Supporting Information for

Empowering Strategies of Electrochemical N-N Bond Forming Reactions: Direct Access to Previously Neglected 1,2,3-Triazole 1-Oxides

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S1. Optimization Studies

Optimization of electrochemical oxidation of a model substrate 1a is presented in Table S1. The found optimal conditions which were used for the synthesis of the entire series of 1,2,3-triazole 1-oxides were as follows: C/Pt electrodes, LiClO₄ as an electrolyte, 5 mA current, no mediator and MeOH as a solvent (entry 1). Addition of TEMPO or *N*-hydroxyphthalimide (NHPI) as mediator resulted in a decrease of a yield of compound **2a** (entries 2,3), while utilization of ferrocene or hydroquinone completely suppressed oxidation (entries 4,5). Replacement of MeOH with MeCN slightly decreased the yield of **2a** to 89% (entry 6). At the same time, conducting electrochemical oxidation in MeOH using "Bu₄NBF₄ as an electrolyte resulted in more substantial yield decrease (entry 7). Utilization of 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoroisopropanol (HFIP) as one of the widely used reaction media for a variety of electrochemical transformations provided **2a** only in trace amounts (entry 8). Nature of electrodes was also crucial for the successful implementation of electrochemical oxidation: replacement of C/Pt electrodes with glassy carbon/Pt or C/C those resulted in a yield decrease (entries 9,12), while more harsh oxidation conditions derived from stainless steel/Pt or Pt/Pt pairs were useless (entries 10,11). Finally, variation of current from 5 mA to 3 mA or 7 mA slightly decreased the yield of **2a** (entries 13,14).

	Me		electrodes, el current, me solvent, 2	ectrolyte, ediator 0 °C Me	O +N N −CO₂Me	
	Wie	1a			2a	
Entry	Solvent	Electrodes (+)/(-)	Electrolyte	Current	Mediator	Yield of
						2a , ^{<i>a</i>} %
1	MeOH	C/Pt	LiClO ₄	5 mA	-	95
2	MeOH	C/Pt	LiClO ₄	5 mA	TEMPO	77
3	MeOH	C/Pt	LiClO ₄	5 mA	NHPI	81
4	MeOH	C/Pt	LiClO ₄	5 mA	FeCp ₂	traces ^b
5	MeOH	C/Pt	LiClO ₄	5 mA	hydroquinone	traces ^b
		Variat	tion of solvent	and electroly	vte	
6	MeCN	C/Pt	LiClO ₄	5 mA	-	89
7	MeOH	C/Pt	ⁿ Bu ₄ NBF ₄	5 mA	-	74
8	HFIP	C/Pt	ⁿ Bu ₄ NBF ₄	5 mA	-	traces ^b
Variation of electrodes						
9	MeOH	glassy carbon/Pt	LiClO ₄	5 mA	-	81
10	MeOH	stainless steel/Pt	LiClO ₄	5 mA	-	$traces^b$
11	MeOH	Pt/Pt	LiClO ₄	5 mA	-	
12	MeOH	C/C	LiClO ₄	5 mA	-	53
Variation of current						
13	MeOH	C/Pt	LiClO ₄	3 mA	-	86
14	MeOH	C/Pt	LiClO ₄	7 mA	-	88

 Table S1. Optimization of electrochemical oxidation of oximinohydrazone 1a.

^{*a*} Isolated yields.

^b Compound **2a** was detected by TLC.

^c Decomposition of starting oximinohydrazone **1a** was observed.

S2. Experimental Section

S2.1 General Remarks

All reactions were carried out in well-cleaned oven-dried glassware with magnetic stirring. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker AM-300 (300.13 and 75.47 MHz, respectively) spectrometer and referenced to residual solvent peak. The chemical shifts are reported in ppm (δ); multiplicities are indicated by s (singlet), d (doublet), t (triplet), q (quartet), m (multiplet) and br (broad). Coupling constants, J, are reported in Hertz. The IR spectra were recorded on a Bruker "Alpha" spectrometer in the range 400-4000 cm⁻ ¹ (resolution 2 cm⁻¹). Elemental analyses were performed by the CHN Analyzer Perkin-Elmer 2400. High resolution mass spectra were recorded on a Bruker microTOF spectrometer with electrospray ionization (ESI). All measurements were performed in a positive (+MS) ion mode (interface capillary voltage: 4500 V) with scan range m/z: 50-3000. External calibration of the mass spectrometer was performed with Electrospray Calibrant Solution (Fluka). A direct syringe injection was used for all analyzed solutions in MeCN (flow rate: $3 \,\mu\text{L min}^{-1}$). Nitrogen was used as nebulizer gas (0.4 bar) and dry gas (4.0 L min⁻¹); interface temperature was set at 180 °C. All spectra were processed by using Bruker DataAnalysis 4.0 software package. The melting points were determined on Stuart SMP20 apparatus and are uncorrected. Analytical thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was carried out on Merck 25 TLC silica gel 60 F₂₅₄ aluminum sheets. The visualization of the TLC plates was accomplished with a UV light. Column chromatography was performed on silica gel 60 A (0.060-0.200 mm, Acros Organics). Thermal analysis was performed using STA 449 F3 (Netzsch) apparatus. Samples of 0.5-1.0 mg mass were poured in alumina pans covered with pierced lids and heated up to 600 °C with a constant rate of 5 K min⁻¹. All solvents were purified and dried using standard methods prior to use. All standard reagents were purchased from Aldrich or Acros Organics and used without further purification.

S2.2 Synthesis of Oximinohydrazones

General synthesis of starting oximes **1a-q** was accomplished according to the following scheme:



Corresponding diazonium salt (10 mmol) was added in small portions to a magnetically stirred solution of methyl 4-morpholineacrylate (10 mmol, 1.71 g) in MeCN (10 mL) at 20 °C and left stirred overnight. After the reaction was completed (TLC monitoring), the reaction mixture was diluted with water (20 mL), precipitate formed was filtered off and dried in air. The obtained crude aldehyde was used without further purification for the second step. NH₂OH·HCl (15 mmol, 1.04 g) was added to a magnetically stirred suspension of the corresponding crude aldehyde in a mixture of AcONa (25 mmol, 2.05 g) in EtOH (15 mL) at 20 °C and the reaction mixture was left stirring overnight. After the reaction was completed (TLC monitoring), the

reaction mixture was diluted with water (30 mL), precipitate formed was filtered off and dried in air. Crude residue was purified via recrystallization from EtOH to afford pure oxime **1a-q**.

Methyl 3-(hydroxyimino)-2-(2-(p-tolyl)hydrazinylidene)propanoate (1a).



Yield 1.93 g (82%). Orange powder. M.p. 165-167°C (EtOH).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 2.29 (s, 3H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 7.16-7.23 (m, 4H), 8.30 (s, 1H), 12.03 (s, 1H), 12.65 (s, 1H).

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<sup>13</sup>C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>): \delta = 20.9, 52.4, 115.2, 122.3, 130.5, 133.4, 140.5, 145.0, 164.7.
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Calcd for C₁₁H₁₃N₃O₃ (%): C, 56.16; H, 5.57; N, 17.86. Found (%): C, 56.03; H, 5.69; N, 17.62.

Methyl 3-(hydroxyimino)-2-(2-phenylhydrazinylidene)propanoate (1b).

Yield 1.86 g (84%). Pale yellow powder. M.p. 164-166°C (EtOH).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 3.79 (s, 3H), 7.10 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (t,

J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 8.30 (s, 1H), 12.10 (br s, 1H), 12.65 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 52.5, 115.2, 122.9, 124.2, 130.1, 142.8, 145.0, 164.6.

Calcd for C₁₀H₁₁N₃O₃ (%): C, 54.30; H, 5.01; N, 19.00. Found (%): C, 54.47; H, 4.93; N, 18.81.

Methyl 3-(hydroxyimino)-2-(2-(3-methylphenyl)hydrazinylidene)propanoate (1c).



Yield 1.62 g (69%). Pale yellow powder. M.p. 183-184°C (EtOH).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 2.33 (s, 3H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 6.92 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.03-7.11 (m, 2H), 7.28 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 8.30 (s, 1H), 12.11 (br s, 1H), 12.66 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 21.6, 52.5, 112.5, 115.6, 122.8, 125.0, 129.9, 139.6, 142.7, 145.0, 164.7.

Calcd for C₁₁H₁₃N₃O₃ (%): C, 56.16; H, 5.57; N, 17.86. Found (%): C, 56.37; H, 5.44; N, 17.70.

Methyl 3-(hydroxyimino)-2-(2-mesitylhydrazinylidene)propanoate (1d).

Me

Yield 2.05 g (78%). Yellow powder. M.p. 150-152°C (EtOH).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 2.23 (s, 3H), 2.30 (s, 6H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 6.92 (s, 2H), 8.31 (s, 1H), 11.94 (br. s, 1H), 12.45 (s, 1H).

