

## Supporting Information

### **Ultra-high photoelectric conversion efficiency and obvious carrier separation in a photovoltaic ZnIn<sub>2</sub>X<sub>4</sub> (X = S, Se and Te) van der Waals heterostructures**

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**Table S1**

Calculated lattice constants a/b ( $\text{\AA}$ ) of ZIX (X=S, Se and Te) monolayer and its heterostructures. For comparison, the relaxed lattice constants of the previous ZIX monolayer also listed.

Structure	a/b ( $\text{\AA}$ )	a/b ( $\text{\AA}$ , Ref. 39)	a/b ( $\text{\AA}$ , Ref. 40)
ZnIn <sub>2</sub> S <sub>4</sub>	6.71/3.88	6.78/3.93	6.68/3.87
ZnIn <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>4</sub>	7.00/4.05	7.09/4.10	7.01/4.06
ZnIn <sub>2</sub> Te <sub>4</sub>	7.50/4.34	7.63/4.41	7.56/4.37
ZIS/Se	6.86/3.97		
ZISe/Te	7.27/4.20		

**Table S2**

The calculated bandgap of ZIX monolayer and its heterostructures by PBE, standard HSE06 ( $\alpha=0.25$ ), PBE0, PBE+SOC and HSE06 ( $\alpha=0.13$ ) functional, respectively. For comparison, the previous results were also listed. D and I represents direct bandgap semiconductors and indirect bandgap semiconductors, respectively.

Structure	PBE	HSE06 ( $\alpha=0.25$ )	PBE0	PBE+ SOC	HSE06 ( $\alpha=0.13$ )	PBE (Ref. 39)	HSE06 (Ref. 39)	HSE06 (Ref. 40)
ZnIn <sub>2</sub> S <sub>4</sub>	1.80(D)	2.73(D)	3.53(D)	1.79(D)	2.34(D)	1.79(D)	2.74(D)	3.00(D)
ZnIn <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>4</sub>	1.24(D)	1.96(D)	2.70(D)	1.13(D)	1.64(D)	1.98(D)	1.98(D)	2.20(I)
ZnIn <sub>2</sub> Te <sub>4</sub>	0.90(I)	1.54(I)	2.15(I)	0.69(I)	1.22(I)	0.73(I)	1.28(I)	1.42(I)
ZIS/Se	0.95(D)	1.79(D)	2.54(D)	0.62(D)	1.43(D)			
ZISe/Te	0.18(D)	0.84(D)	1.41(D)	0.01(D)	0.49(D)			

**Table S3**

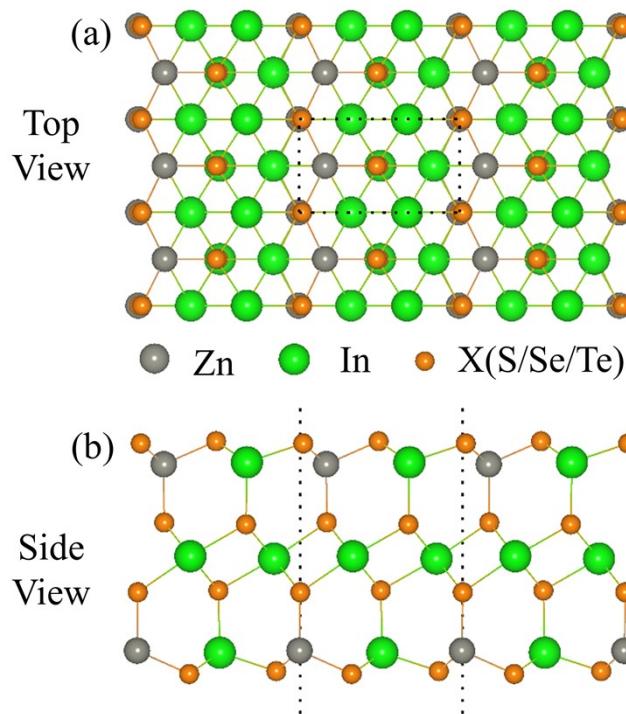
The lattice constant and binding energy E<sub>b</sub> of four different types of stacked heterostructures.

