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Oxygen-incorporated induced C@MoS<sub>2</sub>-CoS<sub>2</sub>-O@C nanocomposites with improved electronic structure as high-performance anode for sodium-based dual-ion batteries

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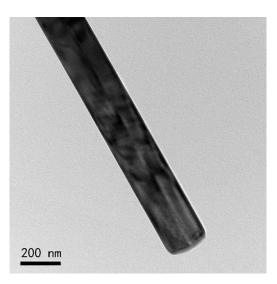


Fig. S1 TEM of MoO<sub>3</sub> nanorod.

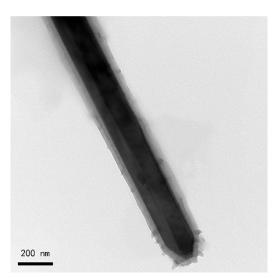
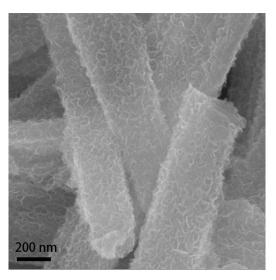
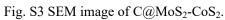


Fig. S2 TEM of MoO<sub>3</sub>@PPY nanorod.





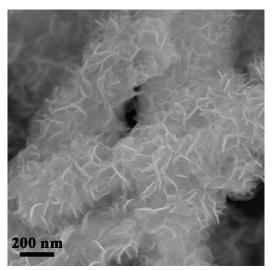


Fig. S4 SEM image of C@MoS<sub>2</sub>.

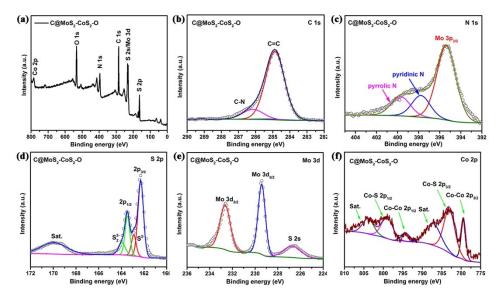


Fig. S5 XPS spectra of C@MoS2-CoS2-O. (a) survey spectrum. (b) C 1s spectrum. (c) N 1s

spectrum. (d) S 2p spectrum. (e) Mo 3d spectrum. (f) Co 2p spectrum.

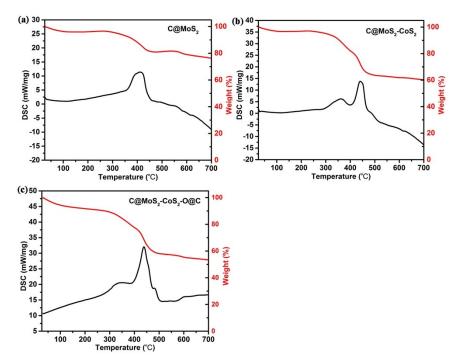


Fig. S6 DSC/TGA curves of (a) C@MoS<sub>2</sub>, (b) C@MoS<sub>2</sub>-CoS<sub>2</sub> and C@MoS<sub>2</sub>-CoS<sub>2</sub>-O@C nanocomposites.

The DSC/TGA measurements were conducted in air atmosphere to test the carbon contents of C@MoS<sub>2</sub>, C@MoS<sub>2</sub>-CoS<sub>2</sub> and C@MoS<sub>2</sub>-CoS<sub>2</sub>-O@C, as shown in Fig. S6. The clear weight-loss takes place from 300 to 700 °C, which is attributed to the process of MoS<sub>2</sub> oxidized to MoO<sub>3</sub>, CoS<sub>2</sub> oxidized to Co<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub> and C oxidized to CO<sub>2</sub>. The mass loss of C@MoS<sub>2</sub>, C@MoS<sub>2</sub>-CoS<sub>2</sub> and C@MoS<sub>2</sub>-CoS<sub>2</sub>-O@C is 23.7%, 39.7% and 46.6%.

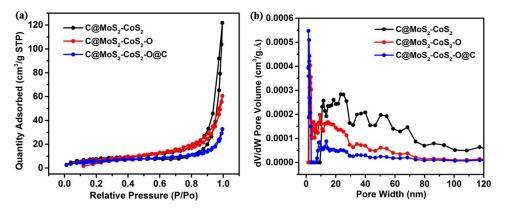


Fig. S7 (a) Nitrogen adsorption/desorption isotherms and (b) the pore distribution of C@MoS<sub>2</sub>-CoS<sub>2</sub>, C@MoS<sub>2</sub>-CoS<sub>2</sub>-O and C@MoS<sub>2</sub>-CoS<sub>2</sub>-O@C.

