

Supporting Information

Nitrogen-doping to accelerate phase transition to ordered intermetallic Pt₃Co catalyst for oxygen reduction reaction in fuel cells

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Supporting Figures and Tables

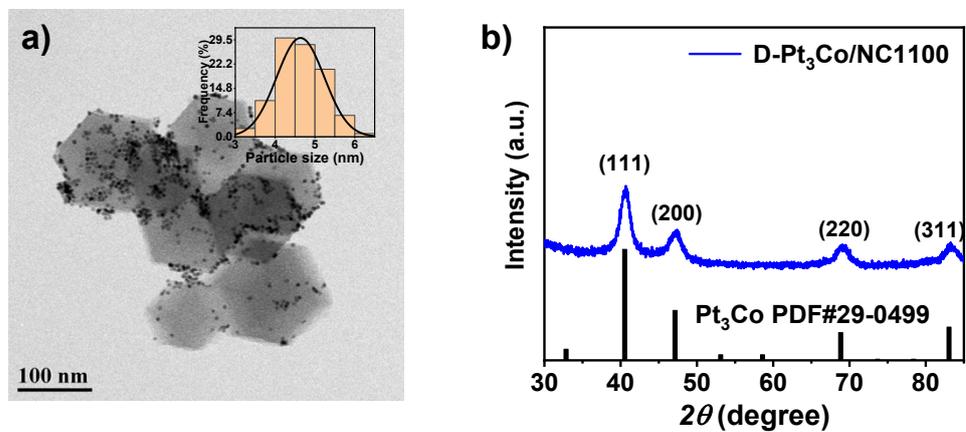


Fig. S1. (a) TEM image of D-Pt₃Co/NC1100, the inset shows the particle size statistics of more than 200 particles. (b) XRD pattern of D-Pt₃Co/NC1100.

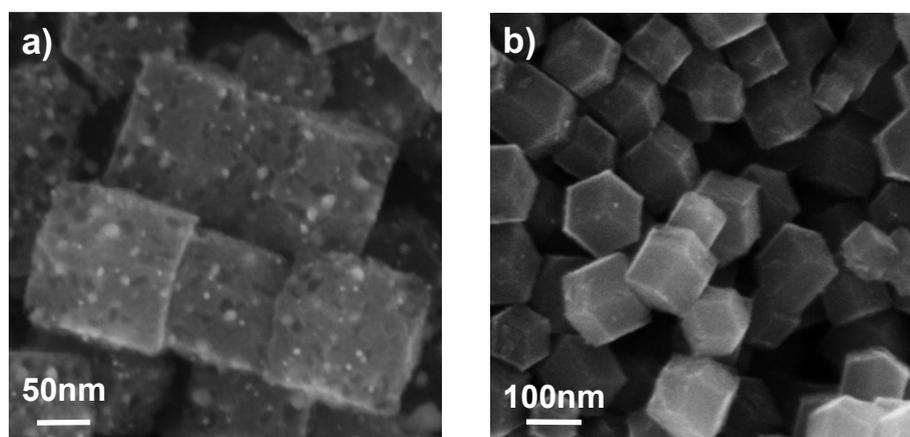


Fig. S2. (a) SEM images of O-Pt₃Co/NC1100 and (b) NC1100.

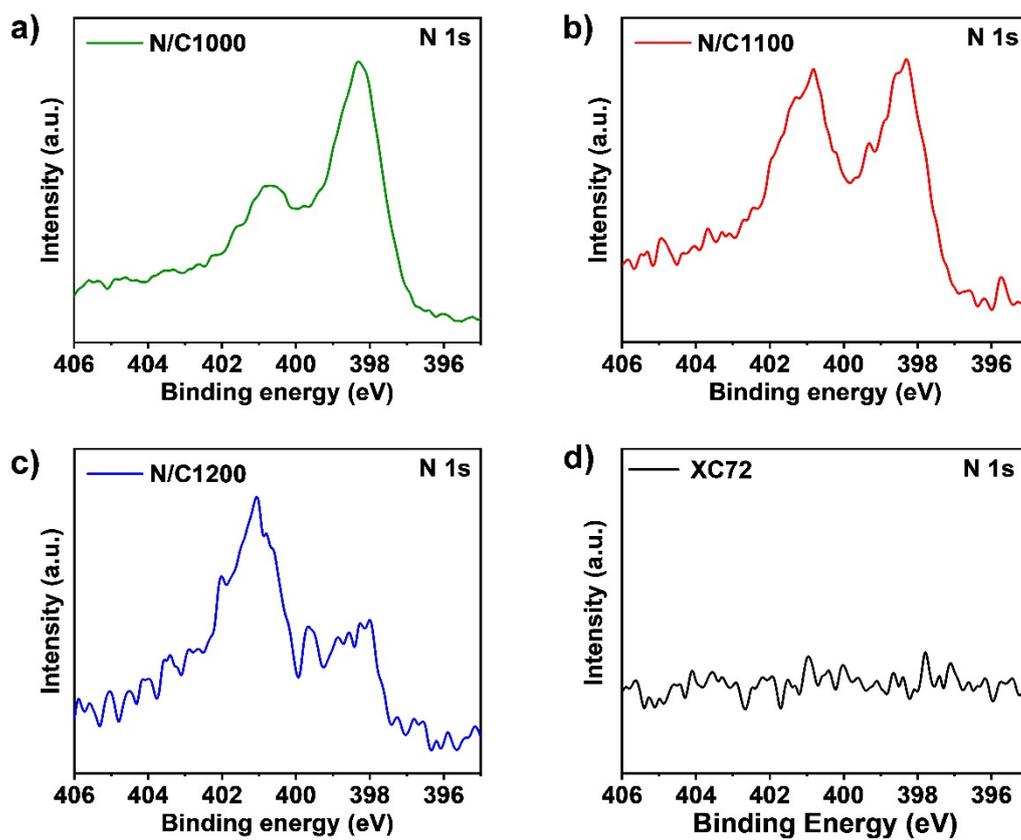


Fig. S3. High resolution N 1s XPS spectra of (a) NC1000, (b) NC1100, (c) NC1200, and (d) XC72.