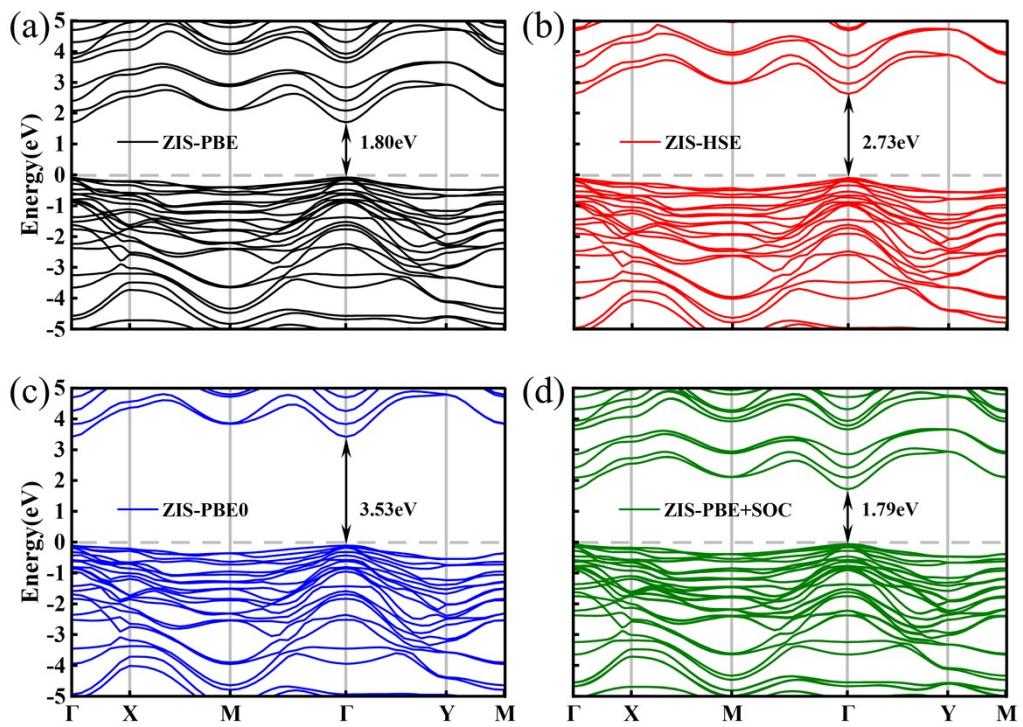
Structure	a( $\text{\AA}$ )	b( $\text{\AA}$ )	E <sub>b</sub> (eV)
ZIS/Se-A	6.86	3.97	-1.46
ZIS/Se-B	6.84	3.97	-1.44
ZIS/Se-C	6.84	3.96	-1.45
ZIS/Se-D	6.85	3.96	-1.28
ZISe/Te-A	7.27	4.20	-1.24
ZISe/Te-B	7.24	4.21	-1.17
ZISe/Te-C	7.26	4.20	-1.23
ZISe/Te-D	7.25	4.19	-0.98
ZIS/Te-A	7.10	4.10	-0.60
ZIS/Te-B	7.09	4.12	-0.56
ZIS/Te-C	7.09	4.10	-0.38
ZIS/Te-D	7.10	4.10	-0.37

