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Micropillar enhanced FRET-CRISPR biosensor for nucleic acid detection

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The generation of air bubbles occurs as liquid is pushed into the channel, leading to uneven flow, as depicted in Fig. S1(a). To address this issue, the channel was initially placed in a desiccator for 15 min, followed by immersion in nuclease-free water. The trapped air was subsequently removed, allowing the channel to be completely filled with water. As a result, the previously observed uneven flow situation could be avoided when the channel was further injected with liquid, as demonstrated in Fig. S1(b).



Figure S1. Photograph of channel filled with food dye, (a) without and (b) with bubbleavoidance approach.

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