

*Supplementary Information
for*

**Doped MXene Combinations as Highly Efficient Bifunctional and Multifunctional
Catalysts for Water Splitting and Metal-Air Batteries**

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Supplementary Note:

The chemical potential of the H⁺ and e⁻ pair can be replaced by 1/2H₂(g) as these two are in equilibrium at standard conditions. Since it is difficult to extract exact free energy of intermediates in solution, the approximate adsorption free energy is calculated relative to the amount of H₂O and H₂ in the gas phase, defined as:

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta G_{O^*} &= \Delta G(H_2O(g) + * \rightarrow O^* + H_2(g)) \\ &= \mu_{O^*} + \mu_{H_2} - \mu_{H_2O} - \mu_* \\ &= ((E_{O^*} + E_{H_2} - E_{H_2O} - E_*) + (E_{ZPE(O^*)} + E_{ZPE(H_2)} - E_{ZPE(H_2O)} - E_{ZPE(*)})) - T \\ &\quad \times (S_{O^*} + S_{H_2} - S_{H_2O} - S_*)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta G_{OH^*} &= \Delta G(H_2O(g) + * \rightarrow OH^* + 1/2H_2(g)) \\ &= \mu_{OH^*} + 0.5\mu_{H_2} - \mu_{H_2O} - \mu_* \\ &= ((E_{OH^*} + 0.5E_{H_2} - E_{H_2O} - E_*) + (E_{ZPE(OH^*)} + 0.5E_{ZPE(H_2)} - E_{ZPE(H_2O)} - E_{ZPE(*)})) \\ &\quad - T \times (S_{OH^*} + S_{0.5 \times H_2} - S_{H_2O} - S_*)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta G_{OOH^*} &= \Delta G(2H_2O(g) + * \rightarrow OOH^* + 3/2H_2(g)) \\ &= \mu_{OOH^*} + 1.5\mu_{H_2} - 2\mu_{H_2O} - \mu_* \\ &= ((E_{OOH^*} + 1.5E_{H_2} - 2E_{H_2O} - E_*) \\ &\quad + (E_{ZPE(OOH^*)} + 1.5E_{ZPE(H_2)} - 2E_{ZPE(H_2O)} - E_{ZPE(*)})) - T \\ &\quad \times (S_{OOH^*} + 1.5S_{H_2} - 2S_{H_2O} - S_*)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta G_{H^*} &= \Delta G(H^+ + e^- * \rightarrow H^*) \\ &= \mu_{H^*} - \mu_{H^+} - \mu_{e^-} - \mu_*\end{aligned}$$

$$= \left((E_{H^*} - 0.5E_{H_2} - E_*) + (E_{ZPE(H^*)} - 0.5E_{ZPE(H_2)} - E_{ZPE(*)}) - T \right. \\ \left. \times (S_{H^*} - 0.5S_{H_2} - S_*) \right)$$

The reaction free energy ($\Delta G_1, \Delta G_2, \Delta G_3, \Delta G_4$) for OER can be written in terms of adsorption free energy using the following equations:

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta G_1 &= \Delta G_{OH^*} \\ \Delta G_2 &= \Delta G_{O^*} - \Delta G_{OH^*} \\ \Delta G_3 &= \Delta G_{OOH^*} - \Delta G_{O^*} \\ \Delta G_4 &= 4.92 - \Delta G_{OOH^*}\end{aligned}$$

The reaction free energy ($\Delta G'_1, \Delta G'_2, \Delta G'_3, \Delta G'_4$) for ORR can be written in terms of adsorption free energy using the following equations:

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta G'_1 &= \Delta G_{OOH^*} - 4.92 \\ \Delta G'_2 &= \Delta G_{O^*} - \Delta G_{OOH^*} \\ \Delta G'_3 &= \Delta G_{OH^*} - \Delta G_{O^*} \\ \Delta G'_4 &= -\Delta G_{OH^*}\end{aligned}$$

The theoretical overpotential for OER, ORR, and HER are calculated using the following equations:

$$\begin{aligned}\eta^{OER} &= \max(\Delta G_1, \Delta G_2, \Delta G_3, \Delta G_4)/e - 1.23 \\ \eta^{ORR} &= \max(\Delta G'_1, \Delta G'_2, \Delta G'_3, \Delta G'_4)/e + 1.23 \\ \eta^{HER} &= -|\Delta G_{H^*}|/e\end{aligned}$$

Machine Learning descriptors and models

In this section, we report the explored descriptors for the classification of MXene combinations into good and bad catalysts for HER/OER/ORR. We searched for the features containing geometric, atomic, and intrinsic factors. Since we have considered $M_2M'X_2O_2$ type out-of-plane

MXene combinations for our study, the features based on M and M' properties have abbreviation 1 and 2, respectively. The considered features are atomic number (Z1 and Z2), valence d-electrons (DE1 and DE2), first ionization energy (IE1 and IE2), Pauling electronegativity (EN1 and EN2), electron affinity (EA1 and EA2), melting point (MP1 and MP2), boiling point (BP1 and BP2), metallic radius (RC1 and RC2), metal van der Waal's radius (RV1 and RV2), and density (D1 and D2). In addition, we also considered DFT-based features: distance between adsorbed O, OH, and OOH and doped TM (namely d-O, d-OH, and d-OOH), respectively. Also, we considered distance between doped TM and adjacent surface oxygen (d-SO), distance between two surface adjacent oxygen close to the active site (d-SO₂), embedding energy (Ee), difference between embedding and cohesive energy (E-C), and distance between doped TM and hydrogen (d-h).

The considered machine learning algorithms: Random Forest (RF), Gradient Boosting (GB), Support Vector classification (SVC), Bagging (BG), Naïve Bayes (NB), CatBoost (CB), Decision Tree (DT), k-nearest neighbors (KNN), Adaboost (AB), and Logistic Regression. The Pearson correlation matrix is plotted for feature selection, the features with high correlation (Pearson correlation coefficient > 0.7) are neglected and the features showing high correlation with the target are considered. In addition, the feature importance of reduced features is explored to understand the most contributing features in the best performing models for HER/OER/ORR. The confusion matrix also known as error matrix visualizes and summarizes the performance of classification algorithm. In our results, it shows the percentage of actual levels predicted correctly.

Supplementary Figures:

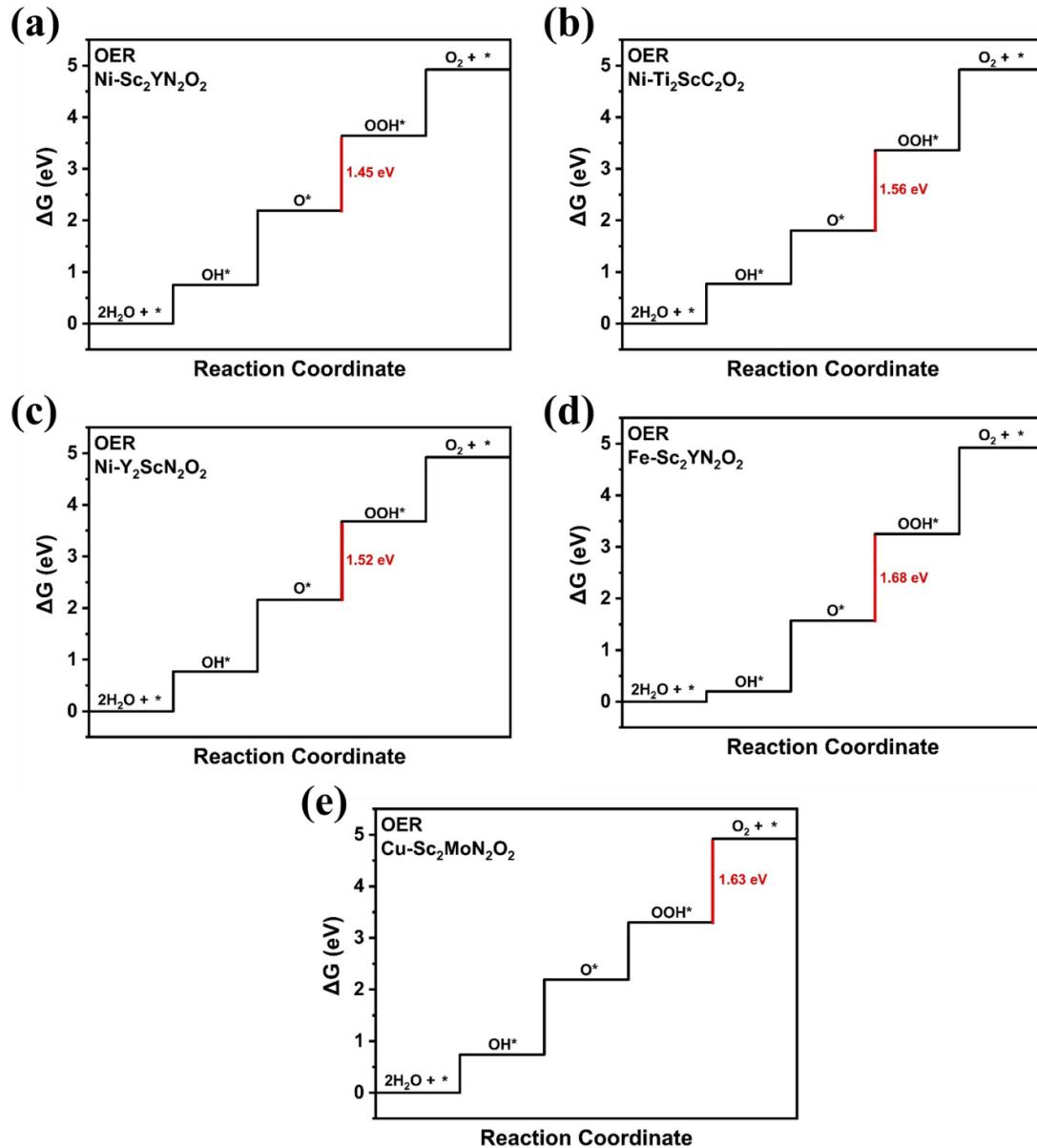


Fig. S1 Free energy diagrams of good OER catalysts **a)** Ni-Sc₂YN₂O₂, **b)** Ni-Ti₂ScC₂O₂, **c)** Ni-Y₂ScN₂O₂, **d)** Fe-Sc₂YN₂O₂, and **e)** Cu-Sc₂MoN₂O₂ at standard conditions. The red colored line indicates the rate-determining step for each efficient OER catalysts.