**Table S4**

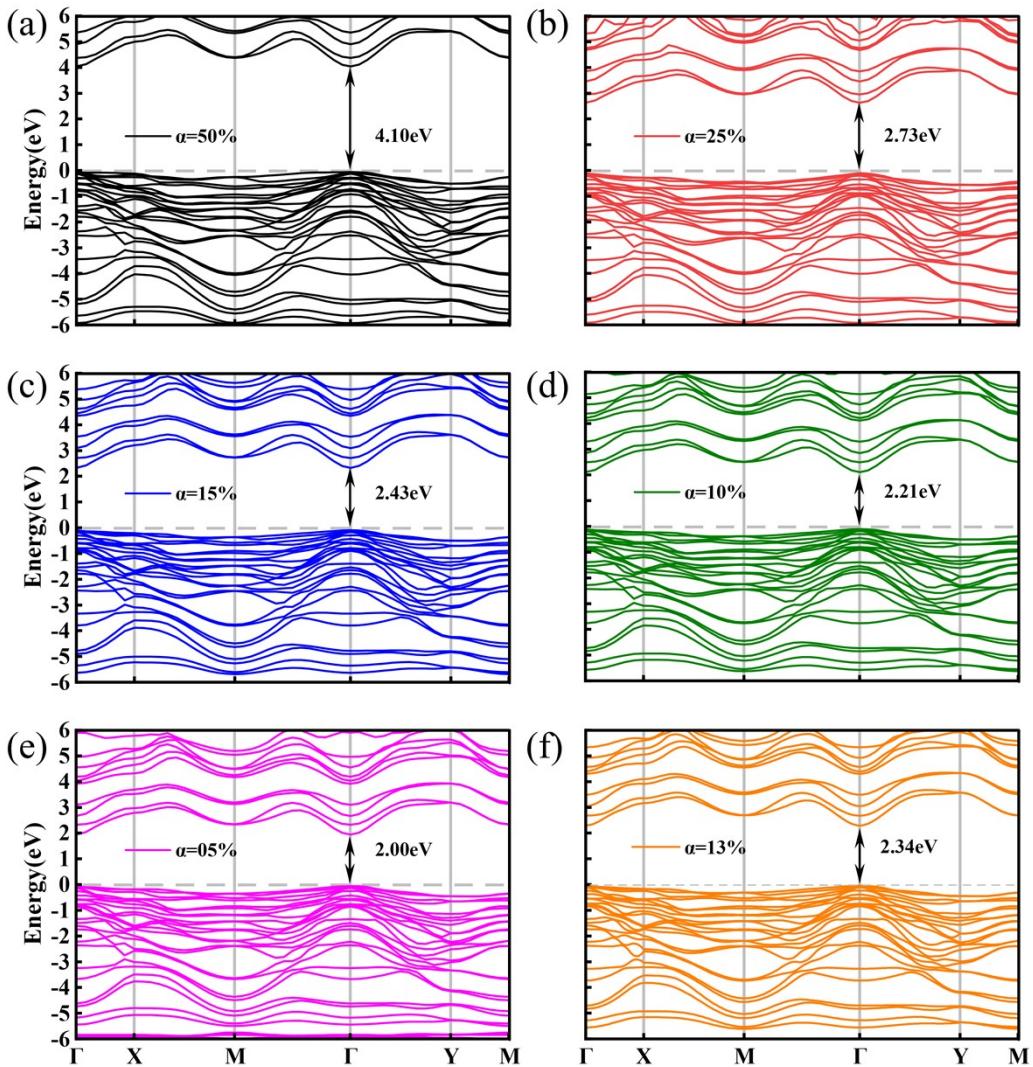
Electrons and holes effective mass of ZIX (X=S, Se and Te) monolayer and its heterostructures.

Materials	Type of carriers	$m^*_{\Gamma-X}/m_0$	$m^*_{\Gamma-Y}/m_0$	$m^*_{\Gamma-M}/m_0$
ZIS	e	0.247	0.243	0.243
	h	0.365	2.060	1.588
ZISe	e	0.195	0.191	0.191
	h	0.708	1.449	4.257
ZITe	e	0.811	0.263	0.343
	h	2.425	1.857	3.223
ZIS/Se	e	0.180	0.180	0.180
	h	1.811	3.767	2.649
ZISe/Te	e	0.149	0.149	0.148
	h	4.260	0.814	2.018

