

Supplementary material

Table S1. Chromatographic conditions for each compound under study.

Compound	Chromatographic conditions
TYRS and HT	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Two phases: (A) aqueous formic acid solution 0.1% and (B) solution 0.1% of formic acid in methanol.• Gradient: 0–1 min (5% B); 1–7 min (100% B); 7–8.5 min (100% B); 8.6–10 min (5% B).• A target MS2 in negative mode was performed.• Parallel Reaction Monitoring (PRM) of the [M+H]⁻ at m/z 153.05572• Normalized collision energy (NCE) was set at 25 eV
TYR and SER	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Two phases (A) solution 0.1% of formic acid in methanol and (B) aqueous formic acid solution 0.1%• The gradient was: 0–1 min (5% B); 1–7.5 min (95% B); 7.5–8.6 min (95% B); 8.6–10 min (5% B).• A target MS2 in positive mode was performed.• PRM of the [M+H]⁻ at m/z 182.08117 y 177.10224• NCE was set at 40 eV
PCA	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Two phases (A) solution 0.1% of formic acid in methanol and (B) aqueous formic acid solution 0.1%• The gradient was: 0–1 min (5% B); 1–7.5 min (95% B); 7.5–8.6 min (95% B); 8.6–10 min (5% B).• A target MS2 in positive mode was performed.• PRM of the [M+H]⁻ at m/z 153.01933• NCE was set at 40 eV