Synthesis, Crystal and Electronic Structures, Linear and Nonlinear Optical Properties of Oxyhalides CeHaVIO₄(Ha=Cl, Br; VI=Mo, W)

Zixian Jiao ^a, Jasmine Quah ^a, Tajamul Hussain Syed ^b, Wei Wei ^b, Bingbing Zhang ^c, Fei Wang ^{d, *}, Jian Wang ^{a, *}

^a Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, Wichita State University, Wichita, Kansas 67260, United States

^b College of Chemistry and Environmental Science, Hebei University, Key Laboratory of Analytical Science and Technology of Hebei Province, Baoding 071002, China

^c Department of Chemistry, Missouri State University, Springfield, Missouri, 65897, United States

Corresponding authors: Fei Wang <u>FeiWang@MissouriState.edu</u>, Jian Wang jian.wang@wichita.edu

- **1.** Table S1. Atomic coordinate parameters for CeClMoO₄, CeClWO₄, CeBrMoO₄, and CeBrWO₄.
- **2.** Table S2. Selected interatomic distances for CeClWO₄, CeClWO₄, CeBrMoO₄, and CeBrWO₄.
- **3.** Table S3. A summary of crystal structure and physical properties of reported compounds within the REHaVIO₄ (Ha=Cl, Br; RE= La-Lu; VI=Mo, W) system.
- **Table S4.** Comparison of photocurrent density between CeHaVIO₄ (Ha=Cl, Br, VI=Mo, W) compounds and selected reported compounds.
- Figure S1. The optical microscope images of crystals of CeHaVIO₄ (Ha=Cl, Br; VI=Mo, W), from left to right: CeClMoO₄, CeClWO₄, CeBrMoO₄, CeBrWO₄.
- **6.** Figure S2. Experimental powder X-ray diffraction results of CeClMoO₄ with theoretical patterns shown at the bottom.
- **7. Figure S3.** Experimental powder X-ray diffraction results of CeBrMoO₄ with theoretical patterns shown at the bottom.
- **8.** Figure S4. Experimental powder X-ray diffraction results of CeClWO₄ with theoretical patterns shown at the bottom.
- **9. Figure S5.** Experimental powder X-ray diffraction results of CeBrWO₄ with theoretical patterns shown at the bottom.
- 10. Figure S6. The (h1l) planes of the reciprocal lattices of CeClMoO₄ and CeClWO₄.
 - **11. Figure S7.** Experimental powder X-ray diffraction results of (La_{0.5}Ce_{0.5})ClMoO₄ with theoretical patterns shown at the bottom.
 - **12. Figure S8.** Experimental powder X-ray diffraction results of $(La_{0.5}Ce_{0.5})ClWO_4$ with theoretical patterns shown at the bottom.
 - **13. Figure S9.** Experimental powder X-ray diffraction results of (La_{0.5}Ce_{0.5})BrMoO₄ with theoretical patterns shown at the bottom.

- 14. Figure S10. Experimental powder X-ray diffraction results of $(La_{0.5}Ce_{0.5})BrWO_4$ with theoretical patterns shown at the bottom.
- **15. Figure S11.** The comparison of bandgaps between CeHaVIO₄ (Ha=Cl, Br; VI=Mo, W), LaHaVIO₄ (Ha=Cl, Br; VI=Mo, W), and (La_{0.5}Ce_{0.5})HaVIO₄ (Ha=Cl, Br; VI=Mo, W).
- **16. Figure S12.** IR spectrum of CeClMoO₄ and CeBrMoO₄.
- **17. Figure S13.** IR spectrum of CeClMoO₄ and CeBrMoO₄.
 - **18. Figure S14.** DOS and electronic band structure of LaBrWO₄ from antiferromagnetic calculation.
 - **19. Figure S15.** DOS and electronic band structure of CeClMoO₄ from antiferromagnetic calculation.

20. Figure S16. DOS and electronic band structure of CeClWO₄ from antiferromagnetic calculation.

- **21. Figure S17.** DOS and electronic band structure of CeBrMoO₄ from antiferromagnetic calculation.
- **22. Figure S18.** DOS and electronic band structure of CeBrWO₄ from antiferromagnetic calculation.
- 23. Figure S19. Photocurrent density of three samples of CeBrMoO₄.
- **24. Figure S20.** Photocurrent density of three samples of CeBrWO₄.
- 25. Figure S21. Photocurrent density of three samples of CeClMoO₄.
- **26. Figure S22.** Photocurrent density of three samples of CeClWO₄.
- **27. Figure S23.** The allowed direct transitions of CeClMoO₄ sample.
- **28. Figure S24**. The allowed direct transitions of CeClWO₄ sample.
- **29. Figure S25.** The allowed direct transitions of CeBrMoO₄ sample.
- **30. Figure S26.** The allowed direct transitions of two CeBrWO₄ sample.