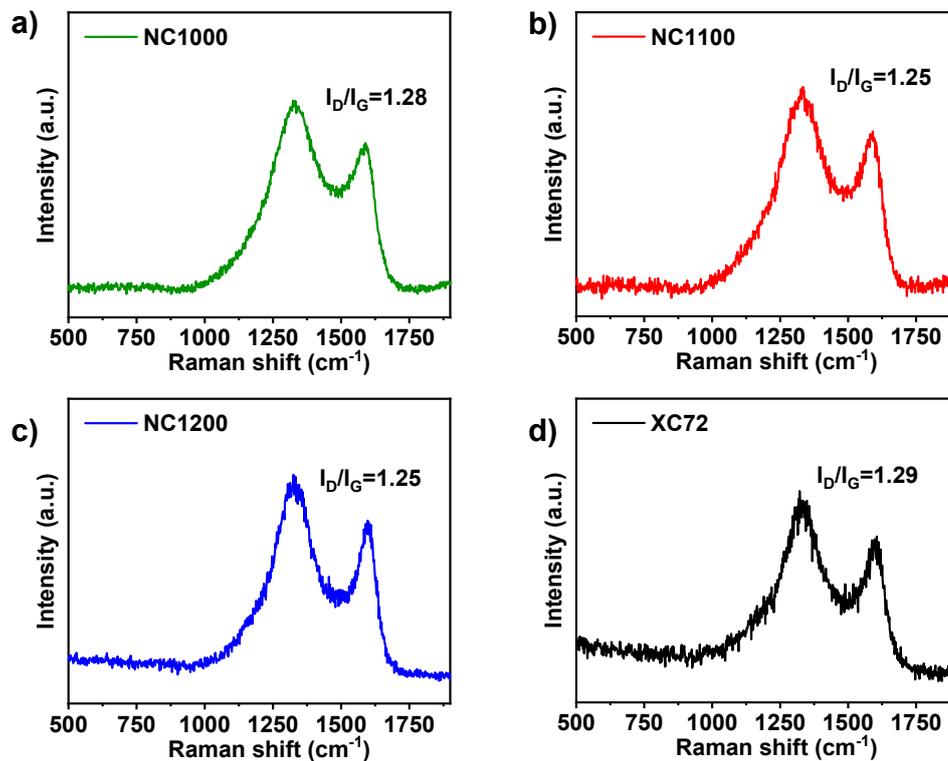


Fig. S4. Raman spectra of (a) NC1000, (b) NC1100, (c) NC1200 and (d) XC72. The value of I_D/I_G can represent the graphitization degree of carbon support, the I_D/I_G value of the four carbon supports was basically the same, indicating a similar graphitization degree.

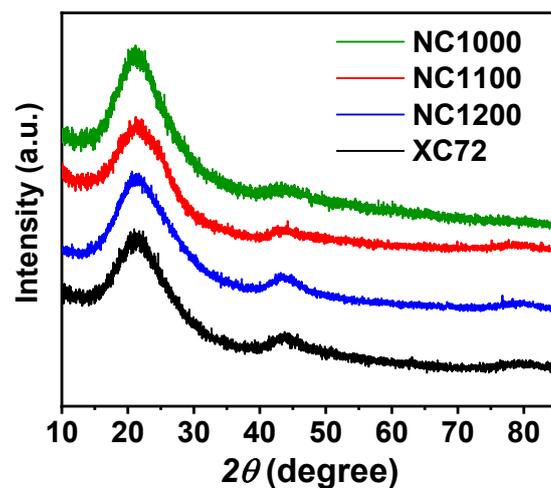


Fig. S5. XRD patterns of NC1000, NC1100, NC1200 and XC72.

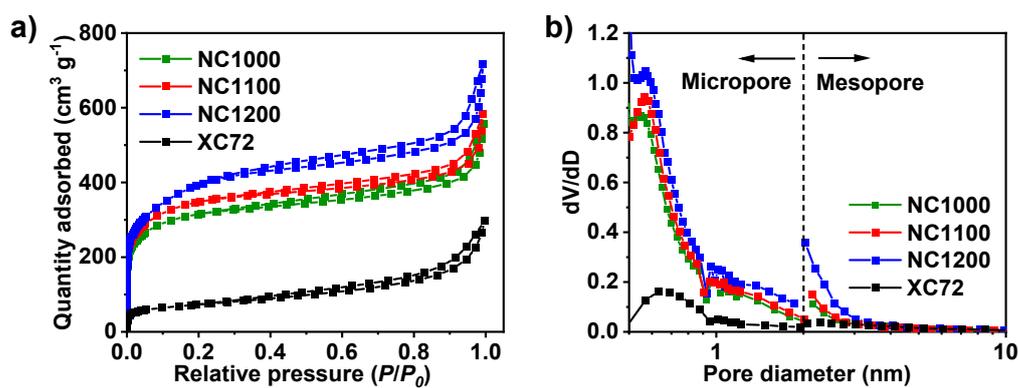


Fig. S6. (a) N_2 adsorption/desorption isotherms of NC1000, NC1100, NC1200 and XC72. (b) Pore size distribution curves calculated by BJH (mesopore) and HK method (Micropore).

