

## Intrinsic electric conductivity study of perovskite powders $\text{MAPbX}_3$ ( $\text{X} = \text{I}, \text{Br}, \text{Cl}$ ) to investigate its effect on the photovoltaic performance.

Shafi Ullah<sup>1,\*</sup>, Andreu Andrio<sup>2</sup>, Julia Marí-Guaita<sup>1</sup>, Hanif Ullah<sup>3</sup>, Antonio Méndez-Blas<sup>4</sup>, Roxana M. del Castillo Vázquez<sup>5</sup>, Bernabé Mari<sup>1</sup>, Vicente Compañ<sup>6,\*</sup>

<sup>1</sup>*Instituto de diseño y Fabricación (IDF). Universitat Politècnica de València (UPV), Camino de Vera, s/n, 46022 Valencia, Spain.*

<sup>2</sup>*Departamento de Física Aplicada. Universitat Jaume I. Avda. Sos Baynat, s/n, 12080-Castellón de la Plana.*

<sup>3</sup>*Department of Electrical Engineering, Federal Urdu University (FUUAST) Islamabad, Pakistan.*

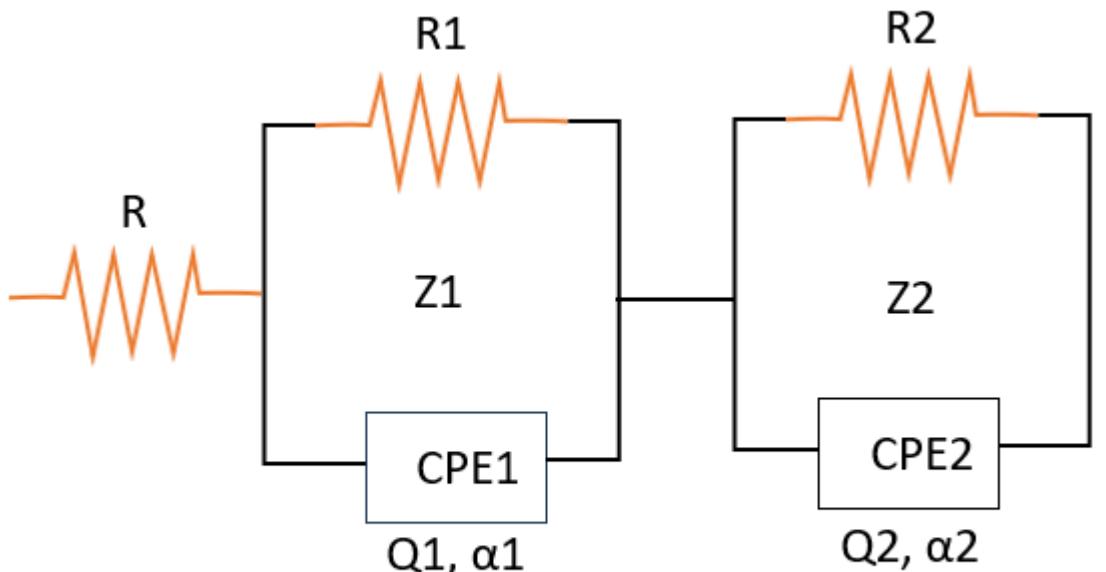
<sup>4</sup>*Instituto de Física, Benemérita Universidad Autónoma de Puebla, Apartado Postal J-48, Puebla, 72570, México.*

<sup>5</sup>*Departamento de Física, Facultad de Ciencias. Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México (UNAM). México D.F.*

<sup>6</sup>*Departamento de Termodinámica Aplicada (ETSI), Universitat Politècnica de València, Camino de Vera s/n, 46022 Valencia, Spain.*

\*Corresponding authors. [vicommo@ter.upv.es](mailto:vicommo@ter.upv.es) and [Shafi399@yahoo.com](mailto:Shafi399@yahoo.com);

