

## Hypoxia-activated prodrugs of phenolic olaparib analogues for tumour-selective chemosensitisation.

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### Key Structures

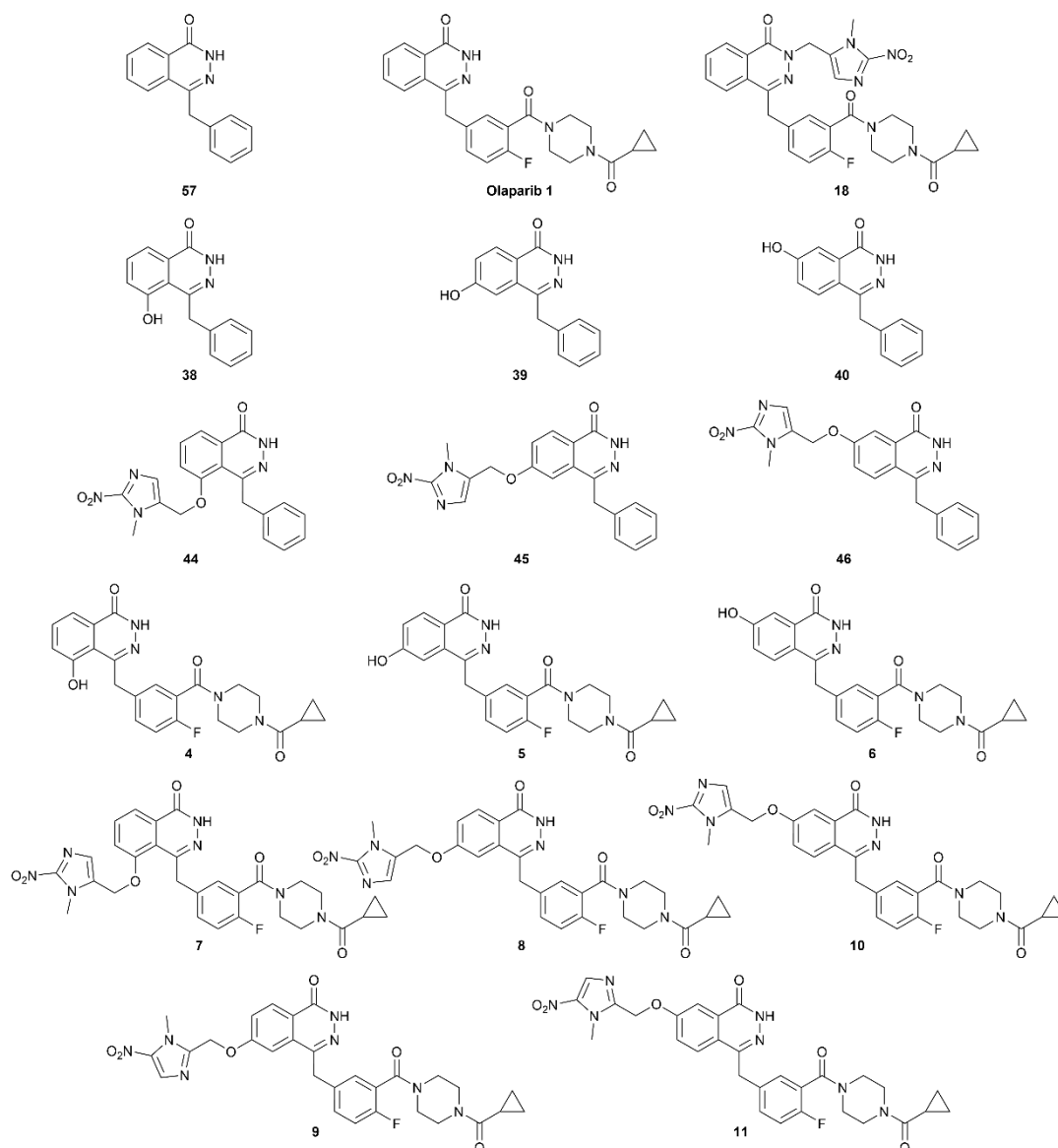


Figure S1: Structures of key compounds included in biochemical and cellular analyses.

## General Information

DCM, DMF, MeCN and THF were purchased pre-dried and stored over molecular sieves from Acros Organics. All other reaction solvents were analytical grade. For lithiation reactions analytical grade THF was pre-dried over sodium, then distilled from sodium benzophenone ketyl prior to use. Non-aqueous reactions were carried out under a nitrogen atmosphere unless otherwise noted. Commercial reagents were used without purification. Flash column chromatography was carried out on a silica gel solid phase (Merck 230 – 400 mesh) using distilled laboratory grade solvents. Thin layer chromatography was carried out using Merck 60 F<sub>254</sub> aluminium plates pre-coated with silica. Compounds were identified using UV fluorescence and/or staining with either ninhydrin in ethanol/glacial acetic acid (95:5) (with heating), or iodine on silica gel. Melting points were determined on an Electrothermal 2300 Melting Point Apparatus. High resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were measured on an Agilent Technologies 6530 Accurate-Mass Quadrupole Time of Flight (Q-TOF) LC/MS interfaced with an Agilent Jet Stream Electrospray Ionisation (ESI) source allowing positive or negative ions detection. Low-resolution mass spectra (LRMS) were gathered by direct injection of methanolic solutions into an Agilent 6120 mass spectrometer using atmospheric pressure chemical ionization (APCI) mode with a fragmentor voltage of 50 V and a drying gas temperature of 250 °C. NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Avance 400 spectrometer (<sup>1</sup>H nuclei, 400 MHz; <sup>13</sup>C nuclei, 100MHz) in (CD<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SO unless specified. All chemical shift (δ) values are reported in parts per million (ppm) relative to the residual <sup>1</sup>H resonance from the deuterated solvent, coupling constants are reported in Hertz (Hz). <sup>13</sup>C spectral assignments were made *via* interpretation of HSQC, HMBC and APT experiments. Final products were analysed by reverse-phase HPLC (Agilent Zorbax Eclipse XDB C8 5 μm column, 150 mm × 4.6 mm; or Alltech Altima C8 5 μm column, 150 mm × 2.1;) using an Agilent HP1100 equipped with a photodiode array detector. Mobile phases were gradients of 80% CH<sub>3</sub>CN/20% H<sub>2</sub>O (v/v) in 45 mM ammonium formate at pH 3.5 and 0.5 – 1.0 mL/min. Purity was determined by monitoring at 330 ± 50 nm. AcOH refers to acetic acid, DCM refers to dichloromethane, DIPEA refers to diisopropylethylamine, DMF refers to dimethylformamide, Et<sub>2</sub>O refers to diethylether, EtOAc refers to ethyl acetate, EtOH refers to ethanol, LiHMDS refers to lithium hexamethyldisilazide, MeOH refers to methanol, MeCN refers to acetonitrile, NEt<sub>3</sub> refers to triethylamine, PhMe refers to toluene, THF refers to tetrahydrofuran, X4 refers to petroleum ether, boiling fraction 40 – 60 °C.

## Assignment of alkene stereochemistry

For alkenes where both isomers were isolated it was possible to organise the products into two distinct groups based on the <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C signals of the olefinic CH (Table S1). The groupings could be defined as Group A: δ<sub>H</sub> 6.86 – 7.06 ppm; δ<sub>C</sub> 108.0 – 113.3 ppm and Group B: δ<sub>H</sub> 6.39 – 7.00 ppm; δ<sub>C</sub> 102.4 – 109.2 ppm. The <sup>13</sup>C signal is more diagnostic as there is significant overlap in the <sup>1</sup>H signal range, however in cases where the <sup>13</sup>C signal leaves ambiguity the <sup>1</sup>H signal can in some cases resolve this. Miura *et al.*<sup>1</sup> reported the *Z*-isomer of alkene **34**, with assignment provided by analysis of NOE enhancements and based on this we tentatively assigned Group A as the *E*-isomer and Group B as the *Z*-isomer. A NOESY experiment for alkene **50** (Figure S1, Figure S2) supported this assignment and all other alkene stereochemistry has been assigned on this basis. In all except one instance (benzofuranone **55**) when only a single isomer was isolated it was the *E*-isomer.

Table S1: Alkene isomer <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C shifts ((CD<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SO unless specified) for olefinic CH

Compound	Group A ( <i>E</i> )		Group B ( <i>Z</i> )	
	Alkene <sup>1</sup> H (ppm)	Alkene <sup>13</sup> C (ppm)	Alkene <sup>1</sup> H (ppm)	Alkene <sup>13</sup> C (ppm)
33	6.99	112.4	6.85	109.2
34	6.90 <sup>1</sup>	112.8 <sup>1</sup>	6.39 <sup>1</sup>	107.0 <sup>1</sup>
35	6.92	110.8	6.80	105.3
36	6.95	112.4	6.81	106.2
37	n.i.	n.i.	6.70 <sup>1</sup>	104.3 <sup>1</sup>
41	n.i.	n.i.	6.79	110.4
42	7.06	113.3	6.96	106.9
43	n.i.	n.i.	6.84	105.7
47	6.98	110.5	6.87	107.2
48	7.01	111.2	7.00	104.8
49	6.89	109.0	6.84	103.3
50	6.93	110.5	6.85	104.3
51	6.86	108.0	6.76	102.4
52	6.90	112.0	6.81	108.9
53	n.i.	n.i.	6.99	105.0
54	n.i.	n.i.	6.88	103.7
55	7.02	112.0	n.i.	n.i.
56	6.93	109.5	6.88	103.7

n.i.: Not isolated. <sup>1</sup>From CDCl<sub>3</sub> spectrum.

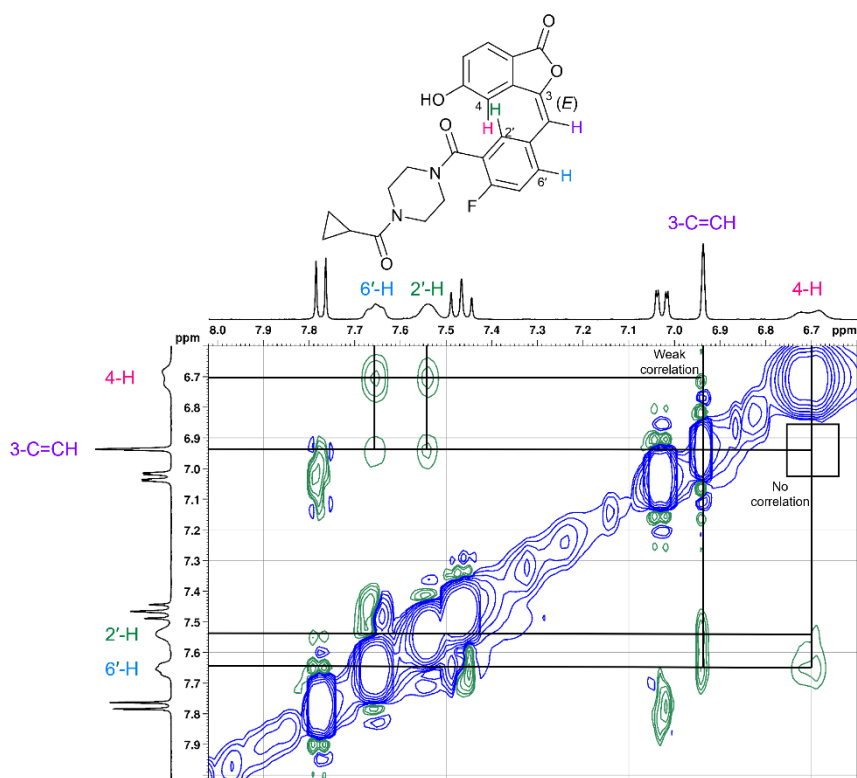


Figure S2: (*E*)-**50** NOESY experiment key correlations. Through space correlations between 6'-H and 3-C=CH, and 2'-H and 3-C=CH support assignment as *E*. Weak correlation between 4-H and 3-C=CH is only present on one axis and is likely an artifact, providing further support to assignment as *E*.

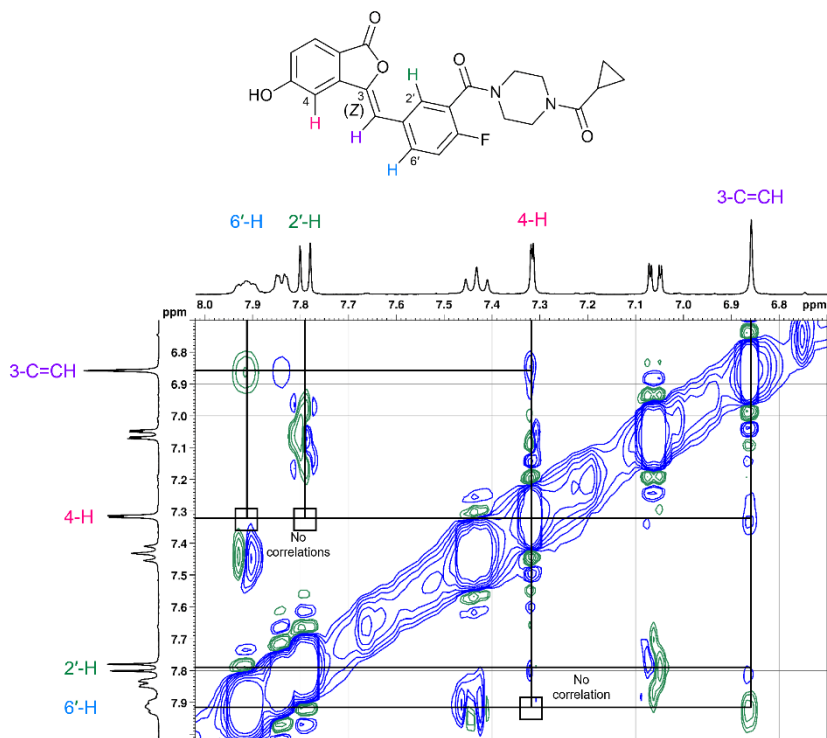


Figure S3: (*Z*)-**50** NOESY experiment key correlation. Correlation between 4-H and 3-C=CH is present on both axes supporting assignment as *Z*. Single weak correlation between 2'-CH and 4-H on one axis is likely an artifact, and there are no correlations between 4-H and 6'-CH providing further support to assignment as *Z*.

## Synthesis of Compounds

### General Procedure B – Ring expansion (benzyl sidechain)

Benzofuranone (10 mg/mL) in 1:1 EtOH/hydrazine hydrate (aq.) was stirred at 50 °C for 18 h then volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to give the crude product.

### General Procedure C – Trigger installation

To phenol in DMF (25 mg/mL) was added K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (1.5 – 3 eq.), followed by chloromethyl nitroimidazole (1.1 eq.) then the mixture was stirred 7 - 18 h at room temperature or 50 °C, then diluted with water. Product was collected by filtration, or extracted from the aqueous fraction with EtOAc, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and solvent was removed *in vacuo*.

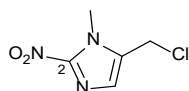
### General Procedure D – Horner-Wadsworth-Emmons olefination

To a solution of phosphonate in THF (20 mg/mL) at -78 °C was added a 1M solution of LiHMDS in THF (1.1 eq.) dropwise and the resulting solution was stirred for 1 h. A solution of aldehyde in THF (30 mg/mL, 1.05 eq.) was added dropwise and the resulting mixture stirred a further 1 h at -78 °C, quenched with saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl, allowed to warm to room temperature and diluted with 1 M HCl. The aqueous fractions were extracted with EtOAc, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and solvent was removed *in vacuo*.

### General Procedure E – Demethylation

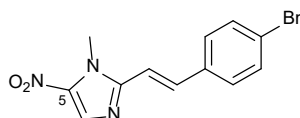
To a solution of aryl ether in DCM (20 mg/mL) at 0 °C was added a 1 M solution of BBr<sub>3</sub> in DCM (6 eq.) and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 18 h. The reaction was cooled to 0 °C and quenched by portionwise addition of ice, then the mixture was allowed to return to room temperature and extracted with DCM. The combined organic fractions were dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and solvent was removed *in vacuo*.

### 5-(chloromethyl)-1-methyl-2-nitro-1H-imidazole (16)



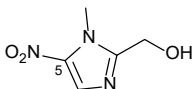
To alcohol **12** (1.0 g, 6.4 mmol) in THF (20 mL) was added DIPEA (1.3 mL, 7.6 mmol), and methanesulfonyl chloride (0.60 mL, 7.6 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred 0.5 h, diluted with EtOAc (40 mL), washed with 1 M HCl (40 mL), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified by chromatography, eluting with a gradient (30-100%) of EtOAc/X4 to give the title compound (1.1 g, 98%) as a yellow solid: mp 99 – 100 °C (lit.<sup>2</sup> mp 94–96 °C).  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 7.19 (1H, s, 4-H), 4.63 (2H, s, CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.08 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>). LRMS 176.1 (100%, M<sup>35</sup>+H), 178.1 (36%, M<sup>37</sup>+H). These data are in good agreement with literature values.<sup>2</sup>

### (E)-2-(4-Bromostyryl)-1-methyl-5-nitro-1H-imidazole (15)



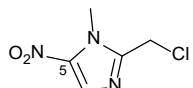
To EtOH (200 mL) was added sodium (2.0 g, 89 mmol) portionwise, with stirring until all sodium was consumed. 1,2-Dimethyl-5-nitro-1*H*-imidazole (5.0 g, 35 mmol) was added portionwise then the mixture was stirred for 0.5 h, and 4-bromobenzaldehyde added. The mixture was heated to 65 °C for 18 h, cooled to room temperature and partitioned between DCM (200 mL) and water (100 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous fraction extracted twice more with DCM (200 mL), the combined organic fractions were washed with brine, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified by chromatography, eluting with EtOAc/X4 (33%) to give the title compound (3.6 g, 33%) as a yellow solid: mp 238 – 240 °C. δ<sub>H</sub> (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 8.09 (1H, s, 4-CH), 7.82 (1H, d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 2-CCH), 7.55 (2H, d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 3'-H, 5'-H), 7.44 (2H, d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2'-H, 6'-H), 6.87 (1H, d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1'-CCH), 4.06 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>). LRMS (M+H) 308.9 (100%), 310.0 (100%). These data are consistent with literature values.<sup>3</sup>

### (1-Methyl-5-nitro-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl)methanol (**13**)



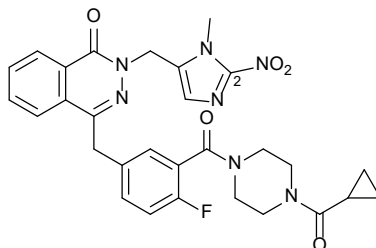
Ozone was bubbled through a solution of alkene **15** (0.6 g, 2.0 mmol) in DCM/MeOH (1:1, 54 mL) at -78 °C for 0.5 h with the headspace vented into a 10% aqueous solution of NaI. The ozone feed was switched with O<sub>2</sub> for 5 minutes, then N<sub>2</sub> for 30 minutes as the mixture was warmed to -40 °C. A solution of NaBH<sub>4</sub> (70 mg, 2.0 mmol) in EtOH (6 mL) was added dropwise over 0.5 h and the mixture was slowly warmed to room temperature, then a further portion of NaBH<sub>4</sub> (70 mg, 2.0 mmol) was added and the reaction stirred for 3 h, treated with AcOH (2.5 mL) and solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified by chromatography, eluting with EtOAc to give the title product (0.23 g, 74%) as a tan solid: mp 111 – 113 °C (lit.<sup>4</sup> 115 – 116 °C). δ<sub>H</sub> 8.01 (1H, s, 4-CH), 5.68 (1H, t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, OH), 4.58 (2H, d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.91 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>). LRMS (M+H) 158.2 (100%).

### 2-(Chloromethyl)-1-methyl-5-nitro-1*H*-imidazole (**17**)



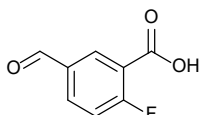
To alcohol **13** (0.10 g, 0.64 mmol) in THF (2 mL) was added DIPEA (0.13 mL, 0.76 mmol) and methanesulfonyl chloride (0.060 mL, 0.76 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred for 0.5 h, diluted with EtOAc (10 mL), washed with 1M HCl (10 mL), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified by chromatography, eluting with 50% EtOAc/X4, to give the title compound (94 mg, 86%) as a beige solid: mp 39 – 40 °C (lit.<sup>4</sup> 43.5 – 44 °C). δ<sub>H</sub> (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 7.96 (1H, s, 4-H), 4.68 (2H, s, CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.05 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>). LRMS (M+H) 176.1 (100%), 178.1 (32%). These data are in good agreement with literature values.<sup>4</sup>

**4-(3-(4-(Cyclopropanecarbonyl)piperazine-1-carbonyl)-4-fluorobenzyl)-2-((1-methyl-2-nitro-1H-imidazol-5-yl)methyl)phthalazin-1(2H)-one (18)**



To olaparib (0.30 g, 0.69 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) was added Cs<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (0.45 g, 1.4 mmol) followed by chloride **16** (0.18 g, 1.5 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred for 25 h. The mixture was diluted with water (25 mL), filtered and the resulting solid collected by filtration. The crude compound was purified by semi-preparative HPLC (MeCN, NH<sub>4</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H) to give the title compound (0.08 g, 20%) as a colourless solid: mp 122 – 125 °C.  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  8.32 (1H, dd,  $J = 7.7, 1.2$  Hz, 8-H), 8.03 (1H, br d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 5-H), 7.93 (1H, br dd,  $J = 8.3, 1.2$  Hz, 6-H), 7.87 (1H, td,  $J = 7.9, 1.2$  Hz, 7-H), 7.45 – 7.40 (1H, m, 6'-H), 7.35 (1H, br d,  $J = 5.1$  Hz 2'-H), 7.21 (1H, t,  $J = 9.0$  Hz, 5'-H), 7.15 (1H, s, 4'''-H), 5.43 (2H, s, 2-NCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.35 (2H, s, 4-CCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.94 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.85 – 3.10 (8H, m, 2''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 5''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 6''-CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.07 – 1.86 (1H, m, 1'''-CH), 0.78 – 0.67 (4H, m, 2'''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3'''-CH<sub>2</sub>).  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  171.8 (4''-NC=O), 164.5 (1''-NC=O), 158.5 (1-C=O), 156.8 (4'-C,  $J_{\text{C-F}} = 244.7$  Hz), 146.1 (4-C, 2'''-C), 134.8 (1'-C,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}} = 3.1$  Hz), 134.4 (5'''-C), 134.2 (6-CH), 132.6 (7-CH), 132.4 (6'-CH,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}} = 8.0$  Hz), 129.5 (2'-CH,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}} = 3.7$  Hz), 129.1 (4a-C), 128.9 (4'''-CH), 127.8 (8a-C), 127.0 (8-CH), 126.1 (5-CH), 124.1 (3'-C,  $J_{\text{C-C-F}} = 18.1$  Hz), 116.3 (5'-CH,  $J_{\text{C-C-F}} = 21.6$  Hz), 47.5 - 44.8 and 42.5 – 41.4 (m, 2''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 5''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 6''-CH<sub>2</sub>), 44.0 (NCH<sub>2</sub>), 36.8 (4-CCH<sub>2</sub>), 34.9 (NCH<sub>3</sub>), 10.8 (1'''-CH), 7.6 (2'''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3'''-CH<sub>2</sub>). HRMS calcd for C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>29</sub>FN<sub>7</sub>O<sub>5</sub> (M+H)  $m/z$  564.2209, found 574.2203 (-1.02 ppm). HPLC purity 99.7%

**2-Fluoro-5-formylbenzoic acid (22)**



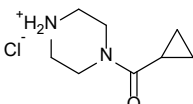
5-(Diethoxymethyl)-2-fluorobenzonitrile

To 2-fluoro-5-formylbenzonitrile (5.0 g, 34 mmol) and NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (0.36 g, 6.7 mmol) in EtOH (45 mL) at 0 °C was added triethyl orthoformate (8.4 mL, 50 mmol) and the mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 18 h. Solvent was removed *in vacuo*, residual solids were separated by filtration, washing with EtOAc, then solvent was removed *in vacuo* and the crude product was purified by chromatography, eluting with 30% EtOAc/X4 to give the title compound (6.3 g, 84%) as a colourless oil.  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 7.77 (1H, dd,  $J = 6.1, 2.1$  Hz, 6-H), 7.71 (1H, ddd,  $J = 8.7, 5.2, 2.2$  Hz, 4-H), 7.20 (1H, t,  $J = 8.7$  Hz, 3-H) 5.49 (1H, s, 5-CCH), 3.64 – 3.48 (4H, m, 2 × CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.25 (6H, t,  $J = 7.1$  Hz, 2 × CH<sub>3</sub>). These data are in good agreement with literature values.<sup>5</sup>

2-Fluoro-5-formylbenzoic acid

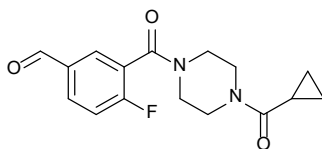
3 M NaOH (32 mL) was added to 5-(diethoxymethyl)-2-fluorobenzonitrile (6.0 g, 27 mmol) and this slurry was heated to 90 °C for 3 h. The resulting solution was cooled to 0 °C, the pH was adjusted to 2 with 6M HCl and the resulting precipitate collected by filtration. Refiltration of the mother liquor after standing produced a second crop. Combination of crops gave the title compound (4.3 g, 95%) as a white solid: mp 160 – 163 °C.  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 10.00 (1H, s, CHO), 8.57 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 6.9, 2.2 Hz, 6-H), 8.16 (1H, ddd,  $J$  = 8.6, 4.6, 2.2 Hz, 4-H), 7.36 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 10.0, 8.6 Hz, 3-H), CO<sub>2</sub>H not observed. These data are in good agreement with literature values.<sup>5</sup> LRMS (M-H) 167.1 (100%).

#### 4-(Cyclopropanecarbonyl)piperazin-1-ium chloride (20)



Piperazine (4.6 g, 52 mmol) was dissolved in acetic acid (50 mL) at 40 °C and the resulting solution was cooled to room temperature. Cyclopropanecarbonyl chloride (5.2 mL, 58 mmol) was added dropwise, then the resulting mixture was stirred for 18 h, and the resulting precipitate was collected by filtration. The filtrate was suspended in PhMe (25 mL) and evaporated to dryness twice, then suspended again in PhMe (30 mL) and stirred overnight, the precipitate was collected by filtration and dried *in vacuo* to give the title compound (8.2 g, 82%) as white crystals.  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  9.05 (2H, br s, NH<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup>Cl<sup>-</sup>), 4.00 – 3.56 (4H, m, 2 × NCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.22 – 2.98 (4H, m, 2 × NCH<sub>2</sub>), 2.03 – 1.95 (1H, m, 1'-H), 0.80 – 0.70 (4H, m, 2'-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3'-CH<sub>2</sub>). LRMS (M+) 155.2 (100%)

#### 3-(4-(Cyclopropanecarbonyl)piperazine-1-carbonyl)-4-fluorobenzaldehyde (19)

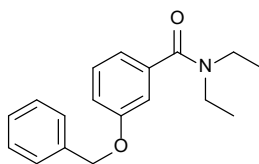


To aldehyde **22** (4.0 g, 24 mmol) in PhMe (100 mL) was added thionyl chloride (17.3 mL, 238 mmol) and the resulting solution was heated to reflux for 1 h, allowed to cool and volatiles removed by vacuum distillation. The crude residue was taken up in DCM (70 mL) and amide **20** (5.0 g, 26 mmol) was added as a solution in MeCN/NEt<sub>3</sub> (30/7 mL). The resulting mixture was stirred 18 h at room temperature, diluted with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (30 mL), the aqueous layer extracted with EtOAc (2 × 30 mL), the combined organic fractions washed with water (30 mL), brine (30 mL), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified by chromatography, eluting with EtOAc (100%) to give the title compound (4.7 g, 65%) as a white foam.

$\delta_{\text{H}}$  10.01 (1H, s CHO), 8.12 – 7.98 (2H, m, H-2, H-6), 7.57 (1H, t,  $J$  = 9.0 Hz, H-5), 3.93 – 3.13 (8H, m, 4 × NCH<sub>2</sub>), 2.11 – 1.81 (1H, m, 1'-H), 0.83 – 0.62 (4H, m, 2''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3''-CH<sub>2</sub>).  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  191.3 (CHO), 171.3 (4'-NC=O), 163.1 (1'-NC=O), 161.0 (4-C,  $J_{\text{C-F}}$  254.7 Hz), 133.2 (1-C,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}}$  = 2.8 Hz), 132.7 (6-CH,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}}$  = 10.0 Hz), 131.0 (2-CH,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}}$  = 5.6 Hz), 124.8 (3-C,  $J_{\text{C-C-F}}$  = 19.4 Hz), 117.2 (5-CH,  $J_{\text{C-C-F}}$  = 22.8 Hz), 46.9 – 46.1, 45.1 – 44.3 and 42.1 – 41.0 (m, 4 × NCH<sub>2</sub>), 10.4 (2''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3''-CH<sub>2</sub>), 7.13 (1''-CH). HRMS calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>18</sub>FN<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> (M+H)  $m/z$  305.1296, found 305.1293 (-0.86 ppm).



### 3-(Benzyloxy)-*N,N*-diethylbenzamide (26)



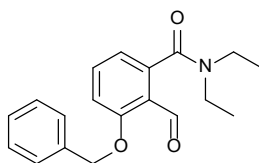
#### *N,N*-Diethyl-3-hydroxybenzamide

To 3-hydroxybenzoic acid (6.0 g, 43 mmol) was added thionyl chloride (24 mL, 330 mmol) followed by two drops of DMF (~0.1 mL) and the resulting mixture was stirred at reflux for 1 h. Thionyl chloride was evaporated *in vacuo*, the residue was dissolved in PhMe (100 mL) and the solution once more evaporated to dryness. The residue was dissolved in THF (50 mL) and cooled to 0 °C, then diethylamine (13.5 mL, 130 mmol) was added slowly and the mixture stirred for 18 h at room temperature. Solvent was removed *in vacuo*, the residue dissolved in DCM (50 mL) and the organic layer washed with water (50 mL), NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (50 mL) and brine (50 mL) then solvent was removed *in vacuo* to give the title compound (4.0 g, 48%) as a brown solid: mp 74 – 77 °C (lit. 84 °C<sup>6</sup>).  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 7.76 (1H, br s OH), 7.17 (1H, t,  $J = 7.8, 7.8$  Hz, 5-H), 6.90 (1H, m, 2-H), 6.81 – 6.77 (2H, m, 4-H, 6-H), 3.61 – 3.49 (2H, m, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.34 – 3.21 (2H, m, CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.25 (3H, t, 6.6 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.10 (3H, t, 6.6 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>). These data are in good agreement with literature values.<sup>6</sup> LRMS (M+H) 194.2, (M-H) 192.2

#### 3-(Benzyloxy)-*N,N*-diethylbenzamide

To *N,N*-diethyl-3-hydroxybenzamide (0.50 g, 2.6 mmol) in acetone (25 mL) at 0 °C was added K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (0.72 g, 5.2 mmol), KI (0.04 g, 0.26 mmol) and benzyl bromide (0.34 mL, 2.9 mmol), then the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 18 h. Volatiles were removed *in vacuo* and the residue was partitioned between water (25 mL) and EtOAc (25 mL). The organic fraction was collected and the aqueous fraction was washed with EtOAc (2 × 25 mL), then the combined organic fractions were washed with brine, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified by chromatography, eluting with 30% EtOAc/X4 to give the title compound (0.73 g, quant.) as a golden oil.  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 7.45 – 7.27 (6H, m, Ar-H), 7.03 – 6.92 (3H, m, Ar-H), 5.08 (2H, s, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.63 – 3.43 (2H, m, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.33 – 3.12 (2H, m, CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.31 – 0.98 (6H, m, 2 × CH<sub>3</sub>). These data are in good agreement with literature values.<sup>7</sup> LRMS (M+H) 284.2.

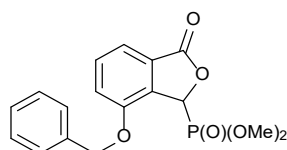
### 3-(Benzyloxy)-*N,N*-diethyl-2-formylbenzamide (27)



To THF (50 mL) at -78 °C under an atmosphere of N<sub>2</sub> was added <sup>t</sup>BuLi in pentane (1.6 M, 10.1 mL, 16.2 mmol) followed by a solution of benzamide **26** (2.0 g, 7.0 mmol) in THF (20 mL) dropwise. The solution was stirred at -78 °C for 1 h, then DMF (1.1 mL, 14.1 mmol) was added dropwise and the mixture allowed to warm to room temperature, After stirring a further 15 min, the reaction was quenched

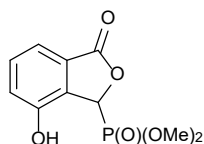
with saturated aqueous  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$  (10 mL) and the aqueous fraction was extracted with EtOAc ( $2 \times 50$  mL). The combined organic fractions were washed with water (50 mL), dried ( $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ ) and solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified by chromatography, eluting with 60% EtOAc/X4, to give the title compound (1.2 g, 56%) as a yellow oil.  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) 10.56 (1H, s, CHO), 7.52 (1H, t,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 5-H), 7.48 – 7.33 (5H, m, Ar-H), 7.06 (1H, d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 4-H), 6.85 (1H, d,  $J = 7.5$  Hz 6-H), 5.21 (2H, s,  $\text{OCH}_2$ ), 3.59 (2H, q,  $J = 8.0$  Hz,  $\text{NCH}_2$ ), 3.07 (2H, q,  $J = 7.15$  Hz,  $\text{NCH}_2$ ), 1.32 (3H, t,  $J = 7.1$  Hz,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 1.01 (3H, t,  $J = 7.1$  Hz,  $\text{CH}_3$ ).  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) 189.5 ( $\text{HC}=\text{O}$ ), 170.0 (1- $\text{CC}=\text{O}$ ), 161.6 (3-C), 139.6 (1-C), 135.9 (Ar-C), 135.7 (5-CH), 129.0 ( $2 \times$  Ar-CH), 128.6 (Ar-CH), 127.6 ( $2 \times$  Ar-CH), 121.8 (2-C), 119.7 (6-CH), 113.4 (4-CH), 71.1 ( $\text{OCH}_2$ ), 42.7, 38.9 ( $2 \times$   $\text{NCH}_2$ ), 13.7, 12.4 ( $2 \times$   $\text{CH}_3$ ). LRMS (M+H) 312.2.

### Dimethyl (7-(benzyloxy)-3-oxo-1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1-yl)phosphonate (28)



To *tert*-butyldimethylsilyl dimethyl phosphite (2.4 g, 11 mmol) in benzene (30 mL) was added a solution of benzamide **27** (1.7 g, 5.5 mmol) in benzene (8 mL) and the resulting mixture was stirred 18 h at room temperature. Volatiles were removed *in vacuo* and the residue dissolved in MeOH (25 mL), then methanesulfonic acid (0.75 mL, 11 mmol) in MeOH (12 mL) was added slowly. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 h, then volatiles removed *in vacuo*, the slurry diluted with water (25 mL), the aqueous fraction was extracted with DCM ( $3 \times 25$  mL) and the combined organic fractions were washed with  $\text{NaHCO}_3$  (25 mL), brine (25 mL), dried ( $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ ) and solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified by chromatography, eluting with 50% EtOAc/X4, to give the title compound (1.1 g, 56%) as a golden oil that solidified on standing: mp 81 – 83 °C.  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) 7.56 – 7.47 (4H, m, Ar-H), 7.43 – 7.33 (3H, m, Ar-H), 7.21 (1H, m, 6-H), 5.78 (1H, d,  $J = 9.8$  Hz, 1-H), 5.22 (2H,  $\text{OCH}_2$ ), 3.73 (3H, d,  $J = 10.7$  Hz,  $\text{OCH}_3$ ), 3.69 (3H, d,  $J = 10.9$  Hz,  $\text{OCH}_3$ ).  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) 169.7 ( $\text{C}=\text{O}$ , d,  $J = 2.2$  Hz), 156.7 (7a-C), 154.0 (7-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-P}} = 3.5$  Hz), 135.9 (Ar-C), 132.2 (3a-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-P}} = 4.5$  Hz), 131.9 (4-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-C-P}} = 2.4$  Hz), 128.9 ( $2 \times$  Ar-CH), 128.6 (Ar-CH), 127.7 ( $2 \times$  Ar-CH), 118.3 (5-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-C-P}} = 1.5$  Hz), 117.3 (6-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-C-P}} = 2.2$  Hz), 75.4 (1-CH,  $J_{\text{C-P}} = 168.1$  Hz), 70.9 ( $\text{CH}_2$ ), 54.8 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ,  $J_{\text{C-O-P}} = 6.6$  Hz) 54.3 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ,  $J_{\text{C-O-P}} = 7.2$  Hz). LRMS (M+H) 349.1.