 ^{13}C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d_6): δ = 19.4, 20.8, 52.3, 121.5, 128.7, 130.3, 134.3, 136.8, 144.9, 165.0.

Calcd for C₁₃H₁₇N₃O₃ (%): C, 59.30; H, 6.51; N, 15.96. Found (%): C, 59.46; H, 6.42; N, 16.09.

Methyl 3-(hydroxyimino)-2-(2-(2-chlorophenyl)hydrazinylidene)propanoate (1e).



Yield 1.79 g (70%). Pale yellow powder. M.p. 156-157°C (EtOH).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 3.81 (s, 3H), 7.11 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.32 (s, 1H), 12.30 (br s, 1H), 12.97 (s, 1H).

 ^{13}C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 52.7, 115.5, 119.6, 124.6, 125.2, 129.0, 130.0, 139.5, 144.7, 164.4.

 $Calcd \ for \ C_{10}H_{10}ClN_3O_3 \ (\%): \ C, \ 46.98; \ H, \ 3.94; \ N, \ 16.44. \ Found \ (\%): \ C, \ 47.12; \ H, \ 3.81; \ N, \ 16.20.$

Methyl 3-(hydroxyimino)-2-(2-(3-chlorophenyl)hydrazinylidene)propanoate (1f).



Yield 1.89 g (74%). Pale yellow powder. M.p. 144-145°C (dec.) (EtOH).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 3.79 (s, 3H), 7.10-7.17 (m, 3H), 7.32 (s, 1H), 7.39 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 8.27 (s, 1H), 12.16 (br s, 1H), 12.59 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 52.6, 114.0, 114.6, 123.6, 124.1, 131.7, 134.6, 144.3, 144.7, 164.4. Calcd for C₁₀H₁₀ClN₃O₃ (%): C, 46.98; H, 3.94; N, 16.44. Found (%): C, 46.84; H, 4.07; N, 16.31.

Methyl 3-(hydroxyimino)-2-(2-(4-chlorophenyl)hydrazinylidene)propanoate (1g).



Yield 2.15 g (84%). Pale yellow powder. M.p. 138-139°C (dec.) (EtOH).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 3.79 (s, 3H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 8.28 (s, 1H), 12.15 (br s, 1H), 12.61 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 52.6, 116.8, 123.6, 127.7, 130.0, 141.8, 144.9, 164.5.

Calcd for C₁₀H₁₀ClN₃O₃ (%): C, 46.98; H, 3.94; N, 16.44. Found (%): C, 46.79; H, 4.03; N, 16.62.

Methyl 3-(hydroxyimino)-2-(2-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)hydrazinylidene)propanoate (1h).



Yield 1.89 g (65%). Pale yellow powder. M.p. 182-183°C (EtOH).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 3.81 (s, 3H), 7.27 (s, 3H), 8.26 (s, 1H), 12.18 (s, 1H), 12.49 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 52.8, 113.6, 122.7, 125.3, 135.4, 144.4, 145.3, 164.2.

Calcd for C₁₀H₉Cl₂N₃O₃ (%): C, 41.40; H, 3.13; N, 14.49. Found (%): C, 41.22; H, 3.27; N, 14.21.

Methyl 3-(hydroxyimino)-2-(2-(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)hydrazinylidene)propanoate (1i).



Yield 2.38 g (87%). Pale pink solid. M.p. 191-192°C (dec.) (EtOH).

IR (KBr): 3247, 3089, 3002, 2956, 2905, 2849, 1701, 1607, 1569, 1506, 1440, 1336, 1294, 1261, 1211, 1114, 1049, 996, 902, 811, 771 cm⁻¹.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 3.79 (s, 3H), 7.20-7.22 (m, 1H), 7.41-7.47 (m, 3H), 8.26 (s, 1H), 12.13 (br s, 1H), 12.55 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 52.6, 115.5 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 116.4, 118.3 (d, *J* = 22.5 Hz), 120.9 (d, *J* = 19.0 Hz), 124.0 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz), 140.2 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz), 144.7, 154.0 (d, *J* = 242.6 Hz), 164.4.

HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₁₀H₁₀³⁵ClFN₃O₃: 274.0389; found: 274.0382 [M+H]⁺.

Methyl 2-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)hydrazinylidene)-3-(hydroxyimino)propanoate (1j).

Yield 1.92 g (80%). Light yellow powder. M.p. 192-193°C (dec.) (EtOH).

IR (KBr): 3247, 3089, 3002, 2956, 2905, 2849, 1701, 1607, 1569, 1506, 1440, 1336, 1294, 1261, 1211, 1114, 1049, 996, 956, 902, 811, 771 cm⁻¹.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 3.78 (s, 3H), 7.21-7.32 (m, 4H), 8.29 (s, 1H), 12.13 (br s, 1H), 12.64 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 52.5, 116.6 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz), 116.8 (d, *J* = 9.4 Hz), 122.9, 139.3 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz), 144.9, 159.1 (d, *J* = 240.1 Hz), 164.6.

Calcd for C₁₀H₁₀FN₃O₃ (%): C, 50.21; H, 4.21; N, 17.57. Found (%): C, 50.39; H, 4.13; N, 17.39.

Methyl 3-(hydroxyimino)-2-(2-(4-bromophenyl)hydrazinylidene)propanoate (1k).

Yield 2.35 g (78%). Yellow powder. M.p. 199-200°C (EtOH).

IR (KBr): 3268, 3027, 3000, 2951, 1695, 1592, 1559, 1474, 1434, 1335, 1239, 1187, 1106, 1067, 989, 938, 826, 810, 776 cm⁻¹.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 3.79 (s, 3H), 7.23 (d, 2H, *J* = 8.7 Hz), 7.57 (d, 2H, *J* = 8.7 Hz), 8.28 (s, 1H), 12.18 (s, 1H), 12.64 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 52.6, 115.7, 117.1, 123.6, 132.8, 142.2, 144.9, 164.5.

HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₁₀H₁₁⁷⁹BrN₃O₃: 299.9978; found: 299.9979 [M+H]⁺.

Methyl 3-(hydroxyimino)-2-(2-(4-methoxyphenyl)hydrazinylidene)propanoate (11).



Yield 2.13 g (85%). Yellow powder. M.p. 200-201°C (EtOH).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 7.00 (d, 2H, *J* = 9.0 Hz), 7.24 (d, 2H, *J* = 9.0 Hz), 8.30 (s, 1H), 11.96 (s, 1H), 12.68 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 52.1, 52.5, 115.7, 116.8, 121.7, 136.3, 145.0, 155.6, 164.9.

Calcd for C₁₁H₁₃N₃O₄ (%): C, 52.59; H, 5.22; N, 16.73. Found (%): C, 52.76; H, 5.09; N, 16.55.

Methyl 3-(hydroxyimino)-2-(2-(4-ethoxyphenyl)hydrazinylidene)propanoate (1m).



Yield 2.34 g (88%). Orange powder. M.p. 188-189°C (EtOH).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\delta = 1.32$ (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 4.01 (q, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 6.97 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.21 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 8.29 (s, 1H), 12.00 (s, 1H), 12.68 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 15.1, 52.3, 63.7, 115.9, 116.6, 121.6, 136.2, 145.1, 155.8, 164.8.

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Methyl 3-(hydroxyimino)-2-(2-(2-nitrophenyl)hydrazinylidene)propanoate (1n).
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Yield 2.02 g (76%). Yellow powder. M.p. 188-189°C (EtOH).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 3.89 (s, 3H), 7.18 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.96-7.98 (m, 2H), 8.21 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 11.71 (s, 1H), 13.63 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 53.1, 116.4, 122.2, 126.2, 129.6, 133.7, 136.9, 139.4, 145.4, 162.1.

Calcd for C₁₀H₁₀N₄O₅ (%): C, 45.12; H, 3.79; N, 21.05. Found (%): C, 44.95; H, 3.92; N, 20.89.

Methyl 3-(hydroxyimino)-2-(2-(2-nitrophenyl)hydrazinylidene)propanoate (10).



Yield 2.16 g (81%). Yellow powder. M.p. 177-178°C (dec.) (EtOH).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 3.82 (s, 3H), 7.66 (br s, 2H), 7.90 (br s, 1H), 8.06 (s, 1H), 8.29 (s, 1H), 12.24 (s, 1H), 12.70 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 52.7, 109.3, 118.0, 121.3, 125.0, 131.4, 144.1, 144.5, 149.1, 164.2.

Calcd for C₁₀H₁₀N₄O₅ (%): C, 45.12; H, 3.79; N, 21.05. Found (%): C, 45.31; H, 3.65; N, 20.82.

Methyl 3-(hydroxyimino)-2-(2-(2-nitrophenyl)hydrazinylidene)propanoate (1p).



Yield 1.94 g (73%). Orange powder. M.p. 170-171°C (dec.) (EtOH).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 3.81 (s, 3H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 8.24-8.27 (m, 3H), 12.37 (s, 1H), 12.68 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 52.8, 115.0, 126.3, 126.7, 142.7, 144.5, 148.3, 164.1.

