

Electronic Supplementary Information

Inhibition of buried cavities and defects in metal halide perovskite photodetectors *via* two-step spin-coating method

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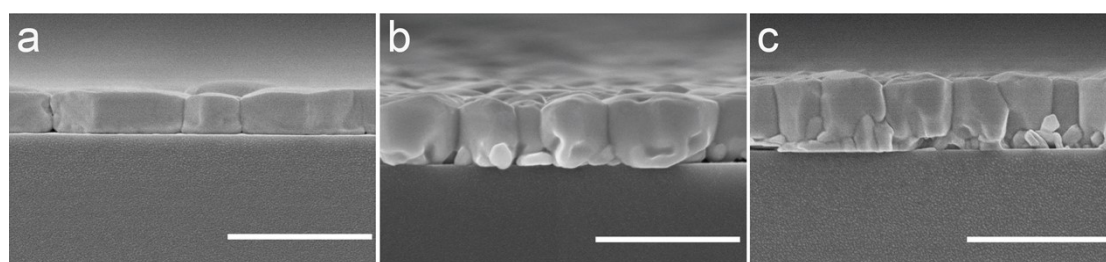


Figure S1. The cross-Section scanning electron microscope (SEM) images of perovskite prepared by (a)1 M, (b)1.3 M and (c)1.5 M PbI_2 react with 50 mg ml^{-1} via the two-step spin-coating method. The scale bar is $1 \mu\text{m}$.

Note: With the increase of PbI_2 precursor concentration, the thickness of perovskite film gradually increases. As shown in Figure S1, the grains span the perovskite film ($\sim 310 \text{ nm}$ thickness) prepared by the 1 M PbI_2 precursor. However, the nanocavities and small spherical grains appear at the bottom interface of the perovskite film ($\sim 430 \text{ nm}$ thickness) prepared by the 1.3 M PbI_2 precursor, and the perovskite film ($\sim 510 \text{ nm}$ thickness) in Figure S1c is even worse.