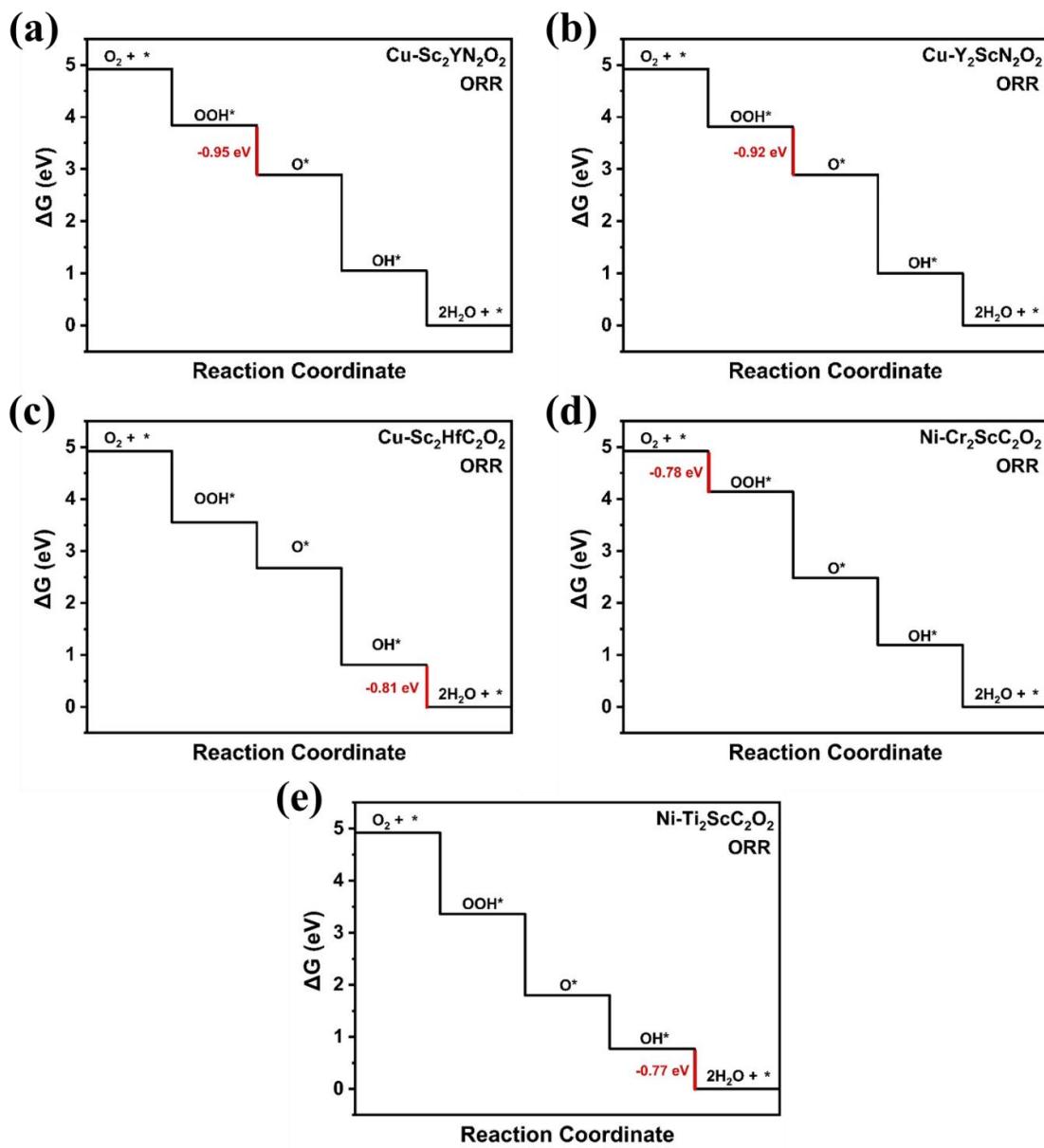


Fig. S2 Free energy diagrams of good ORR catalysts: **a)** Cu-Sc₂YN₂O₂, **b)** Cu-Y₂ScN₂O₂, **c)** Cu-Sc₂HfC₂O₂, **d)** Ni-Cr₂ScC₂O₂, and **e)** Ni-Ti₂ScC₂O₂ at standard conditions. The red colored line indicates the rate-determining step for each efficient ORR catalysts.

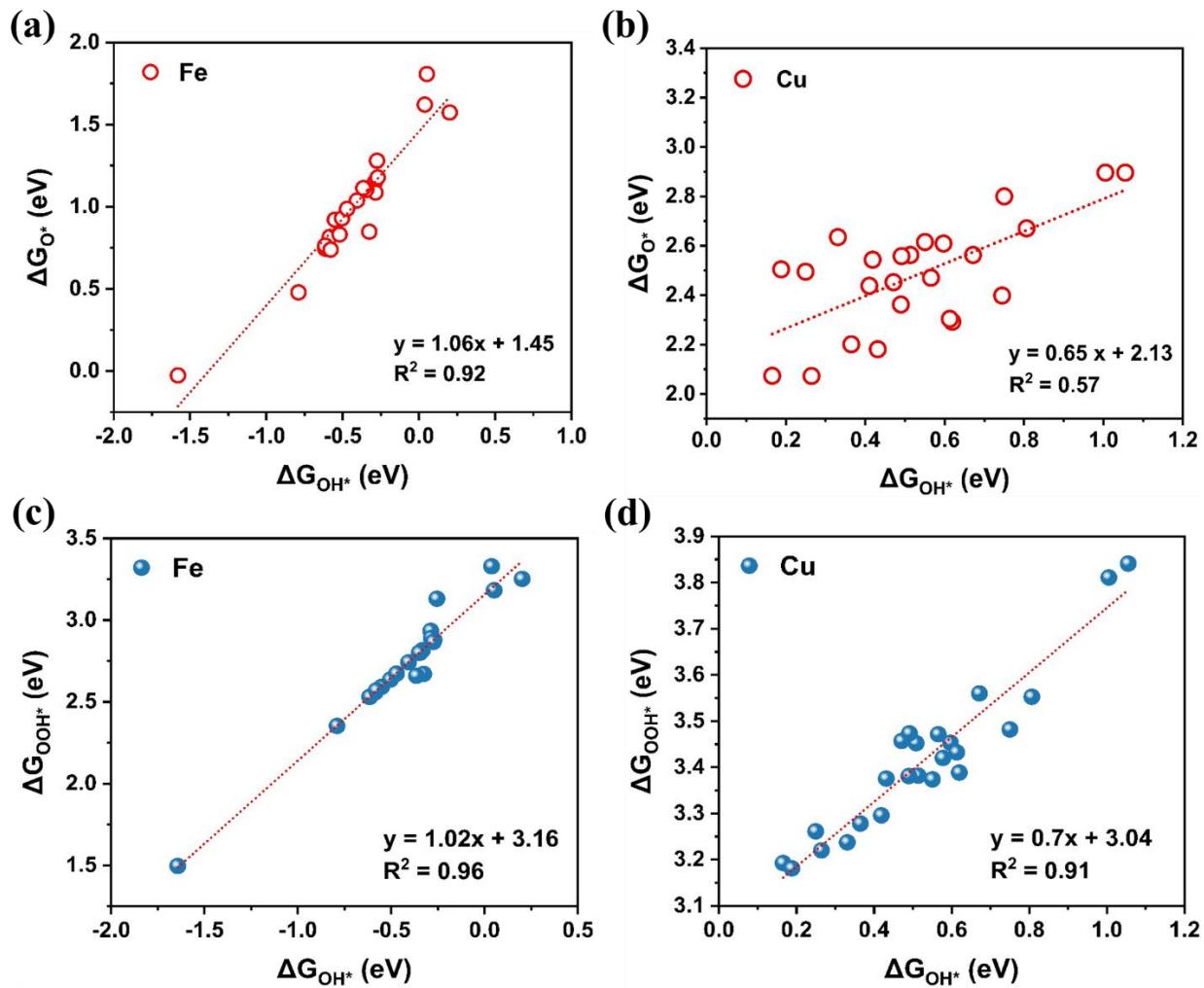


Fig. S3 The linear relationship between ΔG_{O^*} and ΔG_{OH^*} for **a)** Fe-doped, **b)** Cu-doped MXenes. The linear relationship between ΔG_{OOH^*} and ΔG_{OH^*} for **c)** Fe-doped, and **d)** Cu-doped MXenes.

