Supporting Information

Protein–Inorganic Hybrid Porous Scaffolds for Bone Tissue Engineering

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Fig. S1 Three-dimensional confocal images of BMSCs cultured on S4L5 porous scaffold for 3 days (a) and 7 days (b).



Fig. S2 SEM images of BMSCs cultured on S4L5 porous scaffolds for 3 days (a) and 7 days (b). (red arrows: spread morphology of BMSCs; yellow arrows: spherical morphology of BMSCs)



Fig. S3 (a, b) Masson staining images with different magnifications of S4L0 and S4L5 porous scaffolds after subcutaneous implantation for 2 weeks. The black arrows indicated the blood vessels, which contained red blood cells. (c, d) Immunohistochemistry staining images of the S4L0 and S4L5 porous scaffolds after subscutaneous implantation for 2 weeks assessed by CD31. The red arrows indicated new vessel formation in the interfacial zone between the scaffold and the host tissue.



Fig. S4 Immunohistochemistry staining images of the S4L0 and S4L5 porous scaffolds after subscutaneous implantation for 2 weeks assessed by CD3 (lymphocytes were indicated by red arrows). (c, d) Immunohistochemistry staining images of the S4L0 and S4L5 porous scaffolds after subscutaneous implantation for 2 weeks assessed by CD68 (macrophages were indicated by red arrows).

Table S1	. Premiers	for RT-PCR	analysis
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Gene	Sequences (5'-3')	Product size (bp)
BMP-2	F: AAAGCGTCAAGCCAAACACAAACA R: CGACCAGAGGCATACAGGGACAAC	113
Runx2	F: TGAGGCCGCCGCACGACAACC R: GCGAGGGCAGCACGGAGCACAG	108
OPN	F: CTGACGGCCGAGGTGATA R: CATGCGGGAGGTGAGGT	113
β-actin	F: GGCCGGGACCTGACAGACTACCTC R: GTCACGCACGATTTCCCTCTCAGC	90