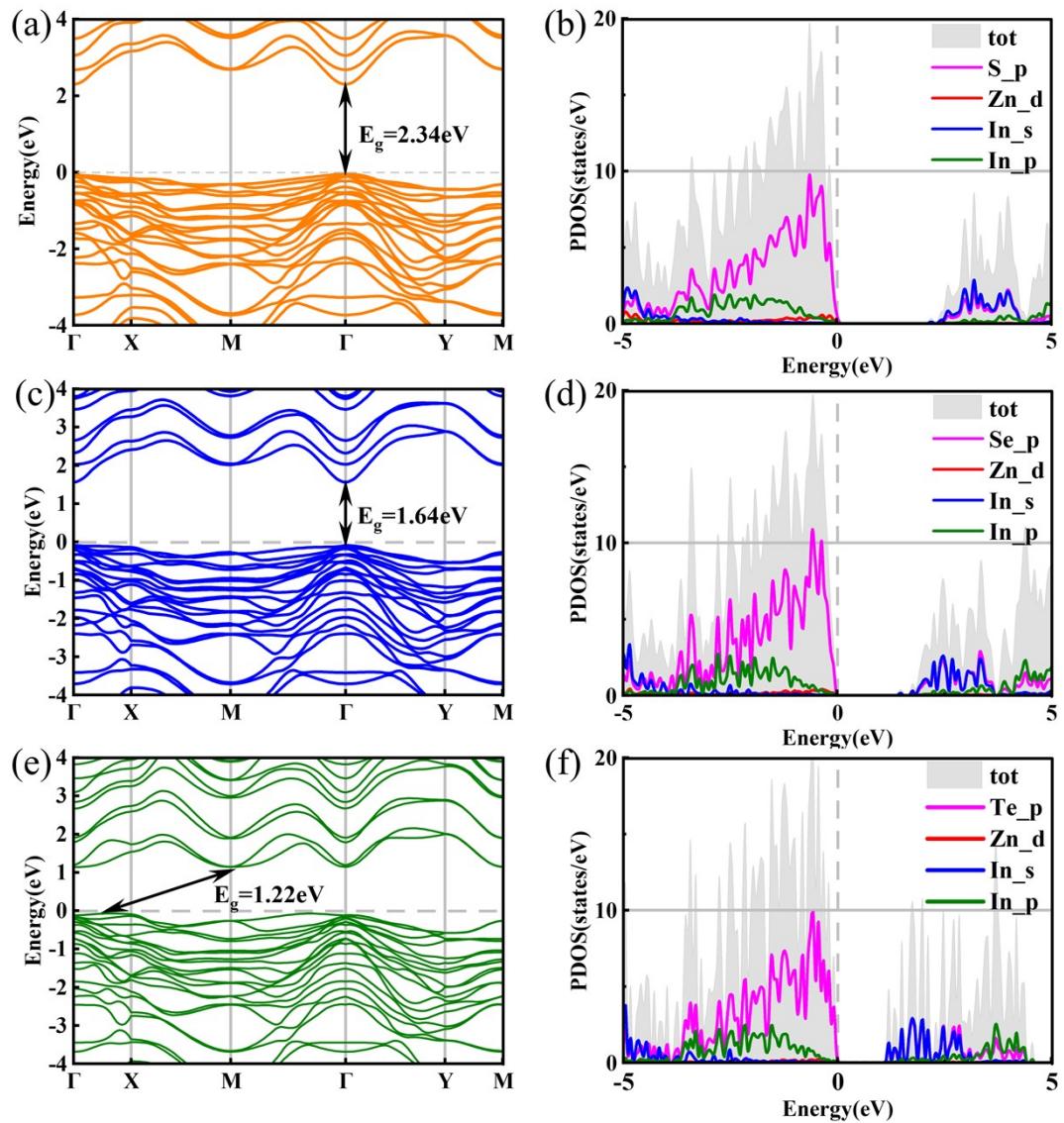
**Fig. S1** A supercell of ZIX (X=S, Se and Te) monolayer. The gray, blue and orange balls represent the elements Zn, In and X, respectively.