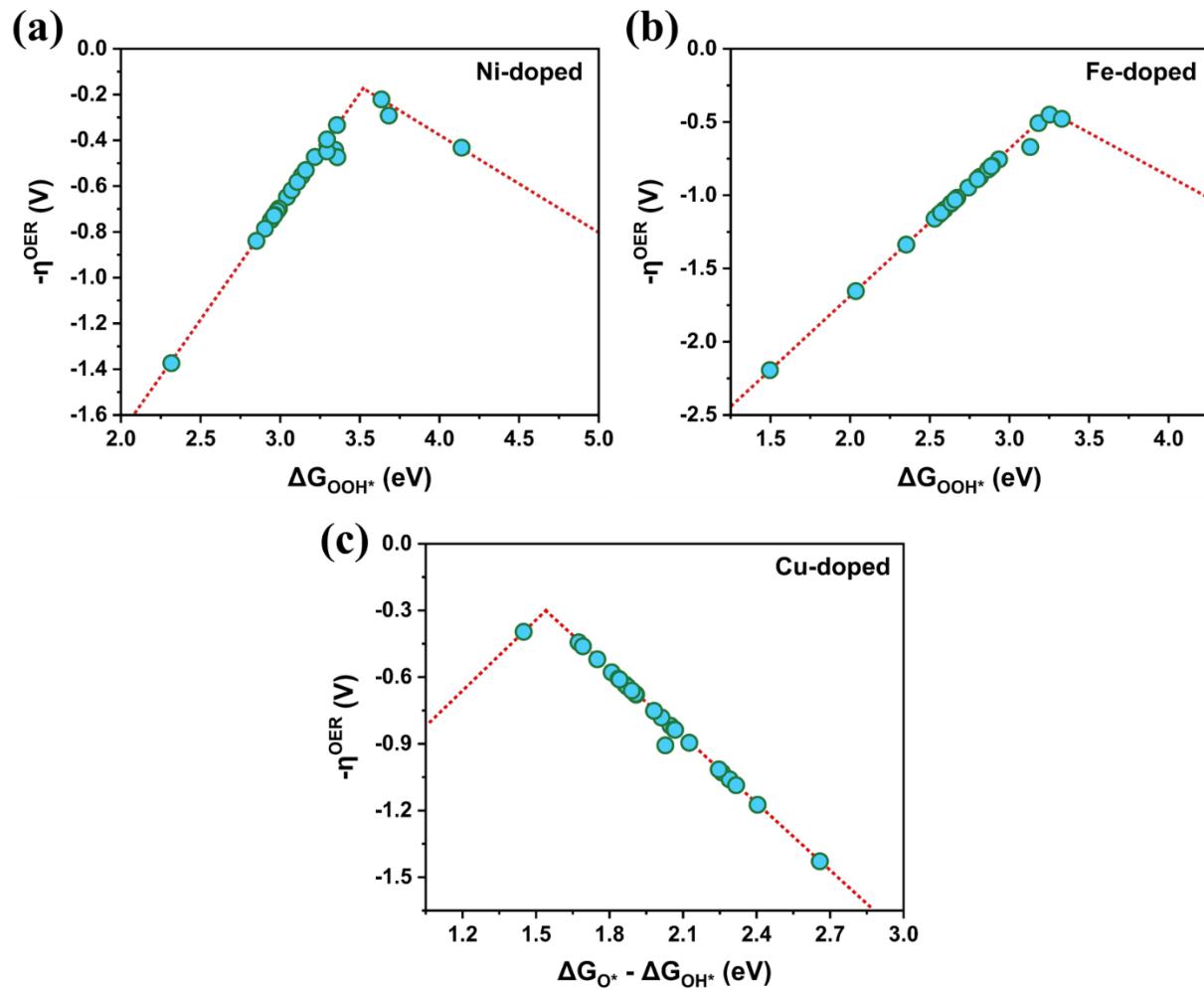


Fig. S4 Volcano plot for **a)** Ni-doped, **b)** Fe-doped, and **c)** Cu-doped MXenes between negative of OER overpotential ($-\eta^{\text{OER}}$) and ΔG_{OOH^*} for Ni and Fe, and $\Delta G_{\text{O}^*} - \Delta G_{\text{OH}^*}$ for Cu doped MXenes.

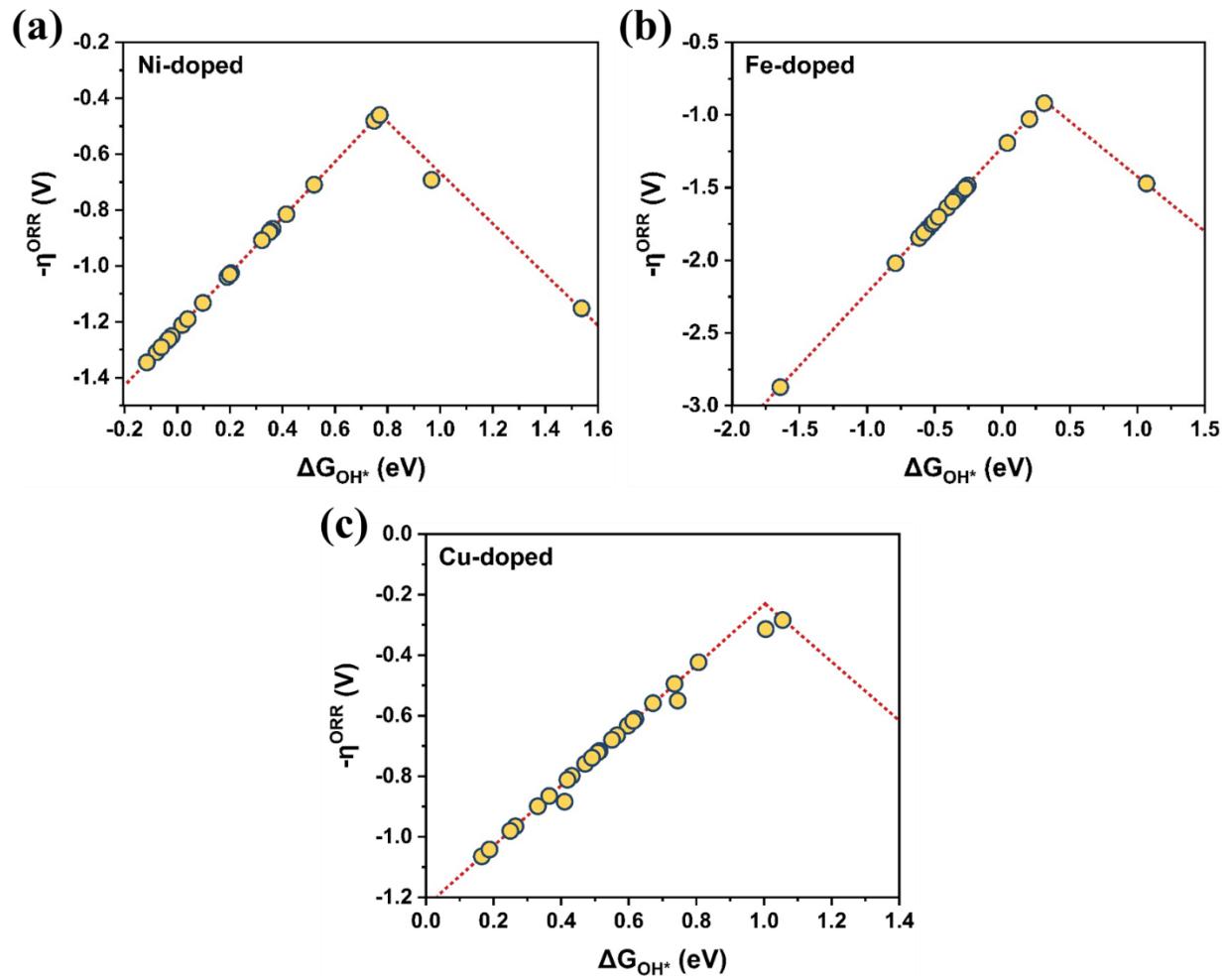


Fig. S5 Volcano plot for **a)** Ni-doped, **b)** Fe-doped, and **c)** Cu-doped MXenes between the negative value of ORR overpotential ($-\eta^{\text{ORR}}$) and ΔG_{OH^*} .