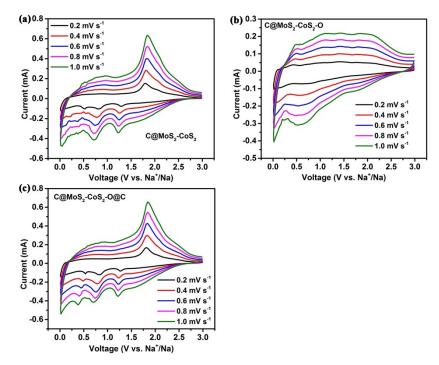


Fig. S8 (a) CV curves of the C@MoS<sub>2</sub>-CoS<sub>2</sub> as SIBs anode at different scanning rates. (b) CV curves of the C@MoS<sub>2</sub>-CoS<sub>2</sub>-O as SIBs anode at different scanning rates. (c) CV curves of the C@MoS<sub>2</sub>-CoS<sub>2</sub>-O@C as SIBs anode at different scanning rates.

The ratio of capacitive (k1v) and diffusion control contributions can be quantitatively divided by the formula:<sup>1</sup>

$$i(V) = k1v + k2v^{1/2}$$

where k1 and k2 are a constant at certain potentials and would be calculated by linear plotting  $i/v^{1/2}$  versus  $v^{1/2}$ . V is the specified voltage. i is the current at a given voltage. And v is the scanning rate.

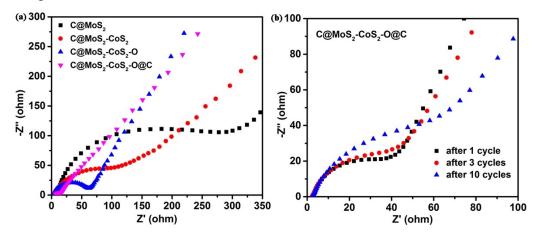


Fig. S9 (a) Electrochemical impedance spectra of C@MoS<sub>2</sub>, C@MoS<sub>2</sub>-CoS<sub>2</sub>, C@MoS<sub>2</sub>-CoS<sub>2</sub>-O and C@MoS<sub>2</sub>-CoS<sub>2</sub>-O@C for sodium storage. (b) Electrochemical impedance spectra of C@MoS<sub>2</sub>-CoS<sub>2</sub>-O@C after 1 cycle, 3cycles and 10 cycles.

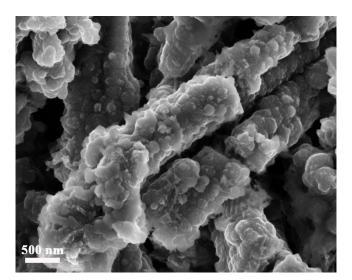


Fig. S10 SEM image of C@MoS<sub>2</sub>-CoS<sub>2</sub>-O@C after 150 cycles at 1A g<sup>-1</sup> for S-DIBs.

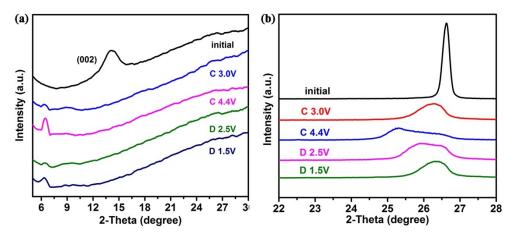


Fig. S11 Ex situ XRD patterns of (a) C@MoS<sub>2</sub>-CoS<sub>2</sub>-O@C anode and (b) the graphite cathode at different charge/discharge voltages.

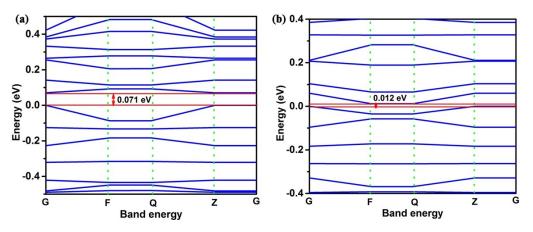


Fig. S12 (a) Calculated band structure of  $MoS_2$ - $CoS_2$ . (b) Calculated band structure of  $MoS_2$ - $CoS_2$ -O.

sample	Со	Мо			
	mg/g	mg/g			
$C@MoS_2-CoS_2$	165	681			

## Table. S1 ICP-MS analysis of C@MoS<sub>2</sub>-CoS<sub>2</sub>.

Table. S2 Energy spectrum analysis of C, N, O, S, Mo and Co atomic percentages for C@MoS<sub>2</sub>-CoS<sub>2</sub>, C@MoS<sub>2</sub>-CoS<sub>2</sub>-O and C@MoS<sub>2</sub>-CoS<sub>2</sub>-O@C.

samples	С	N	0	S	Co	Мо
	At%	At%	At%	At%	At%	At%
C@MoS <sub>2</sub> -CoS <sub>2</sub>	35.82	4.52	31.43	18.21	1.50	8.53
C@MoS2-CoS2-O	39.64	4.93	35.61	11.52	1.65	6.65
C@MoS2-CoS2-O@C	55.92	9.88	18.18	9.66	1.84	4.54

## **Reference:**

1 K. Zhang, M. Park, L. Zhou, G.-H. Lee, J. Shin, Z. Hu, S.-L. Chou, J. Chen and Y.-M. Kang, *Angew. Chem*, 2016, **128**, 13014.