

Supporting Information

Effect of polyacrylamide morphology templated by lyotropic liquid crystal on proton conductivity of acid hydrogels

*Jia Chen, Jie Luo, Shuai Tan, Caihong Wang, and Yong Wu**

School of Chemical Engineering, Sichuan University

No. 24 South Section 1, Yihuan Road, Chengdu 610065, China

Corresponding Author

* E-mail: wuyong@scu.edu.cn

1. SEM images of freeze-dried hydrogels in absence of EBDSA

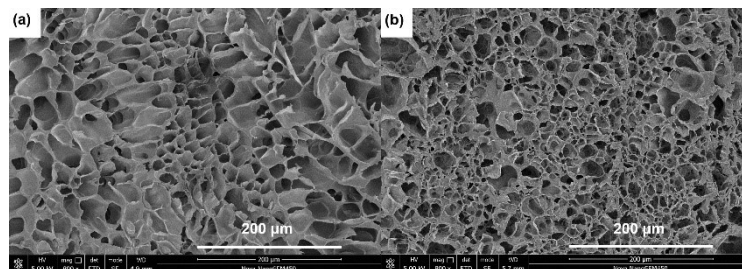


Fig. S1. SEM images of freeze-dried (a) $G_{\text{PAM-Poly@15}^\circ\text{C}}$ and (b) $G_{\text{PAM-Poly@45}^\circ\text{C}}$.

$G_{\text{PAM-Poly@15}^\circ\text{C}}$ and $G_{\text{PAM-Poly@45}^\circ\text{C}}$ were obtained polymerizing a precursor consisting of acrylamide (13 wt%), EGDMA (0.4 wt%), and HEPK (0.1 wt%) at 15 and 45 °C, respectively.

2. Dependence of conductivity on EBDSA concentration

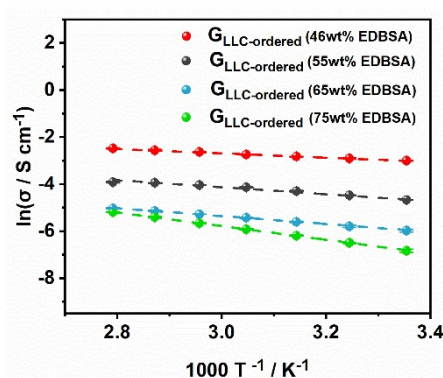


Fig. S2. Temperature-dependent proton conductivities of $G_{\text{LLC-ordered}}$ containing 55 wt%, 65 wt% and 75 wt% EBDSA, respectively.

3. Effect of DBSA on conductivity of hydrogels

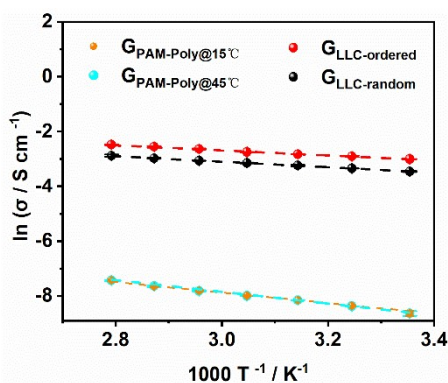


Fig. S3. Temperature dependent conductivities of $G_{\text{PAM-Poly@15}^\circ\text{C}}$, $G_{\text{PAM-Poly@45}^\circ\text{C}}$, $G_{\text{LLC-ordered}}$ and $G_{\text{LLC-random}}$.