Supporting Information

Solvent-Controlled Halohydroxylation or C3-C2 Coupling of Pyridinium Salts through an Interrupted Dearomative Reduction

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1. General methods

NMR spectra were recorded with tetramethylsilane as the internal standard. ¹H NMR spectra were recorded at 400 MHz, and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded at 100 MHz (Bruker Avance). ¹H NMR chemical shifts (δ) are reported in ppm relative to tetramethylsilane (TMS) with the solvent signal as the internal standard (CDCl₃ at 7.26 ppm, (CD₃)₂SO at 2.50 ppm). ¹³C NMR chemical shifts are reported in ppm from tetramethylsilane (TMS) with the solvent resonance as the internal standard (CDCl₃ at 77.00 ppm, (CD₃)₂SO at 39.52 ppm). Data are given as: s (singlet), d (doublet), t (triplet), q (quartet), dd (double of doublet), br (broad) or m (multiplets), coupling constants (Hz) and integration. Flash column chromatography was carried out using silica gel eluting with ethyl acetate and petroleum ether. High resolution mass spectra were obtained with the Q-TOF-Premier mass spectrometer. Reactions were monitored by TLC and visualized with ultraviolet light. IR spectra were recorded on a Thermo Fisher Nicolet Avatar 360 FTIR spectrometer on a KBr beam splitter. All the solvents were used directly without any purification.

2. Experimental data for the formation of products 2-17



General procedure: To a 5.0 mL vial were successively added pyridinium or quinolinium salts (0.2 mmol), Hantzsch ester (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and 1.0 mL of DMSO. The resulting mixture was stirred at 100 °C until the complete consumption of pyridinium or quinolinium salts as monitored by thin layer chromatography. After cooling down to room temperature, water was added, and the reaction mixture was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 × 2.0 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄. After removal of the solvent, the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using petroleum ether/ethyl acetate as the eluent to produce compounds **2-14**.

HO NO2

1-Benzyl-3-bromo-5-nitro-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyridin-2-ol (2)

Purple solid obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 4:1 to 3:1); 55.0 mg, 59% yield; dr > 20:1; reaction time = 5 min; mp 139.6-140.4 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz,

DMSO- d_6) δ 8.46 (s, 1H), 7.43-7.31 (m, 5H), 7.17 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.69 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.47-4.45 (m, 1H), 3.14-3.03 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 143.6, 135.8, 128.8, 128.6, 128.1, 118.2, 79.0, 55.9, 39.9, 25.9. IR (KBr) v 3270, 1622, 1403, 1302, 1204, 1185, 744 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₂H₁₃N₂O₃NaBr [M+Na]⁺: 335.0007, found: 335.0009.



3-Bromo-1-(3-methoxybenzyl)-5-nitro-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyridin-2-ol (3)

Purple solid obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 5:1 to 4:1); 70.0 mg, 68% yield; dr > 20:1; reaction time = 5 min; mp 109.3-110.3 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 8.44 (s, 1H), 7.30 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 7.00-6.97 (m, 2H), 6.90 (dd, *J*₁ = 8.0 Hz, *J*₂ = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.76 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.71 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.61 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.48-4.47 (m, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.15-3.04 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 159.4, 143.6, 137.3, 129.6, 120.9, 118.3, 114.2, 113.6, 79.0, 55.8, 55.1, 39.9, 25.8. IR (KBr) v 3274, 1610, 1312, 1186, 1049, 741 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₃H₁₅N₂O₄NaBr [M+Na]⁺: 365.0113, found: 365.0113.



3-Bromo-5-nitro-1-(4-nitrobenzyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyridin-2-ol (4)

Yellow solid obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 3:1 to 2:1); 74.0 mg, 69% yield; dr > 20:1; reaction time = 5 min; mp 149.6-150.5 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 8.53 (s, 1H), 8.24 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.70 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.82 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.69 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.46-4.45 (m, 1H), 3.15-3.03 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 147.2, 144.0, 143.6, 129.8, 123.6, 118.9, 79.4, 55.1, 39.9, 25.8. IR (KBr) v 3314, 1615, 1519, 1309, 1046, 957, 745 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₂H₁₂N₃O₅NaBr [M+Na]⁺: 379.9858, found: 379.9854.



(*E*)-3-(2-((3-Bromo-2-hydroxy-5-nitro-3,4-dihydropyridin-1(2*H*)-yl)methyl)phenyl)-1-phenylprop -2-en-1-one (**5**)

Grey solid obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 3:1 to 2:1); 108.0 mg, 82% yield; dr > 20:1; reaction time = 5 min; mp 154.3-155.1 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 8.34 (s, 1H), 8.12 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 2H), 8.07-8.04 (m, 2H), 7.80 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.58-7.46 (m, 5H), 7.22 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.45 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 3.17-3.02 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 189.2, 143.0, 140.3, 137.5, 134.8, 134.5, 133.2, 130.6, 130.4, 128.9, 128.8, 128.6, 127.8, 124.8, 118.8, 78.9, 53.2, 39.9, 25.9. IR (KBr) v 3231, 1609, 1297, 1217, 1042, 750 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₁H₁₉N₂O₄NaBr [M+Na]⁺: 465.0426, found: 465.0433.



