

Supplementary materials

Novel carbon allotropes in all-sp² bonding networks: Self-assembling design and first-principles calculations

Ying Ma,^a Pan Ying,^{a,b,*} Kun Luo,^a Yingju Wu,^{a,b} Baozhong Li,^a Qiaoyi Han,^a and Julong He^{a,*}

^aCenter for High Pressure Science (CHiPS), State Key Laboratory of Metastable Materials Science and Technology, Yanshan University, Qinhuangdao, 066004, China

^bKey Laboratory of Microstructural Material Physics of Hebei Province, School of Science, Yanshan University, Qinhuangdao 066004, China

*E-mail: hjl@ysu.edu.cn; yingpan@ysu.edu.cn

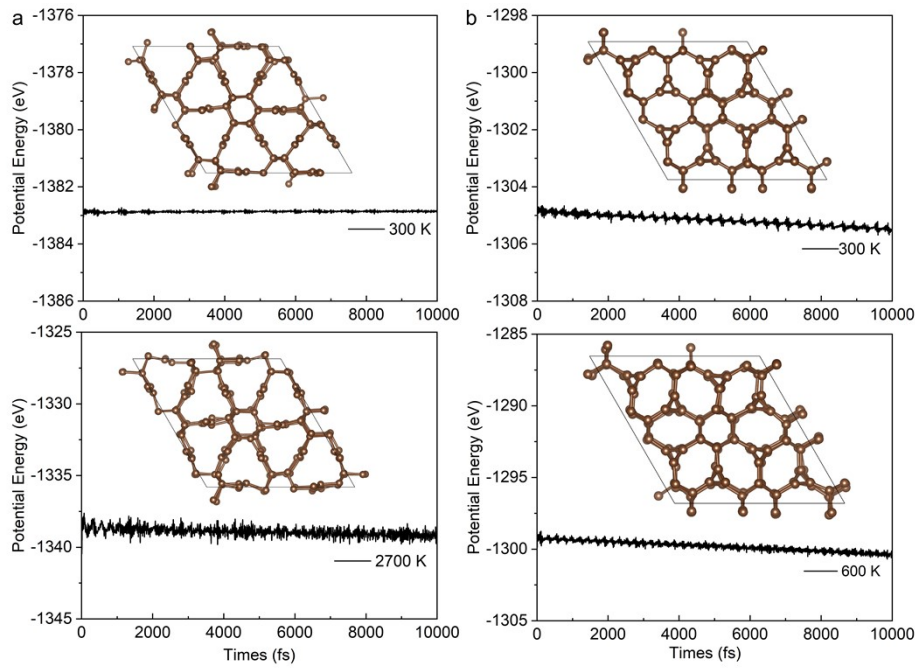


Figure S1. Total potential energy fluctuations of H61-carbon (a) and H62-carbon (b) during the MD simulations. The inset figures show the final structures after the MD simulations at different temperatures.

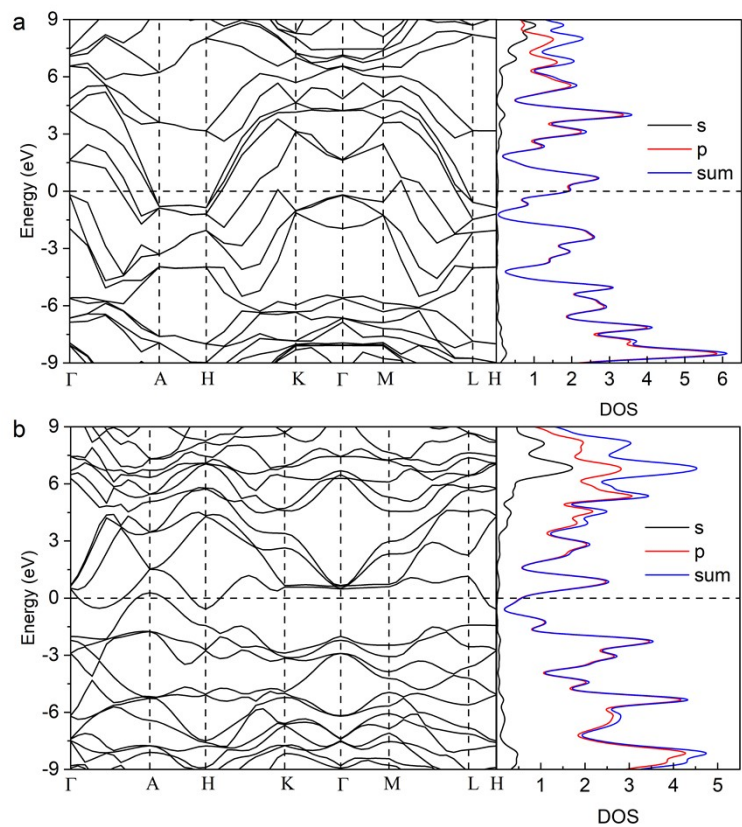


Figure S2. Electronic band structures and the density of states of H61-carbon (a) and H62-carbon (b) at ambient pressure using the HSE06.

Table S1. Calculated coulomb repulsion parameter μ , electron–phonon coupling constant λ , The logarithmic average frequency ω_{log} , and superconducting transition temperature T_c of $H6^1$ -carbon and $H6^2$ -carbon.

| μ | $H6^1$ -carbon | | | $H6^2$ -carbon | | |
|-------|----------------|----------------|--------|----------------|----------------|--------|
| | λ | ω_{log} | T_c | λ | ω_{log} | T_c |
| 0.08 | 0.57176 | 503.923 | 12.338 | 0.47293 | 771.988 | 10.182 |
| 0.09 | 0.57176 | 503.923 | 11.094 | 0.47293 | 771.988 | 8.760 |
| 0.10 | 0.57176 | 503.923 | 9.911 | 0.47293 | 771.988 | 7.452 |
| 0.11 | 0.57176 | 503.923 | 8.790 | 0.47293 | 771.988 | 6.260 |
| 0.12 | 0.57176 | 503.923 | 7.734 | 0.47293 | 771.988 | 5.184 |
| 0.13 | 0.57176 | 503.923 | 6.746 | 0.47293 | 771.988 | 4.225 |
| 0.14 | 0.57176 | 503.923 | 5.827 | 0.47293 | 771.988 | 3.382 |