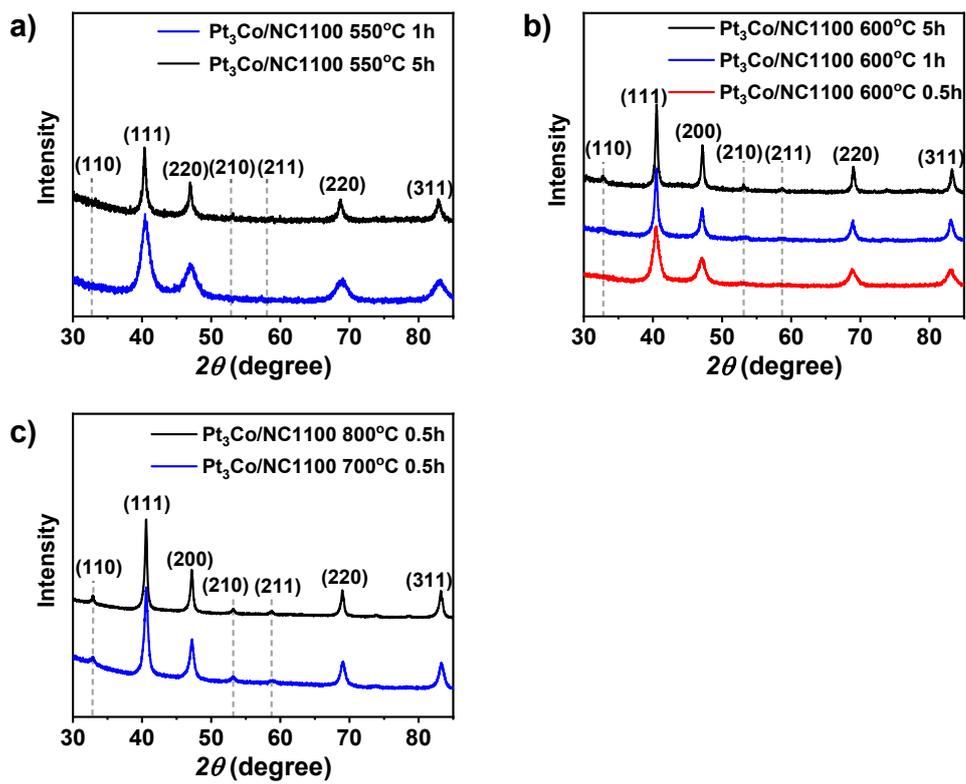


Fig. S7. XRD patterns of Pt₃Co/NC1100 annealed at (a) 550°C 1h, 5h. (b) 600°C 0.5h, 1h, 5h. (c) 700°C 0.5h, 800°C 0.5h.

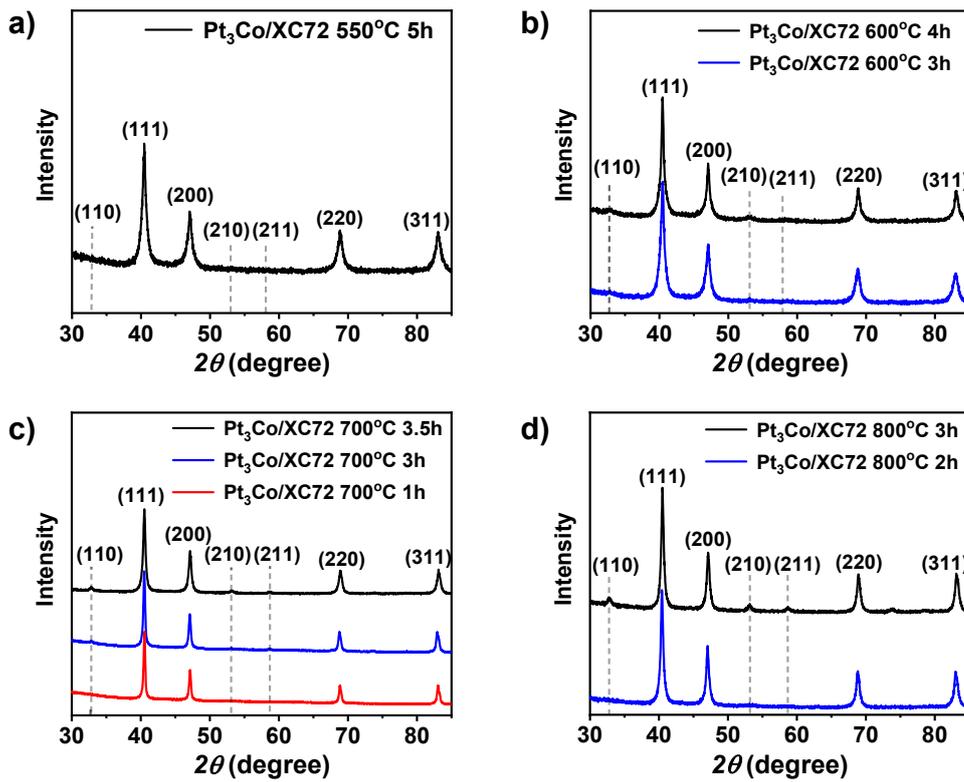


Fig. S8. XRD patterns of Pt₃Co/XC72 annealed at (a) 550°C 5h. (b) 600°C 3h, 4h. (c) 700°C, 1h, 3h, 3.5h. (d) 800°C, 2h, 3h.

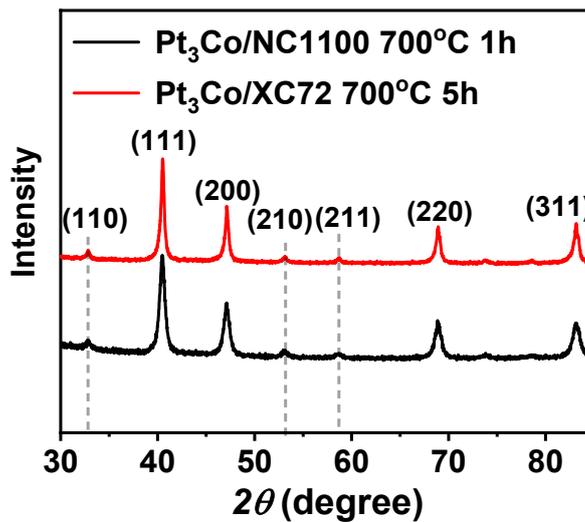


Fig. S9. XRD patterns of Pt₃Co/NC1100 annealed at 700 °C for 1 h, Pt₃Co/XC72 annealing at 700 °C for 5 h.

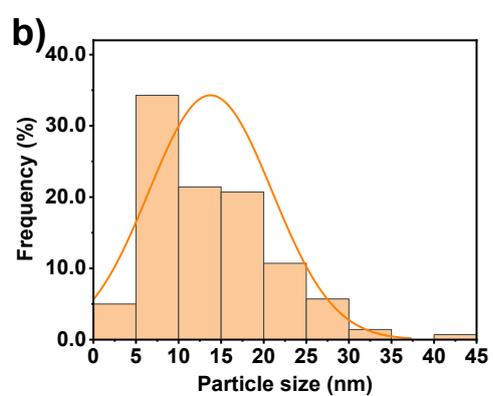
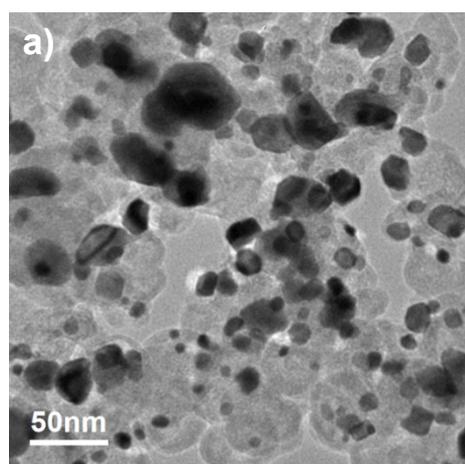


Fig. S10. (a) TEM image of O-Pt₃Co/XC72 annealed at 700°C for 5h. (b) Particle size histogram of more than 150 particles.

