## Supporting Information

# Elucidating the reduction behavior of sulfurized poly(acrylonitrile) (SPAN) in lithium-sulfur-batteries using a carbonate electrolyte: A computational study 

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## 1 Population Analysis

Figure S1 shows a graphical representation of the naming of the areas studied for population analysis. The detailed individual charges of the neutral and the charged model are shown in the Tables S1-S2 for each investigated functional and for MP2.


Figure S1: Indices for calculated population analyses. Green carbons: Carbons C, blue carbons: Carbons $N$, red line: investigated S-S bond.

Table S1: Differences in NBO charges for structures $\mathbf{0}$ to $\mathbf{2 a}$ or 2b for MP2, BP86-D3(BJ), and TPSSh-D3(BJ).

|  | MP2 |  |  |  | BP86-D3(BJ) |  |  |  | TPSSh-D3(BJ) |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| Atom Number | charges |  | $\Delta$ charges | charges | $\Delta$ charges | charges |  | $\Delta$ charges |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{2 a}$ |  | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{2 b}$ |  | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{2 b}$ |  |  |  |
| S 5 | 0.150 | 0.120 | -0.030 | 0.129 | -0.074 | -0.203 | 0.131 | -0.286 | -0.416 |  |  |
| S 4 | 0.011 | -0.079 | -0.090 | -0.001 | -0.211 | -0.210 | 0.001 | -0.570 | -0.571 |  |  |
| S 3 | 0.026 | 0.002 | -0.024 | 0.021 | 0.167 | 0.147 | 0.017 | 0.061 | 0.044 |  |  |
| S 2 | -0.002 | -0.066 | -0.064 | -0.014 | -0.448 | -0.434 | -0.007 | -0.154 | -0.147 |  |  |
| S 1 | 0.163 | 0.130 | -0.033 | 0.143 | -0.191 | -0.334 | 0.142 | -0.024 | -0.166 |  |  |
| S 6 | -0.257 | -0.458 | -0.202 | -0.110 | -0.286 | -0.175 | -0.188 | -0.275 | -0.087 |  |  |
| N 7 | -0.620 | -0.629 | -0.009 | -0.471 | -0.504 | -0.034 | -0.519 | -0.552 | -0.033 |  |  |
| N 8 | -0.616 | -0.718 | -0.102 | -0.453 | -0.529 | -0.076 | -0.503 | -0.609 | -0.106 |  |  |
| N 9 | -0.649 | -0.774 | -0.125 | -0.476 | -0.527 | -0.051 | -0.528 | -0.574 | -0.046 |  |  |
| N 10 | -0.653 | -0.717 | -0.064 | -0.501 | -0.575 | -0.074 | -0.535 | -0.572 | -0.037 |  |  |
| N 11 | -0.661 | -0.624 | 0.037 | -0.538 | -0.538 | 0.000 | -0.548 | -0.550 | -0.002 |  |  |
| C 12 | -0.129 | -0.179 | -0.050 | -0.084 | -0.156 | -0.072 | -0.080 | -0.129 | -0.050 |  |  |
| C 13 | -0.063 | -0.293 | -0.230 | -0.105 | -0.133 | -0.029 | -0.095 | -0.093 | 0.003 |  |  |
| C 14 | -0.202 | -0.060 | 0.142 | -0.112 | -0.133 | -0.021 | -0.117 | -0.148 | -0.031 |  |  |
| C 15 | -0.031 | -0.431 | -0.400 | -0.162 | -0.148 | 0.014 | -0.130 | -0.104 | 0.026 |  |  |
| C 16 | -0.193 | -0.040 | 0.153 | -0.109 | -0.131 | -0.022 | -0.114 | -0.155 | -0.040 |  |  |
| C 17 | -0.035 | -0.339 | -0.303 | -0.095 | -0.118 | -0.022 | -0.083 | -0.107 | -0.025 |  |  |
| C 18 | -0.184 | -0.140 | 0.044 | -0.123 | -0.148 | -0.026 | -0.124 | -0.172 | -0.048 |  |  |
| C 19 | 0.640 | 0.527 | -0.114 | 0.475 | 0.448 | -0.027 | 0.504 | 0.480 | -0.024 |  |  |
| C 20 | 0.589 | 0.588 | -0.002 | 0.446 | 0.437 | -0.009 | 0.468 | 0.456 | -0.012 |  |  |
| C 21 | 0.564 | 0.582 | 0.019 | 0.438 | 0.432 | -0.006 | 0.457 | 0.452 | -0.005 |  |  |
| C 22 | 0.554 | 0.485 | -0.069 | 0.434 | 0.416 | -0.018 | 0.453 | 0.436 | -0.017 |  |  |