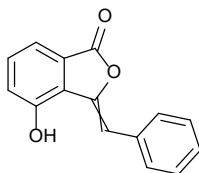
### Dimethyl (7-hydroxy-3-oxo-1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1-yl)phosphonate (23)



To phosphonate **28** (0.88 g, 2.9 mmol) in MeOH (25 mL) was added 5% w/w Pd/C (0.09 g) and the resulting slurry was stirred under 1 atm.  $\text{H}_2$  for 18 h, filtered through diatomaceous earth and solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The crude material was purified by chromatography, eluting with a gradient (1 – 2%) of MeOH/DCM to give the title compound (0.55 g, 85%) as a white solid: mp 151 – 154 °C.  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) 9.08 (1H, br s, OH), 7.56 – 7.48 (2H, m, 4-H, 5-H), 7.28 (1H, dd,  $J = 7.4, 1.8$  Hz, 6-H), 5.73

(1H, d,  $J = 8.5$  Hz, 1-H), 4.04 (3H, d,  $J = 10.9$  Hz, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.58 (3H, d,  $J = 10.5$  Hz, OCH<sub>3</sub>).  $\delta_c$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 169.6 (C=O, d,  $J_{C-O-C-P} = 3.1$  Hz), 152.4 (7-C, d,  $J_{C-C-C-P} = 2.9$  Hz), 132.3 (5-CH, d,  $J_{C-C-C-C-P} = 2.1$  Hz), 128.2 (3a-C, d,  $J_{C-C-C-P} = 3.7$  Hz), 126.2 (7a-C, d,  $J_{C-C-P} = 4.2$  Hz), 124.1 (6-CH, d,  $J_{C-C-C-C-P} = 2.1$  Hz), 118.4 (4-CH, d,  $J_{C-C-C-C-P} = 1.5$  Hz), 73.6 (1-CH,  $J = 163.7$  Hz), 55.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>,  $J_{C-O-P} = 7.4$  Hz), 55.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>,  $J_{C-O-P} = 7.2$  Hz). LRMS (M+H) 259.1.

### 3-Benzylidene-4-hydroxyisobenzofuran-1(3H)-one (33)

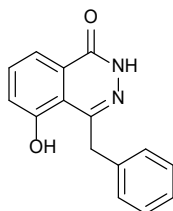


To a solution of phosphonate **23** (0.20 g, 0.77 mmol) in THF (10 mL) at -78 °C was added a 1 M solution of LiHMDS in THF (1.7 mL, 1.7 mmol) dropwise and the resulting solution was stirred 1 h. A solution of benzaldehyde (0.08 mL, 0.8 mmol) in THF (30 mL) was added dropwise and the resulting mixture stirred a further 1 h at -78 °C, then stirred at room temperature for 18 h, quenched with saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl, and diluted with 1 M HCl. The aqueous fractions were extracted with EtOAc (3 × 10 mL), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified by chromatography, eluting with 33% EtOAc/X4, to give the title product (0.13 g, 72%) as a cream solid. Further chromatography prepared samples of the alkene isomers for analysis.

**E**:  $\delta_H$  10.85 (1H, br s, OH), 7.51 (1H, t,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 6-H), 7.39 (1H, dd,  $J = 7.4, 0.7$  Hz, 7-H), 7.36 – 7.24 (5H, m, Ar-H), 7.14 (1H, d,  $J = 8.1$  Hz, 5-H), 6.99 (1H, s, 3-C=CH).  $\delta_c$  166.1 (C=O), 153.6 (4-C), 144.4 (3-C), 133.8 (Ar-C), 132.2 (6-CH), 130.7 (2 × Ar-CH), 127.7 (7a-C), 127.1 (Ar-CH), 126.8 (2 × Ar-CH), 122.8 (3a-C), 121.5 (5-CH), 115.4 (7-CH), 112.4 (3-C=CH)

**Z**:  $\delta_H$  11.30 (1H, br s, OH), 7.79 (2H, d,  $J = 8.2$  Hz, 2 × Ar-CH), 7.54 – 7.37 (4H, m, 6-H, 7-H, 2 × Ar-CH), 7.37 – 7.21 (2H, m, 5-H, Ar-CH), 6.85 (1H, s, 3-C=CH).  $\delta_c$  166.5 (C=O), 153.4 (4-C), 143.7 (3-C), 133.8 (Ar-C), 131.6 (6-CH), 129.7 (2 × Ar-CH), 128.8 (2 × Ar-CH), 128.0 (Ar-CH), 125.5 (3a-C), 124.4 (7a-C), 121.2 (5-CH), 115.7 (7-CH), 109.2 (3-C=CH). LRMS (M+H) 239.2.

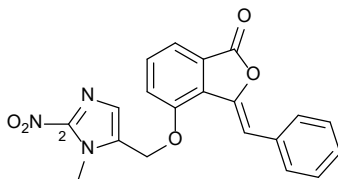
### 4-Benzyl-5-hydroxyphthalazin-1(2H)-one (38)



The reaction was carried out according to General Procedure B with benzofuranone **33** (44 mg, 0.19 mmol) to give the title product (47 mg, quant.) as a white solid: mp 222 – 224 °C.  $\delta_H$  12.43 (1H, s, NH), 10.84 (1H, br s, OH), 7.70 (1H, dd,  $J = 7.8, 1.2$  Hz, 8-H), 7.58 (1H, t,  $J = 7.9$  Hz, 7-H), 7.27 – 7.11 (6H, m, 6-H, Ar-H), 4.42 (2H, s, CH<sub>2</sub>).  $\delta_c$  159.0 (C), 155.0 (5-C), 144.2 (4-C), 139.9 (Ar-C), 132.3 (7-CH), 129.7 (8a-C), 128.4 (2 × Ar-CH), 128.1 (2 × Ar-CH), 125.7 (Ar-CH), 119.6 (8-CH), 118.2 (4a-C), 116.3

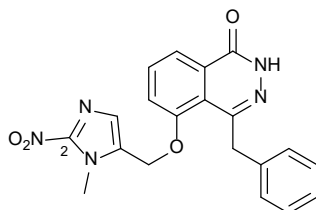
(6-CH), 59.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>). HRMS calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>13</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M+H) *m/z* 253.0972, found 253.0963 (-3.45 ppm). HPLC purity 99.2%.

**(Z)-3-Benzylidene-4-((1-methyl-2-nitro-1H-imidazol-5-yl)methoxy)isobenzofuran-1(3H)-one (41)**



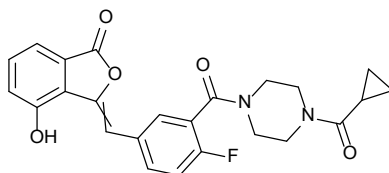
The reaction was carried out according to General Procedure C with benzofuranone **33** (54 mg, 0.23 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (0.10 g, 0.69 mmol) and chloride **16** (44 mg, 0.25 mmol) stirring for 7 h at 50 °C. The crude product was collected by extraction and purified by chromatography, eluting with 70% EtOAc/X4 to give the title product (47 mg, 52%) as a white solid: mp 221 – 224 °C. δ<sub>H</sub> 7.79 – 7.73 (3H, m, 5-H, 2'-H, 6'-H), 7.67 (1H, t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 6-H), 7.62 – 7.58 (1H, m, 7-CH), 7.50 – 7.42 (3H, m, 3'-H, 5'-H, 4''-H), 7.37 – 7.31 (1H, m, 4'-H), 6.79 (1H, s, 3-C=CH), 5.62 (2H, s, OCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.06 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>). δ<sub>C</sub> 166.0 (1-C=O), 152.6 (4-C), 146.5 (2''-C), 143.0 (3-C), 133.4 (1'-C), 132.4 (5''-C), 131.9 (6-CH), 129.9 (2'-CH, 6'-CH), 129.0 (4''-CH), 128.9 (3'-CH, 5'-CH), 128.4 (4'-CH), 127.2 (3a-C), 124.7 (7a-C), 118.5 (5-CH), 117.8 (7-CH), 110.4 (3-C=CH), 59.8 (OCH<sub>2</sub>), 34.5 (NCH<sub>3</sub>). LRMS (M-H) 376.9, (M- M-C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>6</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>) 237.2.

**4-Benzyl-5-((1-methyl-2-nitro-1H-imidazol-5-yl)methoxy)phthalazin-1(2H)-one (44)**



The reaction was carried out according to General Procedure B with benzofuranone **41** (50 mg, 0.13 mmol) to give the title product (43 mg, 84%) as a white solid: mp 280 – 283 °C. δ<sub>H</sub> 12.66 (1H, s, NH), 7.94 (1H, dd, *J* = 7.9, 1.0 Hz, 8-H), 7.82 (1H, t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 7-H), 7.64 (1H, dd, *J* = 8.2, 0.9 Hz, 6-H), 7.24 (1H, s, 4'-H), 7.10 – 7.03 (3H, m, Ar-H), 6.76 – 6.71 (2H, m, Ar-H), 5.27 (2H, s, OCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.26 (2H, s, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.60 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>). δ<sub>C</sub> 158.7 (1-C=O), 154.2 (5-C), 146.0 (2'-C), 142.5 (4-C), 139.7 (Ar-C), 132.5 (7-CH), 132.4 (5'-C), 129.8 (8a-C), 129.1 (4'-CH), 127.9 (2 × Ar-CH), 127.2 (2 × Ar-CH), 125.5 (Ar-CH), 119.9 (4a-C), 118.6 (8-CH), 116.4 (6-CH), 59.6 (OCH<sub>2</sub>), 41.7 (4-CCH<sub>2</sub>), 33.8 (NCH<sub>3</sub>). HRMS calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>17</sub>N<sub>5</sub>NaO<sub>4</sub> (M+Na) *m/z* 414.1173, found 414.1174 (0.4 ppm). HPLC purity 98.6%

**3-(3-(4-(Cyclopropanecarbonyl)piperazine-1-carbonyl)-4-fluorobenzylidene)-4-hydroxyisobenzofuran-1(3H)-one (47)**

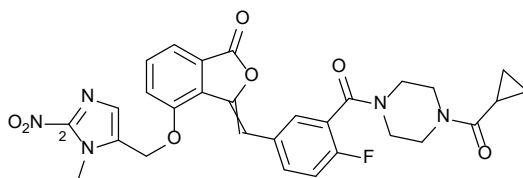


The reaction was carried out according to General Procedure D with phosphonate **23** (0.50 g, 1.94 mmol), LiHMDS (4.1 mL) and aldehyde **19** (0.62 g, 1.1 mmol). The crude product was purified by chromatography, eluting with 80% EtOAc/X4 to give the title product (0.58 g, 68%) as a yellow foam. Further chromatography prepared samples of the alkene isomers for analysis.

**E**:  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  10.84 (1H, br s, OH), 7.53 (1H, t,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 6-H), 7.43 – 7.36 (2H, m, 7-H, 6'-H), 7.32 – 7.25 (2H, m, 2'-H, 5'-H), 7.16 (1H, br d, 7.5 Hz, 5-H), 6.98 (1H, s, 3-C=CH), 3.82 – 3.22 (8H, m, 2''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 5''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 6''-CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.07 – 1.85 (1H, m, 1'''-CH), 0.81 – 0.66 (4H, m, 2'''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3'''-CH<sub>2</sub>).  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  171.3 (4''-NC=O), 166.0 (1-C=O), 164.0 (1''-NC=O) 156.9 (4'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-F}} = 245.8$  Hz), 153.4 (4-C), 145.3 (3-C), 133.3 (6'-CH, m), 132.5 (6-CH), 131.0 (1'-C,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}} = 3.1$  Hz), 130.4 (2'-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}} = 2.9$  Hz), 127.7 (3a-C), 122.6 (7a-C), 122.4 (3'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-F}} = 18.4$ ), 121.6 (5-CH), 115.7 (7-CH), 114.4 (5'-CH,  $J_{\text{C-C-F}} = 21.8$  Hz), 110.5 (3-C=CH), 10.39 (1'''-CH), 7.12 (2'''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3'''-CH<sub>2</sub>), 4 × CH<sub>2</sub> not observed. LRMS (M+H) 437.2 (100%), (M-H) 435.1 (100%).

**Z**:  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  11.38 (1H, br s, OH), 7.97 – 7.89 (1H, m, 6'-H), 7.86 (1H, dd,  $J = 6.4, 1.9$  Hz, 2'-H), 7.51 (1H, t,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 6-H), 7.46 – 7.38 (2H, m, 7-H, 5'-H), 7.30 (1H, dd,  $J = 8.0, 0.61$  Hz 5-H), 6.87 (1H, s, 3-C=CH), 3.87 – 3.22 (8H, m, 2''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 5''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 6''-CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.09 – 1.87 (1H, m, 1'''-CH), 0.80 – 0.65 (4H, m, 2'''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3'''-CH<sub>2</sub>).  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  171.3 (4''-NC=O), 166.3 (1-C=O), 163.8 (1''-NC=O), 156.8 (4'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-F}} = 250.3$  Hz), 153.4 (4-C), 144.0 (3-C), 132.7 (6'-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}} = 8.4$  Hz), 131.9 (6-CH), 130.9 (1'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}} = 3.3$  Hz), 129.9 (2'-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}} = 3.2$  Hz), 125.2 (3a-C), 124.4 (7a-C), 124.3 (3'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-F}} = 18.3$  Hz), 121.3 (5-CH), 116.5 (5'-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-F}} = 22.0$  Hz), 115.9 (7-CH), 107.2 (3-C=CH), 10.37 (1'''-CH), 7.13 (2'''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3'''-CH<sub>2</sub>), 4 × CH<sub>2</sub> not observed. LRMS (M+H) 437.2 (100%), (M-H) 435.1 (100%).

### 3-(3-(4-(Cyclopropanecarbonyl)piperazine-1-carbonyl)-4-fluorobenzylidene)-4-((1-methyl-2-nitro-1H-imidazol-5-yl)methoxy)isobenzofuran-1(3H)-one (**52**)



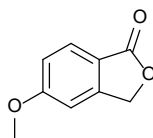
The reaction was carried out according to General Procedure C with benzofuranone **47** (90 mg, 0.21 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (44 mg, 0.32 mmol) and chloride **16** (40 mg, 0.23 mmol) stirring for 18 h at room temperature. The crude product was collected by filtration and triturated with MeOH to give the title product (70 mg, 58%) as a yellow solid. Further chromatography prepared samples of the alkene isomers for analysis.

**E**:  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  7.79 – 7.66 (2H, m, 5-H, 6-H), 7.63 (1H, br d,  $J = 7.1$  Hz, 6-H), 7.34 – 7.29 (1H, m, 6'-H), 7.25 – 7.20 (1H, m, 2'-H), 7.06 (1H, s, 4'''-H), 7.05 (1H, s, 3-C=CH), 6.90 (1H, t,  $J = 9.0$  Hz, 5'-CH), 5.18 (2H, s, OCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.85 – 3.13 (8H, m, 2''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 5''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 6''-CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.48 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 2.09 – 1.86 (1H, m, 1'''-CH), 0.80 – 0.65 (4H, m, 2'''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3'''-CH<sub>2</sub>).  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  171.8 (4''-NC=O), 165.6 (1-C=O), 163.8 (1''-NC=O), 157.0 (4'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-F}} = 242.9$  Hz), 152.6 (4-C), 146.0 (2'''-C), 144.3 (3-C), 132.9 (6-CH), 132.7 (6'-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}} = 6.6$  Hz), 131.6 (5'''-C), 130.7 (2'-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}} = 3.5$  Hz), 130.5 (1'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-C-F}} = 3.8$  Hz),

128.7 (4<sup>'''</sup>-CH), 128.0 (7a-C), 124.7 (3a-C), 122.4 (3'-C, d,  $J_{C-C-F} = 15.4$  Hz), 118.5 (5-CH), 117.7 (7-CH), 114.2 (5'-CH, d,  $J_{C-C-F} = 22.2$  Hz), 112.0 (3-C=CH), 59.9 (OCH<sub>2</sub>), 33.8 (NCH<sub>3</sub>), 10.36 (2<sup>'''</sup>-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3<sup>'''</sup>-CH<sub>2</sub>), 7.12 (1<sup>'''</sup>-CH), 4 × CH<sub>2</sub> not observed. LRMS (M+H) 576.2 (24%), (M-C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>6</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>) 435.2 (100%).

**Z:**  $\delta_H$  7.93 – 7.86 (1H, m, 6'-H), 7.86 – 7.81 (1H, m, 2'-H), 7.77 (1H, d,  $J = 8.1$  Hz, 5-H), 7.68 (1H, t,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, 6-H), 7.60 (1H, d,  $J = 7.3$  Hz, 7-H), 7.47 (1H, s, 4<sup>'''</sup>-H), 7.42 (1H, t,  $J = 9.0$  Hz, 5'-H), 6.81 (1H, s, 3-C=CH), 5.62 (2H, s, OCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.05 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.87 – 3.19 (8H, m, 2<sup>''</sup>-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3<sup>''</sup>-CH<sub>2</sub>, 5<sup>''</sup>-CH<sub>2</sub>, 6<sup>''</sup>-CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.10 – 1.86 (1H, m, 1<sup>'''</sup>-CH), 0.80 – 0.67 (4H, m, 2<sup>'''</sup>-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3<sup>'''</sup>-CH<sub>2</sub>).  $\delta_C$  171.8 (4<sup>''</sup>-NC=O), 166.3 (1-C=O), 164.2 (1<sup>''</sup>-NC=O), 157.4 (4'-C, d,  $J_{C-F} = 249.2$  Hz), 153.2 (4-C), 147.0 (2<sup>'''</sup>-C), 143.8 (3-C), 133.6 (6'-CH, d,  $J_{C-C-C-F} = 8.2$  Hz), 132.9 (5<sup>'''</sup>-C), 132.6 (6-CH), 131.1 (1'-C, d,  $J_{C-C-C-C-F} = 3.5$  Hz), 130.6 (2'-CH, d,  $J_{C-C-C-F} = 3.1$  Hz), 129.6 (4<sup>'''</sup>-CH), 127.4 (3a-C), 125.2 (7a-C), 124.8 (3'-CH,  $J_{C-C-F} = 18.7$  Hz), 119.1 (5-CH), 118.4 (7-CH), 117.0 (5'-CH, d,  $J_{C-C-F} = 22.1$  Hz), 108.9 (3-C=CH), 60.3 (OCH<sub>2</sub>), 35.0 (NCH<sub>3</sub>), 10.9 (2<sup>'''</sup>-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3<sup>'''</sup>-CH<sub>2</sub>), 7.60 (1<sup>'''</sup>-CH), 4 × CH<sub>2</sub> not observed. LRMS (M+H) 576.2 (24%), (M-C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>6</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>) 435.2 (100%).

### 5-Methoxyisobenzofuran-1(3H)-one (29)



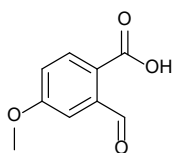
### 5-Methoxyisobenzofuran-1,3-dione

A solution of 4-methoxyphthalic acid (5.0 g, 26 mmol) in acetic anhydride (50 mL) was heated to reflux for 1 h, cooled and volatiles removed *in vacuo*. The crude residue was dissolved in EtOAc (100 mL) and evaporated to dryness to give the title compound (4.5 g, quant.) as a white solid: mp 91 – 93 °C.  $\delta_H$  8.00 (1H, d,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, 6-H), 7.59 (1H, d,  $J = 2.2$  Hz, 4-H), 7.49 (1H, dd,  $J = 8.4, 2.3$  Hz, 6-H), 3.97 (3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>). These data are in good agreement with literature values.<sup>8</sup> LRMS (M-CH<sub>3</sub>) 163.1.

### 5-Methoxyisobenzofuran-1(3H)-one

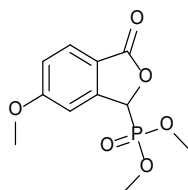
To NaBH<sub>4</sub> (0.96 g, 25 mmol) in THF (40 mL) at 0 °C was added dropwise a solution of 5-methoxyisobenzofuran-1,3-dione (4.5 g, 25 mmol) in THF (50 mL). The resulting mixture was stirred for 1.5 h at room temperature, then cooled to 0 °C, acidified to pH 1 with 6 M HCl, and the aqueous fraction was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (5 × 50 mL), then solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The resulting residue was taken up in 6 M HCl (50 mL) and stirred at reflux for 18 h, then cooled to room temperature and the aqueous fraction extracted with EtOAc (5 × 50 mL), the combined organic fractions were washed with brine and solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified by chromatography, eluting with DCM to give the title compound (3.3 g, 80%) as a white solid: mp 114 – 116 °C (lit.<sup>9</sup> 110 – 111 °C).  $\delta_H$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 7.83 (1H, d,  $J = 8.5$  Hz, 7-H), 7.04 (1H, dd,  $J = 8.5, 2.2$  Hz, 6-H), 6.92 (1H, d,  $J = 2.0$  Hz, 4-H), 5.25 (2H, s, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.91 (3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>). These data are in good agreement with literature values.<sup>9</sup> LRMS (M+H) 165.2.

### 2-Formyl-4-methoxybenzoic acid (**31**)



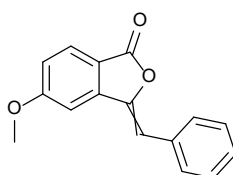
To benzofuranone **30** (7.7 g, 47 mmol) in chlorobenzene (100 mL) was added *N*-bromosuccinimide (9.2 g, 52 mmol) and azobisisobutyronitrile (0.77 g, 4.7 mmol), then the mixture was heated to 85 °C for 2 h. Water (100 mL) was added and the reaction heated to reflux for 18 h, then the mixture was cooled to room temperature and extracted with EtOAc (3 × 100 mL), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The crude product was dissolved in 2M NaOH (50 mL), stirred for 2 h then cooled to 0 °C, acidified and the resulting solid collected by filtration to give the title compound (5.3 g, 63%) as a yellow solid: mp 128 – 130 °C.  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  8.12 (1H, br s, CO<sub>2</sub>H), 7.74 (1H, d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 6-H), 7.24 – 7.12 (2H, m, 3-H, 5-H), 6.57 (1H, br s, 2-CHO), 3.89 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>).  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  168.0 (C=O), 164.5 (4-C), 150.3 (2-C), 126.2 (6-CH), 118.7 (1-C), 117.8 (5-CH), 107.7 (3-CH), 97.3 (CHO), 55.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>). LRMS (M+H) 181.2 (100%), (M-H) 179.1 (100%).

### Dimethyl (6-methoxy-3-oxo-1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1-yl)phosphonate (**24**)



To acid **31** (6.0 g, 28 mmol) in THF (150 mL) was added dimethyl phosphite (2.9 mL, 31 mmol) dropwise followed by K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (11.5 g, 83.3 mmol) portionwise and the resulting mixture was stirred for 18 h at room temperature, then cooled to 0 °C and methanesulfonic acid (6.4 mL, 97 mmol) was added dropwise. The resulting mixture was stirred for 2 h at room temperature, then solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The residue was partitioned between EtOAc (100 mL) and water (100 mL), the organic fraction was separated and the aqueous fraction extracted with EtOAc (2 × 100 mL). The combined organic fractions were dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and solvent was removed *in vacuo* to give the crude product which was purified by chromatography, eluting with 70% EtOAc/X4, to give the title compound (6.8 g, 89%) as a colourless semi-solid.  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 7.84 (1H, d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 4-H), 7.19 (1H, br s, 3-H), 7.10 (1H, dt, *J* = 8.5, 1.5 Hz, 5-H), 5.64 (1H, d, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 1-H), 3.95 (3H, d, *J* = 10.9 Hz, POCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.93 (3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.62 (3H, d, *J* = 10.6 Hz, POCH<sub>3</sub>). These data are in good agreement with literature values.<sup>10</sup> LRMS (M+H) 273.1, (M-H) 271.1.

### 3-Benzylidene-5-methoxyisobenzofuran-1(3H)-one (**34**)

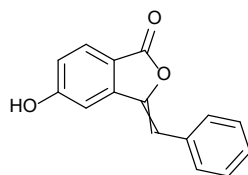


The reaction was carried out according to General Procedure D with phosphonate **24** (0.50 g, 1.8 mmol), LiHMDS (2.02 mL) and benzaldehyde (0.19 mL, 1.9 mmol). The crude product was purified by chromatography, eluting with 10% EtOAc/X4, to give the title product (0.46 g, quant.) as a colourless oil. Further chromatography prepared samples of the alkene isomers for analysis.

**E:**  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 7.81 (1H, d,  $J$  = 8.6 Hz, 7-H), 7.51 – 7.38 (5H, m, Ar-H), 7.03 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 8.5, 2.2 Hz, 6-H), 6.90 (1H, s, 3-C=CH), 6.86 (1H, d, 2.2 Hz, 4-H), 3.66 (3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>).  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 166.7 (C=O), 164.6 (5-C), 146.8 (3-C), 140.3 (3a-C), 133.4 (Ar-C), 129.5 (2 × Ar-CH), 129.0 (2 × Ar-CH), 128.7 (Ar-CH), 127.0 (7-CH), 119.0 (7a-C), 118.5 (6-CH), 112.8 (3-C=CH), 106.5 (4-CH), 55.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>). LRMS (M+H) 253.1.

**Z:**  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 7.87 – 7.82 (3H, m, 7-H, 2 × Ar-H), 7.44 – 7.39 (2H, m, 2 × Ar-H), 7.35 – 7.29 (1H, m, Ar-H), 7.16 (1H, d,  $J$  = 2.0 Hz, 4-H), 7.88 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 8.5, 2.1 Hz, 6-H), 6.39 (1H, s, 3-C=CH), 3.97 (3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>).  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 167.0 (C=O), 165.3 (5-C), 144.8 (3-C), 143.5 (3a-C), 133.2 (Ar-C), 130.3 (2 × Ar-CH), 129.0 (2 × Ar-CH), 128.6 (Ar-CH), 127.3 (7-CH), 118.5 (6-CH), 116.4 (7a-C), 107.0 (3-C=CH), 102.9 (4-CH), 56.2 (CH<sub>3</sub>). LRMS (M+H) 253.1. These data are in good agreement with literature values.<sup>1</sup>

### 3-Benzylidene-5-hydroxyisobenzofuran-1(3H)-one (**36**)



The reaction was carried out according to General Procedure E with benzofuranone **34** (0.20 g, 0.79 mmol) and BBr<sub>3</sub> (4.8 mL, 4.8 mmol). The crude product was purified by chromatography, eluting with 20% EtOAc/X4, to give the title product (0.13 g, 68%) as a yellow solid. Further chromatography prepared samples of the alkene isomers for analysis.

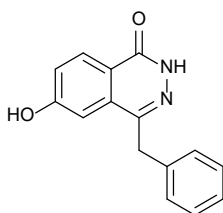
**E:**  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  10.82 (1H, br s, OH), 7.76 (1H, d,  $J$  = 8.4 Hz, 7-CH), 7.54 – 7.41 (5H, m, 2'-H, 3'-H, 4'-H, 5'-H, 6'-H), 7.00 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 8.4, 2.0 Hz, 6-CH), 6.95 (1H, s, 3-C=CH), 6.87 (1H, d,  $J$  = 1.9 Hz, 4-CH).  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  165.7 (1-C), 163.5 (5-C), 145.7 (3-C), 139.4 (3a-C), 132.7 (1'-C), 129.1 (2'-CH, 6'-CH), 128.8 (3'-CH, 5'-CH), 128.4 (4'-CH), 127.1 (7-CH), 119.4 (6-CH), 116.0 (7a-C), 112.4 (3-C=CH), 108.0 (4-CH).

**Z:**  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  10.97 (1H, br s, OH), 7.83 – 7.76 (3H, m, 7-H, 2'-H, 6'-H), 7.48 – 7.43 (2H, m, 3'-H, 5'-H), 7.37 – 7.33 (2H, m, 4-H, 4'-H), 7.05 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 8.4, 2.0 Hz, 6-CH), 6.81 (1H, s, 3-C=CH).  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  166.0 (1-C=O), 164.0 (5-C), 144.2 (3-C), 143.0 (3a-C), 133.3 (1'-C), 129.7 (2'-CH, 6'-CH), 128.8 (3'-CH, 5'-CH), 128.2 (4-CH), 127.2 (7-CH), 119.0 (6-CH), 113.4 (7a-C), 106.2 (3-C=CH), 105.9 (4'-CH).

LRMS (M+H) 239.1, (M-H) 237.2.

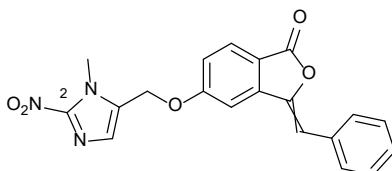


#### 4-Benzyl-6-hydroxyphthalazin-1(2H)-one (39)



The reaction was carried out according to General Procedure B with benzofuranone **36** (50 mg, 0.21 mmol) and the crude product was triturated in water, then isolated by filtration to give the title product (53 mg, quant.) as a white solid: mp 218 – 221 °C.  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  12.30 (1H, s, NH), 10.69 (1H, br s, OH), 8.08 (1H, d,  $J = 8.7$  Hz, 8-H), 7.33 – 7.24 (4H, m, 2'-H, 3'-H, 5'-H, 6'-H), 7.23 – 7.16 (2H, m, 4'-H, 7-H), 7.08 (1H, d,  $J = 2.2$  Hz, 5-H), 4.18 (2H, s, 4-CCH<sub>2</sub>).  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  162.2 (6-C), 159.3 (1-C=O), 144.4 (4-C), 138.2 (1'-C), 131.4 (4a-C), 128.5 (2'-C, 6'-C), 128.42 (3'-C, 5'-C), 128.39 (8-CH), 126.4 (4'-CH), 120.7 (7-CH), 119.8 (8a-C), 109.4 (5-CH), 37.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>). HRMS calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>12</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M+H)  $m/z$  253.9872, found 253.0971 (-0.1 ppm). LRMS (M+H) 253.2, (M-H) 251.1. HPLC purity 93.8%.

#### 3-Benzylidene-5-((1-methyl-2-nitro-1H-imidazol-5-yl)methoxy)isobenzofuran-1(3H)-one (42)

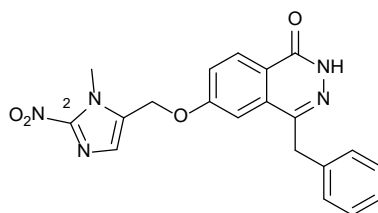


The reaction was carried out according to General Procedure C with benzofuranone **36** (50 mg, 0.21 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (90 mg, 0.63 mmol) and chloride **16** (40 mg, 0.23 mmol) stirring for 7 h at 50 °C. The crude product was collected by extraction and triturated with 1:1 EtOAc/X4 to give the title product (33.0 mg, 37%) as a yellow solid. Further chromatography prepared samples of the alkene isomers for analysis.

**E**:  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  7.93 (1H, d,  $J = 8.6$  Hz, 7-H), 7.59 – 7.52 (5H, m, 2'-H, 3'-H, 4'-H, 5'-H, 6'-H), 7.37 (1H, dd,  $J = 8.6, 2.2$  Hz, 6-H), 7.15 (1H, s, 4''-H), 7.06 (1H, s, 3-C=CH), 7.05 (1H, d,  $J = 2.1$  Hz, 4-CH), 5.25 (2H, s, OCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.88 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>).  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  165.4 (1-C=O), 162.4 (5-C), 146.3 (2''-C), 145.4 (3-C), 139.0 (3a-C), 132.5 (1'-C), 132.3 (5''-C), 129.2 (2'-CH, 6'-CH), 128.8 (3'-CH, 5'-CH), 128.7 (4'-CH, 4''-CH), 127.2 (7-CH), 118.8 (6-CH), 118.5 (7a-C), 113.3 (3-C=CH), 107.5 (4-CH), 59.6 (OCH<sub>2</sub>), 34.3 (NCH<sub>3</sub>). LRMS (M+H) 378.2, (M-C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>6</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>) 237.1.

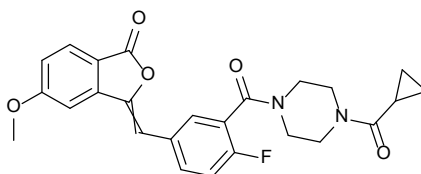
**Z**:  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  7.93 – 7.88 (2H, m, 7-H, 4'-H), 7.83 – 7.78 (2H, m, 2'-H, 6'-H), 7.52 – 7.46 (2H, m, 3'-H, 5'-H), 7.46 (1H, s, 4''-H), 7.40 – 7.34 (1H, m, 4-H), 7.30 (1H, dd,  $J = 8.6, 2.1$  Hz, 6-H), 6.96 (1H, s, 3-C=CH), 5.48 (2H, s, OCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.99 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>).  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  165.8 (1-C=O), 163.2 (5-C), 146.3 (2''-C), 144.0 (3-C), 142.8 (3a-C), 133.2 (1'-C), 132.6 (5''-C), 129.7 (2'-CH, 6'-CH), 129.0 (4-CH), 128.8 (3'-CH, 5'-CH), 128.4 (4''-CH), 127.0 (7-CH), 119.3 (6-CH), 115.6 (7a-C), 106.9 (3-C=CH), 105.1 (4'-CH), 59.5 (OCH<sub>2</sub>), 34.4 (NCH<sub>3</sub>). LRMS (M+H) 378.2, (M-C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>6</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>) 237.1.

#### 4-Benzyl-6-((1-methyl-2-nitro-1*H*-imidazol-5-yl)methoxy)phthalazin-1(2*H*)-one (45)



The reaction was carried out according to General Procedure B with benzofuranone **42** (32 mg, 0.085 mmol) to give the title product (25 mg, 76%) as a white solid: mp 232 – 235 °C.  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  12.47 (1H, s, NH), 8.21 (1H, d,  $J = 8.8$  Hz, 8-H), 7.51 (1H, dd,  $J = 8.8, 2.4$  Hz, 7-H), 7.47 (1H, d,  $J = 2.4$  Hz, 5-H), 7.35 – 7.28 (4H, m, Ar-H), 7.27 (1H, s, 4'-H), 7.23 – 7.17 (1H, m, Ar-H), 5.41 (2H, s, OCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.30 (2H, s, 4-CCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.94 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>).  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  161.4 (6-C), 159.5 (C=O), 146.8 (2'-C), 145.3 (4-C), 138.6 (Ar-C), 133.2 (5'-C), 131.6 (4a-C), 129.2 (4'-CH), 129.1 (2 × Ar-CH), 129.0 (2 × Ar-CH), 128.9 (8-CH), 126.9 (Ar-CH), 122.5 (8a-C), 120.7 (7-C), 109.5 (5-CH), 60.1 (OCH<sub>2</sub>), 37.9 (4-CCH<sub>2</sub>), 34.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>). HRMS calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>18</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (M+H)  $m/z$  392.1353, found 392.1343 (-2.67 ppm). LRMS (M+H) 392.2. HPLC purity 99.8%.

#### 3-(3-(4-(Cyclopropanecarbonyl)piperazine-1-carbonyl)-4-fluorobenzylidene)-5-methoxyisobenzofuran-1(3*H*)-one (48)



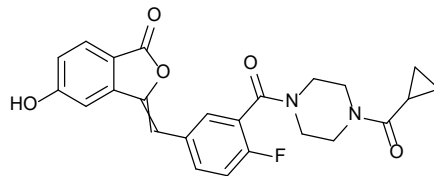
The reaction was carried out according to General Procedure D with phosphonate **24** (2.5 g, 9.2 mmol), LiHMDS (10.1 mL) and aldehyde **19** (2.8 g, 9.2 mmol). The crude product was purified by chromatography, eluting with a gradient (33% - 40%) of EtOAc/DCM, to give the title product (3.8 g, 92%) as a white foam. Further chromatography prepared samples of the alkene isomers for analysis.