Calcd for C₁₀H₁₀N₄O₅ (%): C, 45.12; H, 3.79; N, 21.05. Found (%): C, 45.25; H, 3.68; N, 20.94.

2-(2-(1,5-Dimethyl-3-oxo-2-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazol-4-yl)hydrazinylidene)-3-

(hydroxyimino)propanoate (1q).

Yield 2.22 g (67%). Orange solid. M.p. 99-101°C.

IR (KBr): 3447, 3206, 3146, 3038, 2908, 1710, 1639, 1590, 1545, 1491, 1435, 1334, 1296, 1240, 1190, 1102, 984, 906, 769 cm⁻¹.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 2.53 (s, 3H), 3.04 (s, 3H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 7.33-7.41 (m, 3H), 7.50-7.55 (m, 2H), 8.28 (s, 1H), 12.05 (s, 1H), 12.07 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 11.4, 36.7, 52.4, 114.6, 122.3, 124.1, 127.1, 129.7, 134.9, 143.4, 144.9, 159.0, 164.6.

HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₁₅H₁₈N₅O₄: 332.1353; found: 332.1360 [M+H]⁺.

2-(2-Phenylhydrazinylidene)propanal oxime (1aa).



This compound was synthesized according to a previously reported procedure.¹ All characterization data were consistent with those reported.

2-Phenyl-2-(2-phenylhydrazinylidene)acetaldehyde oxime (1ab).



Phenylhydrazine (3 mL, 30 mmol) was added to a solution of 2-phenyl-2-(2-phenylhydrazinylidene)acetaldehyde (7.17 g, 30 mmol) in EtOH (50 mL). The reaction mixture was refluxed for 48 h, then poured into H_2O (150 mL) and the resulted mixture was left to stand for 2 weeks. The precipitate formed was filtered off, washed with water (2x30 mL) and dried in air.

Yield 1.79 g (25%). Light yellow solid. M.p. 138-140°C.

IR (KBr): 3331, 3217, 3051, 1599, 1539, 1477, 1441, 1296, 1260, 1010, 909, 892, 754 cm⁻¹.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 6.90-6.96 (m, 1H), 7.21-7.25 (m, 2H), 7.30-7.44 (m, 5H), 7.75 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 8.50 (s, 1H), 11.92 (s, 1H), 12.06 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 113.8, 121.6, 126.3, 128.0, 128.9, 129.9, 131.7, 137.9, 144.6, 145.2.

HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₁₄H₁₄N₃O: 240.1131; found: 240.1136 [M+H]⁺.

2-(4-Nitrophenyl)-2-(2-(*p*-tolyl)hydrazinylidene)acetaldehyde oxime (1ac).



Yield 0.72 g (48%). Dark red solid. M.p. 152-154°C (dec.).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 2.27 (s, 3H), 7.15-7.21 (m, 4H), 7.99-8.02 (m, 2H), 8.19-8.22 (m, 2H), 8.58 (s, 1H), 12.15 (s, 1H), 12.26 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 20.8, 114.4, 124.1, 126.5, 128.8, 130.4, 131.7, 141.6, 144.2, 144.7, 146.4.

HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₁₅H₁₅N₄O₃: 299.1139; found: 299.1145 [M+H]⁺.

2-Nitro-2-(2-(*p*-tolyl)hydrazinylidene)acetaldehyde oxime (1ad).



This compound was synthesized according to a previously reported procedure.² All characterization data were consistent with those reported.

2-Nitro-2-(2-(4-nitrophenyl)hydrazinylidene)acetaldehyde oxime (1ae).



This compound was synthesized according to a previously reported procedure.² All characterization data were consistent with those reported.

2-Phenyl-2-(2-phenylhydrazinylidene)acetaldehyde oxime (1af).



Et₃N (2.1 mL, 15 mmol) was added to a magnetically stirred solution of 2-oxo-*N*-(*m*-tolyl)propanehydrazonoyl chloride (1.13 g, 5 mmol) in MeOH (35 mL) at 0°C. Then *p*-toluidine (0.54 g, 5 mmol) was added in one portion. The reaction was left stirring for 1 h at 0-5°C and for 24 h at 20°C. Hydroxylamine hydrochloride (0.35 g, 5 mmol) was added to the resulted mixture and then stirred for 24 h. Then the reaction mixture was poured into H₂O (100 mL), the precipitate formed was filtered off and recrystallized from EtOH to afford pure oxime **1af**.

Yield 0.87 g (25%). Beige solid. M.p. 136-138°C (EtOH).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 2.11 (s, 3H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 2.24 (s, 3H), 6.51 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.58 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 6.91-6.97 (m, 4H), 7.07 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (s, 1H), 8.79 (s, 1H), 11.19 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 10.9, 20.6, 21.8, 110.6, 113.7, 116.4, 120.4, 128.1, 129.2, 129.5, 136.3, 138.5, 140.8, 145.5, 151.5.

HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₂₁N₄O: 297.1710; found: 297.1706 [M+H]⁺.

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-(hydroxyimino)-*N*'-(*p*-tolyl)propanehydrazonamide (1ag).



Et₃N (2.1 mL, 15 mmol) was added to a magnetically stirred solution of 2-oxo-*N*-(*p*-tolyl)propanehydrazonoyl chloride (1.13 g, 5 mmol) in MeOH (35 mL) at 0°C. Then *p*-chloroaniline (0.64 g, 5 mmol) was added in one portion. The reaction was left stirring for 1 h at 0-5°C and for 24 h at 20°C. Hydroxylamine hydrochloride (0.35 g, 5 mmol) was added to the resulted mixture and then stirred for 24 h. Then the reaction mixture was poured into H_2O (100 mL), the precipitate formed was filtered off and recrystallized from EtOH to afford pure oxime **1ag**.

Yield 1.30 g (59%). White solid. M.p. 172-174°C (EtOH).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 2.14 (s, 3H), 2.23 (s, 3H), 6.58 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.01-7.11 (m, 4H), 7.18 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (s, 1H), 9.02 (s, 1H), 11.19 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 10.2, 20.2, 112.9, 116.9, 122.1, 127.8, 128.2, 129.2, 134.5, 142.3, 142.7, 151.0.

HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₁₆H₁₈³⁵ClN₄O: 317.1164; found: 317.1157 [M+H]⁺.

1,2-Diphenyl-2-(2-phenylhydrazinylidene)ethan-1-one oxime (1ah).



This compound was synthesized according to a previously reported procedure.³ All characterization data were consistent with those reported.

5,5-Dimethyl-2-(2-(p-tolyl)hydrazinylidene)cyclohexane-1,3-dione dioxime (1ai).



This compound was synthesized according to a previously reported procedure.⁴ All characterization data were consistent with those reported.

2-(Hydroxyimino)-5,5-dimethyl-3-(2-phenylhydrazinylidene)cyclohexan-1-one (1aj).



This compound was synthesized according to a previously reported procedure.⁵ All characterization data were consistent with those reported.

3-(Hydroxyimino)-4-(2-phenylhydrazinylidene)dihydrofuran-2(3H)-one (1ak).



This compound was synthesized according to a previously reported procedure.⁶ All characterization data were consistent with those reported.

4-(Hydroxyimino)-3-(2-(p-tolyl)hydrazinylidene)dihydrofuran-2(3H)-one (1al).



This compound was synthesized according to a previously reported procedure.⁷

Yield 0.91 g (78%). Light yellow solid. M.p. 183-185°C.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 2.30 (s, 3H), 5.05 (s, 2H), 7.23 (s, 4H), 11.64 (s, 1H), 12.27 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 20.9, 64.8, 115.4, 120.7, 130.6, 134.2, 139.9, 152.4, 166.2. HRMS (ESI): *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₅H₁₂N₃O₃: 234.0873; found: 234.0871 [M+H]⁺.

S2.3. Electrochemical Synthesis of 1,2,3-Triazole 1-Oxides

General procedure for the synthesis of 1,2,3-triazole 1-oxides 2.



The electrolysis was performed in an undivided cell (50 mL vial) with graphite employed as anode and platinum as a cathode. Corresponding oxime (1 mmol) was dissolved in a solution of LiClO₄ in MeOH (0.1 M, 40 mL) and oxidized under constant current conditions ($j = 2.08 \text{ mA cm}^{-1}$) for 2.2-3.7 F/mol (TLC monitoring). After that, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, the crude residue was extracted with DCM (3x30 mL) and combined organic extracts were evaporated to afford target 1,2,3-triazole 1-oxide. To regenerate LiClO₄, the residue obtained after extraction with DCM was stirred in an additional amount of DCM (10 mL) at 30 °C for 1 h and filtered. The precipitate was recrystallized from 95% EtOH to furnish the regeneration of LiClO₄, which was used in further experiments.

4-(Methoxycarbonyl)-2-(*p***-tolyl)-2***H***-1,2,3-triazole 1-oxide (2a) was synthesized according to the general procedure in 2.2 F/mol.**

MeO₂C

N,N,O

Yield 221 mg (95%). Pale yellow powder. M.p. 104-105°C (MeOH).

