

Supporting information for

Solar driven CO₂ hydrogenation to HCOOH on (TiO₂)_n (n = 1–6) clusters

Jiaqi Tian,^a Lei Hou,^a Weizhi Xia,^a Zi Wang,^a Yusong Tu,^a

Wei Pei,^{*a} Si Zhou,^b Jijun Zhao^c

^a*College of Physics Science and Technology, Yangzhou University, Yangzhou 225009, China.*

^b*School of Physics, South China Normal University, Guangzhou 510631, China*

^c*Key Laboratory of Structural Analysis for Industrial Equipment, Dalian University of Technology, Dalian 116024, China*

*Corresponding author. E-mail: pwei@yzu.edu.cn

Table S1. Key geometrical parameters of $(\text{TiO}_2)_n$ ($n = 1 - 6$) clusters including point group symmetry (sym.), average bond length ($d_{\text{Ti-O}}$), and the bond angle between Ti atoms and terminated O atoms ($\alpha_{\langle\text{Ti-O-Ti}\rangle}$) calculated by VASP and Gaussian 09 program.

system	sym.		$d_{\text{Ti-O}}$ (Å)		$\alpha_{\langle\text{Ti-O-Ti}\rangle}$ (°)	
	Gaussian 09	VASP	Gaussian 09	VASP	Gaussian 09	VASP
$(\text{TiO}_2)_1$	C_{2v}	C_{2v}	1.66	1.65	110.30	110.30
$(\text{TiO}_2)_2$	C_{2h}	C_{2h}	1.65	1.65	112.62	112.63
$(\text{TiO}_2)_3$	C_s	C_s	1.64	1.66	120.61	119.41
$(\text{TiO}_2)_4$	C_{2v}	C_{2v}	1.64	1.65	119.21	119.21
$(\text{TiO}_2)_5$	C_s	C_s	1.64	1.66	121.86	120.98
$(\text{TiO}_2)_6$	C_2	C_2	1.64	1.65	114.27	114.56

Table S2. The energy gap between HOMO and LUMO of $(\text{TiO}_2)_n$ ($n = 1 - 6$) clusters calculated by VASP and Gaussian 09 program based on PBE and HSE06 functional.

	VASP		Gaussian 09	
	PBE	HSE06	PBE	HSE06
$(\text{TiO}_2)_1$	2.07	3.64	2.26	3.78
$(\text{TiO}_2)_2$	2.89	4.79	3.12	4.84
$(\text{TiO}_2)_3$	1.58	3.32	1.83	3.56
$(\text{TiO}_2)_4$	2.95	4.87	2.78	4.92
$(\text{TiO}_2)_5$	2.67	4.52	2.72	4.63
$(\text{TiO}_2)_6$	2.48	4.36	2.50	4.48

Table S3. Gibbs free energy of CO₂ molecule on (TiO₂)_n (*n* = 1 – 6) clusters calculated by VASP and Gaussian 09 program.

Method		(TiO ₂) ₁	(TiO ₂) ₂	(TiO ₂) ₃	(TiO ₂) ₄	(TiO ₂) ₅	(TiO ₂) ₆
VASP	PBE	-0.54	-0.23	0.18	0.21	0.47	0.86
	PBE-D2	-0.60	-0.34	-0.08	-0.02	0.25	0.65
	PBE-D3	-0.68	-0.36	-0.10	0.03	0.33	0.65
	HSE06	-0.52	-0.22	0.18	0.23	0.45	0.82
	HSE06-D2	-0.58	-0.32	-0.10	-0.05	0.23	0.58
	HSE06-D3	-0.68	-0.34	-0.11	0.05	0.36	0.62
Gaussian	PBE	-0.48	-0.25	0.20	0.24	0.52	0.93
	PBE-D3	-0.62	-0.34	-0.06	0.03	0.23	0.54
	HSE06	-0.50	-0.22	0.21	0.26	0.54	0.93

(Unit: eV)

Table S4. Zero-point energy (ZPE) and entropic correction (TS) at $T=298.15$ K for the molecules of H_2 , H_2O , CO , CO_2 , $HCOOH$, CH_2O , CH_3OH , and CH_4 .

