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Supplementary Material

Dual-phased Mo₂C/Mo₃N₂/C nanosheets for efficient

electrocatalytic hydrogen evolution

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Supporting discussion

Based on the linear fitting of Figure 4d and Figure 5c, we can obtain its specific capacitance as follows:

(Where C_{dl} is the fitting slope, m is the catalyst loading mass. we can calculate its ECSA by assuming a standard value of 40 μ F/cm²).

Under 1M KOH condition:

 $ECSA_{(Carbon)} = \frac{Cdl}{m} \times \frac{1}{40 \ \mu F \ cm^{-2}} = \frac{6.67 \ mF \ cm^{-2}}{1.42 \ mg \ cm^{-2}} \times \frac{1}{0.04 \ mF \ cm^{-2}} \approx 117.43 \ cm^{2}$ mg^{-1}

$$ECSA_{(Mo2C/C)} = \frac{Cdl}{m} \times \frac{1}{40 \ \mu F \ cm^{-2}} = \frac{50.44 \ mF \ cm^{-2}}{1.42 \ mg \ cm^{-2}} \times \frac{1}{0.04 \ mF \ cm^{-2}} \approx 888.03 \ cm^{2} \ mg^{-1}$$

$$ECSA_{(Mo3N2/C)} = \frac{Cdl}{m} \times \frac{1}{40 \ \mu F \ cm^{-2}} = \frac{20.31 \ mF \ cm^{-2}}{1.42 \ mg \ cm^{-2}} \times \frac{1}{0.04 \ mF \ cm^{-2}} \approx 357.57 \ cm^{2}$$

$$mg^{-1}$$

$$ECSA_{(Mo2C/Mo3N2/C)} = \frac{Cdl}{m} \times \frac{1}{40 \ \mu F \ cm^{-2}} = \frac{94.92 \ mF \ cm^{-2}}{1.42 \ mg \ cm^{-2}} \times \frac{1}{0.04 \ mF \ cm^{-2}} \approx 1671.13 \ cm^{2}/mg$$

Under $0.5M H_2SO_4$ condition:

 $ECSA_{(Carbon)} = \frac{Cdl}{m} \times \frac{1}{40 \ \mu F \ cm^{-2}} = \frac{4.76 \ mF \ cm^{-2}}{1.42 \ mg \ cm^{-2}} \times \frac{1}{0.04 \ mF \ cm^{-2}} \approx 83.80 \ cm^2 \ mg^{-1}$ $ECSA_{(Mo2C/C)} = \frac{Cdl}{m} \times \frac{1}{40 \ \mu F \ cm^{-2}} = \frac{29.38 \ mF \ cm^{-2}}{1.42 \ mg \ cm^{-2}} \times \frac{1}{0.04 \ mF \ cm^{-2}} \approx 517.25 \ cm^2 \ mg^{-1}$

 $ECSA_{(Mo3N2/C)} = \frac{Cdl}{m} \times \frac{1}{40 \ \mu F \ cm^{-2}} = \frac{14.39 \ mF \ cm^{-2}}{1.42 \ mg \ cm^{-2}} \times \frac{1}{0.04 \ mF \ cm^{-2}} \approx 253.35 \ cm^{2} \ mg^{-1}$

 $ECSA_{(Mo2C/Mo3N2/C)} = \frac{Cdl}{m \times 40 \ \mu F \ cm^{-2}} = \frac{76.35 \ mF \ cm^{-2}}{1.42 \ mg \ cm^{-2}} \times \frac{1}{0.04 \ mF \ cm^{-2}} \approx 1344.19$ cm²/mg The TOF value is obtained by following equation:

$$TOF = \frac{J \times A}{N \times F \times n}$$
(1)

(Where J is the measured current density, A is geometric area of the electrode, N is the number of electrons required for reaction, F is Faraday constant and n is the number of active sites)^[1].