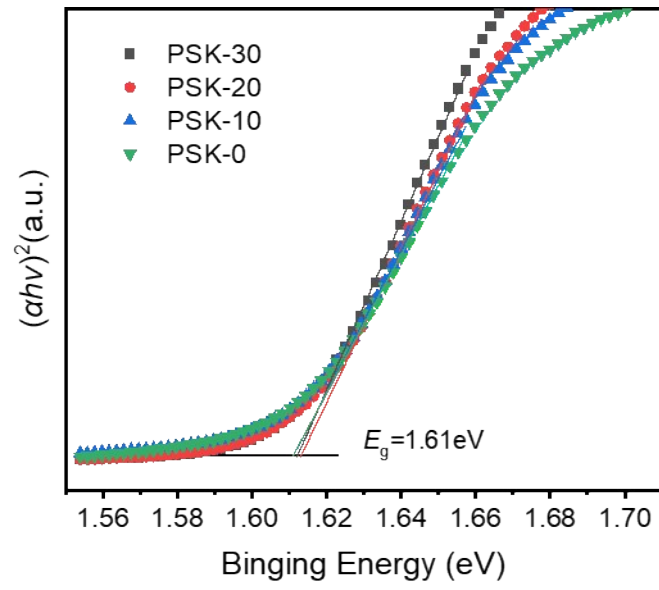


Figure S2. The band gap of perovskite film was calculated by Tauc Plot method

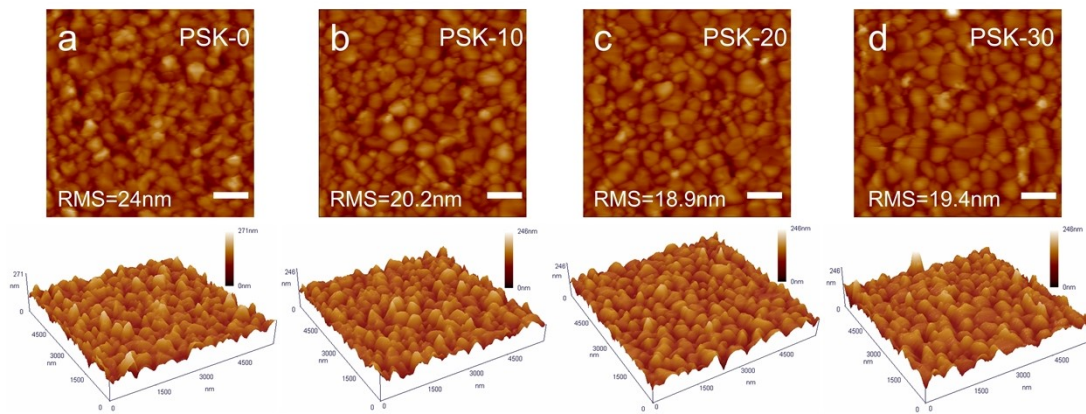


Figure S3. The atomic force microscope (top row) and 3D topography (bottom row) of the PSK- x ($x=0, 10, 20$ and 30), respectively. The root mean square (RMS) in the inset is the effective value of surface roughness. The scale bar is $1\mu\text{m}$. The RMS value of surface roughness for PSK- x ($x=0, 10, 20$ and 30) varies from 24 to 19.4 nm with the increase of MAI introduction.

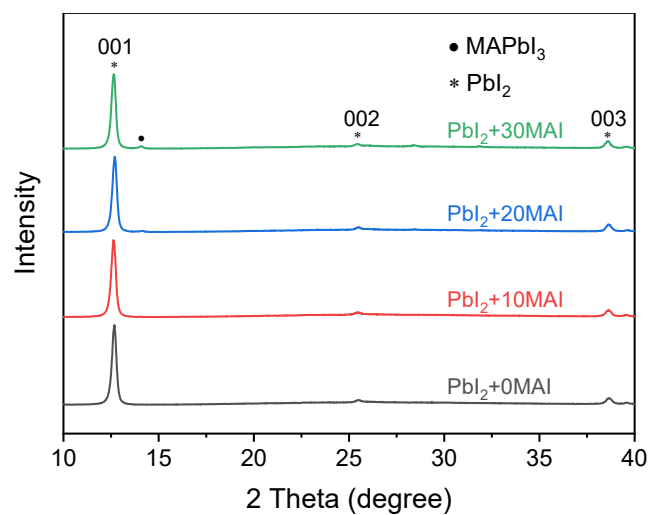


Figure S4. The XRD patterns of the PbI_2+xMAI ($x=0, 10, 20$ and 30), respectively. The weak MAPbI_3 peak can be observed on the substrate surface after the introduction of MAI.

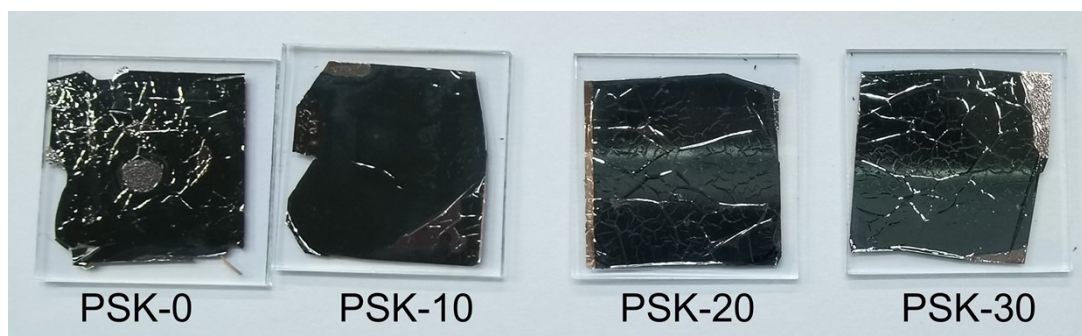


Figure S5. Optical image of PSK- x ($x=0, 10, 20, 30$) film after the lift-off process, respectively.