Species	ZPE (eV)	TS (eV)	ZPE- TS (eV)
H_2	0.29	0.41	-0.12
H_2O	0.60	0.59	0.01
CO	0.14	0.62	-0.48
CO_2	0.31	0.67	-0.45
$HCOOH$	0.92	1.02	-0.10
CH_2O	0.72	0.68	0.04
CH_3OH	1.39	0.79	0.60
CH_4	1.20	0.58	0.61

Table S5. Computational ZPE and TS at $T=298.15$ K for intermediate species involved in the CO_2 hydrogenation reaction on $(\text{TiO}_2)_4$ cluster, as a representative of $(\text{TiO}_2)_n$ ($n = 1-6$) clusters.

Species	ZPE (eV)	TS (eV)	ZPE- TS (eV)
* CO_2	0.31	0.14	0.15
* OOCH	0.58	0.22	0.36
* COOH	0.63	0.12	0.51
* CO	0.25	0.10	0.15
* HCOOH	0.89	0.25	0.64
* CHO	0.51	0.17	0.34
* CH_2O	0.79	0.15	0.64
* CH_2OH	1.13	0.28	0.85
* CH_2	0.72	0.16	0.58
* CH_3	0.98	0.14	0.84

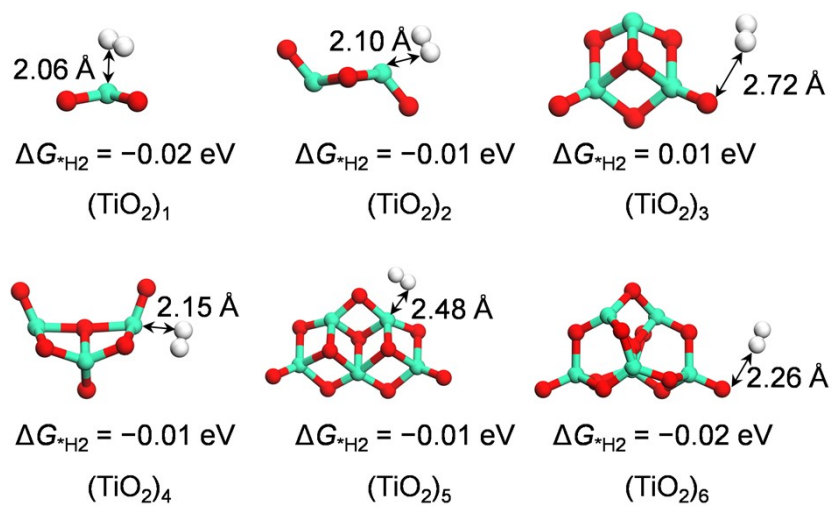


Fig. S1. The atomic configuration of a H_2 molecule on $(TiO_2)_n$ clusters. The minimum distance between H_2 and $(TiO_2)_n$ and corresponding Gibbs free energy of H_2 adsorption was shown.