DFT Calculations

All the density functional theory (DFT) calculations were carried out using Vienna Abinitio Simulation Package (VASP)^[2], employing the Projected Augmented Wave (PAW) method^[3]. As has been proved effective, the revised Perdew-Burke-Ernzerhof (RPBE) functional was used to treat the exchange and correlation effects. The surface of Mo₂C/Mo₃N₂ with ~15 Å vacuum was simulated to represent the catalytic interface. The K points meshing for Brillioun zone was set up as a $3\times3\times1$ grid centered at the gamma point regarding Monkhorst Pack Scheme for geometric optimization of the slab surfaces. All atoms are fully relaxed, the total energy change is less than 10^{-5} eV, the force on each ion is less than 0.02eV/Å. A cutoff energy of 450 eV is set and the forces were converged to 0.02 eV/Å for all calculations. Adsorption energy was calculated by subtracting the energies of gas phase species and clean surface from the total energy of the absorbed system:

$$\Delta GH^* = \Delta EH + \Delta EZPE - T\Delta SH$$
(2)

where ΔEH is the binding energy of hydrogen atom, $\Delta EZPE$ is the difference in zeropoint energy between the adsorbed hydrogen and the gaseous hydrogen gas, and $T\Delta SH$ is the entropy difference for the two states. We have calculated a 0.30 eV value in this work to stand for the contribution of zero-point energy and entropy. And a more negative indicates a more stable adsorption.



Figure S1. Molecular structure of methyl violet



Figure S2. HRTEM image of $Mo_2C/Mo_3N_2/C$



Figure S3. HRTEM image of Mo₂C/Mo₃N₂/C



Figure S4. (a, b) SAED pattern of Mo₂C/Mo₃N₂/C



Figure S5. HAADF-STEM micrograph of Mo₂C/Mo₃N₂/C.



Figure S6. (a) TEM image of $Mo_2C/Mo_3N_2/C$. (b) HRTEM image of $Mo_2C/Mo_3N_2/C$



Figure S7. (a) Experimental device, (b) the experimental data of the Faradaic efficiency at 100 mA/cm² in 1 M KOH of Mo₂C/Mo₃N₂/C

The Faradaic efficiency (FE) was obtained according to Figure S7 (b):

$$FE = \frac{\frac{V(H2)}{Vm}}{\frac{I \times t}{2 \times F}} \times 100\% = \frac{\frac{6 \times 10^{-3} L}{22.4 L/mol}}{\frac{7 \times 10^{-3} A \times 7385 s}{2 \times 96485 C/mol}} \times 100\% \approx 100\%$$



Figure S8. Typical cyclic voltammograms of (a) Carbon, (b) Mo_2C/C , (c) Mo_3N_2/C , and (d) $Mo_2C/Mo_3N_2/C$ with scan rates ranging from 20 mV/s to 100 mV/s under 1 M KOH conditions. Typical cyclic voltammograms of (e) Carbon, (f) Mo_2C/C , (g) Mo_3N_2/C and (h) $Mo_2C/Mo_3N_2/C$ with scan rates ranging from 20 mV/s to 100 mV/s under 0.5 M H₂SO₄ conditions.



Figure S9. (a) The LSV curves of Mo₂C/Mo₃N₂/C before and after 3000 CV cycles and (b) Chronoamperometry curve of Mo₂C/Mo₃N₂/C under 1 M KOH; (c) The LSV curves of Mo₂C/Mo₃N₂/C before and after 3000 CV cycles and (d) Chronoamperometry curve of Mo₂C/Mo₃N₂/C under 0.5 M H₂SO₄.



Figure S10. (a) XRD patterns of $Mo_2C/Mo_3N_2/C$ with different ratio of Mo_2C and Mo_3N_2 . b, c) Polarization curves and d, e) corresponding Tafel slopes of $0.3Mo_2C/1Mo_3N_2/C$, $0.6Mo_2C/1Mo_3N_2/C$, $1Mo_2C/1Mo_3N_2/C$ and $Mo_2C/C+Mo_3N_2/C$ (1:1).



