

Supporting Information

Novel nitrogen-rich Lanthanum nitrides induced by the ligand effect under pressure

Bo Jin^a, Yuanyuan Liu^a, Zhen Yao^{*a}, Shuang Liu^{*a} and Peng Wang^{*a}

*^aState Key Laboratory of Superhard Materials, College of Physics, Jilin University,
Changchun 130012, P.R. of China*

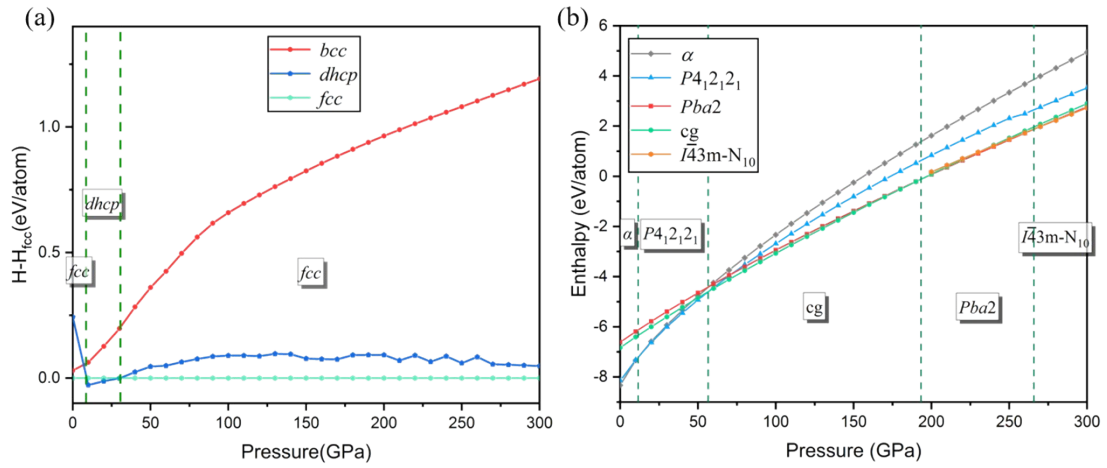


Figure S1. The enthalpy of (a) *fcc*, *bcc*, and *dhcp* phases of La, and (b) α , $P4_12_12_1$, *cg*-N, *Pba2*, and $I4_3m-N_{10}$ phases of N.

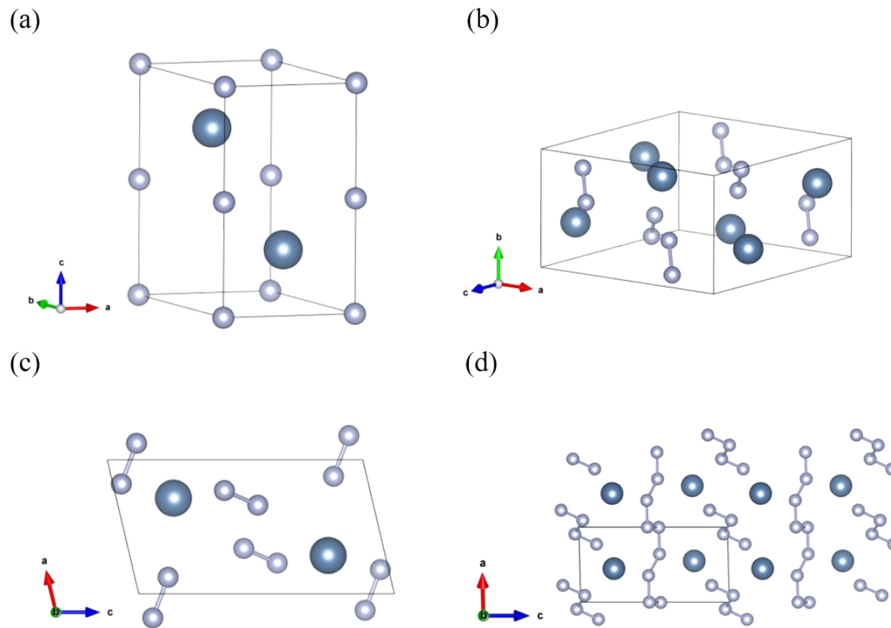


Figure S2. Crystal structures of predicted La-N compounds: (a) $P63mc$ - LaN phase at 20GPa. (b) $C2/c$ - LaN_2 phase at 100GPa. (c) $P\bar{1}(I)$ - LaN_4 phase at 20GPa. (d) $P\bar{1}(II)$ - LaN_4 phase at 50GPa. The large spheres are lanthanum atoms, and the small ones are nitrogen atoms.