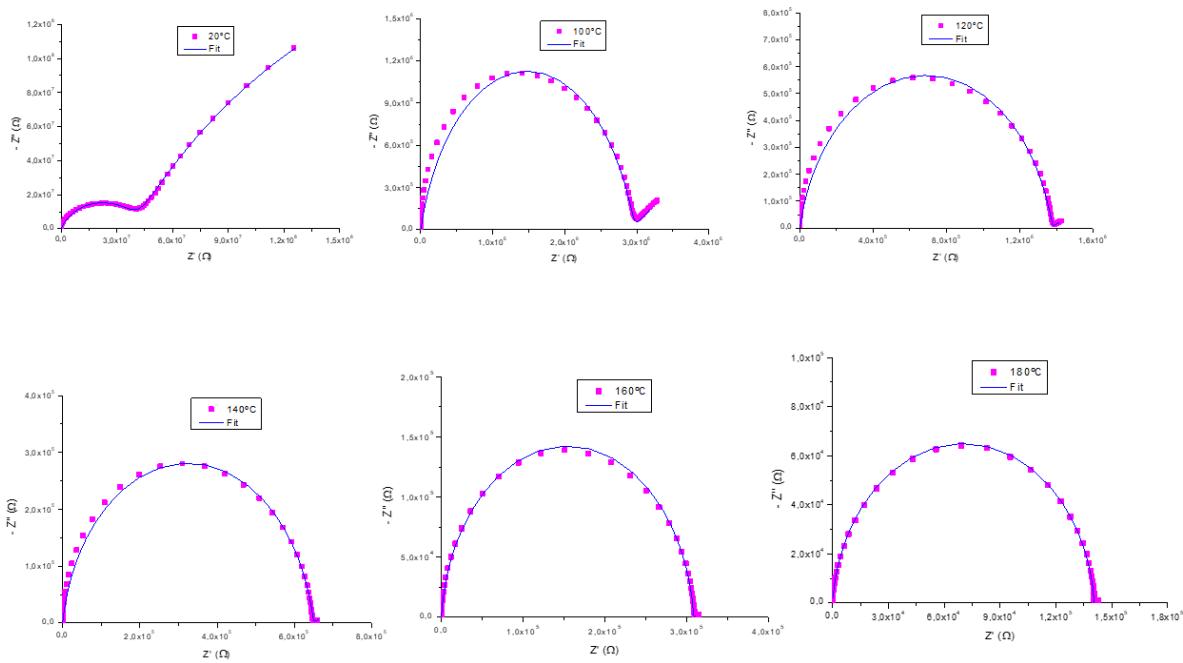
### Figures SI1, SI2, SI3, SI4, SI5 and SI6.



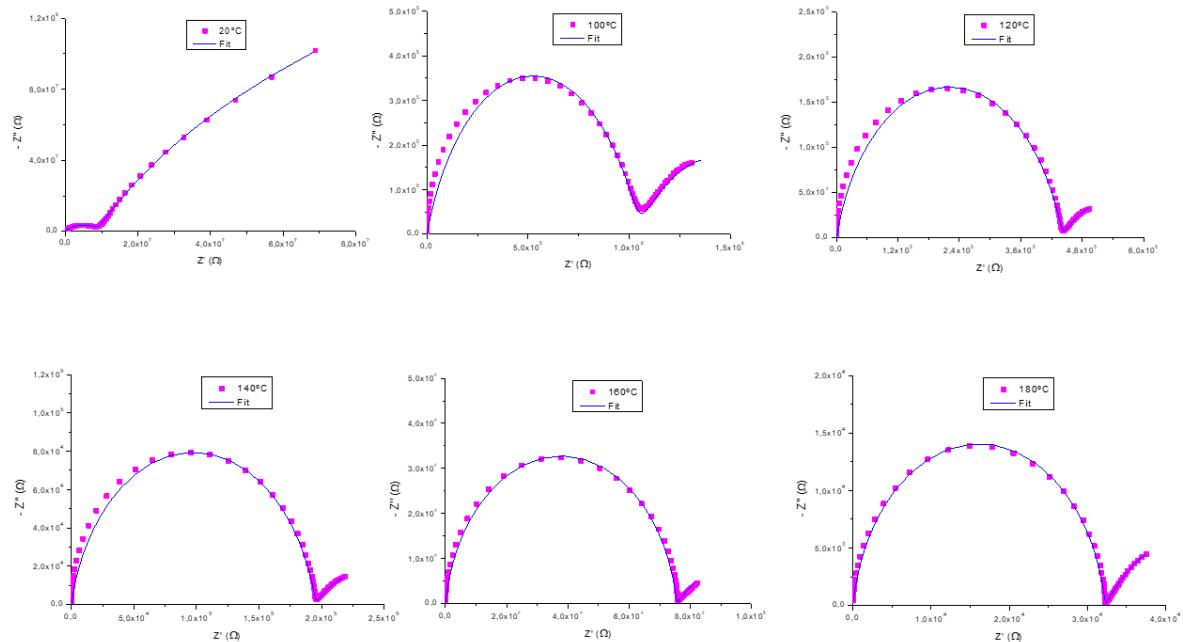
$$Z_1 = \frac{R_1}{1 + R_1 Q_1 (jw)^{\alpha_1}}$$