IR (KBr): 3116, 1745, 1524, 1476, 1416, 1356, 1270, 1188, 1133, 996, 929, 825, 751 cm⁻¹.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 2.41 (s, 3H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.71 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 8.56 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 21.3, 53.0, 118.2, 124.7, 130.2, 131.9, 136.8, 140.8, 159.8.

HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₁₁H₁₂N₃O₃: 234.0873; found: 234.0867 [M+H]⁺.

4-(Methoxycarbonyl)-2-phenyl-2H-1,2,3-triazole 1-oxide (2b) was synthesized according to the general procedure in 2.2 F/mol.

MeO₂C



Yield 218 mg (96%). Pale yellow powder. M.p. 93-94°C (MeOH).

IR (KBr): 3112, 1747, 1482, 1417, 1347, 1251, 1192, 1128, 992, 815, 746 cm⁻¹.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 3.91 (s, 3H), 7.60-7.68 (m, 3H), 7.84-7.88 (m, 2H), 8.58 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 53.1, 118.3, 124.8, 129.8, 130.8, 134.3, 137.0, 159.8.

HRMS (ESI): *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₀H₁₀N₃O₃: 220.0716; found: 220.0711 [M+H]⁺.

4-(Methoxycarbonyl)-2-(3-methylphenyl)-2H-1,2,3-triazole 1-oxide (2c) was synthesized according to the general procedure in 2.3 F/mol.

Yield 219 mg (94%). Light brown powder. M.p. 89-90°C (MeOH).

IR (KBr): 3085, 1753, 1612, 1435, 1353, 1265, 1213, 1135, 1012, 753 cm⁻¹.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 2.42 (s, 3H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (t, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (s, 2H), 8.58 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 21.2, 53.1, 118.3, 121.8, 125.0, 129.5, 131.4, 134.2, 136.9, 139.6, 159.8. HRMS (ESI): *m*/*z* [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₁₁H₁₂N₃O₃: 234.0873; found: 234.0869.

2-Mesityl-4-(methoxycarbonyl)-2H-1,2,3-triazole 1-oxide (2d) was synthesized according to the general procedure in 2.3 F/mol.



Yield 240 mg (92%). Light yellow powder. M.p. 126-127°C (MeOH).

IR (KBr): 3107, 1748, 1475, 1425, 1348, 1241, 1118, 991, 814, 764 cm⁻¹.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 1.95 (s, 6H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 7.13 (s, 2H), 8.60 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 17.2, 21.2, 53.0, 117.3, 129.5, 129.8, 137.4, 137.6, 142.2, 159.8.

HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₁₃H₁₆N₃O₃: 262.1186; found: 262.1185 [M+H]⁺.

2-(2-Chlorophenyl)-4-(methoxycarbonyl)-2H-1,2,3-triazole 1-oxide (2e) was synthesized according to the general procedure in 2.3 F/mol.

MeO₂C



Yield 225 mg (89%). Light yellow solid. M.p. 120-121°C (MeOH).

IR (KBr): 3100, 2954, 1741, 1522, 1482, 1422, 1191, 1144, 1088, 998, 931, 817, 756 cm⁻¹.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 3.92 (s, 3H), 7.62-7.67 (m, 1H), 7.73-7.79 (m, 1H), 7.81-7.86 (m, 1H), 8.64 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 53.2, 117.1, 129.1, 130.9, 131.4, 131.5, 132.6, 134.4, 138.1, 159.7. HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₁₀H₈³⁵ClN₃O₃: 254.0327; found: 254.0325 [M+H]⁺.

2-(3-Chlorophenyl)-4-(methoxycarbonyl)-2H-1,2,3-triazole 1-oxide (2f) was synthesized according to the general procedure in 2.2 F/mol.

Yield 230 mg (91%). Light yellow solid. M.p. 112-113°C (MeOH).

IR (KBr): 3113, 1743, 1591, 1499, 1431, 1351, 1263, 1189, 1131, 991, 928, 868, 821, 777 cm⁻¹.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 3.92 (s, 3H), 7.65-7.72 (m, 2H), 7.83-7.87 (m, 1H), 8.02 (br s, 1H), 8.63 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 53.2, 118.5, 123.2, 124.3, 130.6, 131.5, 133.8, 135.2, 137.4, 159.7. HRMS (ESI): *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₀H₈³⁵ClN₃O₃: 254.0327; found: 254.0328 [M+H]⁺.

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-(methoxycarbonyl)-2H-1,2,3-triazole 1-oxide (2g) was synthesized according to the general procedure in 2.3 F/mol.

MeO₂C



Yield 235 mg (93%). Pale yellow solid. M.p. 114-115°C (MeOH).

IR (KBr): 3122, 1751, 1488, 1243, 1191, 1092, 998, 830, 765 cm⁻¹.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 3.91 (s, 3H), 7.71 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 7.91 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 8.61 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 53.1, 118.4, 126.3, 129.8, 133.0, 135.2, 137.2, 159.7.

HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₁₀H₈³⁵ClN₃O₃: 254.0327; found: 254.0326 [M+H]⁺.

2-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-4-(methoxycarbonyl)-2H-1,2,3-triazole 1-oxide (2h) was synthesized according to the general procedure in 2.3 F/mol.

MeO₂C

Yield 270 mg (94%). Pale yellow solid. M.p. 171-172°C (CH₂Cl₂).

IR (KBr): 3106, 1753, 1585, 1528, 1487, 1436, 1346, 1271, 1187, 1144, 1004, 934, 858, 792, 740 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 3.92 (s, 3H), 7.93 (t, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 8.01 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 2H), 8.68 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 53.2, 118.5, 123.0, 130.2, 135.0, 135.7, 137.8, 159.5.

Calcd for C₁₀H₇Cl₂N₃O₃ (%): C, 41.69; H, 2.45; N, 14.59. Found (%): C, 41.82; H, 2.33; N, 14.37.

2-(3-Chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4-(methoxycarbonyl)-2H-1,2,3-triazole 1-oxide (2i) was synthesized according to the general procedure in 2.3 F/mol.

Yield 253 mg (93%). Pale yellow solid. M.p. 174-175°C (MeOH).

IR (KBr): 3140, 3104, 1734, 1500, 1411, 1364, 1273, 1191, 1122, 1068, 992, 928, 822, 760 cm⁻¹.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 3.92 (s, 3H), 7.72 (t, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.93 (m, 1H), 8.19 (dd, *J* = 4.1, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 8.64 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 52.5, 115.4 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 116.6, 118.4 (d, *J* = 22.5 Hz), 120.7 (d, *J* = 19.0 Hz), 124.2 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz), 140.3 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz), 144.5, 154.3 (d, *J* = 242.6 Hz), 159.6.

Calcd for C₁₀H₇ClFN₃O₃ (%): C, 44.22; H, 2.60; N, 15.47. Found (%): C, 44.38; H, 2.47; N, 15.29.

2-(4-Fluorophenyl)-4-(methoxycarbonyl)-2H-1,2,3-triazole 1-oxide (2j) was synthesized according to the general procedure in 2.3 F/mol.

MeO₂C



Yield 218 mg (92%). Pale grey solid. M.p. 86-87°C (MeOH).

IR (KBr): 3155, 1735, 1495, 1417, 1362, 1266, 1127, 996, 935, 839, 755 cm⁻¹.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 3.91 (s, 3H), 7.49 (t, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.88-7.93 (m, 2H), 8.59 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 53.1, 116.9 (d, *J* = 23.7 Hz), 118.2, 127.7 (d, *J* = 9.3 Hz), 130.5 (d, *J* = 23.7 Hz), 118.2, 127.7 (d, *J* = 9.3 Hz), 130.5 (d, *J* = 23.7 Hz), 118.2, 127.7 (d, *J* = 9.3 Hz), 130.5 (d, *J* = 23.7 Hz), 118.2, 127.7 (d, *J* = 9.3 Hz), 130.5 (d, *J* = 23.7 Hz), 118.2, 127.7 (d, *J* = 9.3 Hz), 130.5 (d, *J* = 23.7 Hz), 118.2, 127.7 (d, *J* = 9.3 Hz), 130.5 (d, *J* = 23.7 Hz), 118.2, 127.7 (d, *J* = 9.3 Hz), 130.5 (d, *J* = 23.7 Hz), 118.2, 127.7 (d, *J* = 9.3 Hz), 130.5 (d, *J* = 23.7 Hz), 130.5 (d, J = 23.7 Hz)

= 3.3 Hz), 137.0, 159.8, 163.0 (d, *J* = 248.8 Hz).

¹⁹F NMR (282.4 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = -109.7.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₁₀H₉FN₃O₃: 238.0619; found: 238.0622 [M+H]⁺.

2-(4-Bromophenyl)-4-(methoxycarbonyl)-2H-1,2,3-triazole 1-oxide (2k) was synthesized according to the general procedure in 2.3 F/mol.

