

Supporting Information

Luminescent and self-healing hybrid ionotropic hydrogel beads of ammonium meta vanadate and chitosan: Promising biomaterial as antimicrobial agent, efficient dye adsorbent and ascorbic acid sensor

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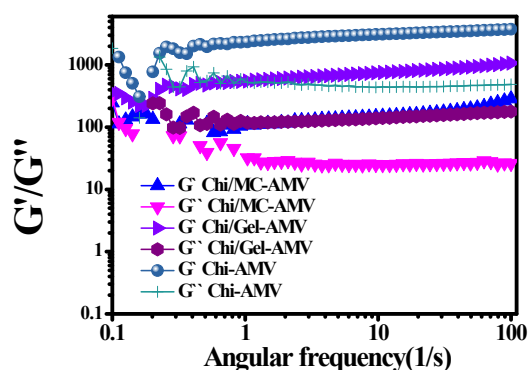


Figure 1S: Variation of G'/G'' with angular frequency of different hydrogel beads.

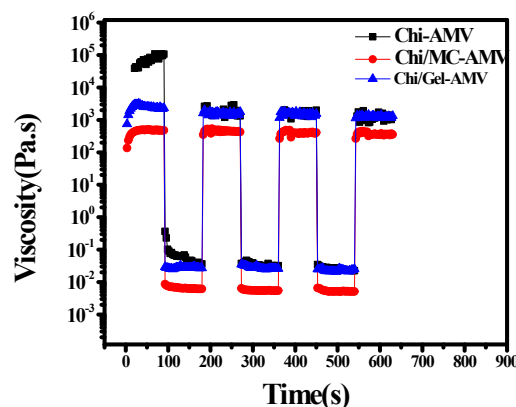


Figure 2S: Variation of viscosity with time at two shear stress values.

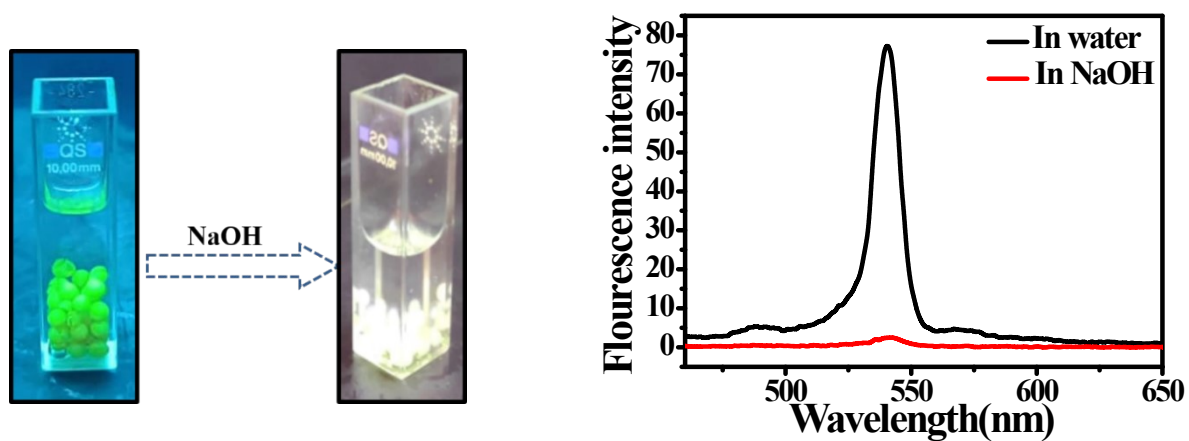


Figure 3S. Effect of sodium hydroxide on the fluorescence intensity of hydrogel beads.

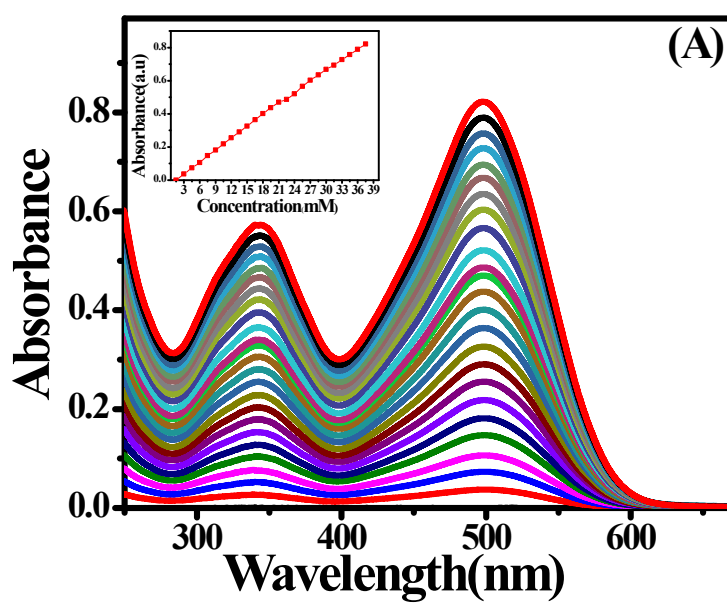


Figure 4S(A) UV spectra of Congo red with increasing concentration of Congo red and inset shows the variation of absorbance with concentration of Congo red at 25°C.