3-Bromo-5-nitro-1-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyridin-2-ol (6)

Light brown solid obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 5:1 to 4:1); 40.0 mg, 51% yield; dr > 20:1; reaction time = 5 min; mp 115.8-116.7 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 8.39 (s, 1H), 7.13 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.54-4.49 (m, 2H), 3.36 (dd, $J_1 = 20.0$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.52 (s, 1H), 3.12-3.02 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 142.4, 118.8, 79.1, 77.9, 77.4, 44.2, 41.9, 25.7. IR (KBr) v 3270, 1616, 1358, 1227, 1181, 1049, 748 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₈H₉N₂O₃NaBr [M+Na]⁺: 282.9694, found: 282.9688.

.NO₂ Br.

1-Allyl-3-bromo-5-nitro-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyridin-2-ol (7)

Grey solid obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 5:1 to 4:1); 48.0

mg, 61% yield; dr > 20:1; reaction time = 5 min; mp 112.4-113.2 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 8.31 (s, 1H), 7.07 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.91-5.81 (m, 1H), 5.39 (dd, $J_I = 16.0$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.27 (dd, $J_I = 8.0$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.77 (dd, $J_I = 8.0$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.49 (q, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.22-4.07 (m, 2H), 3.13-3.02 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 143.3, 133.3, 119.5, 118.1, 79.0, 55.3, 44.5, 25.8. IR (KBr) v 3425, 3301, 1614, 1287, 1213, 747 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₈H₁₁N₂O₃NaBr [M+Na]⁺: 284.9851, found: 284.9847.



3-Bromo-1-(2-((methylthio)methyl)benzyl)-5-nitro-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyridin-2-ol (**8**) Light yellow solid obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 5:1 to 4:1); 22.0 mg, 17% yield; dr > 20:1; reaction time = 5 min; mp 122.6-123.7 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 8.29 (s, 1H), 7.45-7.43 (m, 1H), 7.36-7.31 (m, 3H), 7.22 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (q, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 2H), 4.70 (s, 1H), 4.49-4.48 (m, 1H), 3.85-3.78 (m, 2H), 3.17-3.04 (m, 2H), 1.99 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 143.1, 136.8, 133.5, 130.5, 130.4, 128.2, 127.4, 118.5, 79.3, 52.9, 39.9, 34.5, 25.9, 14.6. IR (KBr) v 3225, 1615, 1306, 1214, 1044 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₄H₁₇N₂O₃NaSBr [M+Na]⁺: 395.0041, found: 395.0038.



4-Bromo-2-nitro-4,4a,6,11-tetrahydro-3*H*-benzo[e]pyrido[2,1-*b*][1,3]oxazepine (**9**) Grey solid obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 5:1 to 4:1); 26.0 mg, 24% yield; dr > 20:1; reaction time = 5 min; mp 187.2-187.7 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 8.35 (s, 1H), 7.44 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.33-7.27 (m, 3H), 5.31 (s, 1H), 5.26 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 5.02 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.86 (t, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 2H), 4.73 (s, 1H), 3.07-2.93 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 142.3, 139.6, 137.8, 129.2, 128.3, 128.0, 127.9, 120.0, 90.1, 73.5, 57.5, 39.9, 26.4. IR (KBr) v 1626, 1427, 1308, 1209, 1047 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₃H₁₃N₂O₃NaBr [M+Na]⁺: 347.0007, found: 347.0012.



3-Bromo-1-((*E*)-4-(methylthio)but-2-en-1-yl)-5-nitro-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyridin-2-ol (**10**) Light yellow solid obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 4:1 to 3:1); 23.0 mg, 21% yield; dr > 20:1; reaction time = 5 min; mp 90.6-91.4 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 8.32 (s, 1H), 7.10 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.79-5.75 (m, 1H), 5.73-5.55 (m, 1H), 4.76 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.49 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (dd, *J*₁ = 16.0 Hz, *J*₂ = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.09 (dd, *J*₁ = 16.0 Hz, *J*₂ = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.11 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 2H), 3.06 (s, 2H), 1.97 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 143.2, 131.4, 127.1, 118.0, 78.9, 54.2, 44.6, 34.4, 25.8, 13.9. IR (KBr) v 3289, 1618, 1295, 1184, 1047 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₀H₁₆N₂O₃SBr [M+H]⁺: 323.0065, found: 323.0064.



1-Benzyl-5-bromo-6-hydroxy-1,4,5,6-tetrahydropyridine-3-carbonitrile (11)

Yellow solid obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 8:1 to 7:1); 34.1 mg, 39% yield; dr > 20:1; reaction time = 10 min; mp 110.8-111.5 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 7.56 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.30 (m, 6H), 4.71 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.45 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 2H), 3.36 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 2.96 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), the hydrogen for OH was missing; ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 145.3, 136.4, 128.7, 128.5, 127.9, 127.8, 120.8, 82.5, 72.4, 63.6, 55.3. IR (KBr) v 3263, 2198, 1625, 1425, 1196, 752 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₃H₁₃N₂ONaBr [M+Na]⁺: 315.0109, found: 315.0112.