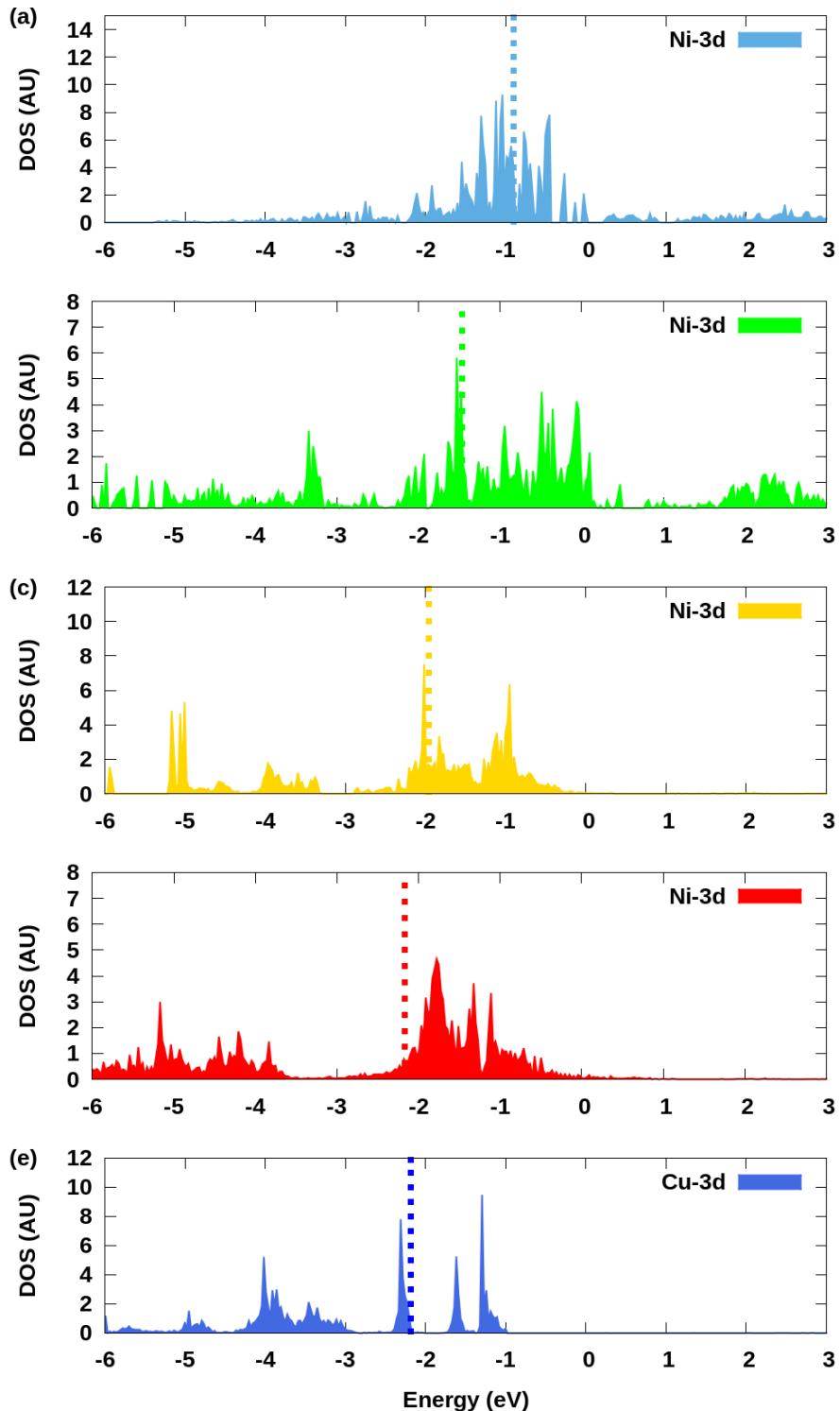


Fig. S6 The 3d states PDOS and respective d-band center (dashed lines) of doped single atom for **a)** Ni-Sc₂YN₂O₂, **b)** Ni-Y₂ScN₂O₂, **c)** Ni-Ti₂ScC₂O₂, **d)** Ni-Cr₂ScC₂O₂, and **e)** Cu-Sc₂MoN₂O₂. The Fermi level is set to zero.

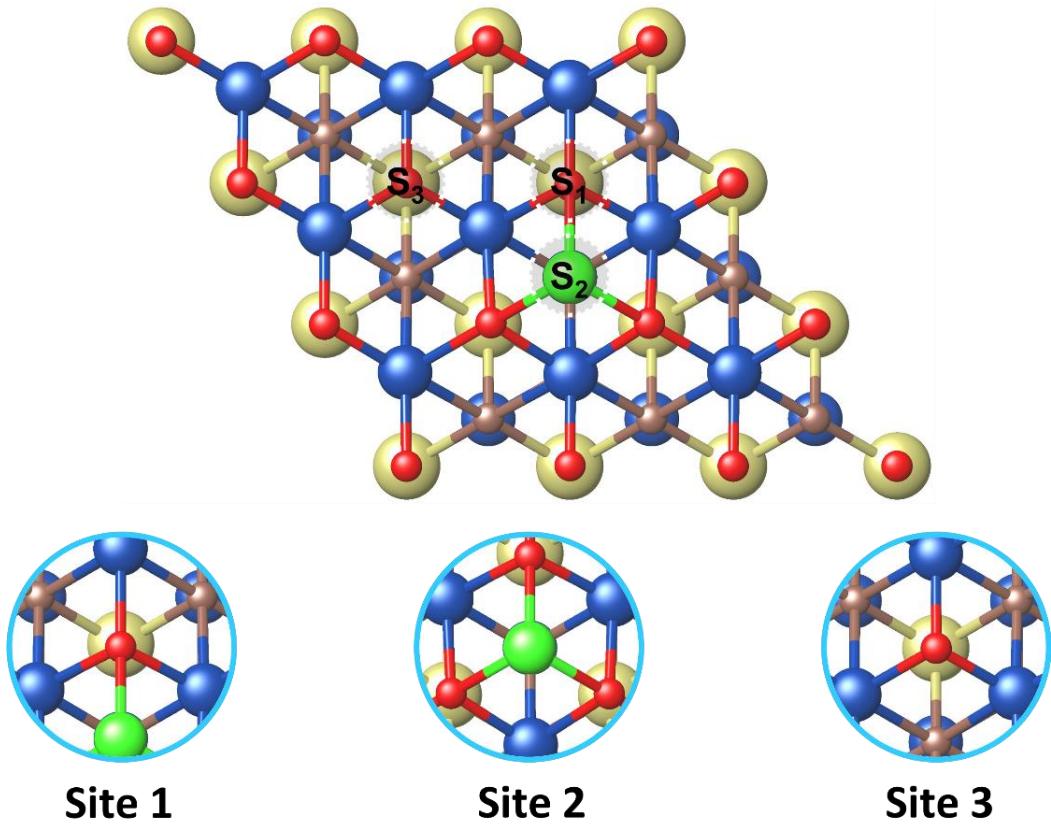


Fig. S7 Schematic top view with three different sites for H-adsorption (S_1 , S_2 , and S_3) for MXenes.

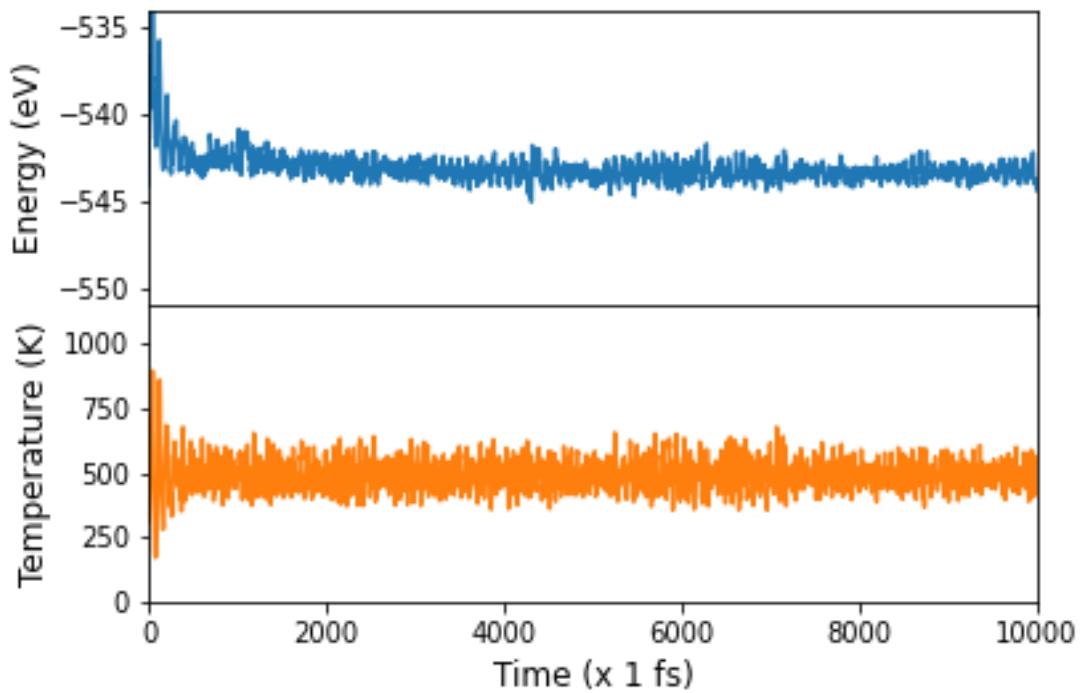


Fig. S8 The energy and temperature changes along time in MD simulation for $\text{Ni-Cr}_2\text{ScC}_2\text{O}_2$. The machine-learned potential are generated using on-the-fly sampling and sparse Gaussian regression (SGPR) algorithm as implemented in AUTOFORCE. The MD simulations are conducted at $T=500\text{K}$.