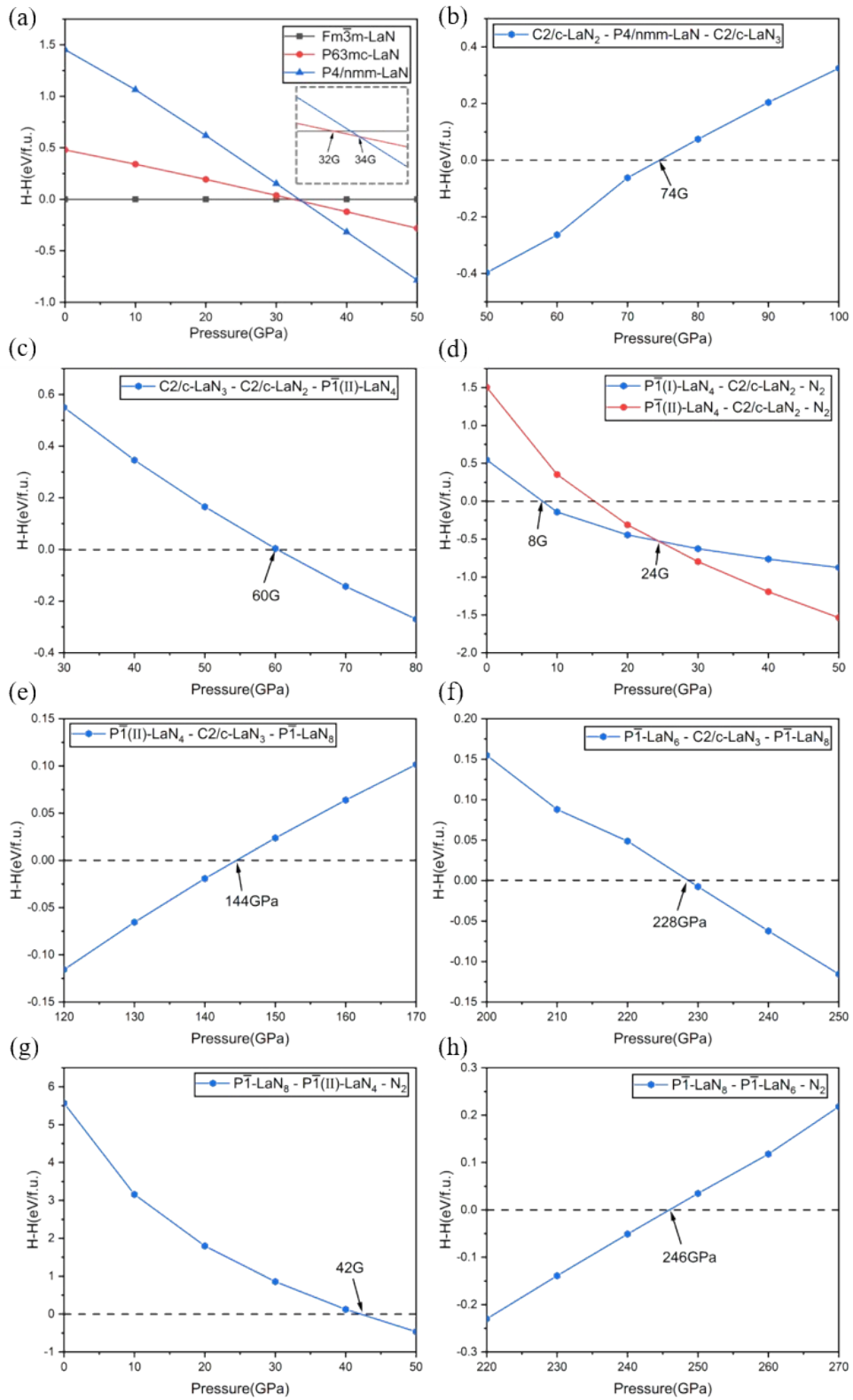


Figure S3. The enthalpy differences of (a) $P63mc$ phase and $P4/nm^m$ phase relative to $Fm\bar{3}m$ LaN. (b) $C2/c$ -LaN₂ relative to $P4/nmm$ -LaN and $C2/c$ -LaN₃, (c) $C2/c$ -LaN₃