Atom	Wyckoff	x	у	Z	Occupancy	$U_{ m eq}$ (Å ²)
			CeClMo	D_4		
Cel	2a	0.49975(3)	0.45044(5)	0.76321(2)	1	0.00708(8)
Ce2	2a	0.91378(3)	0.04967(5)	1.01256(2)	1	0.00692(8)
Mo1	2a	0.06463(5)	0.50589(5)	0.72930(5)	1	0.00512(8)
Mo2	2a	0.34954(5)	0.00201(6)	0.97764(5)	1	0.00599(9)
Cl1	2a	0.68372(17)	1.0092(6)	0.76515(17)	1	0.0135(3)
C12	2a	0.73163(19)	0.4896(6)	1.01397(16)	1	0.0125(3)
01	2a	0.4387(4)	0.2634(5)	1.0444(5)	1	0.0123(7)
02	2a	0.4444(4)	0.7286(5)	0.9888(6)	1	0.0118(7)
03	2a	-0.0265(4)	0.7610(4)	0.7927(5)	1	0.0081(6)
04	2a	-0.0213(4)	0.2304(4)	0.7380(5)	1	0.0069(6)
05	2a	0.1692(4)	-0.0269(6)	1.0117(4)	1	0.0095(6)
06	2a	0.2427(4)	0.4984(8)	0.7722(4)	1	0.0100(6)
07	2a	0.3673(5)	0.0702(6)	0.7612(4)	1	0.0135(9)
08	2a	0.0570(5)	0.5609(5)	0.5111(3)	1	0.0074(7)
			CeClWC	4		
Cel	2a	0.74728(5)	0.94769(18)	0.16606(15)	1	0.0073(3)
Ce2	2a	0.24731(5)	0.94579(18)	0.42028(16)	1	0.0073(3)
Ce3	2a	0.96537(3)	0.9986(2)	0.25194(9)	1	0.00419(16)
Ce4	2a	0.46558(3)	1.0029(3)	0.55740(10)	1	0.00432(15)
W1	2a	0.82105(4)	0.5030(3)	0.42716(10)	1	0.00498(19)
W2	2a	0.32184(3)	0.5016(2)	0.23665(10)	1	0.00578(18)
W3	2a	0.09491(7)	1.0031(2)	0.4741(2)	1	0.0032(4)
W4	2a	0.59479(7)	0.9986(2)	0.1670(2)	1	0.0029(4)
C11	2a	0.6328(2)	0.9892(14)	0.3584(8)	1	0.0095(8)
C12	2a	0.1323(3)	0.9847(17)	0.1082(8)	1	0.0157(13)
C13	2a	1.1554(2)	0.5118(16)	0.3704(7)	1	0.0116(11)
Cl4	2a	0.6556(2)	0.4903(16)	0.6216(8)	1	0.0142(11)
01	2a	0.0070(6)	0.7289(16)	0.3237(16)	1	0.006(2)
02	2a	0.5075(5)	0.2760(18)	0.0801(18)	1	0.0049(18)
03	2a	0.0060(6)	0.2776(15)	0.2709(15)	1	0.009(2)
04	2a	0.7732(5)	0.7537(17)	0.4605(15)	1	0.009(2)
05	2a	0.5065(4)	0.7298(17)	0.0163(15)	1	0.0037(16)
O6	2a	0.7742(6)	0.239(2)	0.4038(19)	1	0.013(3)

Table S1. Atomic coordinate parameters for CeClMoO₄, CeClWO₄, CeBrMoO₄, and CeBrWO₄.

07	2a	0.2773(5)	0.7570(18)	0.1468(15)	1	0.008(2)
08	2a	0.4727(4)	0.9236(13)	0.2873(11)	1	0.0052(16)
09	2a	0.9768(4)	0.9351(14)	0.0282(10)	1	0.014(5)
O10	2a	0.2732(4)	0.2338(15)	0.2119(14)	1	0.0039(15)
011	2a	0.8130(5)	0.5435(18)	0.1982(13)	1	0.010(2)
012	2a	0.3204(5)	0.5639(14)	0.4611(10)	1	0.0040(16)
013	2a	0.4123(4)	0.506(2)	0.2379(14)	1	0.0078(18)
014	2a	0.9133(5)	0.487(3)	-0.0029(19)	1	0.011(2)
015	2a	0.3759(5)	-0.008(3)	0.4931(15)	1	0.0036(17)
016	2a	0.8758(4)	0.028(2)	0.2370(14)	1	0.010(2)
			CeBrMoO	\mathcal{D}_4		
Cel	2a	-0.49130(2)	0.45566(4)	-0.70036(2)	1	0.00712(6)
Ce2	2a	-0.92350(2)	0.95430(4)	-0.44924(2)	1	0.00731(6)
Mo1	2a	-0.06780(3)	0.49756(5)	-0.73530(4)	1	0.00529(7)
Mo2	2a	-0.34715(3)	0.00631(5)	-0.48516(4)	1	0.00581(7)
Br1	2a	-0.67877(5)	1.0015(2)	-0.69846(5)	1	0.01132(10)
Br2	2a	-0.73596(4)	0.4998(2)	-0.94860(5)	1	0.01129(10)
01	2a	-0.4326(3)	0.2703(5)	-0.9718(4)	1	0.0088(6)
02	2a	-0.4364(4)	0.7367(5)	-0.9225(4)	1	0.0091(5)
03	2a	-0.9798(4)	0.7704(5)	-0.7211(5)	1	0.0097(6)
04	2a	-0.9833(4)	0.2366(5)	-0.6710(4)	1	0.0109(6)
05	2a	-0.1726(4)	-0.0018(9)	-0.4374(4)	1	0.0136(5)
06	2a	-0.2431(3)	0.5214(6)	-0.7014(3)	1	0.0080(5)
07	2a	-0.3583(5)	0.0633(6)	-0.7009(4)	1	0.0111(8)
08	2a	-0.0563(5)	0.4396(6)	-0.9504(4)	1	0.0113(7)
			CeBrWC) ₄		
Cel	2a	0.49162(10)	0.45288(12)	0.69896(4)	1	0.00851(19)
Ce2	2a	0.92431(9)	0.95285(12)	0.44826(4)	1	0.00792(19)
W1	2a	0.06693(5)	0.49777(5)	0.72856(6)	1	0.00643(9)
W2	2a	0.34760(5)	0.00404(5)	0.47822(6)	1	0.00602(9)
Br1	2a	0.67902(17)	0.0016(3)	0.69697(11)	1	0.0104(3)
Br2	2a	0.73592(18)	0.4986(3)	0.94727(12)	1	0.0126(3)
01	2a	0.4375(7)	0.2668(8)	0.9696(9)	1	0.0087(12)
02	2a	0.4401(7)	0.7376(9)	0.9200(9)	1	0.0097(12)
03	2a	0.9860(8)	0.7693(8)	0.2793(12)	1	0.0075(11)
04	2a	0.9871(8)	0.2357(8)	0.6669(8)	1	0.0075(11)
05	2a	0.1734(8)	0.9996(14)	0.4351(8)	1	0.0065(11)
06	2a	0.2442(8)	0.5159(16)	0.7042(9)	1	0.0120(15)
07	2a	0.3609(11)	0.0532(13)	0.7011(6)	1	0.0093(18)

		1				
08	2a	0.0557(12)	0.4339(12)	0.9515(7)	1	0.013(2)

Table S2	. Selected interat	omic distances	for CeClWO ₄ ,	CeClWO ₄ ,	CeBrMoO ₄ ,	and CeBrWO ₄ .
Table S2	. Selected interat	omic distances	for CeClWO ₄ ,	CeClWO ₄ ,	CeBrMoO ₄ ,	and CeBrWO ₄ .