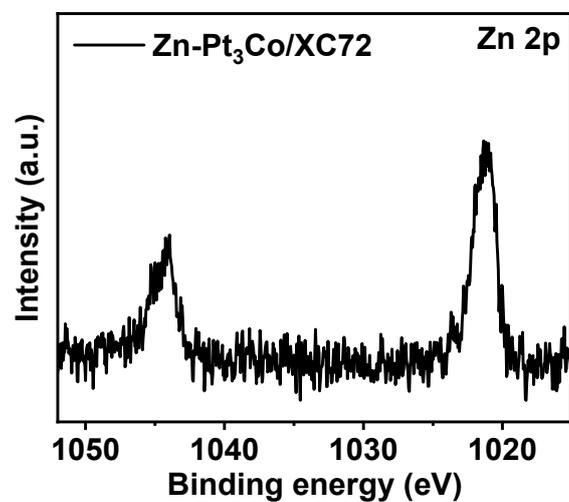


Fig. S11. High-resolution Zn 2p XPS of Zn-Pt₃Co/XC72.

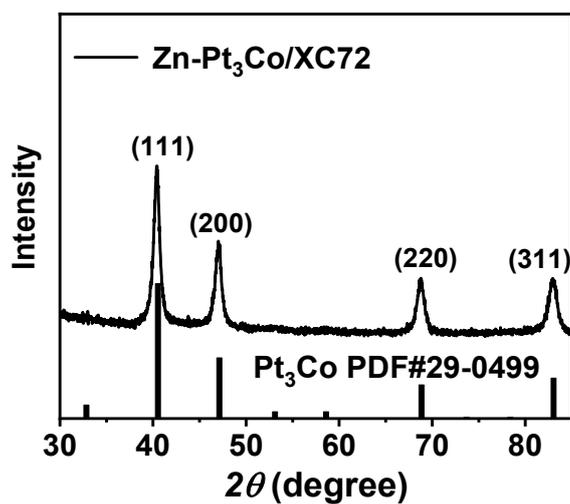


Fig. S12. XRD patterns of Zn-Pt₃Co/XC72 synthesized in the same way as O-Pt₃Co/NC1100 with only the change of the support and the addition of trace zinc chloride.

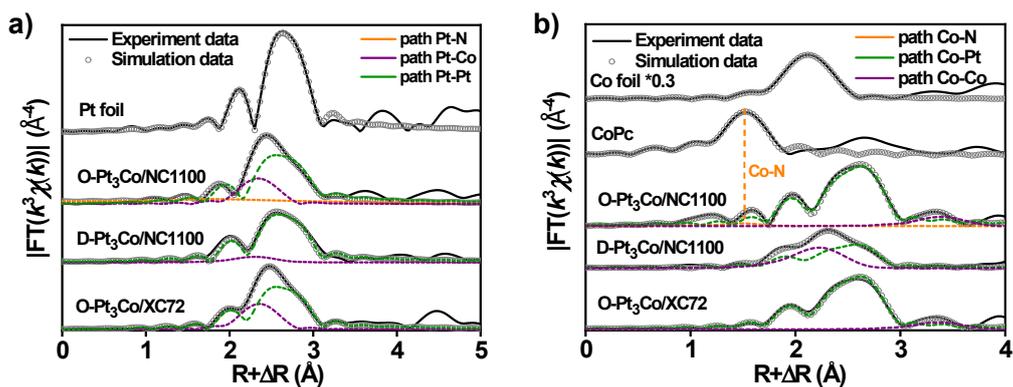


Fig. S13. (a) Pt EXAFS fitting in R space for D-Pt₃Co/NC1100, O-Pt₃Co/NC1100, O-Pt₃Co/XC72 and Pt foil. (b) Co EXAFS fitting in R space for D-Pt₃Co/NC1100, O-Pt₃Co/NC1100, O-Pt₃Co/XC72, CoPc and Co foil.

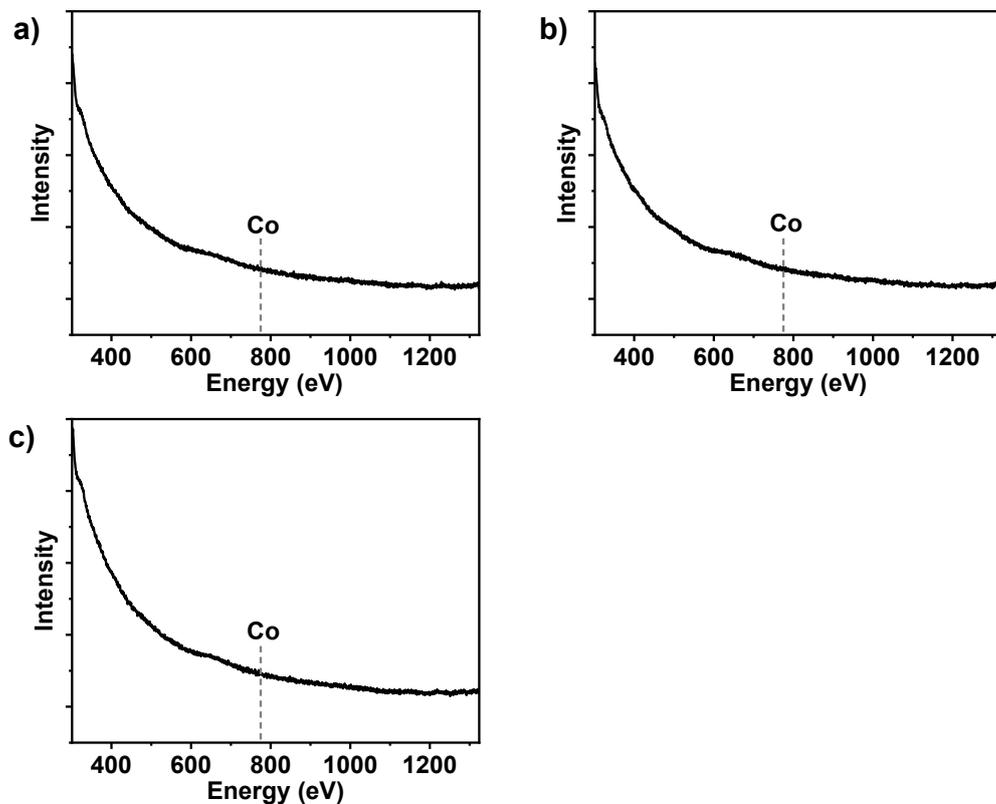


Fig. S14. EELS analysis of the Co elemental composition in three different regions free of alloy particles.