Figure S11. SEM image of $0.3Mo_2C/1Mo_3N_2/C$ (a), $0.6Mo_2C/1Mo_3N_2/C$ (b)



Figure S12. Sites for H_{ads} adsorption on the surface of Mo_2C (a) and $Mo_3N_2\left(b\right)$



Figure S13. Relative energy profiles (TS-Transition State) of Mo₂C/Mo₃N₂, Mo₂C

and Mo_3N_2

Cotalysts	Support	Loading	Electrolyte	Overpotential	Tafel Slope	C _{dl}	Daf
	Support	(mg/cm ²)	Electrolyte	(mV)	(mV/dec)	(mF/cm ²)	Kci.
Hierarchical β -Mo ₂ C	Glassy carbon	0.75	0.1M KOH	112	55	_	[5]
nanotubes							
h-Mo ₂ C/MoO ₂	Glassy carbon	0.57	1М КОН	94.7	56.6	139	[6]
Ni/Mo ₂ C-PC	PC Glassy carbon		1M KOH	179	145	11.2	[7]
0.2rGo-MoS ₂	Glassy carbon	0.097	1M KOH	314	80	14.67	[8]
Mo ₃ N ₂ @NC	Glassy carbon	0.5	1M KOH	85	48.9	60.2	[9]
β-Mo ₂ C@NPCC	Glassy carbon	0.1	1М КОН	132	49	50	[10]
N,P-Mo _x C NF	Glassy carbon	0.265	1М КОН	135	57.1	51.4	[11]
$Co_{0.60}Mo_{0.40}S_x$	_{.40} S _x Glassy carbon		1M NaOH	167	87	_	[12]
Ni/Mo ₂ C-NCNFs	2C-NCNFs Glassy carbon		1М КОН	143	57.8	29.41	[13]
MoC-Mo ₂ C-31.4 HNWs	Glassy carbon	0.14	1M KOH	120	42	_	[14]
Fe-doped Co-Mo-S/NF	Ni foam	4	1М КОН	105	50.3	_	[15]
Mo ₂ C/C	Mo ₂ C/C Glassy carbon		1М КОН	142	115.4	50.44	This work
Mo ₃ N ₂ /C	Glassy carbon	1.42	1М КОН	187	145.6	20.31	This work
Dual-phased Mo ₂ C/Mo ₃ N ₂ /C	Glassy carbon	1.42	1М КОН	76	52.6	94.92	This work

$M H_2 SO_4$ conditions						
	1 M KOH	0.5 M H ₂ SO ₄				
electrocatalyst	(cm^2/mg)	(cm ² /mg)				
Carbon	117.43	83.80				
Mo ₂ C/C	888.03	517.25				
Mo ₃ N ₂ /C	357.57	253.35				
Mo ₂ C/Mo ₃ N ₂ /C	1671.13	1344.19				

Table S2. Comparison of ECSA of HER electrocatalysts under 1 M KOH or and 0.5

Table S3. Comparison of the HER performance for $Mo_2C/Mo_3N_2/C$ catalyst with Mo-
based electrocatalysts of 10 mA/cm² in acidic condition.