MeO₂C



Yield 259 mg (87%). Pale grey solid. M.p. 114-115°C (CH₂Cl₂).

IR (KBr): 3131, 3097, 1742, 1484, 1414, 1354, 1248, 1186, 1125, 1067, 996, 931, 825, 766 cm⁻¹.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 3.91 (s, 3H), 7.85 (br s, 4H), 8.60 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 53.1, 118.4, 123.8, 126.5, 132.8, 133.5, 137.2, 159.7.

HRMS (ESI): *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₀H₉⁷⁹BrN₃O₃: 297.9822; found: 297.9821; calcd for C₁₀H₉⁸¹BrN₃O₃: 299.9802; found: 299.9805 [M+H]⁺.

4-(Methoxycarbonyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2H-1,2,3-triazole 1-oxide (2l) was synthesized according to the general procedure in 2.3 F/mol.



Yield 229 mg (92%). Pale grey solid. M.p. 124-125°C (CH₂Cl₂).

IR (KBr): 3140, 1758, 1590, 1506, 1438, 1358, 1258, 1188, 1134, 996, 935, 830, 769 cm⁻¹.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 7.73 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 8.53 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 53.0, 56.2, 114.9, 117.9, 126.9, 127.1, 153.8, 159.9, 161.0.

HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₁₁H₁₂N₃O₄: 250.0822; found: 250.0828 [M+H]⁺.

2-(4-Ethoxyphenyl)-4-(methoxycarbonyl)-2H-1,2,3-triazole 1-oxide (2m) was synthesized according to the general procedure in 2.3 F/mol.



Yield 246 mg (92%). Pale grey solid. M.p. 115-116°C (dec.) IR (KBr): 3141, 3093, 1753, 1505, 1438, 1363, 1257, 1169, 1120, 1045, 1000, 930, 840, 757 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\delta = 1.37$ (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 4.13 (q, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.13 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 7.71 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 8.53 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 14.9, 53.0, 64.2, 115.2, 117.9, 126.8, 126.9, 136.5, 159.9, 160.2.

HRMS (ESI): *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₂H₁₄N₃O₄: 264.0979; found: 264.0978 [M+H]⁺.

2-(2-Nitrophenyl)-4-(methoxycarbonyl)-2H-1,2,3-triazole 1-oxide (2n) was synthesized according to the general procedure in 3.7 F/mol.

Yield 232 mg (88%). Orange powder. M.p. 145°C; T_d 212°C.

IR (KBr): 3144, 3096, 1745, 1609, 1537, 1473, 1428, 1353, 1260, 1191, 1133, 995, 930, 856, 817, 788, 740 cm⁻¹.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 3.93 (s, 3H), 7.95-8.01 (m, 2H), 8.06-8.11 (m, 1H), 8.34-8.37 (m, 1H), 8.70 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 53.3, 117.8, 125.6, 126.1, 130.3, 133.7, 135.9, 138.6, 144.4, 159.5. HRMS (ESI): *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₀H₉N₄O₅: 265.0567; found: 265.0568 [M+H]⁺.

2-(3-Nitrophenyl)-4-(methoxycarbonyl)-2H-1,2,3-triazole 1-oxide (20) was synthesized according to the general procedure in 2.5 F/mol.

Yield 230 mg (87%). Pale grey solid. M.p. 151°C (dec.)

IR (KBr): 3115, 1751, 1537, 1484, 1423, 1350, 1263, 1186, 1141, 1103, 1005, 937, 892, 816, 771, 724 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\delta = 3.93$ (s, 3H), 7.94 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.35 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.45 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.70 (s, 1H), 8.80 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 53.2, 118.7, 119.1, 125.1, 130.3, 131.5, 134.8, 137.7, 148.2, 159.6. HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₁₀H₉N₄O₅: 265.0567; found: 265.0570 [M+H]⁺. **2-(4-Nitrophenyl)-4-(methoxycarbonyl)-2H-1,2,3-triazole 1-oxide (2p)** was synthesized according to the general procedure in 2.5 F/mol.

MeO₂C



Yield 240 mg (91%). Orange powder. M.p. 163°C; T_d 242°C.

IR (KBr): 3106, 1751, 1596, 1524, 1437, 1347, 1251, 1185, 1111, 997, 853, 772, 747 cm⁻¹.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 3.93 (s, 3H), 8.26 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 8.47 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 8.70 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 53.2, 118.9, 124.3, 125.2, 138.0, 138.8, 147.6, 159.6.

HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₁₀H₉N₄O₅: 265.0567; found: 265.0572 [M+H]⁺.

2-(1,5-Dimethyl-3-oxo-2-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazol-4-yl)-4-(methoxycarbonyl)-2*H*-1,2,3-triazole 1-oxide (2q) was synthesized according to the general procedure in 2.1 F/mol.

MeO₂C



Yield 145 mg (44%). Dark orange solid. M.p. 186°C (dec.)

IR (KBr): 3468, 3104, 2926, 2853, 1737, 1670, 1492, 1420, 1276, 1218, 1127, 992, 929, 754 cm⁻¹.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 2.25 (s, 3H), 3.35 (s, 3H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 7.39-7.49 (m, 3H), 7.58 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 8.53 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 10.9, 34.9, 53.1, 100.3, 116.6, 126.7, 128.7, 129.9, 134.1, 137.8, 152.9, 159.3, 159.8.

HRMS (ESI): *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₅H₁₆N₅O₄: 330.1197; found: 330.1196 [M+H]⁺.

4-Methyl-2-phenyl-2*H***-1,2,3-triazole 1-oxide (2aa)** was synthesized according to the general procedure in 2.1 F/mol.

Yield 140 mg (80%). M.p. 62-63°C (CH₂Cl₂).

IR (KBr): 3454, 3102, 1738, 1605, 1525, 1494, 1435, 1351, 1178, 1108, 943, 854 cm⁻¹.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 2.28 (s, 3H), 7.48-7.60 (m, 3H), 7.81-7.84 (m, 2H), 7.88 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 12.4, 117.1, 123.6, 129.4, 129.6, 135.1, 143.2.

Calcd for C₉H₉N₃O (%): C, 61.70; H, 5.18; N, 23.99. Found (%): C, 61.52; H, 5.31; N, 23.73.

2,4-Diphenyl-2*H***-1,2,3-triazole 1-oxide (2ab)** was synthesized according to the general procedure in 2.1 F/mol.



Yield 218 mg (92%). White solid. M.p. 88-89°C (CH₂Cl₂).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 7.48-7.65 (m, 6H), 7.90-7.94 (m, 4H), 8.67 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 115.1, 124.1, 125.9, 129.2, 129.5, 129.7, 129.8, 130.2, 135.0, 145.1. HRMS (ESI): *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₄H₁₂N₃O: 238.0975; found: 238.0970 [M+H]⁺.

4-(4-Nitrophenyl)-2-(p-tolyl)-2H-1,2,3-triazole 1-oxide (2ac) was synthesized according to the general procedure in 2.6 F/mol.



Yield 104 mg (35%). Beige solid. M.p. 142-143°C (CH₂Cl₂).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 2.41 (s, 3H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.79 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 8.14 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 8.36 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 8.79 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 21.3, 115.7, 124.2, 124.8, 126.9, 130.1, 132.3, 135.4, 140.1, 142.7, 148.2.

HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₁₅H₁₃N₄O₃: 297.0982; found: 297.0980 [M+H]⁺.

4-Nitro-2-(*p***-tolyl)-2***H***-1,2,3-triazole 1-oxide (2ad) was synthesized according to the general procedure in 2.6 F/mol.**



Yield 158 mg (72%). Beige solid. M.p. 126-127°C (CH₂Cl₂).

IR (KBr): 3152, 1566, 1519, 1489, 1436, 1365, 1329, 1194, 1136, 982, 831, 755 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 7.47 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.73 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 9.12 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 21.4, 113.6, 125.2, 130.3, 131.1, 141.7, 149.1. HRMS (ESI): *m*/*z* calcd for C₉H₉N₄O₃: 221.0669; found: 221.0677 [M+H]⁺. **4-Nitro-2-(4-nitrophenyl)-2H-1,2,3-triazole 1-oxide (2ae)** was synthesized according to the general procedure in 2.6 F/mol.

Yield 171 mg (68%). M.p. 132°C; T_d 237 °C.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 8.23 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 8.49 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 9.26 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 114.3, 125.3, 125.4, 138.1, 148.2, 150.0.

All characterization data were consistent with those previously reported.²

5-Methyl-2-(*m***-tolyl**)-**4-**(*p***-tolylamino**)-**2***H*-**1**,**2**,**3-triazole 1-oxide (2af)** was synthesized according to the general procedure in 2.1 F/mol.



Yield 226 mg (77%). Light grey solid. M.p. 130-132°C (CH₂Cl₂).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 2.24 (s, 6H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 7.10 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.40-7.46 (m, 3H), 7.62-7.65 (m, 2H), 8.60 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 7.8, 20.8, 21.5, 115.0, 117.2, 120.0, 123.1, 128.8, 129.3, 129.5, 129.8, 136.3, 139.0, 139.4, 145.6.

HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₁₉N₄O: 295.1553; found: 295.1554 [M+H]⁺.

5-Methyl-2-(*m***-tolyl)-4-**(*p***-tolylamino)-2***H***-1**,**2**,**3-triazole 1-oxide (2ag)** was synthesized according to the general procedure in 2.1 F/mol.



Yield 286 mg (91%). Grey solid. M.p. 100-101°C (CH₂Cl₂).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 2.23 (s, 3H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 7.31-7.36 (m, 4H), 7.56 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.70 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 8.87 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 7.8, 21.2, 115.0, 118.4, 123.0, 124.1, 129.2, 129.9, 133.8, 138.0, 141.0, 144.9.

HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₁₆H₁₅³⁵ClN₄O: 315.1007; found: 315.0998 [M+H]⁺.

2,4,5-Triphenyl-2H-1,2,3-triazole 1-oxide (2ah) was synthesized according to the general procedure in 2.1 F/mol.



Yield 282 mg (90%). M.p. 143°C (dec.)

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.41-7.52 (m, 7H), 7.56-7.64 (m, 4H), 7.69-7.73 (m, 2H), 8.09-8.12 (m, 2H).

All characterization data were consistent with those previously reported.³

4-(Hydroxyimino)-6,6-dimethyl-2-(p-tolyl)-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-2H-benzo[d][1,2,3]triazole 1-oxide (2ai) was synthesized according to the general procedure in 2.1 F/mol.



NOH

Yield 266 mg (93%). Beige solid. M.p. 190°C (dec.)

IR (KBr): 3395, 3225, 2956, 2871, 1709, 1632, 1508, 1445, 1368, 1292, 1209, 1110, 986, 945, 815 cm⁻¹.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\delta = 1.05$ (s, 6H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 2.57 (s, 2H), 2.60 (s, 2H), 7.39 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.74 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 11.63 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 21.2, 28.3, 32.0, 36.5, 123.8, 126.1, 130.0, 132.9, 138.3, 139.6, 145.6. HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₁₅H₁₉N₄O₂: 287.1503; found: 287.1496 [M+H]⁺.

5,5-Dimethyl-7-oxo-2-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-2H-benzo[d][1,2,3]triazole 1-oxide (2aj) was synthesized according to the general procedure in 2.1 F/mol.



Yield 244 mg (95%). Beige solid. M.p. 130-131°C (CH₂Cl₂).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\delta = 1.11$ (s, 6H), 2.52 (s, 2H), 2.84 (s, 2H), 7.55-7.66 (m, 3H), 7.83-7.86 (m, 2H), 7.85-7.86 (m, 2H), 7.85-7.86 (m, 2H), 7.85-7.86 2H).

HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₁₄H₁₆N₃O₂: 258.1237; found: 258.1232 [M+H]⁺.

All characterization data were consistent with those previously reported.⁸

6-Oxo-2-phenyl-2,6-dihydro-4H-furo[3,4-d][1,2,3]triazole 1-oxide (2ak) was synthesized according to the general procedure in 2.1 F/mol.



Yield 111 mg (51%). Beige solid. M.p. 177°C (dec.)

IR (KBr): 2924, 1773, 1546, 1497, 1453, 1284, 1092, 1031, 1012, 970, 764 cm⁻¹.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 5.52 (s, 2H), 7.60-7.70 (m, 3H), 7.83 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 66.0, 117.4, 124.7, 130.0, 131.0, 134.6, 157.2, 157.3.

HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₁₀H₈N₃O₃: 218.0560; found: 218.0561 [M+H]⁺.

5-(Hydroxymethyl)-4-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-(p-tolyl)-2H-1,2,3-triazole 1-oxide (2al) was synthesized according to the general procedure in 2.1 F/mol.

Yield 150 mg (57%). Yellow solid. M.p. 194°C (dec.)

IR (KBr): 3437, 2925, 2854, 1734, 1637, 1517, 1444, 1360, 1296, 1175, 1072, 1023, 821 cm⁻¹.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 2.41 (s, 3H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 4.67 (d, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 5.38 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.72 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 21.3, 51.2, 53.0, 124.6, 129.5, 130.3, 131.9, 135.0, 140.8, 160.3. Calcd for C₁₂H₁₃N₃O₄ (%): C, 54.75; H, 4.98; N, 15.96. Found (%): C, 54.58; H, 5.11; N, 15.68.

S2.4 NO release assay

The test molecule (0.1 mmol) was dissolved in DMSO (50 mL). 20 μ L aliquot of the resulted solution was diluted with phosphate buffer solution (180 μ L, pH 7.4, containing 2 μ mol L-cysteine). The final concentration of the 1,2,3-triazole 1-oxide derivative was 2·10⁻⁴ M. The mixture was incubated at 37 °C for 1 h. 50 μ L aliquot of the Griess reagent (prepared by mixing sulfanilamide (4 g), *N*-naphthylethylenediamine dihydrochloride (0.2 g) and 85% H₃PO₄ (10 mL) in distilled and deionized water (final volume 100 mL)) was added and incubated for 10 min at 37 °C. UV absorbance at 540 nm was measured using a Multiskan GO Microplate Photometer and calibrated using a standard curve prepared from standard solutions of NaNO₂ to give the nitrite concentration. All measurements were made in triplicate. No significant NO release was measured at the absence of L-cysteine.

DFT calculations were performed within Gaussian09 package⁹ using B3LYP/6-311++(d,p) basis set. Solvation effects were taken into account using PCM model (solvent – MeOH, ϵ =32.613). Stationary points were located by the Hessian matrix calculations by the absence of the imaginary frequencies.

Standard oxidation potentials were calculated according to the following equation:

$$E^0 = -\Delta_r G^0 / nF - 4.44,$$

where E^0 – standard potential, $\Delta_r G^0$ – standard Gibbs free energy of reduction, n – number of electrons, F – Faraday constant, 4.44 – absolute oxidation potential of the hydrogen electrode. Hirshfeld atomic charges¹⁰ were calculated using MultiWFN software.¹¹ Oxidized motif was determined by the difference between atomic charges for neutral molecule and oxidized molecule.

	Hirshfeld charge	Hirshfeld charge	
	for neutral	for oxidized	Δq
	molecule	molecule	
HON N-NH p-Tol			
С	0.050217	0.118442	0.068225
N (double bonded)	-0.03963	-0.02324	0.016397
N (NH)	0.03481	0.086551	0.051741
Н	0.113815	0.136797	0.022982
CO₂Me ✓ Ć、 HON N−NH Ph			
С	0.00053	0.080933	0.080402
N (double bonded)	-0.05652	-0.02721	0.029313
N (NH)	0.008537	0.093195	0.084658
Н	0.106679	0.136539	0.02986

p-Tol Me			
HON N-NH Ph			
С	0.037661	0.109241	0.071579
N (double bonded)	-0.10479	-0.06011	0.044679
N (NH)	-0.02898	0.087697	0.116679
Н	0.126254	0.164015	0.037761
Me HN− <i>p-Tol</i> → Ć HON N−NH <i>m-Tol</i>			
С	0.070452	0.134284	0.063831
N (double bonded)	-0.09449	-0.07506	0.019433
N (NH, hydrazone)	-0.02648	0.066887	0.093368
H (hydrazone)	0.114228	0.160401	0.046173
N (NH, amide)	-0.10576	-0.02253	0.083229
H (amide)	0.107206	0.155722	0.048516















S5. DSC data

Compound 2n reveals two endotherm prior to exothermic effect of thermolysis. The first endotherm (peak at 71°C) may correspond to the elimination of a solvent or phase transition of material. The second endotherm (onset 145°C) is apparently caused by melting of material. The latter peak is followed by the exothermic reaction of thermolysis, the overall heat effect is rather high, showing energetic potential of analyzed compound.



20 reveals thermal decomposition as a series of exothermic events. The initial dip of DSC curve is apparently melting of a starting compound (151°C)







Compound **2q** reveals thermal decomposition, the extrapolated onset is 186°C at selected conditions.



Compound **2ae** reveals a series of endothermic and exothermic events, the first of which corresponds to melting of the synthesized polymorph of the molecule. After melting, under further heating, compound decomposes with large heat release (1510 J g^{-1}).





Compound **2ah** reveals first endothermic event followed by exothermic one. Based only on DSC data one cannot firmly conclude is it melting or endothermic first stage of thermolysis. The net heat release is not large.



Compound **2ai** decomposes after 190°C under selected heating program, large heat release signifies the energetic character of material. Weak thermal effects around 60°C and 114°C are also observed.



Compound **2ak** melts at 177°C with subsequent thermal decomposition.



Compound **2al** shows thermal decomposition with extrapolated onset of 194°C and large heat release (1920 J g^{-1}).