1-Benzyl-*N*-tosyl-1,4,5,6-tetrahydropyridine-3-carboxamide (12)

Yellow oil obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 3:1 to 2:1); 13.2 mg, 14% yield; reaction time = 7 h; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.31 (br, 1H), 7.98 (d, *J* = 8.0

Hz, 2H), 7.60 (s, 1H), 7.30-7.27 (m, 5H), 7.15-7.13 (m, 2H), 4.24 (s, 2H), 2.99 (s, 1H), 2.96 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 2.18 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 1.79-1.73 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.6, 147.0, 144.0, 136.9, 136.1, 129.3, 128.8, 128.3, 127.9, 127.5, 60.1, 45.1, 42.6, 21.6, 20.8, 19.6. IR (KBr) v 2930, 1610, 1139, 1058 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₀H₂₂N₂O₃NaS [M+Na]⁺: 393.2249, found: 393.1252.



1-Benzyl-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine-4-carbonitrile (13)

Yellow oil obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 25:1 to 20:1); 16.3 mg, 27% yield; reaction time = 1 h; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.35-7.28 (m, 5H), 6.55 (s, 1H), 3.61 (s, 2H), 3.13-3.11 (m, 2H), 2.62 (t, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 2.37-2.36 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 142.3, 137.4, 129.0, 128.4, 127.4, 118.8, 110.8, 62.2, 52.4, 48.3, 27.6. IR (KBr) v 2924, 2810, 1725, 1448, 742 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₃H₁₅N₂ [M+H]⁺: 199.1235, found: 199.1239.



1-Benzyl-6-bromo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline (14)

Colorless oil obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 150:1 to 120:1); 67.9 mg, 75% yield; reaction time = 30 min; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.46 (q, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 3H), 7.22-7.21 (m, 1H), 7.18-7.15 (m, 1H), 6.50-6.47 (m, 1H), 4.58 (s, 2H), 3.49 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 2.91 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 2.12 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.3, 138.1, 131.1, 129.5, 128.5, 126.8, 126.3, 124.2, 112.3, 107.2, 54.9, 49.6, 27.9, 21.9. IR (KBr) v 3455, 1592, 1500, 1294, 791 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₆H₁₇NBr [M+H]⁺: 302.0544, found: 302.0543.

HO NO2

1-Benzyl-5-nitro-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyridin-2-ol (15)

Light yellow solid obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 4:1 to 3:1); 27.0 mg, 38% yield; reaction time = 48 h; mp 99.4-99.9 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 8.36 (s, 1H), 7.39-7.31 (m, 5H), 6.53 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.76-4.64 (m, 3H), 2.70 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 2.51-2.42 (m, 1H), 1.91 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 1.53-1.52 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 145.0, 136.8, 128.8, 127.9, 127.8, 120.7, 75.7, 55.5, 27.2, 16.2. IR (KBr) v 3439, 3286, 1618, 1318, 1205 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₂H₁₄N₂O₃Na [M+Na]⁺: 257.0902, found: 257.0899.

3-Iodo-1-methyl-5-nitro-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyridin-2-ol (16)

Red solid obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1 to 9:1); 43.0 mg, 51% yield; dr > 20:1; reaction time = 3.5 h; mp 119.2-120.3 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 8.03 (s, 1H), 6.04 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.27-5.25 (m, 1H), 3.29 (s, 2H), 3.15 (s, 3H), the hydrogen was missing for O-H; ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 142.5, 128.8, 119.9, 110.0, 40.9, 23.5. IR (KBr) v 3450, 1672, 1293, 1204 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₆H₉N₂O₃NaI [M+Na]⁺: 306.9556, found: 306.9558.

1-Ethyl-3-iodo-5-nitro-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyridin-2-ol (17)

Red solid obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 15:1 to 10:1); 47.0 mg, 53% yield; dr > 20:1; reaction time = 3.5 h; mp 78.4-79.2 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 8.08 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 6.16-6.13 (m, 1H), 5.30-5.26 (m, 1H), 3.45 (q, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.32 (dd, *J*₁ = 8.0 Hz, *J*₂ = 4.0 Hz, 2H), 1.16 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), the hydrogen was missing for O-H; ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 141.4, 127.4, 120.0, 110.2, 48.7, 23.8, 14.9. IR (KBr) v 3454, 1673, 1593, 1255, 1186 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₇H₁₁N₂O₃NaI [M+Na]⁺: 320.9712, found: 320.9710.

3. Optimization of conditions

Table S1 Optimization of reaction conditions for the formation of 2^{a}



Entry	Variation from above	Yield (%) ^b
1	none	59
2	Stirring at 120 °C for 5 min	46
3	Stirring at 80 °C for 10 min	53
4	Stirring at 60 °C for 30 min	48
5	Stirring at 25 °C for 1 h	22
6	LiBr (2.0 equiv) as additive	53

^a Unless otherwise noted, the reactions were performed using pyridinium salt **1** (0.2 mmol) and Hantzsch ester (0.3 mmol) in DMSO (1.0 mL) at 100 °C for 5 min. ^b Isolated yield obtained by silica gel column chromatography.

