Supporting Information

Diameter-optimized PVA@PPy nanofibers: MXene interlayer space expansion without sacrificing electron transport

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Figure S1. SEM of (a) Ti_3AlC_2 MAX phase precursor (b) etched multi-layered MXene (c) TEM image of few-layered MXene sheet and (d) corresponding AFM image.



Figure S2. SEM image of annealed PVA nanofibers before coated using PPy.



Figure S3. SEM and elemental mappings of N, Ti, and C within the MXene/PVA@PPy-L hybrid film.



Figure S4. Electrical conductivity of pristine MXene thin-film and MXene/PVA@PPy hybrid films of different diameters – small (S), medium (M), and large (L) and MXene/PVA hybrid film.



Figure S5. CV profiles of the micro-supercapacitor units employing (a) pristine MXene film, (c) MXene/PVA/PPy-S, (e) MXene/PVA@PPy-M and (g) MXene/PVA@PPy-L across various scanning rates, and (b,d,f,h) the corresponding GCD profiles.



Figure S6. Areal energy density of the as-fabricated ZMSCs based on pristine MXene film and MXene/PVA@PPy hybrid film electrodes employing PVA@PPy nanofibers with three different diameters.



Figure S7. Specific capacitance of the as-fabricated ZMSCs based on pristine MXene film and MXene/PVA@PPy hybrid film electrodes employing PVA@PPy nanofibers with three different diameters versus current densities.

| Electrodes | Electrolyte | Voltage Windows[V] | Areal Capacitance [mF/cm ²] | Areal Energy Density [µWh/cm²] | Areal Power Density [mW/cm ²] | Ref. |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|------|
| | | Syn | nmetrical | | | |
| MXene/PVA@PPy | 1M Zn(CF ₃ SO ₃) ₂ /PAM | 0-1.2 | 195 | Max: 38.4 | Max:2.51 | This |
| | | | | Min:10.8 | Min:0.119 | work |
| Be ²⁺ -MXene | Gelatin/ZnSO ₄ | 0-0.6 | 77.2 | 3.86 | 0.12 | 1 |
| MXene-Mg ²⁺ | 3M H ₂ SO ₄ /PVA | 0-0.6 | 409 | Max:21.6 | Max:1.1 | 2 |
| | | | | Min:7.4 | Min:0.1 | |
| MXene/BC@PPy | 1M H ₂ SO ₄ /PVA | 0-0.6 | 200 | 10 | | 3 |
| MXene/BCF | 1M Zn(CF ₃ SO ₃) ₂ /PAM | 0-1.2 | 179 | 34 | | 4 |
| MXene/BC | 1M H ₂ SO ₄ /PVA | 0-0.6 | 112 | 5.54 | 0.114 | 5 |
| MXene/MPFs | 1M H ₂ SO ₄ /PVA | 0-0.6 | 408 | 20.4 | 0.15 | 6 |
| MXene | 3M H ₂ SO ₄ /PVA | 0-0.6 | 61.7 | 0.76 | 0.33 | 7 |
| Screen-printed MXene | 3M H ₂ SO ₄ /PVA | 0-0.6 | 158 | 40.5 | 0.26 | 8 |
| MXene | H ₂ SO ₄ /PVA | 0-0.5 | 43 | 0.32 | 0.158 | 9 |
| | | Asyı | nmetrical | | | |
| CNT@PPy//MXene | 3M H ₂ SO ₄ /PVA | 0-1.4 | 150 | 40.5 | | 10 |
| MXene//Co-Al-LDH | PVA/KOH | 0.4-1.45 | 40 | 8.84 | 0.23 | 11 |
| RuO2//MXene | 1M H ₂ SO ₄ /PVA | 0-1.5 | 60 | 19 | 1.5 | 12 |
| MXene/AC | Na ₂ SO ₄ /PVA | 0-1.6 | 7.8 | 3.5/mWh/cm ³ | 100/mW/cm ³ | 13 |
| ZIF-C//NiCoP@NiOOH | PVA/KOH | 0-1.4 | 54.7 | 13.9 | 0.27 | 14 |

Table S1 Performance of recently reported advanced MXene based symmetrical and asymmetrical micro-supercapacitors.

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