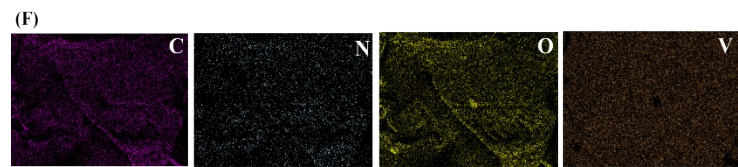
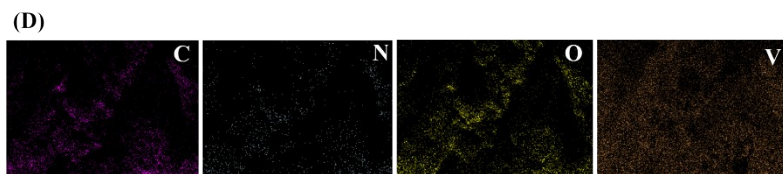
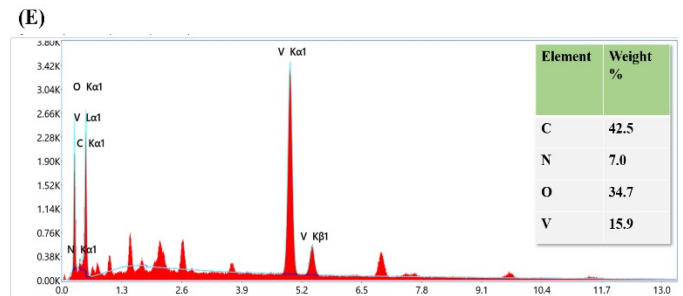
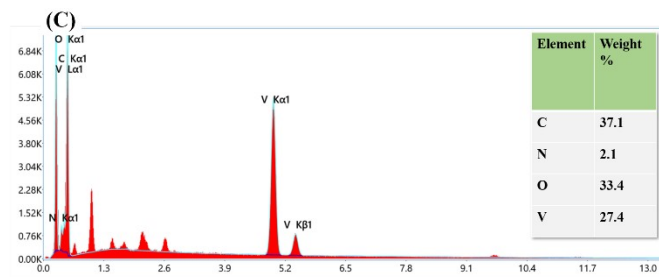


Figure5S: (C)Energy-dispersive X-ray spectroscopy (EDS) spectra of Chi/Gel-AMV. (D) (EDX) elemental mapping of Chi/Gel-AMV hydrogel beads(E) Energy-dispersive X-ray spectroscopy (EDS) spectra of Chi/MC-AMV(F) (EDX) elemental mapping of Chi/MC-AMV hydrogel beads.

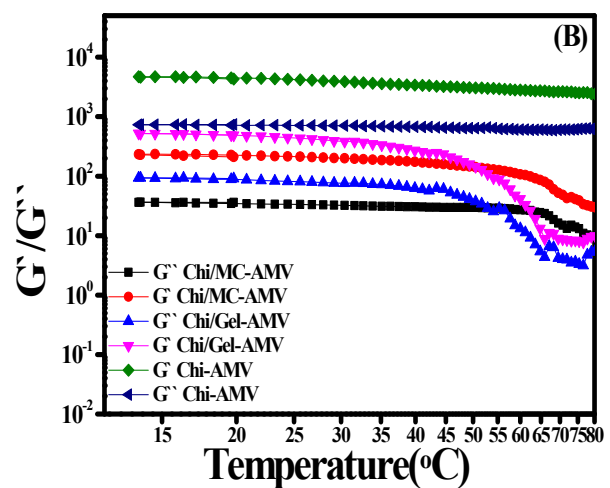
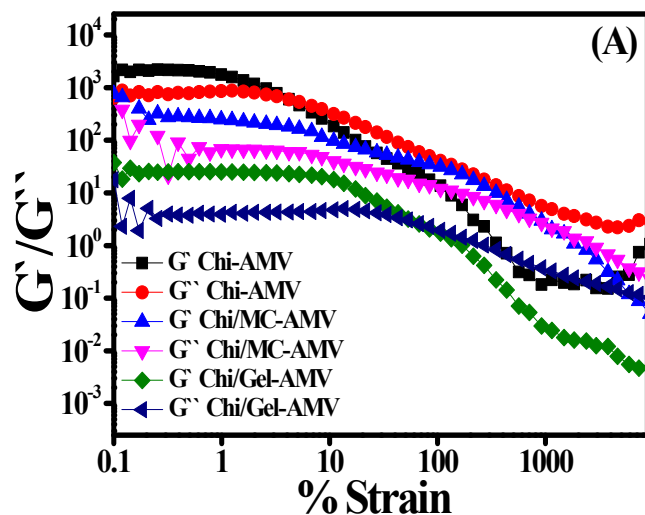


Figure 6S: Variation of G'/G'' with (A) %Strain and (B) Temperature.