**E:**  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  7.88 (1H, d,  $J = 8.6$  Hz, 7-H), 7.72 – 7.63 (2H, m, 2'-H, 6'-H), 7.47 (1H, t,  $J = 8.9$  Hz 5'-H), 7.24 (1H, dd,  $J = 8.6, 2.2$  Hz, 6-H), 7.01 (1H, s, 3-C=CH), 6.94 (1H, s, 4-H), 3.78 (3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.76 – 3.22 (8H, br m, 2''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 5''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 6''-CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.06 – 1.87 (1H, br m, 1'''-CH), 0.79 – 0.66 (4H, br m, 2'''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3'''-CH<sub>2</sub>).  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  171.3 (4''-NC=O), 165.4 (1-C=O), 164.3 (5-C), 163.6 (1''-NC=O), 157.2 (4'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-F}} = 248.2$  Hz), 146.1 (3-C), 139.1 (3a-C), 132.6 (6'-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}} = 8.2$  Hz), 129.7 (2'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}} = 4.2$  Hz), 129.5 (1'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-C-F}} = 3.3$  Hz), 127.1 (7-CH), 124.5 (3'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-F}} = 19.1$  Hz), 118.8 (6-CH), 117.8 (7a-C), 116.6 (5'-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-F}} = 22.2$  Hz), 111.2 (3-C=CH), 106.1 (4-C), 55.8 (OCH<sub>3</sub>), 10.37 (1'''-CH), 7.11 (2 × CH<sub>2</sub>), 4 × NCH<sub>2</sub> not observed. LRMS (M+H) 451.2, (M-CH<sub>3</sub>) 435.1.

**Z:**  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  7.91 – 7.82 (3H, m, 7-H, 2'-H, 6'-H), 7.65 (1H, d,  $J = 2.0$  Hz, 4-H), 7.45 (1H, t,  $J = 9.0$  Hz, 5'-H), 7.24 – 7.18 (1H, m, 6-H), 7.00 (1H, s, 3-C=CH), 3.95 (3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.86 – 3.23 (8H, br m, 2''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 5''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 6''-CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.07 – 1.87 (1H, br m, 1'''-CH), 0.79 – 0.66 (4H, br m, 2'''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3'''-CH<sub>2</sub>).  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  171.3 (4''-NC=O), 165.8 (1-C=O), 165.2 (5-C), 163.8 (1''-NC=O), 156.9 (4'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-F}} = 248.9$  Hz), 144.4 (3-C), 142.8 (3a-C), 132.8 (6'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}} = 8.3$  Hz), 130.4 (1'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-C-F}} = 3.4$  Hz), 129.9 (2'-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}} = 3.1$  Hz), 127.2 (7-CH), 126.9 (7-CH), 124.4 (3'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-F}} = 18.8$  Hz), 119.0 (6-CH), 114.9 (7a-C),

104.8 (3-C=CH), 103.9 (4-CH), 56.3 (OCH<sub>3</sub>), 10.38 (1<sup>'''</sup>-CH), 7.13 (2 × CH<sub>2</sub>), 4 × NCH<sub>2</sub> not observed. LRMS (M+H) 451.2, (M-CH<sub>3</sub>) 435.1.

**3-(3-(4-(Cyclopropanecarbonyl)piperazine-1-carbonyl)-4-fluorobenzylidene)-5-hydroxyisobenzofuran-1(3H)-one (50)**

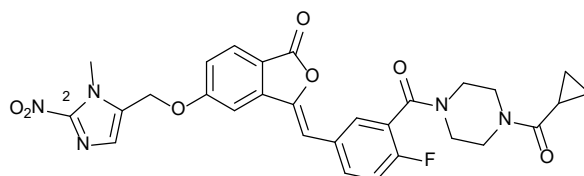


The reaction was carried out according to General Procedure E with benzofuranone **48** (0.20 g, 0.44 mmol) and BBr<sub>3</sub> (2.7 mL, 2.7 mmol). The crude product was purified by chromatography, eluting with 100% EtOAc to give the title product (0.14 g, 74%) as a white foam. Further chromatography prepared samples of the alkene isomers for analysis.

**E:** δ<sub>H</sub> 10.90 (1H, br s, OH), 7.77 (1H, d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 7-H), 7.69 – 7.61 (1H, m, 6'-H), 7.60 – 7.50 (1H, m, 2'-H), 7.46 (1H, t, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 5'-H), 7.02 (1H, dd, *J* = 8.4, 2.0 Hz, 6-H), 6.93 (1H, s, 3-C=CH), 6.76 – 6.62 (1H, m, 4-H), 3.86 – 3.22 (8H, m, 2''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 4''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 5''-CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.05 – 1.82 (1H, m, 1<sup>'''</sup>-CH), 0.81 – 0.64 (4H, m, 2<sup>'''</sup>-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3<sup>'''</sup>-CH<sub>2</sub>). δ<sub>C</sub> 171.3 (4''-NC=O), 165.6 (1-C=O), 163.6 (1''-NC=O), 163.4 (5-C), 157.4 (4'-C, d, *J*<sub>C-F</sub> = 247.7 Hz), 146.3 (3-C), 139.4 (3a-C), 132.3 (6'-CH, d, *J*<sub>C-C-C-F</sub> = 7.9 Hz), 129.7 (1'-C, 2'-CH, m), 127.3 (7-CH), 124.5 (3'-C, *J*<sub>C-C-F</sub> = 18.9 Hz), 119.4 (6-CH), 116.6 (5'-CH, *J*<sub>C-C-F</sub> = 22.0 Hz), 11.6.0 (7a-C), 110.5 (3-C=CH), 108.1 (4-CH), 10.37 (1<sup>'''</sup>-CH), 7.10 (2 × CH<sub>2</sub>), 4 × NCH<sub>2</sub> not observed. LRMS (M+H) 437.2 (100%), (M-H) 435.1 (100%).

**Z:** δ<sub>H</sub> 11.05 (1H, br s, OH), 7.96 – 7.87 (1H, m, 6'-H), 7.84 (1H, dd, *J* = 6.5, 2.0 Hz, 2'-H), 7.78 (1H, d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 7-H), 7.43 (1H, t, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 5'-H), 7.31 (1H, d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 4-H), 7.06 (1H, dd, *J* = 8.4, 2.0 Hz, 6-CH), 6.85 (1H, s, 3-C=CH), 3.92 – 3.19 (8H, m, 2''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 4''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 5''-CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.10 – 1.84 (1H, m, 1<sup>'''</sup>-CH), 0.82 – 0.63 (4H, m, 2<sup>'''</sup>-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3<sup>'''</sup>-CH<sub>2</sub>). δ<sub>C</sub> 171.3 (4''-NC=O), 165.9 (1-C=O), 164.2 (5-C), 163.8 (1''-NC=O), 156.8 (5'-C, d, *J*<sub>C-F</sub> = 248.7 Hz), 144.5 (3-C), 142.8 (3a-C), 132.8 (6'-CH, d, *J*<sub>C-C-C-F</sub> = 8.2 Hz), 130.5 (1'-C, d, *J*<sub>C-C-C-C-F</sub> = 3.4 Hz), 129.9 (2'-CH, d, *J*<sub>C-C-C-F</sub> = 4.6 Hz), 127.3 (7-CH), 124.3 (3'-CH, d, *J*<sub>C-C-F</sub> = 18.7 Hz), 119.2 (6-CH), 116.6 (5'-CH, d, *J*<sub>C-C-F</sub> = 22.1 Hz), 113.3 (7a-C), 105.9 (4-CH), 104.3 (3-C=CH), 10.37 (1<sup>'''</sup>-CH), 7.13 (2 × CH<sub>2</sub>), 4 × NCH<sub>2</sub> not observed. LRMS (M+H) 437.2 (100%), (M-H) 435.1 (100%).

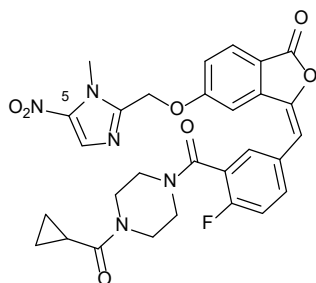
**(Z)-3-(3-(4-(Cyclopropanecarbonyl)piperazine-1-carbonyl)-4-fluorobenzylidene)-5-((1-methyl-2-nitro-1H-imidazol-5-yl)methoxy)isobenzofuran-1(3H)-one (53)**



The reaction was carried out according to General Procedure C with benzofuranone **50** (90 mg, 0.21 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (44 mg, 0.32 mmol) and chloride **16** (40 mg, 0.23 mmol) stirring for 18 h at room

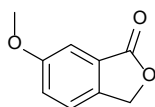
temperature. The crude product was collected by filtration and purified by chromatography, eluting with a gradient (1 – 2%) MeOH/DCM to give the title product (45 mg, 38%) as a tan foam.  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  7.97 – 7.80 (4H, m, 4-H, 7-H, 2'-H, 6'-H), 7.52 – 7.42 (2H, m, 6'-H, 4''-H), 7.33 (1H, dd,  $J = 8.5, 2.0$  Hz), 6.99 (1H, s, 3-C=CH), 5.47 (2H, s, OCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.99 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.89 – 3.22 (8H, m, 2''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 5''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 6''-CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.12 – 1.81 (1H, m, 1'''-CH), 0.83 – 0.63 (4H, 2'''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3'''-CH<sub>2</sub>).  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  171.3 (4''-NC=O), 165.6 (5-C), 163.7 (1''-NC=O), 163.2 (1-C=O), 157.0 (4'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-F}} = 249.0$  Hz), 146.4 (2'''-C), 144.4 (3-C), 142.6 (3a-C), 132.9 (6'-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}} = 8.3$  Hz), 132.5 (5'''-C), 130.3 (1'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-C-F}} = 3.3$  Hz), 129.9 (2'-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}} = 3.4$  Hz), 128.9 (4'''-CH), 127.1 (7-CH), 124.4 (3'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-F}} = 18.8$  Hz), 119.3 (6-CH), 116.7 (5'-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-F}} = 22.0$  Hz), 115.6 (7a-C), 105.3 (4-CH), 105.0 (3-C=CH), 59.9 (OCH<sub>2</sub>), 34.4 (NCH<sub>3</sub>), 10.4 (1'''-CH), 7.13 (2'''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3'''-CH<sub>2</sub>), , 4 × CH<sub>2</sub> not observed. LRMS (M+H) 576.1 (8%), (M-C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>6</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>) 435.0 (80%).

**(E)-3-(3-(4-(Cyclopropanecarbonyl)piperazine-1-carbonyl)-4-fluorobenzylidene)-5-((1-methyl-5-nitro-1H-imidazol-2-yl)methoxy)isobenzofuran-1(3H)-one (55)**



The reaction was carried out according to General Procedure C with benzofuranone **50** (90 mg, 0.21 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (44 mg, 0.32 mmol) and chloride **17** (40 mg, 0.23 mmol) stirring for 18 h at room temperature. The crude product was collected by filtration and purified by chromatography, eluting with a gradient (1 – 2%) of MeOH/DCM to give the title product (34 mg, 28%) as a yellow gum.  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  8.01 (1H, s, 4'''-H), 7.91 (1H, d,  $J = 8.6$  Hz, 7-CH), 7.71 – 7.63 (2H, m, 6'-CH, 2'-CH), 7.46 (1H, t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 5'-CH), 7.35 (1H, dd,  $J = 8.6, 2.1$  Hz, 6-CH), 7.17 (1H, d,  $J = 2.0$  Hz, 4-CH), 7.02 (1H, s, 3-C=CH), 5.36 (2H, s, OCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.89 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.88 – 3.26 (8H, m, 2''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 5''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 6''-CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.07 – 1.85 (1H, br m, 1'''-CH), 0.79 – 0.65 (4H, br m, 2'''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3'''-CH<sub>2</sub>).  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  171.9 (4''-C=O), 165.8 (1-C=O), 164.2 (5-C), 162.9 (1''-C=O), 157.7 (4'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-F}} = 248.5$  Hz), 147.3 (2'''-C), 146.4 (3-C), 140.1 (5'''-C), 139.3 (3a-C), 133.0 (6'-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}} = 8.6$  Hz), 131.9 (4'''-CH), 130.3 (2'-CH, m), 129.9 (1'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-C-F}} = 3.5$  Hz), 127.6 (7-CH), 124.8 (3'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-F}} = 19.0$  Hz), 119.9 (6-CH), 119.0 (7a-C), 117.2 (5'-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-F}} = 21.8$  Hz), 112.0 (3-C=CH), 107.9 (4-CH), 62.8 (OCH<sub>2</sub>), 34.0 (NCH<sub>3</sub>), 10.8 (1'''-CH), 7.60 (2'''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3'''-CH<sub>2</sub>), 4 × CH<sub>2</sub> not observed. LRMS (M+H) 576.2 (20%), (M-C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>6</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>) 435.2 (100%).

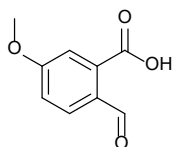
**6-Methoxyisobenzofuran-1(3H)-one (30)**



To 3-methoxybenzoic acid (10 g, 64 mmol) in AcOH (33 mL) was added conc. HCl (48 mL) and formaldehyde (19.2 mL) and the resulting mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 1 h. The reaction was cooled

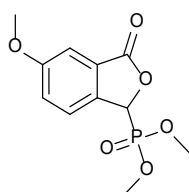
to room temperature, neutralised with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The crude residue was dissolved in boiling X4, residual solid filtered off and the mother liquor was evaporated to give the title compound (6.8 g, 64%) as a white solid: mp 97 – 100 °C (lit. 107.6 °C<sup>11</sup>). δ<sub>H</sub> 7.56 (1H, dd, *J* = 8.4, 0.6 Hz, 5-H), 7.35 (1H, dd, 8.4, 2.4 Hz, 4-H), 7.32 (1H, d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 7-H), 5.34, (2H, s, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.85 (3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>). These data are in good agreement with literature values.<sup>11</sup> LRMS (M+H) 165.2.

### 2-Formyl-5-methoxybenzoic acid (32)



To benzofuranone **30** (8.6 g, 54 mmol) in chlorobenzene (170 mL) was added *N*-bromosuccinimide (9.8 g, 55 mmol) and the resulting mixture was heated to 85 °C. Azobisisobutyronitrile (0.086 g, 0.52 mmol) was suspended in chlorobenzene (10 mL) and 2 mL of this suspension was added to the reaction mixture, followed by the remainder after the resulting exotherm subsided. The mixture was stirred for 2 h at 85 °C, cooled to 0 °C and filtered to remove insoluble material, washing the filter cake with chlorobenzene (10 ml). The mother liquor was evaporated *in vacuo*, and the residue partitioned between 2 M NaOH (50 mL) and DCM (50 mL). The organic fraction was collected, and the aqueous fraction washed with DCM (2 × 50 mL). The aqueous residue was acidified with conc. HCl, extracted with EtOAc (3 × 50 mL) and solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified by chromatography, eluting with 50% EtOAc/X4, and the resulting solid recrystallised from EtOAc to give pure product (3.4 g, 36%) as a white solid: mp 131 – 133 °C (lit.<sup>11</sup> 166.2 °C). δ<sub>H</sub> 8.01 (1H, br s, OH), 7.61 (1H, t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 4-H), 7.39 – 7.35 (2H, m, 3-H, 6-H), 6.66 (1H, s, CHO), 3.89 (3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>). These data are in good agreement with literature values.<sup>11</sup> LRMS (M-H) 179.2 (100%).

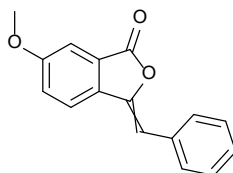
### Dimethyl (5-methoxy-3-oxo-1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1-yl)phosphonate (25)



To acid **32** (3.3 g, 18mmol) in THF (100 mL) was added dimethyl phosphite (1.9 mL, 20 mmol), followed by K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (3.8 g, 28 mmol) portionwise and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 48 h. A further portion of K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (2.5 g, 18 mmol) was added and the mixture stirred a further 24 hours, cooled to 0 °C and methanesulfonic acid (3.9 mL, 60 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred for 1 h at room temperature, then solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The residue was partitioned between EtOAc (100 mL) and water (100 mL), the organic layer was separated, and the aqueous residue was extracted with EtOAc (6 × 200 mL). The organic fractions were combined, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified by chromatography, eluting with 70% EtOAc/X4 to give the title compound (2.3 g, 46%) as a yellow oil that solidified on standing: mp 75 – 77 °C. δ<sub>H</sub>(CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

7.64 (1H, dt,  $J = 8.5, 0.8$  Hz, 7-H), 7.37 (1H, d,  $J = 2.4$  Hz, 4-H), 7.29 (1H, dd,  $J = 8.5, 2.4$  Hz, 6-H), 5.66 (1H, dd,  $J = 9.9, 0.6$  Hz, 1-CH), 3.92 (3H, d,  $J = 10.9$  Hz, P(OCH<sub>3</sub>)) 3.89 (3H, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.61 (3H, d,  $J = 10.6$  Hz, P(OCH<sub>3</sub>)).  $\delta_C$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 169.9 (3-C=O,  $J_{C-O-P} = 2.3$  Hz), 161.5 (5-C,  $J_{C-C-C-C-P} = 2.2$  Hz), 135.9 (7a-C,  $J_{C-C-P} = 4.4$  Hz), 126.8 (3a-C,  $J_{C-C-C-P} = 4.6$  Hz), 124.6 (7-CH,  $J_{C-C-C-P} = 2.6$  Hz), 123.7 (6-CH,  $J_{C-C-C-C-P} = 2.8$  Hz), 108.1 (4-CH,  $J_{C-C-C-C-P} = 1.3$  Hz), 75.2 (1-CH,  $J_{C-P} = 166.2$  Hz), 56.1 (5-COCH<sub>3</sub>), 54.8 (POCH<sub>3</sub>,  $J_{C-O-P} = 6.9$  Hz), 54.4 (POCH<sub>3</sub>,  $J_{C-O-P} = 7.2$  Hz). LRMS (M+H) 273.1 (100%), (M-H) 271.1 (100%).

### 3-Benzylidene-6-methoxyisobenzofuran-1(3H)-one (35)

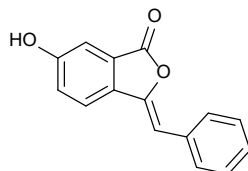


The reaction was carried out according to General Procedure D with phosphonate **25** (0.50 g, 1.8 mmol), LiHMDS (2.0 mL) and benzaldehyde (0.19 mL, 1.9 mmol). The crude product was purified by chromatography, eluting with 10% EtOAc/X4 to give the title product (0.45 g, 98%) as a white solid. Further chromatography prepared samples of the alkene isomers for analysis.

**E**:  $\delta_H$  7.55 – 7.39 (7H, m, 4-H, 7-H, 4 × Ar-H), 7.28 (1H, dd,  $J = 8.7, 2.5$  Hz, 5-H), 6.92 (1H, s, 3-C=CH), 3.87 (3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>).  $\delta_C$  165.8 (C=O), 161.4 (6-C), 145.7 (3-C), 132.8 (Ar-C), 129.7 (3a-C), 129.1 (2 × Ar-CH), 128.9 (2 × Ar-CH), 128.3 (Ar-CH), 127.2 (7a-C), 123.7 (4-CH), 123.3 (5-CH), 110.8 (3-C=CH), 107.5 (7-CH), 56.0 (OCH<sub>3</sub>). LRMS (M+H) 253.1.

**Z**:  $\delta_H$  8.03 (1H, d,  $J = 8.6$  Hz 4-H), 7.80 – 7.75 (2H, m, 2 × Ar-H), 7.49 – 7.40 (4H, m, 7-H, 4-H, 2 × Ar-H), 7.33 (1H, dddd,  $J = 7.4, 6.8, 1.2, 1.2$  Hz, Ar-H), 6.80 (1H, s, 3-C=CH), 3.90 (3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>).  $\delta_C$  166.3 (C=O), 161.2 (6-C), 144.2 (3-C), 133.5 (Ar-C), 133.0 (3a-C), 129.5 (2 × Ar-CH), 128.8 (2 × Ar-CH), 128.0 (Ar-CH), 124.1 (7a-C), 124.0 (5-CH), 122.2 (4-CH), 107.1 (7-CH), 105.3 (3-C=CH), 56.0 (OCH<sub>3</sub>). LRMS (M+H) 253.1.

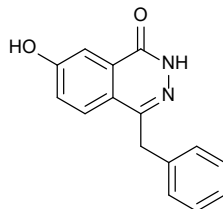
### (Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-hydroxyisobenzofuran-1(3H)-one (37)



The reaction was carried out according to General Procedure E with benzofuranone **35** (0.38 g, 1.5 mmol) and BBr<sub>3</sub> (9.0 mL, 9.0 mmol). The crude product was purified by chromatography, eluting with 50% EtOAc/X4, to give the title product (0.35 g, 97%) as a yellow solid: mp 205 – 208 °C.  $\delta_H$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 7.83 – 7.80 (2H, m, Ar-H), 7.67 (1H, d,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, 4-H), 7.43 – 7.38 (2H, m, Ar-H), 7.34 – 7.27 (2H, m, Ar-H), 7.26 – 7.23 (1H, dd,  $J = 8.5, 2.3$  Hz, 5-H), 6.70 (1H, s, 3-C=CH), 5.84 (1H, br s, OH).  $\delta_H$  10.54 (1H, br s, OH), 7.94 (1H, dd,  $J = 8.5, 0.4$  Hz, 4-H), 7.76 (2H, dd,  $J = 8.3, 1.0$  Hz, 2'-H, 6'-H), 7.47 – 7.42 (2H, m, 3'-H, 5'-H), 7.34 – 7.30 (1H, m, 4'-H), 7.28 (1H, dd,  $J = 8.5, 2.2$  Hz, 5-H), 7.18 (1H, dd,  $J = 2.2,$

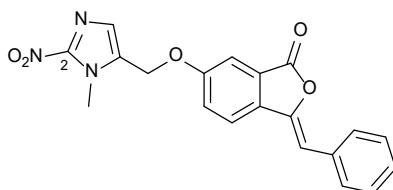
0.4 Hz, 7-H). 6.70 (1H, s, 3-C=CH).  $\delta_c$  166.4 (1-C=O), 159.7 (7a-C), 144.5 (3-C), 133.6 (1'-C), 131.4 (3a-C), 129.6 (2'-CH, 6'-CH), 128.8 (3'-CH, 5'-CH), 127.7 (4'-CH), 124.6 (6-C), 123.8 (5-CH), 122.4 (4-CH), 109.4 (7-CH), 104.3 (3-C=CH). LRMS (M+H) 239.2, (M-H) 237.1.

#### 4-Benzyl-7-hydroxyphthalazin-1(2H)-one (40)



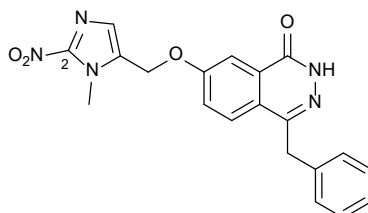
The reaction was carried out according to General Procedure B with benzofuranone **33** (50 mg, 0.21 mmol) and the crude product was triturated in water, then isolated by filtration to give the title product (47 mg, 89%) as a white solid: mp 303 – 306 °C.  $\delta_H$  12.34 (1H, s, NH), 10.69 (1H, br s, OH), 7.79 (1H, d,  $J$  = 8.9 Hz, 5-H), 7.51 (1H, d,  $J$  = 2.6 Hz, 8-H), 7.31 – 7.26 (4H, m, Ar-H), 7.24 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 8.8, 2.6 Hz, 6-H), 7.21 – 7.15 (1H, m, Ar-H), 4.20 (2H, s, CH<sub>2</sub>).  $\delta_c$  160.2 (7-C), 159.3 (C=O), 145.0 (4-C), 138.5 (Ar-C), 130.0 (8a-C), 128.5 (4 × Ar-CH), 128.0 (5-CH), 126.3 (Ar-CH), 122.4 (6-CH), 121.8 (4a-CH), 109.6 (8-CH), 37.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>). HRMS calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>13</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M+H)  $m/z$  253.0972, found 253.0964 (-3.10 ppm). HPLC purity 97.9%

#### (Z)-3-Benzylidene-6-((1-methyl-2-nitro-1H-imidazol-5-yl)methoxy)isobenzofuran-1(3H)-one (43)



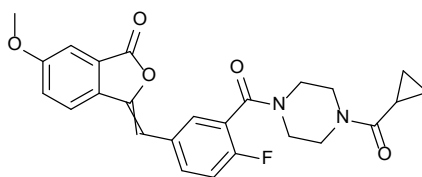
The reaction was carried out according to General Procedure C with benzofuranone **33** (50 mg, 0.21 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (90 mg, 0.63 mmol) and chloride **16** (40 mg, 0.23 mmol) stirring for 7 h at 50 °C. The crude product was collected by filtration and triturated with EtOAc to give the title product (40 mg, 44%) as a yellow solid: mp 266 – 269 °C.  $\delta_H$  8.08 (1H, d,  $J$  = 8.6 Hz, 4-H), 7.79 (2H, d,  $J$  = 7.6 Hz, Ar-H), 7.67 (1H, d,  $J$  = 2.2 Hz, 7-H), 7.57 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 8.6, 2.2 Hz, 5-H), 7.47 (2H, t,  $J$  = 7.6 Hz, Ar-H), 7.37 (1H, s, 4'-H), 7.34 (1H, t,  $J$  = 7.3 Hz, Ar-H), 6.84 (1H, s, 3-C=CH), 5.44 (2H, s, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.97 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>).  $\delta_c$  166.2 (C=O), 159.3 (6-C), 146.3 (2'-CH), 144.1 (3-C), 133.8 (3a-C), 133.4 (Ar-C), 132.9 (5'-C), 129.5 (2 × Ar-CH), 128.9 (2 × Ar-CH), 128.6 (4'-CH), 128.1 (Ar-CH), 124.6 (5-CH), 124.0 (7a-C), 122.4 (4-CH), 108.7 (7-CH), 105.7 (3-C=CH), 60.0 (OCH<sub>2</sub>), 34.4 (NCH<sub>3</sub>). LRMS (M+H) 378.2.

#### 4-Benzyl-7-((1-methyl-2-nitro-1H-imidazol-5-yl)methoxy)phthalazin-1(2H)-one (46)



The reaction was carried out according to General Procedure B with benzofuranone **43** (38 mg, 0.10 mmol) to give the title product (26 mg, 67%) as a white solid: mp 227 – 230 °C.  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  12.55 (1H, s, NH), 7.90 (1H, d,  $J$  = 9.0 Hz, 5-H), 7.84 (1H, d,  $J$  = 2.8 Hz, 8-H), 7.51 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 9.0, 2.8 Hz, 6-H), 7.35 (1H, s, 4'-H), 7.32 – 7.25 (4H, m, Ar-H), 7.22 – 7.16 (1H, m, Ar-H), 5.46 (2H, s, OCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.27 (2H, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 3.94 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>).  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  160.0 (7-C), 159.7 (C=O), 146.8 (2'-C), 145.4 (4-C), 138.8 (Ar-C), 133.4 (5'-C), 130.4 (8a-C), 129.2 (4'-CH), 129.0 (2 × Ar-CH), 128.9 (2 × Ar-CH), 128.5 (5-CH), 126.9 (Ar-CH), 124.2 (4a-C), 123.2 (6-CH), 108.8 (8-CH), 60.1 (OCH<sub>2</sub>), 38.1 (4-CCH<sub>2</sub>), 34.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>). HRMS calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>18</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (M+H)  $m/z$  392.1353, found 392.1342 (-3.00 ppm). HPLC purity 98.4%

**3-(3-(4-(Cyclopropanecarbonyl)piperazine-1-carbonyl)-4-fluorobenzylidene)-6-methoxyisobenzofuran-1(3H)-one (49)**



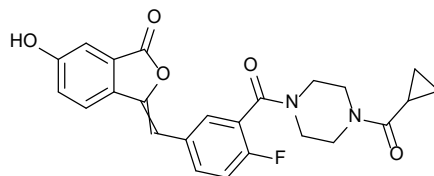
The reaction was carried out according to General Procedure D with phosphonate **25** (0.40 g, 1.5 mmol), LiHMDS (1.62 mL) and aldehyde **19** (0.45 g, 1.5 mmol). The crude product was purified by chromatography, eluting with 70% EtOAc/X4 to give the title product (0.60 g, 91%) as a white foam. Further chromatography prepared samples of the alkene isomers for analysis.

**E:**  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  7.69 – 7.63 (1H, m, 6'-H), 7.60 – 7.55 (1H, m, 2'-H), 7.49 – 7.37 (3H, m, 5'-H, 5-H, 7-H), 7.30 (1H, d,  $J$  = 7.2 Hz, 4-H), 6.89 (1H, s, 3-C=CH), 3.88 (3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.81 – 3.27 (8H, br m, 2''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 5''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 6''-CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.05 – 1.89 (1H, br m, 1'''-CH), 0.78 – 0.67 (4H, m, 2'''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3'''-CH<sub>2</sub>).  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  171.3 (4''-NC=O), 165.7 (1-C=O), 163.6 (1'''-NC=O), 161.6 (6-C), 157.3 (4'-C, d,  $J$  = 247.8), 146.3 (3-C), 132.3 (6'-CH, d,  $J$  = 8.3 Hz), 129.9 (1'-C, d,  $J$  = 3.5 Hz), 129.7 (2'-CH, d,  $J$  = 4.2 Hz), 129.4 (3a-C), 127.3 (7a-C), 124.5 (3'-C, d,  $J$  = 19.4 Hz), 123.8 (5-CH), 123.3 (4-CH), 116.7 (5'-CH, d,  $J$  = 22.5 Hz), 109.0 (3-C=CH), 107.6 (7-CH), 56.1 (OCH<sub>3</sub>), 10.4 (1'''-CH), 7.2 (2 × CH<sub>2</sub>), 4 × NCH<sub>2</sub> not observed. LRMS (M+H) 451.2 (100%)

**Z:**  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  7.99 (1H, d,  $J$  = 8.4 Hz, 4-H), 7.90 – 7.84 (1H, m, 6'-H), 7.81 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 6.5, 1.9 Hz, 2'-H), 7.48 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 8.5, 2.4 Hz, 5-H), 7.46 – 7.39 (2H, m, 5'-H, 7-H), 6.84 (1H, s, 3-C=CH), 3.91 (3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.86 – 3.22 (8H, br m, 2''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 5''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 6''-CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.09 – 1.85 (1H, br m, 1'''-CH), 0.82 – 0.67 (4H, m, 2'''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3'''-CH<sub>2</sub>).  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  171.3 (4''-NC=O), 166.1 (1-C=O), 163.8 (1'''-NC=O), 161.4 (6-C), 156.8 (4'-C, d,  $J$  = 248.3 Hz), 144.5 (3-C), 132.8 (3a-C), 132.5 (6'-CH, d,  $J$  = 8.2 Hz), 130.7 (1'-C, d,  $J$  = 3.5 Hz), 129.7 (2'-CH, d,  $J$  = 2.9 Hz), 124.3 (3'-C, d,  $J$  = 18.9 Hz), 124.2 (7a-C), 124.1 (5-CH), 122.2 (4-CH), 116.6 (5'-CH, d,  $J$  = 23.3 Hz), 107.3 (7-CH), 103.3 (3-C=CH), 56.1 (OCH<sub>3</sub>), 10.4 (1'''-CH), 7.1 (2 × CH<sub>2</sub>), 4 × NCH<sub>2</sub> not observed. LRMS (M+H) 451.2 (100%)



**3-(3-(4-(Cyclopropanecarbonyl)piperazine-1-carbonyl)-4-fluorobenzylidene)-6-hydroxyisobenzofuran-1(3H)-one (51)**

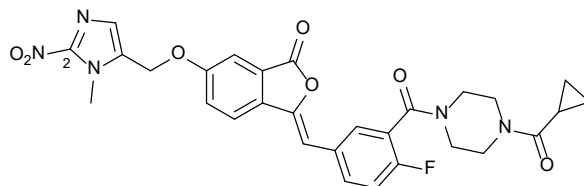


The reaction was carried out according to General Procedure E with benzofuranone **49** (0.20 g, 0.44 mmol) and  $\text{BBr}_3$  (2.66 mL, 2.66 mmol). The crude product was purified by chromatography, eluting with 100% EtOAc to give the title product (0.14 g, 74%) as a yellow foam. Further chromatography prepared samples of the alkene isomers for analysis.

**E:**  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  10.67 (1H, s, OH), 7.72 – 7.66 (1H, m, 6'-H), 7.64 – 7.56 (1H, m, 2'-H), 7.48 (1H, t,  $J = 9.0$  Hz, 5'-H), 7.40 (1H, d,  $J = 8.35$  Hz, 4-H), 7.22 (1H, d,  $J = 2.2$  Hz, 7-H), 7.16 (1H, d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 5-H), 6.86 (1H, s, 3-C=CH), 3.86 – 3.30 (8H, br m, 2''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 5''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 6''-CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.10 – 1.91 (1H, br m, 1'''-CH), 0.82 – 0.71 (4H, m, 2'''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3'''-CH<sub>2</sub>).  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  171.3 (4''-NC=O), 165.9 (1-C=O), 163.6 (1''-NC=O), 160.1 (6-C), 157.1 (4'-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-F}} = 247.1$  Hz), 146.5 (3-C), 132.2 (6'-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-F}} = 8.5$  Hz), 130.0 (1'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}} = 3.1$  Hz), 129.6 (2'-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}} = 3.5$  Hz), 127.8 (3a-C), 127.3 (7a-C), 124.5 (3'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-F}} = 19.2$  Hz), 124.1 (4-CH), 123.2 (5-CH), 116.6 (5'-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-F}} = 22.1$  Hz), 109.8 (7-CH), 108.0 (3-C=CH), 10.38 (1'''-CH), 7.12 (2 × CH<sub>2</sub>), 4 × NCH<sub>2</sub> not observed. LRMS (M+H) 437.2 (100%), (M-H) 435.1 (100%).

**Z:**  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  10.60 (1H, s, OH), 7.91 (1H, d,  $J = 8.5$  Hz, 4-H), 7.89 – 7.83 (1H, m, 6'-H), 7.82 – 7.77 (1H, m, 2'-H), 7.42 (1H, t,  $J = 9.1$  Hz, 5'-H), 7.30 (1H, dd,  $J = 8.5, 2.2$  Hz, 5-H), 7.20 (1H, d,  $J = 2.2$  Hz, 7-H), 6.76 (1H, s, 3-C=CH), 3.86 – 3.24 (8H, br m, 2''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 5''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 6''-CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.11 – 1.88 (1H, br m, 1'''-CH), 0.82 – 0.67 (4H, br m, 2'''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3'''-CH<sub>2</sub>).  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  171.3 (4''-NC=O), 166.2 (1-C=O), 163.9 (1''-NC=O), 159.9 (6-C), 156.7 (4'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-F}} = 249.5$  Hz), 144.8 (3-C), 132.4 (6'-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}} = 8.2$  Hz), 131.1 (3a-C), 130.8 (1'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-C-F}} = 3.2$  Hz), 129.5 (2'-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}} = 3.2$  Hz), 124.3 (3'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-F}} = 18.1$  Hz), 124.2 (7a-C), 123.9 (5-CH), 122.4 (4-CH), 116.6 (5'-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-F}} = 21.8$  Hz), 109.5 (7-CH), 102.4 (3-C=CH), 10.37 (1'''-CH), 7.14 (2 × CH<sub>2</sub>), 4 × NCH<sub>2</sub> not observed. LRMS (M+H) 437.2 (100%), (M-H) 435.1 (100%).

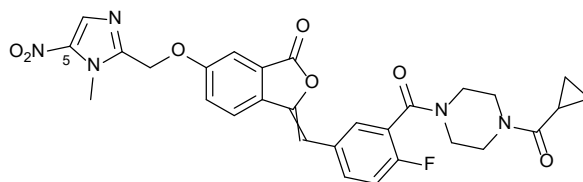
**(Z)-3-(3-(4-(Cyclopropanecarbonyl)piperazine-1-carbonyl)-4-fluorobenzylidene)-6-((1-methyl-2-nitro-1H-imidazol-5-yl)methoxy)isobenzofuran-1(3H)-one (54)**



The reaction was carried out according to General Procedure C with benzofuranone **51** (90 mg, 0.21 mmol),  $\text{K}_2\text{CO}_3$  (44 mg, 0.32 mmol) and chloride **16** (40 mg, 0.23 mmol) stirring for 18 h at room temperature. The crude product was collected by filtration and triturated with MeOH to give the title product (60 mg, 50%) as a cream solid: mp 234 - 237 °C.