$$Z_2 = \frac{R_2}{1 + R_2 Q_2 (jw)^{\alpha_2}}$$

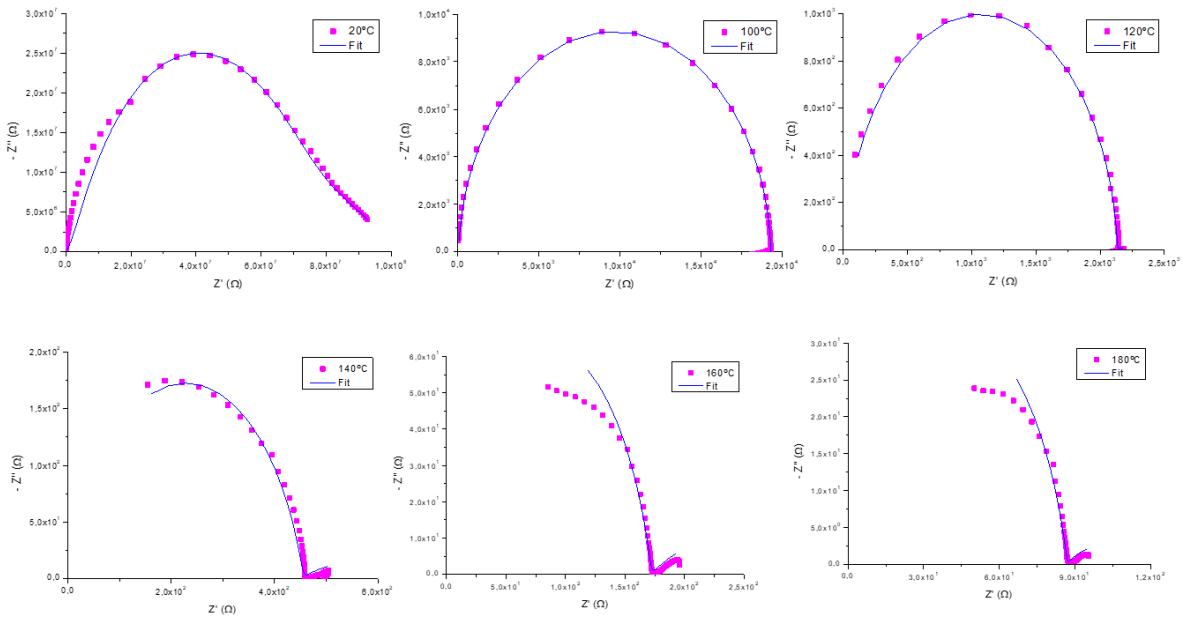
**Figure SI1.** The equivalent circuit formed by a parallel combination of two resistance and constant phase element impedance ( $R_1-\text{CPE1}$ ) and ( $R_2-\text{CPE2}$ ) circuits associated in series.