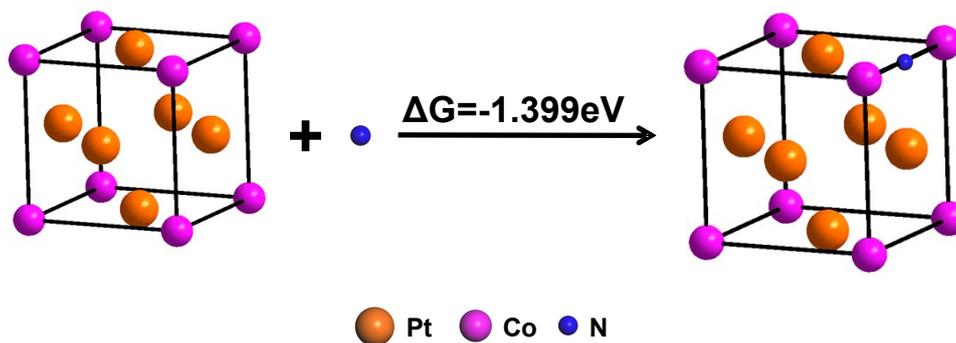


Fig. S15. Calculation of thermodynamic free energy variation after N doping at 25 °C and standard atmospheric pressure.

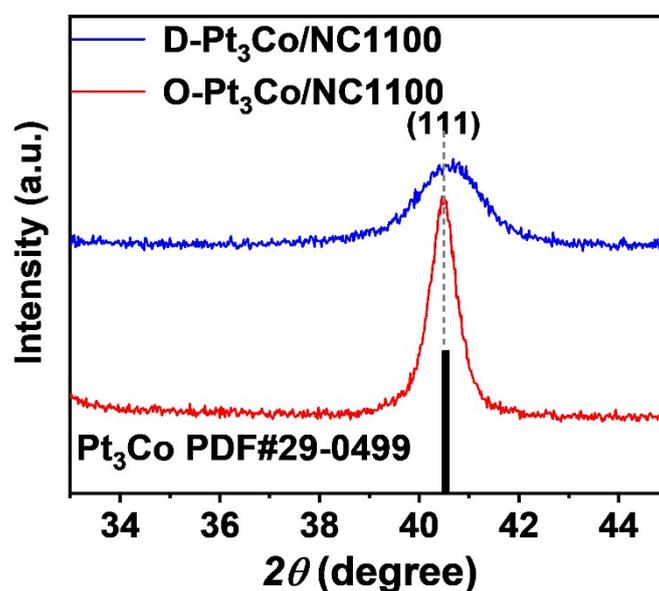


Fig. S16 Comparison of (111) XRD diffraction peak between O-Pt₃Co/NC1100 and D-Pt₃Co/NC1100. The slight negative shift (0.14°) in (111) diffraction peak of O-Pt₃Co/NC1100 indicates the lattice expansion, which may be induced by N doping into the lattice interstitial position of Pt₃Co.

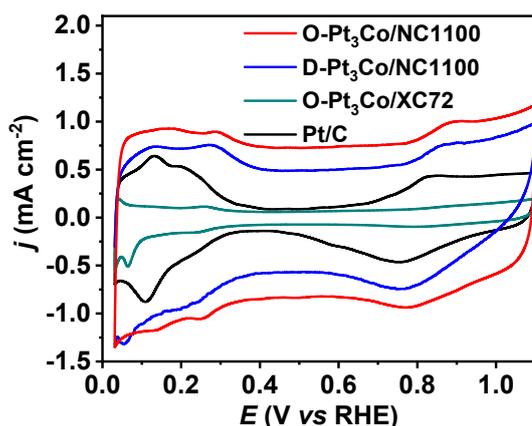


Fig. S17. Cyclic voltammograms of O-Pt₃Co/NC1100, D-Pt₃Co/NC1100, O-Pt₃Co/XC72, and commercial Pt/C in an Ar-saturated 0.1 M HClO₄ solution.