$\delta_{\text{H}}$  8.04 (1H, d,  $J = 8.6$  Hz, 5-H), 7.91 – 7.85 (1H, m, 6'-H), 7.85 – 7.80 (1H, m, 2'-H), 7.68 (1H, d,  $J = 2.2$  Hz, 7-H), 7.58 (1H, dd,  $J = 8.6, 2.3$  Hz, 5-H), 7.44 (1H, d,  $J = 9.0$  Hz, 5'-H), 7.37 (1H, s, 4'''-H), 6.88 (1H, s, 3-C=CH), 5.44 (2H, s, OCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.97 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.87 – 3.24 (8H, br m, 2''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 5''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 6''-CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.09 – 1.86 (1H, br m, 1'''-CH), 0.81 – 0.67 (4H, br m, 2'''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3'''-CH<sub>2</sub>).  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  171.3 (4''-NC=O), 166.0 (1''-NC=O), 163.8 (1-C=O), 159.5 (6-C), 156.8 (4'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-F}} = 248.6$  Hz), 146.3 (2'''-C), 144.4 (3-C), 133.5 (3a-C), 132.9 (5'''-C), 132.6 (6'-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}} = 7.9$  Hz), 130.6 (1'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-C-F}} = 3.4$  Hz), 129.7 (2'-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}} = 2.3$  Hz), 128.6 (4'''-CH), 124.7 (5-CH), 124.3 (3'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-F}} = 18.7$  Hz), 124.1 (7a-C), 122.4 (4-CH), 116.3 (5'-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-F}} = 22.3$  Hz), 108.9 (7-CH), 103.7 (3-C=CH), 60.0 (OCH<sub>2</sub>), 34.4 (NCH<sub>3</sub>), 10.37 (1'''-CH), 7.13 (2 × CH<sub>2</sub>), 4 × NCH<sub>2</sub> not observed. LRMS (M+H) 576.2 (24%), (M-C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>6</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>) 435.2 (100%)

**3-(3-(4-(Cyclopropanecarbonyl)piperazine-1-carbonyl)-4-fluorobenzylidene)-6-((1-methyl-5-nitro-1H-imidazol-2-yl)methoxy)isobenzofuran-1(3H)-one (56)**



The reaction was carried out according to General Procedure C with benzofuranone **51** (90 mg, 0.21 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (44 mg, 0.32 mmol) and chloride **17** (40 mg, 0.23 mmol) stirring for 18 h at room temperature. The crude product was collected by filtration and triturated with MeOH to give the title product (50 mg, 42%) as a white foam. Further chromatography prepared samples of the alkene isomers for analysis

**E:**  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  8.09 (1H, s, 4'''-H), 7.71 – 7.63 (2H, m, 7-H, 6'-H), 7.61 – 7.53 (1H, m, 5-H), 7.45 (1H, t,  $J = 9.1$  Hz, 5'-H), 7.42 – 7.37 (2H, m, 4-H, 2'-H), 6.93 (1H, s, 3-C=CH), 5.48 (2H, s, OCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.93 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.84 – 3.39 (8H, br m, 2''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 5''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 6''-CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.05 – 1.87 (1H, br m, 1'''-H), 0.79 – 0.66 (4H, br m, 2'''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3'''-CH<sub>2</sub>).  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  171.3 (4''-NC=O), 165.6 (1-C=O), 163.6 (1''-NC=O), 159.7 (6-C), 157.2 (4'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-F}} = 248.0$  Hz), 147.2 (2'''-C), 146.1 (3-C), 139.7 (5'''-C), 132.3 (6'-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}} = 8.2$  Hz), 131.5 (4'''-CH), 130.3 (3a-C), 129.8 (1'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-C-F}} = 3.2$  Hz), 129.7 (5-CH), 127.1 (7a-C), 124.5 (3'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-F}} = 18.1$  Hz), 124.0 (4-CH), 123.9 (2'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}} = 6.6$  Hz), 116.7 (5'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-F}} = 23.0$  Hz), 109.5 (3-C=CH), 109.2 (7-CH), 62.6 (OCH<sub>2</sub>), 33.6 (NCH<sub>3</sub>), 10.4 (1'''-CH), 7.12 (2 × CH<sub>2</sub>), 4 × NCH<sub>2</sub> not observed. LRMS (M-C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>6</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>) 435.1 (100%).

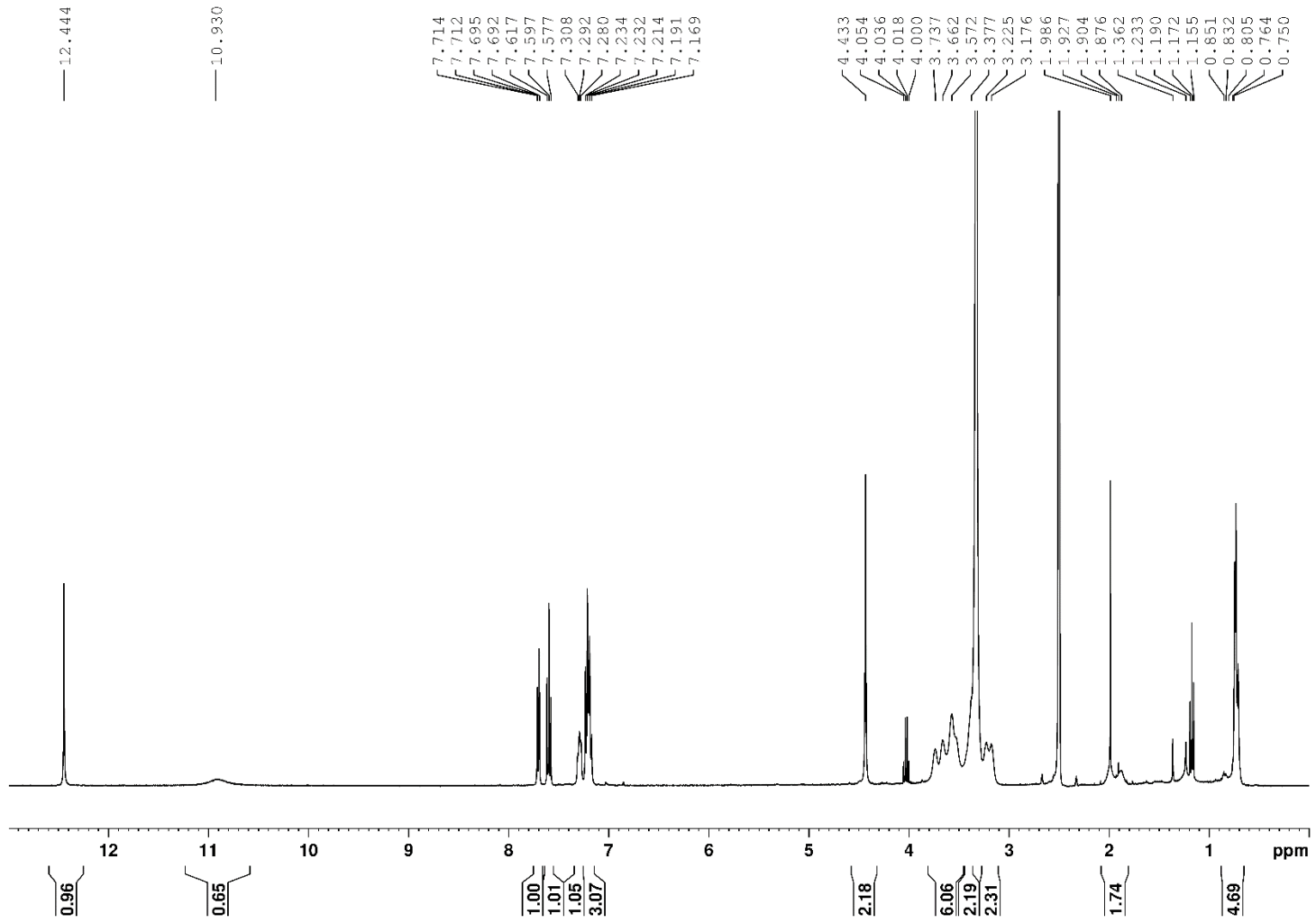
**Z:**  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  8.11 (1H, s, 4'''-H), 8.03 (1H, d,  $J = 8.6$  Hz, 4-H), 7.91 – 7.85 (1H, m, 6'-H), 7.82 (1H, dd,  $J = 6.4, 1.8$  Hz, 2'-H), 7.69 (1H, d,  $J = 2.3$  Hz, 7-H), 7.56 (1H, dd,  $J = 8.6, 2.4$  Hz, 5-H), 7.44 (1H, t,  $J = 9.1$  Hz, 5'-H), 6.88 (1H, s, 3-C=CH), 5.49 (2H, s, OCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.97 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.86 – 3.24 (8H, br m, 2''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 5''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 6''-CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.08 – 1.86 (1H, br m, 1'''-H), 0.79 – 0.67 (4H, br m, 2'''-CH<sub>2</sub>, 3'''-CH<sub>2</sub>).  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  171.3 (4''-NC=O), 166.0 (1-C), 163.8 (1''-NC=O), 159.5 (6-C), 156.8 (4'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-F}} = 248.6$  Hz), 147.2 (2'''-C), 144.4 (3-C), 139.7 (5'''-C), 133.6 (3a-C), 132.6 (6'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}} = 8.5$  Hz), 131.5 (4'''-CH), 130.5 (1'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-C-F}} = 2.9$  Hz), 129.7 (2'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-C-F}} = 3.7$  Hz), 127.1 (7a-C), 124.6 (5-CH), 124.3 (3'-C, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-F}} = 19.4$  Hz), 122.3 (4-CH), 116.6 (5'-CH, d,  $J_{\text{C-C-F}} = 22.1$  Hz), 108.9 (7-CH), 103.7 (3-C=CH), 62.7

(OCH<sub>2</sub>), 33.6 (NCH<sub>3</sub>), 10.4 (1<sup>m</sup>-CH), 7.13 (2 × CH<sub>2</sub>), 4 × NCH<sub>2</sub> not observed. LRMS (M-C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>6</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>) 435.1 (100%).

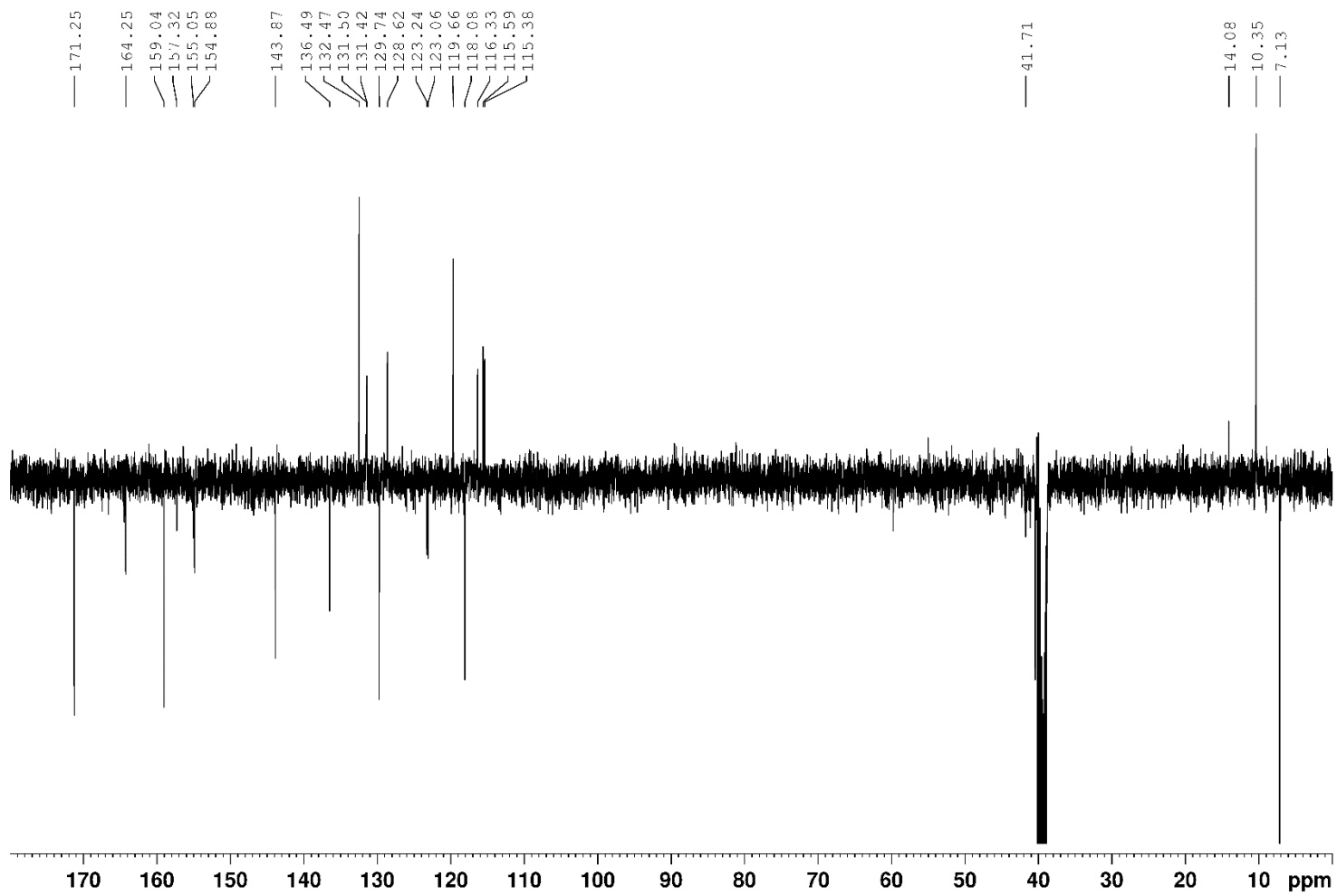
## References

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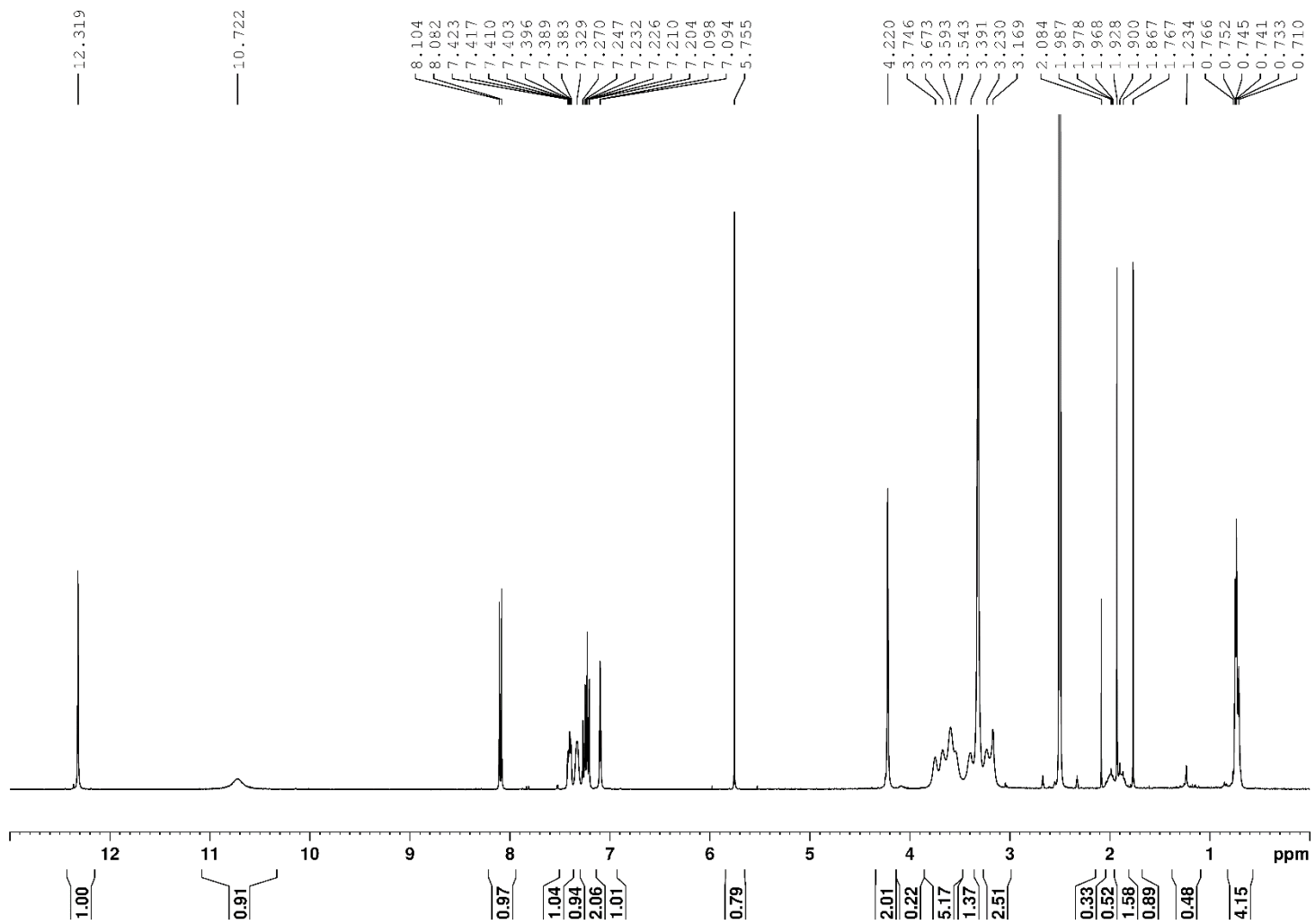
**<sup>1</sup>H NMR Compound 4**