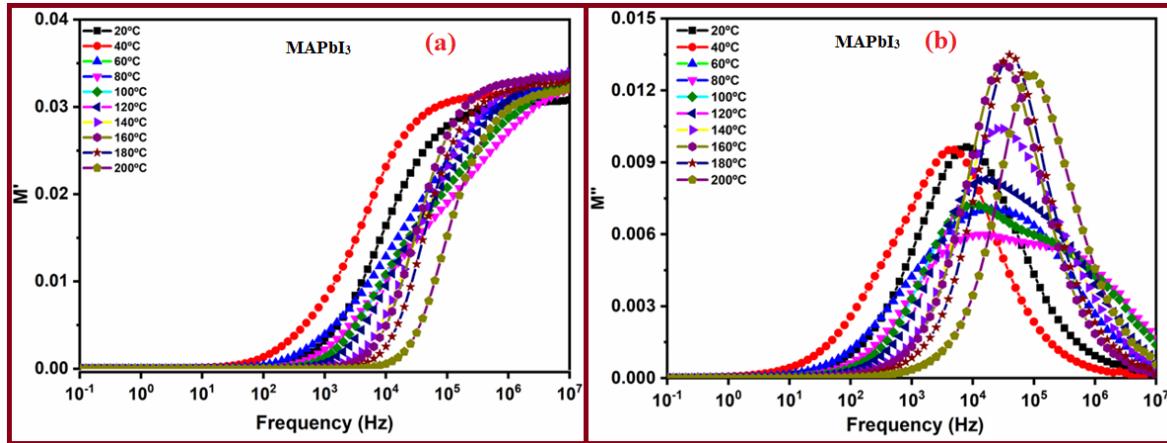
**Figure SI2.** Nyquist plots representing the complex impedance vs. real part of the impedance, at various temperatures (20°C, 100°C, 120°C, 140°C, 160°C and 180°C) for the MAPbBr<sub>3</sub>.



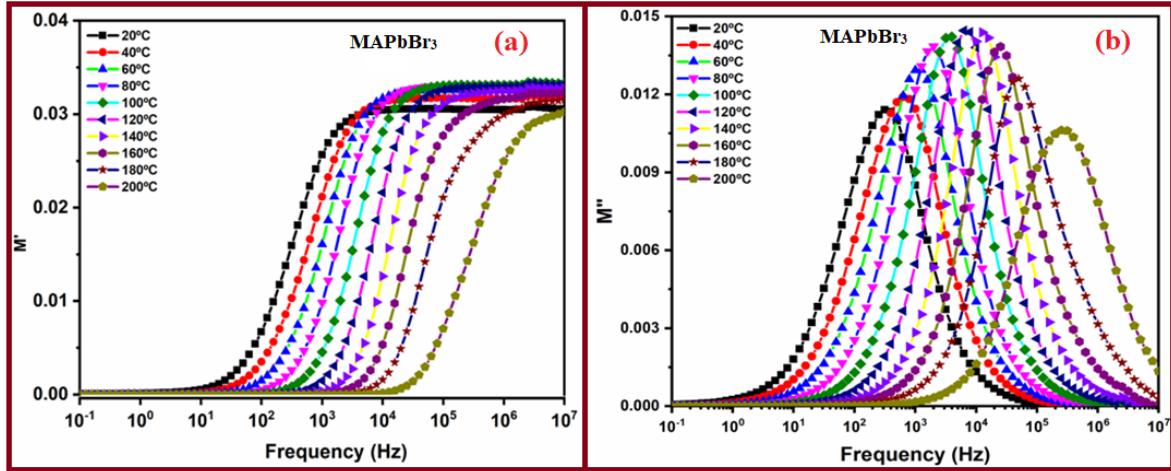
**Figure SI3.** Nyquist plots representing the complex impedance vs. real part of the impedance, at various temperatures (20°C, 100°C, 120°C, 140°C, 160°C and 180°C) for the MAPbCl<sub>3</sub>.



**Figure SI4.** Nyquist plots representing the complex impedance vs. real part of the impedance, at various temperatures (20°C, 100°C, 120°C, 140°C, 160°C and 180°C) for the MAPbI<sub>3</sub>.



**Figure SI5.** Real part  $M'$  (a) and imaginary part  $M''$  of the complex dielectric modulus as a function of the frequency measured at different temperatures for the perovskite MAPbI<sub>3</sub>.



**Figure SI6.** Real part  $M'$  (a) and imaginary part  $M''$  of the complex dielectric modulus as a function of the frequency measured at different temperatures for the perovskite MAPbBr<sub>3</sub>.