relative to $C2/c$ -LaN₂ and $P\bar{1}$ (II)-LaN₄, (d) $P\bar{1}$ (I) phase and $P\bar{1}$ (II) phase LaN₄ relative to $C2/c$ -LaN₂ and nitrogen, (e) $P\bar{1}$ (II)-LaN₄ relative to $C2/c$ -LaN₃ and $P\bar{1}$ -LaN₈, (f) $P\bar{1}$ -LaN₆ relative to $C2/c$ -LaN₃ and $P\bar{1}$ -LaN₈, (g) $P\bar{1}$ -LaN₈ relative to $P\bar{1}$ (II)-LaN₄ and nitrogen, (h) $P\bar{1}$ -LaN₈ relative to $P\bar{1}$ -LaN₆ and nitrogen.

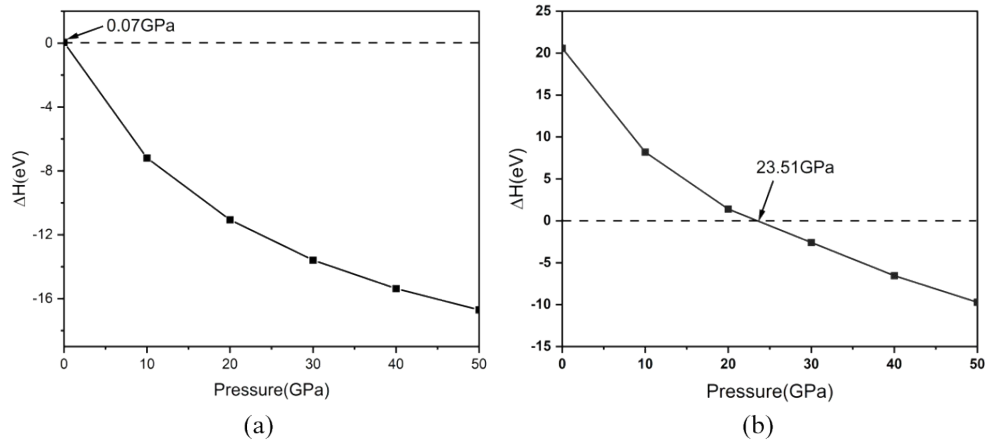


Figure S4. The enthalpy differences of (a) $Pm\bar{3}m$ -LaN₆ and (b) $Imm2$ -LaN₁₀ relative to pure La and pure N.

