Air-Stable High-PLQY Cesium Lead Halide Perovskites for Laser-

Patterned Displays

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Supporting Information

Emission layer	Emission peak (nm)	PLQY(%)	Reference
ACDC-treated MAPbI ₂ Br NCs film	635	30	[1]
KBr passivated CsPbI _{3-x} Br _x NCs films	637	64	[2]
Cu ²⁺ -substituted CsPbBrI ₂ NCs film	630	81	[3]
BI-treated CsPb(Br/I) ₃ NCs film	625	76	[4]
EDTA and glutathione multidentate ligands treated MAPbL ₂ Br _{2-x} NCs film	620	68	[5]
PEO/quasi-2D perovskite film	638	60	[6]
PEA/NMA co-spacer quasi-2D perovskite film	635	51	[7]
2D (PEA) ₂ SnI ₄ film	629	1.52	[8]
2D (PEA) ₂ SnI ₄ film	640	7.1	[9]
PBABr–CsPbBr _{0.6} I _{2.4} -PEtOx	634	91	This work

Table S1. Performance summary of colour-saturated pure red perovskite thin films.

Table S2. The statistical summary table of SEM and AFM corresponding parameters.

Sample	Mean grain size	Root-mean-square roughness
	(nm)	(Ra, nm)
CsPbBr _{0.6} I _{2.4} control sample	152	9.83
PBABr/CsPbBr _{0.6} I _{2.4}	43	3.24
CsPbBr _{0.6} I _{2.4} /PEtOx	30	2.73
PBABr–CsPbBr _{0.6} I _{2.4} -PEtOx	34	2.75



Figure S1. The processes of preparing direct laser etching patterning of light emitting PBABr/CsPbBr_{0.6} $I_{2.4}$ /PEtOx composite thin films.



Figure S2. The details of the PLQY optimization of PBABr/CsPbBr_{0.6}I_{2.4}/PEtOx composite thin films. Experimental conditions: (a-b) PEtOx concentration is 10% and annealing temperature is 130 °C. (c-d) Molar ratio of PBABr is 0.6 and annealing temperature is 130 °C. (e-f) PEtOx concentration is 20% and molar ratio of PBABr is 0.6.



Figure S3. (a) SEM and (b) AFM images showing the surface morphologies of 3D $CsPbBr_{0.6}I_{2.4}$ control sample.



Figure S4. The relationship between the PLQY (a) and stability (b) of PBABr/CsPbBr_{0.6}I_{2.4}/PEtOx composite thin films and the PEtOx doping amount. (c) SEM images of the PBABr/CsPbBr_{0.6}I_{2.4}/PEtOx composite thin films with 20% and 30% PEtOx, respectively.



Figure S5. Schematic diagram of different recombination dynamics in perovskites.



Figure S6. TRPL spectra of PBABr/CsPbBr_{0.6}I_{2.4} and PBABr/CsPbBr_{0.6}I_{2.4}/PEtO_x thin films under extremely low carrier density. The effective lifetime is 7.47 ns and 2.72 ns for PBABr/CsPbBr_{0.6}I_{2.4}/PEtOx and PBABr/CsPbBr_{0.6}I_{2.4}, respectively. Under low carrier density (~10¹² cm⁻³), the bimolecular recombination and Auger recombination are inappreciable, and the monomolecular recombination constant k_1 can be obtained through the equation $(\tau_{1/e}=1/(k_1+k_2*n/2+k_3*n^2/3))$.^[10]



Figure S7. Trap density extraction of CsPbBr_{0.6}I_{2.4} thin films with different additives by dark current-voltage measurement of hole-only devices with a device structure of ITO/PEDOT:PSS/Perovskite/MoO₃/Ag.



Figure S8. Transient absorption spectra. Initial TA bleach signal plotted over pump power for thin film PBABr/CsPbBr_{0.6}I_{2.4} (a) and thin film PBABr/CsPbBr_{0.6}I_{2.4}/PEtOx (b), which indicate they are in the unsaturated absorption region.



Figure S9. The detailed laser direct-write patterning setup.



Figure S10. XRD patterns of perovskite films before and after laser etching.



Figure S11. SEM and AFM images of perovskite thin films before (a, c) and after (b, d) laser etching.

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