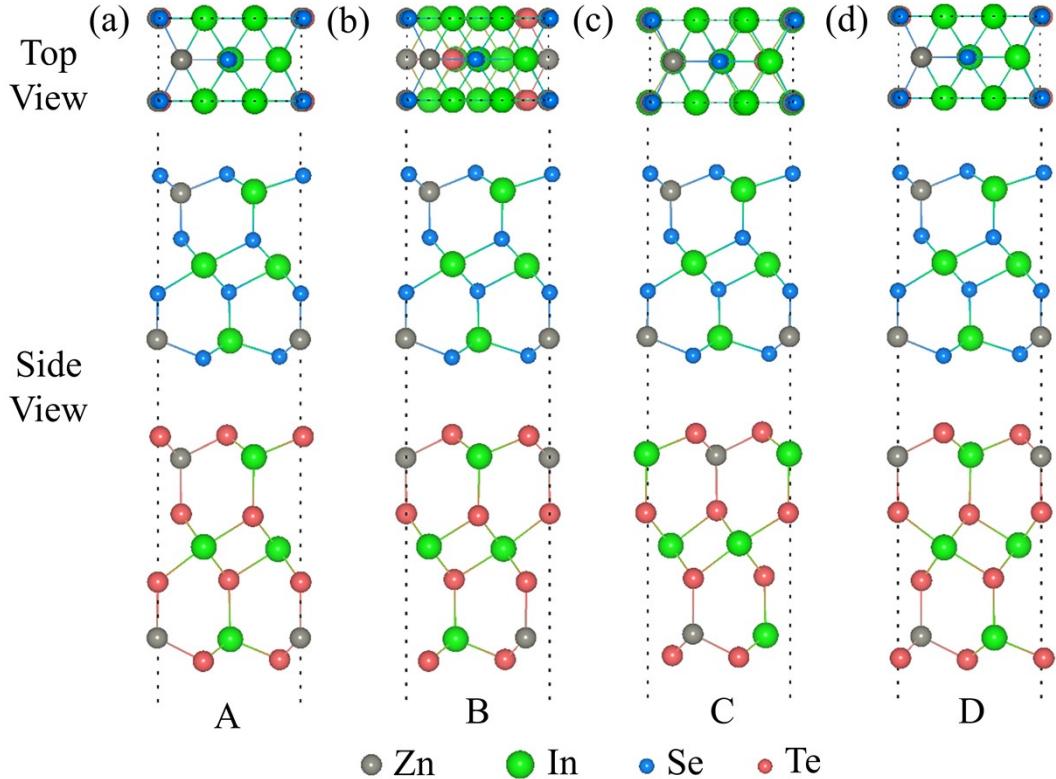
**Fig. S2** (a-d) The calculated band structures of ZIS by different functional.