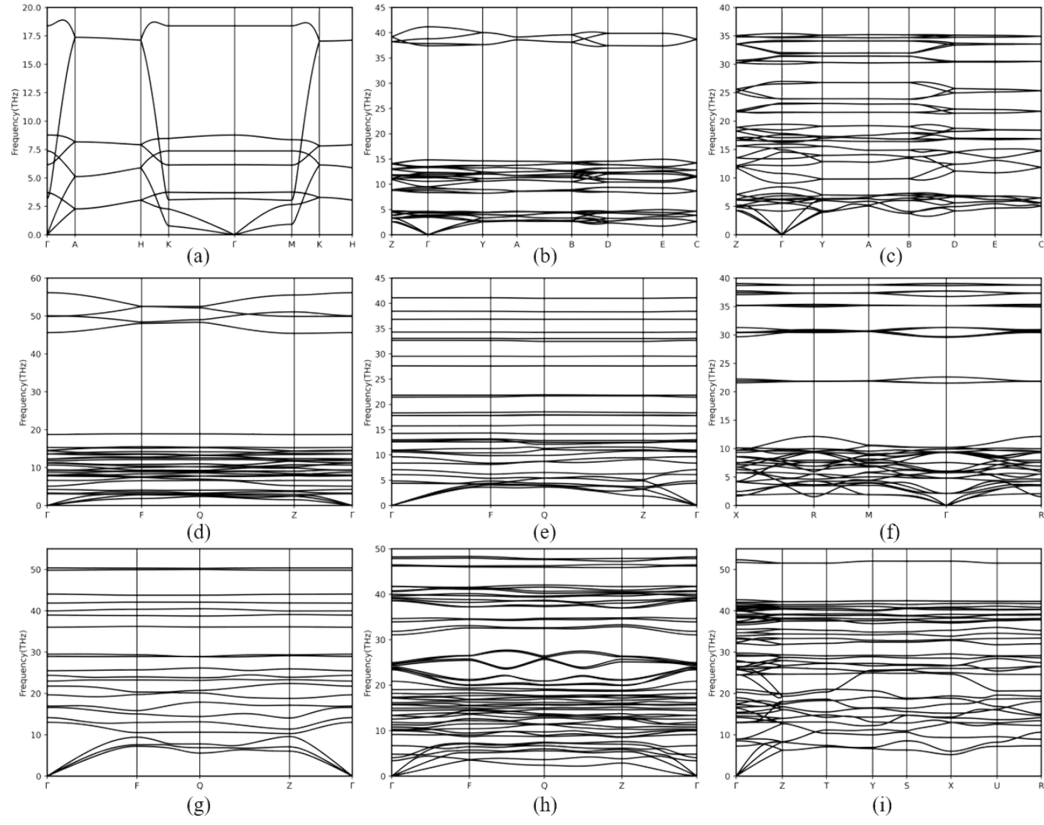


Figure S5. Phonon dispersion curves of nine predicted phases: (a) $P63mc$ - LaN phase at 20GPa. (b) $C2/c$ - LaN_2 phase at 0GPa. (c) $C2/c$ - LaN_3 phase at 100GPa. (d) $P\bar{1}(I)$ - LaN_4 phase at 20GPa. (e) $P\bar{1}(II)$ - LaN_4 phase at 50GPa. (f) $Pm\bar{3}m$ - LaN_6 phase at 20GPa. (g) $P\bar{1}$ - LaN_6 phase at 300GPa. (h) $P\bar{1}$ - LaN_8 phase at 100GPa. (i) $Imm2$ - LaN_{10} phase at 300GPa.