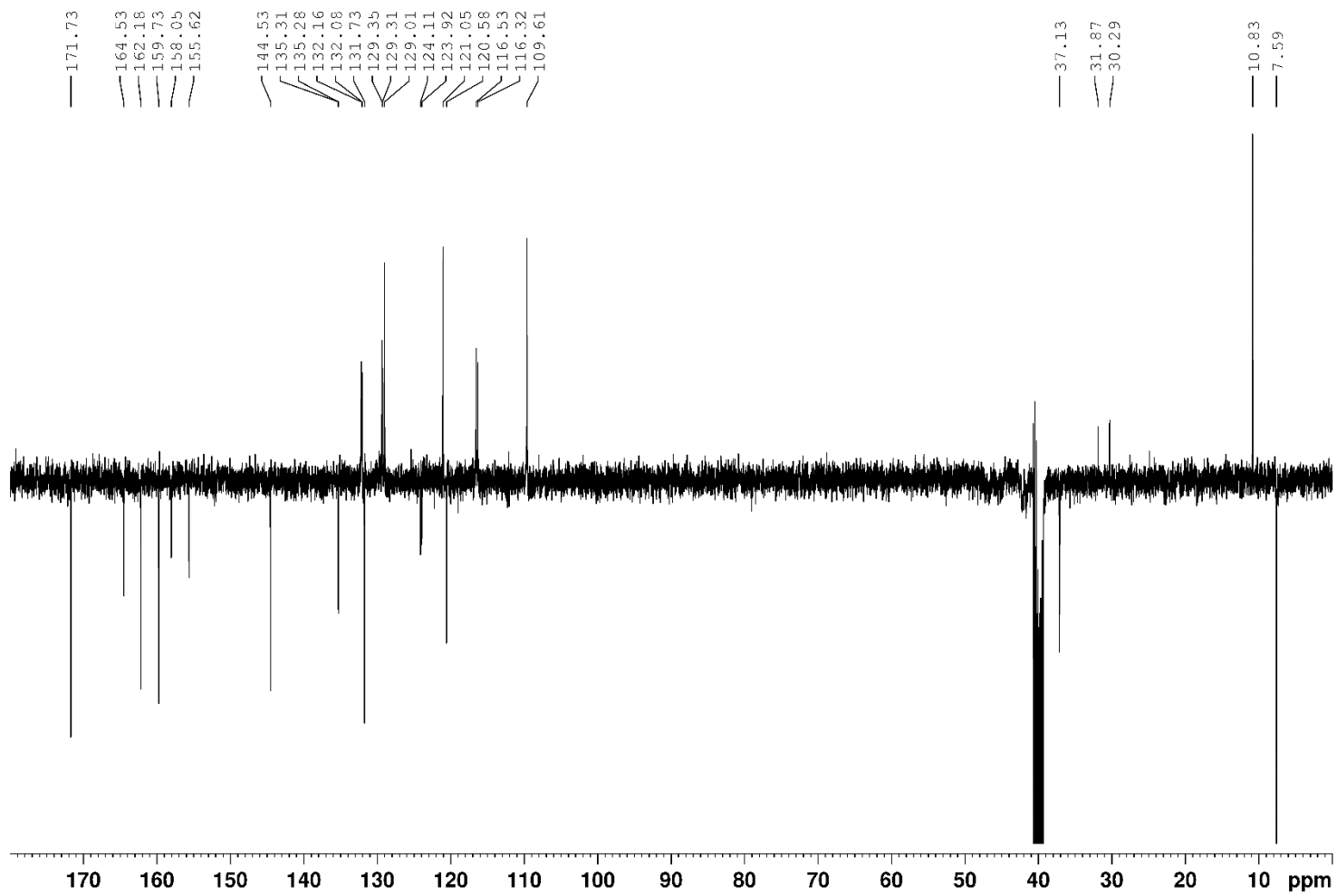
**<sup>13</sup>C NMR (APT) Compound 4**



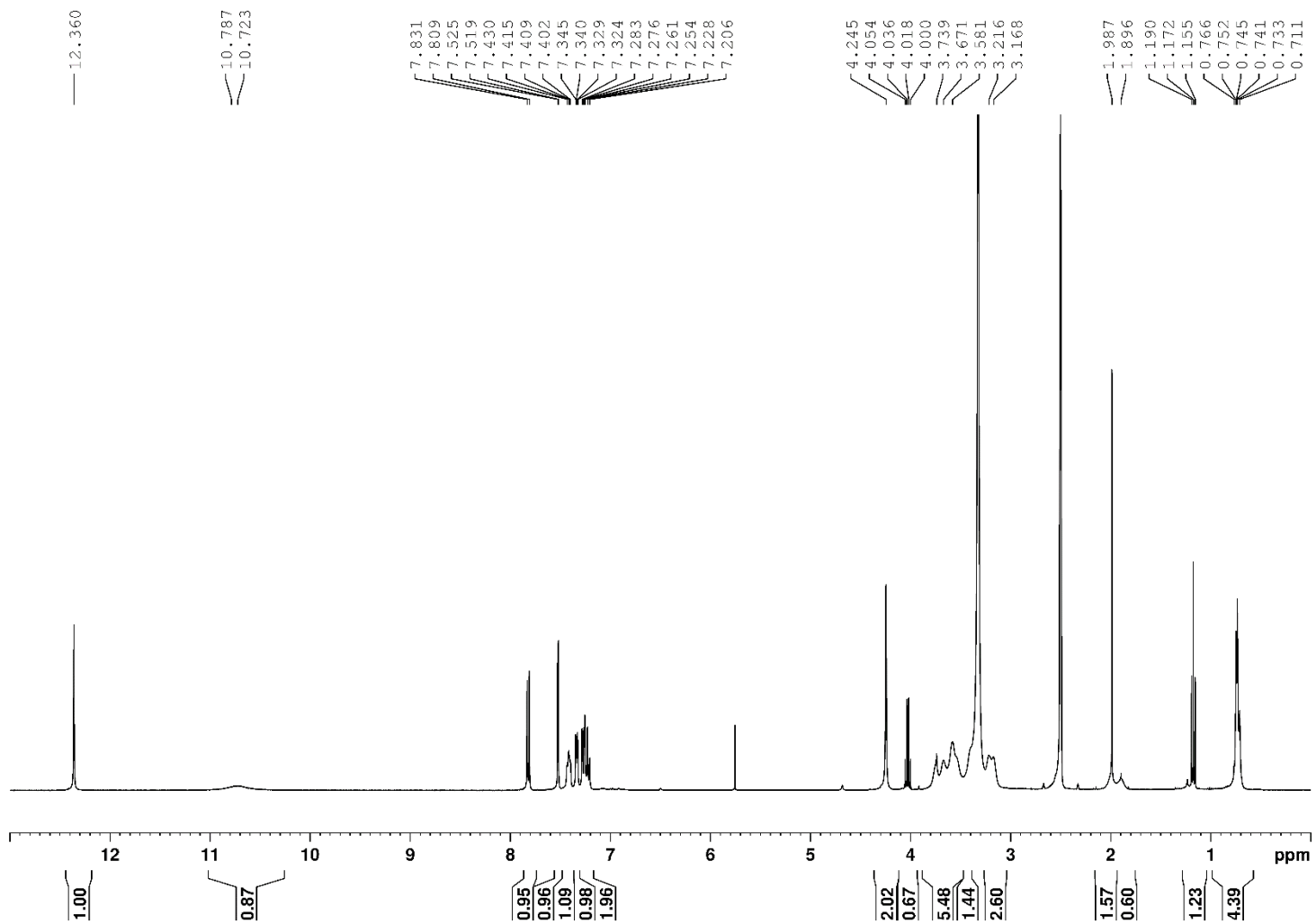
# <sup>1</sup>H NMR Compound 5



**<sup>13</sup>C NMR (APT) Compound 5**

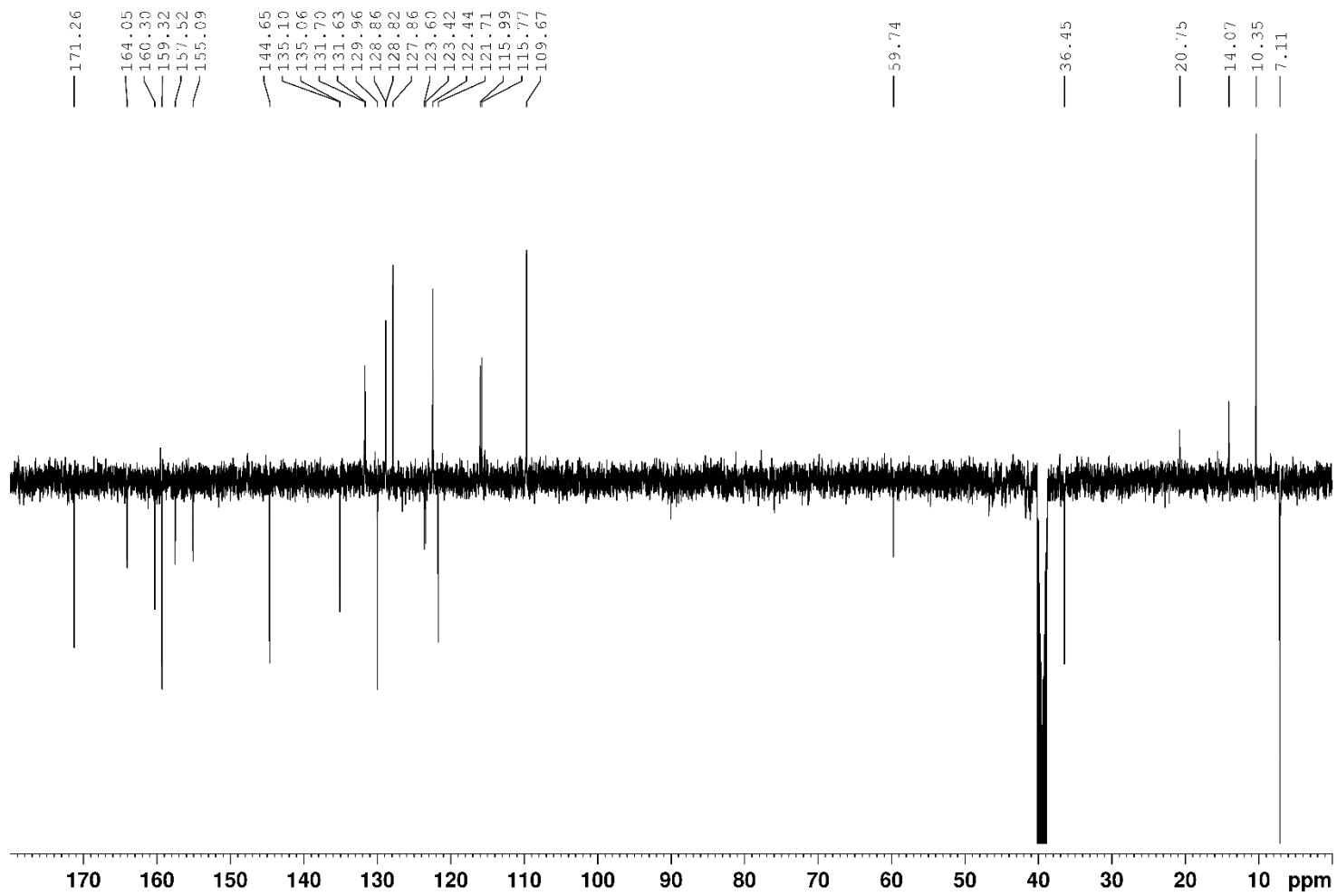


# <sup>1</sup>H NMR Compound 6

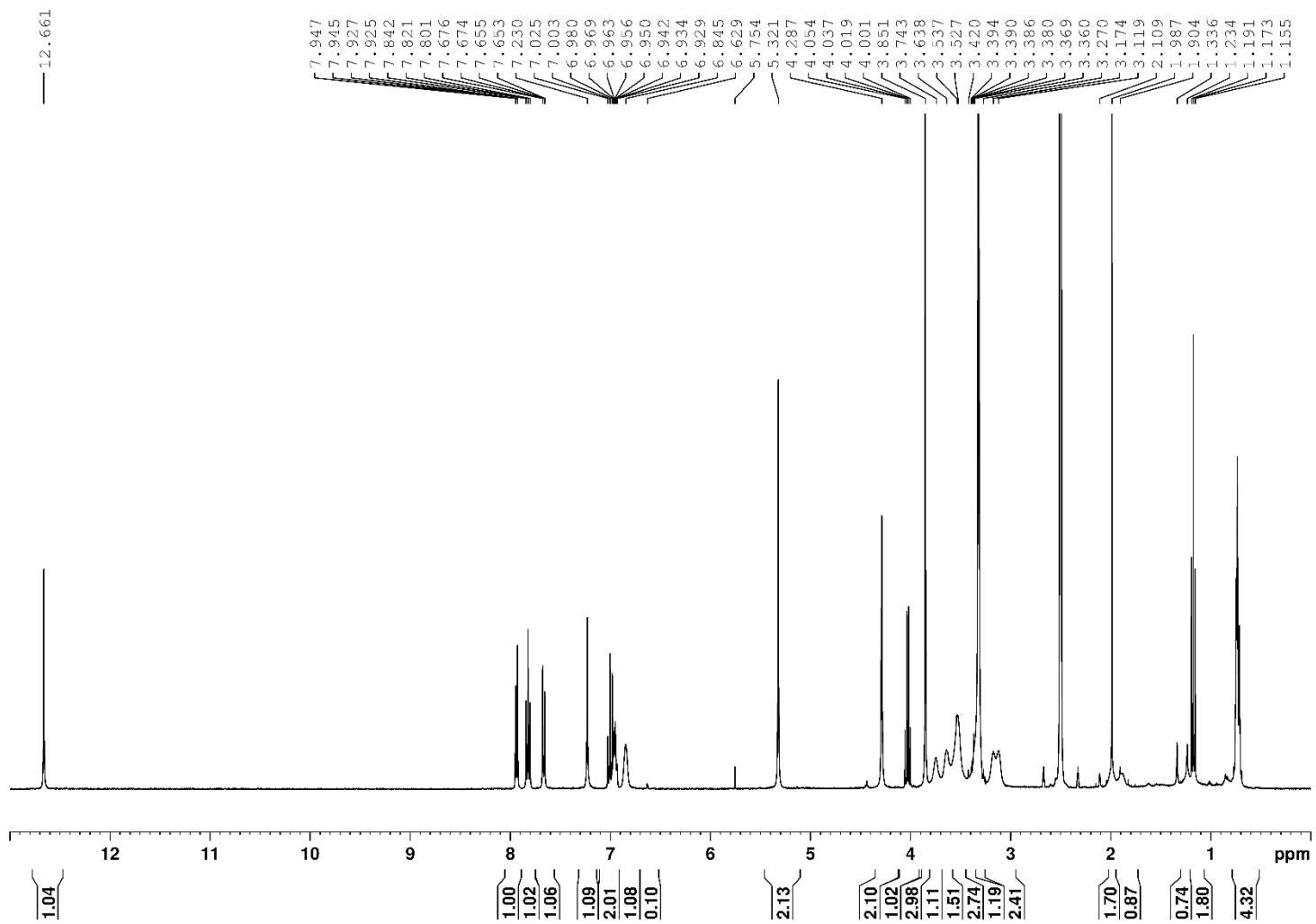




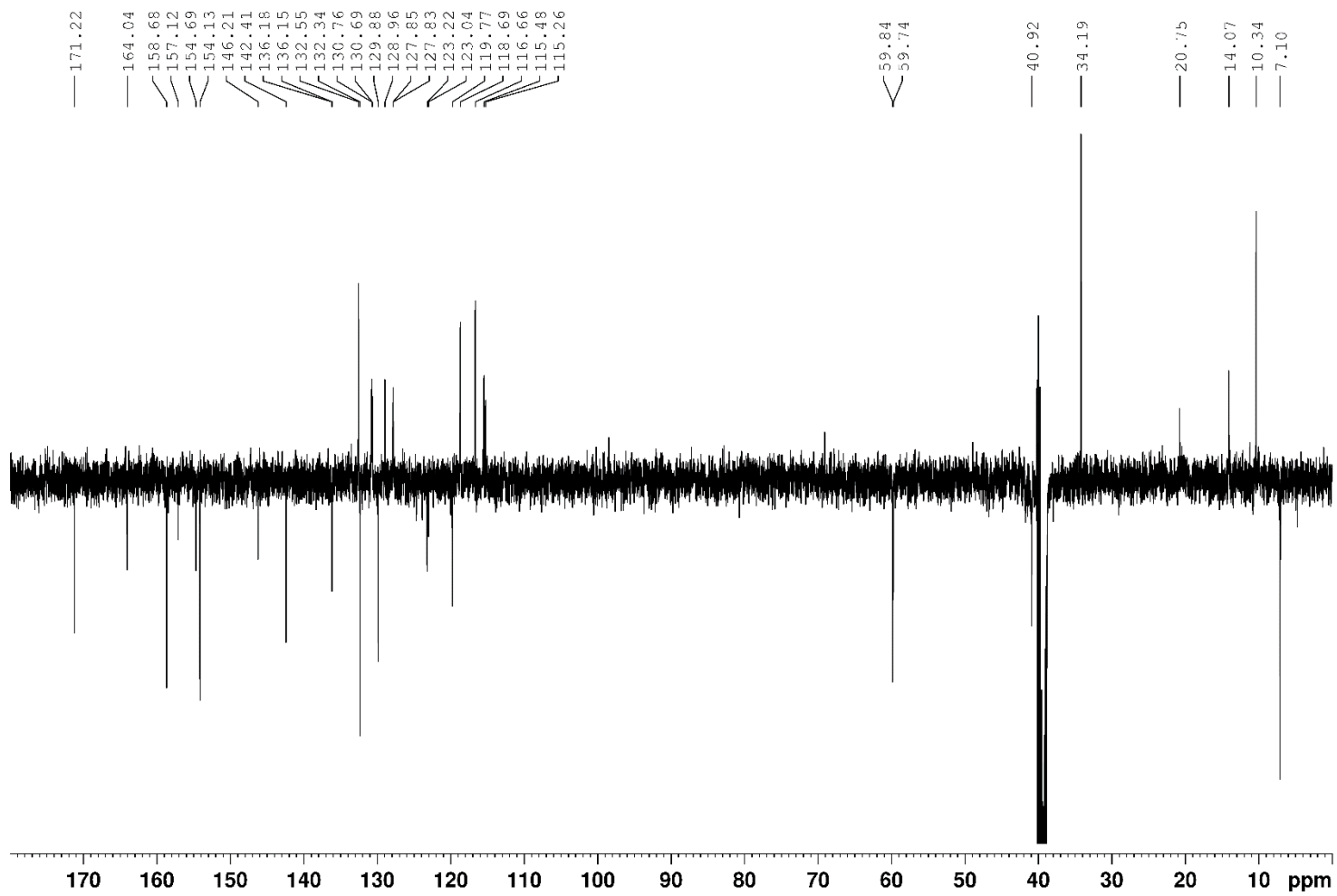
**<sup>13</sup>C NMR (APT) Compound 6**



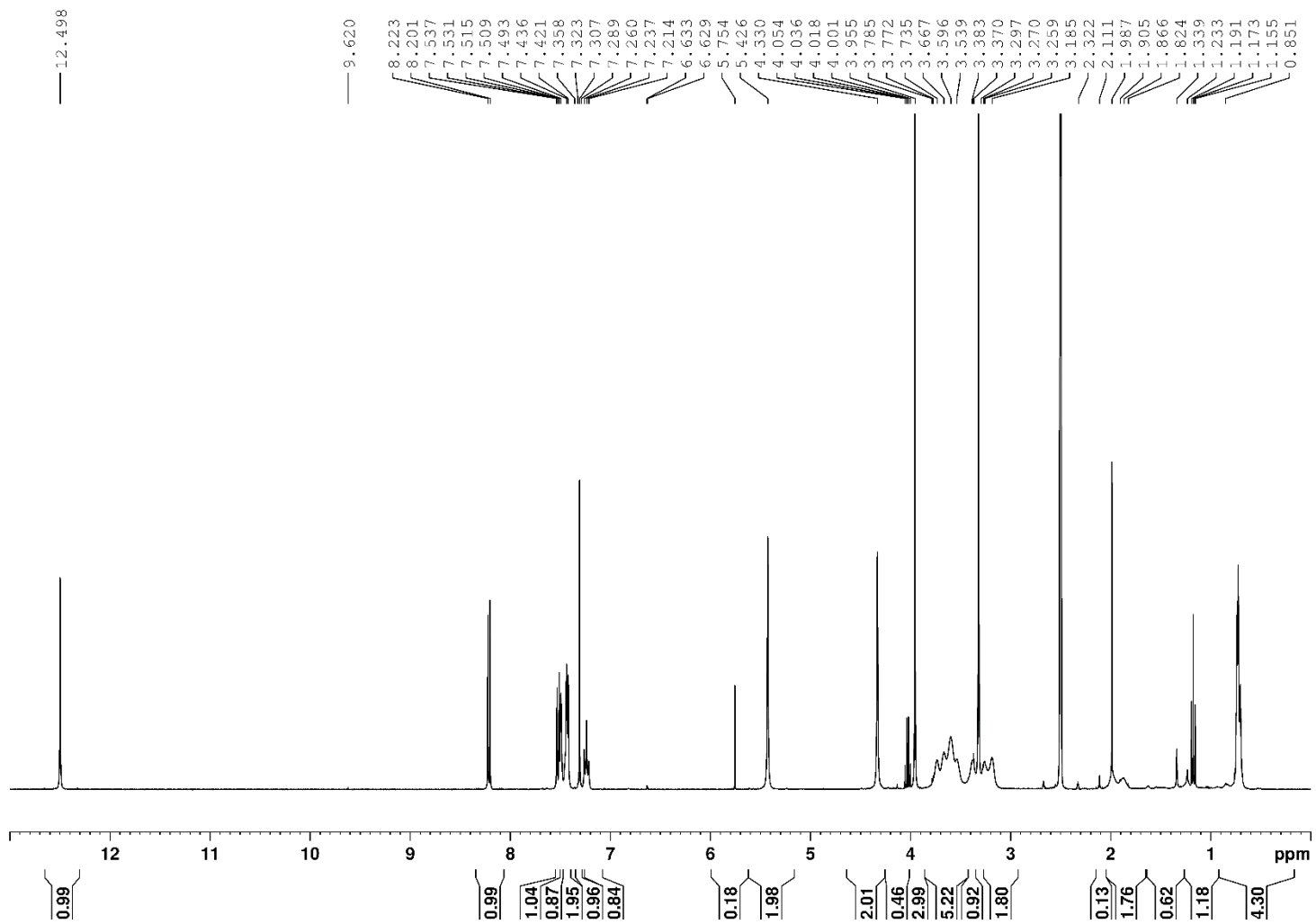
**<sup>1</sup>H NMR Compound 7**



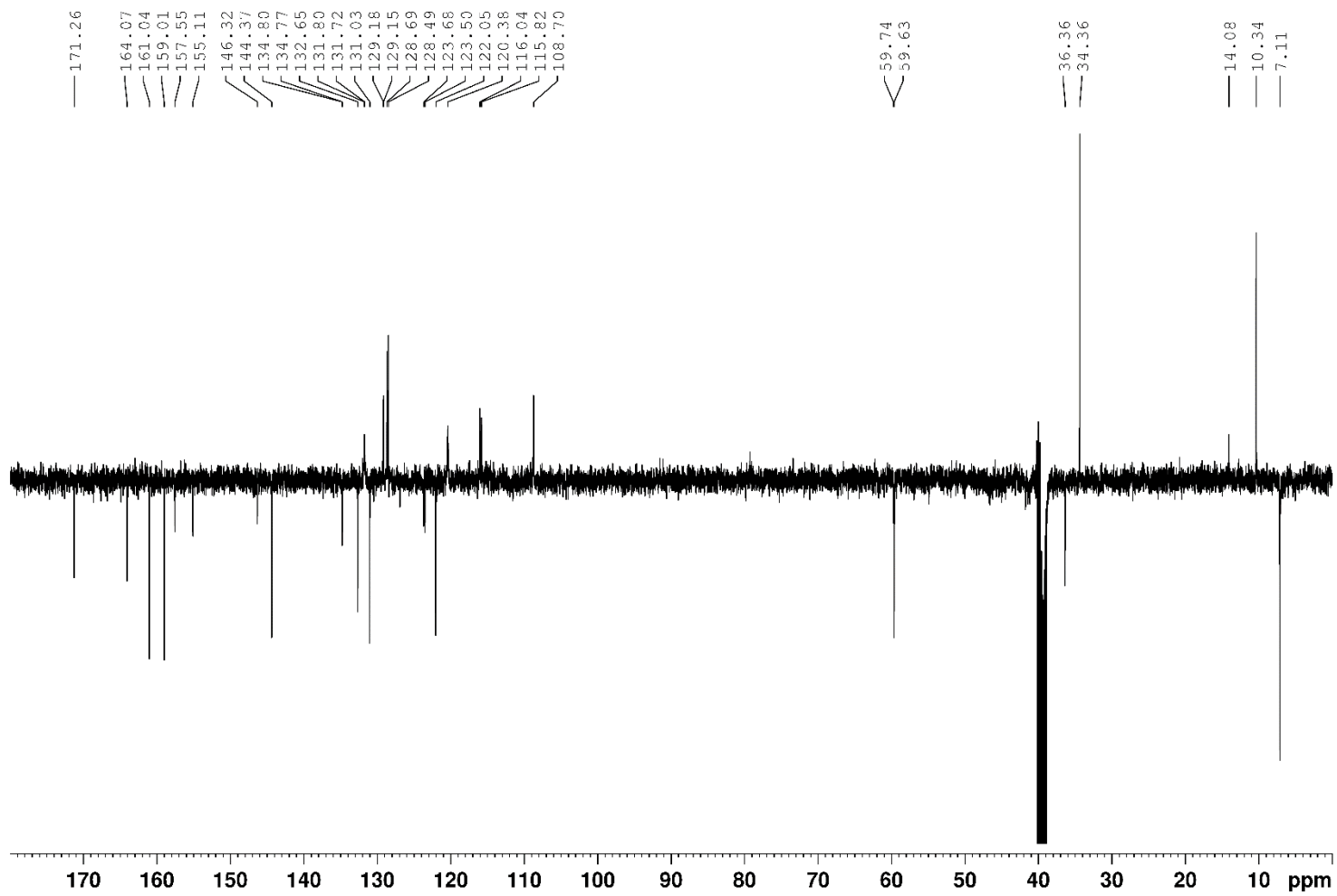
**<sup>13</sup>C NMR (APT) Compound 7**



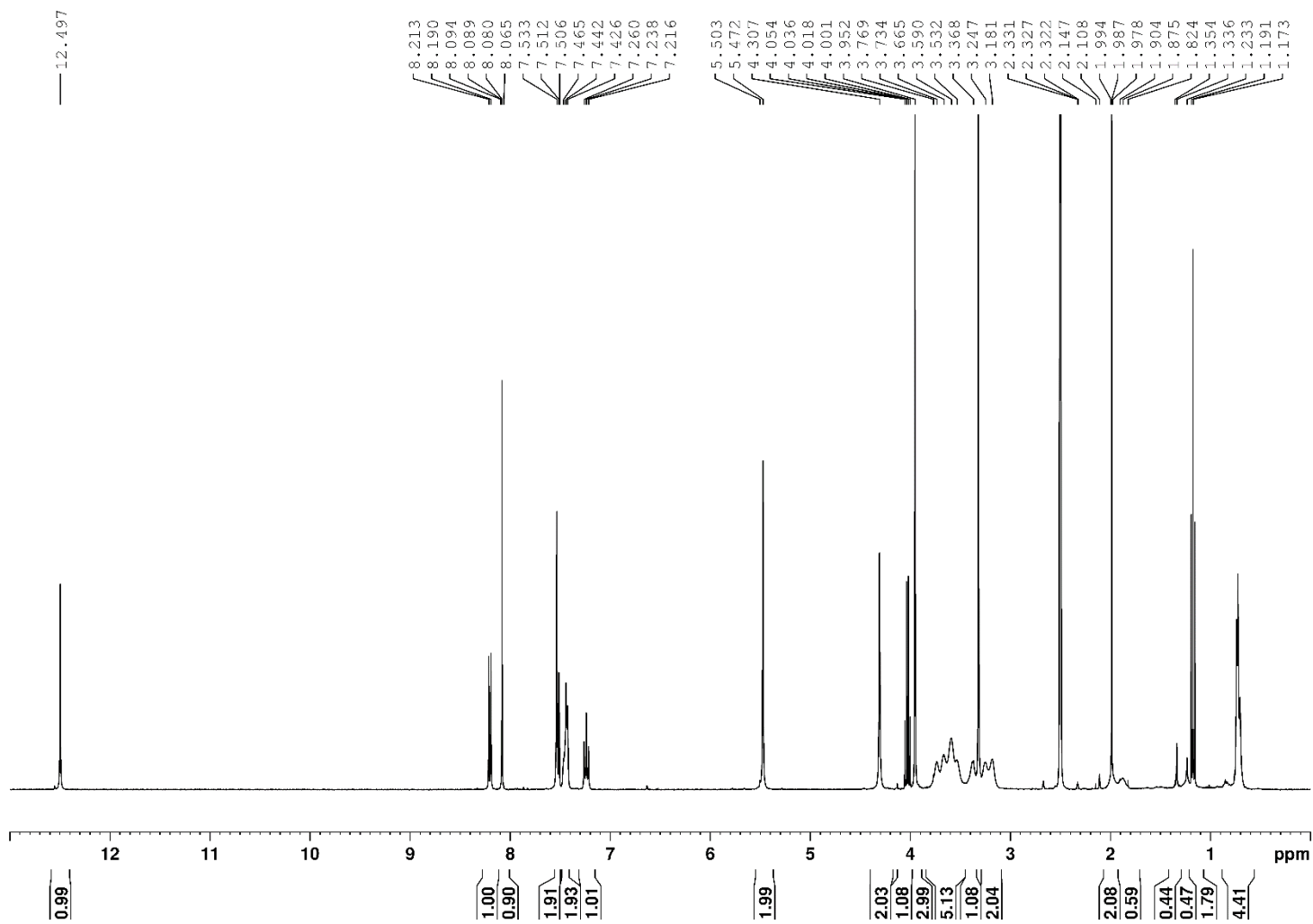
# <sup>1</sup>H NMR Compound 8



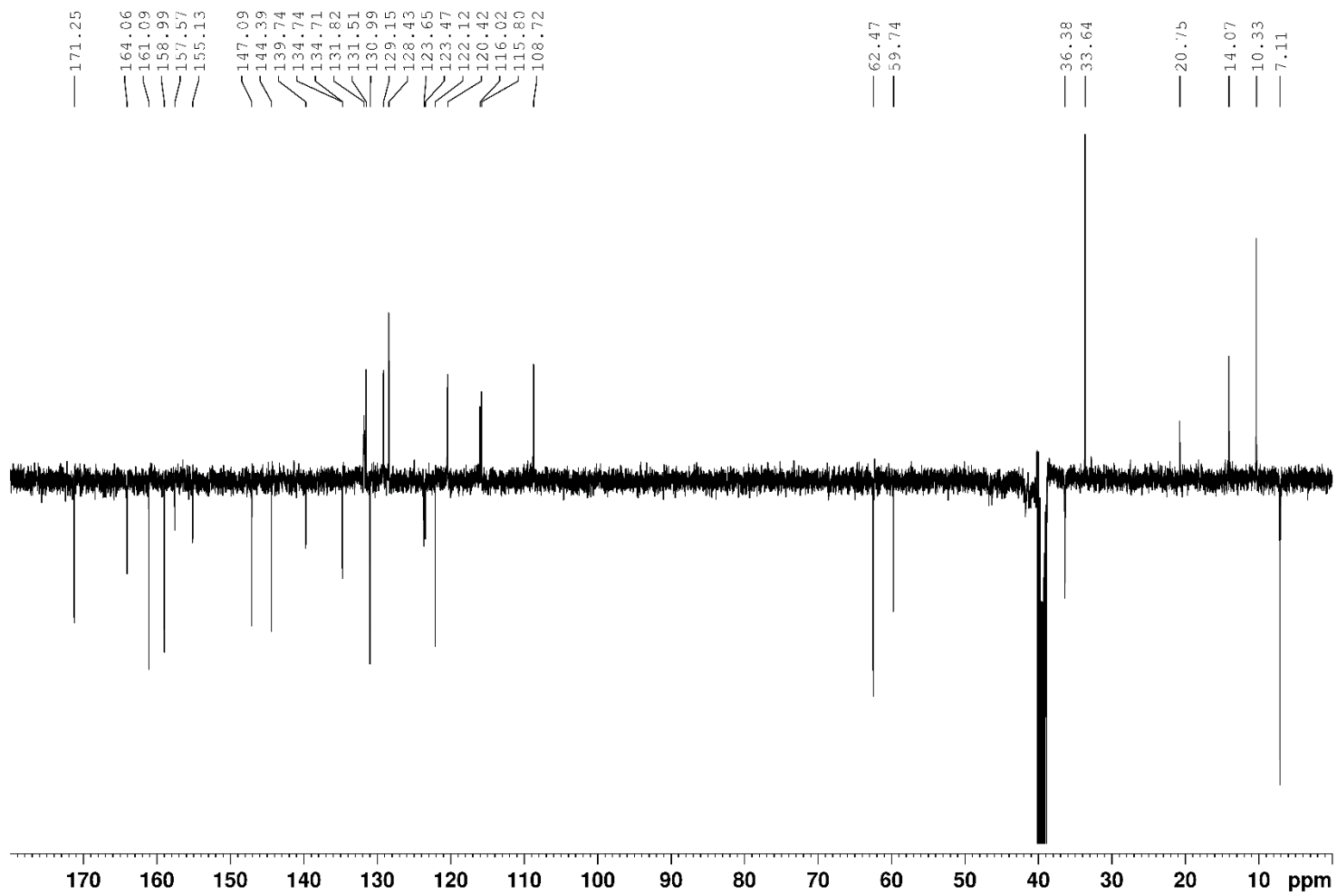
**<sup>13</sup>C NMR (APT) Compound 8**



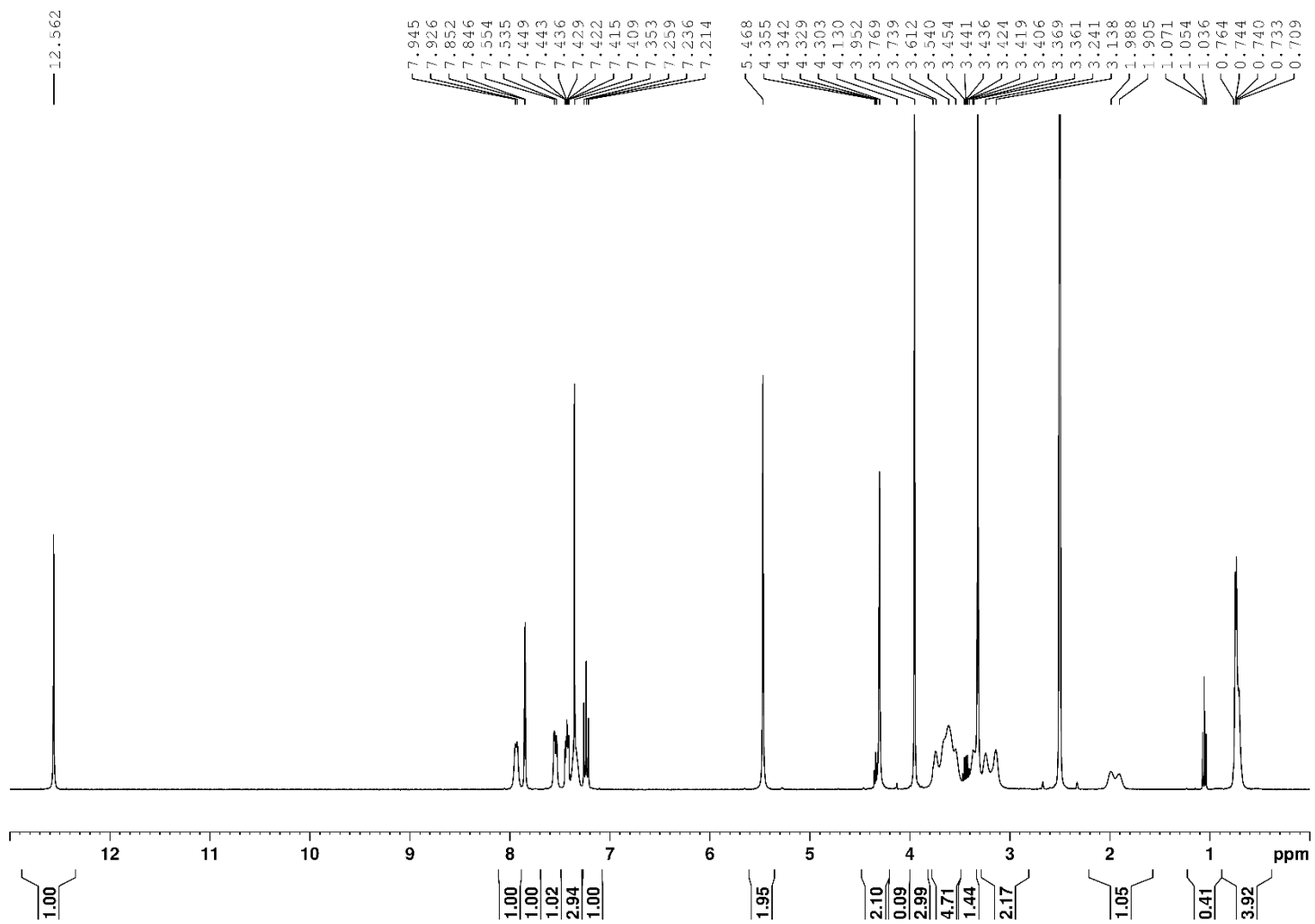
**<sup>1</sup>H NMR Compound 9**



**<sup>13</sup>C NMR (APT) Compound 9**

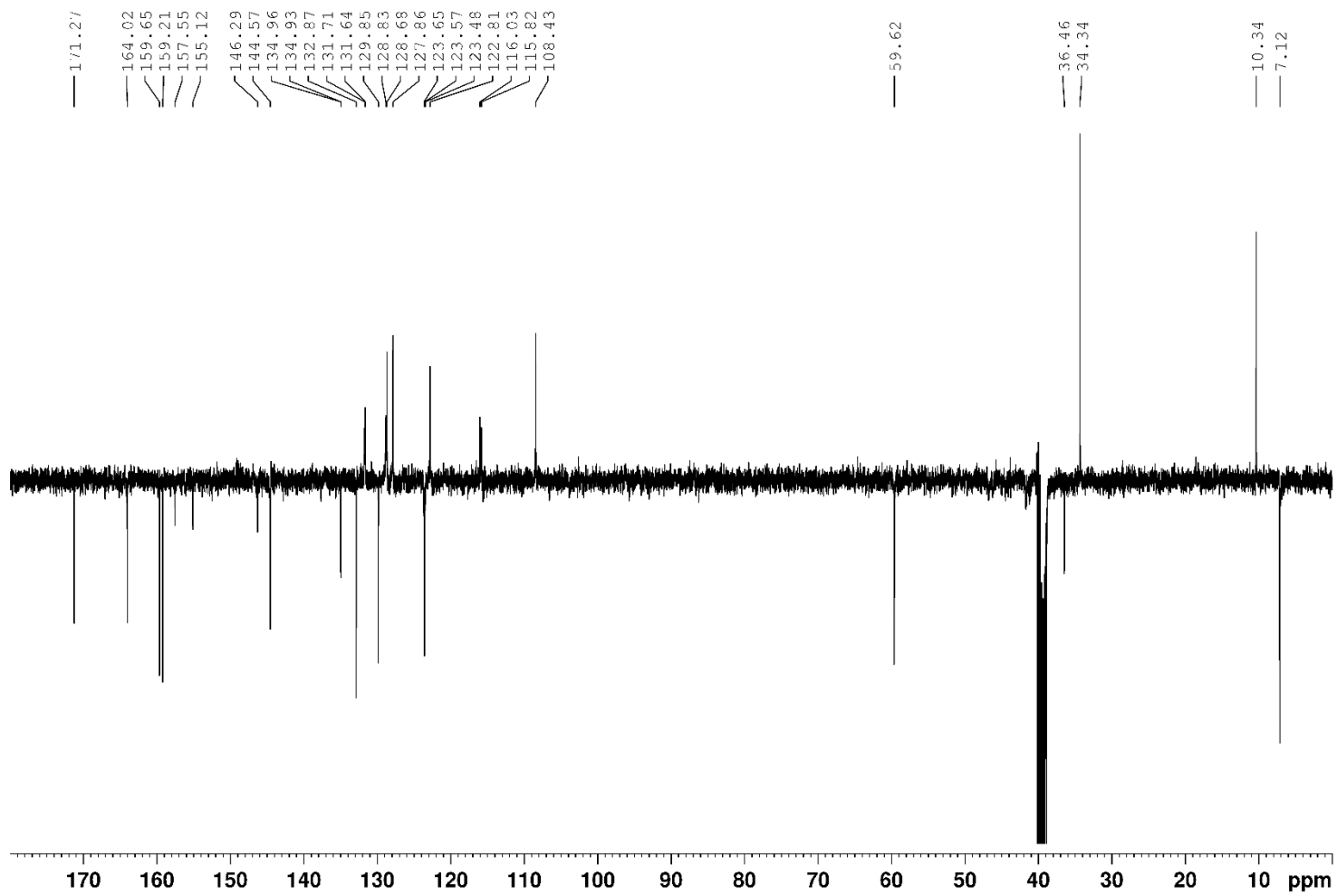


# <sup>1</sup>H NMR Compound 10

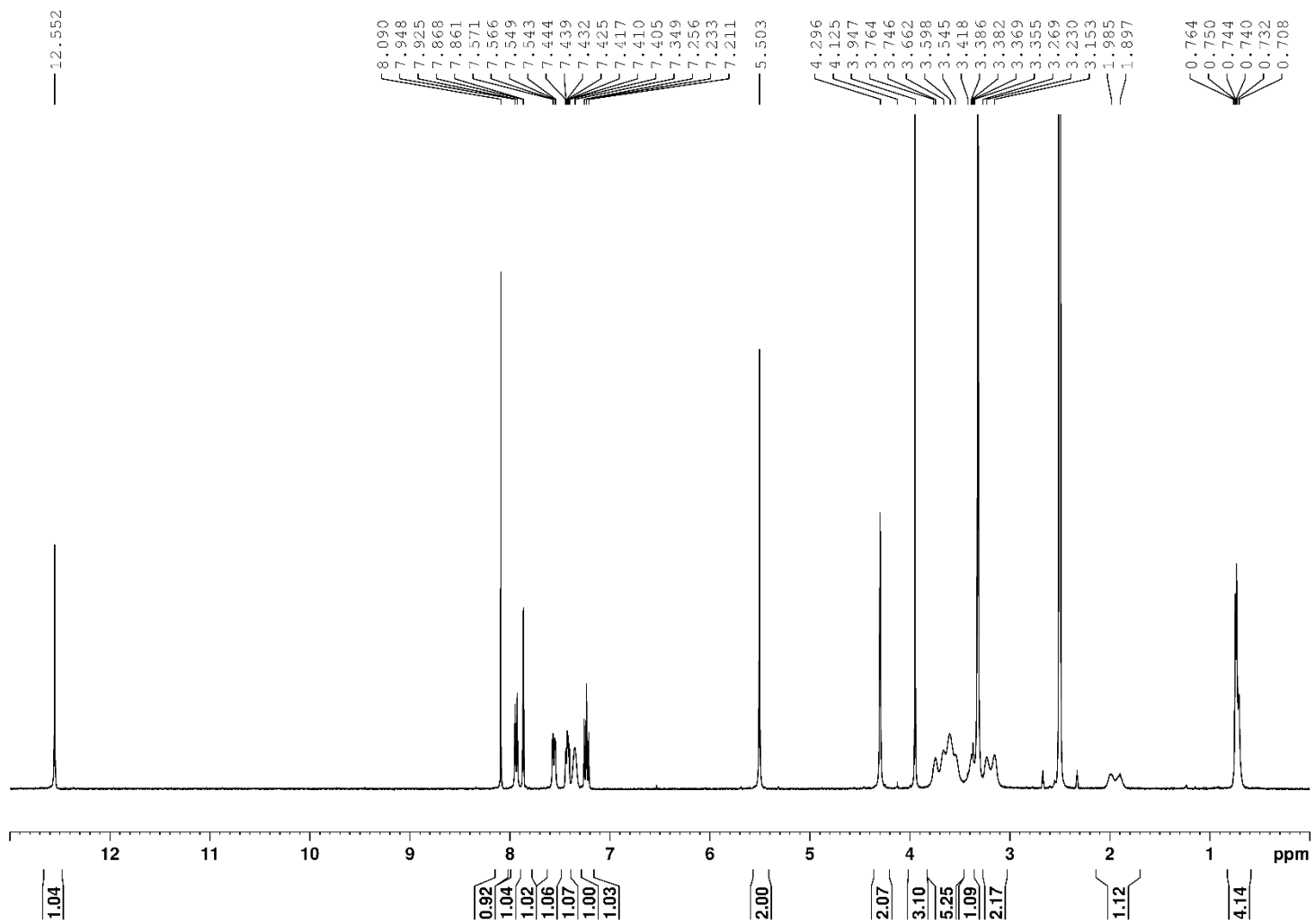




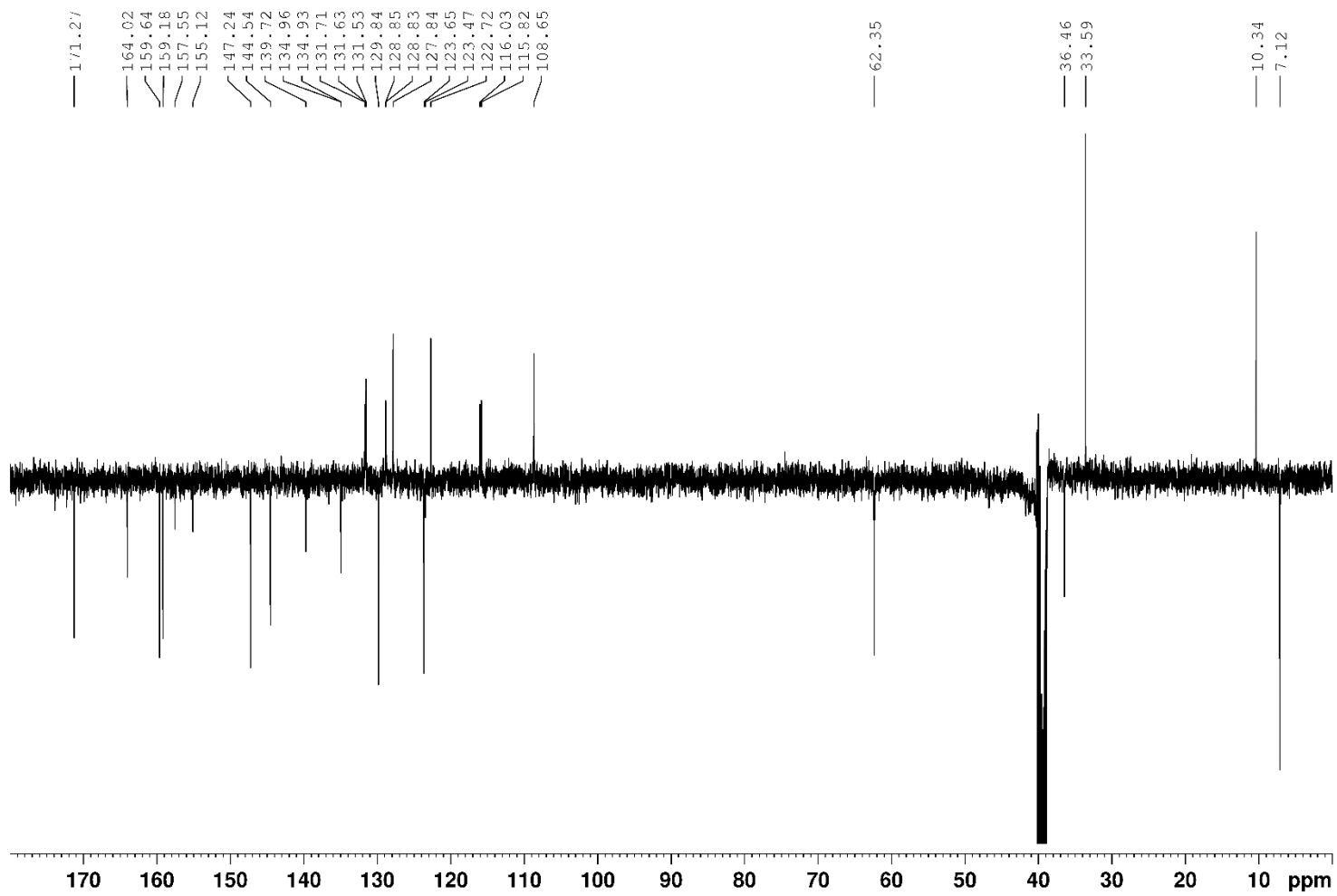
**<sup>13</sup>C NMR (APT) Compound 10**



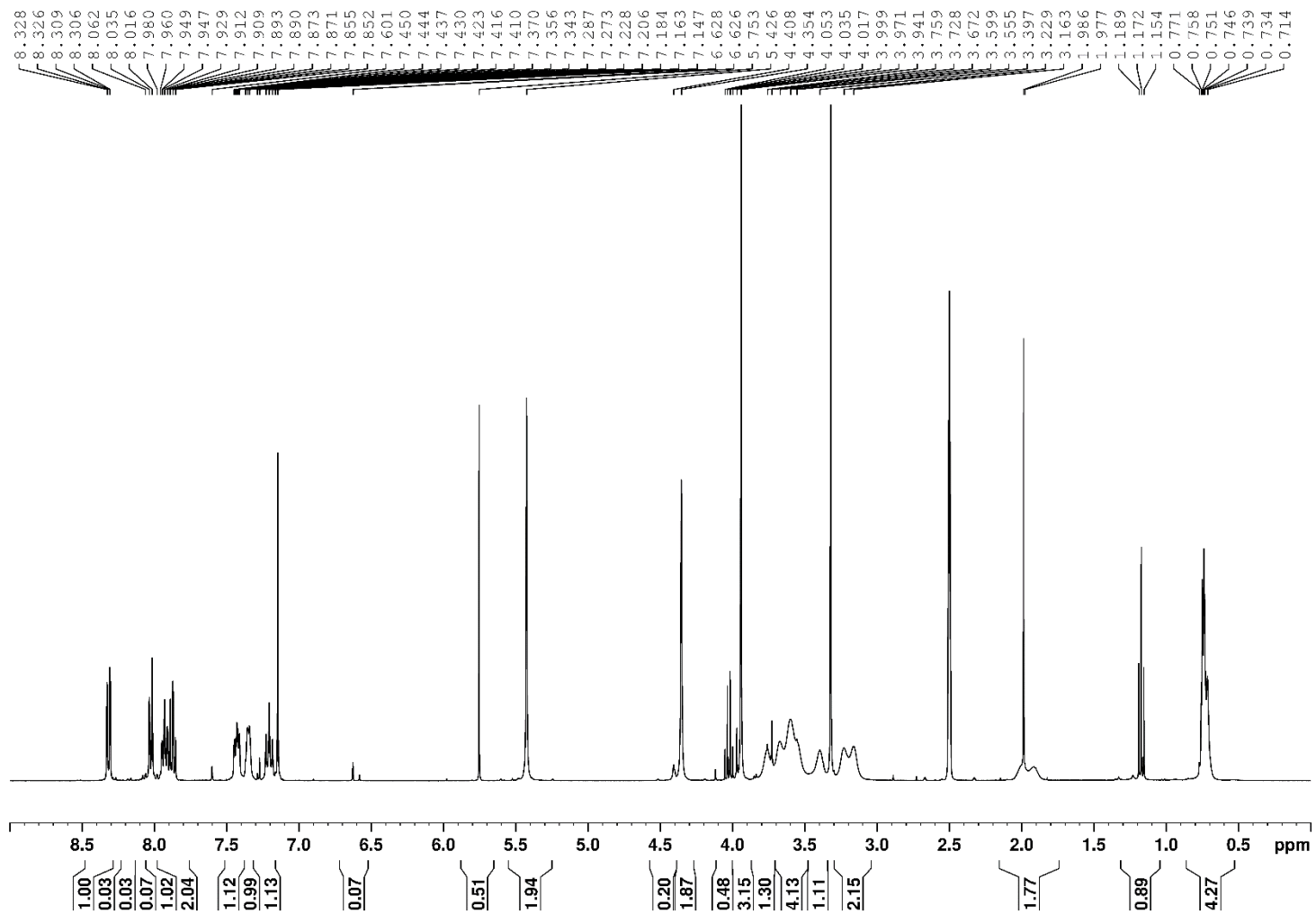
# <sup>1</sup>H NMR Compound 11



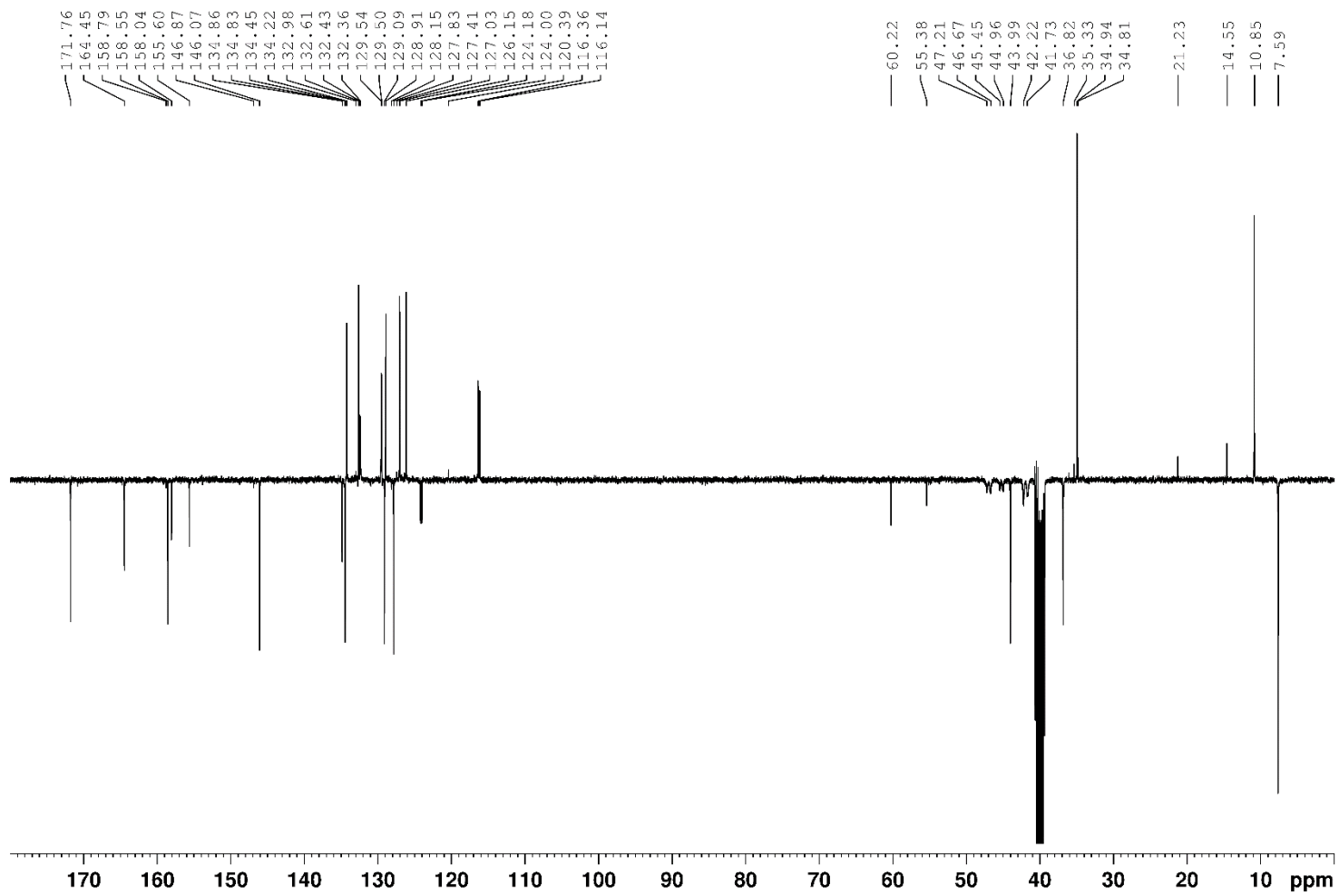
**<sup>13</sup>C NMR (APT) Compound 11**