	6	LoadingOverpotentiSupportElectrolyte(mg/cm²)(10mA/cm²)		Overpotential	Tafel Slope	C _{dl}	D.C.
Catalysts	Support			(10mA/cm ²)	(mV/dec)	(mF/cm ²)	Ket.
	C1 1	0.212	0.514.11.50	210	64		[1/]
N,P(S)-M0 ₂ C/C	Glassy carbon	0.213	$0.5M H_2 SO_4$	(223)	(44)	_	[16]
Mo ₂ C@C	Glassy carbon	_	0.5M H ₂ SO ₄	170	58	20.2	[17]
MoC-Mo ₂ C-790	Ni foam	—	0.5M H ₂ SO ₄	114	62	—	[18]
0.2rGo-MoS ₂	Glassy carbon	0.097	0.5M H ₂ SO ₄	146	51	14.67	[8]
Mo ₃ N ₂ @NC	Glassy carbon	0.5	0.5M H ₂ SO ₄	129	86.7	62.4	[9]
Mo ₂ C-WC/NCAs	Glassy carbon	1.07	0.5M H ₂ SO ₄	126	72	101	[19]
N,P-Mo _x C NF	Glassy carbon	0.265	0.5M H ₂ SO ₄	107	65.1	38.3	[11]
Mo ₂ C/NCF	Glassy carbon	0.28	0.5M H ₂ SO ₄	144	55	28.7	[20]
Ni/Mo ₂ C-NCNFs	Glassy carbon	1.4	0.5M H ₂ SO ₄	195	77.8	—	[13]
MoC-Mo ₂ C-31.4 HNWs	Glassy carbon	0.14	0.5M H ₂ SO ₄	126	43	6.68	[14]
FeN _{0.023} /Mo ₂ C/C	Glassy carbon	0.25	$0.5M H_2SO_4$	76	65.2	5.32	[21]
Mo ₂ C/C	Glassy carbon	1.42	0.5M H ₂ SO ₄	164	102.2	29.38	This work
Mo ₃ N ₂ /C	Glassy carbon	1.42	0.5M H ₂ SO ₄	249	124.2	14.39	This work
Dual-phased Mo ₂ C/Mo ₃ N ₂ /C	Glassy carbon	1.42	0.5M H ₂ SO ₄	121	59.4	76.36	This work

Table S4. Comparison of the lattice parameters of Mo_2C/Mo_3N_2 before and after

The lattice parameters before optimization								
a	b	b c alph		beta	gamma			
10.17720	9.63150 20.44738 81.29		81.2960	90.00000	90.0000			
The lattice parameters after optimization								
a	b	с	alpha	beta	gamma			
10.17720	9.63150	20.44738	81.2960	90.0000	90.0000			

structural optimization

	Atomic coordinates before optimization			Atomic coordinates after optimization			
site	X	Y	Z	х	Y	Z	
Mo1	1.83660053	7.411181947	1.779276731	1.83660053	7.411181947	1.779276731	
Mo2	1.000090945	3.813931133	1.047299804	1.000090945	3.813931133	1.047299804	
Mo3	2.387369574	6.789950573	4.141389802	2.387369574	6.789950573	4.141389802	
Mo4	3.40261064	9.81192425	3.426547192	3.40261064	9.81192425	3.426547192	
Mo5	1.000090945	9.649132685	4.082249369	1.000090945	9.649132685	4.082249369	
Mo6	1.83660053	3.123135497	3.350272593	1.83660053	3.123135497	3.350272593	
Mo7	3.40261064	4.417228707	1.703002282	3.40261064	4.417228707	1.703002282	
Mo8	2.387369574	0.915017641	0.988159597	2.387369574	0.915017641	0.988159597	
Mo9	0.950591699	8.103180924	6.261444896	0.935295006	8.089854226	6.254346671	
Mo10	0.804364799	5.160955968	5.818057602	0.798505644	5.158648716	5.81583007	
Mo11	2.800002812	7.558313627	8.296101425	2.797020422	7.586745262	8.289173066	
Mo12	3.110006401	9.813495452	6.871402553	3.125875277	9.82169344	6.807156506	
Mo13	0.922966903	10.03551522	8.126766827	0.932148528	9.874271468	8.124778433	
Mo14	2.084598729	4.218440141	7.825484991	2.10326862	4.118570113	7.74421501	
Mo15	3.55945895	5.54540026	6.298566012	3.557960627	5.5465968	6.297357676	
Mo16	2.8412995	2.78139994	5.862607037	2.837187605	2.779481156	5.856874967	
Mo17	8.358587698	1.201790883	7.290471318	8.358715693	1.193704116	7.297276796	
Mo18	6.20495496	10.30183525	4.85785457	6.192772444	10.29985061	4.859035499	
Mo19	6.413431106	2.173053728	1.56583724	6.413431106	2.173053728	1.56583724	
Mo20	8.7983976	1.395939365	4.703752183	8.797366973	1.394335306	4.701671928	
Mo21	6.413431106	4.580928789	1.56583724	6.413431106	4.580928789	1.56583724	
Mo22	9.673490892	3.677558875	3.947229486	9.673490892	3.677558875	3.947229486	
Mo23	5.146205513	7.470653536	7.127294057	5.145554016	7.464363075	7.126021268	
Mo24	8.659464863	3.72033312	1.79659522	8.659464863	3.72033312	1.79659522	

