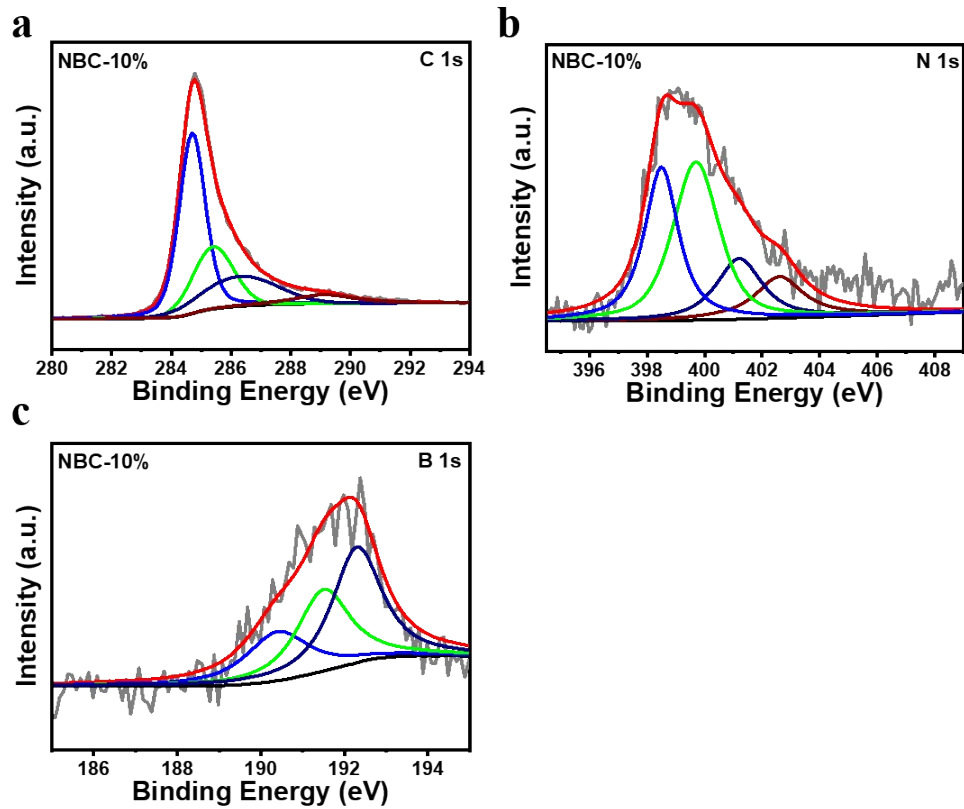


Figure S13. XPS spectra of NBC-10%. a) C 1s, b) N 1s, c) B 1s.

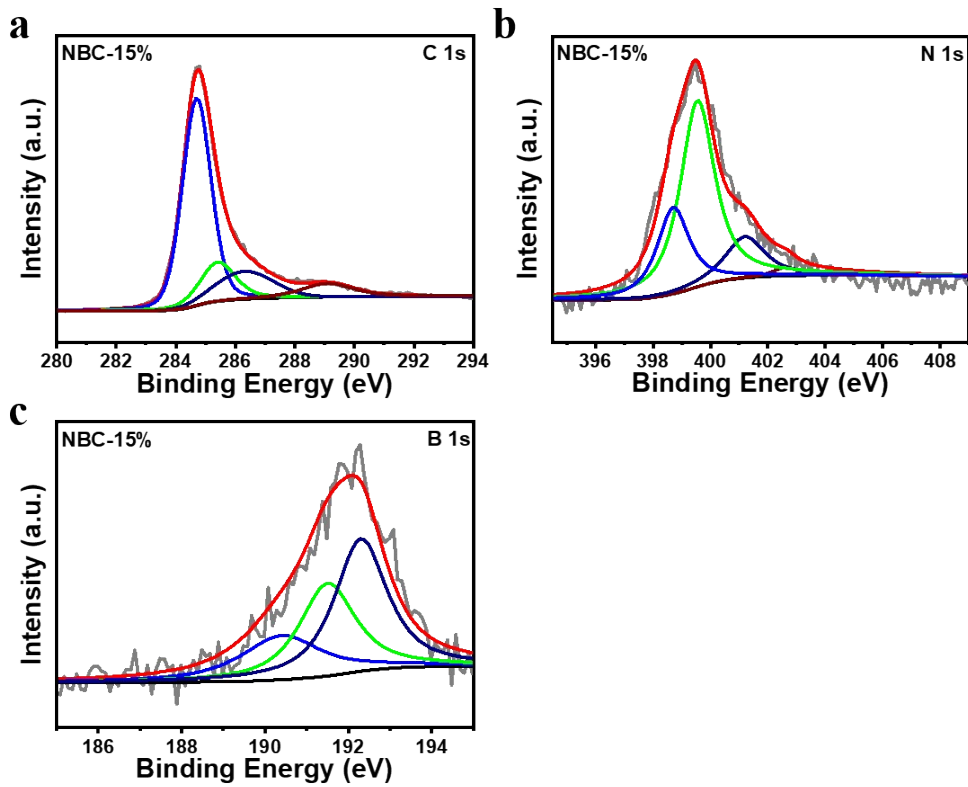


Figure S14. XPS spectra of NBC-15%. a) C 1s, b) N 1s, c) B 1s.