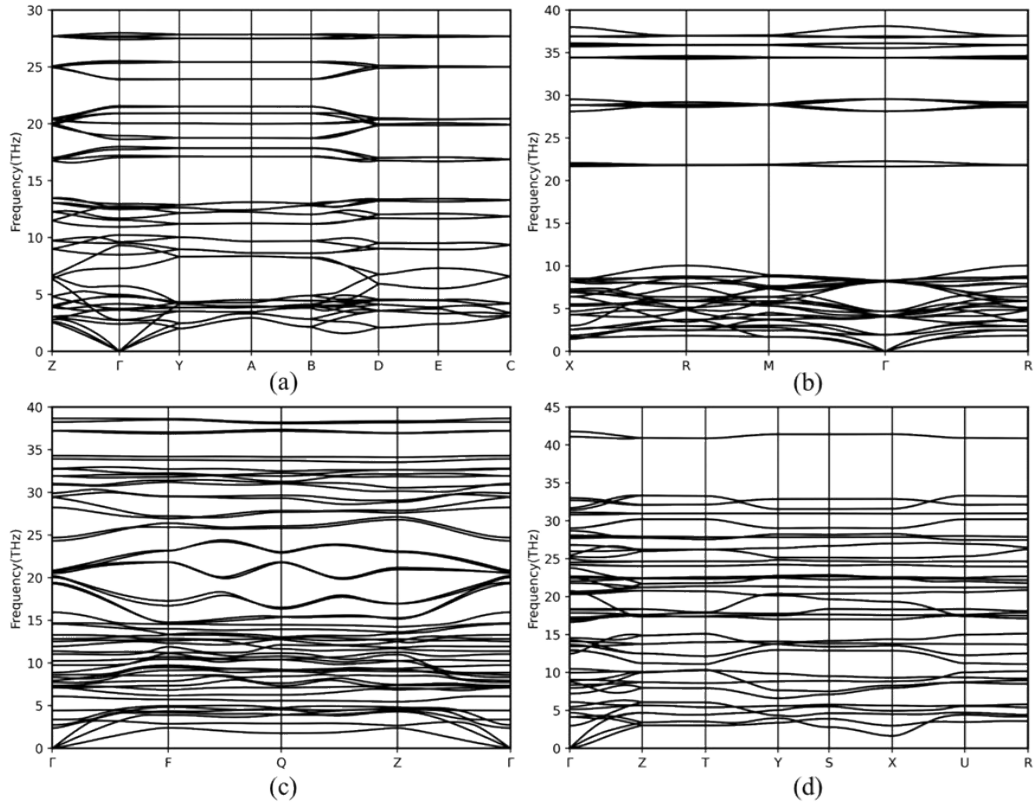


Figure S6. Phonon dispersion curves for (a) $C2/c$ - LaN_3 phase at 0GPa. (b) $Pm\bar{3}m$ - LaN_6 phase at 0GPa. (c) $P\bar{1}$ - LaN_8 phase at 0GPa. (d) $Imm2$ - LaN_{10} phase at 25GPa.

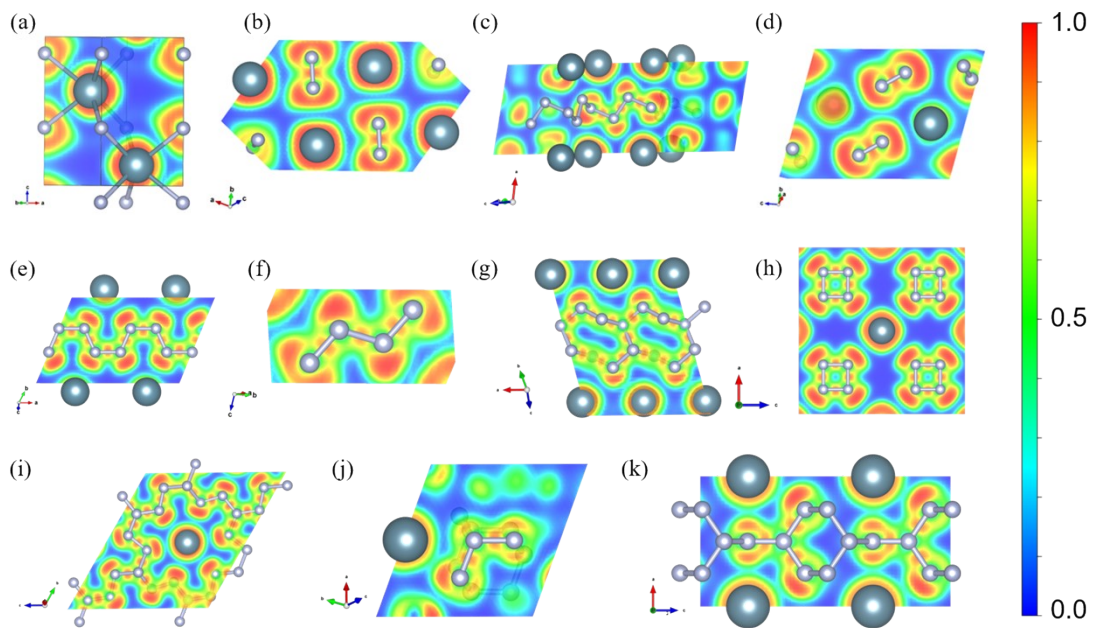


Figure S7. ELF of (a) $P63mc$ -LaN phase at 20GPa. (b) $C2/c$ - LaN_2 phase at 0GPa. (c) $C2/c$ - LaN_3 at 100 GPa, (d) $P\bar{1}(I)$ - LaN_4 phase at 20GPa. (e) and (f) $P\bar{1}(II)$ - LaN_4 phase at 50GPa, (g) $P\bar{1}$ - LaN_6 at 300 GPa, (h) $Pm\bar{3}m$ - LaN_6 at 20 GPa, (i) $P\bar{1}$ - LaN_8 at 100 GPa, (j) and (k) $Imm2$ - LaN_{10} at 300 GPa.

Table S1. Structural parameters of predicted La-N compounds.