Table S5. Comparison of atomic coordinates of Mo_2C/Mo_3N_2 before and after

structural optimization

Mo25	7.651637159	8.453349553	6.540591762	7.651510377	8.456724072	6.541229663
Mo26	6.413431106	9.396678911	1.56583724	6.413431106	9.396678911	1.56583724
Mo27	8.791390667	8.391709576	4.278345071	8.791390667	8.391709576	4.278345071
Mo28	5.451398697	2.005607244	6.697177384	5.455126305	2.009462967	6.696728625
Mo29	8.659464863	8.536083529	1.79659522	8.659464863	8.536083529	1.79659522
Mo30	7.914469664	3.425710964	6.160791531	7.915615547	3.422036272	6.153100583
Mo31	7.357905841	6.127618381	7.120654229	7.361409611	6.124480512	7.121292129
Mo32	5.889067877	5.350765513	4.994741171	5.889501602	5.352552167	4.993556928
Mo33	6.413431106	6.98880385	1.56583724	6.413431106	6.98880385	1.56583724
Mo34	8.507290471	5.915219936	4.718530213	8.508520066	5.913677635	4.709505938
C1	2.685191555	7.896579701	0.282436568	2.685191555	7.896579701	0.282436568
C2	1.863832091	5.253289161	2.564774511	1.863832091	5.253289161	2.564774511
C3	1.863832091	0.437539034	2.564774511	1.863832091	0.437539034	2.564774511
C4	2.685191555	3.066935895	0.241075186	2.685191555	3.066935895	0.241075186
C5	2.598818707	8.861996918	5.171332415	2.635823943	8.744443638	5.158667769
C6	1.742878469	6.355750856	7.225116324	1.745603354	6.338732791	7.2450846
C7	1.898789569	1.933987698	7.477739416	1.890862865	1.869340217	7.536100995
C8	2.779671422	4.613115348	4.617794325	2.779671422	4.613115348	4.617794325
N1	7.882404343	1.950046616	3.098603641	7.882404343	1.950046616	3.098603641
N2	5.624097078	0.661815156	3.067007082	5.624097078	0.661815156	3.067007082
N3	9.626350139	9.591137067	6.078046367	9.614631678	9.590329656	6.083815784
N4	5.645616511	8.912758193	6.069918104	5.651958602	8.906043524	6.064078212
N5	9.448606596	4.736764041	0.150798652	9.448606596	4.736764041	0.150798652
N6	7.203147904	3.684419794	0.064759583	7.203147904	3.684419794	0.064759583
N7	5.835816152	3.77788495	6.061220007	5.834663596	3.782348579	6.062210892
N8	9.448606596	9.552514163	0.150798652	9.448606596	9.552514163	0.150798652
N9	7.203147904	8.500169629	0.064759583	7.203147904	8.500169629	0.064759583
N10	7.882404343	6.765796452	3.098603641	7.882404343	6.765796452	3.098603641
N11	5.624097078	5.477564704	3.067007082	5.624097078	5.477564704	3.067007082

N12	9.1496542	4.87632558	6.528690308	9.154138249	4.874882586	6.528380695
H1	1.898789569	2.150588352	8.892564985	1.895819614	2.158816209	8.706443783

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