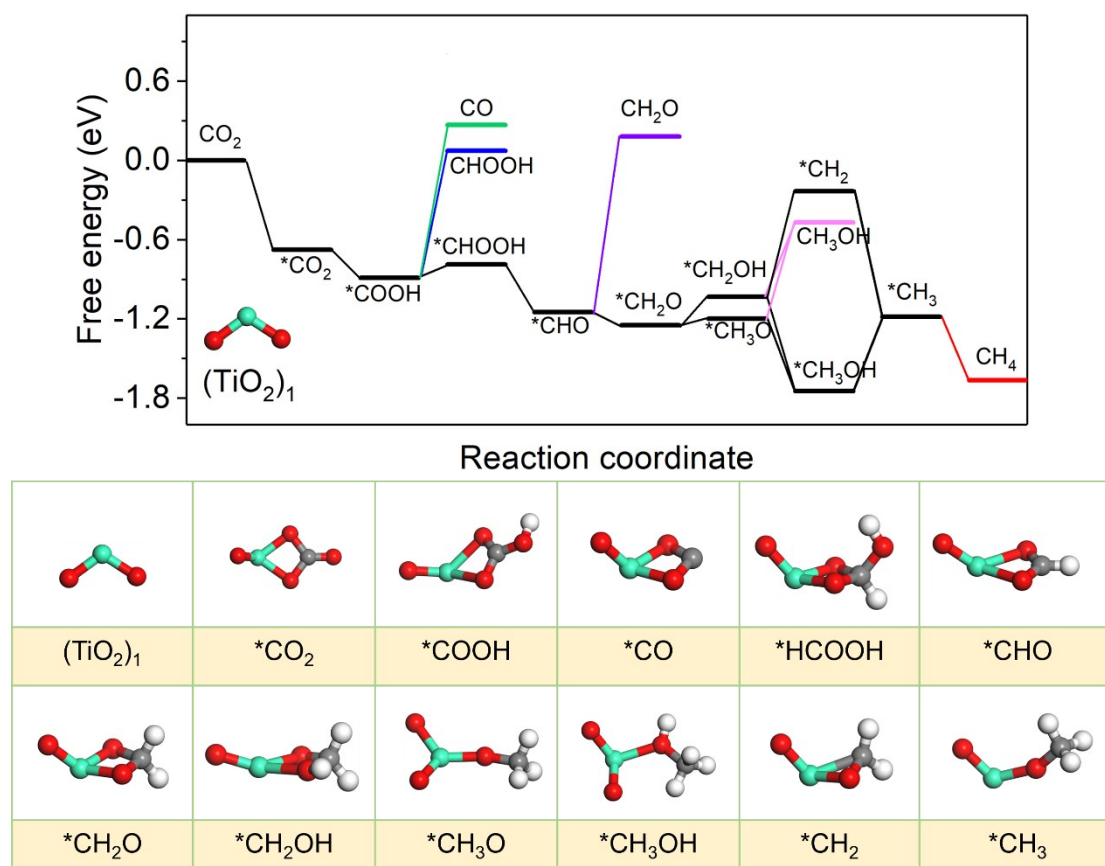


Fig. S2. The free energy profiles of CO₂ hydrogenation reaction on (TiO₂)₁ cluster and corresponding atomic structures of reaction intermediates. The Ti, O, C, and H atoms are shown in cyan, red, gray, and white colors, respectively.

