

Multifaceted Properties of TiO₂ Nanoparticles Synthesized via *Mangifera indica* and *Azadirachta indica* Plant Extracts: Antimicrobial, Antioxidant, and Non-linear Optical Investigations for Sustainable Agriculture Applications

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Supporting Information

Section S1: Brief description of chemical test to test the presence of following metabolites in both plant extracts such as *A. indica* and *M. indica*.

Test for flavonoids: In order to confirm the presence of flavonoids, 5 ml of NaOH (10%) solution was mixed with 2 ml of each plant extract individually (*A. indica* and *M. indica*), the mixture turns yellow colour, signifying the presence of flavonoids.

Test for steroids: 3 ml of plant extract and 3 ml of concentrated sulphuric acid with 3 ml of chloroform was mixed together, producing red colour in the bottom chloroform layer.

Test for terpenoids: Terpenoids are present, as evidenced by the reddish-brown color that results from mixing 5 ml of plant extract with 3 ml of chloroform and sulfuric acid.

Test for phenol: The presence of the phenol group is shown by adding a few drops of alcoholic FeCl₃ solution applied to 3 ml of leaf extract, which resulted in a bluish-black appearance.

Test for saponin: The formation of foam when the leaf extract and distilled water are rapidly agitated suggests the existence of saponins.

Test for protein: Nitric acid solution was added dropwise in 2 ml of leaf extract to generate dark yellow color indicating the presence of proteins.

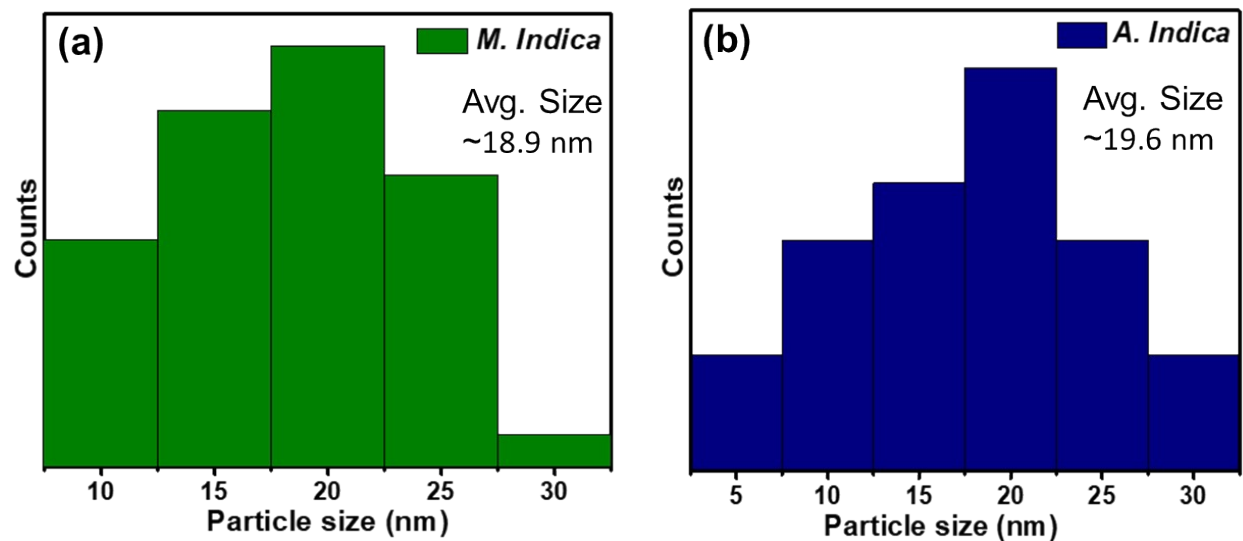


Figure S1: Particle size distribution of the TiO₂ NPs prepared using *M. indica* and *A. indica* plant extracts, respectively.

Table S1:
TiO₂ NPs

EDX of

Element	<i>A. Indica</i> (Ti)	<i>A. Indica</i> (O)	<i>M. Indica</i> (Ti)	<i>M. Indica</i> (O)
Weight (%)	48.97	51.03	51.92	48.08
Atomic (%)	24.27	75.73	26.50	73.50

synthesized using *A. indica* and *M. indica*.