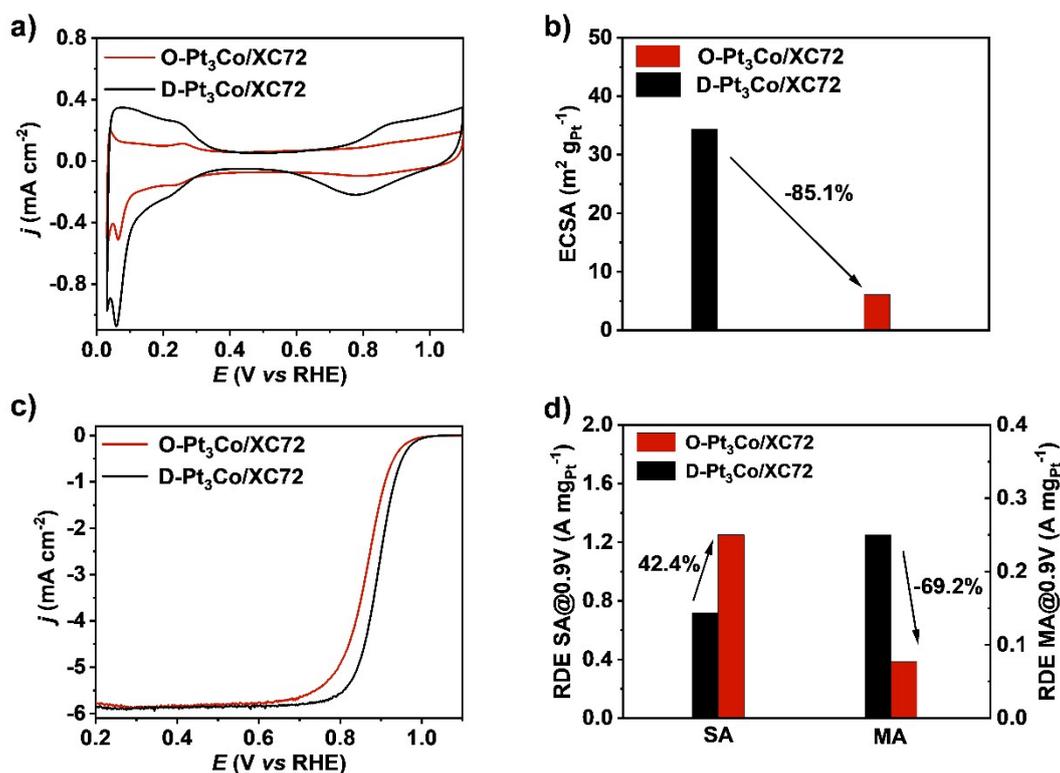


Fig. S18. (a) Cyclic voltammograms of O-Pt₃Co/XC72 and D-Pt₃Co/XC72 in Ar-saturated 0.1 M HClO₄ solution. (b) Comparison of ECSA between O-Pt₃Co/XC72 and D-Pt₃Co/XC72. (c) ORR polarization curves of O-Pt₃Co/XC72 and D-Pt₃Co/XC72 in O₂-saturated 0.1 M HClO₄ solution. (d) Specific activity and mass activity of O-Pt₃Co/XC72 and D-Pt₃Co/XC72 at 0.90 V vs. RHE.

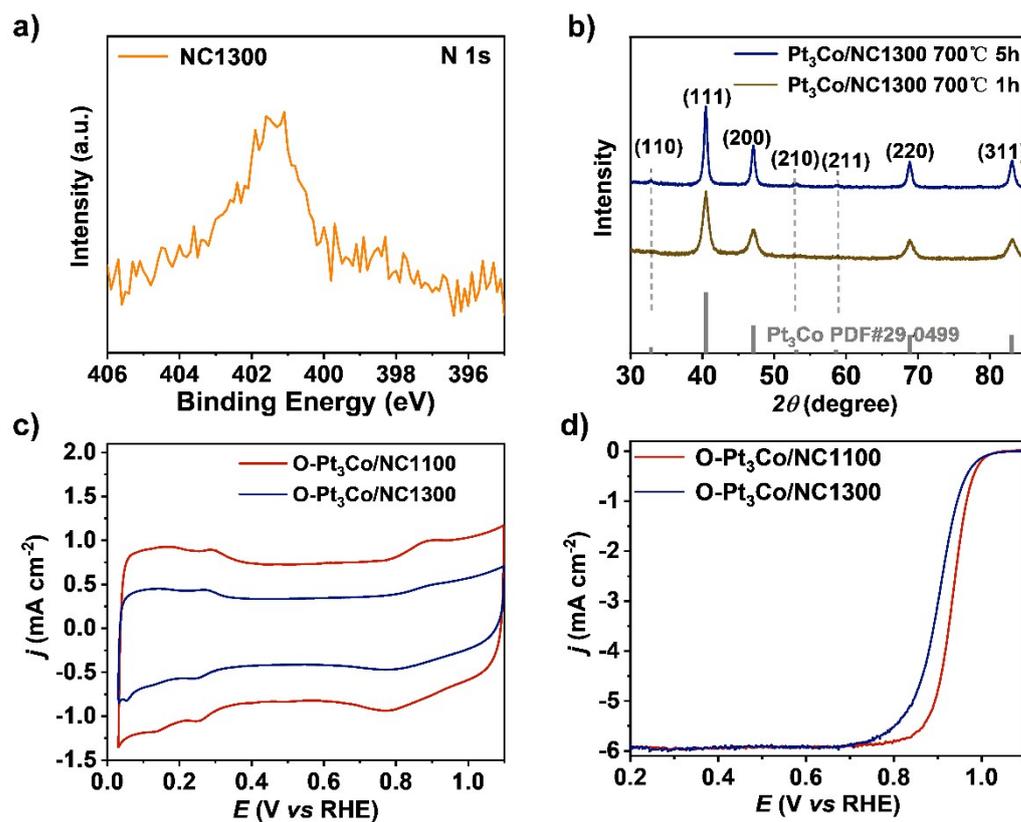


Fig. S19. (a) High resolution N 1s XPS of NC1300. (b) XRD patterns of Pt₃Co/NC1300 annealed at 700 °C for 1 and 5 h. (c) Cyclic voltammograms of O-Pt₃Co/NC1100 and O-Pt₃Co/NC1300 in Ar-saturated 0.1 M HClO₄ solution. (d) ORR polarization curves of O-Pt₃Co/NC1100 and O-Pt₃Co/NC1300 in O₂-saturated 0.1 M HClO₄ solution.

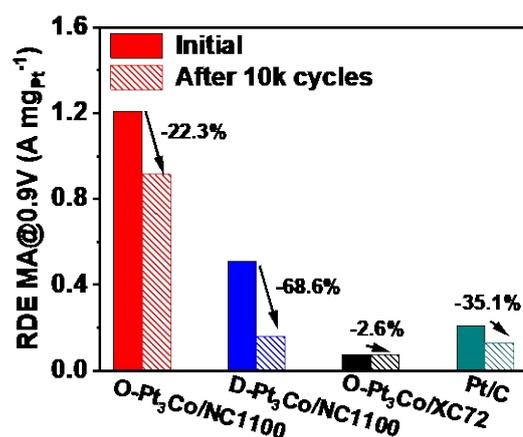


Fig. S20. Mass activity of O-Pt₃Co/NC1100, D-Pt₃Co/NC1100, O-Pt₃Co/XC72 and Pt/C at 0.9 V vs. RHE before and after ADT tests.