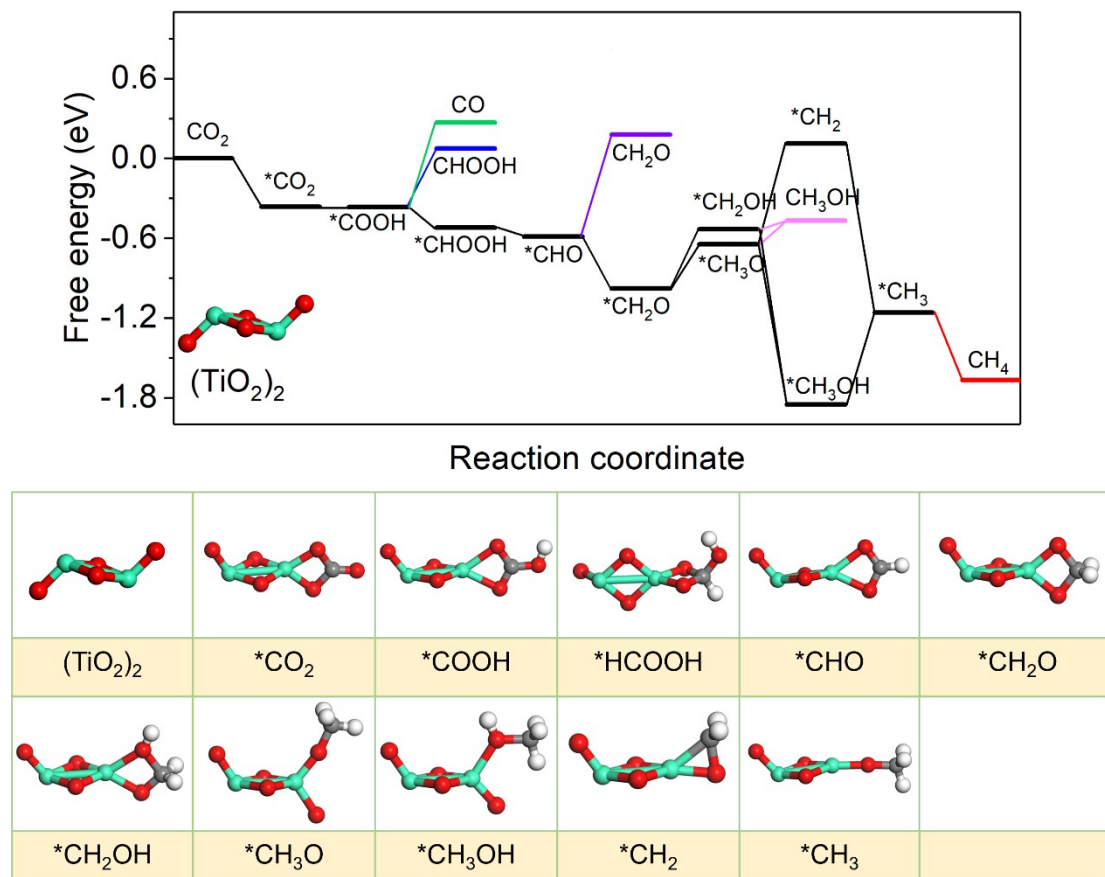


Fig. S3. The free energy profiles of CO₂ hydrogenation reaction on (TiO₂)₂ cluster and corresponding atomic structures of reaction intermediates. The Ti, O, C, and H atoms are shown in cyan, red, gray, and white colors, respectively.

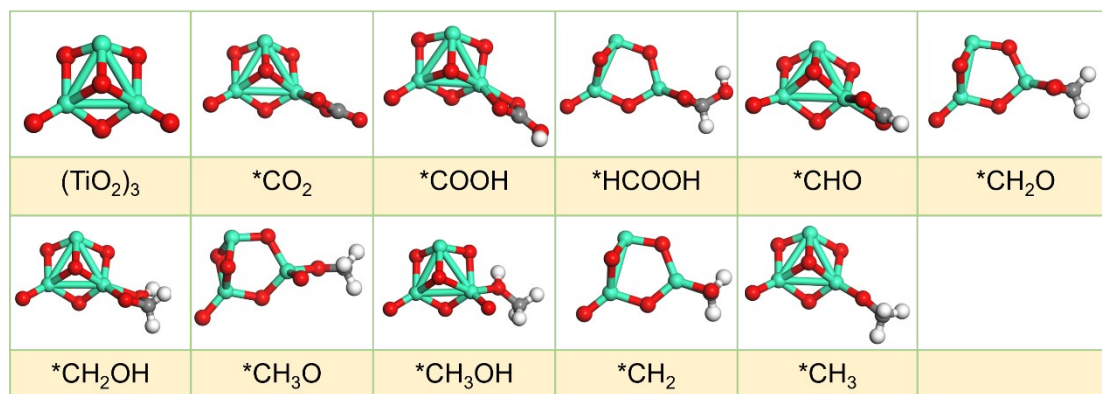
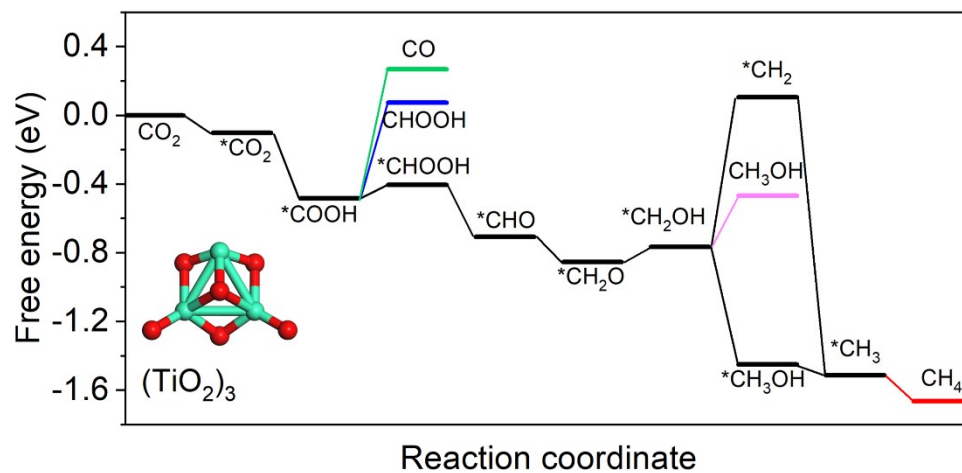