Atom Pairs	Dista	nces (Å)	Atom Pairs	Distan	ces (Å)
		CeO	ClMoO4		
Mo1	03	1.787(3)	Ce2	Cl1	2.9579(15)
	O4	1.796(3)		Cl1	2.9965(16)
	O6	1.735(4)		Cl2	3.086(3)
	08	1.765(3)		03	2.485(3)
	08	2.274(3)		03	2.547(4)
Mo2	01	1.817(3)		O4	2.499(4)
	O2	1.827(3)		O4	2.496(3)
	05	1.752(4)		05	2.479(4)
	07	1.774(3)		08	2.638(4)
	07	2.299(3)			
Ce1	Cl1	3.102(3)			
	Cl2	2.9880(16)			
	Cl2	2.9923(16)			
	01	2.552(4)			
	02	2.472(4)			
	02	2.469(4)			
	06	2.472(4)			
	07	2.540(4)			
		Ce	ClWO ₄		
W1	O4	1.797(10)	Ce2	07	2.576 (12)
	06	1.798(12)		07	2.479 (11)
	011	1.778(11)		O10	2.472 (10)
	011	2.169(11)		O10	2.469 (10)
	O14	1.784(10)		012	2.654 (8)
W2	07	1.810 (10)		015	2.488 (9)

	012	1.794 (8)		C12	2.980(5)
	012	2.179(8)		C12	2.952 (6)
	013	1.773(9)		C13	3.109 (8)
W3	01	1.823 (10)	Ce3	01	2.446(13)
	03	1.820 (9)		01	2.460(16)
	09	1.842(8)		03	2.497(18)
	09	2.158 (8)		03	2.499(16)
	016	1.746 (9)		09	2.530(3)
W4	O2	1.831 (10)		O14	2.457(10)
	05	1.826 (10)		Cl2	3.109 (9)
	08	2.190 (9)		C13	2.987 (5)
	08	1.823 (9)		C13	2.964 (5)
	015	1.730 (9)	Ce4	02	2.448(12)
Ce1	04	2.525 (11)		02	2.483(14)
	04	2.500(11)		05	2.525 (11)
	O6	2.505 (13)		05	2.458(11)
	06	2.471 (15)		08	2.536 (8)
	011	2.696 (10)		O13	2.464(8)
	O16	2.514 (9)		Cl1	3.133(7)
	Cl1	2.948 (6)		Cl4	2.971 (5)
	Cl1	2.965 (5)		Cl4	2.985 (6)
	Cl4	3.126 (8)			
		Cel	BrMoO4		
Mo1	03	1.810(3)	Ce2	Br1	3.1321(5)
	O4	1.805(3)		Br1	3.1380(5)
	O6	1.741(3)		Br2	3.2172(12)
	08	1.764(3)		O3	2.493(3)
	08	2.320(3)		03	2.496(3)
Mo2	01	1.818(3)		04	2.493(3)
	O2	1.804(3)		04	2.5634(3)
	05	1.750(4)		05	2.451(4)
	07	1.768(3)		08	2.635(4)
	07	2.321(3)			

r					
Cel	Br1	3.2167(12)			
	Br2	3.1245(5)			
	Br2	3.1433(5)			
	01	2.499(3)			
	01	2.499(3)			
	02	2.480(3)			
	06	2.457(3)			
	07	2.628(4)			
		Ce	BrWO4	·	·
W1	03	1.797(5)	Ce2	Br1	3.1393(16)
	04	1.808(5)		Br1	3.1501(16)
	O6	1.765(8)		Br2	3.257(2)
	08	1.814(5)		O3	2.505(7)
	08	2.239(5)		O3	2.511(6)
W2	01	1.835(5)		O4	2.491(6)
	02	1.842(6)		O4	2.573(6)
	05	1.755(7)		05	2.478(8)
	07	1.798(5)		08	2.633(9)
	07	2.230(5)			
Cel	Br1	3.2514(18)			
	Br2	3.2514(18)			
	Br2	3.1466(17)			
	01	2.474(7)			
	02	2.521(6)			
	02	2.486(6)			
	02	2.537(7)			
	06	2.473(8)			
	07	2.697(9)			

Table S3. A summary of crystal structure and physical properties of reported compounds within the REHaVIO₄ (Ha=Cl, Br; RE= La-Lu; VI=Mo, W) system.

Compounds	Space	Unit cell	Structure	Physical Properties	Basic	Re
	Group	parameter	Туре		building	fe
		S			units	re
						nc

						e
		19.2055(18)			[LaO _c Cl ₂]	1
		×5.8046(5)			$[M_0O_2]$	
		×8.0382(7)			[11005]	
		β=90.040(6) °				
	02 /2	monoclinic	CaChAG			
LaCIIVIOU ₄	PZ ₁ /C	V=896.10A ³				
		19.1228(18)		Paramagnetic, absence of any	[CeO ₆ Cl ₃]	1
		×3.7992(3) ×7.9591(7)		significant long range order	[MoO₅]	
		$\beta = 90.037(6)^{\circ}$		even at 1.8 K.		
		monoclinic				
CeClMoO ₄	P21/c	V= 882.64 ų	CeClMoO ₄			
		19.9161(9)			$[NdO_6Cl_2]$	2
		×6.9379(3)			[MoO ₄]	
		×7.4253(3)			L 4J	
		orthorhombic				
NdCIMoO	Dham	V= 1026.00				
	FDUIII	A ⁻				2
		x7 1334(3)				5
		×6.7756(3)			[MoO ₄]	
		β= 107.408(2)				
		[°] monoclinic				
YbClMoO ₄	C12/m	V=465.89Å ³	YbClMoO ₄			
		5.893(3)		Eg=4.0(2) eV	[LaO ₆ Cl ₃]	4
		×7.856(4)		(La _{0 98} Sm _{0 02})CIWO ₄ : ⁴ G _{7/2} -	[MoO ₅]	
		×19.270(9)		$>^{6}H_{0/2}$, ${}^{4}G_{5/2} ->^{6}H_{7/2}$ excited by		
		orthorhombic		404 nm		
		V= 892.11 A		$(1_2 \text{Fu}) \subset [W] \cap (^5 \square = \mathbb{N}^7 \mathbb{E})$		
				$(La_{0.99}La_{0.01})CIVO_4$. $D_0 \rightarrow T_1$,		
				$^{5}D_{0} - 2^{5}F_{2}$, excited by 394 nm.		
				$(La_{0.995} b_{0.005}) CIWO_4$: $^{\circ}D_4 - > ^{\prime}F_6$,		
				${}^{5}D_{4}$ to ${}^{7}F_{5}$ excited by 320 nm.		
LaCIWO ₄	Pbc2 ₁		LaCIWO ₄			
		5.893(3)			[LaO₅Cl₄]	4
		×3.928(2)			[MoO ₅]	
		× 19.270(9)				
	Pmcn	ortnornombic $V = 446.06$ Å ³				
		9 8197(<i>A</i>) x				_
Labrivio04	P1C1	5.8183(2)	LabrivioU ₄			5
		× 8.1051(3)				
		β=90.039(3) °				
		monoclinic				
		V= <mark>463.08</mark> ų				
CeBrMoO ₄	P1c1	<mark>9.7691(4)</mark>	LaBrMoO ₄		[CeO ₆ Br ₃]	5
		×5.8146(2)			[MoO ₅]	
		× 8.0259(3)				
		$\beta = 90.004(3)^{-1}$				
		V=455 90Å3				
	P1c1	9.55130(10)×		$F = 2.9(1) e^{1/2}$		Th
		5.793×				
		7.94950(10)				IS
		β=90.0140(7)				W
		° monoclinic				or