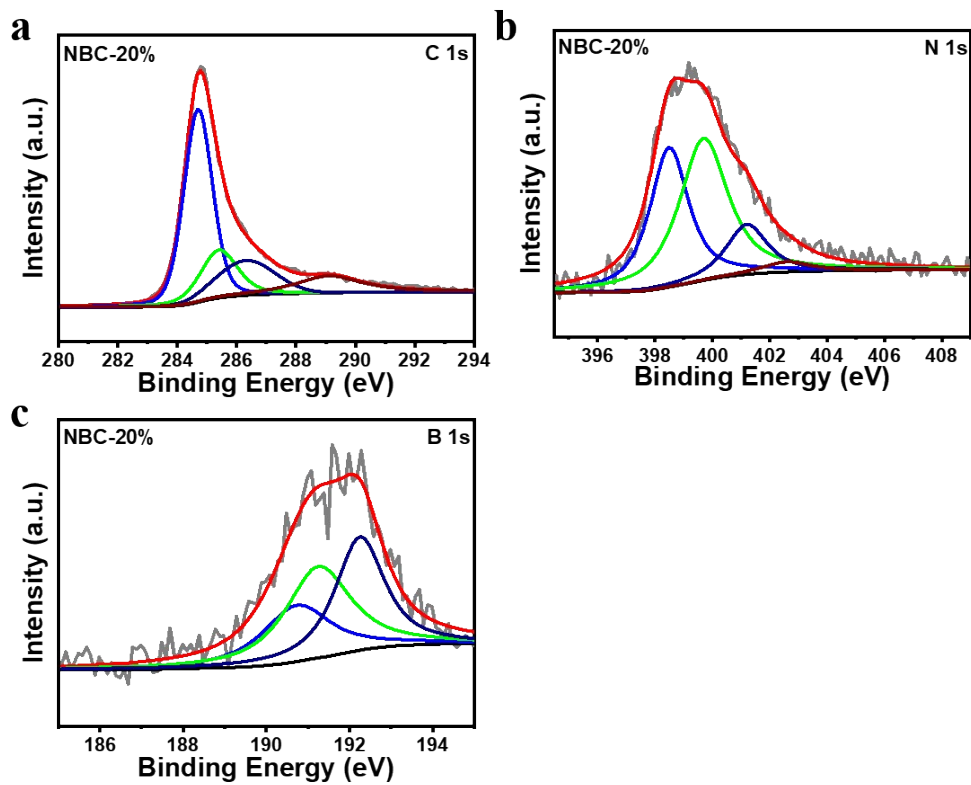


Figure S15. XPS spectra of NBC-20%. a) C 1s, b) N 1s, c) B 1s.

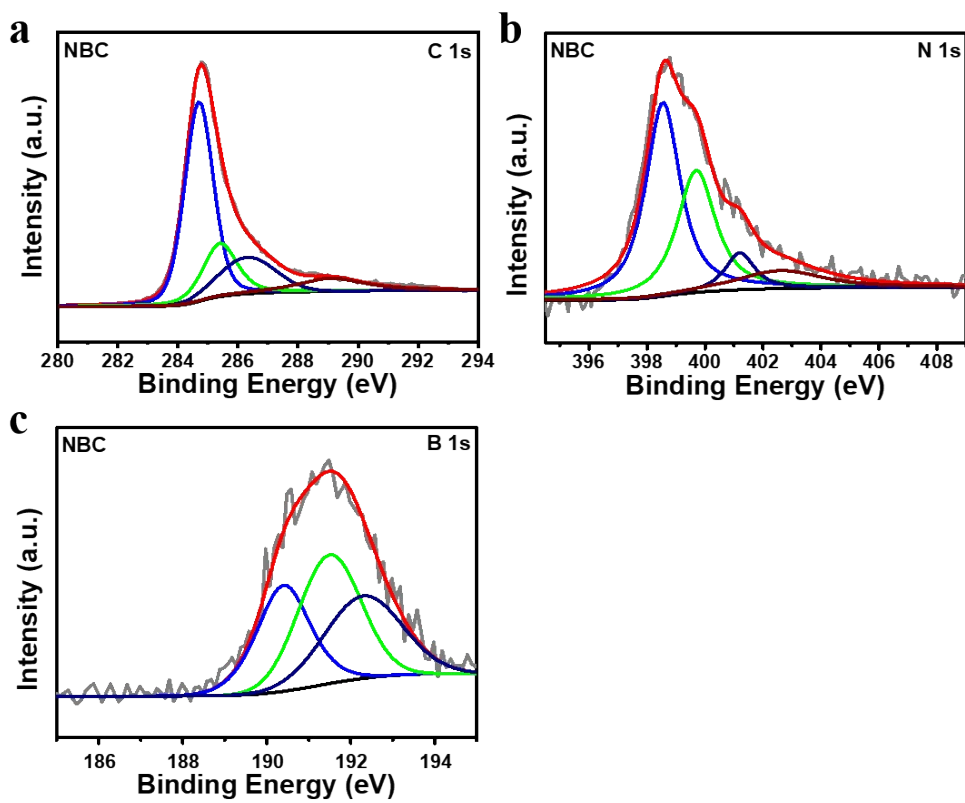


Figure S16. XPS spectra of NBC. a) C 1s, b) N 1s, c) B 1s.