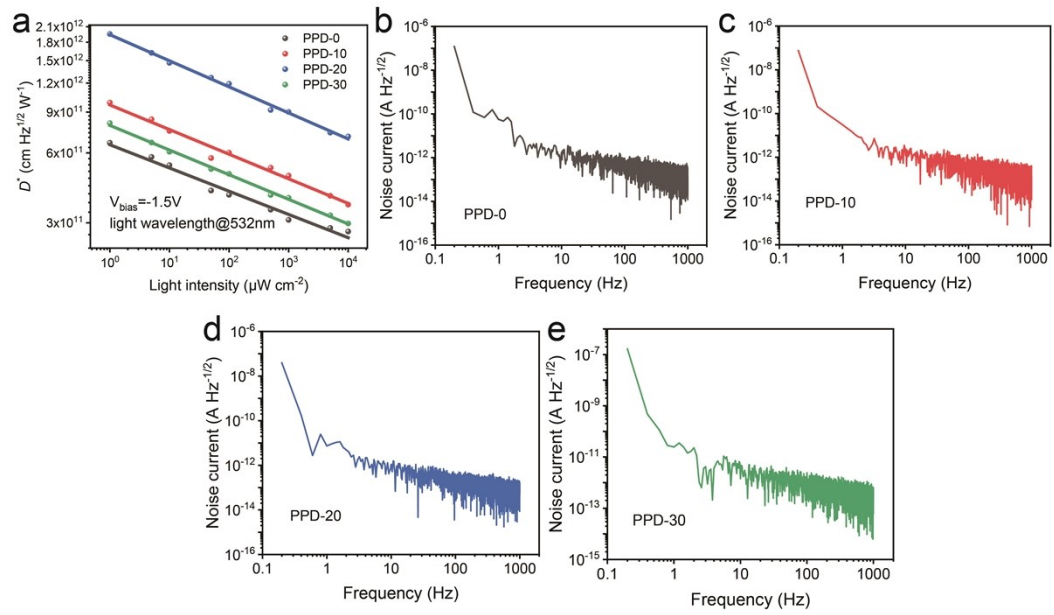


Figure S6. (a) The D^* of all PPDs calculated based on equation (4) under an applied voltage of -1.5 V . The i_n measured of is PPD-0, PPD-10, PPD-20 and PPD-30 are shown in Figures (b), (c), (d) and (e), respectively.

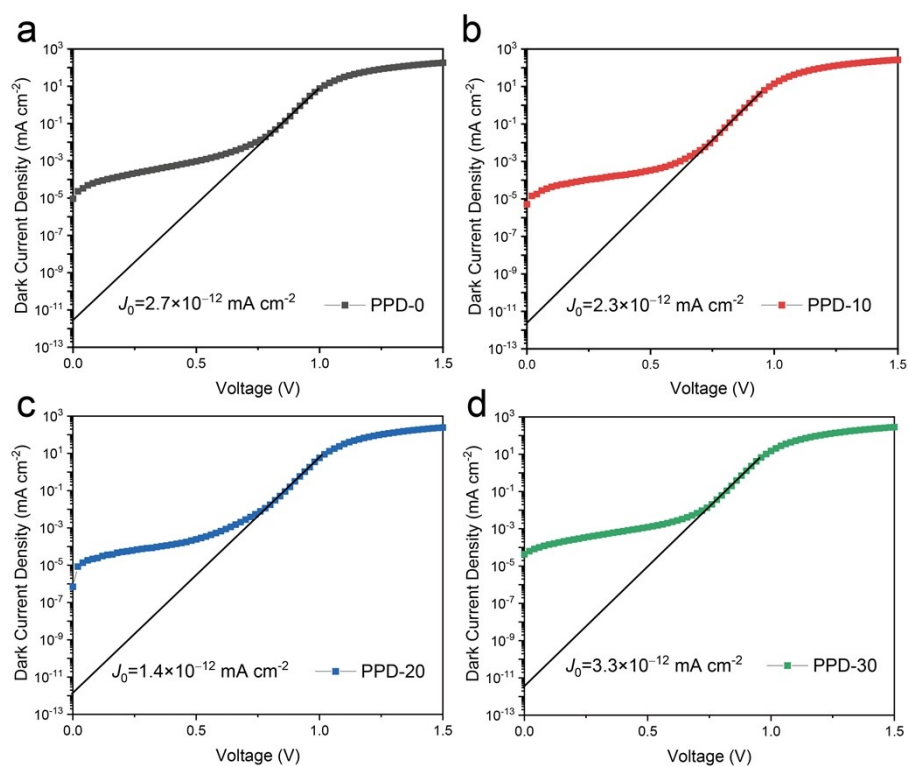


Figure S7. Semi-log plots of dark current densities versus voltage and the linear fitting for reverse saturation extraction. (a) PPD-0, (b) PPD-10, (c) PPD-20 and (d) PPD-30.

Table S1. Summary of performances of PPDs.