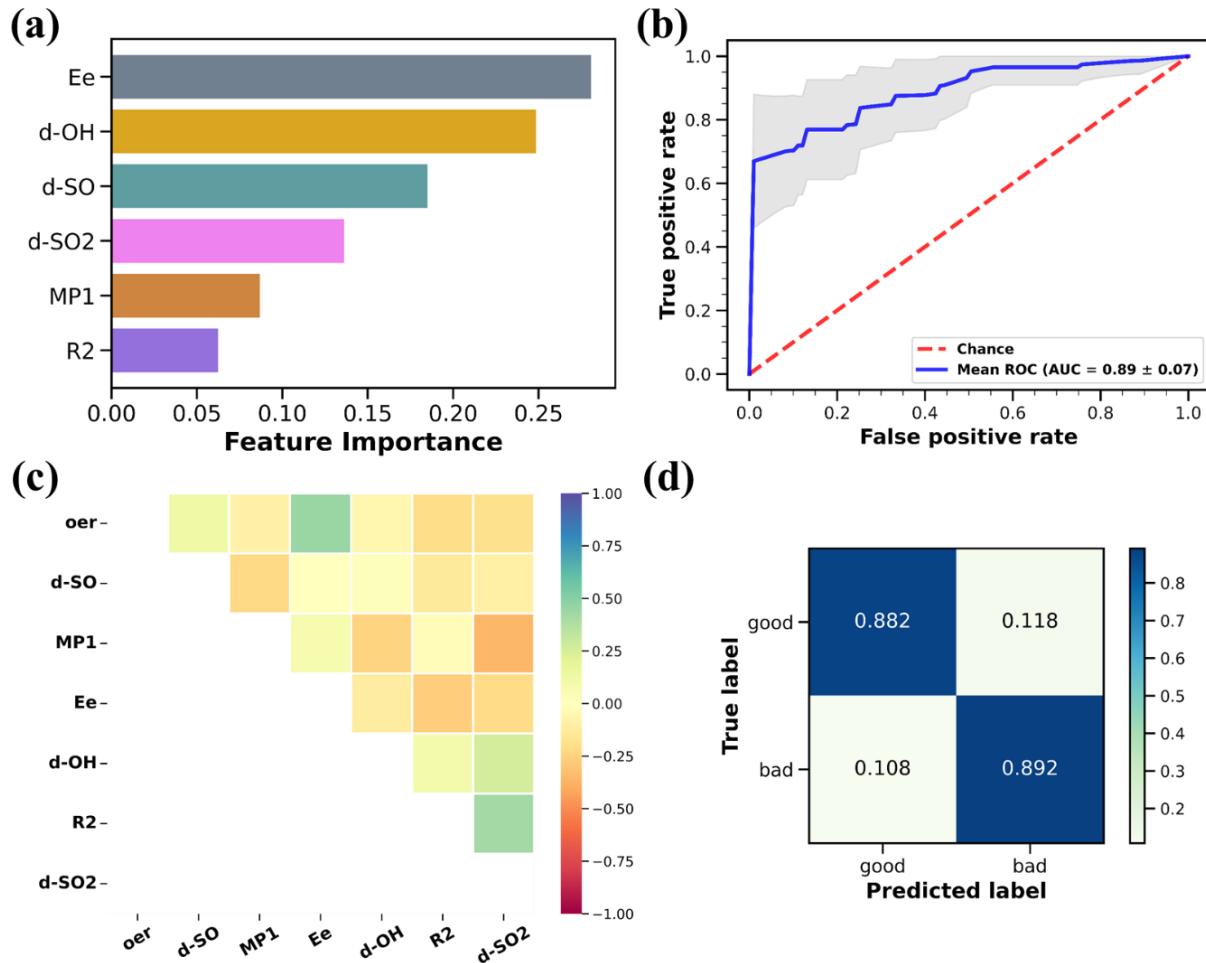


Fig. S9 Machine learning prediction of best explored classifier for OER activity on MXene combinations. **a)** Feature importance of reduced features. **b)** Mean ROC-AUC curve for Bagging classifier, the high AUC indicates the capability to distinguish between classes. **c)** Pearson feature-feature and feature-target correlation map. **d)** Normalized confusion matrix showing the great prediction level.

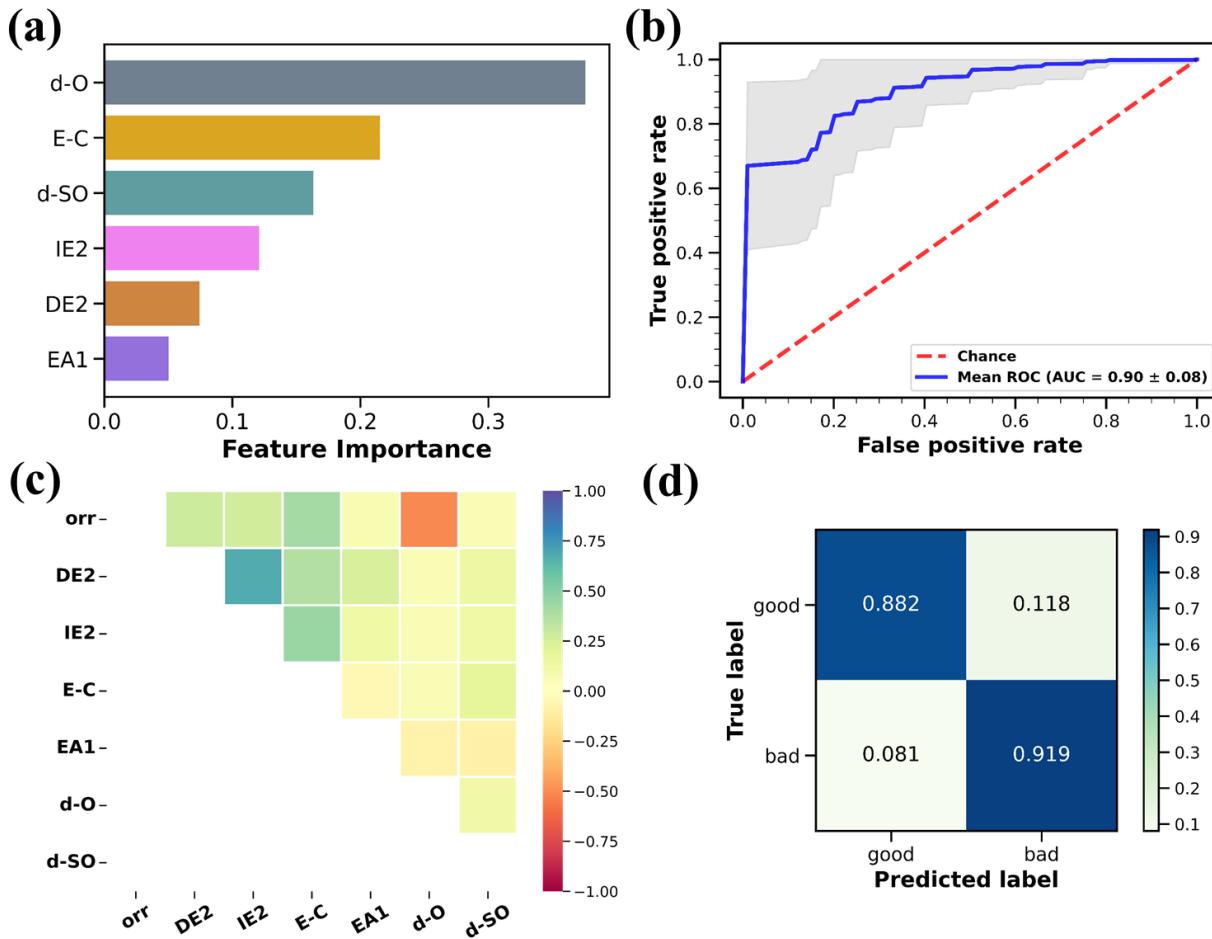


Fig. S10 Machine learning prediction of best explored classifier for ORR activity on MXene combinations. **a)** Feature importance of reduced features. **b)** Mean ROC-AUC curve for Random Forest classifier, the high AUC indicates the capability to distinguish between classes. **c)** Pearson feature-feature and feature-target correlation map. **d)** Normalized confusion matrix showing the great prediction level.

Supplementary Tables:

Table S1 Embedding energies (E_e in eV) for O-terminated MXenes with anchored TM atom (Ni/Fe/Cu) for all screened MXene combinations.

Anchored Metal	MXenes	E_e	MXenes	E_e	MXenes	E_e
Ni	Sc_2CrC_2	-4.10	Cr_2MoC_2	-4.64	Sc_2WN_2	-3.49
	Sc_2HfC_2	-4.64	Cr_2WC_2	-4.62	V_2CrN_2	-3.94
	Ti_2ScC_2	-5.08	Y_2NbC_2	-4.46	Cr_2VN_2	-4.31
	V_2ScC_2	-4.61	Zr_2ScC_2	-4.34	Cr_2NbN_2	-4.59
	V_2MoC_2	-4.20	Hf_2ScC_2	-4.17	Cr_2HfN_2	-4.19
	V_2TaC_2	-4.38	Sc_2TiN_2	-3.67	Y_2ScN_2	-5.81
	V_2WC_2	-4.14	Sc_2VN_2	-4.37	Mo_2TaN_2	-3.89
	Cr_2ScC_2	-5.69	Sc_2YN_2	-6.21		
	Cr_2VC_2	-4.61	Sc_2MoN_2	-4.51		
	Cr_2NbC_2	-4.80	Sc_2TaN_2	-3.51		
Fe	Sc_2CrC_2	-4.13	Cr_2MoC_2	-4.86	Sc_2WN_2	-3.79
	Sc_2HfC_2	-4.91	Cr_2WC_2	-4.84	V_2CrN_2	-3.97
	Ti_2ScC_2	-4.02	Y_2NbC_2	-4.51	Cr_2VN_2	-4.01
	V_2ScC_2	-4.57	Zr_2ScC_2	-4.35	Cr_2NbN_2	-4.71
	V_2MoC_2	-4.08	Hf_2ScC_2	-4.94	Cr_2HfN_2	-4.20
	V_2TaC_2	-4.44	Sc_2TiN_2	-4.25	Y_2ScN_2	-6.29
	V_2WC_2	-4.30	Sc_2VN_2	-4.81	Mo_2TaN_2	-4.37
	Cr_2ScC_2	-6.05	Sc_2YN_2	-6.85		
	Cr_2VC_2	-4.63	Sc_2MoN_2	-4.58		
	Cr_2NbC_2	-4.97	Sc_2TaN_2	-4.18		
Cu	Sc_2CrC_2	-3.29	Cr_2MoC_2	-2.92	Sc_2WN_2	-2.12
	Sc_2HfC_2	-3.08	Cr_2WC_2	-2.93	V_2CrN_2	-2.41
	Ti_2ScC_2	-2.92	Y_2NbC_2	-2.82	Cr_2VN_2	-2.68
	V_2ScC_2	-2.57	Zr_2ScC_2	-2.61	Cr_2NbN_2	-3.04
	V_2MoC_2	-2.26	Hf_2ScC_2	-2.90	Cr_2HfN_2	-2.66
	V_2TaC_2	-2.54	Sc_2TiN_2	-2.33	Y_2ScN_2	-3.69
	V_2WC_2	-2.21	Sc_2VN_2	-3.00	Mo_2TaN_2	-2.95
	Cr_2ScC_2	-3.48	Sc_2YN_2	-4.01		
	Cr_2VC_2	-2.90	Sc_2MoN_2	-3.43		
	Cr_2NbC_2	-2.71	Sc_2TaN_2	-2.25		

Table S2 $E_{e-c} = E_e - E_c$ (difference between embedding and cohesive energy in eV) for O-terminated MXene combinations with an anchored TM atom of Ni/Fe/Cu.

