Supplementary Information

Transformation of nanoparticles via transition of functional DNAs responsive to pH and vascular endothelial growth factor for photothermal anti-tumor therapy

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Table S1. DNA sequence used in the experiment. Blue letters indicate the complementary sequence and red letters indicate the split VEGF aptamer fragment.

Sequence name	Sequence	
Aptamer fragment A	5'-Thiol-TTTTTTTTTTGACTGACTATGTCCCCCGTCTTC-3'	
Aptamer fragment B	5'-CAGACAAGAGTGCAGGGGGGGACATAGTCAGTCATTTTTTTT	
Control fragment A	5'-Thiol-TTTTTTTTTTGACTGACTATGTCCCTGACTTGG-3'	
Control fragment B	5'-TGCATACGATGGCAGGGGGGACATAGTCAGTCATTTTTTTT	
i-motif	5'-Thiol-TTTTCCCCTTCCCCTTCCCC-3'	
i-motif control	5'-Thiol-TTTTCCAATTGGACTTCCCCTTCAAA-3'	
i-motif complimentary	5'-TTTGAAGGGGAAGTCCAATTGG-3'	



Figure S1. Circular dichroism spectra of i-motif duplex at different pH. (a) Schematic illustration of i-motif duplex transition in response to low pH. (b) i-motif duplex consisting of i-motif and i-motif complementary sequence. (c) i-ctrl duplex consisting of pH-insensitive i-motif control and i-motif complementary sequence.

Table S2. DNAs used in Au-DNAs. Aptamer indicates VEGF aptamer fragment. Aptamer fragment that cannot capture VEGF was used as a Control. i-motif duplex is DNA duplex consisting of i-motif and i-motif complementary sequence. I-ctrl duplex indicates DNA duplex consisting of pH-insensitive i-motif control and i-motif complementary sequence.

	Au-A-IC	Au-B-IC	Au-CA-I	Au-CB-I	Au-A-I	Au-B-I
Aptamer fragment	Aptamer		Control		Aptamer	
DNA duplex	i-motif	control	i-motif		i-motif	



Figure S2. Characterization of AuNP and Au-DNAs. (a) Synthetic method for AuNP. (b) TEM image of AuNP. (c) Synthetic method for Au-DNAs. (d) Absorption spectra of AuNP and Au-DNAs. (e) Hydrodynamic size of AuNP and Au-DNAs.



Figure S3. DNA quantification of Au-DNAs. (a) Schematic illustration of Au-DNAs with Cy5-modified i-motif complementary sequence. (b) DNA quantification of i-motif complementary by fluorescence of Cy5. (c) DNA quantification of various sequences by fluorescence of SYBR gold.

	Aptamer fragment	I-motif duplex
Au-A-I	61.8±3.0	29.3±1.2
Au-B-I	55.1±4.0	31.4±2.9
Au-CA-I	62.2±1.6	35.2±0.6
Au-CB-I	56.5±3.0	32.7±1.4
Au-A-IC	64.4±2.7	35.4±2.9
Au-B-IC	55.3±1.6	38.7±1.7

Table S3. The amount of DNAs conjugated to each Au-DNAs from figure S3.



Figure S4. Absorbance spectra of DNA from Au-DNAs at different pH. (a) Au-A-IC, (b) Au-B-IC, (c) Au-CA-I, (d) Au-CB-I, (e) Au-A-I and (f) Au-B-I.



Figure S5. pH-responsive behavior of Au-CA-I + Au-CB-I. (a-b) TEM image of Au-CA-I + Au-CB-I after 24 h incubation, (a) at pH 7.4, (b) at pH 6.5. (c-d) Absorbance spectra of Au-CA-I + Au-CB-I for different time interval, (c) at pH 7.4, (d) at pH 6.5. (e-f) hydrodynamic size of Au-CA-I + Au-CB-I for different time interval, (e) at pH 7.4, (f) at pH 6.5.



Figure S6. pH-responsive behavior of pH-non-responsive Au-A-IC + Au-B-IC. (a-b) TEM image of Au-A-IC + Au-B-IC after 24 h incubation, (a) at pH 7.4, (b) at pH 6.5. (c-d) Absorbance spectra of Au-CA-I + Au-CB-I for different time interval, (c) at pH 7.4, (d) at pH 6.5. (e-f) hydrodynamic size of Au-A-IC + Au-B-IC for different time interval, (e) at pH 7.4, (f) at pH 6.5.



Figure S7. Protein-responsive aggregation of Au-DNAs at pH 6.5. (a-c) Absorbance spectra of (a) Au-A-I + Au-B-I w BSA, (b) Au-A-I + Au-B-I w VEGF and (c) Au-CA-I + Au-CB-I w VEGF for different time interval. (d-e) hydrodynamic size of (d) Au-A-I + Au-B-I w BSA and (e) Au-A-I + Au-B-I w VEGF. (f) Hydrodynamic size of Au-A-I + Au-B-I with or without protein after 24 h incubation.



Figure S8. *In vitro* extracellular VEGF level. Data represent the mean \pm SD (n=5, ****p < 0.0001).



Figure S9. Cell viability of MCF-7 treated with various concentration of Au-DNAs (n=5).



Figure S10. Fluorescent image of MCF-7 cells treated with Au-DNAs, with and without 808 nm laser irradiation (3 W cm⁻²) (Scale bar = 50 μ m).



Figure S11. Apoptosis of MCF-7 cells induced by Au-DNAs mediated PTT. (a-c) Representative plots of annexin V-FITC/PI-stained cells treated with (a) non treat, (b) Au-CA-I + Au-CB-I with laser irradiation and (c) Au-A-I + Au-B-I with laser irradiation. (d) Rate of survival cells. (e) Rate of apoptosis cells. Data represent the mean \pm SD (n=3, **p < 0.01, ****p < 0.0001).



Figure S12. Surgically removed tumor tissues from mice on day 22. (a) Image of tumor. (b) Tumor weight.