

Vascularized dental pulp regeneration using cell-laden microfiber aggregates

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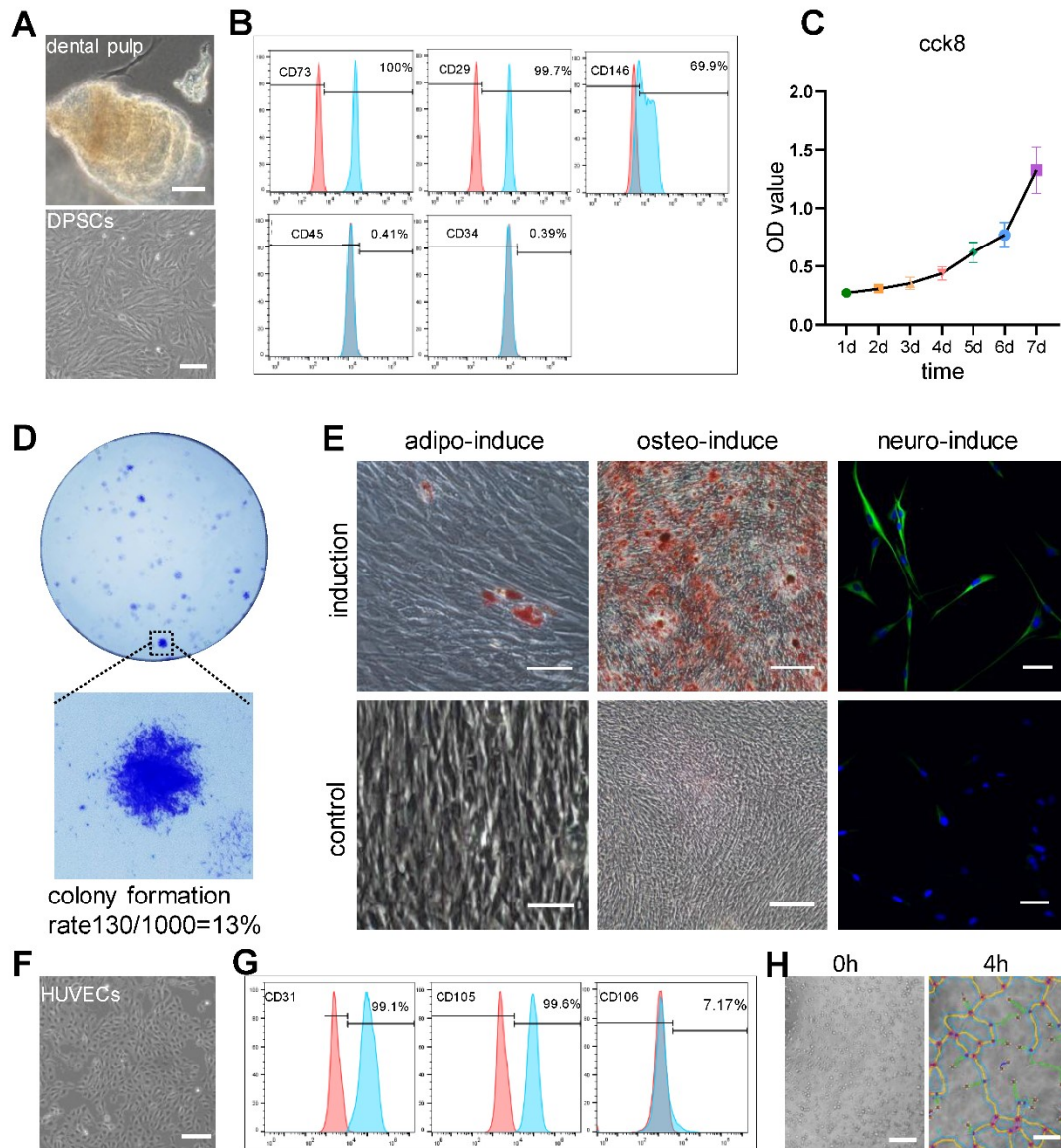


Figure S1. Identification of DPSCs and HUVECs. (A) DPSCs isolated from human pulp tissue. Scale bars, 100 μ m. (B) The expressions of CD73, CD29, CD146, CD34, and CD45 in DPSCs detected by flow cytometry. (C) The curve of DPSCs proliferation measured by cck8 assay from day 1 to day 7. (D) Clone formation assay of DPSCs for evaluating self-renewal capacity. (E) Alizarin red and oil red staining of DPSCs after osteogenic and adipogenic induction for 21 days. Tubulin β III immunofluorescence staining after neurogenic induction of DPSCs for 24 hours. Scale bars, 50 μ m. (F) HUVECs (Passage 5) isolated from human umbilical vein. Scale bars, 200 μ m. (G) Flow

cytometry identified expression CD31, CD105, and CD106 in HUVECs. (H)
Angiogenesis experiment of HUVECs for 4 hours. Scale bars, 200 μ m.