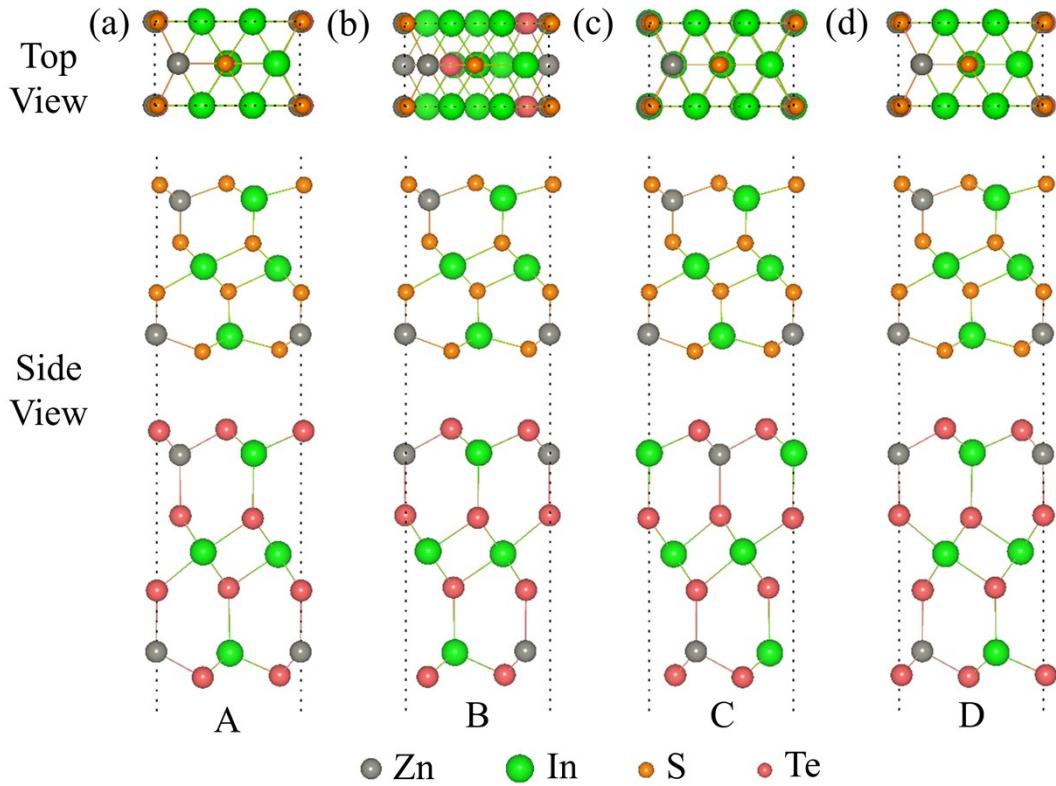
**Fig. S3 (a-e)** The calculated band structures of ZIS by HSE functional with different mixing ratio.



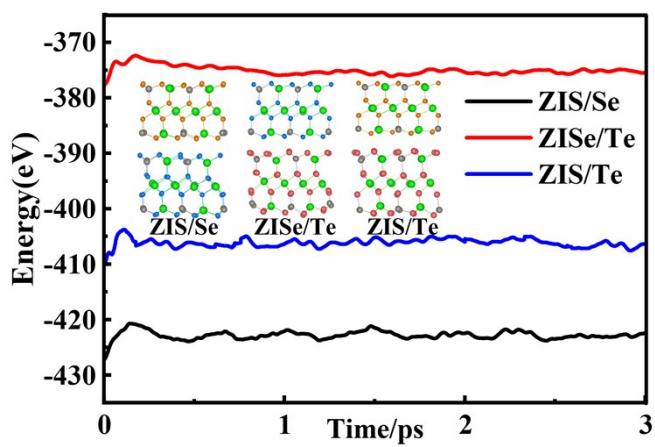
**Fig. S4** (a-c) The band structures of ZIS, ZISe, and ZITe monolayer. (d-f) The corresponding density of states (DOS) of ZIS, ZISe, and ZITe monolayer.