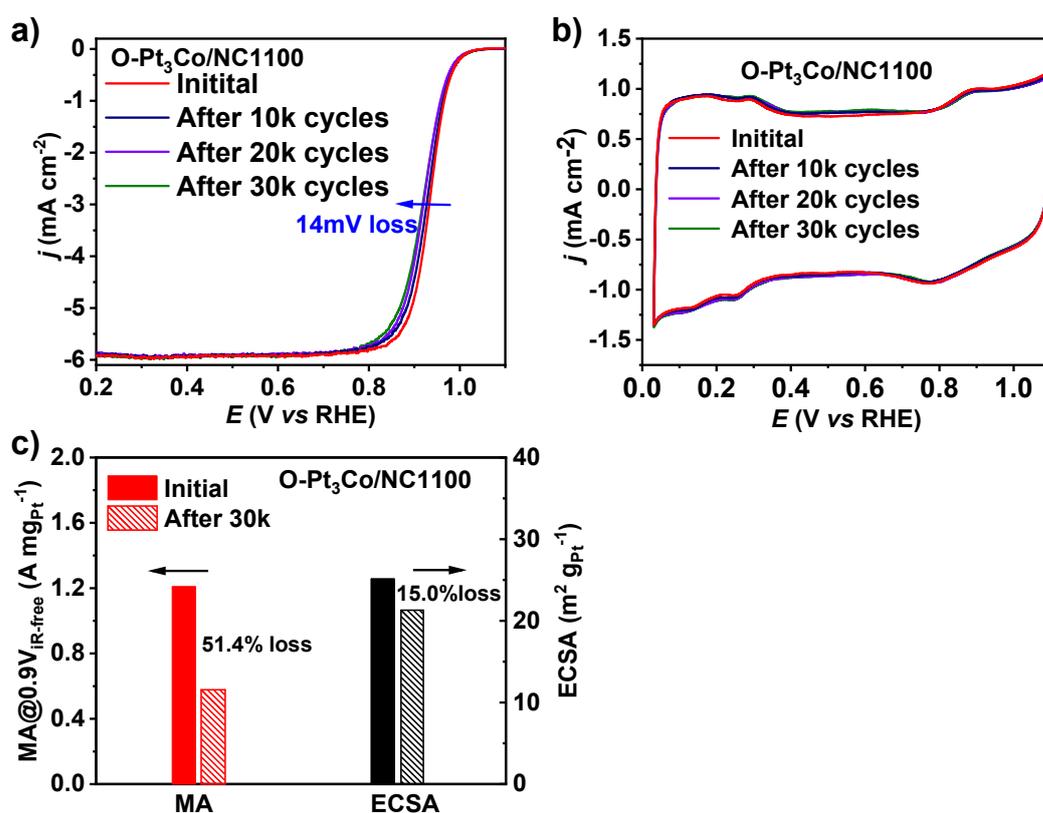


Fig. S21. (a) ORR polarization curves of O-Pt₃Co/NC1100 before and after ADT. (b) Cyclic voltammograms of O-Pt₃Co/NC1100 before and after ADT. (c) Mass activity and ECSA of O-Pt₃Co/NC1100 at 0.9 V vs. RHE before and after ADT.

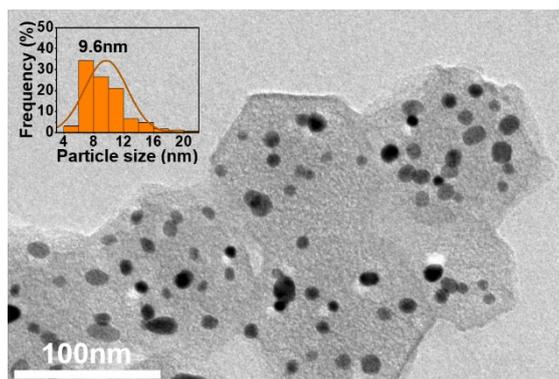


Fig. S22. TEM image of O-Pt₃Co/NC1100 after ADT on fuel cell. The inset shows the size histogram.

Table S1. Contents of N, Co, Pt element in NC1000, NC1100, NC1200, NC1300, XC72, O-Pt₃Co/NC1100, D-Pt₃Co/NC1100, O-Pt₃Co/XC72 and D-Pt₃Co/XC72 obtained by XPS analysis, and Pt (wt%) in O-Pt₃Co/NC1100, D-Pt₃Co/NC1100 and O-Pt₃Co/XC72 obtained by ICP-OES.

	N (at%)	Zn (at%)	Co (at%)	Pt (at%)	Pt (wt%)
N/C1000	9.86	1.99	\	\	\
N/C1100	4.64	0.74	\	\	\
N/C1200	2.52	0.22	\	\	\
N/C1300	1.42	0.10	\	\	\
XC72	\	\	\	\	\
O-Pt ₃ Co/NC1100	2.92	0.43	0.19	0.54	12.5
D-Pt ₃ Co/NC1100	3.16	0.37	0.65	3.43	12.0
O-Pt ₃ Co/XC72	\	\	0.34	0.87	15.1
D-Pt ₃ Co/XC72	\	\	0.47	1.73	--

Table S2. Comparison of intensity ratio of (110)/(111) peaks, phase structure, and grain sizes of different catalysts according to the XRD data.

Catalyst	Intensity ratio of (110)/(111) peaks	Phase ^a	Grain size (nm) ^b
Pt ₃ Co/NC1000 700°C 1h	0.097	Order	11.6
Pt ₃ Co/NC1100 550°C 1h	N/A	Disorder	6.0
Pt ₃ Co/NC1100 550°C 5h	N/A	Disorder	10.3
Pt ₃ Co/NC1100 600°C 0.5h	0.021	Disorder	6.8
Pt ₃ Co/NC1100 600°C 1h	0.062	Order	8.2
Pt ₃ Co/NC1100 600°C 5h	0.081	Order	12.9
Pt ₃ Co/NC1100 700°C 0.5h	0.085	Order	8.9
Pt ₃ Co/NC1100 700°C 1h	0.098	Order	8.8
Pt ₃ Co/NC1100 800°C 0.5h	0.092	Order	12.8
Pt ₃ Co/NC1200 700°C 1h	N/A	Disorder	11.2
Pt ₃ Co/NC1300 700°C 1h	N/A	Disorder	6.9
Pt ₃ Co/NC1300 700°C 5h	0.061	Order	10.0
Pt ₃ Co/XC72 550°C 5h	N/A	Disorder	8.8
Pt ₃ Co/XC72 600°C 3h	0.015	Disorder	9.4
Pt ₃ Co/XC72 600°C 4h	0.051	Order	10.9
Pt ₃ Co/XC72 700°C 1h	N/A	Disorder	11.9
Pt ₃ Co/XC72 700°C 3h	0.015	Disorder	12.0
Pt ₃ Co/XC72 700°C 3.5h	0.053	Order	12.1
Pt ₃ Co/XC72 700°C 5h	0.091	Order	12.5
Pt ₃ Co/XC72 800°C 2h	N/A	Disorder	11.3
Pt ₃ Co/XC72 800°C 3h	0.068	Order	11.5

a: The catalyst is considered as an ordered alloy if the intensity ratio of (110)/(111) is greater than 0.05, considering that the ratio on the standard card (Pt₃Co PDF#29-0499) is 0.10.

b: The average grain sizes of Pt₃Co nanoparticles were obtained by calculating the half-peak width of (111) XRD peak using Scherrer's formula.