Table S2 Optimization of conditions for the formation of 18^a

	Bn 1	HE (1.5 equiv)	O_2N N Bn Bn 18	
entry	solvent	temperature	time	Yield $(\%)^b$
1	toluene	100	10 min	14
2	CHCl ₃	70	5 min	40
3	<i>i</i> -PrOH	80	5 min	37
4	CH ₃ CO ₂ Et	70	5 min	19
5	THF	80	10 min	46
6	Et ₂ O	25	36 h	74

^{*a*} Unless otherwise noted, the reactions were performed using pyridinium salt **1** (0.2 mmol), and Hantzsch ester (0.3 mmol) in solvent (1.0 mL). ^{*b*} Isolated yield obtained by silica gel column chromatography.

4. Experimental data for the formation of products 18-26



General procedure: To a 5.0 mL vial were successively added pyridinium salts (0.3 mmol), Hantzsch ester (0.45 mmol) and 1.0 mL of Et₂O. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature until the complete consumption of the pyridinium salts as monitored by thin layer chromatography. After removal of the solvent, the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using petroleum ether/ethyl acetate as the eluent to produce compounds **18-26**.



1,1'-Dibenzyl-5,5'-dinitro-1,1',2,3,4,4'-hexahydro-2,3'-bipyridine (18)

Yellow solid obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 3:1 to 2:1); 47.0 mg, 74% yield; reaction time = 36 h; mp 182.8-183.5 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 8.52 (s, 1H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 7.38-7.31 (m, 8H), 7.26 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.96 (s, 1H), 4.74-4.65 (m, 3H), 4.37 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (s, 1H), 3.18 (q, J = 20.0 Hz, 1H), 2.64 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 2H), 2.15-2.02 (m, 2H), 1.57-1.51 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 146.5, 140.7, 136.8, 136.1, 128.8, 128.8, 128.1, 128.0, 128.0, 127.5, 124.9, 121.3, 119.7, 118.2, 57.2, 56.9, 56.5, 24.3, 21.8, 17.7. IR (KBr) v 3426, 1609, 1281, 1191, 1087 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₄H₂₄N₄O₄Na [M+Na]⁺: 455.1695, found: 455.1692.



1,1'-Bis(3-methoxybenzyl)-5,5'-dinitro-1,1',2,3,4,4'-hexahydro-2,3'-bipyridine (19)

Red solid obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 3:1 to 2:1); 38.0 mg, 59% yield; reaction time = 57 h; mp 152.2-153.3 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 8.52 (s, 1H), 8.23 (s, 1H), 7.30-7.25 (m, 2H), 6.91-6.82 (m, 6H), 5.98 (s, 1H), 4.71-4.64 (m, 3H), 4.35 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (s, 1H), 3.74 (s, 6H), 3.19 (q, *J* = 20.0 Hz, 2H), 2.66 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1Hz, 1Hz) (s, 12.0 Hz, 1Hz) (s, 12.0 Hz) (s, 12.0 H

1H), 2.15-1.98 (m, 2H), 1.57-1.51 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 159.6, 159.6, 146.5, 140.7, 138.4, 137.7, 130.0, 129.9, 124.9, 121.4, 120.1, 119.7, 119.5, 118.2, 113.7, 113.5, 113.4, 113.1, 57.2, 56.9, 56.5, 55.1, 55.1, 24.4, 21.8, 17.7. IR (KBr) v 3068, 1608, 1299, 1190, 1090 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₆H₂₈N₄O₆Na [M+Na]⁺: 515.1907, found: 515.1912.



5,5'-Dinitro-1,1'-bis(4-nitrobenzyl)-1,1',2,3,4,4'-hexahydro-2,3'-bipyridine (20)

Red solid obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 2:1 to 1:1); 23.0 mg, 29% yield; reaction time = 41 h; mp 230.7-231.4 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 8.55 (s, 1H), 8.29 (s, 1H), 8.22 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 8.18 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.58 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 2H), 7.56 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 2H), 5.94 (s, 1H), 4.90-4.79 (m, 3H), 4.57 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (s, 1H), 3.20 (q, *J* = 20.0 Hz, 2H), 2.66-2.62 (m, 1H), 2.16-2.05 (m, 2H), 1.63-1.57 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 147.1, 146.7, 144.7, 144.3, 140.7, 129.0, 128.6, 124.7, 124.0, 123.9, 123.7, 121.8, 120.2, 118.2, 57.0, 56.4, 55.6, 24.2, 21.7, 17.7. IR (KBr) v 3079, 1612, 1521, 1297, 1184 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₄H₂₂N₆O₈Na [M+Na]⁺: 545.1397, found: 545.1401.



5-Nitro-1-(4-nitrobenzyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyridin-2-ol (21)

Light yellow solid obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 3:1 to 2:1); 11.0 mg, 13% yield; reaction time = 41 h; mp 159.5-160.6 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 8.41 (s, 1H), 8.23 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.54 (s, 1H), 4.86 (s, 2H), 4.71 (s, 1H), 2.74-2.68 (m, 1H), 2.53-2.43 (m, 1H), 1.98-1.90 (m, 1H), 1.66-1.57 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 147.0, 145.0, 129.0, 128.9, 123.8, 121.3, 76.2, 54.8, 27.2, 16.2. IR (KBr) v 3317, 1617, 1518, 1299, 1207 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₂H₁₄N₃O₅ [M+H]⁺: 280.0933, found: 280.0935.



