## Electronic Supplemental Information

Straight and Twisted Open Nodal-line Phonon States in CaI<sub>2</sub> Family of Materials

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Figure S1. Band structures of  $CaI_2$  (a),  $MgBr_2$  (b) and  $MgI_2$  (c). One can find  $CaI_2$ ,  $MgBr_2$  and  $MgI_2$  are semiconductors with an indirect gap 3.50 eV, a direct gap 4.23 eV and an indirect gap 3.53 eV, respectively.

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Figure S2. Phonon spectra of CaI<sub>2</sub> for the  $3 \times 3 \times 2$  supercell (a) and the  $3 \times 3 \times 3$  supercell (b).



Figure S3. The computed phonon spectra of  $CaI_2$  under -3% uniaxial strain on the *c* axis (a), +3% uniaxial strain on the *c* axis (b), -2% uniform strain (c) and + 2% uniform strain (d). The inset in (b) is an enlarge view for the rectangle.



Figure S4. The calculated phonon spectra, phonon DOS and surface states for  $MgBr_2$  (a-c) and  $MgI_2$  (d-f). The numbers 1, 2, 3 and 4 indicate four sets of open PWNLs. The blue lines in (b-c) and (e-f) indicate the phonon spectra along selected high symmetry lines. The black arrows in (c) and (f) indicate the surface states connecting to the projected PWNL3.



Figure S5. Bulk BZ with specific symmetry points and their projections on the (010) plane as well as the corresponding surface states along given paths for CaI<sub>2</sub>. Figure (a-b), (c-d), (e-f) and (g-h) correspond to the open PWNL1, 2, 3 and 4 (see Figure 2(a)), respectively. The red lines in the (010)-projected plane stand for the projections of the open PWNL1, 2, 3 and 4, respectively. The solid blue lines in the surface states indicate the phonon spectra along selected routes. The insets in (b) are enlarge views of the BCPs with linear dispersions.



Figure S6. The calculated surface states for MgBr<sub>2</sub> along similar routes in Figure S5 for PWNL1 (a), PWNL2 (b), PWNL3 (c), and PWNL4 (d), respectively. The solid blue lines illustrate the phonon spectra along selected routes.



Figure S7. The calculated surface states for  $MgI_2$  along analogous routes in Figure S5 for the open PWNL1 (a), PWNL2 (b), PWNL3 (c), and PWNL4 (d), respectively. The solid blue lines stand for the phonon spectra along selected routes.



Figure S8. The calculated phonon spectra based on the phononic tight-binding model, which is consistent with the first-principles calculations results (the highlighted red lines in Figure 2 (a))



Figure S9. (a) The phonon spectra for  $CaI_2$  in the range of 0-2.4 THz. The black rectangle and arrows indicate the PWNL along  $\Gamma$ -A. The inset is an enlarge view of the red rectangle where the red arrows stand for the BCPs along  $\Gamma$ -K and H-A. (b) The calculated surface states near 2 THz. The black arrows indicate the surface states stemming from PWNL along  $\Gamma$ -A. The red arrows indicate the surface states coming from the PWNL crosses  $\Gamma$ -K and H-A. The surface states from the PWNL along K-H are buried in the bulk states.

	Experi	mental <sup>1</sup>	PB	$BE^2$	vdW <sup>2</sup>		
Compound	а	С	а	С	а	С	
CaI <sub>2</sub>	4.490	6.975	4.543	7.881	4.478	7.022	
MgBr <sub>2</sub>	4.154	6.865	4.204	7.836	4.159	6.944	
MgI <sub>2</sub>	3.810	6.260	3.878	7.138	3.838	6.219	

Table 1. The experimental and calculate lattice parameters (in units of Å) by PBE and vdW corrections.

<sup>1</sup> References 1-3.

<sup>2</sup> Present work

Compound	$C_{II}$	$C_{12}$	<i>C</i> <sub>13</sub>	$C_{14}$	<i>C</i> <sub>33</sub>	<i>C</i> <sub>44</sub>	В	G	Ε	ν	B/G
CaI <sub>2</sub>	29.6	8.40	6.42	-1.66	15.68	3.91	12.40	6.40	16.38	0.280	1.937
MgBr <sub>2</sub>	60.80	18.28	8.91	-1.56	27.30	5.90	15.78	8.70	22.04	0.267	1.814
MgI <sub>2</sub>	45.99	13.64	5.58	-0.86	18.07	4.05	22.48	11.9	30.38	0.274	1.887
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Table 2. The calculated elastic constants  $C_{ij}$  (GPa), the bulk modulus B (GPa), the shear modulus G (GPa), Young's modulus E (GPa), Poisson's ratio  $\nu$  and Pugh's ratio B/G for CaI<sub>2</sub>, MgBr<sub>2</sub> and MgI<sub>2</sub>, respectively.

References

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