Table S3. Analysis of Pt 4f XPS peak including peak position, half peak width and integral area.

Component	Position (eV)		FWHM (eV)		Area	
	$4f_{5/2}$	$4f_{7/2}$	$4f_{5/2}$	$4f_{7/2}$	$4f_{5/2}$	$4f_{7/2}$
D-Pt ₃ Co/XC72 Pt ⁰	71.5	74.9	0.95	1.12	26095.6	26119.2
D-Pt ₃ Co/XC72 Pt ²⁺	72.3	76.0	0.90	1.20	4589.3	3481.5
O-Pt ₃ Co/XC72 Pt ⁰	71.5	74.8	0.85	1.06	2099.7	2080.6
O-Pt ₃ Co/XC72 Pt ²⁺	72.2	76.0	0.95	1.01	306.9	171.6
D-Pt ₃ Co/NC1100 Pt ⁰	71.3	74.6	0.90	1.08	19269.4	18404.1
D-Pt ₃ Co/NC1100 Pt ²⁺	72.2	75.6	0.91	1.00	2474.6	2026.2
O-Pt ₃ Co/NC1100 Pt ⁰	71.3	74.5	0.78	1.00	5261.6	4922.3
O-Pt ₃ Co/NC1100 Pt ²⁺	72.1	75.5	0.71	1.00	537.4	495.3

The annealing condition is 700 °C, 1 hour for O-Pt₃Co/NC1100; 700 °C, 5 hour for O-Pt₃Co/XC72, D-Pt₃Co/NC1100 and D-Pt₃Co/XC72 are not annealed.

Table S4. Analysis of Co $2p_{3/2}$ XPS peak including peak position, half peak width and integral area

Component	Position (eV)	FWHM (eV)	Area
D-Pt ₃ Co/XC72 Co ⁰	778.6	1.81	4619.6
D-Pt ₃ Co/XC72 Co ²⁺	781.5	2.20	2900.1
O-Pt ₃ Co/XC72 Co ⁰	778.4	2.51	589.9
O-Pt ₃ Co/XC72 Co ²⁺	781.1	2.60	420.2
D-Pt ₃ Co/NC1100 Co ⁰	778.3	2.02	764.9
D-Pt ₃ Co/NC1100 Co ²⁺	781.2	2.03	497.9
O-Pt ₃ Co/NC1100 Co ⁰	778.2	3.01	1048.0
O-Pt ₃ Co/NC1100 Co ²⁺	780.4	2.90	1537.9

Table S5. EXAFS fitting parameters at the Pt L₃-edge for various samples ($S_0^2=0.829$)

	Shell	N^a	$R(\text{\AA})^b$	$\sigma^2(\text{\AA}^2)^c$	$E_0(\text{eV})^d$	R factor
Pt foil	Pt-Pt	12	2.76	0.0046	8.7	0.0016
O-Pt ₃ Co/NC1100	Pt-N	0.1	2.12	0.0109		
	Pt-Co	3.0	2.69	0.0069	6.6	0.0017
	Pt-Pt	8.6	2.71	0.0065		
O-Pt ₃ Co/XC72	Pt-Co	2.7	2.69	0.0072		
	Pt-Pt	8.2	2.73	0.0063	7.7	0.0002
D-Pt ₃ Co/NC1100	Pt-Co	1.3	2.65	0.0121		
	Pt-Pt	9.1	2.74	0.0055	6.9	0.0066

^a N : coordination numbers; ^b R : bond distance; ^c σ^2 : Debye-Waller factors; ^d ΔE_0 : the inner potential correction. R factor: goodness of fit. S_0^2 was set to 0.829, according to the experimental EXAFS fit of Pt foil reference by fixing CN as the known crystallographic value.

Table S6. EXAFS fitting parameters at the Co K-edge for various samples ($S_0^2=0.749$)

	Shell	N^a	$R(\text{\AA})^b$	$\sigma^2(\text{\AA}^2)^c$	$E_0(\text{eV})^d$	R factor
Co foil	Co-Co	12	2.50	0.0063	-6.0	0.0010
CoPc	Co-N	4.0	1.95	0.0015	4.2	0.0078
	Co-N	0.3	1.95	0.0018		
O-Pt ₃ Co/NC1100	Co-Co	10.6	2.70	0.0066	-3.7	0.0063
	Co-Pt	3.0	3.80	0.0088		
O-Pt ₃ Co/XC72	Co-Co	8.7	2.69	0.0050	-5.0	0.0077
	Co-Pt	2.7	3.79	0.0098		
D-Pt ₃ Co/NC1100	Co-Co	5.3	2.65	0.0079	-5.2	0.0008
	Co-Pt	4.3	2.62	0.0131		

^a N : coordination numbers; ^b R : bond distance; ^c σ^2 : Debye-Waller factors; ^d ΔE_0 : the inner potential correction. R factor: goodness of fit. S_0^2 was set to 0.749, according to the experimental EXAFS fit of Co foil reference by fixing CN as the known crystallographic value.

Table S7. H₂-air PEMFC performance and mass activity comparison with advanced Pt-based catalyst in recent five years.

Catalyst	Pt loading (mg _{Pt} cm ⁻²)	Outlet Pressure (kPa)	Flow Rate (sccm)	Active Area (cm ²)	Power Density@0.6V (W cm ⁻²)	MA@0.9V (A mg _{Pt} ⁻¹)	Ref.
O-Pt ₃ Co/NC1100	0.05/0.1	150	600/2600	12.96	1.27	1.19	This work
Co doped Pt	0.025/0.2	250	300/800	6.25	~1.02	--	1
L1 ₀ -W-PtCo/C	0.1/0.11	150	200/500	--	~0.6	0.57	2
LP@PF-2	0.35/0.035	150	200/780	5	0.78	1.77	3
L1 ₀ -PtZn-C	0.1/0.104	150	500/1000	--	0.81	0.52	4
PtCo i-NPs	0.02/0.02	250	500/2000	5	1.08	1.52	5
Pt ₃ Co/FeN ₄ -C	~0.1/~0.1	150	500/1000	5	~0.92	0.72	6
P _{NS} -Pt/C	0.05/0.15	150	stoi. 2/2	25	~1.06	--	7
oh-PtNi(Mo)/C	0.1/0.1	100	stoi. 1.5/2	50	~0.82	--	8

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