1,1'-Diallyl-5,5'-dinitro-1,1',2,3,4,4'-hexahydro-2,3'-bipyridine (22)

Red solid obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 3:1 to 2:1); 42.0 mg, 84% yield; reaction time = 41 h; mp 157.1-157.9 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 8.35 (s, 1H), 8.07 (s, 1H), 5.88 (s, 2H), 5.81 (s, 1H), 5.24 (q, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 4H), 4.11 (s, 3H), 3.91 (s, 2H), 3.25 (q, *J* = 20.0 Hz, 2H), 2.69 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 2.17-2.10 (m, 2H), 1.65 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 146.2, 140.8, 133.8, 133.3, 124.6, 121.0, 119.4, 119.1, 118.3, 117.8, 56.9, 56.4, 55.5, 24.5, 21.5, 17.6. IR (KBr) v 3458, 1610, 1283, 1193 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₆H₂₀N₄O₄Na [M+Na]⁺: 355.1382, found: 355.1386.



1,1'-Bis((*E*)-4-bromobut-2-en-1-yl)-5,5'-dinitro-1,1',2,3,4,4'-hexahydro-2,3'-bipyridine (**23**) Yellow solid obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 2:1 to 1:1); 41.0 mg, 53% yield; reaction time = 49 h; mp 153.4-154.7 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 8.36 (s, 1H), 8.08 (s, 1H), 6.02-5.88 (m, 4H), 5.77 (s, 1H), 4.14-4.10 (m, 7H), 3.96-3.88 (m, 2H), 3.24 (q, *J* = 20.0 Hz, 2H), 2.70 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 2.20-2.08 (m, 2H), 1.66-1.59 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 146.0, 140.6, 131.0, 130.3, 130.0, 129.9, 124.4, 121.1, 119.6, 118.5, 56.9, 54.9, 53.9, 32.8, 32.6, 24.5, 21.4, 17.6. IR (KBr) v 3077, 1683, 1279, 1190, 973 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₈H₂₂N₄O₄NaBr₂ [M+Na]⁺: 538.9906, found: 538.9902.



1,1'-Bis(4-bromobutyl)-5,5'-dinitro-1,1',2,3,4,4'-hexahydro-2,3'-bipyridine (24)Yellow solid obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 3:1 to 2:1);

38.0 mg, 49% yield; reaction time = 44 h; mp 123.8-124.2 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 8.38 (s, 1H), 8.11 (s, 1H), 5.89 (s, 1H), 4.02 (s, 1H), 3.57-3.48 (m, 7H), 3.24 (s, 2H), 2.68 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 2.20-2.10 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.63 (m, 10H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 146.6, 140.8, 124.2, 120.6, 119.1, 118.5, 56.8, 53.3, 52.7, 34.5, 34.3, 29.3, 28.8, 28.0, 27.2, 24.4, 21.6, 17.7. IR (KBr) v 3456, 1611, 1276, 1178 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₈H₂₆N₄O₄NaBr₂ [M+Na]⁺: 543.0219, found: 543.0218.



1,1'-Dimethyl-5,5'-dinitro-1,1',2,3,4,4'-hexahydro-2,3'-bipyridine (25)

Red solid obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 3:1 to 2:1); 38.0 mg, 90% yield; reaction time = 34 h; mp 146.9-147.7 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 8.38 (s, 1H), 8.07 (s, 1H), 5.86 (s, 1H), 3.92 (s, 1H), 3.21 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 2H), 3.20 (s, 3H), 3.16 (s, 3H), 2.69-2.65 (m, 1H), 2.22-2.14 (m, 1H), 2.10-2.05 (m, 1H), 1.74-1.65 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 147.5, 141.6, 125.3, 120.2, 118.7, 118.1, 58.9, 39.9, 39.7, 24.3, 21.4, 17.4. IR (KBr) v 3443, 1617, 1281, 1192 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₂H₁₆N₄O₄Na [M+Na]⁺: 303.1069, found: 303.1068.



1,1'-Diethyl-5,5'-dinitro-1,1',2,3,4,4'-hexahydro-2,3'-bipyridine (26)

Red solid obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 2:1 to 1:1); 20.0 mg, 43% yield; reaction time = 34 h; mp 191.9-192.4 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 8.38 (s, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 5.92 (s, 1H), 4.05 (s, 1H), 3.57-3.43 (m, 3H), 3.29 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.24 (s, 2H), 2.71-2.67 (m, 1H), 2.20-2.09 (m, 2H), 1.67-1.58 (m, 1H), 1.18 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 3H), 1.11 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 146.3, 140.6, 124.0, 120.4, 119.0, 118.9, 56.6, 49.2, 48.9, 24.5, 21.7, 17.7, 15.1, 14.2. IR (KBr) v 3453, 1617, 1302, 1244, 1186 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₄H₂₀N₄O₄Na [M+Na]⁺: 331.1382, found: 331.1386.

5. Experimental data for the formation of 29 and 30



General procedure: To a 5.0 mL vial were successively added pyridinium salts (0.2 mmol), Hantzsch ester (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and 1.0 mL of DMSO. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 min. Then, water was added, and the reaction mixture was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 × 2.0 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄. After removal of the solvent, the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using petroleum ether/ethyl acetate as the eluent to produce compounds **29** and **30**.