Table S2: Differences in NBO charges for structures $\mathbf{0}$ to 2a or 2b for B3LYP-D3(BJ), M06, and cam-B3LYP.
B3LYP-D3(BJ)
M06
cam-B3LYP

| Atom Number | charges |  | $\Delta$ charges | charges |  | $\Delta$ charges | charges |  | $\Delta$ charges |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 | 2b |  | 0 | 2 a |  | 0 | 2 a |  |
| S 5 | 0.134 | -0.262 | -0.396 | 0.135 | 0.081 | -0.054 | 0.128 | 0.088 | -0.040 |
| S 4 | -0.003 | -0.589 | -0.586 | 0.003 | -0.113 | -0.117 | 0.005 | -0.110 | -0.115 |
| S 3 | 0.025 | 0.045 | 0.020 | 0.024 | -0.035 | -0.059 | 0.018 | -0.030 | -0.048 |
| S 2 | -0.003 | -0.148 | -0.145 | 0.002 | -0.080 | -0.082 | -0.001 | -0.069 | -0.067 |
| S 1 | 0.140 | -0.019 | -0.160 | 0.141 | 0.102 | -0.038 | 0.137 | 0.104 | -0.033 |
| S 6 | -0.176 | -0.265 | -0.089 | -0.165 | -0.358 | -0.193 | -0.190 | -0.378 | -0.188 |
| N 7 | -0.521 | -0.554 | -0.033 | -0.546 | -0.582 | -0.037 | -0.528 | -0.563 | -0.036 |
| N 8 | -0.510 | -0.619 | -0.110 | $-0.536$ | -0.644 | -0.108 | -0.513 | -0.639 | -0.127 |
| N 9 | -0.534 | -0.581 | -0.047 | -0.563 | -0.667 | -0.104 | -0.540 | -0.667 | -0.127 |
| N 10 | -0.542 | -0.575 | -0.033 | $-0.568$ | -0.635 | -0.067 | -0.550 | -0.624 | -0.074 |
| N 11 | -0.558 | -0.558 | 0.000 | -0.594 | -0.583 | 0.011 | -0.577 | -0.557 | 0.019 |
| C 12 | -0.080 | -0.132 | -0.051 | -0.085 | -0.143 | -0.058 | -0.084 | -0.150 | -0.066 |
| C 13 | -0.091 | -0.083 | 0.008 | -0.088 | -0.227 | -0.138 | -0.080 | -0.225 | -0.145 |
| C 14 | -0.119 | -0.152 | -0.033 | -0.128 | -0.093 | 0.035 | -0.133 | -0.084 | 0.048 |
| C 15 | -0.127 | -0.101 | 0.025 | -0.118 | -0.314 | -0.196 | -0.115 | -0.349 | -0.234 |
| C 16 | -0.118 | -0.156 | -0.038 | -0.126 | -0.078 | 0.048 | -0.128 | -0.072 | 0.056 |
| C 17 | -0.073 | -0.100 | -0.027 | -0.067 | -0.295 | -0.228 | -0.067 | -0.308 | -0.241 |
| C 18 | -0.124 | -0.174 | -0.049 | -0.132 | -0.126 | 0.006 | -0.130 | -0.126 | 0.004 |
| C 19 | 0.511 | 0.486 | -0.025 | 0.537 | 0.465 | -0.073 | 0.526 | 0.450 | -0.076 |
| C 20 | 0.472 | 0.460 | -0.012 | 0.496 | 0.492 | -0.005 | 0.481 | 0.482 | 0.000 |
| C 21 | 0.461 | 0.458 | -0.003 | 0.483 | 0.490 | 0.007 | 0.466 | 0.483 | 0.018 |
| C 22 | 0.457 | 0.441 | -0.016 | 0.478 | 0.433 | -0.045 | 0.463 | 0.417 | -0.046 |

Table S3: Differences in NBO charges for structures $\mathbf{0}$ to $\mathbf{2 a}$ or $\mathbf{2 b}$ for PBE0-D3(BJ) and PBEh-3c.