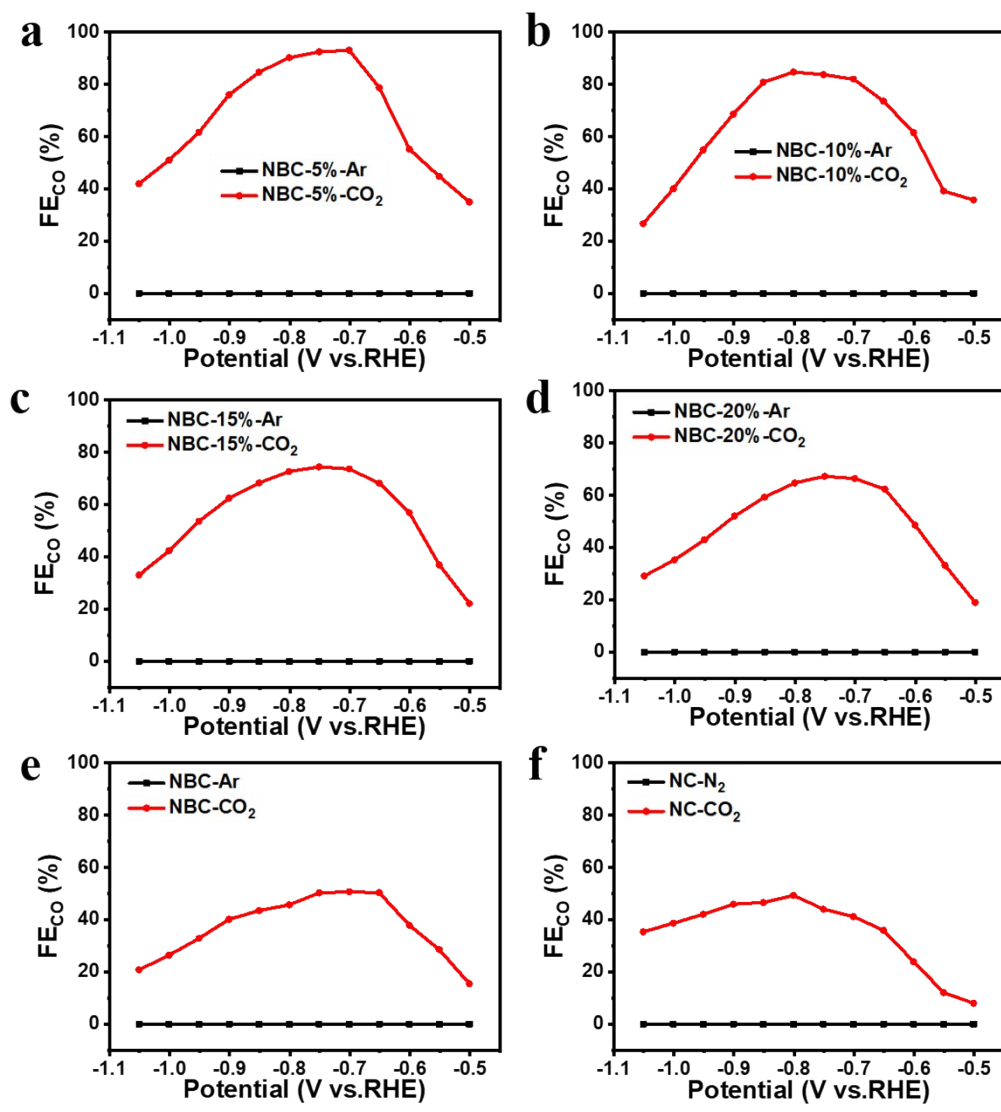


Figure S17. FE of CO on various catalysts in the CO_2 -saturated and Ar-saturated 0.1 M KHCO_3 .

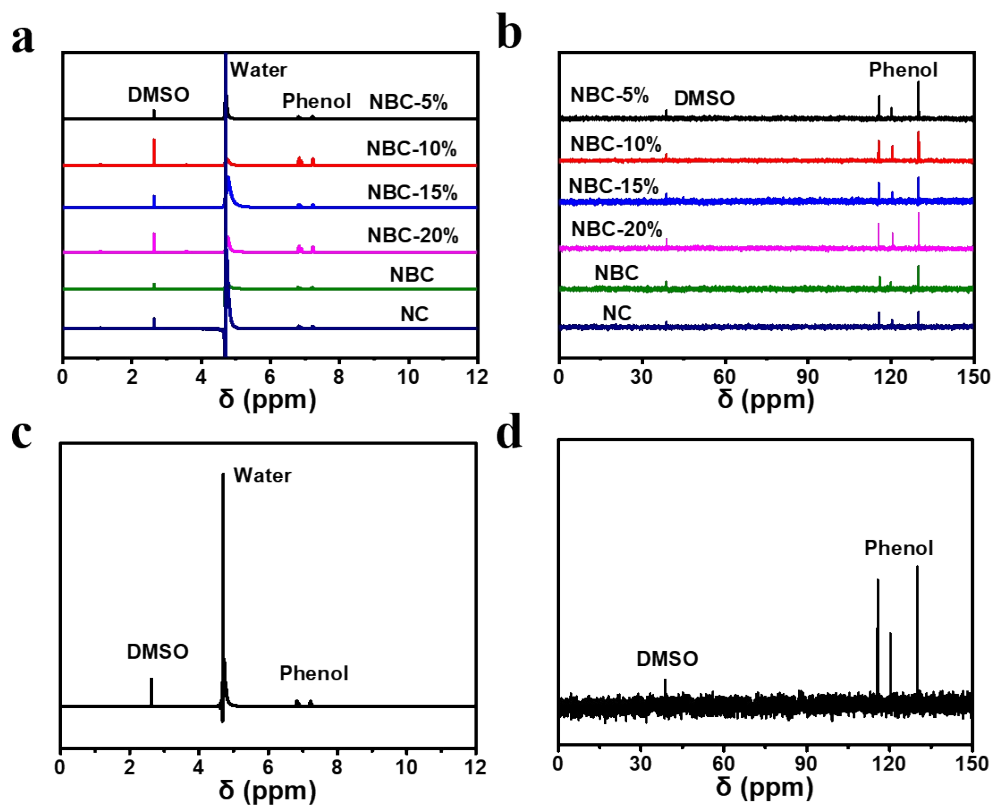


Figure S18. ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra of a liquid sample (a-b) after CO₂ electroreduction electrolysis (c-d) a blank 0.1 M KHCO₃ solution.

