Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for Biomaterials Science. This journal is © The Royal Society of Chemistry 2023

Supporting Information

3D printing nacre powder/sodium alginate scaffold loaded with PRF promotes bone tissue repair and regeneration

Bin Liu, ^{‡a,b} Cewen Hu, ^{‡a} Xinyue Huang, ^a Kaiqi Qin, ^a Lei Wang, ^a Zhilong Wang, ^a

Jiachen Liang, ^a Fuqiang Xie, ^{*,a,b} Zengjie Fan,^{*,a}

^a Key Laboratory of Dental Maxillofacial Reconstruction and Biological Intelligence

Manufacturing, Gansu Province, School of Stomatology, Lanzhou University,

Lanzhou 730000, P. R. China

^b Department of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery, 2nd Hospital of Lanzhou University,

Lanzhou 730030, P. R. China

* Correspondence Authors:
Fuqiang Xie, email address: lzu_xiefj@lzu.edu.cn, phone: +8613679471811.
Zengjie Fan, email address: zjfan@lzu.edu.cn, phone: +8613919268875.
[‡]These two authors contributed equally to this study.

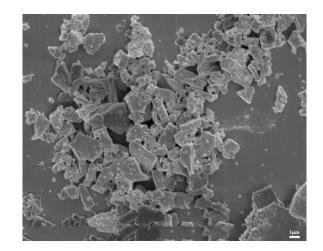


Fig. S1: TEM image of NP (magnification: 8000×, scale bar= 1 μm)

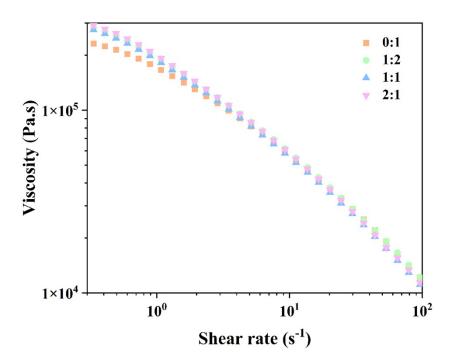


Fig. S2: Viscosity of NP/SA (0:1), NP/SA (1:2), NP/SA (1:1) and NP/SA (2:1) printable bioinks.

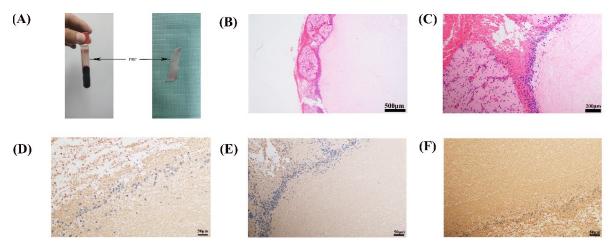


Fig. S3: The organizational structure of PRF

A) PRF obtained from the middle layer after whole blood centrifugation. B, C) H&E staining of PRF. D-F) Immunohistochemistry staining (PDGF, TGF-β₁, VEGF) of PRF.

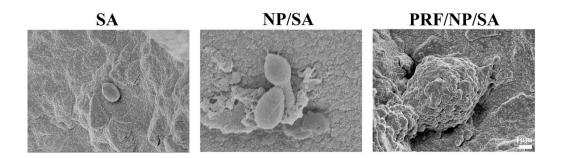


Fig. S4: Representative SEM images of rBMSCs adhesion and spreading



Fig. S5: Skull defect model of New Zealand rabbits (diameter = 6 mm)