Phases	Pressure	Lattice Parameters (Å)	Wyckoff Positions			
			Atoms	x	y	z
$P63mc$ -LaN	20GPa	a = 3.5294	La1(2d)	0.3333	0.6667	0.7500
		b = 3.5294	N1(2a)	0.0000	0.0000	0.5000
		c = 6.2466				
		$\alpha = 90$				
		$\beta = 90$				
		$\gamma = 120$				
$C2/c$ - LaN_2	1atm	a = 6.8040	La1(4e)	0.5000	0.1993	0.2500
		b = 4.1854	N1(8f)	0.6989	0.3675	0.9473
		c = 6.7624				
		$\alpha = 90$				
		$\beta = 104.1053$				
		$\gamma = 90$				
$C2/c$ - LaN_3	100GPa	a = 4.9259	La1(4e)	0.0000	0.3460	0.2500
		b = 5.5858	N1(4e)	0.5000	0.2963	0.2500
		c = 5.0342	N2(8f)	0.3843	0.4524	0.0453
		$\alpha = 90$				
		$\beta = 99.2436$				
		$\gamma = 90$				
$P\bar{1}(I)$ - LaN_4	20GPa	a = 3.9262	La1(2i)	0.7140	0.2977	0.2238
		b = 4.3309	N1(2i)	0.1231	0.7214	0.1297
		c = 7.1668	N2(2i)	0.6613	0.7155	0.5475
		$\alpha = 94.8466$	N3(2i)	0.1805	0.2293	0.9675
		$\beta = 103.9189$	N4(2i)	0.2295	0.1809	0.5701
		$\gamma = 78.3645$				
$P\bar{1}(II)$ - LaN_4	50GPa	a = 3.7431	La1(2i)	0.4489	0.9837	0.2293
		b = 4.0440	N1(2i)	0.0921	0.6186	0.0280
		c = 6.9085	N2(2i)	0.6432	0.3624	0.5387
		$\alpha = 102.4135$	N3(2i)	0.2263	0.6923	0.8836
		$\beta = 96.3620$	N4(2i)	0.0019	0.6371	0.4615

		$\gamma = 65.7927$				
$P\bar{1} - \text{LaN}_6$	300GPa	a = 2.9699 b = 3.2655 c = 4.4789 $\alpha = 111.1590$ $\beta = 96.1780$ $\gamma = 72.9577$	La1(1g) N1(2i) N2(2i) N3(2i)	0.0000 0.6277 0.6284 0.9828	0.5000 0.9759 0.2886 0.8229	0.5000 0.2349 0.8078 0.0393
Pm $\bar{3}m - \text{LaN}_6$	20GPa	a = 5.1815 b = 5.1815 c = 5.1815 $\alpha = 90$ $\beta = 90$ $\gamma = 90$	La1(1a) La2(1b) N1(12j)	0.0000 0.5000 0.5000	0.0000 0.5000 0.1322	0.0000 0.5000 0.1322
$P\bar{1} - \text{LaN}_8$	100GPa	a = 4.7182 b = 5.6176 c = 5.6641 $\alpha = 119.6460$ $\beta = 89.3950$ $\gamma = 76.2834$	La1(2i) N1(2i) N2(2i) N3(2i) N4(2i) N5(2i) N6(2i) N7(2i) N8(2i)	0.2211 0.2583 0.3330 0.2407 0.2449 0.2536 0.2223 0.2534 0.2691	0.0968 0.4208 0.7285 0.6304 0.1740 0.4601 0.5569 0.9995 0.7193	0.7848 0.4484 0.0938 0.6923 0.4114 0.2425 0.8756 0.1416 0.3216
$Imm2 - \text{LaN}_{10}$	300GPa	a = 4.3632 b = 5.6826 c = 4.2244 $\alpha = 90$ $\beta = 90$ $\gamma = 90$	La1(2b) N1(2a) N2(2a) N3(4c) N4(4d) N5(8e)	0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.7463 0.0000 0.2474	0.5000 0.0000 0.0000 0.5000 0.8193 0.1851	0.3812 0.8765 0.1676 0.8374 0.6888 0.5160

Table S2. Bader calculation of predicted La-N compounds.

Structure (Pressure)	$P63mc - \text{LaN}$ (20G)	$C2/c - \text{LaN}_2$ (0G)	$P\bar{1}(I) - \text{LaN}_4$ (20G)	$P\bar{1}(II) - \text{LaN}_4$ (50G)
Lost electrons of La	1.84	1.93	2.06	2.03

$C2/c - \text{LaN}_3$ (100G)	$P\bar{1} - \text{LaN}_6$ (300G)	$Pm\bar{3}m - \text{LaN}_6$ (20G)	$P\bar{1} - \text{LaN}_8$ (50G)	$Imm2 - \text{LaN}_{10}$ (300G)
1.95	1.89	2.10	2.04	1.89