1-Benzyl-3-nitro-1,4-dihydropyridine (29)

Red solid obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 12:1 to 10:1); 48.0 mg, 74% yield; reaction time = 15 min; mp 56.4-57.6 °C; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 8.26 (s, 1H), 7.39-7.33 (m, 5H), 6.10 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (t, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.64 (s, 2H), 3.32 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 141.6, 136.6, 128.8, 128.0, 127.8, 127.7, 120.7, 110.0, 56.5, 23.6. IR (KBr) v 1673, 1591, 1282, 1215 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₂H₁₂N₂O₂Na [M+Na]⁺: 239.0796, found: 239.0799.



3-Nitro-1-(4-nitrobenzyl)-1,4-dihydropyridine (30)

Yellow solid obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 4:1 to 3:1); 43.0 mg, 55% yield; reaction time = 15 min; mp 153.1-154.4 °C; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 8.29 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 8.25 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 2H), 6.11 (dd, $J_1 = 10.0$ Hz, $J_2 = 5.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.28-5.25 (m, 1H), 4.81 (s, 2H), 3.33-3.32 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 147.2, 144.5, 141.6, 128.7, 127.7, 123.9, 121.3, 110.1, 55.6, 23.5. IR (KBr) v 1672, 1599, 1522, 1332, 1216 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₂H₁₂N₃O₄ [M+H]⁺: 262.0828, found: 262.0829.

6. Methodology application

6.1 Scalable preparation of 2



General procedure for scalable preparation of 2: To a solution of 3-nitropyridinium salt 1 (1.18 g, 4.0 mmol) in DMSO (13 mL) was added Hantzsch ester (1.52 g, 6.0 mmol) successively. The reaction went completion within 10 min with stirring at 100 °C. After cooling down to room temperature, water was added, and the reaction mixture was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 . The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄. After removal of the solvent, the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using petroleum ether/ethyl acetate (4:1 to 3:1) as the eluent to produce compound **2** in 57% yield (0.71 g).

6.2 Derivation of 2



General procedure for the preparation of 27: To a 5.0 mL vial were successively added 2 (62.6 mg, 0.2 mmol), PCC (64.7 mg, 0.3 mmol) and 1.0 mL of CH_2Cl_2 . Then, the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature until complete consumption of 2 as monitored by thin layer chromatography. After 12 h, the reaction mixture was directly subjected to flash column chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether/ ethyl acetate) to afford the corresponding product 27 in 46% yield.

1-Benzyl-5-nitropyridin-2(1*H*)-one (27)

White solid obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 12:1 to 10:1); 21.0 mg, 46% yield; reaction time = 12 h; mp 104.2-104.5 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.59 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (dd, *J*₁ = 12.0 Hz, *J*₂ = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 7.40-7.32 (m, 5H), 6.57 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.4, 139.0, 134.3, 133.0, 130.8, 129.2, 128.8, 128.4, 119.6, 53.1. IR (KBr) v 3117, 1671, 1341, 1089 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₂H₁₁N₂O₃ [M+H]⁺: 231.0770, found: 231.0770.



General procedure for the preparation of 28: To a 5.0 mL vial were successively added 2 (62.6 mg, 0.2 mmol), TFA (29.7 μ L, 0.4 mmol) and 1.0 mL of CH₂Cl₂. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature until complete consumption of 2 as monitored by thin layer chromatography. After 4 h, the reaction mixture was directly subjected to flash column chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether/ ethyl acetate) to afford the corresponding product 28 in 61% yield.



1-Benzyl-3-bromo-5-nitro-1,4-dihydropyridine (28)

Yellow solid obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 15:1 to 12:1); 36.0 mg, 61% yield; reaction time = 4 h; mp 98.7-99.5 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.81 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.27 (m, 3H), 7.14 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.09 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.38 (s, 2H), 3.68 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 138.6, 134.4, 129.3, 128.9, 127.5, 127.3, 121.9, 107.0, 58.4, 33.2. IR (KBr) v 3024, 1667, 1600, 1303, 1191, 1095 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₂H₁₁N₂O₂NaBr [M+Na]⁺: 316.9902, found: 316.9903.

7. Crystal structures

7.1 Crystal structure of 3

Preparation of the single crystals of **3**: 15.0 mg of pure compound **3** was dissolved in the combined solvents of dichloromethane and methanol (2 mL, v/v = 1:1) at room temperature. The bottle was sealed by a piece of plastic film with several tiny holes, thus allowing slow evaporation of the solvents at room temperature. After about five days, several small particles were observed at the bottom of the bottle. The crystals were chosen and subjected to the single crystal X-ray diffraction analysis for the determination of the structure and relative configuration of **3**. The data

were collected by SuperNova, Dual, Cu at zero, AtlasS2 diffractometer at 220.00(10) K.



Table S2. Crystal data and structure refinement for 3.