Fig. S4. The free energy profiles of CO₂ hydrogenation reaction on (TiO₂)₃ cluster and corresponding atomic structures of reaction intermediates. The Ti, O, C, and H atoms are shown in cyan, red, gray, and white colors, respectively.

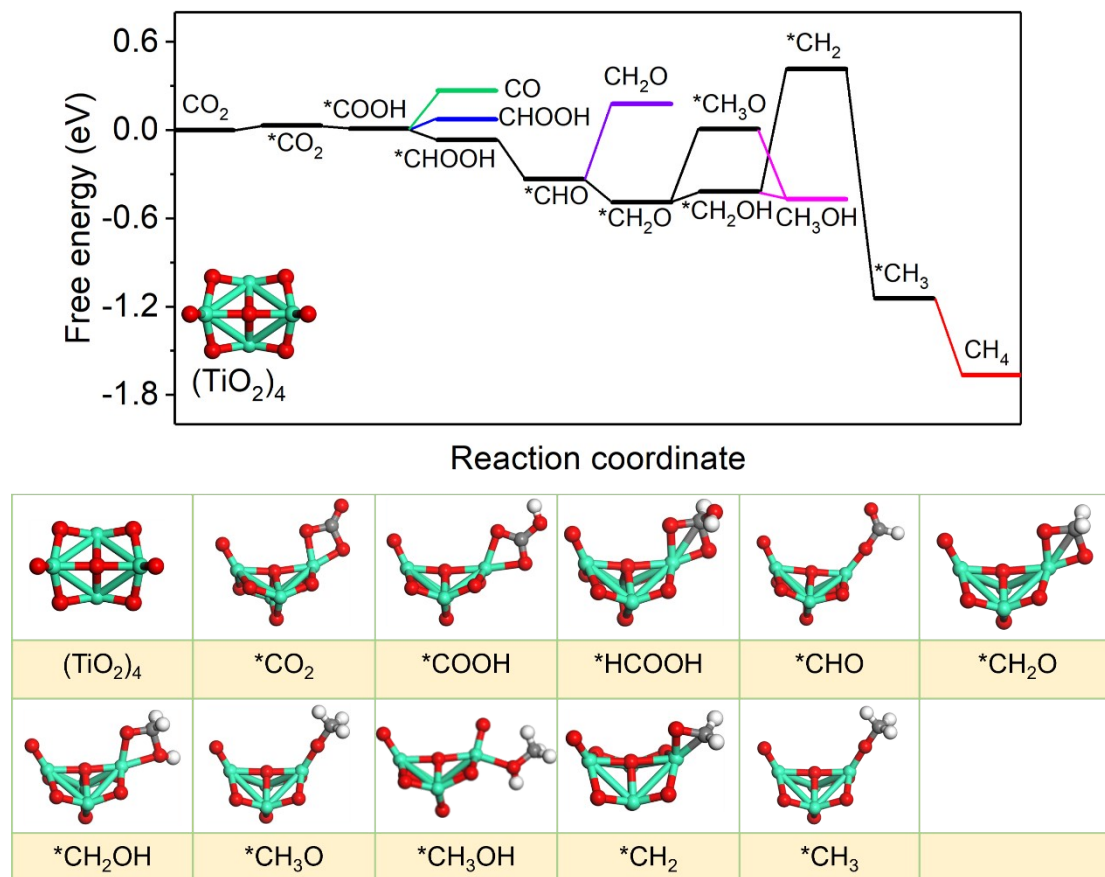