Device structure	R (bias, light source & intensity)	Detectivity (D^* , Jones)	Response time (T_{rise}/T_{fall})	LDR (dB)	Ref.
ITO/PEPDOT:PSS/FA _{0.85} Cs _{0.15} Sn _{0.5} Pb _{0.5} I ₃ /PC ₆₁ BM/ZrAcac/Ag	0.53 A W ⁻¹ (940 nm)	6 × 10 ¹² (940 nm)	0.86 μs.	103	1
ITO/NiO _x :PbI ₂ /MAPbI ₃ /C60/BCP/Ag.	0.5 A W ⁻¹ (~750 nm)	6 × 10 ¹²	168 ns	112	2
ITO/SnO ₂ /(FAPbI ₃) _{0.97} (MAPbBr ₃) _{0.03} /Spiro-MeoTAD/Au	—	1.2 × 10 ¹²	3/6 μs (-0.5 V)	80	3
ITO/SnO _x /PC ₆₁ BM/Cs _{0.18} FA _{0.82} Pb(I _{0.82} Br _{0.18}) ₃ /PTAA/MoCr	0.36 A W ⁻¹ (-0.5 V, 680 nm)	2.1 × 10 ¹³ (-0.5 V, 680 nm)	2.7/2.3 μs	—	4
ITO/PTAA/ MAPbI ₃ /IEICO/C ₆₀ /BCP/Cu	0.28 A W ⁻¹ (0 V, 650 nm)	1.45 × 10 ¹² (650 nm)	27 ns	198	5
ITO/PTAA/MAPbI ₃ /F8IC:PTB7-Th/ C ₆₀ / BCP/ Cu	0.43 A W ⁻¹ (0 V, 710 nm)	2.3 × 10 ¹¹ (0 V, 870 nm)	35/20 μs	191	6
ITO/PEDOT:PSS/MAPbI _{3-x} Cl _x /PC ₆₁ BM/PFN/Al	—	4 × 10 ¹⁴ (0 V, 550 nm)	180/160 ns	100	7
FTO/CdS/MAPbI ₃ /Spiro-OMeTAD/Ag	0.48 A W ⁻¹ (0 V, 700nm)	2.1 × 10 ¹³ (0 V, 700 nm)	0.54/2.21 ms	—	8
FTO/SrTiO ₃ /MAPbI ₃ / Spiro-OMeTAD/Ag	0.73 A W ⁻¹ (0 V, 550 nm)	—	100 ms	—	9
ITO/OTPD/MAPbI ₃ /PCBM/C ₆₀ /Al	0.21 A W ⁻¹ (-0.1 V, white light)	7.4 × 10 ¹² (-0.1 V, 680 nm,)	120 ns	94	10
ITO/MAPbI ₃ /TPD-Si ₂ /MoO ₃ /Ag	242 A W ⁻¹ (-1 V, 740 nm)	—	10 μs	85	11
ITO/PTAA/MAPbI ₃ /C ₆₀ /BCP/Cu	0.47 A W ⁻¹ (0 V, 680 nm)	7.8 × 10 ¹² (0 V, 700 nm)	0.95 ns	—	12
ITO/PTAA/MAPbI ₃ /PDPPTDPT:PCBM/BCP/C u	—	10 ¹¹ (-0.2 V, 900 nm)	5ns	95	13
TETA-GR/MoS ₂ /MAPbI ₃ /PTAA/Au	0.42 A W ⁻¹ (0 V, ~750 nm)	1.1 × 10 ¹⁰ (0 V, 532 nm)	1.63/0.98 μs	112	14
co-GR/MoS ₂ /MAPbI ₃ /PCBM/BCP/Al	0.41 A W ⁻¹ (0 V, 700 nm, 407 μW cm ⁻²)	8 × 10 ¹⁰ (0 V, 700 nm, 407 μW cm ⁻²)	800/500 ms	117	15
TFSA- GR/PEDOT:GQDs/MAPbI ₃ :GQDs/PCBM/BCP/A l	0.44 A W ⁻¹ (0 V, ~700 nm)	8.7 × 10 ¹² (0 V, ~700 nm)	0.56/0.96 μs	100	16
ITO/PET/PDMS/ITO/PET/MAPbI ₃ / Au	0.418 A W ⁻¹ (1 V, white light, 10 μW cm ⁻²)	1.2 × 10 ¹³	80/80 ms	—	17
ITO/PEDOT:PSS/MAPbI ₃ /PC ₆₁ BM/C ₆₀ /LiF/Ag	—	3.0 × 10 ¹² (1 V, 700 nm)	1.7/1 μs	170	18
ITO/PEDOT:PSS/MAPbI ₃ /PC ₆₁ BM/BCP/Au (PPD-0, PPD-10, PPD-20, PPD-30)	0.5 A W ⁻¹	6.6 × 10 ¹¹			
	0.66 A W ⁻¹	9.9 × 10 ¹¹	3.1/74.5 μs	86	
	0.79 A W ⁻¹	1.95 × 10 ¹²	2.8/73.6 μs	100	This work
	0.74 A W ⁻¹ (-1.5 V, 532 nm, 1 μW cm ⁻²)	8.1 × 10 ¹¹ (-1.5 V, 532 nm, 1 μW cm ⁻²)	2.6/72.8 μs 2.3/76.7 μs	106 86	

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