Supporting Information

Humidity Enhanced Silicon-based Semiconductor Tribovoltaic

Direct-Current Nanogenerator

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Table S1. Default parameters of the experiment setup.

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Figure S1. The humidity control and electrical output measuring platform.

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Figure S6. Power density of the TVNG based on n-Si/C between RH 30% and RH 90% humidity. Related Reference [1-6] in Supplementary Materials.

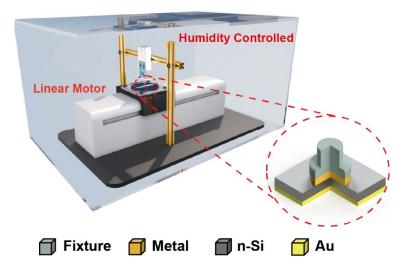


Figure S1. The humidity control and electrical output measuring platform.

Materials pair	Sliding velocity	Sliding block area	Pressure	Resistivity
Cu(C)/n-type doped silicon	10 cm/s	2 cm^2	5 N	0.1-0.5 Ω·cm

Table S2. Comparison of the charge density with that in the previous	
humidity-resistive TENGs ^[1-6]	

Materials	AC/DC	Charge density(mC/m ²)	Humidity (RH)	Internal Resistance (kΩ)	Ref.		
Wood+FEP	AC	0.01	75%	-	[1]		
FZCT+PTFE	AC	0.09	80%	1000	[2]		
PTFE+Fur	AC	0.1152	90%	18000	[3]		
PDMS+Cu	AC	0.175	90%	10000	[4]		
PVDF+PVA	AC	0.244	90%	-	[5]		
Cu+PVC/	DC	2.97	90%	-	[6]		
Cu+Si	DC	12.6	90%	50	This work		

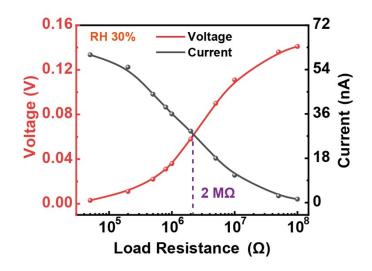
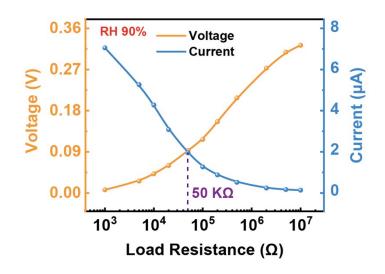


Figure S2. Impedance-matching curve of TVNG



based on n-Si/Cu in RH 30% humidity.

Figure S3. Impedance-matching curve of TVNG

based on n-Si/Cu in RH 90% humidity.

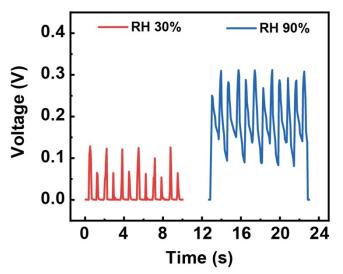


Figure S4. Open-circuit voltage of TVNG based on n-Si/C between RH 30% and RH 90% humidity.

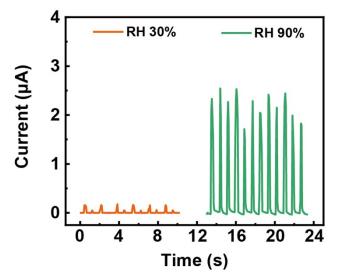


Figure S5. Short-circuit current of TVNG based on n-Si/C between RH 30% and RH 90% humidity.

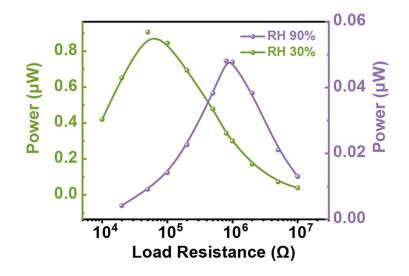


Figure S6. Power density of the TVNG based on n-Si/C between RH 30% and RH 90% humidity.

References

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