Anchored Metal	MXenes	E_{e-c}	MXenes	E_{e-c}	MXenes	E_{e-c}
Ni	Sc₂CrC₂	1.08	Cr₂MoC₂	0.54	Sc₂WN₂	1.69
	Sc₂HfC₂	0.54	Cr₂WC₂	0.56	V₂CrN₂	1.24
	Ti₂ScC₂	0.10	Y₂NbC₂	0.72	Cr₂VN₂	0.87
	V₂ScC₂	0.57	Zr₂ScC₂	0.84	Cr₂NbN₂	0.59
	V₂MoC₂	0.98	Hf₂ScC₂	1.01	Cr₂HfN₂	0.99
	V₂TaC₂	0.80	Sc₂TiN₂	1.51	Y₂ScN₂	-0.63
	V₂WC₂	1.04	Sc₂VN₂	0.81	Mo₂TaN₂	1.29
	Cr₂ScC₂	-0.51	Sc₂YN₂	-1.03		
	Cr₂VC₂	0.57	Sc₂MoN₂	0.67		
	Cr₂NbC₂	0.38	Sc₂TaN₂	1.67		
Fe	Sc₂CrC₂	1.14	Cr₂MoC₂	0.41	Sc₂WN₂	1.48
	Sc₂HfC₂	0.36	Cr₂WC₂	0.43	V₂CrN₂	1.30
	Ti₂ScC₂	1.25	Y₂NbC₂	0.76	Cr₂VN₂	1.26
	V₂ScC₂	0.70	Zr₂ScC₂	0.92	Cr₂NbN₂	0.56
	V₂MoC₂	1.19	Hf₂ScC₂	0.33	Cr₂HfN₂	1.07
	V₂TaC₂	0.83	Sc₂TiN₂	1.02	Y₂ScN₂	-1.02
	V₂WC₂	0.97	Sc₂VN₂	0.76	Mo₂TaN₂	0.90
	Cr₂ScC₂	-0.78	Sc₂YN₂	-1.58		
	Cr₂VC₂	0.64	Sc₂MoN₂	0.69		
	Cr₂NbC₂	0.30	Sc₂TaN₂	1.09		
Cu	Sc₂CrC₂	0.19	Cr₂MoC₂	0.56	Sc₂WN₂	1.36
	Sc₂HfC₂	0.40	Cr₂WC₂	0.55	V₂CrN₂	1.07
	Ti₂ScC₂	0.56	Y₂NbC₂	0.66	Cr₂VN₂	0.80
	V₂ScC₂	0.91	Zr₂ScC₂	0.87	Cr₂NbN₂	0.44
	V₂MoC₂	1.22	Hf₂ScC₂	0.58	Cr₂HfN₂	0.82
	V₂TaC₂	0.94	Sc₂TiN₂	1.15	Y₂ScN₂	-0.21
	V₂WC₂	1.27	Sc₂VN₂	0.48	Mo₂TaN₂	0.53
	Cr₂ScC₂	0.004	Sc₂YN₂	-0.53		
	Cr₂VC₂	0.58	Sc₂MoN₂	0.05		
	Cr₂NbC₂	0.77	Sc₂TaN₂	1.23		

Table S3 Adsorption free energies (ΔG in eV) of intermediates (OH^* , O^* , and OOH^*) for screened $\text{M}_2\text{M}'\text{X}_2\text{O}_2$ type MXenes.

MXenes	Ni			Fe			Cu		
	ΔG_{OH}^*	ΔG_{O}^*	ΔG_{OOH}^*	ΔG_{OH}^*	ΔG_{O}^*	ΔG_{OOH}^*	ΔG_{OH}^*	ΔG_{O}^*	ΔG_{OOH}^*
Sc₂CrC₂	-0.04	1.24	2.94	-0.59	0.82	2.56	0.62	2.29	3.39
Sc₂HfC₂	0.20	1.43	3.04	-0.26	1.65	3.13	0.81	2.67	3.55
Ti₂ScC₂	0.77	1.79	3.36	-1.64	-0.03	1.50	0.75	3.01	3.48
V₂ScC₂	0.52	1.85	3.50	-0.29	1.15	2.93	0.33	2.74	3.24
V₂MoC₂	0.32	1.65	3.30	-0.33	0.85	2.67	0.26	2.07	3.22
V₂TaC₂	0.36	1.67	3.34	-0.33	1.11	2.82	0.36	2.20	3.28
V₂WC₂	0.35	1.66	3.36	1.07	0.83	2.63	0.17	2.07	3.19
Cr₂ScC₂	1.18	2.48	4.14	0.31	1.81	3.18	0.67	2.56	3.68
Cr₂VC₂	0.19	1.53	3.16	-0.41	1.04	2.74	0.51	2.56	3.38
Cr₂NbC₂	0.35	1.67	3.22	-0.27	1.18	2.88	0.60	2.61	3.45
Cr₂MoC₂	0.02	1.55	2.99	-0.29	1.09	2.89	0.49	2.36	3.38
Cr₂WC₂	0.20	1.55	3.14	-0.34	1.11	2.80	0.57	2.47	3.47
Y₂NbC₂	1.54	1.62	3.29	-0.27	1.28	2.87	0.58	3.24	3.42
Zr₂ScC₂	0.97	1.51	3.13	1.27	1.16	2.89	0.51	2.80	3.45
Hf₂ScC₂	0.32	1.73	3.29	-0.35	1.10	2.80	0.43	2.18	3.38
Sc₂TiN₂	-0.04	1.27	2.94	-0.61	0.75	2.53	0.25	2.49	3.26
Sc₂VN₂	0.42	1.39	2.98	-0.55	0.92	2.59	0.42	2.54	3.30
Sc₂YN₂	0.75	2.19	3.64	0.20	1.57	3.25	1.06	2.90	3.84
Sc₂MoN₂	-0.02	1.31	2.96	-0.61	0.76	2.53	0.74	2.18	3.29
Sc₂TaN₂	-0.08	1.19	2.90	-0.58	0.74	2.57	0.19	2.50	3.18
Sc₂WN₂	-0.03	1.24	2.96	-0.79	0.48	2.35	0.74	2.40	3.08
V₂CrN₂	-0.06	1.23	2.32	-0.52	0.83	2.04	0.41	2.44	2.78
Cr₂VN₂	0.04	1.48	3.07	-0.50	0.93	2.64	0.47	2.45	3.46
Cr₂NbN₂	0.10	1.49	3.11	-0.47	0.99	2.67	0.55	2.62	3.37
Cr₂HfN₂	0.20	1.47	3.16	-0.36	1.11	2.66	0.49	2.56	3.47
Y₂ScN₂	0.77	2.16	3.68	0.04	1.62	3.33	1.00	2.90	3.81
Mo₂TaN₂	-0.12	1.21	2.85	-	-	-	0.61	2.30	3.43

Table S4 Theoretical overpotentials for OER (η^{OER} in V) of doped $M_2M'X_2O_2$ type MXene combinations.

MXenes	Ni	Fe	Cu
	η^{OER}	η^{OER}	η^{OER}
Sc₂CrC₂	0.75	1.13	0.44
Sc₂HfC₂	0.65	0.67	0.63
Ti₂ScC₂	0.33	2.19	1.03
V₂ScC₂	0.43	0.76	1.17
V₂MoC₂	0.42	1.02	0.58
V₂TaC₂	0.44	0.87	0.61
V₂WC₂	0.47	1.06	0.68
Cr₂ScC₂	0.43	0.51	0.66
Cr₂VC₂	0.53	0.95	0.82
Cr₂NbC₂	0.47	0.81	0.78
Cr₂MoC₂	0.70	0.80	0.64
Cr₂WC₂	0.55	0.89	0.68
Y₂NbC₂	0.45	0.82	1.43
Zr₂ScC₂	0.56	0.80	1.06
Hf₂ScC₂	0.40	0.89	0.52
Sc₂TiN₂	0.75	1.16	1.02
Sc₂VN₂	0.71	1.10	0.90
Sc₂YN₂	0.22	0.45	0.61
Sc₂MoN₂	0.73	1.16	0.40
Sc₂TaN₂	0.79	1.12	1.09
Sc₂WN₂	0.73	1.34	0.61
V₂CrN₂	1.37	1.65	0.91
Cr₂VN₂	0.62	1.05	0.75
Cr₂NbN₂	0.58	1.02	0.83
Cr₂HfN₂	0.53	1.03	0.84
Y₂ScN₂	0.29	0.48	0.66
Mo₂TaN₂	0.84	-	0.46

Table S5 Theoretical overpotentials for ORR (η^{ORR} in V) of doped $M_2M'X_2O_2$ type MXene combinations.

MXenes	Ni	Fe	Cu
	η^{ORR}	η^{ORR}	η^{ORR}
Sc₂CrC₂	1.27	1.82	0.61
Sc₂HfC₂	1.03	1.49	0.42
Ti₂ScC₂	0.46	2.87	0.76
V₂ScC₂	0.71	1.52	0.90
V₂MoC₂	0.91	1.56	0.97
V₂TaC₂	0.87	1.56	0.87
V₂WC₂	0.88	1.47	1.06
Cr₂ScC₂	0.45	0.92	0.56
Cr₂VC₂	1.04	1.64	0.72
Cr₂NbC₂	0.88	1.50	0.63
Cr₂MoC₂	1.21	1.52	0.74
Cr₂WC₂	1.03	1.57	0.66
Y₂NbC₂	1.15	1.50	1.04
Zr₂ScC₂	0.69	1.34	0.72
Hf₂ScC₂	0.91	1.58	0.80
Sc₂TiN₂	1.27	1.84	0.98
Sc₂VN₂	0.81	1.78	0.81
Sc₂YN₂	0.48	1.03	0.28
Sc₂MoN₂	1.25	1.84	0.49
Sc₂TaN₂	1.31	1.81	1.04
Sc₂WN₂	1.26	2.02	0.55
V₂CrN₂	1.29	1.75	0.88
Cr₂VN₂	1.19	1.73	0.76
Cr₂NbN₂	1.13	1.70	0.68
Cr₂HfN₂	1.03	1.59	0.74
Y₂ScN₂	0.46	1.19	0.31
Mo₂TaN₂	1.35	-	0.62

Table S6 Hydrogen adsorption free energies (ΔG_{H^*} in eV) for doped $M_2M'X_2O_2$ type MXene combinations.