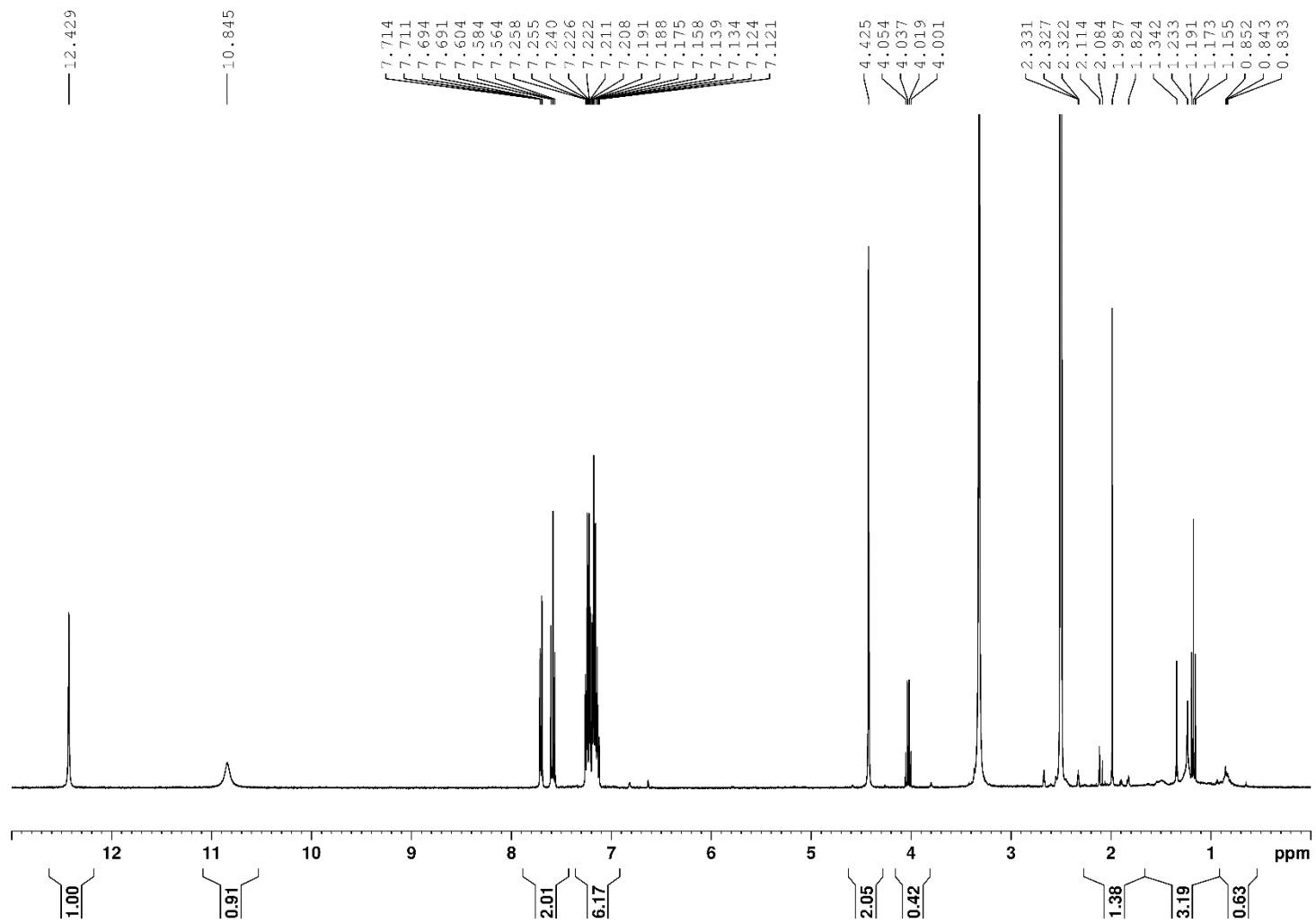
**<sup>1</sup>H NMR Compound 18**



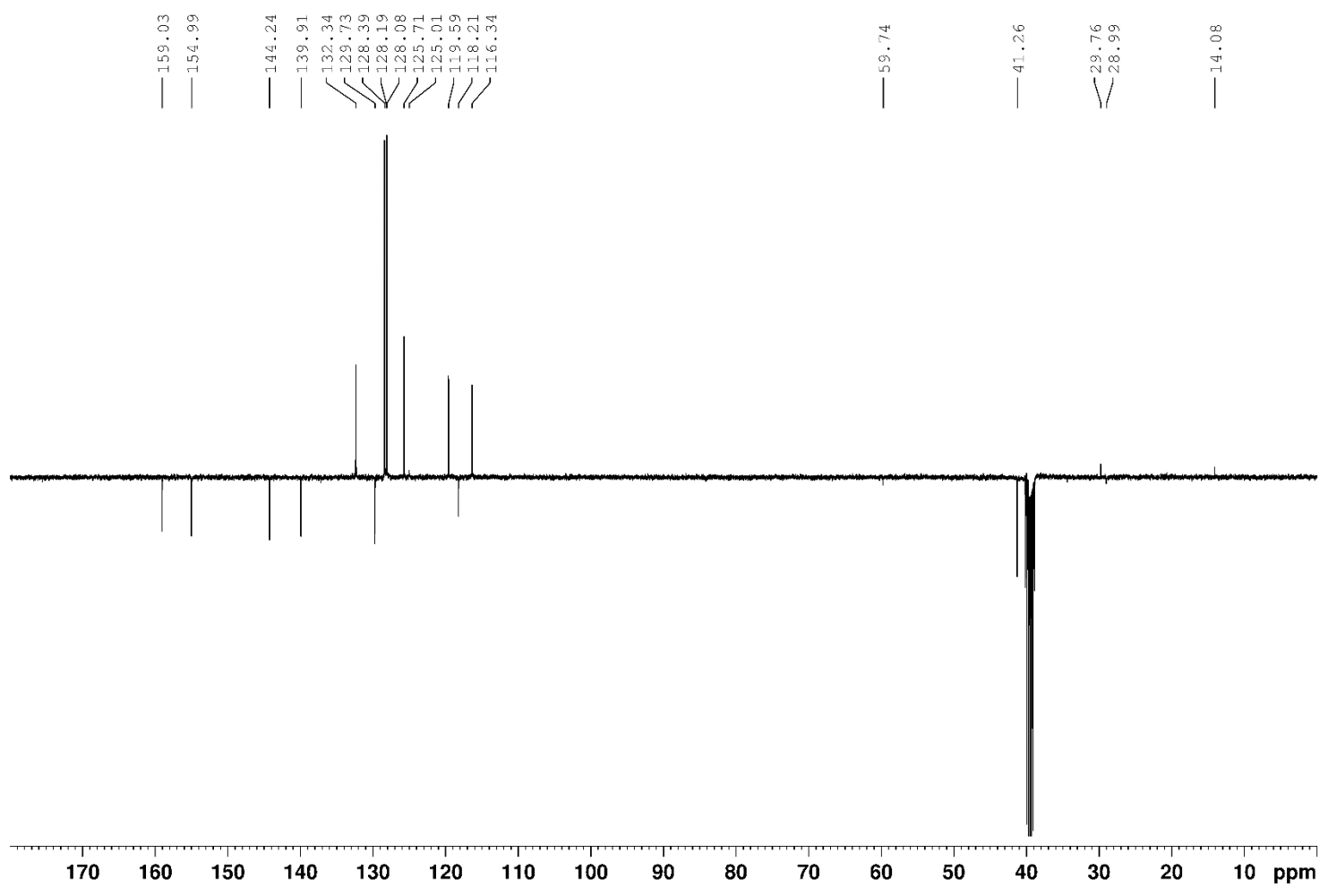
**<sup>13</sup>C NMR (APT) Compound 18**



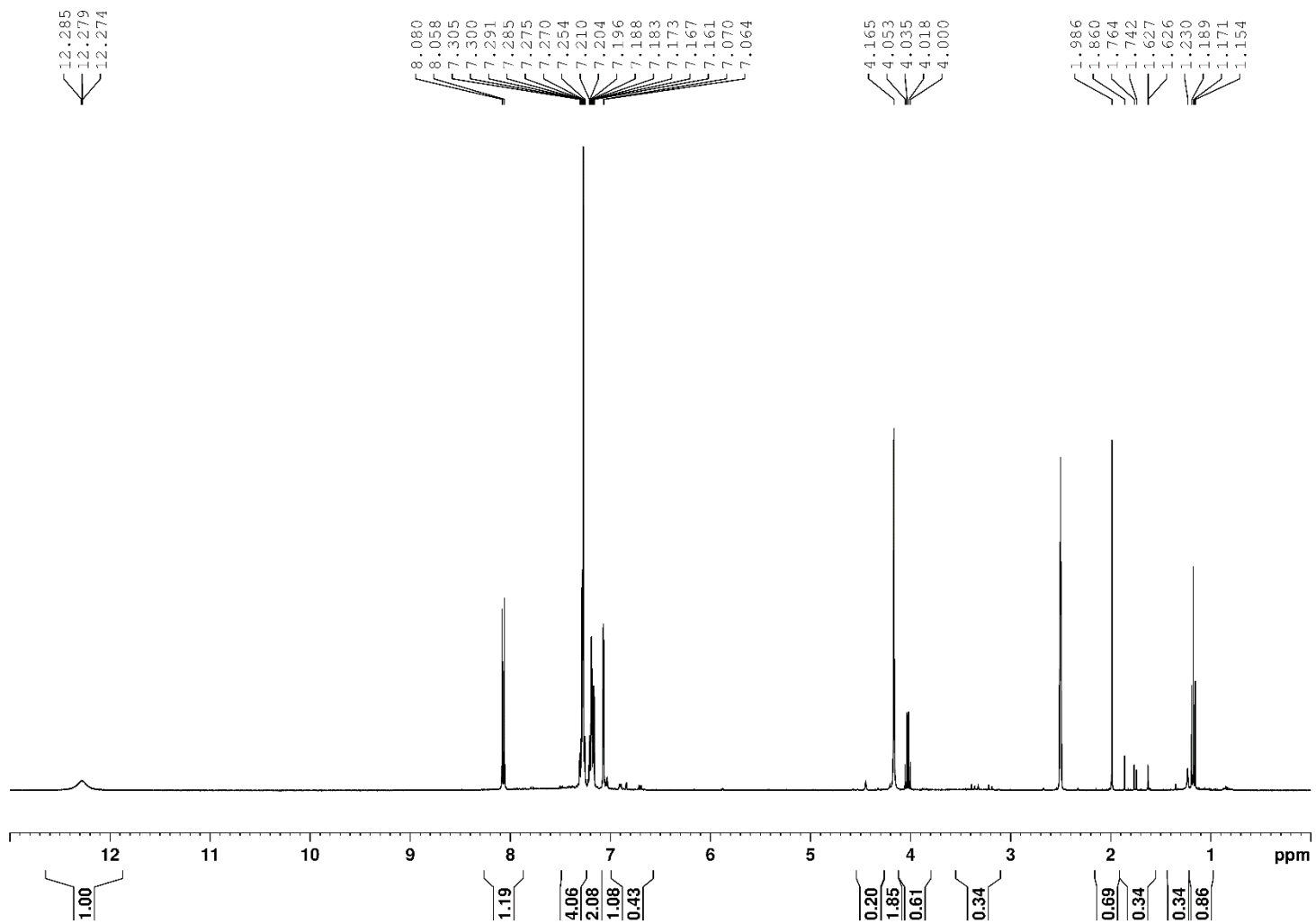
**<sup>1</sup>H NMR Compound 38**



**<sup>13</sup>C NMR (APT) Compound 38**

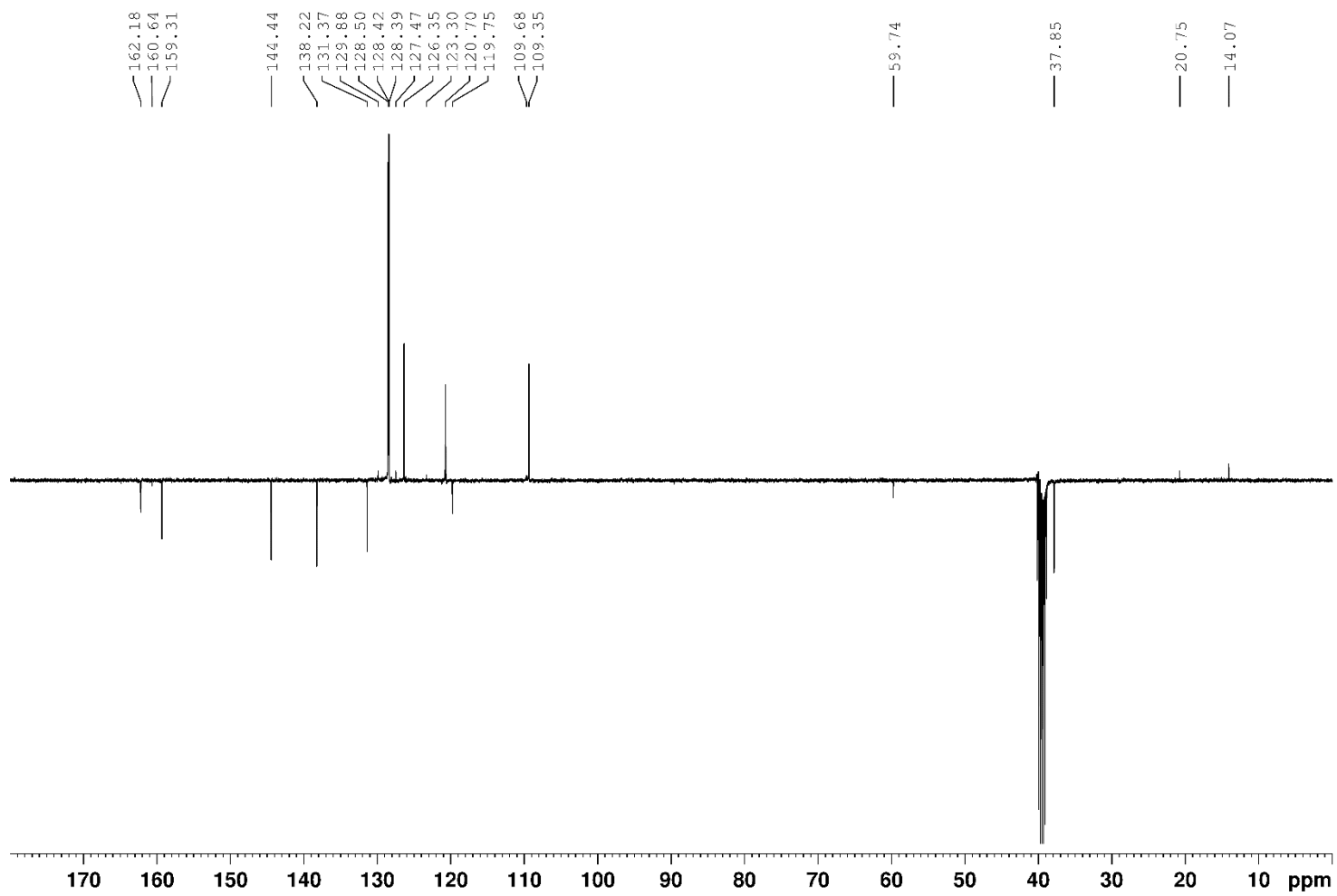


**<sup>1</sup>H NMR Compound 39**

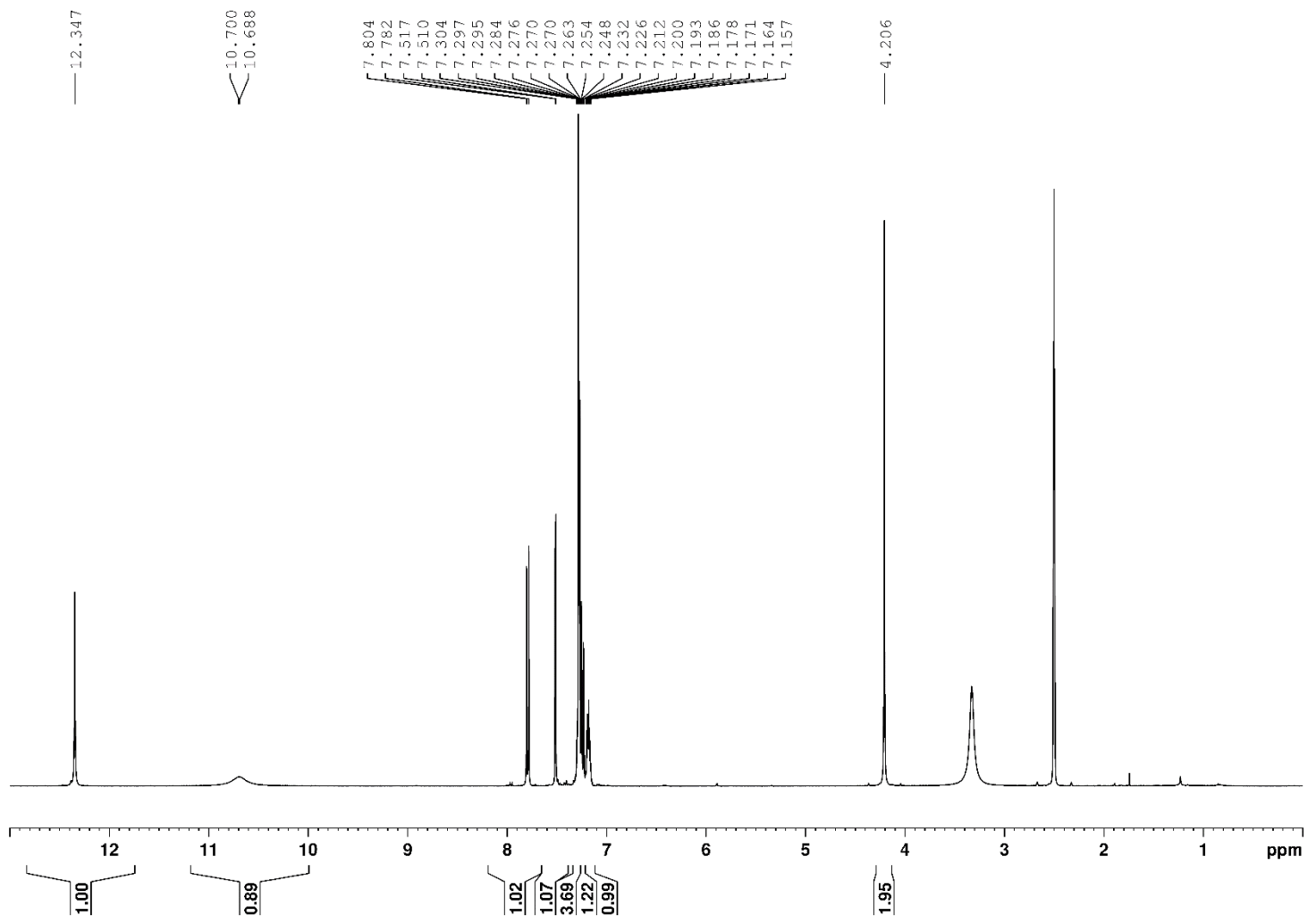




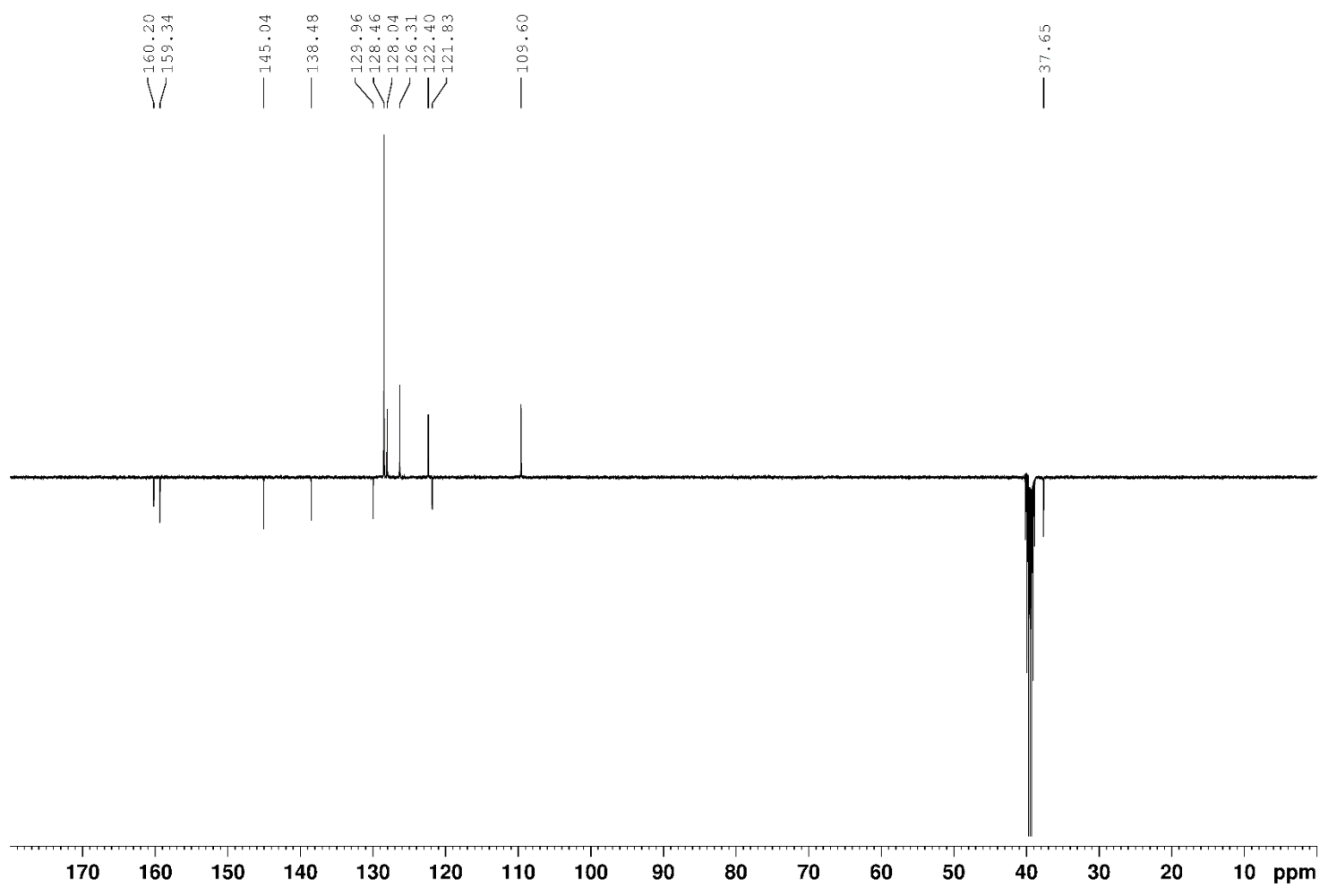
**<sup>13</sup>C NMR (APT) Compound 39**



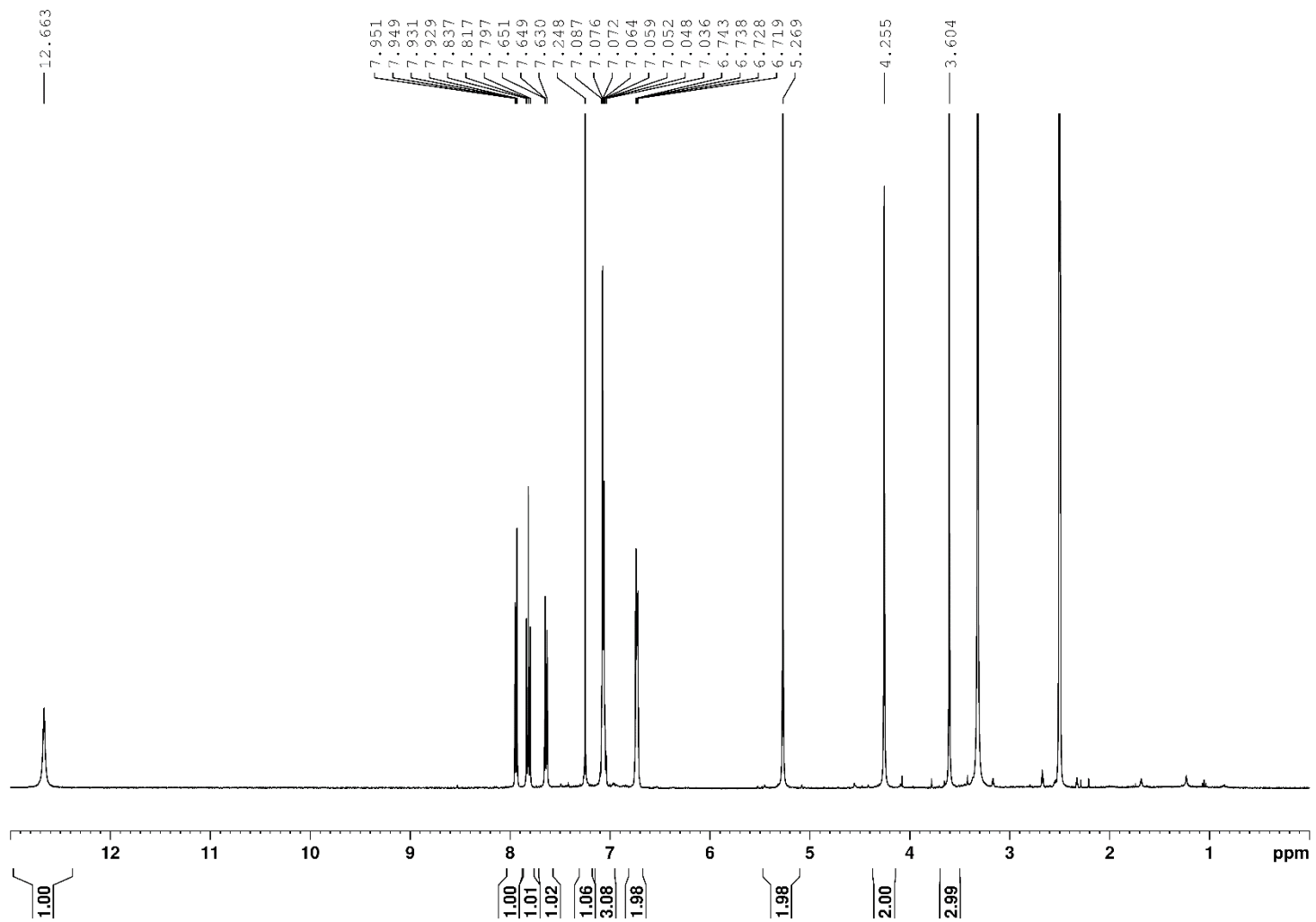
**<sup>1</sup>H NMR Compound 40**



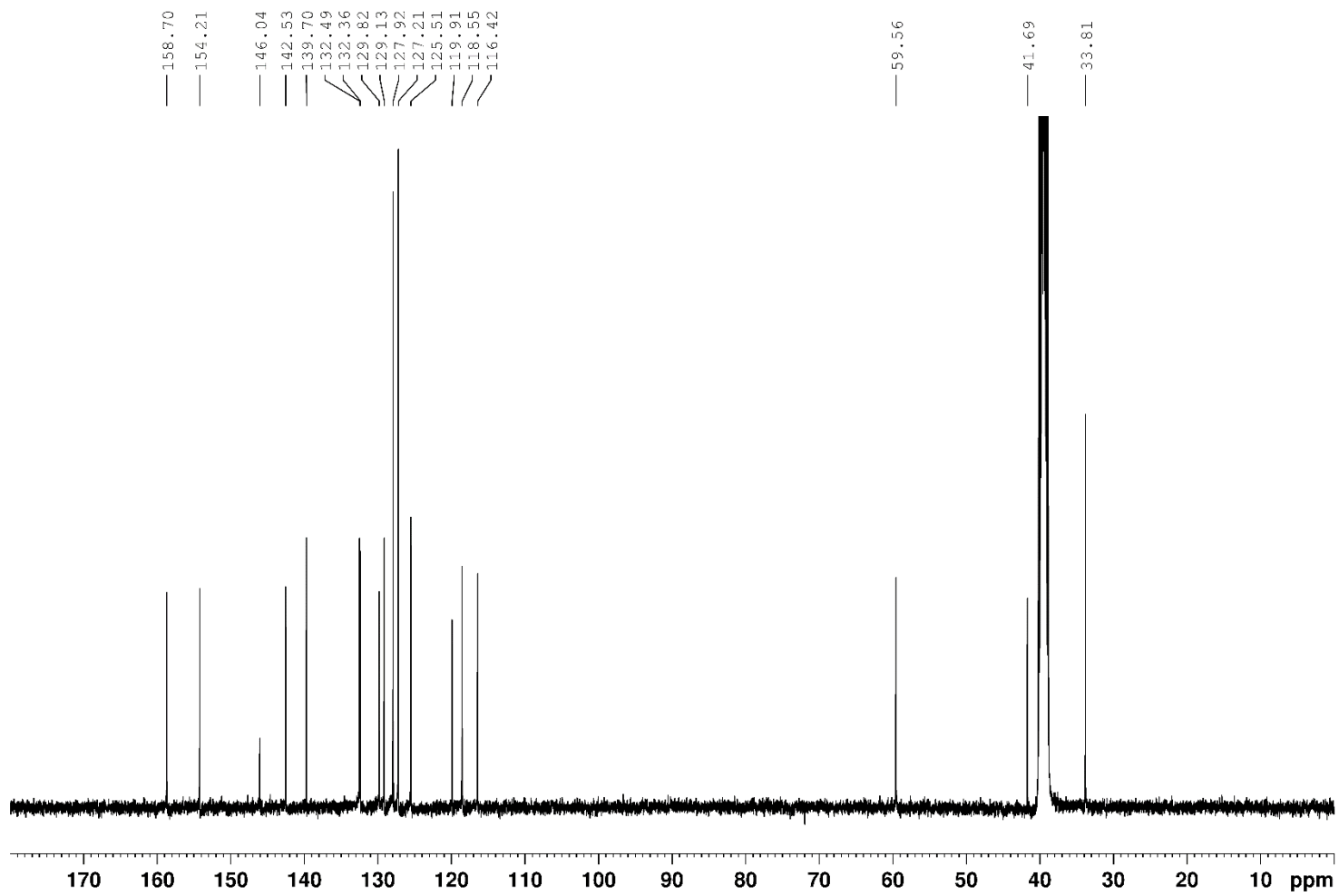
**<sup>13</sup>C NMR (APT) Compound 40**