|  | PBE0-D3(BJ) |  |  | PBEh-3c |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Atom Number | charges | $\Delta$ charges | charges | $\Delta$ charges |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{2 a}$ |  | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{2 b}$ |  |
| S 5 | 0.137 | 0.093 | -0.044 | 0.145 | 0.105 | -0.040 |
| S 4 | 0.003 | -0.099 | -0.103 | 0.006 | -0.093 | -0.098 |
| S 3 | 0.021 | -0.034 | -0.056 | 0.020 | -0.027 | -0.047 |
| S 2 | -0.002 | -0.075 | -0.073 | -0.001 | -0.074 | -0.073 |
| S 1 | 0.145 | 0.109 | -0.035 | 0.152 | 0.120 | -0.032 |
| S 6 | -0.178 | -0.387 | -0.209 | -0.184 | -0.394 | -0.211 |
| N 7 | -0.523 | -0.564 | -0.042 | -0.549 | -0.584 | -0.035 |
| N 8 | -0.508 | -0.619 | -0.111 | -0.536 | -0.649 | -0.114 |
| N 9 | -0.534 | -0.643 | -0.109 | -0.563 | -0.684 | -0.120 |
| N 10 | -0.542 | -0.617 | -0.076 | -0.570 | -0.646 | -0.076 |
| N 11 | -0.563 | -0.553 | 0.010 | -0.608 | -0.588 | 0.021 |
| C 12 | -0.085 | -0.139 | -0.055 | -0.093 | -0.151 | -0.058 |
| C 13 | -0.096 | -0.240 | -0.145 | -0.100 | -0.261 | -0.161 |
| C 14 | -0.125 | -0.097 | 0.028 | -0.140 | -0.091 | 0.049 |
| C 15 | -0.137 | -0.325 | -0.188 | -0.117 | -0.346 | -0.228 |
| C 16 | -0.122 | -0.087 | 0.034 | -0.136 | -0.076 | 0.060 |
| C 17 | -0.081 | -0.286 | -0.205 | -0.084 | -0.319 | -0.235 |
| C 18 | -0.130 | -0.132 | -0.002 | -0.140 | -0.134 | 0.006 |
| C 19 | 0.514 | 0.445 | -0.069 | 0.547 | 0.466 | -0.081 |
| C 20 | 0.474 | 0.470 | -0.003 | 0.503 | 0.506 | 0.002 |
| C 21 | 0.462 | 0.467 | 0.006 | 0.488 | 0.502 | 0.014 |
| C 22 | 0.458 | 0.416 | -0.042 | 0.484 | 0.437 | -0.047 |

Table S4: Single point energies for structures $\mathbf{0}, \mathbf{2 a}, \mathbf{2 b}$, and $\mathbf{2 c}$ in Hartree for different levels of theory.

|  | Single point energies /Hartree |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Structure | LCC | M06 | cam-B3LYP | PBE0-D3(BJ) | PBEh-3c |  |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | -3464.5828 | -3468.2408 | -3468.5937 | -3467.1320 | -3464.8579 |  |
| 2a | -3464.8595 | -3468.5193 | -3468.8711 | -3467.4135 | -3465.1463 |  |
| 2b | -3464.8957 | -3468.5477 | -3468.9075 | -3467.4341 | -3465.1734 |  |
| $\mathbf{2 c}$ | -3464.8802 | -3468.5316 | -3468.8956 | -3467.4201 | -3465.1608 |  |

## 2 Sulfur Chain Splitting and Lithiation Investigations

### 2.1 Initial split Investigations

For the energetically most favorable splitting of the sulfur chain, energies of different splitting patterns were calculated. Structure $\mathbf{0}$ belongs to the neutral, uncharged SPAN model with non-split chain, 2b has a 4-1 split chain with $S_{1}$ and $S_{4}$ sulfur chain residues and 2c a 3-2 split sulfur chain with $S_{3}$ and $S_{2}$ sulfur chain residues.

Table S5: Investigated sulfur chain splitting patterns with their relative energies. Geometry optimizations at PBEh-3c/def2-mSVP level of theory. Single-point energies at cam-B3LYP/def2-TZVPD level of theory.

| Structure | ZPE /a.u. | $\mathrm{E}_{\text {elec }} /$ a.u. | $\Delta \mathrm{E} / \mathrm{eV}$ | $\Delta \mathrm{E}_{\text {relative }} / \mathrm{eV}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | 0.2741 | -3468.5937 | 0.000 |  |
| 2a | 0.2711 | -3468.8711 | -7.547 | 0.000 |
| 2b | 0.2717 | -3468.9075 | -8.536 | -0.989 |
| 2c | 0.2713 | -3468.8956 | -8.213 | -0.666 |

### 2.2 Lithiation Investigations and $\mathrm{Li}^{+}$Placements

The energy of electron and lithium cation addition was determined by calculating the individual steps and the concerted addition and comparing their energies relative to each other. The energies for the first and second lithiation are shown exemplarily in Table S6.