		V=439.851(7)				k
CeClWO ₄	P1c1	A ² 19.6059(2) 5.89450(10) 7.80090(10) β =101.4746(8)) ° monoclinic V=883.51(2) Å ³		E _g =3.1 (1) eV	[CeO ₆ Cl₃] [MoO₅]	Th is w or k
CeBrMoO ₄	P1c1	$\begin{array}{c} 9.77750(10)\times\\ 5.82090(10)\times\\ \times 8.03220(10)\\ \beta=90.0106\ ^\circ\\ monoclinic\\ V=457.143(11\\) \mathring{A}^3 \end{array}$		E _g =2.8 (1) eV	[CeO ₆ Br₃] [MoO₅]	Th is w or k
CeBrWO ₄	P1c1	$\begin{array}{l} 9.87830(10)\times\\ 5.92230(10)\times\\ 7.93940(10)\\ \beta=\!90.0083^\circ\\ monoclinic\\ V=\!464.473(11\\)\mathring{A}^3\end{array}$		E _g =3.0 (1) eV	[CeO ₆ Br ₃] [WO ₅]	Th is w or k
LuBrWO₄	P -1	5.9292(3) ×7.1869(4) ×6.8443(4) α =93.637(3) ° β =102.944(3) ° γ =121.875(3) ° triclinic V= 235.49Å ³	LuBrWO ₄		[LuO ₆ Br] [LuO ₄ Br ₃] [WO ₄]	6
TmClWO₄	P -1	$\begin{array}{c} 5.9638(3) \times \\ 7.2110(4) \\ \times 6.8551(4) \\ \alpha = 93.243(3) \ ^{\circ} \\ \beta = 103.066(3) \ ^{\circ} \\ \gamma = 121.995(3) \ ^{\circ} \\ \text{triclinic} \\ V = 237.93 \ ^{3} \end{array}$	LuClMoO₄		[TmO ₅ Cl ₂] [WO ₄]	7
		5.9235(3) ×7.1845(4) ×6.8448(4) α =93.523(3) ° β=103.001(3) ° v=121.745(3) °		E _g =4.23 eV	[YbO ₅ Cl ₂] [WO ₄]	-
		$v = 235.61A^{3}$ 5.9292(3) × 7.1869(4) × 6.8443(4) α =93.637(3) °		LuCIWO ₄ :Eu ³⁺ : $^{5}D_{0} \rightarrow ^{7}F_{2}$ to $^{7}F_{1}$	[LuO ₅ Cl ₂] [WO ₄]	
LuCIWO ₄	<i>P</i> -1	β=102.944(3)	LuCIMoO ₄			7

		0				
		<mark>γ=121.875(3)</mark> °				
		triclinic V= 235.48Å ³				
		5.9142(2)			[LuO ₅ Cl ₂]	3
		×7.1619(3)			[MoO ₄]	
		$\times 6.8144(3)$ $\alpha = 93.724(2)^{\circ}$				
		β=102.463(2)				
		•				
		γ=122.134(2)				
		triclinic				
	P -1	V=232.95 Å ³	LuCIMoO ₄			
		10.3480(5) ×7.3602(3)			$[SmO_6Cl_2]$	3
		× 6.9084(3)				
		β=106.677(2)				
		monoclinic				
SmClMoO ₄	C12/m1	V= 504.04 Å ³	GdClWO ₄			
		10.3161(5) ×		${}^{5}D_{0} - {}^{7}F_{0}$ to ${}^{7}F_{4}$ emissions of	[EuO ₆ Cl ₂]	3
		6.8878(3) ×		Eu ³⁺ in the visible region	[MoO ₄]	
		β=106.773(2)				
		•				
EuClMoO₄	C12/m1	$V = 498.54 \text{ Å}^3$	GdClWO₄			
· · · ·		10.2890(5)		GdCl[MoO ₄] is a close-to-ideal	[GdO ₆ Cl ₂]	3
		×7.3051(3)		paramagnet with no hint to	[MoO ₄]	
		$\beta = 106.864(2)$		magnetic interactions		
		•		down to 1.8 K.		
GdClMoO ₄	C12/m1	<mark>monoclinic</mark> V= 494.24ų	GdClWO ₄			
		10.2517(5)		${}^{5}D_{4} \rightarrow {}^{7}F_{0}$ to ${}^{7}F_{6}$ transitions of	[TbO ₆ Cl ₂]	
		× 6.8497(3)		Tb ³⁺ in the visible region	[MoO ₄]	
		β=106.963(2)				
		°				
TbClMoO₄	C12/m1	V= 488.18 Å ³	GdClWO ₄			3
		10.2199(5)		Paramagnet, absence of any	[DyO ₆ Cl ₂]	3
		×7.2367(3)		long range order down to 1.8	[MoO ₄]	
		$\beta = 107.057(2)$		К.		
		•				
DvClMoQ	C12/m1	monoclinic $V = 483.07 ^{3}$	GdClWO			
		10.1900(5)	4		[HoO ₆ Cl ₂]	3
		×7.2147(3)			[MoO ₄]	
		×6.8148(3) B=107.142(2)				
		•				
HoCIMoO ₄	C12/m1	$V = 478.75 \text{ Å}^3$	GdClWO ₄			
	C12/m1	×7.1874(3)	CHCINACO		$[ErO_6Cl_2]$	3
	U12/m1					

