

Implementation of micelle enabled C(sp²)-C(sp³) cross-electrophile coupling in pharmaceutical synthesis

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Materials and Methods

General. All chemicals, reagents, and solvents were purchased from commercial sources and were used without further purification unless otherwise noted. ^1H NMR data are reported relative to residual solvent signals and are reported as follows: chemical shift (δ ppm), multiplicity, coupling constant (Hz), and integration. The multiplicities are denoted as follows: s, singlet; d, doublet; t, triplet; q, quartet; m, multiplet; br, broad. ^1H NMR and ^{13}C NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker spectrometer at frequencies of 400 and 100 MHz respectively, using $\text{DMSO-}d^6$. Unless otherwise notice, the ^1H NMR experiments are performed at room temperature (298 K) and 16 times of scans by default; the ^{13}C NMR experiments are performed at room temperature (298 K) and 1024 times of scans by default. HRMS were obtained on Waters ACQUITY UPLC/Xevo G2 QTOF SYSTEM. UPLC analysis was performed on Agilent 1290 Infinity LC System.

Materials. Unless otherwise noted, commercial reagents were purchased from Aldrich, J&K Scientific Ltd., and other commercial suppliers and were used as received.

General procedure

Preparation of the catalyst/ligand solution: In reactor A was added $\text{Ni}(\text{OAc})_2 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (35 g, 5 mol%), 3,4,7,8-tetramethyl-1,10-phenanthroline (40 g, 6 mol%) and exchanged with N_2 atmosphere for three times. 2 wt% aqueous TPGS-750-M (4 kg) was added. The resulting mixture was stirred at 45 °C for 30 min to obtain a clear pink solution to be directly used in the following step.

General procedure for the reaction: In reactor B was added Me-THF (5.5 kg), 2 wt% aqueous TPGS-750-M (2 kg) and bubbling with N_2 for 60 mins. 1-benzyl-4-iodopiperidine-HCl salt **2a** (1.4 kg, 1.5 equiv.) was added followed by DIPEA (1.1 kg, 3 equiv.), and the resulting mixture was stirred at 45 °C for 3 h. Then 5-bromophthalide **1a** (0.6 kg, 1 equiv.), Cu_2O (6 g, 0.15 mol%) were added and the mixture was stirred at this temperature for 10 mins. The pre-mixed catalyst solution in reactor A was transferred to reactor B and zinc (0.46 kg, 2.5 equiv.) was added (Note: Thermal release was observed and adding zinc in portions is highly recommended). The resulting mixture was stirred at 45 °C for 16 h and the progress was monitored by HPLC analysis. Upon reaction completion, the zinc dust was removed by filtration via MCC (0.6 kg) and washed with additional Me-THF (2.6 kg). A two-layer solution was collected and layer separation to collect upper organic layer. The organic layer was concentrated (~6 kg distilled out) and to this reactor was added i-PrOH (2.8 kg). Continue to distill out 1.7 kg of organic solvent and raise the internal temperature to 70 °C to obtain a light brown clean solution. Water (10.5 kg) was added slowly during 2 h and stirred at this temperature for 1 h. The temperature was cooled to 20 °C over 3 h and stirred at this temperature for 10 h to obtain a suspension. Filtration to get the wet cake and drying under vacuum to obtain the desired product as a light brown solid.

Discovery and characterization of a selective IKZF2 glue degrader for cancer immunotherapy

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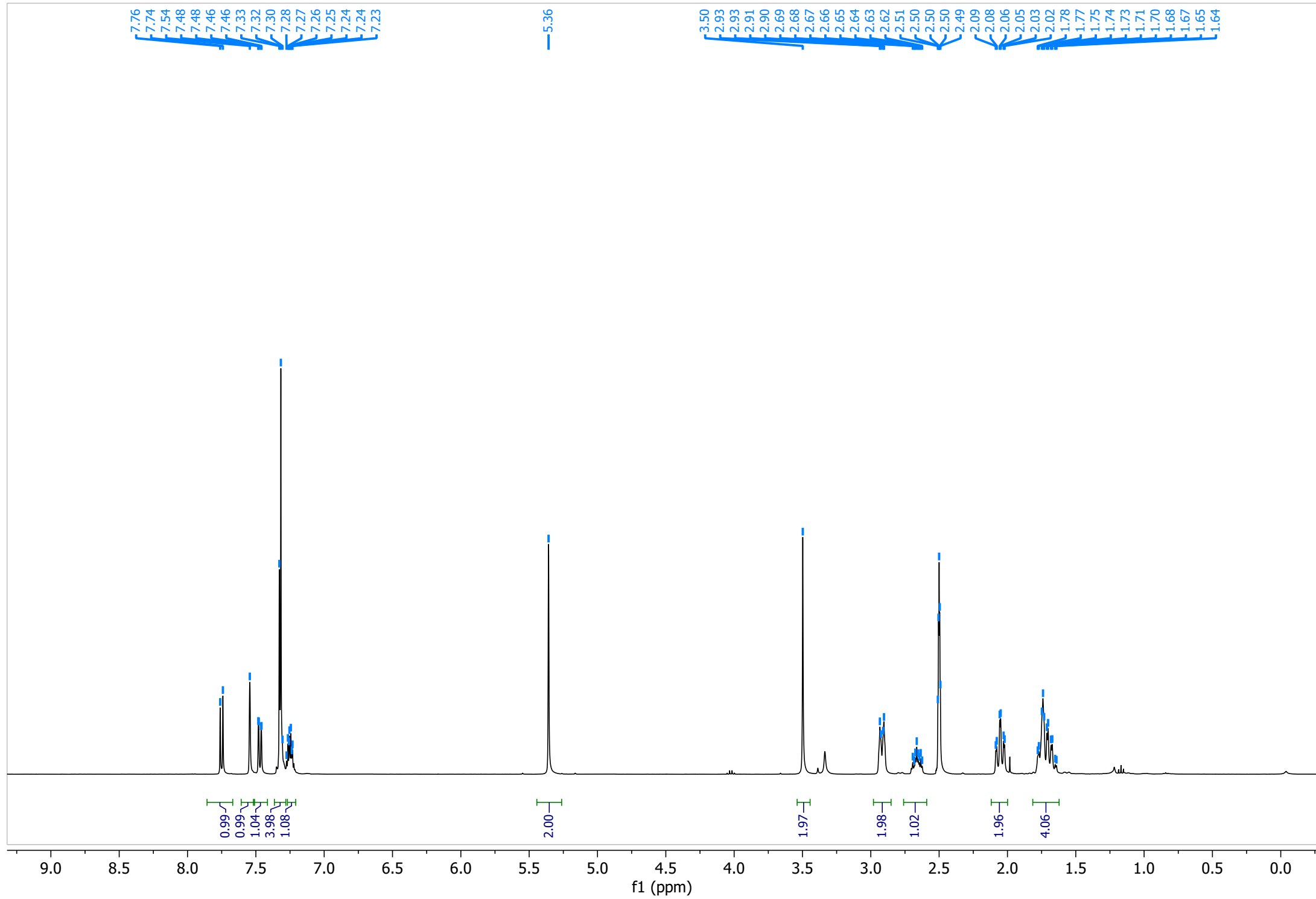
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1H NMR



¹³C NMR