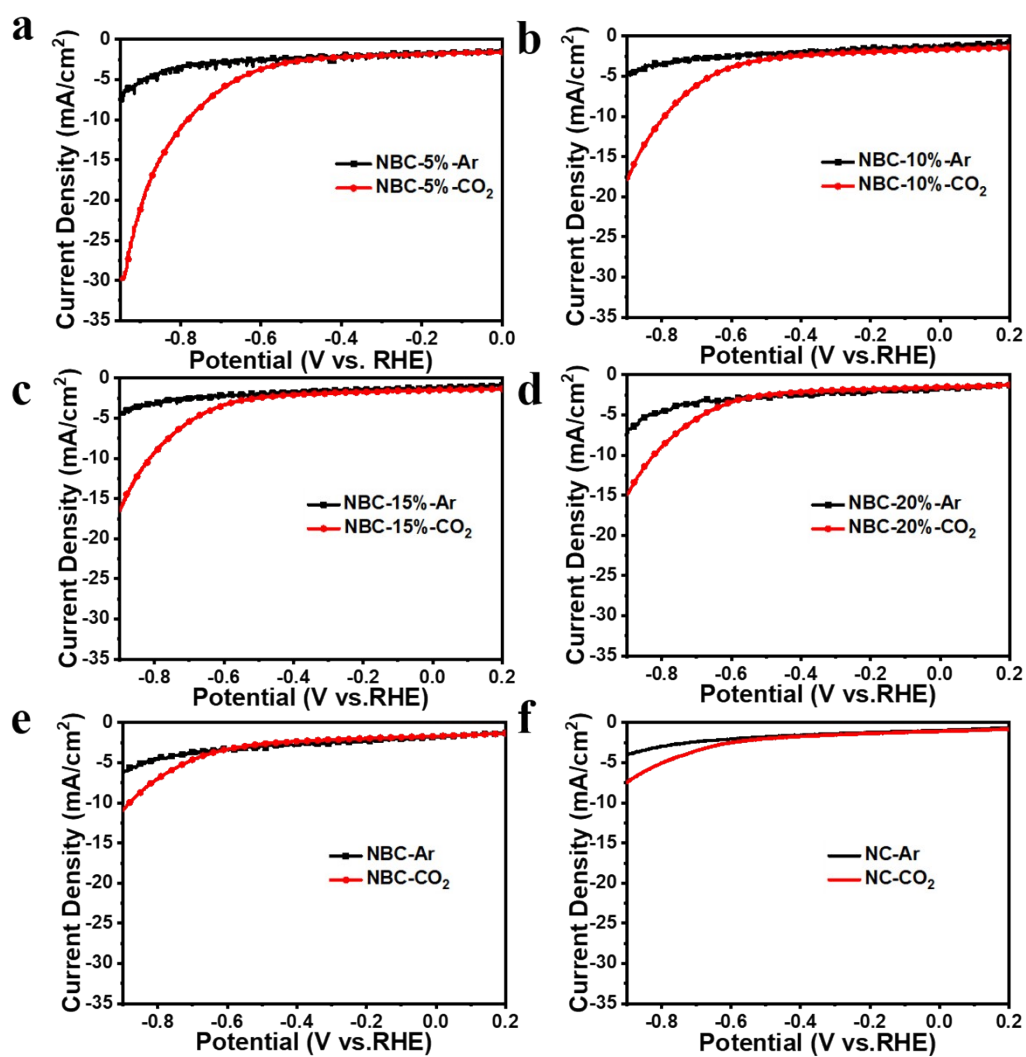


Figure S19. a-f) LSV scans in 0.1 M KHCO₃ with CO₂ or Ar atmosphere of NBC-5%, NBC-10%, NBC-15%, NBC-20%, NBC, NC.

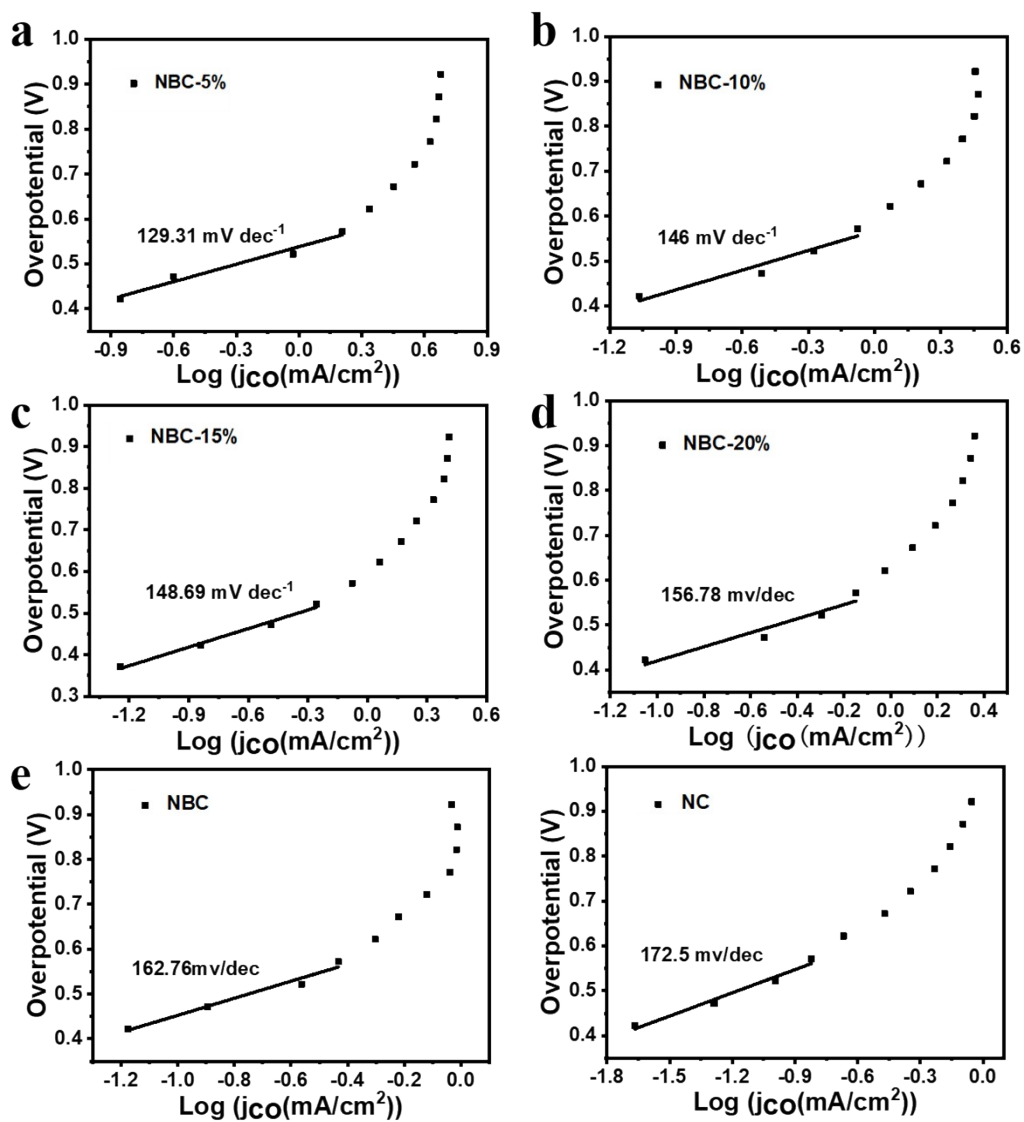


Figure S20. a-f) Tafel plots of various catalysts.