MXenes	Ni	Fe	Cu
	ΔG_{H^*}	ΔG_{H^*}	ΔG_{H^*}
Sc₂CrC₂	0.05	0.09	0.04
Sc₂HfC₂	-0.86	0.91	-0.76
Ti₂ScC₂	-0.29	-1.86	-0.50
V₂ScC₂	-0.11	-0.20	-0.28
V₂MoC₂	0.10	-0.02	0.02
V₂TaC₂	-0.27	-0.17	-0.20
V₂WC₂	-0.07	0.01	-0.01
Cr₂ScC₂	-0.08	-0.07	-0.35
Cr₂VC₂	-0.31	-0.24	-0.34
Cr₂NbC₂	-0.62	-0.42	-0.55
Cr₂MoC₂	-0.26	-0.17	-0.32
Cr₂WC₂	-0.39	-0.25	-0.30
Y₂NbC₂	-0.37	-0.35	-0.38
Zr₂ScC₂	-0.29	-0.30	-0.29
Hf₂ScC₂	-0.22	-0.21	-0.20
Sc₂TiN₂	0.21	0.27	0.26
Sc₂VN₂	-0.01	0.13	-0.04
Sc₂YN₂	-1.24	-1.18	-1.34
Sc₂MoN₂	0.34	0.36	0.22
Sc₂TaN₂	0.15	0.34	0.26
Sc₂WN₂	0.90	0.62	0.62
V₂CrN₂	0.12	0.17	0.08
Cr₂VN₂	-0.03	0.00	-0.10
Cr₂NbN₂	-0.06	-0.17	-0.12
Cr₂HfN₂	-0.12	-0.10	-0.22
Y₂ScN₂	-1.12	-1.06	-1.15
Mo₂TaN₂	0.10	0.32	0.48

Table S7 Reaction free energies (eV) of elementary steps for OER in Ni-doped M₂M'X₂O₂ type MXene combinations.

MXenes	ΔG ₁	ΔG ₂	ΔG ₃	ΔG ₄
Sc₂CrC₂	-0.04	1.28	1.70	1.98
Sc₂HfC₂	0.20	1.22	1.62	1.88
Ti₂ScC₂	0.77	1.03	1.56	1.56
V₂ScC₂	0.52	1.33	1.66	1.42
V₂MoC₂	0.32	1.33	1.65	1.62
V₂TaC₂	0.36	1.31	1.67	1.58
V₂WC₂	0.35	1.30	1.70	1.56
Cr₂ScC₂	1.18	1.29	1.66	0.78
Cr₂VC₂	0.19	1.33	1.64	1.76
Cr₂NbC₂	0.35	1.32	1.54	1.70
Cr₂MoC₂	0.02	1.53	1.45	1.93
Cr₂WC₂	0.20	1.35	1.59	1.78
Y₂NbC₂	1.54	0.08	1.68	1.63
Zr₂ScC₂	0.97	0.54	1.63	1.79
Hf₂ScC₂	0.32	1.41	1.57	1.63
Sc₂TiN₂	-0.04	1.30	1.68	1.98
Sc₂VN₂	0.42	0.97	1.59	1.94
Sc₂YN₂	0.75	1.44	1.45	1.28
Sc₂MoN₂	-0.02	1.33	1.65	1.96
Sc₂TaN₂	-0.08	1.27	1.72	2.02
Sc₂WN₂	-0.03	1.27	1.72	1.96
V₂CrN₂	-0.06	1.29	1.09	2.60
Cr₂VN₂	0.04	1.44	1.59	1.85
Cr₂NbN₂	0.10	1.39	1.62	1.81
Cr₂HfN₂	0.20	1.27	1.69	1.76
Y₂ScN₂	0.77	1.39	1.52	1.24
Mo₂TaN₂	-0.12	1.32	1.65	2.07

Table S8 Reaction free energies (eV) of elementary steps for OER in Fe-doped M₂M'X₂O₂ type MXene combinations.

MXenes	ΔG ₁	ΔG ₂	ΔG ₃	ΔG ₄
Sc₂CrC₂	-0.59	1.40	1.74	2.36
Sc₂HfC₂	-0.26	1.90	1.49	1.79
Ti₂ScC₂	-1.64	1.62	1.52	3.42
V₂ScC₂	-0.29	1.44	1.78	1.99
V₂MoC₂	-0.33	1.17	1.82	2.25
V₂TaC₂	-0.33	1.44	1.71	2.10
V₂WC₂	1.07	-0.24	1.80	2.29
Cr₂ScC₂	0.31	1.50	1.38	1.74
Cr₂VC₂	-0.41	1.44	1.70	2.18
Cr₂NbC₂	-0.27	1.45	1.70	2.04
Cr₂MoC₂	-0.29	1.37	1.81	2.03
Cr₂WC₂	-0.34	1.45	1.70	2.12
Y₂NbC₂	-0.27	1.55	1.59	2.05
Zr₂ScC₂	1.27	-0.11	1.73	2.03
Hf₂ScC₂	-0.35	1.45	1.70	2.12
Sc₂TiN₂	-0.61	1.36	1.79	2.39
Sc₂VN₂	-0.55	1.47	1.67	2.33
Sc₂YN₂	0.20	1.37	1.68	1.67
Sc₂MoN₂	-0.61	1.38	1.77	2.39
Sc₂TaN₂	-0.58	1.32	1.83	2.35
Sc₂WN₂	-0.79	1.27	1.88	2.57
V₂CrN₂	-0.52	1.35	1.21	2.88
Cr₂VN₂	-0.50	1.43	1.71	2.28
Cr₂NbN₂	-0.47	1.46	1.69	2.25
Cr₂HfN₂	-0.36	1.48	1.55	2.26
Y₂ScN₂	0.04	1.58	1.71	1.59
Mo₂TaN₂	-	-	-	-

Table S9 Reaction free energies (eV) of elementary steps for OER in Cu-doped M₂M'X₂O₂ type MXene combinations.

MXenes	ΔG ₁	ΔG ₂	ΔG ₃	ΔG ₄
Sc₂CrC₂	0.62	1.67	1.10	1.53
Sc₂HfC₂	0.81	1.86	0.88	1.37
Ti₂ScC₂	0.75	2.26	0.47	1.44
V₂ScC₂	0.33	2.40	0.50	1.68
V₂MoC₂	0.26	1.81	1.15	1.70
V₂TaC₂	0.36	1.84	1.08	1.64
V₂WC₂	0.17	1.91	1.12	1.73
Cr₂ScC₂	0.67	1.89	1.12	1.24
Cr₂VC₂	0.51	2.05	0.82	1.54
Cr₂NbC₂	0.60	2.01	0.84	1.47
Cr₂MoC₂	0.49	1.87	1.02	1.54
Cr₂WC₂	0.57	1.91	1.00	1.45
Y₂NbC₂	0.58	2.66	0.19	1.50
Zr₂ScC₂	0.51	2.29	0.66	1.47
Hf₂ScC₂	0.43	1.75	1.20	1.54
Sc₂TiN₂	0.25	2.25	0.77	1.66
Sc₂VN₂	0.42	2.13	0.75	1.62
Sc₂YN₂	1.05	1.84	0.95	1.08
Sc₂MoN₂	0.74	1.45	1.11	1.63
Sc₂TaN₂	0.19	2.32	0.68	1.74
Sc₂WN₂	0.74	1.65	0.68	1.84
V₂CrN₂	0.41	2.03	0.35	2.14
Cr₂VN₂	0.47	1.98	1.01	1.46
Cr₂NbN₂	0.55	2.06	0.76	1.55
Cr₂HfN₂	0.49	2.07	0.92	1.45
Y₂ScN₂	1.00	1.89	0.92	1.11
Mo₂TaN₂	0.61	1.69	1.13	1.49

Table S10 Reaction free energies (eV) of elementary steps for ORR in Ni-doped M₂M'X₂O₂ type MXene combinations.