		× 6.7964(3)				
		β=107.236(2)				
		monoclinic				
		V= 473.71 Å ³				
		10.1327(5)			[TmO ₆ Cl ₂]	3
		×7.1591(3) ×			[MoO ₄]	
		$\beta = 107.320(2)$				
		° monoclinic				
	C12/m1	V=469.87 A ³	GdCIWO ₄			
		.3249(3) ×		$GdCIWO_4:Eu^{3+}:^3D_0 \rightarrow F_2 \text{ to } F_1$		
		6.8888(3)				
		β=107.229(2)				
		monoclinic				2,
GdClWO ₄	C12/m1	V= 497.46 Å ³	GdClWO ₄			7
		10.2806(5) ×		${}^{5}D_{4} \rightarrow {}^{7}F_{5}$ to ${}^{7}F_{6}$ emissions of		7
		7.2858(3) ×		Tb ³⁺ in the visible region		
		$\beta = 107.293(2)$				
		•		E _g =4.24 eV		
	(12/m1)	monoclinic $V = 401.41 \text{ Å}^3$	GACIMO.			
		10.2524(5) ×				7
		7.2583(3) ×				
		6.8561(3)				
		°				
		monoclinic				
DyCIWO ₄	C12/m1	$V = 486.84 Å^3$	GdCIWO ₄			_
		7.2303(3) ×				/
		6.8333(3)				
		β= 107.470(2)				
		monoclinic				
HoClWO ₄	C12/m1	V= 481.43Å ³	GdClWO ₄			
		10.1877(5) ×				7
		7.2053(3) ×6.8201(3)				
		β= 107.561(2)				
		•				
ErClWO₄	C12/m1	$\frac{\text{monoclinic}}{\text{V}=477,30\text{Å}^3}$	GdClWO₄			
PrBrMoO₄	P -1	6.9795(2) ×	YbBrMoO ₄		[PrO ₄ Br ₃]	8
-		7.4069(2)			[PrO ₆ Br]	
		$\times 11.2088(4)$			[MoO ₄]	
		105.945(2) °				
		β= 106.702(2)				
		v= 92 355(2) °				
		triclinic				
		V=				
	0.1	92.355(2)A ³				
NabrivioO4	P-1	0.9529(2)			∣ [INaU₄Br₃]	X

				[NdO ₆ Br] [MoO ₄]	
SmBrMoO₄	P -1	6.9138(2) ×7.3078(2) ×11.1045(4) α= 106.061(2) ° β= 106.983(2) ° γ= 92.239(2) ° triclinic V= 511.24Å ³	YbBrMoO ₄	[SmO ₄ Br ₃] [SmO ₆ Br] [MoO ₄]	8
GdBrMoO ₄	P -1	$\begin{array}{l} 6.8853(2)\times\\ 7.2628(2)\\\times11.0593(4)\\ \alpha=\\ 106.142(2)^{\circ}\\ \beta=107.098(2)^{\circ}\\ \gamma=92.260(2)^{\circ}\\ triclinic\\ V=503.31 \text{\AA}^{3} \end{array}$	YbBrMoO ₄	[GdO₄Br₃] [GdO ₆ Br] [MoO₄]	8
TbBrMoO₄	P -1	6.8664(2) × 7.2206(2) ×10.9705(4) α = 105.574(2) ° β = 107.262(2) ° γ = 92.516(2) ° triclinic V= 495.81Å ³	YbBrMoO ₄	[TbO ₄ Br ₃] [TbO ₆ Br] [MoO ₄]	8
DyBrMoO ₄	P -1	$\begin{array}{c} 6.8565(2)\times\\ 7.1913(2)\\ \times 10.9319(4)\\ \alpha =\\ 105.397(2)^{\circ}\\ \beta =107.332(2)^{\circ}\\ \gamma = 92.750(2)^{\circ}\\ triclinic\\ V = 491.33 \text{\AA}^3 \end{array}$	YbBrMoO ₄	[DyO ₄ Br ₃] [DyO ₆ Br] [MoO ₄]	8
HoBrMoO ₄	P -1	6.8516(2) ×7.1793(2) ×10.8832(4) α= 105.0310(10) ° β=107.3420(1 0) ° γ=	YbBrMoO ₄	[HoO ₄ Br ₃] [HoO ₆ Br] [MoO ₄]	8

		02 14E0(10) 9				
		triclinic				
		$V = 488.42 Å^{3}$				
ErBrMoO₄	P -1	6.8481(2)	YbBrMoO		[FrO ₄ Br ₂]	8
4		×7.1600(2)			$[\text{ErO}_4\text{Er}]$	
		× <mark>10.8135(4)</mark>				
		α=				
		104.4300(10) °				
		β=107.4550(1				
		93.6640(10) °				
		triclinic				
		V= <mark>484.29Å³</mark>				
TmBrMoO ₄	P -1	6.8610(2) ×	YbBrMoO ₄		[TmO₄Br₃]	8
		7.1504(2)			[TmO ₆ Br]	
		×10.7455(4)			[MoO ₄]	
		$\alpha = 103.613(2)^{\circ}$				
		$\beta = 107.627(2)$				
		°				
		γ= 94.238(2) °				
		triclinic				
		V= 482.26 Å ³				
YbBrMoO ₄	P -1	6.8600(2) ×	YbBrMoO ₄		[YbO ₄ Br ₃]	8
		7.1324(2)			[YbO ₆ Br]	
		$x_{10.6973(4)}$			[MoO ₄]	
		103 2340(10)				
		•				
		β=107.6650(1				
		<mark>0) °</mark>				
		γ=				
		94.7120(10) °				
	D 1	6 8594(2)	VhBrMaO			0
LUBIIVIOU4	P -1	×7.1270(2)				0
		×10.6618(4)				
		<mark>α=102.954(2)</mark>				
		0				
		β=107.688(2)				
		°γ=95.034(2)				
		triclinic				
		$V = 477.08 \text{ Å}^3$				
GdBrWO₄	P -1	6.9118(4) ×	YbBrMoO			9
	-	7.2772(4)				
		×11.0647(6)				
		α=105.518(4) °				
		<mark>β=107.514(4)</mark>				
		°γ= <mark>92.650(4)</mark>				
		•				
		triclinic				
		$V = 506.50 \text{ A}^3$				
IbBrWO ₄	<i>P</i> -1	6.9050(4) ×	YbBrMoO ₄			9