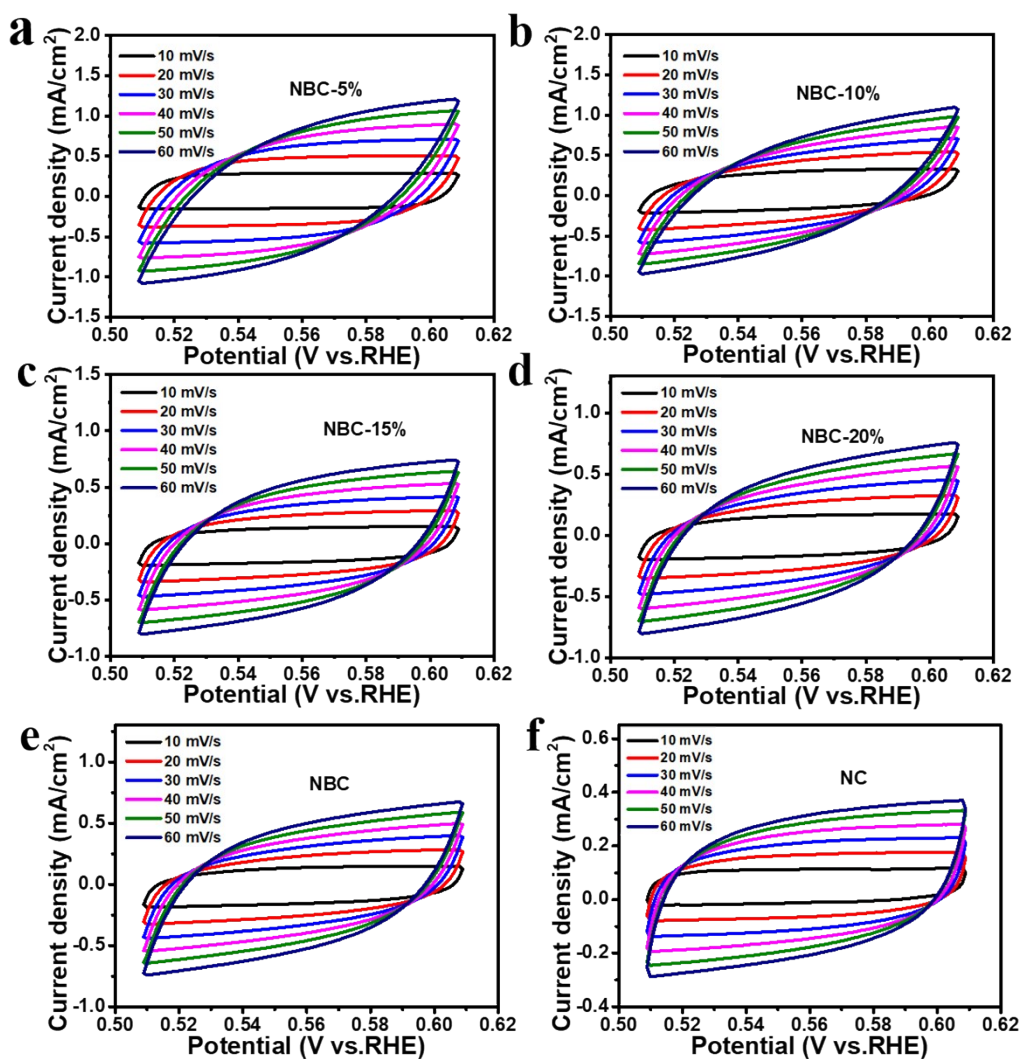


Figure S21. a-f) Current density plots against potentials under a series scan rates. The scan rate: 5, 10, 20, 40 and 60 mV s⁻¹.

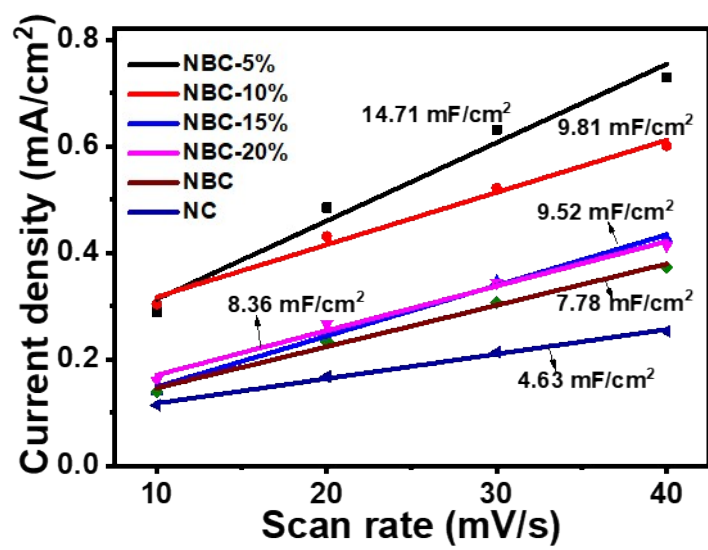


Figure S22. Charging current density differences plotted against the scan rates of catalysts.

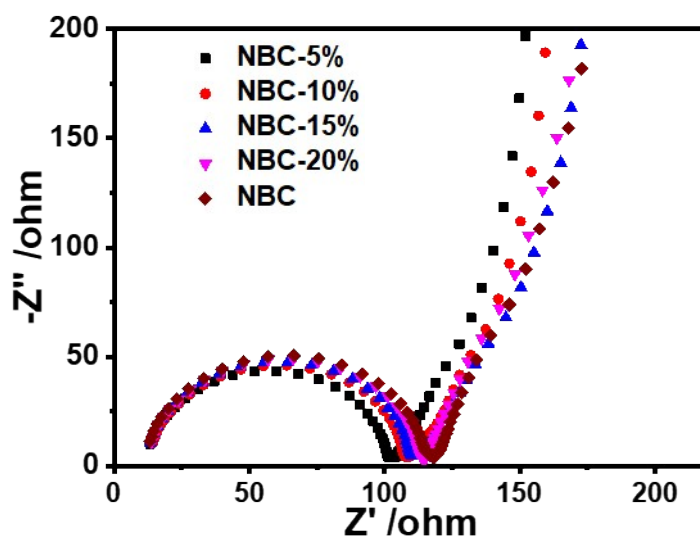


Figure S23. The electrochemical impedance spectroscopy (EIS) analysis of NBCs.

The EIS was conducted from 0.01 Hz to 1 MHz to evaluate the conductivity and electronic transfer kinetics of X-NBC. The diameter of semicircle was changed with the order of NBC-5% < NBC-10% < NBC-15% < NBC-20% < NBC. NBC showed a largest diameter, suggesting the unfavorable electron transfer and conductivity after the increasing in boron and nitrogen. The NBC-5% possessed smaller diameter of the semicircle in the high frequency, indicating the enhanced conductivity and electronic transfer kinetics, which could be owing to the small amounts of boron dopant and the coexistence of nitrogen.

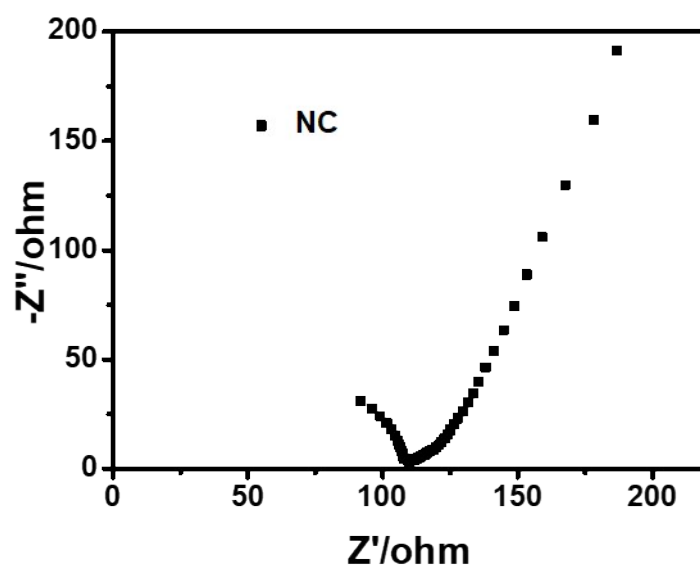


Figure S24. The electrochemical impedance spectroscopy (EIS) analysis of NC.