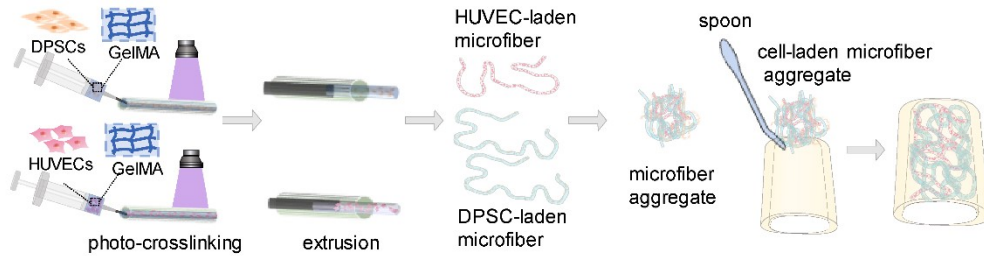


Figure S2. Technical diagram of the preparation of microfiber aggregates and implantation of them into the root of a tooth (Figure S2).

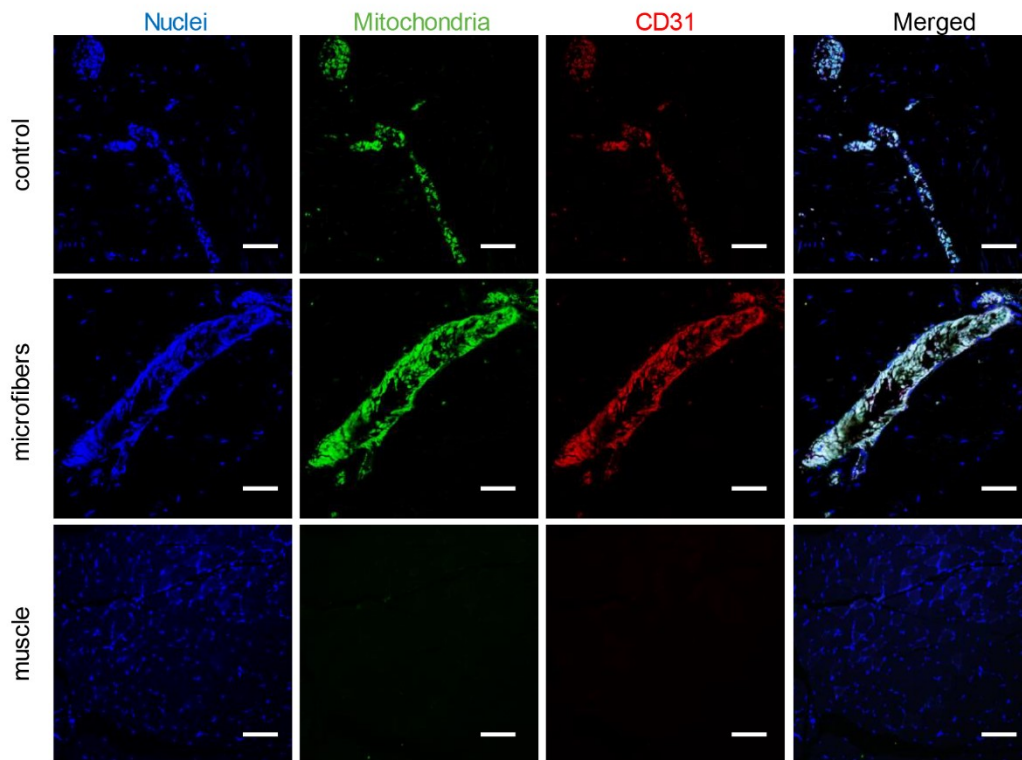


Figure S3. Angiogenesis in new pulp-like tissue.