Supplementary file

Enhanced Thermoelectric Performance Bi_{0.5}Sb_{1.5}Te₃/SiC Composites Prepared by Low-Temperature Liquid Phase Sintering

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Figure S1. Schematic diagram of the sample synthesis process.



Figure S2. XRD patterns of Bi_{0.5}Sb_{1.5}Te₃ samples at different heat treatment temperatures.



Figure S3. Fracture morphologies of Bi_{0.5}Sb_{1.5}Te₃ materials under different heat treatment conditions (a) non-annealed, (b) 200°C, (c) 250°C, (d) 300°C, (e) 350°C, (f) 400°C



Figure S4. High-magnification SEM image of (a) 350 °C and (b) 400°C treated samples.



Figure S5. (a) Photos of 350 °C heat-treated and non-annealed samples. Heights of the same bulk sample (b) before and (c) after heat treatment at 350 °C. (d) and (e) Bright-field TEM images for the sample heat-treated at 350 °C. Arrows indicate pores in the sample.



Figure S6. Temperature dependent average ZT values for samples heat-treated at different temperatures.



Figure S7. (a) The EDS mapping of Bi_{0.5}Sb_{1.5}Te₃/xvol% SiC (*x*=0.6), (b-e) The distribution of Si, Bi, Sb and Te element, (f) EDS composition of Bi_{0.5}Sb_{1.5}Te₃/xvol% SiC (*x*= 0.6)

element	Wt%	wt% Sigma	At%
Si	0.24	0.05	1.16
Sb	28.27	0.26	30.91
Te	55.15	0.29	57.53
Bi	16.34	0.26	10.40
summation	100.00		100.00

Figure S8. EDS Quantitative Results



Figure S9. High-resolution TEM images of (a) x = 0 and (c) x = 0.6 samples; Inverse FFT images of (b) x = 0 sample on the (018) crystal plane and (d) x = 0.6 sample on the (015) crystal plane, respectively.



Figure S10. Temperature dependent bipolar thermal conductivity for $Bi_{0.5}Sb_{1.5}Te_3/x$ vol% SiC (*x*=0, 0.1, 0.3, 0.6, 0.8, and 1.0) composite samples.



Figure S11. Debye-Callaway modelled lattice thermal conductivity for x = 0 and x = 0.6% compared to experimental values. The diameter of SiC nanoparticles is taken to be 20 nm based on Figure 12.