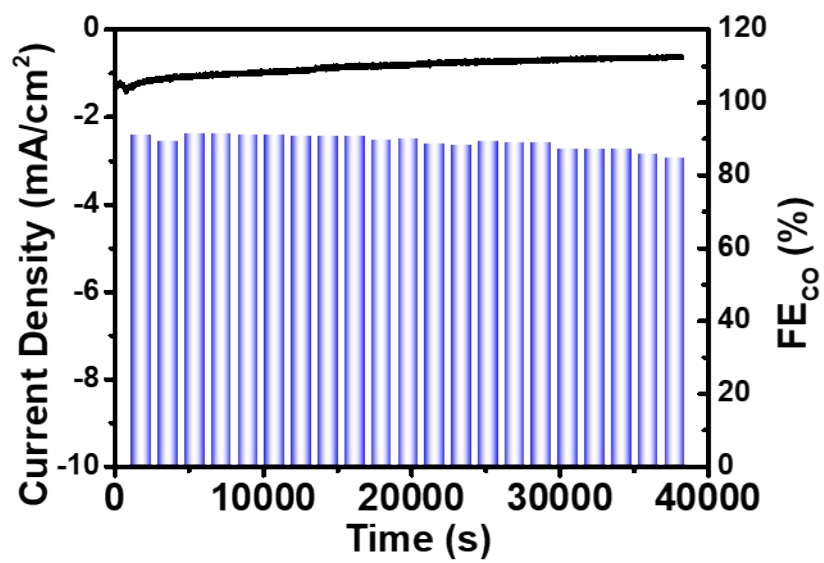


Figure S25. The comparison of CA scans and calculated FE_{Co} for NBC-5%.

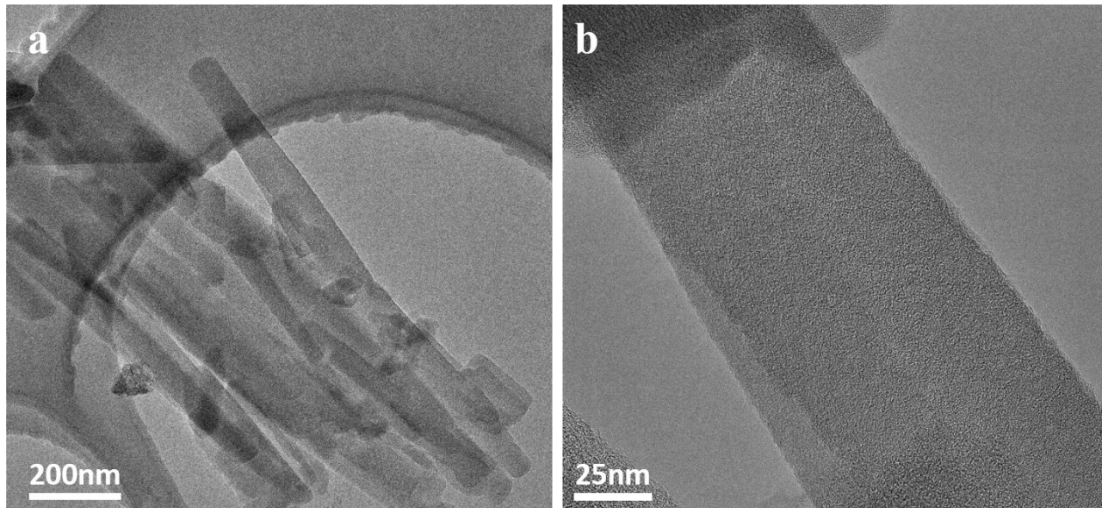


Figure S26. a) TEM image, b) High-resolution TEM image of the NBC-5% after electrolysis.