Identification code	3
Empirical formula	$C_{13}H_{15}BrN_2O_4$
Formula weight	343.18
Temperature/K	220.00(10)
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	C2/c
a/Å	19.5005(19)
b/Å	7.9603(6)
c/Å	18.992(2)
α/°	90
β/°	110.951(13)
$\gamma^{/\circ}$	90
Volume/Å ³	2753.2(5)
Z	8
$\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$	1.656
µ/mm ⁻¹	3.001
F(000)	1392.0
Crystal size/mm ³	$0.14 \times 0.12 \times 0.1$
Radiation	Mo K α ($\lambda = 0.71073$)
2Θ range for data collection	^{/°} 4.474 to 49.994
Index ranges	$-17 \le h \le 23, -9 \le k \le 7, -22 \le l \le 22$
Reflections collected	5471

 Independent reflections
 2432 [$R_{int} = 0.0267, R_{sigma} = 0.0390$]

 Data/restraints/parameters
 2432/0/183

 Goodness-of-fit on F²
 1.069

 Final R indexes [I>=2 σ (I)]
 $R_1 = 0.0365, wR_2 = 0.0771$

 Final R indexes [all data]
 $R_1 = 0.0543, wR_2 = 0.0853$

Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å $^{-3}$ 0.65/-0.25

7.2 Crystal structure of 9

Preparation of the single crystals of **9**: 28.0 mg of pure compound **9** was dissolved in the combined solvents of dichloromethane and methanol (2.0 mL, v/v = 1:1) at room temperature. The bottle was sealed by a piece of plastic film with several tiny holes, thus allowing slow evaporation of the solvents at room temperature. After one day, several small particles were observed at the bottom of the bottle. The crystals were chosen and subjected to the single crystal X-ray diffraction analysis for the determination of the structure and relative configuration of **9**. The data were collected on a SuperNova, Dual, Cu at zero, AtlasS2 diffractometer. The crystal was kept at 150.00(10) K during data collection.



Table S3. Crystal data and structure refinement for 9.

Identification code	9
Empirical formula	$C_{13}H_{13}BrN_2O_3$
Formula weight	325.16
Temperature/K	150.00(10)
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	P21/c
a/Å	10.5757(3)

b/Å	12.8565(3)		
c/Å	10.0965(3)		
$\alpha/^{\circ}$	90		
β/°	111.417(3)		
γ/°	90		
Volume/Å ³	1277.99(7)		
Z	4		
$\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$	1.690		
µ/mm ⁻¹	4.455		
F(000)	656.0		
Crystal size/mm ³	$0.14 \times 0.12 \times 0.11$		
Radiation	Cu Ka ($\lambda = 1.54184$)		
20 range for data collection/° 8.982 to 147.142			
Index ranges	$-8 \le h \le 12, -14 \le k \le 15, -12 \le l \le 9$		
Reflections collected	4547		
Independent reflections	2498 [$R_{int} = 0.0497, R_{sigma} = 0.0461$]		
Data/restraints/parameters	2498/0/172		
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.038		
Final R indexes [I>= 2σ (I)]	$R_1 = 0.0681, wR_2 = 0.2046$		
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0706, wR_2 = 0.2098$		
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³ 1.34/-1.96			

7.3 Crystal structure of 10

Preparation of the single crystals of 10: 15.0 mg of pure compound 10 was dissolved in the combined solvents of dichloromethane and methanol (1.5 mL, v/v = 2:1) at room temperature. The bottle was sealed by a piece of plastic film with several tiny holes, thus allowing slow evaporation of the solvents at room temperature. After two days, several small particles were observed at the bottom of the bottle. The crystals were chosen and subjected to the single crystal X-ray diffraction analysis for the determination of the structure and relative configuration of 10. The data were

collected on a SuperNova, Dual, Cu at zero, AtlasS2 diffractometer. The crystal was kept at 200.00(10) K during data collection.



Identification code	10	
Empirical formula	$C_{10}H_{15}BrN_2O_3S$	
Formula weight	323.21	
Temperature/K	200.00(10)	
Crystal system	monoclinic	
Space group	P2 ₁ /c	
a/Å	7.8851(8)	
b/Å	16.802(2)	
c/Å	10.6416(9)	
α/°	90	
β/°	111.647(11)	
$\gamma/^{\circ}$	90	
Volume/Å ³	1310.4(3)	
Z	4	
$\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$	1.638	
µ/mm ⁻¹	3.295	
F(000)	656.0	
Crystal size/mm ³	$0.14 \times 0.13 \times 0.1$	
Radiation	Mo Ka ($\lambda = 0.71073$)	
2Θ range for data collection/° 4.778 to 49.998		

Table S4.	Crystal	data	and	structure	refinement	for	10.
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Index ranges	$-9 \le h \le 9, -19 \le k \le 17, -10 \le l \le 12$
Bes	<u> </u>

Reflections collected	6558	
Independent reflections	2256 [$R_{int} = 0.0297$, $R_{sigma} = 0.0374$]	
Data/restraints/parameters	2256/20/166	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.024	
Final R indexes $[I \ge 2\sigma(I)]$	$R_1 = 0.0342, wR_2 = 0.0705$	
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0505, wR_2 = 0.0762$	
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³ 0.56/-0.30		

7.4 Crystal structure of 18

Preparation of the single crystals of **18**: 28.0 mg of pure compound **18** was dissolved in the combined solvents of dichloromethane and methanol (2.0 mL, v/v = 1:1) at room temperature. The bottle was sealed by a piece of plastic film with several tiny holes, thus allowing slow evaporation of the solvents at room temperature. After about half a day, several small particles were observed at the bottom of the bottle. The crystals were chosen and subjected to the single crystal X-ray diffraction analysis for the determination of the structure and relative configuration of **18**. The data were collected by a Bruker D8 VENTURE PHOTON II CCD diffractometer at 149.99(10) K.