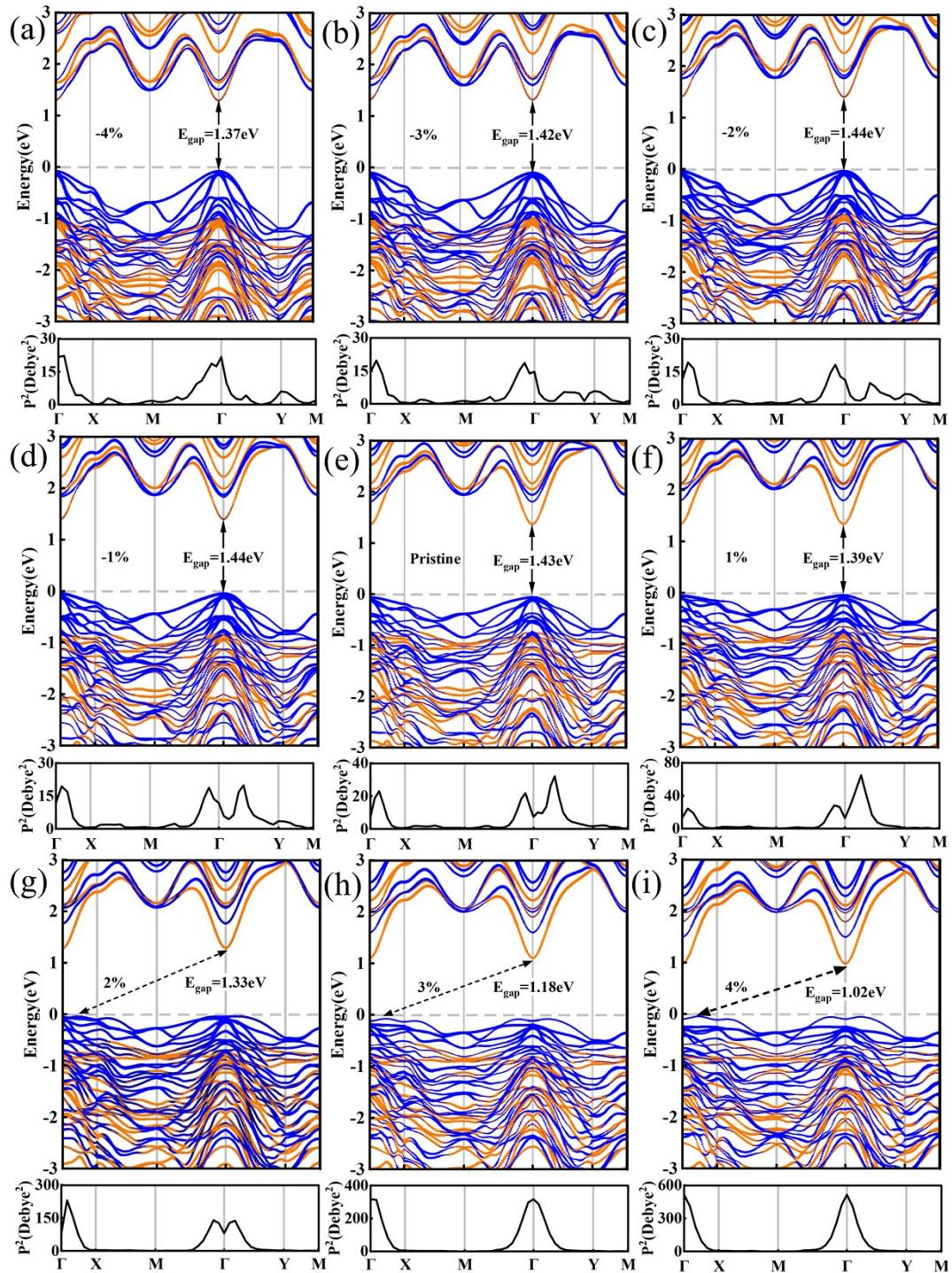
**Fig. S5** Top and side views of four different configurations of ZIS/Te heterostructure. (a) configuration A, (b) configuration B, (c) configuration C and (d) configuration D. The gray, green, blue and red balls represent Zn, In, Se, and Te atoms, respectively.



**Fig. S6** Top and side views of four different configurations of ZIS/Te heterostructure. (a) configuration A, (b) configuration B, (c) configuration C and (d) configuration D. The gray, green, orange and red balls represent Zn, In, S, and Te atoms, respectively.



**Fig. S7** Energy changes of ZIS/Se, ZISe/Te and ZIS/Te heterostructures at 300 K FPMD simulation. The insets show the final structures after 3000fs FPMD simulation.



**Fig. S8 (a-i)** The projected band structures and transition dipole moment (TDM) of ZIS/Se heterostructure under -4% to 4% strains.