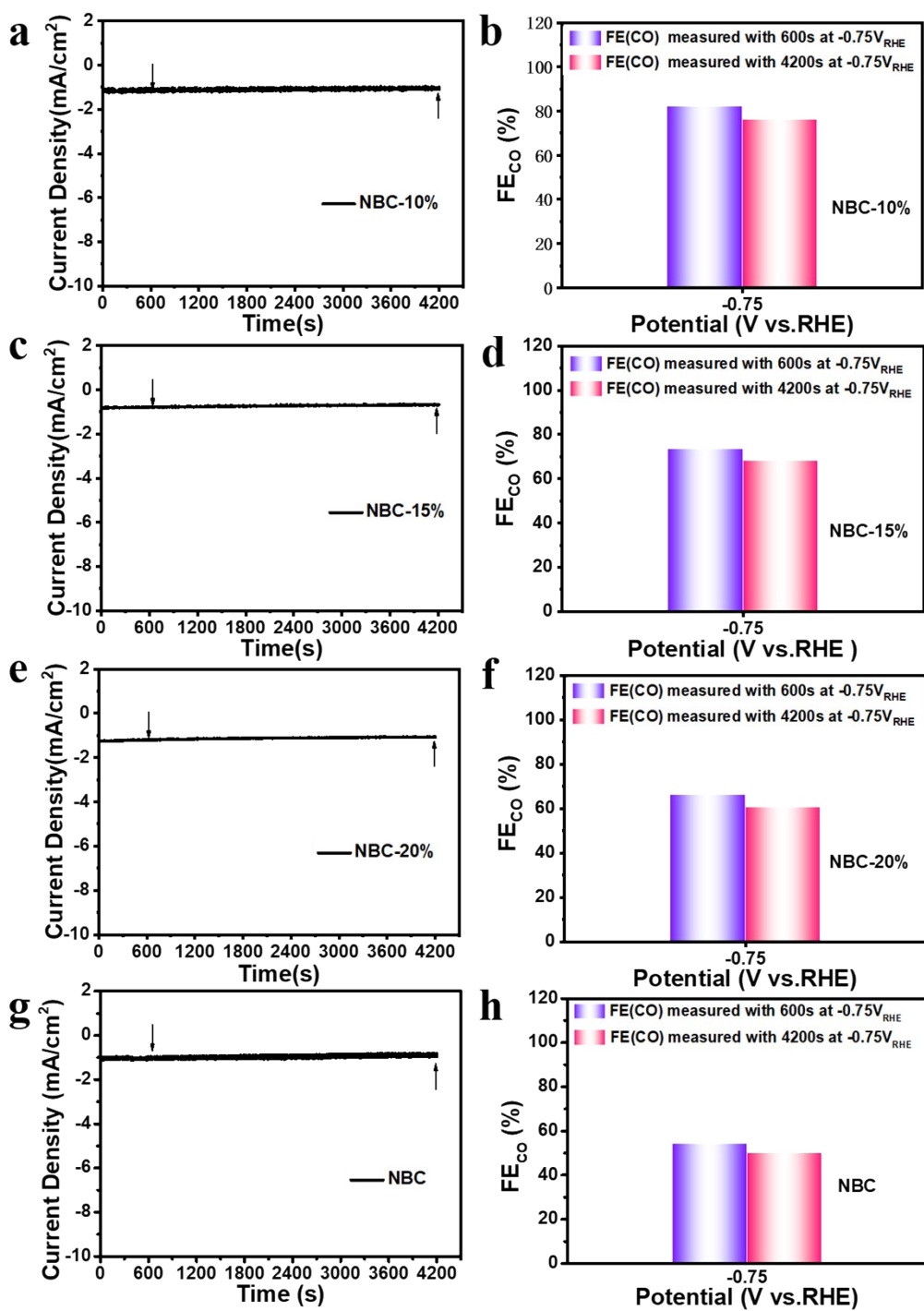


Figure S27. The comparison of CA scans and calculated FE_{CO} for NBC-10%, NBC-15%, NBC-20%, NBC at -0.75 V

vs. RHE.

Table S1. Surface Composition of NBC-1%, NBC-5%, NBC-10%, NBC-15%, NBC-20%, NBC and NC.

Sample	C atom%	N atom%	B atom%	O atom%
NBC-1%	93.09	1.99	0.57	4.35
NBC-5%	82.04	4.78	3.06	10.12
NBC-10%	78.26	7.45	5.06	9.22
NBC-15%	75.18	8.92	5.34	10.56
NBC-20%	71.69	10.06	6.32	11.92
NBC	70.5	10.61	8.62	10.28
NC	94.31	1.63	-	4.06

Table S2. The relative content of four major N species.

Sample	398.5 eV (pyridinic N)	399.7 eV (pyrrolic N)	401.2 eV (graphite N)	402.6 eV (oxidized N)
NBC-1%	0.31406	0.55090	0.71423	0.41080
NBC-5%	1.72382	1.16644	0.86620	1.02354
NBC-10%	2.31661	2.94842	1.23025	0.95473
NBC-15%	2.56642	5.16787	1.32389	0.1626
NBC-20%	3.65122	4.67965	1.39621	0.33292
NBC	5.098168	3.5374	0.822559	1.151875

Table S3. The relative content of B species.

Sample	190.4 eV (C-B)	191.5 eV (C-B-N)	192.3 eV (O-B)
NBC-1%	0.19754	0.18907	0.18339
NBC-5%	0.83831	0.91481	1.30688
NBC-10%	1.19842	1.66447	2.19711
NBC-15%	0.76286	1.76044	2.8167
NBC-20%	2.08908	1.8667	2.36422
NBC	2.92818	3.16889	2.52293

Table S4. Comparison of CO₂RR electrocatalytic performance of NBC-5% with some previously reported CO₂RR catalysts.

Catalyst	Electrolyte	Main product [FE%]	Operating Potential	Tafel (mV/dec)	Ref.
5%-NBC	KHCO ₃ (0.1M)	CO (93.14)	-0.7 V vs. RHE	129.31	This work
CNF	EMIM-BF ₄	CO (98%)	-0.573 V vs. SHE		[1] (2013)
BDD	CH ₃ OH	HCOOH (74%)	-1.7 V vs. Ag/Ag+		[2] (2014)
PEI-NCNT	KHCO ₃ (0.1M)	HCOOH (87%)	-1.8 V vs. SCE	134	[3] (2014)
B-Graphene	KHCO ₃ (0.1M)	HCOOH (66%)	-1.4 V vs. SHE		[4] (2015)
NCNT	KHCO ₃ (0.1M)	CO (80%)	-0.78 V vs. SHE	203	[5] (2015)
NCNT	KHCO ₃ (0.1M)	CO (80%)	-1.05 V vs. SHE	160	[6] (2015)
N-3D Graphene	KHCO ₃ (0.1M)	CO (85%)	-0.58 V vs. SHE	222	[7] (2015)
N-Graphene	KHCO ₃ (0.5M)	HCOOH (73%)	-0.84 V vs. SHE	135	[8] (2016)
N-GQDs	KHCO ₃ (0.1M)	C ₂ H ₄ (31%)	-0.75V vs. SHE	198	[9] (2016)
Fe-N-C	NaHCO ₃ (0.1M)	CO (91%)	-0.6 V vs. RHE		[10] (2017)
HNCM/CNT	KHCO ₃ (0.1M)	HCOOH (81%)	-0.8 V vs. RHE	138	[11] (2017)
Ni-N-C	KHCO ₃ (0.1M)	CO (85%)	-0.78 V vs. RHE		[12] (2017)
Au/TiNS	KHCO ₃ (0.5M)	CO (95%)	-0.65 V vs. RHE		[13] (2018)
FCPC	KHCO ₃ (0.5M)	CO (88.3%)	-1.0 V vs. RHE	130	[14] (2020)

Table S5. Comparison of CO₂ electroreduction to syngas performance of NBCs with some previously reportedCO₂RR catalyts.

Catalyst	Electrolyte	CO [FE%]	Operating Potential	Range of VCO/VH2	Ref.
NBCs	0.1 M KHCO ₃	CO (93.14)	-0.7 V vs. RHE	1~12.3	This work
Cu-In alloys	0.1 M KHCO ₃	30	-0.9 V vs. RHE	1/18-1/2.6	[15](2017)
MoSeS	EmimBF ₄	45.2	-1.15 V vs. RHE	1/1	[16](2017)
Fe-N-C	0.1 M NaHCO ₃	90	-0.6 V vs. RHE	0-4/1	[17](2017)
Pd/C	0.5 M NaHCO ₃	~50	-0.6 V vs. RHE	1/2~1/1	[18](2017)
Co ₃ O ₄ -CDots-C ₃ N ₄	0.5 M KHCO ₃	89	-0.6 V vs. RHE	0.25~14.3	[19](2017)
Cu/In ₂ O ₃	0.5M KHCO ₃	68	-0.7 V vs. RHE	1/4-1/0.4	[20](2018)
Zn	0.1 M KHCO ₃	85	-1.1 V vs. RHE	1/5-2.31/1	[21](2018)
Au/TiNS	0.5 M KHCO ₃	81.9	-0.65 V vs. RHE	0.22 ~ 4.93	[22](2018)
n ⁺ p-Si/Al ₂ O ₃ /AgP ₂	0.5 M KHCO ₃	67	-0.2 V vs. RHE	1/3 to 5/1	[23](2019)
Ag-SnS ₂	0.5 M KHCO ₃	24.9	-0.6 V vs. SHE	1/1	[24](2019)
Pd bimetallic	0.1 M NaHCO ₃	70	-0.9 V vs. RHE	2.75~0.5	[25](2019)
CoNi-NC	0.5 M	90	-0.5 V vs. RHE	0.23~2.26	[26](2020)