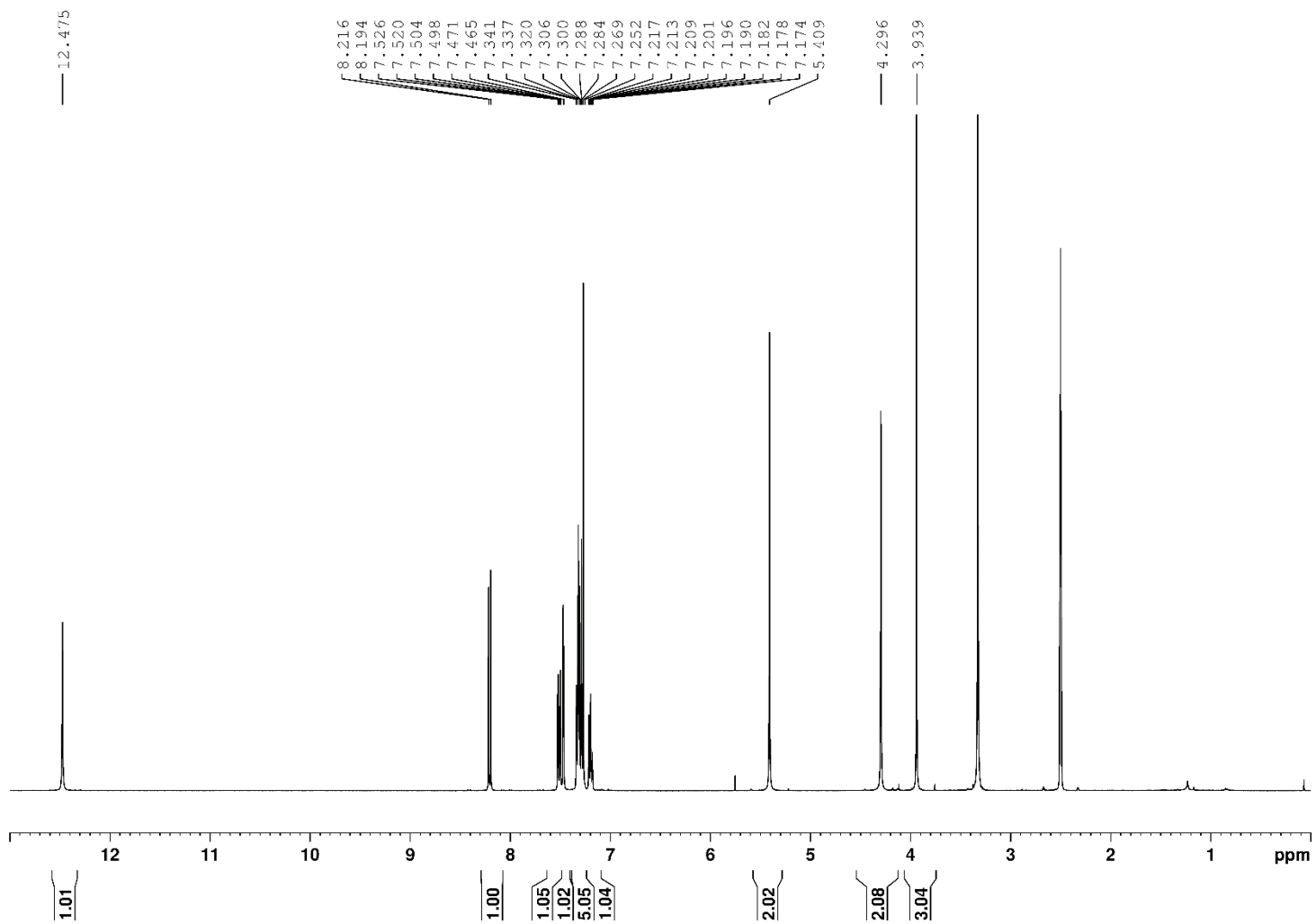
**<sup>1</sup>H NMR Compound 44**



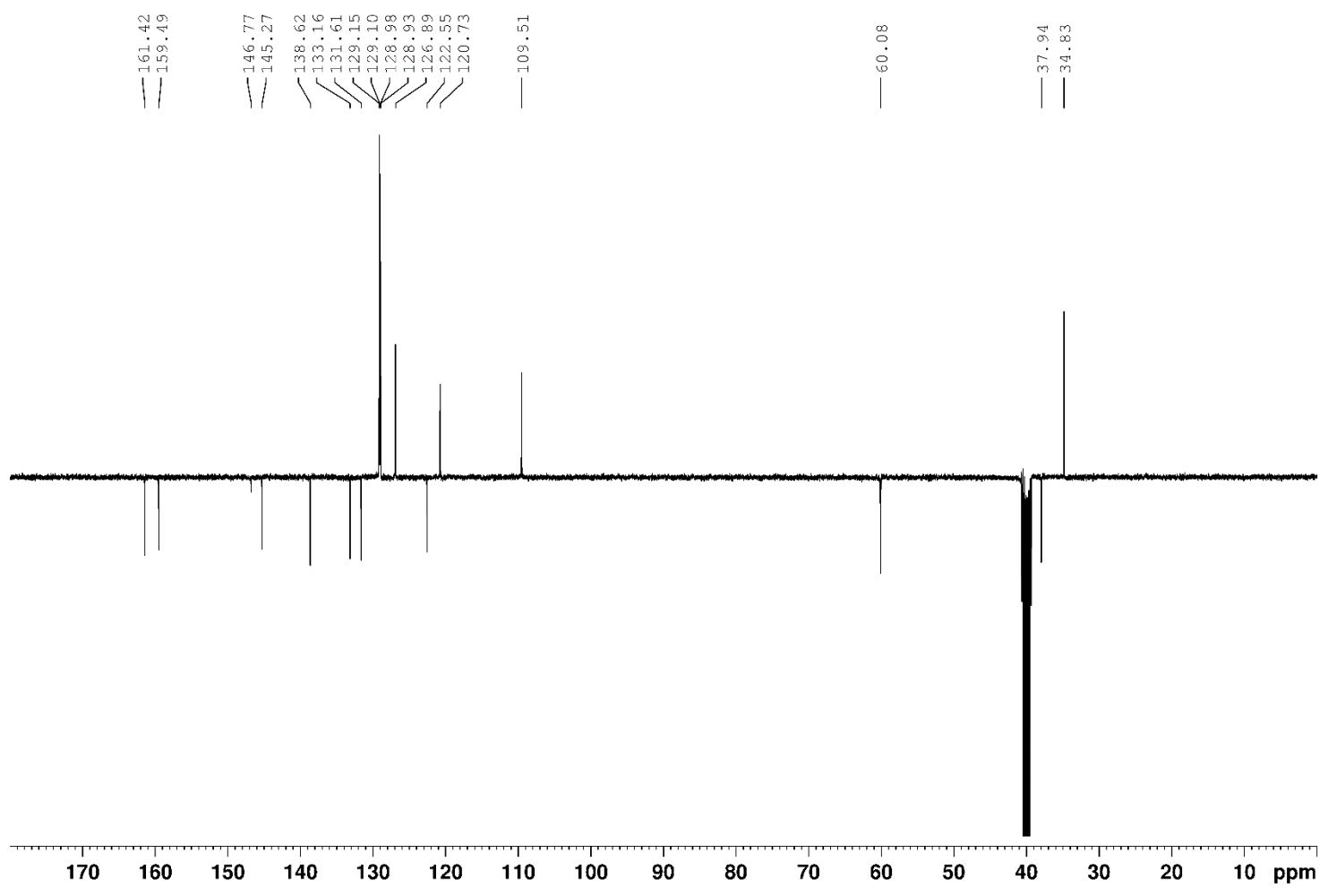
**<sup>13</sup>C NMR Compound 44**



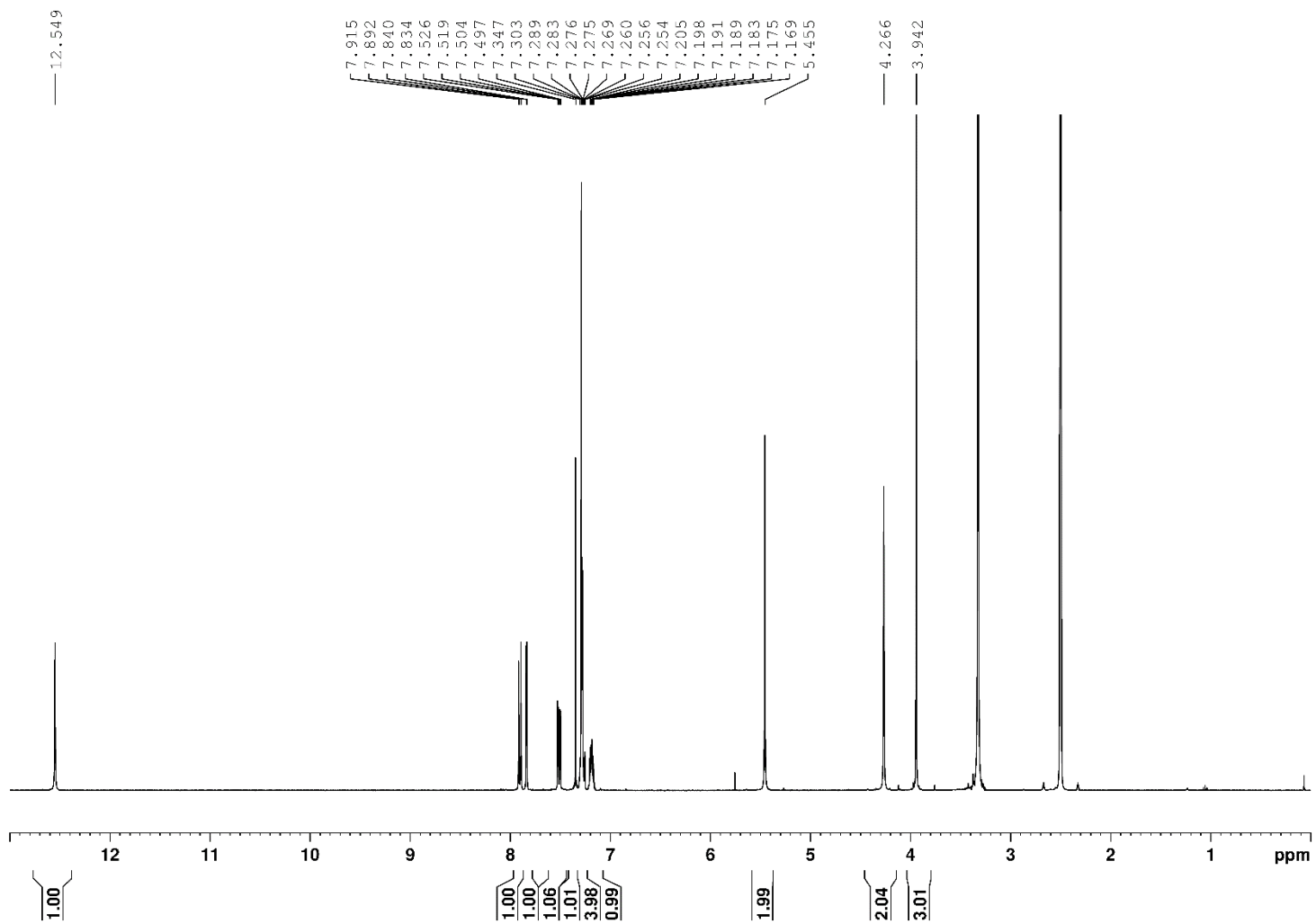
**<sup>1</sup>H NMR Compound 45**



**<sup>13</sup>C NMR (APT) Compound 45**

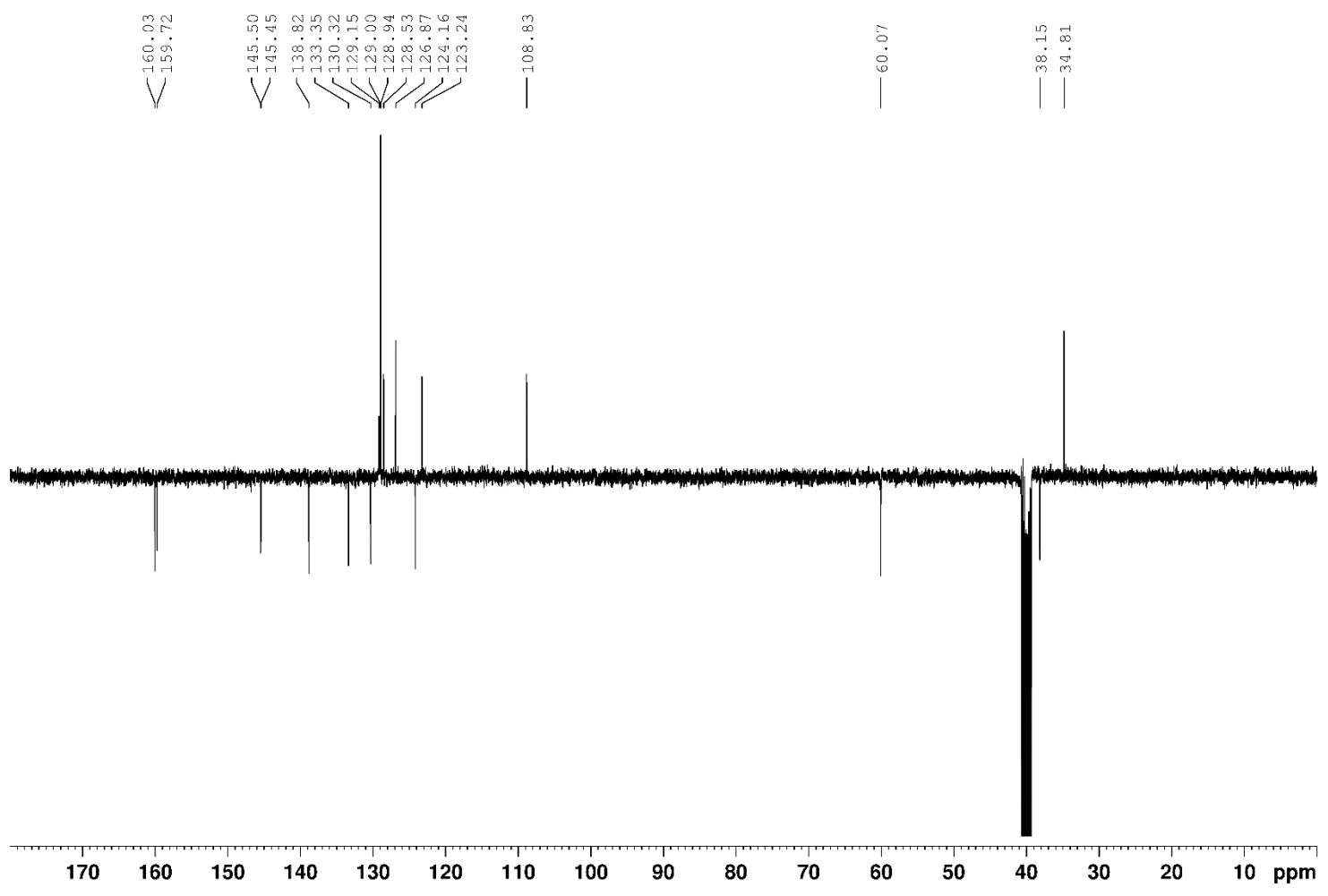


**<sup>1</sup>H NMR Compound 46**

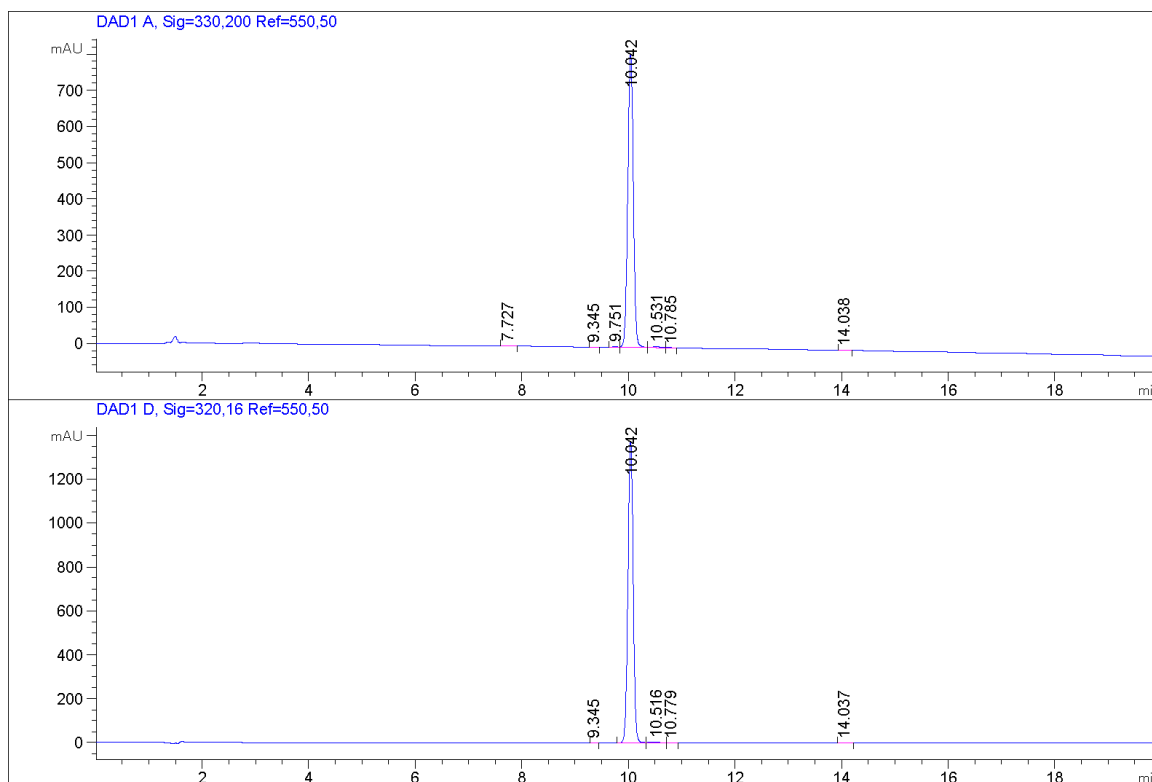




**<sup>13</sup>C NMR (APT) Compound 46**



# HPLC Compound 4



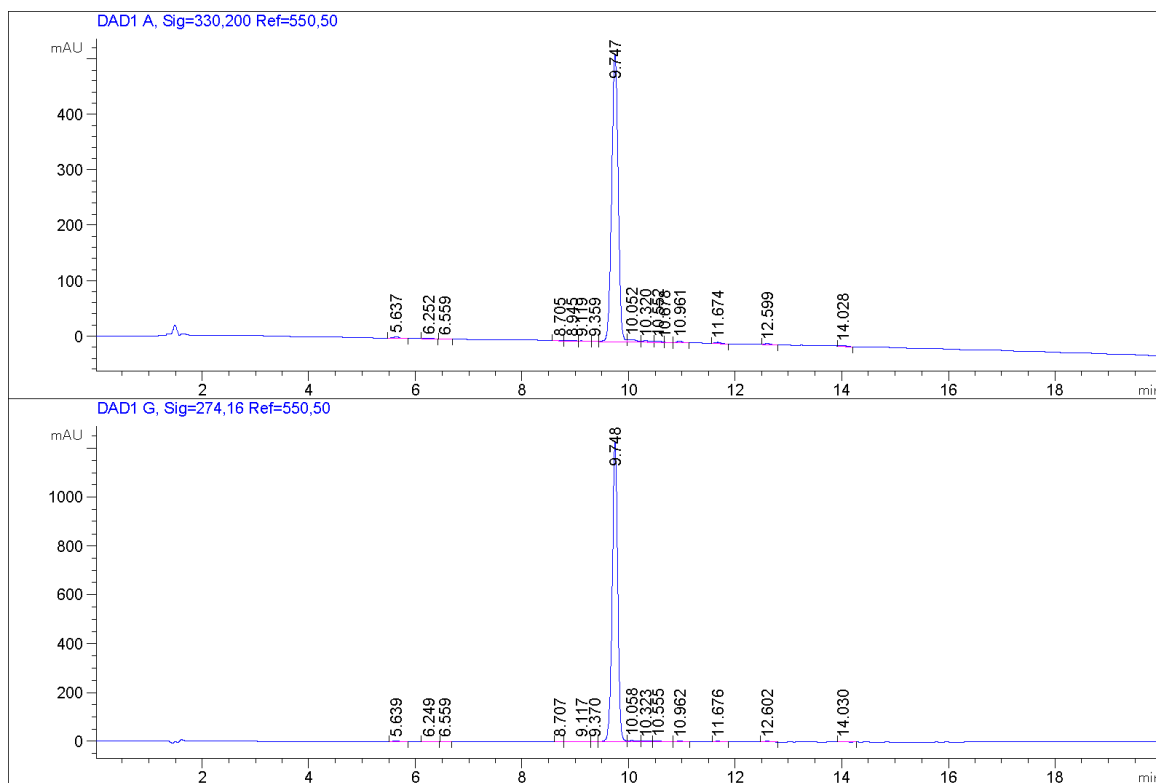
Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=330,200 Ref=550,50

Signal 2: DAD1 D, Sig=320,16 Ref=550,50

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %	Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	7.727	BB	0.1075	11.75733	1.72611	0.2005	1	9.345	MM	0.0761	1.07070	2.34443e-1	0.0115
2	9.345	MM	0.0965	1.81819	3.13892e-1	0.0310	2	10.042	FM	0.1116	9257.09277	1382.00073	99.2618
3	9.751	MF	0.1037	12.87006	2.06860	0.2195	3	10.516	FM	0.2158	58.51730	4.52041	0.6275
4	10.042	FM	0.1183	5795.53711	816.48138	98.8360	4	10.779	FM	0.1402	2.82679	3.35930e-1	0.0303
5	10.531	FM	0.1721	34.71669	3.36196	0.5921	5	14.037	BB	0.1016	6.42618	1.01804	0.0689
6	10.785	FM	0.1344	2.44897	3.03666e-1	0.0418							
7	14.038	MM	0.1091	4.64618	7.09625e-1	0.0792	Totals :				9325.93374	1388.10956	

Totals : 5863.79452 824.96523

# HPLC Compound 5

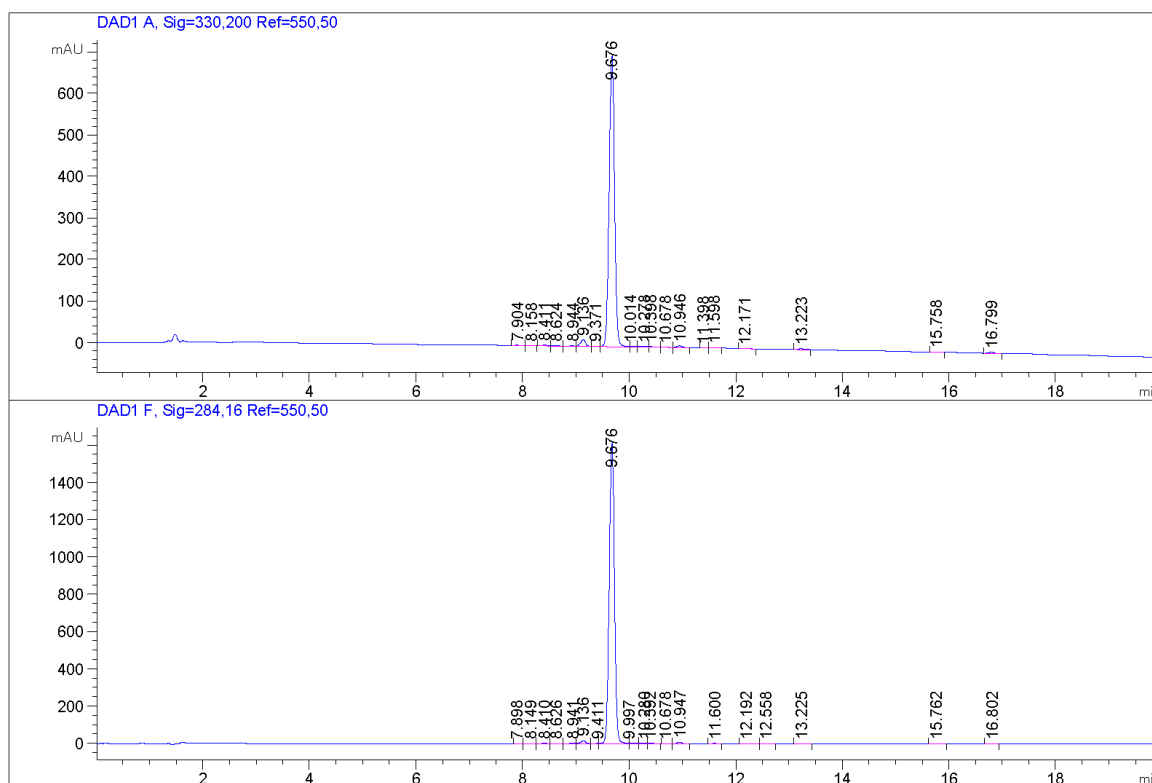


Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=330,200 Ref=550,50

Signal 2: DAD1 G, Sig=274,16 Ref=550,50

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %	Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	5.637	BB	0.1198	18.18447	2.31092	0.3966	1	5.639	BB	0.1209	17.07057	2.24046	0.1890
2	6.252	MM	0.1170	2.55232	3.63564e-1	0.0557	2	6.249	BB	0.1169	9.17972	1.20413	0.1016
3	6.559	MM	0.1160	1.52749	2.19373e-1	0.0333	3	6.559	MM	0.1083	1.30608	2.00913e-1	0.0145
4	8.705	MF	0.1096	4.48760	6.82128e-1	0.0979	4	8.707	MF	0.1043	4.55193	7.27149e-1	0.0504
5	8.945	FM	0.2010	8.43796	6.99805e-1	0.1840	5	9.117	FM	0.3173	26.93488	1.41493	0.2982
6	9.119	FM	0.1943	7.88025	6.75934e-1	0.1719	6	9.370	FM	0.1256	6.65056	8.82820e-1	0.0736
7	9.359	FM	0.1193	4.00252	5.59142e-1	0.0873	7	9.748	FM	0.1180	8754.33398	1236.17505	96.9103
8	9.747	FM	0.1399	4368.44580	520.47461	95.2774	8	10.058	FM	0.1932	68.84543	5.94036	0.7621
9	10.052	FM	0.1808	50.56490	4.66221	1.1028	9	10.323	FM	0.1521	34.15041	3.74257	0.3780
10	10.320	FM	0.1718	31.27438	3.03397	0.6821	10	10.555	FM	0.1516	40.50114	4.45409	0.4483
11	10.552	FM	0.1269	20.68893	2.71728	0.4512	11	10.962	FM	0.1165	25.91370	3.70673	0.2869
12	10.678	FM	0.1035	3.70106	5.95917e-1	0.0807	12	11.676	BB	0.1026	16.95728	2.65300	0.1877
13	10.961	FM	0.1119	21.59909	3.21784	0.4711	13	12.602	BB	0.1042	16.34636	2.50260	0.1810
14	11.674	BB	0.1031	15.15764	2.35580	0.3306	14	14.030	VB	0.1008	10.69770	1.62559	0.1184
15	12.599	BB	0.1033	13.79095	2.13716	0.3008							
16	14.028	VB	0.1035	12.67939	1.86152	0.2765							
Totals :				4584.97476	546.56716		Totals :				9033.43974	1267.47039	

# HPLC Compound 6



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=330,200 Ref=550,50

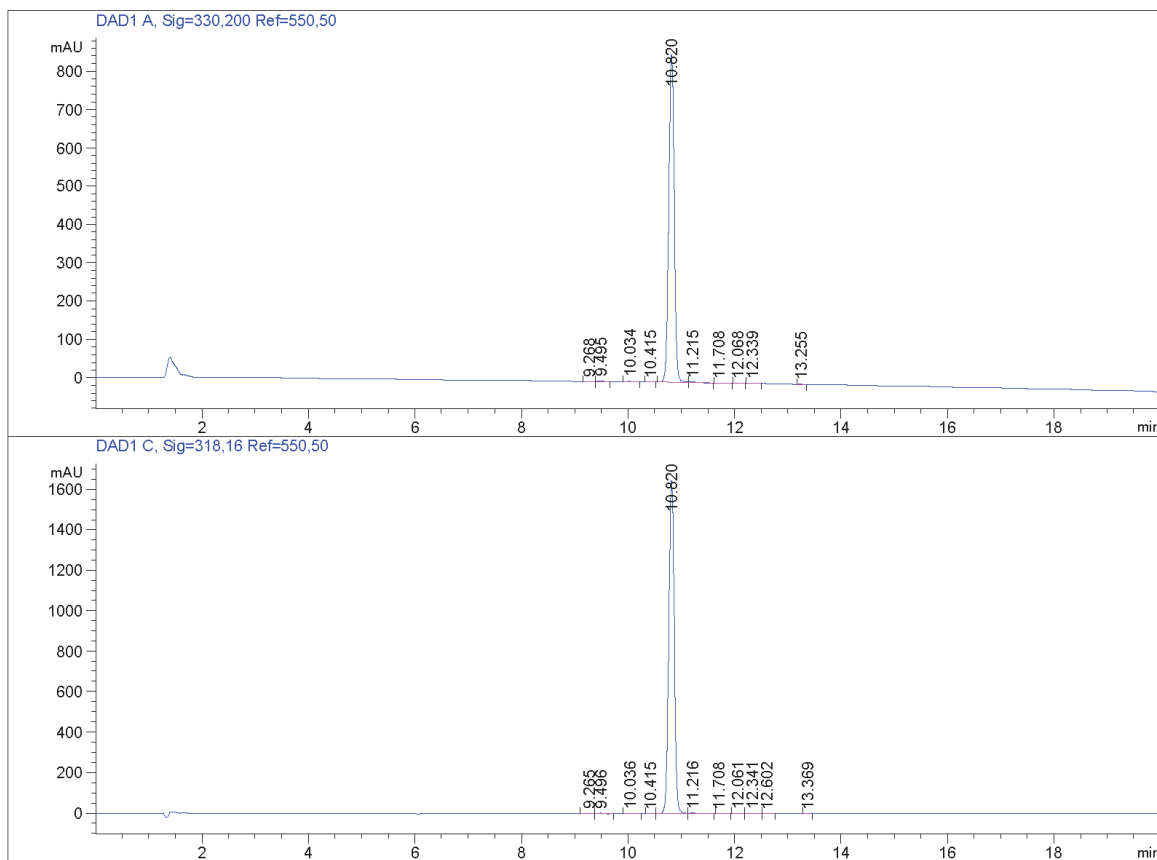
Signal 2: DAD1 F, Sig=284,16 Ref=550,50

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %	Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	7.904	MM	0.1058	3.56522	5.61768e-1	0.0687	1	7.898	MF	0.0950	2.81639	4.93872e-1	0.0249
2	8.158	MM	0.0890	1.69985	3.18470e-1	0.0328	2	8.149	MF	0.1041	4.76618	7.62986e-1	0.0422
3	8.411	MF	0.1062	9.62270	1.50996	0.1855	3	8.410	MF	0.1038	18.66243	2.99531	0.1651
4	8.624	MF	0.1403	7.09010	8.42230e-1	0.1367	4	8.626	MF	0.1598	15.93376	1.66199	0.1409
5	8.944	MF	0.1677	9.22324	9.16861e-1	0.1778	5	8.941	MF	0.1805	22.94137	2.11889	0.2029
6	9.136	MF	0.1090	102.09525	15.60889	1.9683	6	9.136	MF	0.1159	105.27835	15.13420	0.9311
7	9.371	MF	0.1487	6.69319	7.50134e-1	0.1290	7	9.411	MF	0.1278	11.91934	1.55384	0.1054
8	9.676	MF	0.1169	4938.46582	704.11267	95.2086	8	9.676	MF	0.1128	1.09623e4	1619.64441	96.9532
9	10.014	MF	0.1146	8.69852	1.26477	0.1677	9	9.997	MF	0.1059	23.70437	2.70946	0.2096
10	10.278	MF	0.1619	13.22692	1.36150	0.2550	10	10.280	MF	0.1462	22.48327	2.56251	0.1988
11	10.398	MF	0.1015	5.62420	9.23731e-1	0.1084	11	10.392	FM	0.1194	15.94146	2.22541	0.1410
12	10.678	FM	0.1073	2.05109	3.18719e-1	0.0395	12	10.678	MM	0.0987	4.42833	7.47463e-1	0.0392
13	10.946	MM	0.1055	26.32039	4.15735	0.5074	13	10.947	MM	0.1084	49.07473	7.54863	0.4340
14	11.398	MF	0.1065	1.04640	1.63762e-1	0.0202	14	11.600	FM	0.1045	14.59027	2.32761	0.1290
15	11.598	MF	0.1069	8.37694	1.30620	0.1615	15	12.192	MF	0.1632	6.09994	6.23080e-1	0.0539
16	12.171	MM	0.1441	5.03327	5.81958e-1	0.0970	16	12.558	FM	0.1201	1.60356	2.22454e-1	0.0142
17	13.223	BB	0.1137	19.45991	2.64942	0.3752	17	13.225	BB	0.1241	11.58981	1.40744	0.1025
18	15.758	MM	0.1121	4.08571	6.07180e-1	0.0788	18	15.762	BB	0.1117	7.97025	1.11108	0.0705
19	16.799	BB	0.1133	14.61656	1.99864	0.2818	19	16.802	MM	0.1120	4.68887	6.97820e-1	0.0415

Totals : 5186.99528 739.95421

Totals : 1.13068e4 1666.54845

# HPLC Compound 7



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=330,200 Ref=550,50

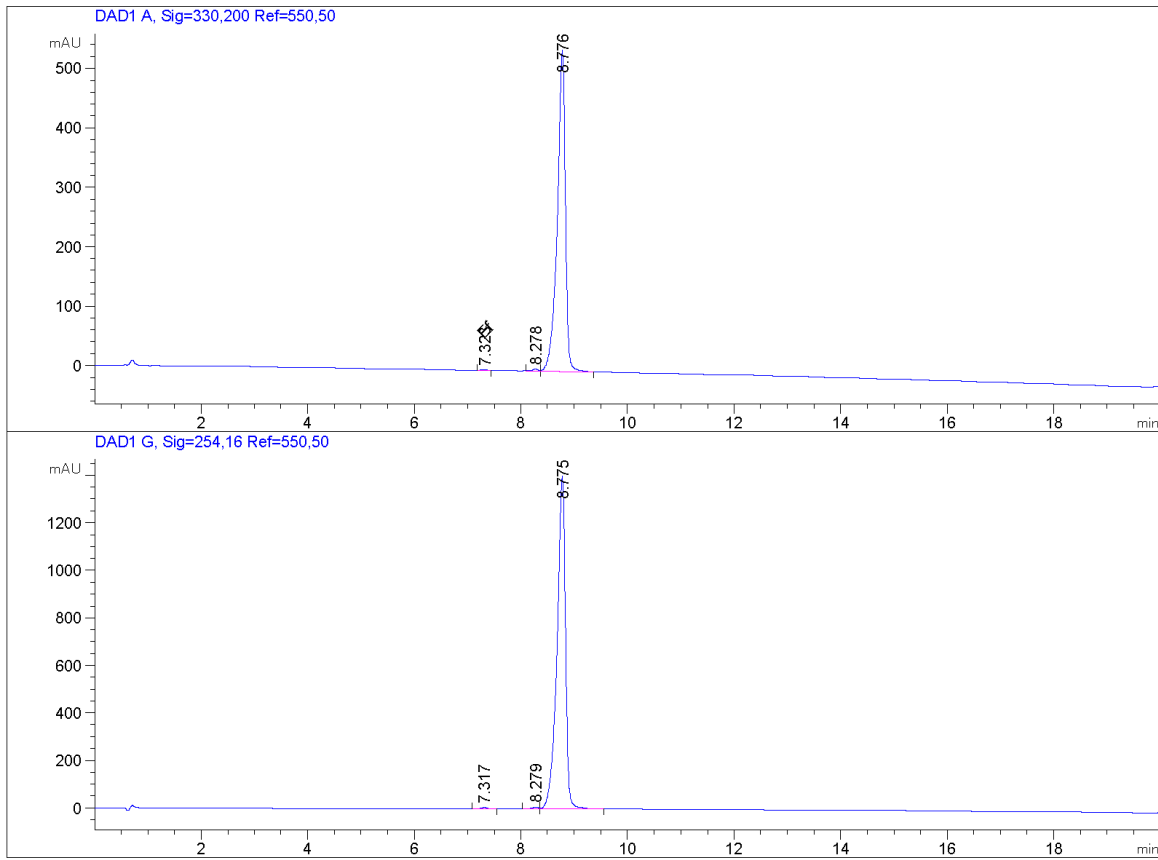
Signal 2: DAD1 C, Sig=318,16 Ref=550,50

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %	Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	9.268	MF	0.1311	1.72087	2.18778e-1	0.0282	1	9.265	MF	0.1260	3.46477	4.58295e-1	0.0295
2	9.495	FM	0.1061	10.38393	1.63179	0.1703	2	9.496	FM	0.1083	19.66725	3.02642	0.1672
3	10.034	BB	0.1015	11.63047	1.75014	0.1907	3	10.036	BB	0.1017	14.86017	2.23210	0.1264
4	10.415	MM	0.0966	1.62253	2.79957e-1	0.0266	4	10.415	MM	0.0908	1.63078	2.99336e-1	0.0139
5	10.820	MF	0.1167	6040.02783	862.69769	99.0406	5	10.820	MF	0.1170	1.16548e4	1660.62476	99.1099
6	11.215	FM	0.1497	18.45611	2.05527	0.3026	6	11.216	FM	0.1527	34.59153	3.77521	0.2942
7	11.708	MM	0.1856	1.94787	1.74941e-1	0.0319	7	11.708	MM	0.1854	2.65404	2.38527e-1	0.0226
8	12.068	MM	0.1110	2.32211	3.48555e-1	0.0381	8	12.061	MF	0.1158	4.50979	6.48891e-1	0.0384
9	12.339	MM	0.1139	8.85413	1.29591	0.1452	9	12.341	MF	0.1215	18.07388	2.48013	0.1537
10	13.255	MM	0.0949	1.57108	2.75791e-1	0.0258	10	12.602	MF	0.1768	3.25558	3.06947e-1	0.0277
							11	13.369	MM	0.1004	1.96588	3.26457e-1	0.0167

Totals : 6098.53694 870.72882

Totals : 1.17595e4 1674.41707

# HPLC Compound 8



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=330,200 Ref=550,50

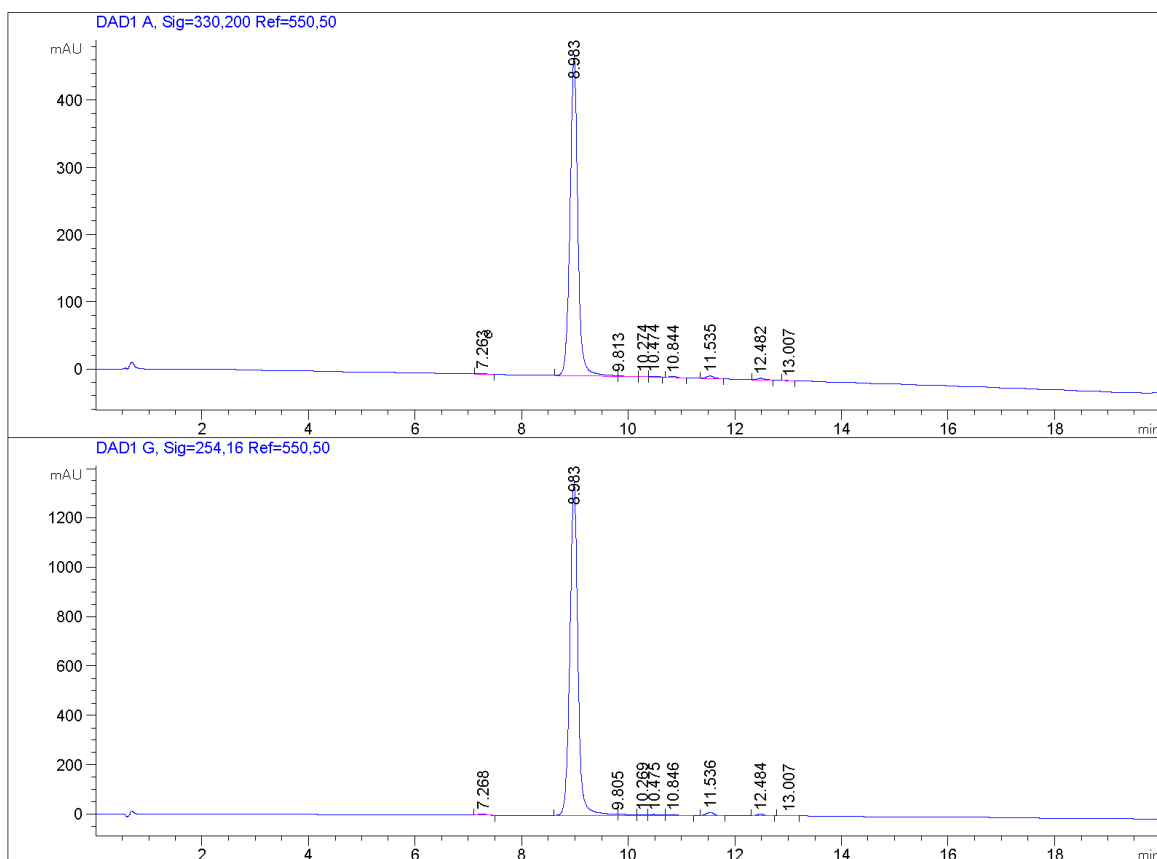
Signal 2: DAD1 G, Sig=254,16 Ref=550,50

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %	Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	7.323	MM	0.1189	9.33224	1.30863	0.1622	1	7.317	BB	0.1328	60.44975	6.72714	0.3852
2	8.278	BV	0.1316	28.16499	3.17270	0.4896	2	8.279	BV	0.1316	74.70703	8.09972	0.4761
3	8.776	VB	0.1554	5714.62744	540.30011	99.3481	3	8.775	VB	0.1655	1.55569e4	1401.67444	99.1387