Fig. S5. The free energy profiles of CO₂ hydrogenation reaction on (TiO₂)₄ cluster and corresponding atomic structures of reaction intermediates. The Ti, O, C, and H atoms are shown in cyan, red, gray, and white colors, respectively.

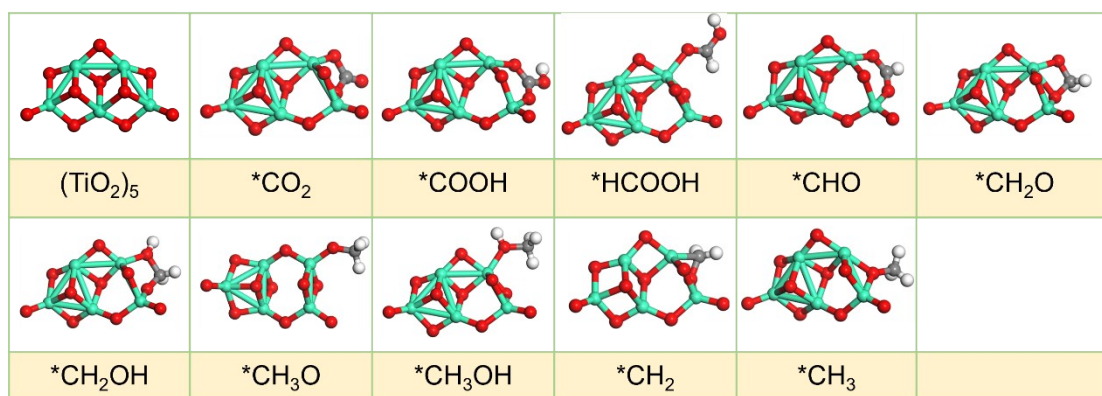
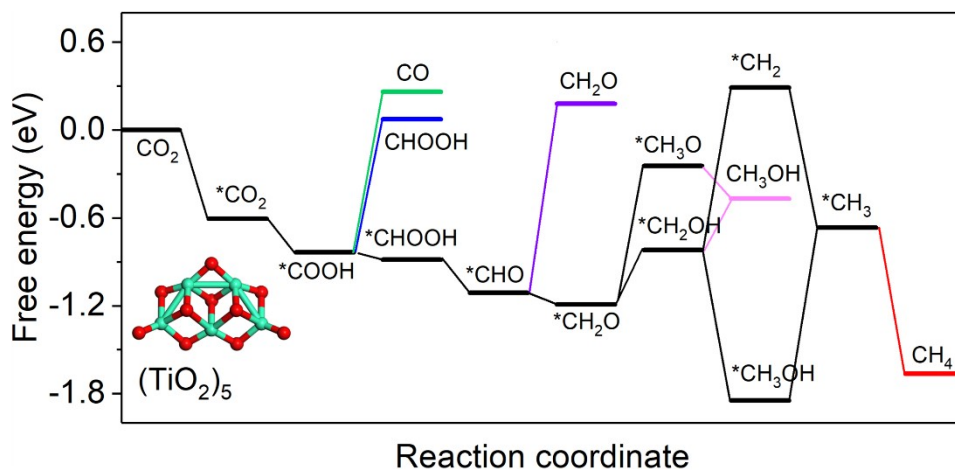