S6. X-ray crystallographic data and refinement details

X-ray diffraction data were collected at 100K on a Bruker Quest D8 diffractometer equipped with a Photon-III area-detector (shutterless φ - and ω -scan technique), using graphite-monochromatized Mo K_{α}-radiation. The intensity data were integrated by the SAINT program¹² and were corrected for absorption and decay using SADABS.¹³ The structure was solved by direct methods using SHELXT¹⁴ and refined on F^2 using SHELXL-2018.¹⁵ Positions of all atoms were found from the electron density-difference map. Atoms were refined with individual anisotropic (non-hydrogen atoms) or isotropic (hydrogen atoms) displacement parameters. The SHELXTL program suite¹² was used for molecular graphics. The CCDC 2258313 contains all additional supporting information.

Table S2. Crystal data and structure refinement for 2ah.

Empirical formula	C20 H15 N3 O		
Formula weight	313.35		
Temperature	100.00 K		
Wavelength	0.71073 Å		
Crystal system	Orthorhombic		
Space group	Pbca		
Unit cell dimensions	a = 19.9852(4) Å	α= 90°.	
	b = 7.55810(10) Å	β= 90°.	
	c = 20.2911(4) Å	γ = 90°.	
Volume	3064.97(10) Å ³		
Z	8		
Density (calculated)	1.358 g/cm ³		
Absorption coefficient	0.086 mm ⁻¹		
F(000)	1312		
Crystal size	$0.432 \text{ x} 0.403 \text{ x} 0.118 \text{ mm}^3$		
Theta range for data collection	2.251 to 31.498°.		
Index ranges	-29<=h<=29, -10<=k<=11, -2	9<=l<=29	
Reflections collected	60450		
Independent reflections	5095 [R(int) = 0.0562]		
Observed reflections	3933		
Completeness to theta = 25.242°	99.8 %		
Absorption correction	None		
Max. and min. transmission	0.7463 and 0.6962		
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on	F ²	
Data / restraints / parameters	5095 / 1 / 221		
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.026		
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0497, wR2 = 0.1196		
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0687, wR2 = 0.1353		
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.413 and -0.282 e.Å ⁻³		

	Х	у	Z	U(eq)
N(1)	7607(1)	7405(1)	7258(1)	19(1)
N(2)	7600(1)	7022(2)	6598(1)	21(1)
N(3)	6974(1)	6771(1)	6376(1)	20(1)
C(4)	6576(1)	6958(2)	6902(1)	17(1)
C(5)	6961(1)	7343(2)	7468(1)	18(1)
C(6)	6803(1)	7527(2)	8170(1)	18(1)
C(7)	6336(1)	6404(2)	8465(1)	23(1)
C(8)	6209(1)	6530(2)	9137(1)	31(1)
C(9)	6545(1)	7749(2)	9522(1)	35(1)
C(10)	7012(1)	8861(2)	9232(1)	32(1)
C(11)	7140(1)	8759(2)	8561(1)	24(1)
C(12)	5846(1)	6823(2)	6822(1)	18(1)
C(13)	5580(1)	5836(2)	6301(1)	22(1)
C(14)	4892(1)	5751(2)	6206(1)	25(1)
C(15)	4461(1)	6641(2)	6630(1)	23(1)
C(16)	4722(1)	7615(2)	7151(1)	21(1)
C(17)	5410(1)	7713(2)	7247(1)	19(1)
C(18)	8180(1)	6938(2)	6192(1)	19(1)
C(19)	8770(1)	6215(2)	6436(1)	21(1)
C(20)	9324(1)	6122(2)	6022(1)	25(1)
C(21)	9284(1)	6730(2)	5377(1)	25(1)
C(22)	8688(1)	7423(2)	5140(1)	25(1)
C(23)	8131(1)	7546(2)	5548(1)	23(1)
0(1)	8142(1)	7724(2)	7569(1)	24(1)
0(1A)	6843(4)	6507(13)	5778(2)	24(1)

Table S3. Atomic coordinates (x 10⁴) and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ($Å^2x 10^3$) for **2ah**. U(eq) is defined as one third of the trace of the orthogonalized U^{ij} tensor.

Table S4 . Bond lengths $[Å]$ and angles $[^{\circ}]$ for 2ah .	

N(1)-N(2)	1.3715(14)
N(1)-C(5)	1.3603(15)
N(1)-O(1)	1.2635(13)
N(2)-N(3)	1.3427(14)
N(2)-C(18)	1.4234(15)
N(3)-C(4)	1.3379(16)
N(3)-O(1A)	1.257(3)
C(4)-C(5)	1.4108(16)
C(4)-C(12)	1.4735(16)
C(5)-C(6)	1.4662(17)
C(6)-C(7)	1.3968(17)
C(6)-C(11)	1.3961(18)
C(7)-H(7)	0.9500
C(7)-C(8)	1.3901(19)
C(8)-H(8)	0.9500
C(8)-C(9)	1.383(2)
С(9)-Н(9)	0.9500
C(9)-C(10)	1.386(2)
C(10)-H(10)	0.9500
C(10)-C(11)	1.3879(19)
C(11)-H(11)	0.9500
C(12)-C(13)	1.3989(17)
C(12)-C(17)	1.3967(17)
С(13)-Н(13)	0.9500
C(13)-C(14)	1.3898(18)
C(14)-H(14)	0.9500
C(14)-C(15)	1.3913(19)
C(15)-H(15)	0.9500
C(15)-C(16)	1.3901(19)
С(16)-Н(16)	0.9500
C(16)-C(17)	1.3917(17)
C(17)-H(17)	0.9500
C(18)-C(19)	1.3902(17)
C(18)-C(23)	1.3896(17)
С(19)-Н(19)	0.9500
C(19)-C(20)	1.3911(18)
С(20)-Н(20)	0.9500
C(20)-C(21)	1.389(2)
C(21)-H(21)	0.9500
C(21)-C(22)	1.3884(19)

С(22)-Н(22)	0.9500
C(22)-C(23)	1.3896(18)
С(23)-Н(23)	0.9500
C(5)-N(1)-N(2)	106.70(9)
O(1)-N(1)-N(2)	122.52(10)
O(1)-N(1)-C(5)	130.78(11)
N(1)-N(2)-C(18)	124.45(10)
N(3)-N(2)-N(1)	111.52(9)
N(3)-N(2)-C(18)	124.01(10)
C(4)-N(3)-N(2)	105.74(10)
0(1A)-N(3)-N(2)	122.7(4)
0(1A)-N(3)-C(4)	131.5(4)
N(3)-C(4)-C(5)	110.30(10)
N(3)-C(4)-C(12)	119.54(11)
C(5)-C(4)-C(12)	130.12(11)
N(1)-C(5)-C(4)	105.71(10)
N(1)-C(5)-C(6)	120.28(10)
C(4)-C(5)-C(6)	133.82(11)
C(7)-C(6)-C(5)	120.16(11)
C(11)-C(6)-C(5)	120.81(11)
C(11)-C(6)-C(7)	118.95(12)
C(6)-C(7)-H(7)	120.0
C(8)-C(7)-C(6)	120.05(13)
C(8)-C(7)-H(7)	120.0
C(7)-C(8)-H(8)	119.6
C(9)-C(8)-C(7)	120.74(14)
C(9)-C(8)-H(8)	119.6
C(8)-C(9)-H(9)	120.3
C(8)-C(9)-C(10)	119.40(13)
С(10)-С(9)-Н(9)	120.3
С(9)-С(10)-Н(10)	119.8
C(9)-C(10)-C(11)	120.47(14)
С(11)-С(10)-Н(10)	119.8
С(6)-С(11)-Н(11)	119.8
C(10)-C(11)-C(6)	120.38(13)
С(10)-С(11)-Н(11)	119.8
C(13)-C(12)-C(4)	119.77(11)
C(17)-C(12)-C(4)	121.03(11)
C(17)-C(12)-C(13)	119.16(11)
С(12)-С(13)-Н(13)	119.9
C(14)-C(13)-C(12)	120.30(12)

C(14)-C(13)-H(13)	119.9
С(13)-С(14)-Н(14)	119.8
C(13)-C(14)-C(15)	120.32(12)
С(15)-С(14)-Н(14)	119.8
С(14)-С(15)-Н(15)	120.2
C(16)-C(15)-C(14)	119.61(11)
С(16)-С(15)-Н(15)	120.2
С(15)-С(16)-Н(16)	119.8
C(15)-C(16)-C(17)	120.35(12)
С(17)-С(16)-Н(16)	119.8
С(12)-С(17)-Н(17)	119.9
C(16)-C(17)-C(12)	120.26(12)
С(16)-С(17)-Н(17)	119.9
C(19)-C(18)-N(2)	120.17(11)
C(23)-C(18)-N(2)	118.14(11)
C(23)-C(18)-C(19)	121.67(12)
С(18)-С(19)-Н(19)	120.7
C(18)-C(19)-C(20)	118.66(12)
С(20)-С(19)-Н(19)	120.7
С(19)-С(20)-Н(20)	119.8
C(21)-C(20)-C(19)	120.49(12)
С(21)-С(20)-Н(20)	119.8
C(20)-C(21)-H(21)	120.0
C(22)-C(21)-C(20)	119.92(12)
С(22)-С(21)-Н(21)	120.0
С(21)-С(22)-Н(22)	119.7
C(21)-C(22)-C(23)	120.50(12)
C(23)-C(22)-H(22)	119.7
C(18)-C(23)-C(22)	118.75(12)
С(18)-С(23)-Н(23)	120.6
С(22)-С(23)-Н(23)	120.6

