Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for Journal of Materials Chemistry C. This journal is © The Royal Society of Chemistry 2022

Supporting Information

Solution-processable star-shaped small molecules for efficient organic RRAM by induced conductive filament mechanism

Lingling Yao,^{‡a,b,c} Xiaozhe Cheng,^{‡a,b,c} Weizhen Xia,^{‡a,b,c} Liang Zhao,^{a,b,c} Zhitao Dou,^{b,c} Haibin

Xue,^a Hong Lian,^{*a,b,c} Yongquan Qu,^a and Qingchen Dong^{*a,b,c}

^a MOE Key Laboratory of Interface Science and Engineering in Advanced Materials, Taiyuan University of Technology, 79 Yingze West Street, Taiyuan, 030024, China.
^b MOE Key Laboratory of Advanced Display and System Applications, Shanghai University, 149 Yanchang Road, Jingan District, Shanghai 200072, China
^c School of Mechanical & Electronic Engineering and Automation, Shanghai University, 99 Shangda Road, Baoshan District, Shanghai 200444, China
[‡] These people contribute equally to this work.

*Correspondence: <u>qdong@shu.edu.cn</u> (Q.D.)

Table of Contents

1. Retested I-V curves of all memory devices after a period of one-month	S3
2. The statistical analysis of the data of reproducibility and current distribution of devices	S3
3. The relationship of cell area and current in LRS and HRS	S4
4. The photophysical properties for BPPT, TPPT, TPPA, 'Bu-TPPT and 'Bu-TPPA	S4
5. Photophysical and electrochemical properties of BPPT, TPPT, TPPA, 'Bu-TPPT and 'Bu-	
ТРРА	S4
6. Statistic results of the star-shaped molecules-based memory devices	S5



Fig. S1 Retested I–V curves of all memory devices after a period of one-month for (a) TPPT, (b) TPPA, (c) ^tBu-TPPT and (d) ^tBu-TPPA, respectively.



Fig. S2 The statistical analysis of the data of reproducibility and current distribution of devices based on (a)TPPT, (b)TPPA, (c) ^tBu-TPPT, and (d) ^tBu-TPPA (64 cells for each device).



Fig. S3 The relationship of cell area and current in LRS (red) and HRS (blue), respectively (Insert is the photo of as-fabricated mask-type device).

Table S1 The photophysical properties for BPPT, TPPT, TPPA, ^tBu-TPPT and ^tBu-TPPA.

Molecules		BPPT	TPPT	TPPA	^t Bu-TPPT	^t Bu-TPPA	
λ _{abs} (nm)	Solution	310	334	273/367	347	278/368	
	Film	310	335	277/371	349	300/389	

Table S2 Photophysical and electrochemical properties of BPPT, TPPT, TPPA, 'Bu-TPPT and 'Bu-TPPA.

Molecules	$\lambda_{onset}^{a}(nm)$	$E_{ox}^{b}(V)$	E _g ^c (eV)	HOMO ^d (eV)	LUMO ^d (eV)
BPPT	344	1.45	3.60	-5.93	-2.33
TPPT	374	1.41	3.32	-5.89	-2.57
^t Bu-TPPT	383	1.60	3.24	-6.08	-2.84
TPPA	400	0.86	3.10	-5.34	-2.24
^t Bu-TPPA	403	0.91	3.07	-5.39	-2.32

^a THF measurement.

^b Calculated using CV.

° Calculated from onset of the absorption spectra ($E_g=1240/\lambda_{onset}$).

^d The HOMO and LUMO energy levels measured against ferrocene were calculated using the following equations: $E_{\text{HOMO}} = [E_{\text{ox}} - E_{\text{Fc}} + 4.8], E_{\text{LUMO}} = [E_{\text{HOMO}} - E_{\text{g}}].$

Devices	BPPT	TPPT	TPPA	^t Bu-TPPT	^t Bu-TPPA
V _{th} (V)	_	1.60	1.50	1.50	1.45
I _{ON} /I _{OFF}	_	102:1	103:1	104:1	105:1

 Table S3 Statistic results of the star-shaped molecules-based memory devices.