Table S6: Gibbs free energies of the respective systems with different order of steps with respect to the separated compounds $\mathbf{0}$ and $\mathrm{Li}^{+}$.

| System | $\mathrm{E}_{\text {elec }} /$ Hartree | $\mathrm{G}(\mathrm{T}) /$ Hartree | $\mathrm{G}_{\text {total }} / \mathrm{eV}$ | $\Delta \mathrm{G}_{\text {rel. }} / \mathrm{eV}$ | Charge | Step |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{Li}^{+}$ | -7.4024 | - | -201.346 | - | 1 | - |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | -3468.5937 | 0.2226 | -94340.317 | 0.000 | 0 | - |
| $\mathbf{1}$ _Li0 | -3468.7433 | 0.2199 | -94344.460 | -4.143 | -1 | $\mathrm{e}-$ |
| $\mathbf{0}$ _Li1 | -3476.0151 | 0.2224 | -94542.186 | -0.523 | 1 | $\mathrm{Li}+$ |
| $\mathbf{1 \_ L i 1}$ | -3476.1838 | 0.2216 | -94546.798 | -5.135 | 0 | $\mathrm{Li}+/ \mathrm{e}-$ |
| $\mathbf{2 \_ L i 1}$ | -3476.3744 | 0.2214 | -94552.010 | -10.346 | -1 | $\mathrm{e}-$ |
| $\mathbf{1}$ _Li2 | -3483.5882 | 0.2203 | -94748.234 | -5.224 | 1 | $\mathrm{Li}+$ |
| $\mathbf{\text { 2_Li2 }}$ | -3483.8176 | 0.2214 | -94754.443 | -11.434 | 0 | $\mathrm{Li}+/ \mathrm{e}-$ |
| 2_Li0 | -3468.9075 | 0.2204 | -94348.912 | -8.595 | -2 | 2e- |

Based on the position of the spin density, the four positions for lithium cation placement can be identified in the following lithiations. The spin density is preferably localized at the ends of the free sulfur chains. Figure S2 shows the spin density distribution of structure 1_Li1.
For each electron step, different $\mathrm{Li}^{+}$placements were investigated. Their relative energies to each other were examined. Four possible placement positions were distinguished:

- The 'between' position between the sulfur chain residues at the SPAN backbone. Marked as _b attached at the structure name.
- The 'middle' position in the middle of the longer sulfur chain residue. Marked as _m attached at the structure name.


Figure S2: Calculated spin density (color: magenta) of structure 1_Li1 on the orbitals of the optimized geometry.

- The 'other' position on the other side of the backbone near the shorter sulfur chain residue. Marked as _o attached at the structure name.
- The 'end' position at the free end of the longer sulfur chain residue at the SPAN backbone. Marked as _e attached at the structure name.

The energetically favored placement, which was the between position for $n=1$, was taken as the starting point for the next reduction step. Based on the optimized 1Li1_b structure, the four placement options were examined again for $n=2$. The energetically best one was selected, sse Table S7.

Table S7: Gibbs free energies of the four different possible $\mathrm{Li}^{+}$placements relative to each other in the respective electron step $n$.

| System | $\mathrm{E}_{\text {elec }} /$ Hartree | $\mathrm{G}(\mathrm{T}) /$ /Hartree | $\mathrm{G}_{\text {total }} /$ Hartree | $\Delta \mathrm{G}_{\text {rel. }} / \mathrm{eV}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Step $n=1$ |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 \_ L i 1 \_ b}$ | -3476.1838 | 0.2216 | -3475.9622 | 0.000 |
| 1_Li1_m | -3476.1756 | 0.2202 | -3475.9554 | 0.187 |
| 1_Li1_o | moves to b |  |  |  |
| 1_Li1_e | moves to m |  |  |  |
| Step $n=2$ |  |  |  |  |
| 2_Li2_b | -3483.8071 | 0.2207 | -3483.5864 | 0.000 |
| 2_Li2_m | -3483.8143 | 0.2208 | -3483.5935 | -0.193 |
| 2_Li2_0 | -3483.8140 | 0.2208 | -3483.5932 | -0.186 |
| 2_Li2_e | -3483.8176 | 0.2214 | -3483.5962 | -0.267 |

Figures S3-S8 show the structures of the steps $n=1$ and $n=2$ with different placements of $\mathrm{Li}^{+}$. All distances are given in Ångstrom. Color coding: grey= carbon, blue= nitrogen, yellow=sulfur, pink=lithium, white= hydrogen.