Table S5. Crystal data and structure refinement for 18.

Identification code	18
Empirical formula	$C_{24}H_{24}N_4O_4$
Formula weight	432.47
Temperature/K	149.99(10)
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	P2 ₁
a/Å	8.7417(2)
b/Å	13.7590(2)

c/Å	9.4773(2)	
α/°	90	
β/°	112.031(2)	
γ/°	90	
Volume/Å ³	1056.67(4)	
Z	2	
$\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$	1.359	
µ/mm ⁻¹	0.772	
F(000)	456.0	
Crystal size/mm ³	$0.14 \times 0.12 \times 0.1$	
Radiation	$Cu K\alpha (\lambda = 1.54184)$	
20 range for data collection/° 10.068 to 147.04		
Index ranges	$-10 \le h \le 10, -12 \le k \le 16, -10 \le l \le 11$	
Reflections collected	4080	
Independent reflections	2982 [$R_{int} = 0.0195, R_{sigma} = 0.0279$]	
Data/restraints/parameters	2982/1/298	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.054	
Final R indexes [I>= 2σ (I)]	$R_1 = 0.0315, wR_2 = 0.0833$	
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0320, wR_2 = 0.0838$	
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³ 0.18/-0.18		
Flack parameter	0.58(15)	

7.5 Crystal structure of 27

Preparation of the single crystals of 27: 21.0 mg of pure compound 27 was dissolved in the combined solvents of chloroform and methanol (1.5 mL, v/v = 2:1) at room temperature. The bottle was sealed by a piece of plastic film with several tiny holes, thus allowing slow evaporation of the solvents at room temperature. After about two days, several small particles were observed at the bottom of the bottle. The crystals were chosen and subjected to the single crystal X-ray diffraction analysis for the determination of the structure of 27. The data were collected by

a XtaLAB AFC12 (RINC): Kappa single diffractometer at 100.00(10) K.



e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
Identification code	27
Empirical formula	$C_{24}H_{20}N_4O_6$
Formula weight	460.44
Temperature/K	100.00(10)
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	P2 ₁ /c
a/Å	12.1802(2)
b/Å	11.8247(2)
c/Å	14.6931(3)
α/°	90
β/°	90.067(2)
γ/°	90
Volume/Å ³	2116.21(7)
Z	4
$ ho_{calc}g/cm^3$	1.445
µ/mm ⁻¹	0.886
F(000)	960.0
Crystal size/mm ³	$0.14 \times 0.12 \times 0.11$
Radiation	Cu Kα (λ = 1.54184)
20 range for data collection/	°7.258 to 143.812
Index ranges	$-14 \le h \le 14, -14 \le k \le 14, -17 \le l \le 12$
Reflections collected	18367

Table S6. Crystal data and structure refinement for 2	7.
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Independent reflections $4023 \ [R_{int} = 0.0535, R_{sigma} = 0.0464]$

Data/restraints/parameters 4023/0/307

 $Goodness-of-fit \ on \ F^2 \qquad \qquad 1.053$

Final R indexes $[I \ge 2\sigma(I)]$ R₁ = 0.0410, wR₂ = 0.1063

Final R indexes [all data] $R_1 = 0.0482, wR_2 = 0.1115$

Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å⁻³ 0.19/-0.25

8. NMR spectra



¹³C NMR spectrum of **2** (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6)



¹H NMR spectrum of **2** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6)



¹³C NMR spectrum of **3** (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6)



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¹H NMR spectrum of **4** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)







¹H NMR spectrum of **5** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)

















¹H NMR spectrum of 7 (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



¹³C NMR spectrum of 8 (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6)



¹H NMR spectrum of 8 (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6)



¹H NMR spectrum of **9** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6)

¹³C NMR spectrum of 9 (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6)





¹H NMR spectrum of **10** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)











¹H NMR spectrum of **13** (500 MHz, CDCl₃)



¹³C NMR spectrum of **14** (100 MHz, CDCl₃)



¹H NMR spectrum of **14** (400 MHz, CDCl₃)





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¹H NMR spectrum of **16** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)







¹³C NMR spectrum of **17** (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



¹H NMR spectrum of **17** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



¹H NMR spectrum of **18** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)











¹H NMR spectrum of **19** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



¹H NMR spectrum of **20** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)







¹H NMR spectrum of **21** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)







¹H NMR spectrum of **22** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)







¹H NMR spectrum of **23** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)







¹H NMR spectrum of **24** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)







¹H NMR spectrum of **25** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)

¹³C NMR spectrum of **25** (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)





¹H NMR spectrum of **26** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)







¹H NMR spectrum of **27** (400 MHz, CDCl₃)







¹H NMR spectrum of **28** (400 MHz, CDCl₃)







S52



210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10 -2 fl (ppm)