Fig. S6. The free energy profiles of CO₂ hydrogenation reaction on (TiO₂)₅ cluster and corresponding atomic structures of reaction intermediates. The Ti, O, C, and H atoms are shown in cyan, red, gray, and white colors, respectively.

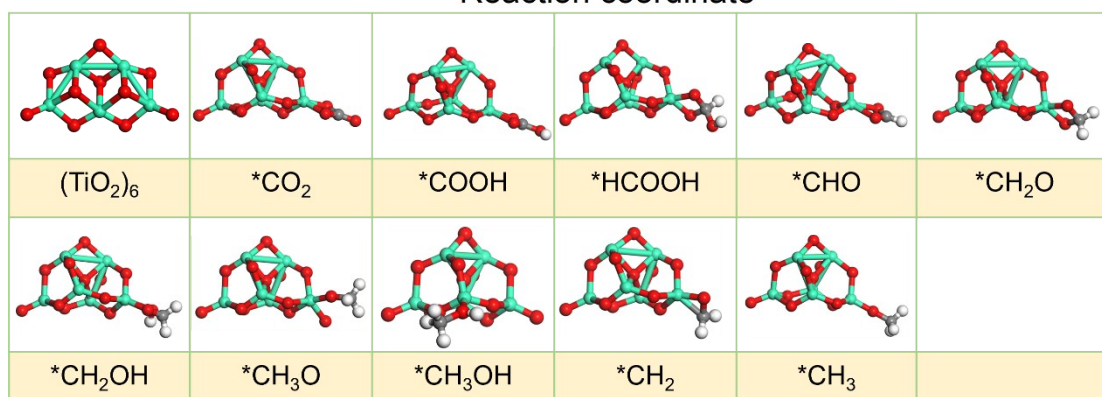
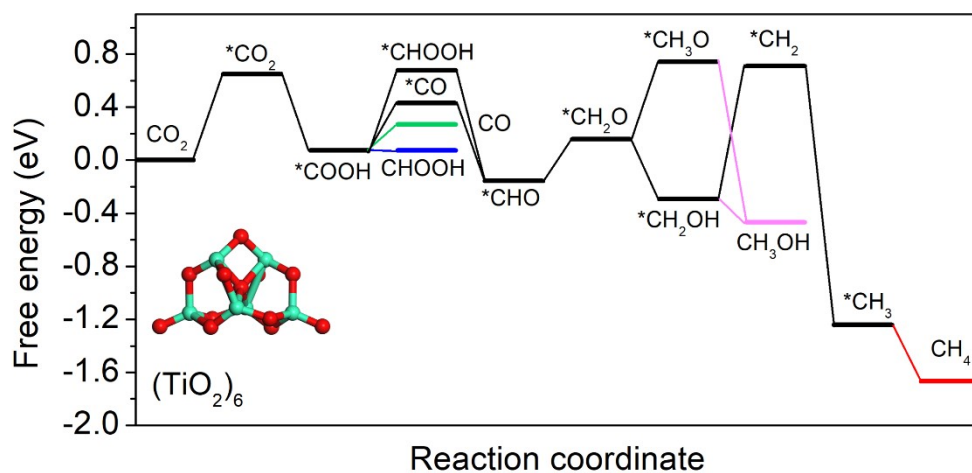


Fig. S7. The free energy profiles of CO₂ hydrogenation reaction on (TiO₂)₆ cluster and corresponding atomic structures of reaction intermediates. The Ti, O, C, and H atoms are shown in cyan, red, gray, and white colors, respectively.