Nudged elastic band (NEB) path of the lithiation process from 2_Li2 to $\mathbf{3}$ _Li3. In the process, the lithium cation from the environment approaches and binds to the sulfur chain. The electron is delocalized on the SPAN backbone. A low barrier is visible.


Figure S3: Structure 1_Li1_b with one attached $\mathrm{Li}^{+}$ at the 'between' position between the sulfur chain residues at the SPAN backbone.


Figure S4: Structure 1_Li1_m with the attached $\mathrm{Li}^{+}$at the 'middle' position in the middle of the longer sulfur chain residue at the SPAN backbone.


Figure S5: Structure 2_Li2_b with the new attached $\mathrm{Li}^{+}$at the 'between' position between the sulfur chain residues at the SPAN backbone.


Figure S7: Structure 2_Li2_o with the new attached $\mathrm{Li}^{+}$at the 'other' position on the other side of the backbone near the shorter sulfur chain residue at the SPAN backbone.


Figure S6: Structure 2_Li2_m with the new attached $\mathrm{Li}^{+}$at the 'middle' position in the middle of the longer sulfur chain residue at the SPAN backbone.


Figure S8: Structure 2_Li2_e with the new attached $\mathrm{Li}^{+}$at the 'end' position at the free end of the longer sulfur chain residue at the SPAN backbone.


Figure S9: Calculated relative energy along the NEB path for the $3^{\text {rd }}$ lithiation of SPAN. A path length of 0 corresponds to $\mathrm{Li}^{+}$at a distance of $10.35 \AA$ from 3_Li2, while the path length at 16.8 Bohr corresponds to 3_Li3.

### 2.3 Minimum Energy Structures

To discover the minimum energy structure at each electron step, we explore various potential pathways. Consequently, we assess the options of introducing a pair of a lithium cation and an electron, removing a $\mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ molecule, or performing both actions in a concerted manner.

Table S8: Relative Gibbs free energies for different possible reaction steps starting from $n=2$ (2_Li2).

| System | $\mathrm{E}_{\text {elec }} / \mathrm{Hartree}$ | $\mathrm{G}(\mathrm{T}) /$ Hartree | $\mathrm{G}_{\text {total }} / \mathrm{eV}$ | $\mathrm{G}_{\text {rel. }} / \mathrm{eV}$ | Step |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | :--- |
| 2_Li2 | -3483.8176 | 0.2214 | -94754.443 | 0.000 |  |
| 2_Li0 +Li 2 S | -3483.6582 | 0.1972 | -94750.765 | 3.678 | Detachment |
| 3_Li1 +Li 2 S | -3491.3429 | 0.1977 | -94959.778 | -3.989 | Detachment $+\mathrm{Li}^{+} / \mathrm{e}^{-}$ |
| 3_Li3 | -3491.3971 | 0.2195 | -94960.659 | -4.870 | $\mathrm{Li}+/ \mathrm{e}-$ |
| 3_Li3 |  |  | -94960.659 | 0.000 |  |
| 3_Li1 +Li 2 S | -3491.3425 | 0.1979 | -94959.769 | 0.891 | Detachment |
| 4_Li2 +Li 2 S | -3498.9753 | 0.1983 | -95167.364 | -5.359 | Detachment $+\mathrm{Li}^{+} / \mathrm{e}^{-}$ |
| 4_Li4 | -3498.9539 | 0.2159 | -95166.301 | -4.296 | Li+/e- |
| 4_Li2 $+\mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ | -3498.9753 | 0.1983 | -95167.364 | 0.000 |  |
| 4_Li0 $+2 \mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ | -3498.8241 | 0.1729 | -95163.943 | 3.421 | Detachment |
| 5_Li1 $+2 \mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ | -3506.5054 | 0.1748 | -95372.823 | -4.113 | Detachment $+\mathrm{Li}^{+} / \mathrm{e}^{-}$ |
| 5_Li3 $\mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ | -3506.5565 | 0.1946 | -95373.673 | -4.963 | Li+/e- |

Table S9: Gibbs free energies of the respective minimum energy systems with different order of steps with respect to the separated compounds $\mathbf{1}$ and $\mathrm{Li}^{+} / \mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$.