		7 2425(4)			
		7.2425(4)			
		×10.9/18(6)			
		α=104.663(4)			
		0			
		β=107.754(4)			
		°γ=93.058(4)			
		0			
		triclinic			
		V= 500.44 Å ³			
DyBrWO₄	P -1	6.8970(4)	YbBrMoO₄		9
, ,		×7.2193(4)			
		×10.9266(6)			
		α=104.366(4)			
		0			
		β=107.811(4)			
		° v=93.460(4)			
		•			
		triclinic			
		V= 496.27 Å ³			
FrBrW/O	P -1	6.8976(4)	YhBrMoQ.		9
	/ <u>1</u>	×7.1902(4)			
		×10.8208(6)			
		$\alpha = 103.365(4)$			
		0			
		$\beta = 107.994(4)$			
		° v=94.347(4)			
		•			
		triclinic			
		$V = 490.26 \text{ Å}^3$			
	D 1	6 8957(4) ×	VhPrMaQ	without any magnetic ordering	0
	F -1	7 2050(4)		without any magnetic ordening	9
		7.2000(1)			
		×10 8732(6)			
		$\times 10.8732(6)$			
		× <mark>10.8732(6)</mark> α=103.885(4) °			
		$\times 10.8732(6)$ $\alpha = 103.885(4)$ $\alpha = 107.892(4)$			
		×10.8732(6) α =103.885(4) ° β =107.892(4) ° v=93.915(4)			
		×10.8732(6) α=103.885(4) ° β=107.892(4) ° γ=93.915(4)			
		×10.8732(6) α =103.885(4) ° β =107.892(4) ° γ =93.915(4) °			
		×10.8732(6) α =103.885(4) ° β =107.892(4) ° γ =93.915(4) ° triclinic V= 493 13 Å ³			
TmBrWO	D 1	×10.8732(6) α =103.885(4) ° β =107.892(4) ° γ =93.915(4) ° triclinic V=493.13 Å ³ 6.8927(3)	VhPrMaQ		0
TmBrWO ₄	P -1	×10.8732(6) α =103.885(4) ° β =107.892(4) ° γ =93.915(4) ° triclinic V=493.13 Å ³ 6.8927(3) ×7 1725(4)	YbBrMoO ₄		9
TmBrWO₄	P -1		YbBrMoO ₄		9
TmBrWO₄	<i>P</i> -1	×10.8732(6) α =103.885(4) ° β =107.892(4) ° γ =93.915(4) ° triclinic V=493.13 Å ³ 6.8927(3) ×7.1725(4) ×10.7748(6) α =102.922(4)	YbBrMoO ₄		9
TmBrWO₄	<i>P</i> -1	$\begin{array}{c} \times 10.8732(6) \\ \alpha = 103.885(4) \\ ^{\circ} \\ \beta = 107.892(4) \\ ^{\circ} \\ \gamma = 93.915(4) \\ ^{\circ} \\ ^{\circ} \\ triclinic \\ V = 493.13 \\ ^{A} \\ ^{3} \\ 6.8927(3) \\ \times 7.1725(4) \\ \times 10.7748(6) \\ \alpha = 102.922(4) \\ ^{\circ} \end{array}$	YbBrMoO ₄		9
TmBrWO₄	<i>P</i> -1	×10.8732(6) α =103.885(4) ° β =107.892(4) ° γ =93.915(4) ° triclinic V=493.13 Å ³ 6.8927(3) ×7.1725(4) ×10.7748(6) α =102.922(4) °	YbBrMoO ₄		9
TmBrWO₄	P -1	×10.8732(6) α =103.885(4) ° β =107.892(4) ° γ =93.915(4) ° triclinic V= 493.13 Å ³ 6.8927(3) ×7.1725(4) ×10.7748(6) α =102.922(4) ° β =108.122(4) ° γ =94.577(4)	YbBrMoO ₄		9
TmBrWO₄	P -1	$\begin{array}{c} \times 10.8732(6) \\ \alpha = 103.885(4) \\ \circ \\ \beta = 107.892(4) \\ \circ \\ \gamma = 93.915(4) \\ \circ \\ \\ ^{\circ} \\ triclinic \\ V = 493.13 \\ \overset{3}{A^3} \\ 6.8927(3) \\ \times 7.1725(4) \\ \times 10.7748(6) \\ \alpha = 102.922(4) \\ \circ \\ \beta = 108.122(4) \\ \circ \\ \gamma = 94.577(4) \\ \circ \end{array}$	YbBrMoO ₄		9
TmBrWO₄	P -1	$ \begin{array}{c} \times 10.8732(6) \\ \alpha = 103.885(4) \\ \circ \\ \beta = 107.892(4) \\ \circ \\ \gamma = 93.915(4) \\ \circ \\ \\ triclinic \\ V = 493.13 \\ A^3 \\ 6.8927(3) \\ \times 7.1725(4) \\ \times 10.7748(6) \\ \alpha = 102.922(4) \\ \circ \\ \beta = 108.122(4) \\ \circ \\ \gamma = 94.577(4) \\ \circ \\ \end{array} $	YbBrMoO ₄		9
TmBrWO₄	P -1	×10.8732(6) α =103.885(4) ° β =107.892(4) ° γ =93.915(4) ° triclinic V= 493.13 Å ³ 6.8927(3) ×7.1725(4) ×10.7748(6) α =102.922(4) ° β =108.122(4) ° γ =94.577(4) ° triclinic V= 486 98 Å ³	YbBrMoO ₄		9
TmBrWO₄	P-1	×10.8732(6) α =103.885(4) ° β =107.892(4) ° γ =93.915(4) ° triclinic V=493.13 Å ³ 6.8927(3) ×7.1725(4) ×10.7748(6) α =102.922(4) ° β =108.122(4) ° γ =94.577(4) ° triclinic V=486.98 Å ³ 6.8857(4)	YbBrMoO ₄		9
TmBrWO ₄	P -1	$ \begin{array}{c} \times 10.8732(6) \\ \alpha = 103.885(4) \\ \circ \\ \beta = 107.892(4) \\ \circ \\ \gamma = 93.915(4) \\ \circ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $	YbBrMoO ₄ YbBrMoO ₄		9
TmBrWO ₄	P -1	$ \begin{array}{c} \times 10.8732(6) \\ \alpha = 103.885(4) \\ \circ \\ \beta = 107.892(4) \\ \circ \\ \gamma = 93.915(4) \\ \circ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $	YbBrMoO ₄ YbBrMoO ₄		9
TmBrWO₄ YbBrWO₄	P -1 P -1	$ \begin{array}{c} \times 10.8732(6) \\ \alpha = 103.885(4) \\ \circ \\ \beta = 107.892(4) \\ \circ \\ \gamma = 93.915(4) \\ \circ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $	YbBrMoO ₄ YbBrMoO ₄		9
TmBrWO ₄ YbBrWO ₄	P -1 P -1	$ \begin{array}{c} \times 10.8732(6) \\ \alpha = 103.885(4) \\ \circ \\ \beta = 107.892(4) \\ \circ \\ \gamma = 93.915(4) \\ \circ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $	YbBrMoO ₄ YbBrMoO ₄		9
TmBrWO ₄ YbBrWO ₄	P -1 P -1	×10.8732(6) α =103.885(4) ° β =107.892(4) ° γ =93.915(4) ° triclinic V= 493.13 Å ³ 6.8927(3) ×7.1725(4) ×10.7748(6) α =102.922(4) ° β =108.122(4) ° γ =94.577(4) ° triclinic V= 486.98 Å ³ 6.8857(4) ×7.1496(4) ×10.7432(6) α =102.715(4) ° B=108.201(4)	YbBrMoO ₄ YbBrMoO ₄		9
TmBrWO ₄ YbBrWO ₄	P -1 P -1	×10.8732(6) α =103.885(4) ° β =107.892(4) ° γ =93.915(4) ° triclinic V= 493.13 Å ³ 6.8927(3) ×7.1725(4) ×10.7748(6) α =102.922(4) ° β =108.122(4) ° γ =94.577(4) ° triclinic V= 486.98 Å ³ 6.8857(4) ×7.1496(4) ×10.7432(6) α =102.715(4) ° β =108.201(4) ° γ =94.859(4)	YbBrMoO ₄ YbBrMoO ₄		9
TmBrWO ₄	P -1 P -1	$ \begin{array}{c} \times 10.8732(6) \\ \alpha = 103.885(4) \\ \circ \\ \beta = 107.892(4) \\ \circ \\ \gamma = 93.915(4) \\ \circ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $	YbBrMoO ₄ YbBrMoO ₄		9
TmBrWO ₄ YbBrWO ₄	P -1	×10.8732(6) α =103.885(4) ° β =107.892(4) ° ° γ =93.915(4) ° triclinic V= 493.13 Å ³ 6.8927(3) ×7.1725(4) ×10.7748(6) α =102.922(4) ° β =108.122(4) ° γ =94.577(4) ° triclinic V= 486.98 Å ³ 6.8857(4) ×7.1496(4) ×10.7432(6) α =102.715(4) ° β =108.201(4) ° γ =94.859(4) ° triclinic	YbBrMoO ₄ YbBrMoO ₄		9