KHCO ₃					
F-γ-In ₂ Se ₃ /CP	[Bmim]PF ₆ /MeCN/H ₂ O	96.5	-2.0 V vs. SHE	1/3-24/1	[27](2020)

References

1. Kumar, B.; Asadi, M.; Pisasale, D.; Sinha-Ray, S.; Rosen, B. A.; Haasch, R.; Abiade, J.; Yarin, A. L.; Salehi-Khojin, A., *Nat. Commun.*, 2013 10.1038/ncomms3819 4, 1-8.
2. Nakata, K.; Ozaki, T.; Terashima, C.; Fujishima, A.; Einaga, Y., *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.*, 2014 10.1002/ange.201308657 53, 871-874.
3. Zhang, S.; Kang, P.; Ubnoske, S.; Brennaman, M. K.; Song, N.; House, R. L.; Glass, J. T.; Meyer, T. J., *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 2014 10.1021/ja5031529 136, 7845-7848.
4. Sreekanth, N.; Nazrulla, M. A.; Vineesh, T. V.; Sailaja, K.; Phani, K. L., *Chem. Commun.*, 2015 10.1039/c5cc06051f 51, 16061-16064.
5. Wu, J.; Yadav, R. M.; Liu, M.; Sharma, P. P.; Tiwary, C. S.; Ma, L.; Zou, X.; Zhou, X.-D.; Yakobson, B. I.; Lou, J.; Ajayan, P. M., *Acs Nano.*, 2015 10.1021/acsnano.5b01079 9, 5364-5371.
6. Sharma, P. P.; Wu, J.; Yadav, R. M.; Liu, M.; Wright, C. J.; Tiwary, C. S.; Yakobson, B. I.; Lou, J.; Ajayan, P. M.; Zhou, X. D., *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.*, 2015 10.1002/ange.201506062 54, 13701-13705.
7. Wu, J.; Liu, M.; Sharma, P. P.; Yadav, R. M.; Ma, L.; Yang, Y.; Zou, X.; Zhou, X. D.; Vajtai, R.; Yakobson, B. I.; Lou, J.; Ajayan, P. M., *Nano Lett.*, 2016 10.1021/acs.nanolett.5b04123 16, 466-470.
8. Wang, H.; Chen, Y.; Hou, X.; Ma, C.; Tan, T., *Green Chem.*, 2016 10.1039/c6gc00410e 18, 3250-3256.

9. Wu, J.; Ma, S.; Sun, J.; Gold, J. I.; Tiwary, C.; Kim, B.; Zhu, L.; Chopra, N.; Odeh, I. N.; Vajtai, R.; Yu, A. Z.; Luo, R.; Lou, J.; Ding, G.; Kenis, P. J.; Ajayan, P. M., *Nat. Commun.*, 2016 10.1038/ncomms13869 7, 13869.
10. Huan, T. N.; Ranjbar, N.; Rousse, G.; Sougrati, M.; Zitolo, A.; Mougel, V.; Jaouen, F.; Fontecave, M., *ACS Catal.*, 2017 10.1021/acscatal.6b03353 7, 1520-1525.
11. Wang, H.; Jia, J.; Song, P.; Wang, Q.; Li, D.; Min, S.; Qian, C.; Wang, L.; Li, Y. F.; Ma, C.; Wu, T.; Yuan, J.; Antonietti, M.; Ozin, G. A., *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.*, 2017 10.1002/anie.201703720 56, 7847-7852.
12. Ju, W.; Bagger, A.; Hao, G. P.; Varela, A. S.; Sinev, I.; Bon, V.; Roldan Cuenya, B.; Kaskel, S.; Rossmeisl, J.; Strasser, P., *Nat. Commun.*, 2017 10.1038/s41467-017-01035-z 8, 944.
13. Marques Mota, F.; Nguyen, D. L. T.; Lee, J.-E.; Piao, H.; Choy, J.-H.; Hwang, Y. J.; Kim, D. H., *ACS Catal.*, 2018 10.1021/acscatal.8b00647 8, 4364-4374.
14. Chen, C.; Sun, X.; Yan, X.; Wu, Y.; Liu, H.; Zhu, Q.; Bediako, B. B. A.; Han, B., *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.*, 2020 10.1002/anie.202004226 59, 11123-11129.
15. Hoffman Z B, Gray T S, Moraveck K B, et al., *ACS Catal.*, 2017 10.1021/acscatal.7b01161 7, 5381-5390.
16. Xu J, Li X, Liu W, et al., *Angew. Chem., Int. Ed.*, 2017 10.1002/anie.201704928 56, 9121-9125.
17. Huan T N, Ranjbar N, Rousse G, et al., *ACS Catal.*, 2017 10.1021/acscatal.6b03353 7, 1520-1525.
18. Sheng W, Kattel S, Yao S, et al., *Energy Environ. Sci.*, 2017 10.1039/c7ee00071e 10, 1180-1185.
19. Guo S, Zhao S, Wu X, et al., *Nat. Commun.*, 2017 10.1038/s41467-017-01893-7 8, 1828.
20. Xie H, Chen S, Ma F, et al., *ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces*, 2018 10.1021/acsami.8b12747 10, 36996-37004.
21. Qin B, Li Y, Fu H, et al., *ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces.*, 2018 10.1021/acsami.8b04809 10, 20530-20539.
22. Marques Mota F, Nguyen D L T, Lee J-E, et al., *ACS Catal.*, 2018 10.1021/acscatal.8b00647 8, 4364-4374.
23. Li H, Wen P, Itanze D S, et al., *Nat. Commun.*, 2019 10.1038/s41467-019-13388-8 10, 5724.
24. He R, Yuan X, Shao P, et al., *Small.*, 2019 10.1002/smll.201904882 15, 1904882.
25. Lee J H, Kattel S, Jiang Z, et al., *Nat. Commun.*, 2019 10.1038/s41467-019-11352-0 10, 3724.
26. Yi J D, Xie R, Xie Z L, et al., *Angew. Chem., Int. Ed.*, 2020 10.1002/anie.202010601 59, 23641-23648.
27. Yang D, Zhu Q, Sun X, et al., *Angew. Chem., Int. Ed.*, 2019 10.1002/ange.201914831 59, 2354-2359.