| System | $\mathrm{E}_{\text {elec }} /$ Hartree | $\mathrm{G}(\mathrm{T}) /$ Hartree | $\mathrm{G}_{\text {total }} /$ Hartree | $\mathrm{G}_{\text {total }} / \mathrm{eV}$ | $\mathrm{Grel}_{\text {rel }} / \mathrm{eV}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{Li}^{+}$ | -7.4024 |  | -7.4024 | -201.346 |  |
| $\mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ | -413.3824 | -0.0232 | -413.4056 | -11244.708 |  |
| 0 | -3468.5937 | 0.2226 | -3468.3711 | -94340.317 | 0.000 |
| 1_Li1 | -3476.1838 | 0.2208 | -3475.9630 | -94546.821 | -5.135 |
| 2_Li2 | -3483.8176 | 0.2214 | -3483.5962 | -94754.443 | -11.434 |
| 3_Li3 | -3491.3971 | 0.2187 | -3491.1785 | -94960.683 | -16.304 |
| 4_Li2 | -3085.5928 | 0.2730 | -3085.3198 | -83921.255 | -21.663 |
| 5_Li3 | -3093.1740 | 0.2212 | -3092.9528 | -84128.873 | -26.626 |
| 6_Li2 | -2687.3632 | 0.2207 | -2687.1425 | -73090.760 | -31.784 |
| 7_Li3 | -2694.9450 | 0.2176 | -2694.7275 | -73297.073 | -36.720 |
| 8_Li2 | -2289.1487 | 0.2186 | -2288.9301 | -62259.311 | -42.326 |
| 9_Li3 | -2296.7247 | 0.2166 | -2296.5081 | -62465.433 | -47.111 |
| 10_Li2 | -1890.8653 | 0.2169 | -1890.6484 | -51425.977 | -51.029 |
| 11_Li3 | -1898.4277 | 0.2145 | -1898.2132 | -51631.741 | -55.447 |
| 12_Li2 | -1492.5929 | 0.2169 | -1492.3759 | -40592.894 | -59.962 |

## 3 Redox Potential Calculations

$\mathrm{Fe}(+\mathrm{II}) / \mathrm{Fe}(+\mathrm{III})$ and $\mathrm{Cu}(+\mathrm{II}) / \mathrm{Cu}(+\mathrm{III})$ references for redox potential calculations are shown in table S 10 .

Table S10: Calculated Gibbs free energies and absolute potentials of the redox systems $\mathrm{Fe}(+\mathrm{II}) / \mathrm{Fe}(+\mathrm{III})$ and $\mathrm{Cu}(+\mathrm{II}) / \mathrm{Cu}(+\mathrm{III})$.

| System | Multiplicity | $\mathrm{G}(\mathrm{T}) /$ Hartree | $\mathrm{E}_{\text {elec }} /$ Hartree | $\mathrm{E}_{\text {total }} / \mathrm{eV}$ | $\mathrm{E}_{\text {absolute }} / \mathrm{V}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{Fe}(+\mathrm{II})^{*} 18 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | 5, high spin | 0.3939 | -2639.8473 | -71793.607 | 0.000 |
| $\mathrm{Fe}(+\mathrm{III})^{*} 18 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | 6, high spin | 0.3941 | -2639.6387 | -71787.927 | 5.681 |
| $\mathrm{Cu}(+\mathrm{II})^{*} 18 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | 2 | 0.3943 | -3016.6034 | -82041.431 | 0.000 |
| $\mathrm{Cu}(+\mathrm{III})^{*} 18 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | 3 | 0.3994 | -3016.3269 | -82033.770 | 7.660 |

Table S11: Redox potentials vs. $\mathrm{Li} / \mathrm{Li}^{+}$for the dominating species during the discharge mechanism.
$E^{\circ}\left(\mathrm{V}\right.$ vs. $\left.\mathrm{Li} / \mathrm{Li}^{+}\right)$

|  | $E^{\circ}(\mathrm{V}$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| vs. Li/Li $\left.{ }^{+}\right)$ |  |  |
| Structure | Soluble $\mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ | Nucleated $\mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | $>3.672$ | $>3.672$ |
| 2_Li2 | 3.672 | 3.672 |
| 6_Li2 | - | 3.250 |
| 7_Li3 | - | 3.038 |
| 8_Li2 | 3.104 | - |
| 9_Li3 | 2.741 | 2.748 |
| 12_Li2 | 2.238 | 2.633 |

## 4 Cartesian Coordinates of all Structures

All optimized structures are provided in the file all.xyz. Structure names with index _a indicate a structure with attached $\mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ molecule(s).