			V= <mark>483.33 Å³</mark>				
--	--	--	--------------------------------------	--	--	--	--

Table S4. Comparison of ph	hotocurrent density between	CeHaVIO ₄ (Ha=Cl, Br, V	/I=Mo, W)
compounds and selected rep	oorted compounds.		

Compounds	Current Density (µA/cm ²)	Reference
$Rb_2Ba_3Cu_2Sb_2S_{10}$	0.006	10
$Pb_5Sn_3S_{10}Cl_2$	0.019	11
RbIn ₄ S ₆ Cl	0.029	11
BaCuSbSe ₃	0.03	12
BaCuSbS ₃	0.055	12
$Sr_6Cd_2Sb_6S_{10}O_7$	0.065	13
$Eu_3Gd_6MgS_2B_{20}O_{41}$	0.12	14
CeBrWO ₄	0.1615	This work
LaNi _{0.8} Fe _{0.2} O ₃	0.25	15
CeBrMoO ₄	0.3321	This work
Cs2CuBr ₄	0.5	16
CeClWO ₄	0.5527	This work
CeClMoO ₄	0.747	This work
$Eu_8In_{17.33}S3_4$	1	17
$Tm_4S_4Te_3$	1.1	18
$Eu_{5.4}Sm_{3.6}MgS_2B_{20}O_{41}$	1.62	14
$Zn_4B_6O_{12}S$	2.1	19
Ho ₄ S ₄ Te ₃	2.2	18
Gd ₄ S ₄ Te ₃	2.3	18
Sr ₂ YbRuO ₆	5.5	20
Rb ₂ CuSb ₇ S ₁₂	10	21
Ba ₃ HgGa ₂ S ₇	12.2	22
La _{2.1} Bi _{2.9} Ti ₂ O ₁₁ Cl	15	23
Ba ₂ ZnSe ₃	25	24
BaAu ₂ S ₂	30	25



Figure S1. The optical microscope images of crystals of CeHaVIO₄ (Ha=Cl, Br; VI=Mo, W), from left to right: CeClMoO₄, CeClWO₄, CeBrMoO₄, CeBrWO₄.



Figure S2. Experimental powder X-ray diffraction results of CeClMoO₄ with theoretical patterns shown at the bottom.



Figure S3. Experimental powder X-ray diffraction results of CeBrMoO₄ with theoretical patterns shown at the bottom.



Figure S4. Experimental powder X-ray diffraction results of CeClWO₄ with theoretical patterns shown at the bottom.



Figure S5. Experimental powder X-ray diffraction results of CeBrWO₄ with theoretical patterns shown at the bottom.



Figure S6. The (h1l) planes of the reciprocal lattices of CeClMoO₄ and CeClWO₄.



Figure S7. Experimental powder X-ray diffraction results of (La_{0.5}Ce_{0.5})ClMoO₄ with theoretical patterns shown at the bottom.



Figure S8. Experimental powder X-ray diffraction results of $(La_{0.5}Ce_{0.5})ClWO_4$ with theoretical patterns shown at the bottom.