MXenes	ΔG ₁	ΔG ₂	ΔG ₃	ΔG ₄
Sc₂CrC₂	-1.98	-1.70	-1.28	0.04
Sc₂HfC₂	-1.88	-1.62	-1.22	-0.20
Ti₂ScC₂	-1.56	-1.56	-1.03	-0.77
V₂ScC₂	-1.42	-1.66	-1.33	-0.52
V₂MoC₂	-1.62	-1.65	-1.33	-0.32
V₂TaC₂	-1.58	-1.67	-1.31	-0.36
V₂WC₂	-1.56	-1.70	-1.30	-0.35
Cr₂ScC₂	-0.78	-1.66	-1.29	-1.18
Cr₂VC₂	-1.76	-1.64	-1.33	-0.19
Cr₂NbC₂	-1.70	-1.54	-1.32	-0.35
Cr₂MoC₂	-1.93	-1.45	-1.53	-0.02
Cr₂WC₂	-1.78	-1.59	-1.35	-0.20
Y₂NbC₂	-1.63	-1.68	-0.08	-1.54
Zr₂ScC₂	-1.79	-1.63	-0.54	-0.97
Hf₂ScC₂	-1.63	-1.57	-1.41	-0.32
Sc₂TiN₂	-1.98	-1.68	-1.30	0.04
Sc₂VN₂	-1.94	-1.59	-0.97	-0.42
Sc₂YN₂	-1.28	-1.45	-1.44	-0.75
Sc₂MoN₂	-1.96	-1.65	-1.33	0.02
Sc₂TaN₂	-2.02	-1.72	-1.27	0.08
Sc₂WN₂	-1.96	-1.72	-1.27	0.03
V₂CrN₂	-2.60	-1.09	-1.29	0.06
Cr₂VN₂	-1.85	-1.59	-1.44	-0.04
Cr₂NbN₂	-1.81	-1.62	-1.39	-0.10
Cr₂HfN₂	-1.76	-1.69	-1.27	-0.20
Y₂ScN₂	-1.24	-1.52	-1.39	-0.77
Mo₂TaN₂	-2.07	-1.65	-1.32	0.12

Table S11 Reaction free energies (eV) of elementary steps for ORR in Fe-doped M₂M'X₂O₂ type MXene combinations.

MXenes	ΔG ₁	ΔG ₂	ΔG ₃	ΔG ₄
Sc₂CrC₂	-2.36	-1.74	-1.40	0.59
Sc₂HfC₂	-1.79	-1.49	-1.90	0.26
Ti₂ScC₂	-3.42	-1.52	-1.62	1.64
V₂ScC₂	-1.99	-1.78	-1.44	0.29
V₂MoC₂	-2.25	-1.82	-1.17	0.33
V₂TaC₂	-2.10	-1.71	-1.44	0.33
V₂WC₂	-2.29	-1.80	0.24	-1.07
Cr₂ScC₂	-1.74	-1.38	-1.50	-0.31
Cr₂VC₂	-2.18	-1.70	-1.44	0.41
Cr₂NbC₂	-2.04	-1.70	-1.45	0.27
Cr₂MoC₂	-2.03	-1.81	-1.37	0.29
Cr₂WC₂	-2.12	-1.70	-1.45	0.34
Y₂NbC₂	-2.05	-1.59	-1.55	0.27
Zr₂ScC₂	-2.03	-1.73	0.11	-1.27
Hf₂ScC₂	-2.12	-1.70	-1.45	0.35
Sc₂TiN₂	-2.39	-1.79	-1.36	0.61
Sc₂VN₂	-2.33	-1.67	-1.47	0.55
Sc₂YN₂	-1.67	-1.68	-1.37	-0.20
Sc₂MoN₂	-2.39	-1.77	-1.38	0.61
Sc₂TaN₂	-2.35	-1.83	-1.32	0.58
Sc₂WN₂	-2.57	-1.88	-1.27	0.79
V₂CrN₂	-2.88	-1.21	-1.35	0.52
Cr₂VN₂	-2.28	-1.71	-1.43	0.50
Cr₂NbN₂	-2.25	-1.69	-1.46	0.47
Cr₂HfN₂	-2.26	-1.55	-1.48	0.36
Y₂ScN₂	-1.59	-1.71	-1.58	-0.04
Mo₂TaN₂	-	-	-	-

Table S12 Reaction free energies (eV) of elementary steps for ORR in Cu-doped M₂M'X₂O₂ type MXene combinations.

MXenes	ΔG ₁	ΔG ₂	ΔG ₃	ΔG ₄
Sc₂CrC₂	-1.53	-1.10	-1.67	-0.62
Sc₂HfC₂	-1.37	-0.88	-1.86	-0.81
Ti₂ScC₂	-1.44	-0.47	-2.26	-0.75
V₂ScC₂	-1.68	-0.50	-2.40	-0.33
V₂MoC₂	-1.70	-1.15	-1.81	-0.26
V₂TaC₂	-1.64	-1.08	-1.84	-0.36
V₂WC₂	-1.73	-1.12	-1.91	-0.17
Cr₂ScC₂	-1.24	-1.12	-1.89	-0.67
Cr₂VC₂	-1.54	-0.82	-2.05	-0.51
Cr₂NbC₂	-1.47	-0.84	-2.01	-0.60
Cr₂MoC₂	-1.54	-1.02	-1.87	-0.49
Cr₂WC₂	-1.45	-1.00	-1.91	-0.57
Y₂NbC₂	-1.50	-0.19	-2.66	-0.58
Zr₂ScC₂	-1.47	-0.66	-2.29	-0.51
Hf₂ScC₂	-1.54	-1.20	-1.75	-0.43
Sc₂TiN₂	-1.66	-0.77	-2.25	-0.25
Sc₂VN₂	-1.62	-0.75	-2.13	-0.42
Sc₂YN₂	-1.08	-0.95	-1.84	-1.05
Sc₂MoN₂	-1.63	-1.11	-1.45	-0.74
Sc₂TaN₂	-1.74	-0.68	-2.32	-0.19
Sc₂WN₂	-1.84	-0.68	-1.65	-0.74
V₂CrN₂	-2.14	-0.35	-2.03	-0.41
Cr₂VN₂	-1.46	-1.01	-1.98	-0.47
Cr₂NbN₂	-1.55	-0.76	-2.06	-0.55
Cr₂HfN₂	-1.45	-0.92	-2.07	-0.49
Y₂ScN₂	-1.11	-0.92	-1.89	-1.00
Mo₂TaN₂	-1.49	-1.13	-1.69	-0.61

Table S13 The difference between zero-point energy changes (ΔZPE) and entropic energy contributions ($T\Delta S$) in eV for all intermediates at 298.15K.

	$\Delta ZPE - T\Delta S$
Pristine	0
OH*	0.26
O*	-0.075
OOH*	0.206
H*	0.26
0.5 H₂	-0.06
H₂O	-0.1

Table S14 Overpotentials of efficient OER and ORR (η^{OER} in V) catalysts for MXenes with the solvent effect (dielectric constant : 80). The results in the absence of solvent effect are in parentheses.

MXenes	η^{OER}	η^{ORR}
Ni-Sc₂YN₂O₂	0.25 (0.22)	0.41 (0.48)
Ni-Ti₂ScC₂O₂	0.27 (0.33)	0.48 (0.46)
Ni-Y₂ScN₂O₂	0.24 (0.29)	0.40 (0.46)
Ni-Cr₂ScC₂O₂	0.45 (0.43)	0.42 (0.45)
Cu-Sc₂MoN₂O₂	0.44 (0.40)	0.57 (0.49)
Cu-Sc₂CrC₂O₂	0.41 (0.44)	0.53 (0.61)

Table S15 ΔG_{H^*} (eV) for HER in the presence of solvent effect for most efficient MXenes with $|\Delta G_{H^*}| \leq 0.02$ eV. The results in the absence of solvent effect are in parentheses.

MXenes	HER ($ \Delta G_{H^*} $)
Fe-Cr₂VN₂O₂	0.017 (0.004)
Fe-V₂WC₂O₂	0.015 (0.007)
Ni-Sc₂VN₂O₂	0.009 (0.007)
Cu-V₂WC₂O₂	0.025 (0.013)
Cu-V₂MoC₂O₂	0.015 (0.017)
Fe-V₂MoC₂O₂	0.039 (0.019)

Table S16 The Bader charge transfer (e⁻/atom) from doped TM to adsorbed O atom for O* intermediate of efficient bifunctional catalysts. The negative and positive signs indicate the gain and loss of charge, respectively.

MXenes	O*	Doped-TM
Ni-Sc₂YN₂O₂	-0.509	1.08
Ni-Ti₂ScC₂O₂	-0.610	1.99
Ni-Y₂ScN₂O₂	-0.508	1.14
Ni-Cr₂ScC₂O₂	-0.445	1.17
Cu-Sc₂MoN₂O₂	-0.490	0.84

Table S17 Hydrogen adsorption energies ($E_{ad} = E_{Mx+H} - E_{Mx} - E_H$ in eV) for Ni-doped $M_2M'X_2O_2$ type MXene combinations. The considered sites are S1, S2, and S3.

MXenes	Ni-doped		
	S1	S2	S3
Sc₂CrC₂	0.24	0.18	-0.31
Sc₂HfC₂	-1.01	-0.96	-1.22
Ti₂ScC₂	-0.44	0.93	-0.65
V₂ScC₂	-0.41	0.64	-0.48
V₂MoC₂	-0.07	0.69	-0.26
V₂TaC₂	-0.38	2.65	-0.64
V₂WC₂	-0.04	0.22	-0.43
Cr₂ScC₂	-0.81	0.75	-0.65
Cr₂VC₂	-0.55	0.54	-0.68
Cr₂NbC₂	-0.88	0.29	-0.99
Cr₂MoC₂	-0.58	-	-0.62
Cr₂WC₂	-0.69	0.60	-0.76
Y₂NbC₂	-0.34	0.75	-0.73
Zr₂ScC₂	-0.43	-	-0.66
Hf₂ScC₂	-0.23	-	-0.58
Sc₂TiN₂	0.14	1.02	-0.15
Sc₂VN₂	-0.01	0.34	-0.37
Sc₂YN₂	-0.96	1.13	-1.61
Sc₂MoN₂	0.11	-	-0.02
Sc₂TaN₂	0.10	1.56	-0.22
Sc₂WN₂	0.56	-	0.54
V₂CrN₂	-0.20	0.25	-0.25
Cr₂VN₂	-0.33	0.45	-0.39
Cr₂NbN₂	-0.12	0.67	-0.43
Cr₂HfN₂	-0.29	0.06	-0.48
Y₂ScN₂	-0.77	-	-1.48
Mo₂TaN₂	-0.12	0.74	-0.27

“-” denotes the unstable intermediate.