	U ¹¹	U ²²	U ³³	U ²³	U ¹³	U ¹²
N(1)	15(1)	22(1)	19(1)	0(1)	-2(1)	-2(1)
N(2)	14(1)	30(1)	19(1)	-1(1)	-1(1)	-1(1)
N(3)	14(1)	24(1)	22(1)	0(1)	-2(1)	-1(1)
C(4)	15(1)	17(1)	21(1)	0(1)	-1(1)	-1(1)
C(5)	15(1)	17(1)	21(1)	1(1)	0(1)	-2(1)
C(6)	16(1)	18(1)	20(1)	2(1)	-1(1)	1(1)
C(7)	19(1)	24(1)	26(1)	6(1)	0(1)	0(1)
C(8)	22(1)	42(1)	29(1)	15(1)	4(1)	6(1)
C(9)	29(1)	55(1)	20(1)	3(1)	1(1)	15(1)
C(10)	30(1)	40(1)	26(1)	-9(1)	-5(1)	7(1)
C(11)	22(1)	24(1)	25(1)	-2(1)	-2(1)	0(1)
C(12)	15(1)	16(1)	22(1)	1(1)	-1(1)	-1(1)
C(13)	18(1)	21(1)	26(1)	-3(1)	-2(1)	0(1)
C(14)	20(1)	26(1)	28(1)	-2(1)	-6(1)	-3(1)
C(15)	15(1)	26(1)	28(1)	6(1)	-2(1)	-1(1)
C(16)	17(1)	21(1)	25(1)	4(1)	2(1)	2(1)
C(17)	18(1)	18(1)	21(1)	2(1)	-1(1)	1(1)
C(18)	16(1)	20(1)	22(1)	-2(1)	2(1)	-1(1)
C(19)	18(1)	21(1)	25(1)	2(1)	-1(1)	1(1)
C(20)	18(1)	24(1)	32(1)	-1(1)	1(1)	3(1)
C(21)	21(1)	26(1)	29(1)	-5(1)	6(1)	1(1)
C(22)	26(1)	29(1)	21(1)	-1(1)	3(1)	2(1)
C(23)	20(1)	28(1)	21(1)	-1(1)	-1(1)	2(1)
0(1)	13(1)	35(1)	24(1)	-3(1)	-4(1)	-3(1)
0(1A)	13(1)	35(1)	24(1)	-3(1)	-4(1)	-3(1)

Table S5. Anisotropic displacement parameters ($Å^2x \ 10^3$) for **2ah**. The anisotropic displacement factor exponent takes the form: $-2\pi^2$ [$h^2 \ a^{*2}U^{11} + ... + 2h \ k \ a^* \ b^* \ U^{12}$]

Table S6. Hydrogen coordinates (x 10^4) and isotropic displacement parameters (Å ² x 1^4)	0 ³)
for 2ah .	

	х	у	Z	U(eq)	
H(7)	6104	5555	8206	28	
H(8)	5887	5769	9333	37	
H(9)	6458	7824	9981	42	
H(10)	7245	9699	9495	38	
H(11)	7459	9532	8367	29	
H(13)	5872	5222	6010	26	
H(14)	4716	5082	5850	29	
H(15)	3991	6583	6563	28	
H(16)	4429	8218	7443	25	
H(17)	5585	8388	7602	23	
H(19)	8794	5792	6876	26	
H(20)	9731	5639	6181	30	
H(21)	9666	6673	5098	30	
H(22)	8660	7816	4696	30	
H(23)	7724	8037	5389	27	

N(1)-N(2)-N(3)-C(4)	-1.24(14)
N(1)-N(2)-N(3)-O(1A)	175.7(6)
N(1)-N(2)-C(18)-C(19)	38.48(18)
N(1)-N(2)-C(18)-C(23)	-143.43(13)
N(1)-C(5)-C(6)-C(7)	-135.94(12)
N(1)-C(5)-C(6)-C(11)	40.82(17)
N(2)-N(1)-C(5)-C(4)	-1.55(12)
N(2)-N(1)-C(5)-C(6)	174.14(10)
N(2)-N(3)-C(4)-C(5)	0.21(13)
N(2)-N(3)-C(4)-C(12)	177.86(10)
N(2)-C(18)-C(19)-C(20)	178.75(11)
N(2)-C(18)-C(23)-C(22)	-178.07(12)
N(3)-N(2)-C(18)-C(19)	-142.98(13)
N(3)-N(2)-C(18)-C(23)	35.11(18)
N(3)-C(4)-C(5)-N(1)	0.86(13)
N(3)-C(4)-C(5)-C(6)	-173.97(12)
N(3)-C(4)-C(12)-C(13)	25.82(17)
N(3)-C(4)-C(12)-C(17)	-152.02(12)
C(4)-C(5)-C(6)-C(7)	38.3(2)
C(4)-C(5)-C(6)-C(11)	-144.93(14)
C(4)-C(12)-C(13)-C(14)	-177.66(12)
C(4)-C(12)-C(17)-C(16)	177.93(11)
C(5)-N(1)-N(2)-N(3)	1.80(13)
C(5)-N(1)-N(2)-C(18)	-179.51(11)
C(5)-C(4)-C(12)-C(13)	-157.06(13)
C(5)-C(4)-C(12)-C(17)	25.10(19)
C(5)-C(6)-C(7)-C(8)	177.14(12)
C(5)-C(6)-C(11)-C(10)	-176.67(12)
C(6)-C(7)-C(8)-C(9)	-0.5(2)
C(7)-C(6)-C(11)-C(10)	0.13(19)
C(7)-C(8)-C(9)-C(10)	0.3(2)
C(8)-C(9)-C(10)-C(11)	0.2(2)
C(9)-C(10)-C(11)-C(6)	-0.4(2)
C(11)-C(6)-C(7)-C(8)	0.32(19)
C(12)-C(4)-C(5)-N(1)	-176.47(12)
C(12)-C(4)-C(5)-C(6)	8.7(2)
C(12)-C(13)-C(14)-C(15)	-0.2(2)
C(13)-C(12)-C(17)-C(16)	0.08(18)
C(13)-C(14)-C(15)-C(16)	-0.1(2)
C(14)-C(15)-C(16)-C(17)	0.44(19)

C(15)-C(16)-C(17)-C(12)	-0.41(18)
C(17)-C(12)-C(13)-C(14)	0.23(19)
C(18)-N(2)-N(3)-C(4)	-179.94(11)
C(18)-N(2)-N(3)-O(1A)	-3.0(6)
C(18)-C(19)-C(20)-C(21)	-0.45(19)
C(19)-C(18)-C(23)-C(22)	0.0(2)
C(19)-C(20)-C(21)-C(22)	-0.5(2)
C(20)-C(21)-C(22)-C(23)	1.3(2)
C(21)-C(22)-C(23)-C(18)	-1.0(2)
C(23)-C(18)-C(19)-C(20)	0.73(19)
O(1)-N(1)-N(2)-N(3)	-178.63(11)
O(1)-N(1)-N(2)-C(18)	0.07(19)
O(1)-N(1)-C(5)-C(4)	178.93(12)
O(1)-N(1)-C(5)-C(6)	-5.39(19)
O(1A)-N(3)-C(4)-C(5)	-176.4(6)
O(1A)-N(3)-C(4)-C(12)	1.3(7)

Table S8. Hydrogen bonds for 2ah [Å and °].

D-HA	d(D-H)	d(HA)	d(DA)	<(DHA)
C(23)-H(23)O(1A)	0.95	2.25	2.732(9)	110.5

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S8. Copies of NMR Spectra



	HC	² z		0 ^{CH} ₃																		
		ľ	NH																			
		13	СН ₃ 1а	5																		
		D	MSO-d	6																		
k den kalanta aku Tani ya keping kep		pallada betilaparte por Processi das Veneticases		land de la balle qui a la anamat ng managipanan	la (las) da llagras da l (las) da llagras da l								A da da ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang an	pidan <mark>kilinanda</mark>	dalar in burdanı Alta in saları	a shadhiri ana ilay dag geradaring ng gayang a	alar Alar alaratan Alar alaratan		datal y bladara al Digate ingelandar	honaka kutatka (a Majaan Karangera	india kaominina dia mminina ny faritr'o dia mminina	
210	200	190	180	170	160	150	140	130	120)	110 f1 (мд	100 1)	90	80	70	60	50	40	30	20	10	0

























































































































































