Figure S9. Experimental powder X-ray diffraction results of $(La_{0.5}Ce_{0.5})BrMoO_4$ with theoretical patterns shown at the bottom.



Figure S10. Experimental powder X-ray diffraction results of $(La_{0.5}Ce_{0.5})BrWO_4$ with theoretical patterns shown at the bottom.



Figure S11. The comparison of bandgaps between CeHaVIO₄ (Ha=Cl, Br; VI=Mo, W), LaHaVIO₄ (Ha=Cl, Br; VI=Mo, W), and (La_{0.5}Ce_{0.5})HaVIO₄ (Ha=Cl, Br; VI=Mo, W).



Figure S12. IR spectrum of CeClMoO₄ and CeBrMoO₄.



Figure S13. IR spectrum of CeClMoO₄ and CeBrMoO₄.



Figure S14. DOS and electronic band structure of LaBrWO₄ from antiferromagnetic calculation.



Figure S15. DOS and electronic band structure of CeClMoO₄ from antiferromagnetic calculation.



Figure S16. DOS and electronic band structure of CeClWO₄ from antiferromagnetic calculation.



Figure S17. DOS and electronic band structure of CeBrMoO₄ from antiferromagnetic calculation.



Figure S18. DOS and electronic band structure of CeBrWO₄ from antiferromagnetic calculation.



Figure S19. Photocurrent density of three samples of CeBrMoO₄.



Figure S20. Photocurrent density of three samples of CeBrWO₄.



Figure S21. Photocurrent density of three samples of CeClMoO₄.



Figure S22. Photocurrent density of three samples of CeClWO₄.



Figure S23. The allowed direct transitions of CeClMoO₄ sample.



Figure S24. The allowed direct transitions of CeClWO₄ sample.



Figure S25. The allowed direct transitions of CeBrMoO₄ sample.



Figure S26. The allowed direct transitions of two CeBrWO₄ sample.

Reference:

[1] I. Hartenbach, T. Schleid, S. Strobel and P. K. Dorhout, Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem., 2010, 636, 1183–1189.

[2] T. Schleid and I. Hartenbach, Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem., 2009, 635, 1904–1909.

[3] I. Hartenbach, S. Strobel, T. Schleid, K. W. Krämer and P. K. Dorhout, Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem., 2009, 635, 966–975.

[4] L. H. Brixner, H. Y. Chen and C. M. Foris, J. Solid State Chem., 1982, 45, 80-87.

[5] I. Hartenbach, H. Henning, T. Schleid, T. Schustereit and S. Strobel, Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem., 2013, 639, 347–353.

[6] T. Schleid and I. Hartenbach, Z. Kristallogr. Cryst. Mater., 2016, 231, 449-466.

[7] T. Schustereit, T. Schleid, H. A. Höppe, K. Kazmierczak and I. Hartenbach, J. Solid State Chem., 2015, **226**, 299–306.

[8] T. Schustereit, H. Henning, T. Schleid and I. Hartenbach, Z. Naturforsch. B J. Chem. Sci., 2013, 68, 616–624.

[9] T. Schustereit, T. Schleid and I. Hartenbach, Solid State Sci., 2015, 48, 218–224.

[10] C. Liu, Y. Xiao, H. Wang, W. Chai, X. Liu, D. Yan, H. Lin and Y. Liu, *Inorg. Chem.*, 2020, **59**, 1577–1581.

[11] L.-T. Jiang, M.-Z. Li, X.-M. Jiang, B.-W. Liu and G.-C. Guo, *Dalton Trans.*, 2022, **51**, 6638–6645.

[12] C. Liu, P. Hou, W. Chai, J. Tian, X. Zheng, Y. Shen, M. Zhi, C. Zhou and Y. Liu, *J. Alloys Compd.*, 2016, **679**, 420–425.

[13] S. Al Bacha, S. Saitzek, E. E. McCabe and H. Kabbour, *Inorg. Chem.*, 2022, **61**, 18611–18621.

[14] N. Zhang, S.-S. Han, Y. Xie, D.-L. Chen, W.-D. Yao, X. Huang, W. Liu and S.-P. Guo, *Inorg. Chem.*, 2023, **62**, 7681–7688.

[15] J. Bao, W. Quan, Y. Ning, H. Wang, Q. Wei, L. Huang, W. Zhang, Y. Ma, X. Hu and H. Tian, *Inorg. Chem.*, 2023, **62**, 1086–1094.

[16] Z. Zhijie, L. Deben, H. Hao, C. Yaoqing and X. Jiayue, *Inorg. Chem.*, 2023, 62, 9240–9248.
[17] Y. Chi, T.-F. Jiang, H.-G. Xue and S.-P. Guo, *Inorg. Chem.*, 2019, 58, 3574–3577.

[18] Y. Chi, L.-Z. Rong, N.-T. Suen, H.-G. Xue and S.-P. Guo, *Inorg. Chem.*, 2018, **57**, 5343–5351.

[19] W. Zhou, W.-D. Yao, R.-L. Tang, H. Xue and S.-P. Guo, *J. Alloys Compd.*, 2021, **867**, 158879.

[20] A. Sarkar, A. Das, S. Ash, K. V. Ramanujachary, S. E. Lofland, N. Das, K. Bhattacharyya and A. K. Ganguli, *Inorg. Chem.*, 2023, **62**, 9324–9334.

[21] Y. Xiao, S.-H. Zhou, R. Yu, Y. Shen, Z. Ma, H. Lin and Y. Liu, *Inorg. Chem.*, 2021, **60**, 9263–9267.

[22] X. Huang, S.-H. Yang, W. Liu and S.-P. Guo, Inorg. Chem., 2022, 61, 12954–12958.

[23] V. Werner, U. Aschauer, G. J. Redhammer, J. Schoiber, G. A. Zickler and S. Pokrant, *Inorg. Chem.*, 2023, **62**, 6649–6660.

[24] M. Zhou, K. Xiao, X. Jiang, H. Huang, Z. Lin, J. Yao and Y. Wu, *Inorg. Chem.*, 2016, 55, 12783–12790.

[25] M. Zhou, X. Jiang, X. Jiang, K. Xiao, Y. Guo, H. Huang, Z. Lin, J. Yao, C.-H. Tung, L.-Z. Wu and Y. Wu, *Inorg. Chem.*, 2017, **56**, 5173–5181.