Totals : 5752.12467 544.78144

Totals : 1.56920e4 1416.50129

# HPLC Compound 9



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=330,200 Ref=550,50

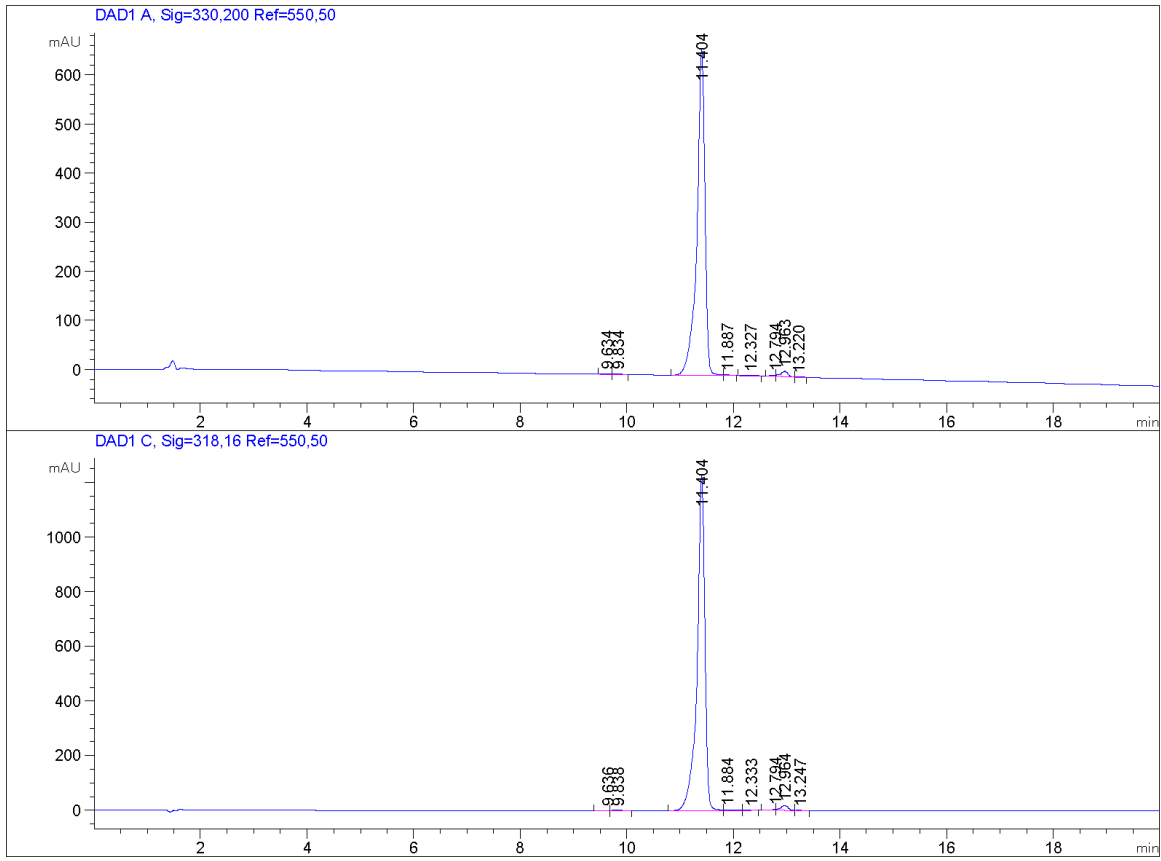
Signal 2: DAD1 G, Sig=254,16 Ref=550,50

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %	Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	7.263	BB	0.1295	8.96987	1.07332	0.1820	1	7.268	BB	0.1308	40.44790	4.77439	0.2817
2	8.983	MF	0.1688	4828.12061	476.62775	97.9373	2	8.983	MF	0.1722	1.39697e4	1352.39001	97.2977
3	9.813	FM	0.2027	12.75467	1.04896	0.2587	3	9.805	FM	0.2368	59.56230	4.19212	0.4148
4	10.274	FM	0.1529	5.84979	6.37674e-1	0.1187	4	10.269	FM	0.1895	29.30147	2.57722	0.2041
5	10.474	FM	0.1540	5.93827	6.42651e-1	0.1205	5	10.475	FM	0.2293	42.92558	3.11965	0.2990
6	10.844	BB	0.1257	9.83322	1.22485	0.1995	6	10.846	FM	0.2061	33.09069	2.67655	0.2305
7	11.535	BB	0.1407	37.63882	4.03996	0.7635	7	11.536	BB	0.1409	120.07300	12.86047	0.8363
8	12.482	BB	0.1380	19.66622	2.16490	0.3989	8	12.484	BB	0.1385	56.24610	6.16137	0.3917
9	13.007	MM	0.1230	1.03492	1.40201e-1	0.0210	9	13.007	MM	0.1886	6.34873	5.60905e-1	0.0442

Totals : 4929.80637 487.60025

Totals : 1.43577e4 1389.31268

# HPLC Compound 10



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=330,200 Ref=550,50

Signal 2: DAD1 C, Sig=318,16 Ref=550,50

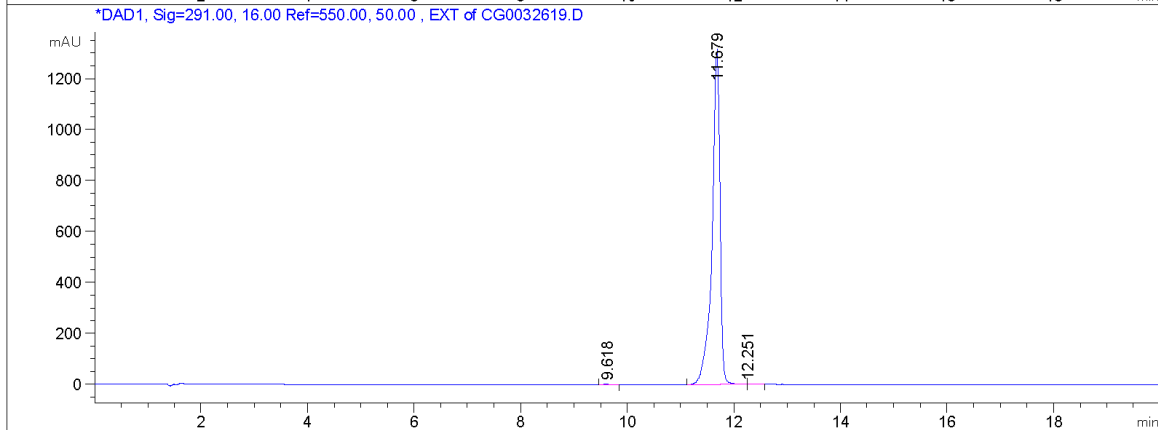
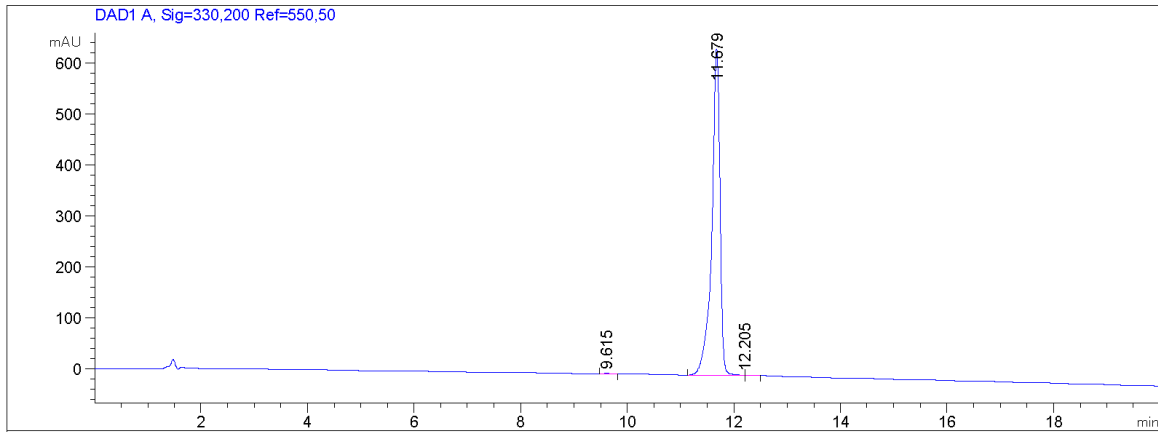
Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %	Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	9.634	MF	0.1572	8.22762	8.72504e-1	0.1158	1	9.636	MF	0.1534	9.40972	1.02234	0.0741
2	9.834	FM	0.1465	11.18903	1.27318	0.1575	2	9.838	FM	0.1651	23.41307	2.36302	0.1843
3	11.404	MF	0.1740	6942.24268	665.11871	97.7168	3	11.404	MF	0.1681	1.24302e4	1232.57166	97.8354
4	11.887	FM	0.1536	13.24840	1.43800	0.1865	4	11.884	FM	0.1780	33.52730	3.13985	0.2639
5	12.327	MM	0.2014	8.13280	6.73106e-1	0.1145	5	12.333	FM	0.1605	6.23373	6.47303e-1	0.0491
6	12.794	MF	0.0899	15.13313	2.80692	0.2130	6	12.794	MF	0.1031	28.55816	4.61488	0.2248
7	12.963	FM	0.1577	102.22871	10.80432	1.4389	7	12.964	FM	0.1543	170.28780	18.39075	1.3403
8	13.220	FM	0.1293	4.05084	5.22011e-1	0.0570	8	13.247	FM	0.1138	3.58803	5.25305e-1	0.0282

Totals : 7104.45321 683.50876

Totals : 1.27052e4 1263.27511



# HPLC Compound 11



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=330,200 Ref=550,50

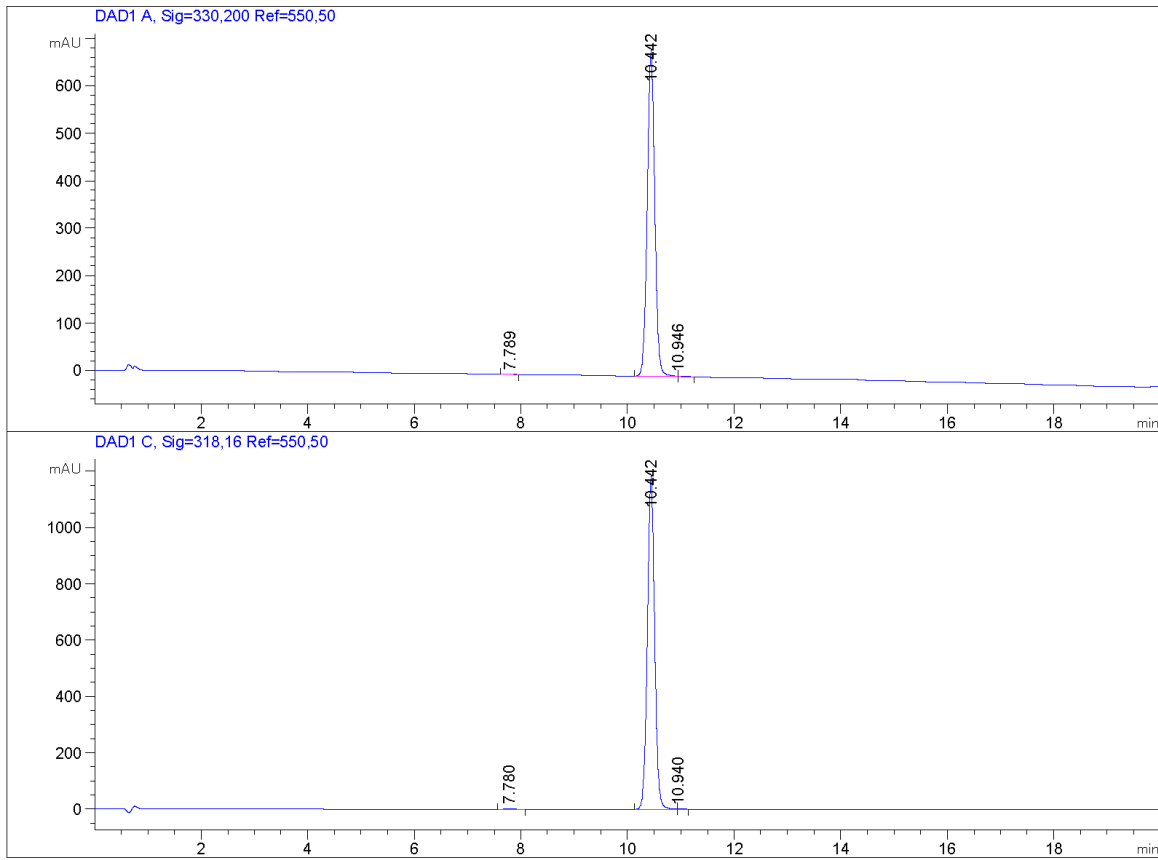
Signal 2: DAD1, Sig=291.00, 16.00 Ref=550.00, 50.00, EXT

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %	Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	9.615	BB	0.1243	9.36506	1.13425	0.1371	1	9.618	BB	0.1260	13.92036	1.72773	0.1021
2	11.679	MF	0.1767	6812.16553	642.65698	99.7393	2	11.679	MF	0.1693	1.36119e4	1340.29089	99.8311
3	12.205	FM	0.1469	8.43945	9.57526e-1	0.1236	3	12.251	FM	0.1198	9.11127	1.26757	0.0668

Totals : 6829.97004 644.74876

Totals : 1.36349e4 1343.28619

# HPLC Compound 18



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=330,200 Ref=550,50

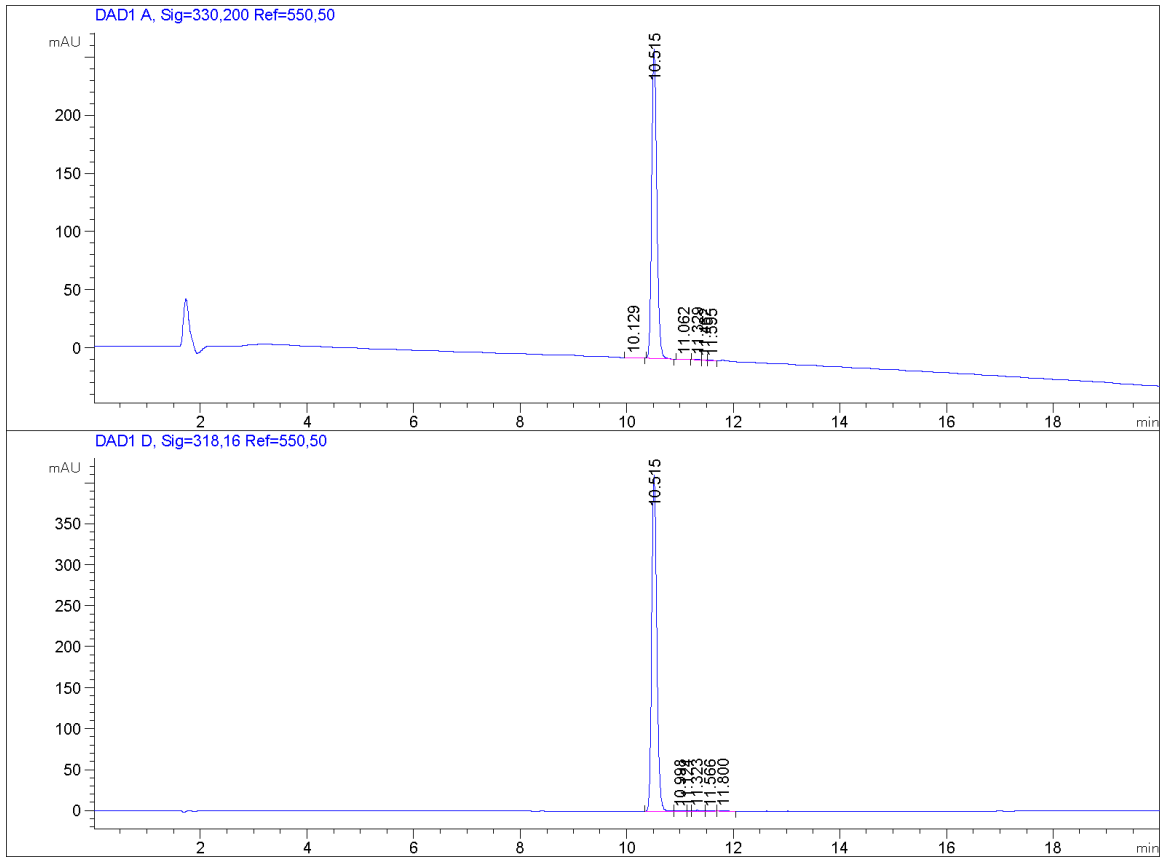
Signal 2: DAD1 C, Sig=318,16 Ref=550,50

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %	Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	7.789	MM	0.1835	9.03691	8.21007e-1	0.1332	1	7.780	BB	0.1738	40.69121	3.54754	0.3585
2	10.442	MF	0.1636	6761.18408	688.59430	99.6827	2	10.442	MF	0.1585	1.12943e4	1187.36853	99.5164
3	10.946	FM	0.1363	12.48178	1.52576	0.1840	3	10.940	FM	0.1463	14.18865	1.61590	0.1250

Totals : 6782.70277 690.94107

Totals : 1.13492e4 1192.53197

# HPLC Compound 38



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=330,200 Ref=550,50

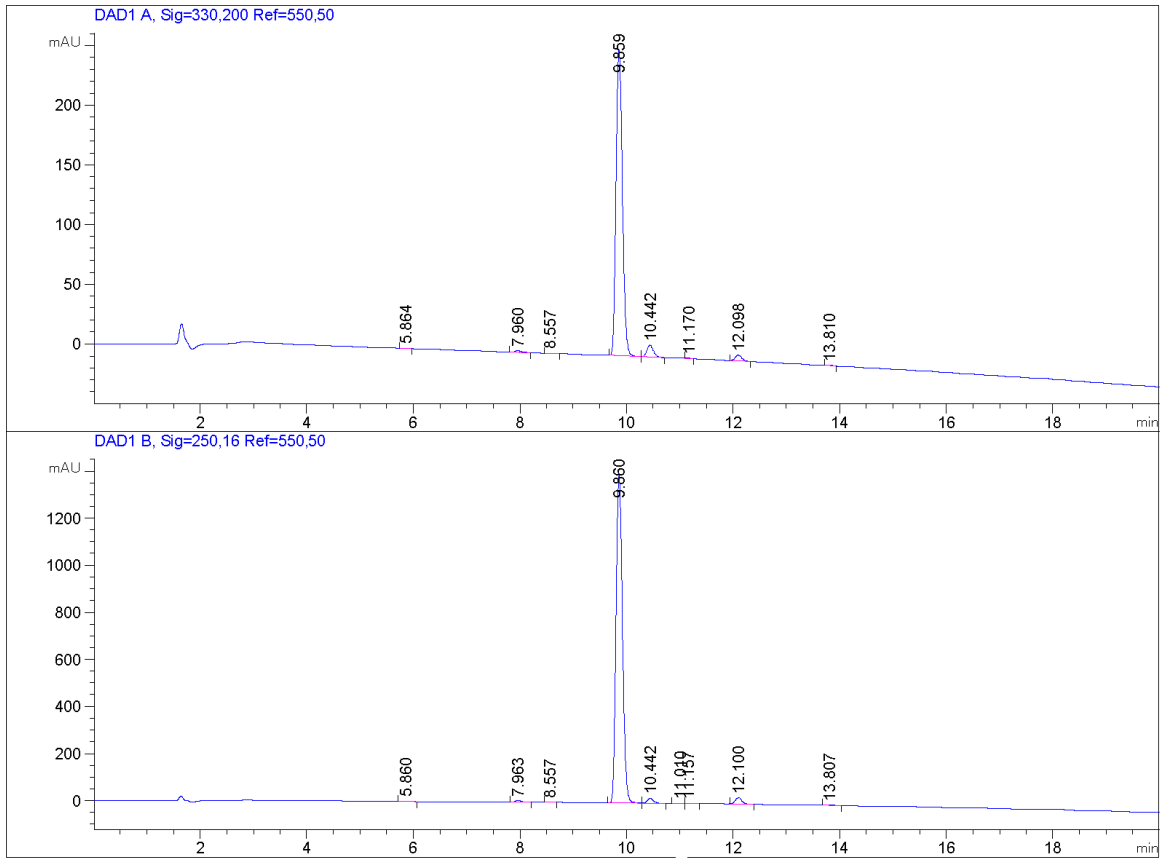
Signal 2: DAD1 D, Sig=318,16 Ref=550,50

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %	Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	10.129	MM	0.1912	3.01423	2.62811e-1	0.1699	1	10.515	MF	0.1096	2707.84473	411.59457	99.1490
2	10.515	MM	0.1098	1759.11926	267.06094	99.1550	2	10.998	FM	0.1913	4.78554	4.16963e-1	0.1752
3	11.062	MM	0.1535	2.49148	2.70486e-1	0.1404	3	11.124	FM	0.0805	1.12226	2.32425e-1	0.0411
4	11.329	MF	0.1030	4.45789	7.21103e-1	0.2513	4	11.323	FM	0.1206	9.17852	1.26862	0.3361
5	11.462	MF	0.1073	1.93765	3.01009e-1	0.1092	5	11.566	FM	0.1069	3.25396	5.07408e-1	0.1191
6	11.595	FM	0.1050	3.08968	4.90312e-1	0.1742	6	11.800	MM	0.1068	4.90164	7.64929e-1	0.1795

Totals : 1774.11019 269.10666

Totals : 2731.08664 414.78491

# HPLC Compound 39



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=330,200 Ref=550,50

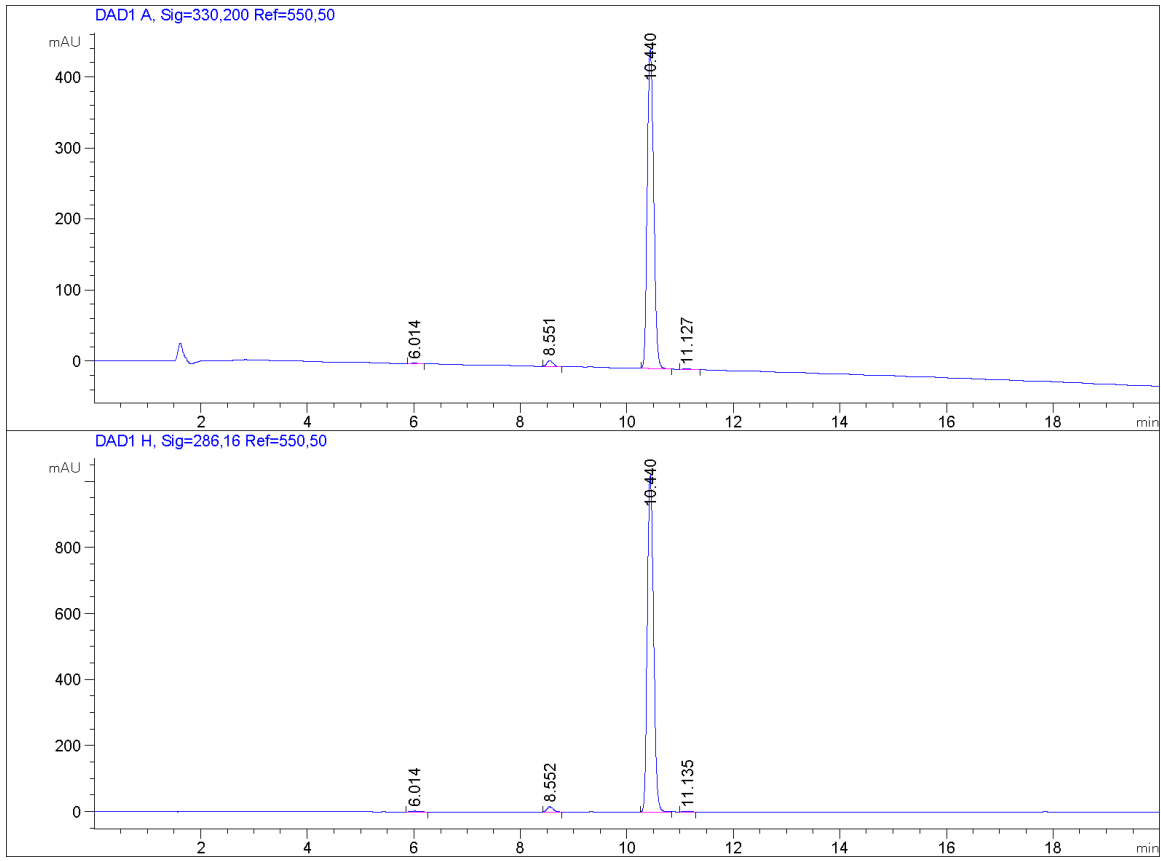
Signal 2: DAD1 B, Sig=250,16 Ref=550,50

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %	Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	5.864	MM	0.1141	1.00763	1.47135e-1	0.0447	1	5.860	BB	0.1407	9.77839	1.01236	0.0812
2	7.960	MM	0.1354	10.89578	1.34153	0.4832	2	7.963	BB	0.1250	56.95283	7.14178	0.4731
3	8.557	MM	0.1359	1.90896	2.34164e-1	0.0847	3	8.557	MM	0.1303	3.17456	4.06126e-1	0.0264
4	9.859	MF	0.1367	2114.14819	257.71332	93.7519	4	9.860	MF	0.1377	1.15466e4	1397.05493	95.9148
5	10.442	FM	0.1384	83.43619	10.05059	3.7000	5	10.442	FM	0.1400	169.84541	20.22128	1.4109
6	11.170	FM	0.1014	1.19145	1.95883e-1	0.0528	6	11.010	MF	0.1326	7.47281	9.39391e-1	0.0621
7	12.098	BB	0.1282	40.29640	4.88599	1.7869	7	11.157	FM	0.1336	5.86704	7.31655e-1	0.0487
8	13.810	MM	0.1217	2.16050	2.95928e-1	0.0958	8	12.100	BB	0.1281	223.90973	27.17718	1.8600
							9	13.807	BB	0.1335	14.79097	1.70021	0.1229

Totals : 2255.04511 274.86454

Totals : 1.20383e4 1456.38492

# HPLC Compound 40



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=330,200 Ref=550,50

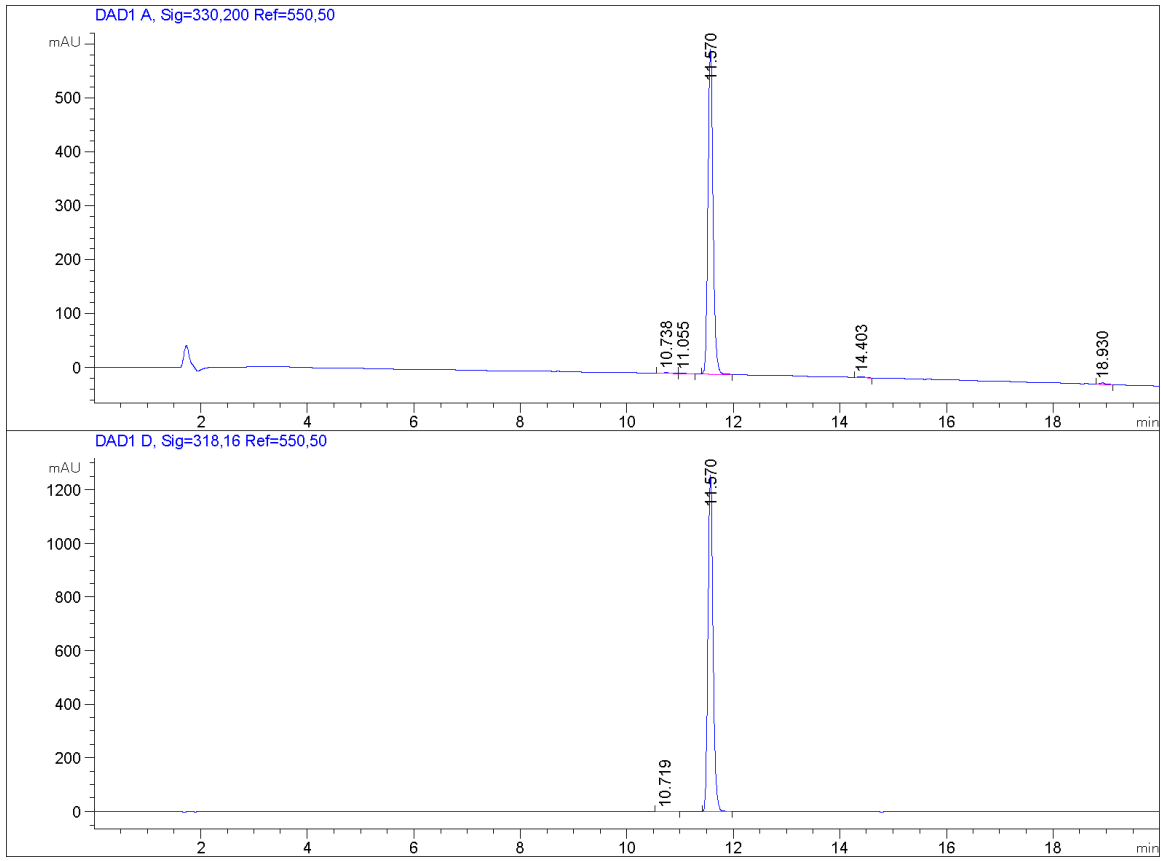
Signal 2: DAD1 H, Sig=286,16 Ref=550,50

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %	Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.014	MM	0.1306	6.53320	8.33988e-1	0.1726	1	6.014	BB	0.1382	15.91976	1.74943	0.1912
2	8.551	BB	0.1242	62.63586	7.92926	1.6547	2	8.552	BB	0.1258	127.24166	15.83137	1.5283
3	10.440	BB	0.1323	3706.57666	449.04364	97.9204	3	10.440	BB	0.1295	8175.51563	1020.15442	98.1973
4	11.127	BB	0.1450	9.55159	1.02226	0.2523	4	11.135	MM	0.1324	6.92784	8.72410e-1	0.0832

Totals : 3785.29732 458.82915

Totals : 8325.60489 1038.60762

# HPLC Compound 44

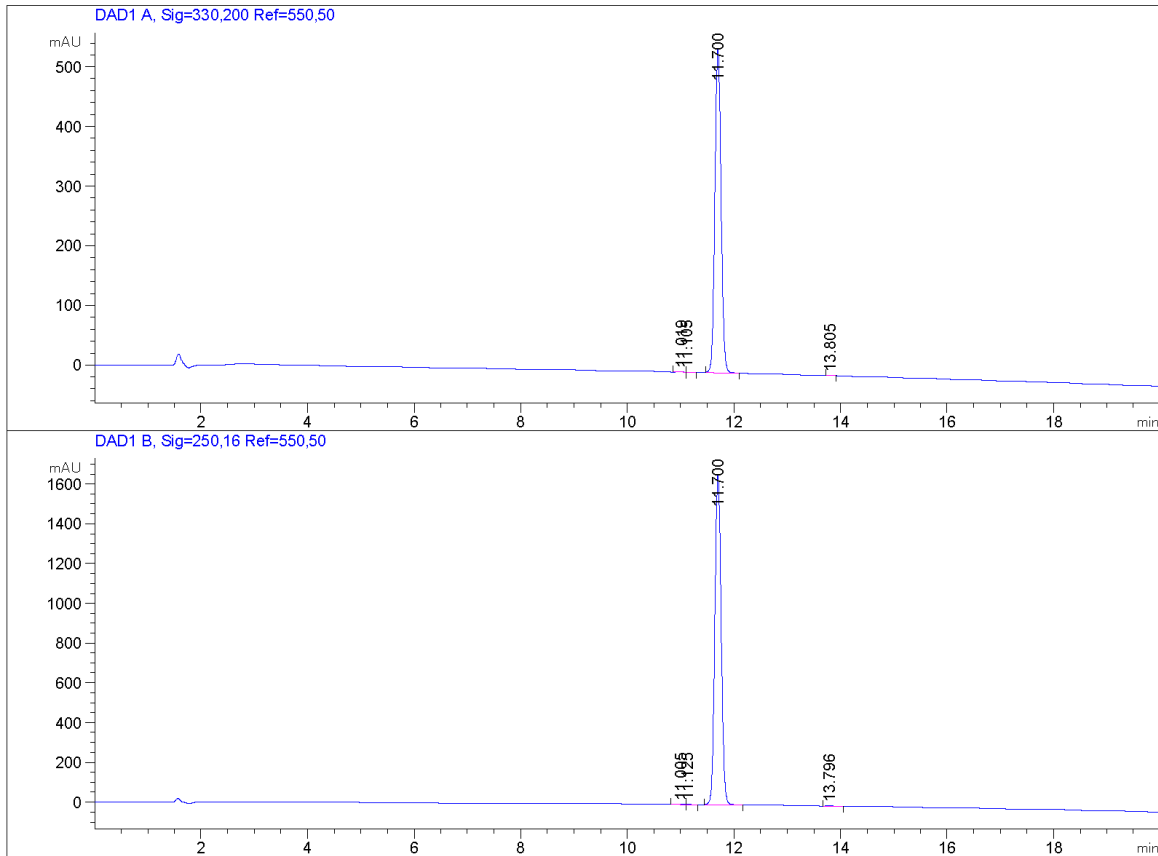


Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=330,200 Ref=550,50

Signal 2: DAD1 D, Sig=318,16 Ref=550,50

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %	Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	10.738	BV	0.1842	13.73168	1.11107	0.3399	1	10.719	BB	0.1509	16.44027	1.51152	0.1980
2	11.055	VB	0.1324	10.05269	1.08206	0.2488	2	11.570	BB	0.1007	8284.79102	1259.61780	99.8020
3	11.570	BB	0.1009	3983.40625	604.05237	98.5988	Totals :						
4	14.403	BB	0.1095	16.17840	2.31659	0.4005					8301.23129	1261.12932	
5	18.930	BB	0.1063	16.64522	2.47948	0.4120	Totals :						
Totals :				4040.01423	611.04157								

# HPLC Compound 45

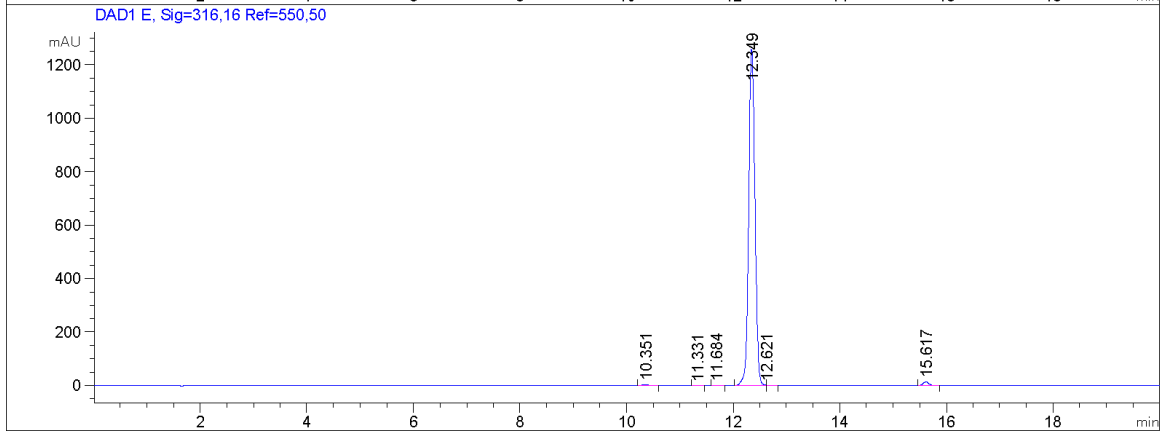
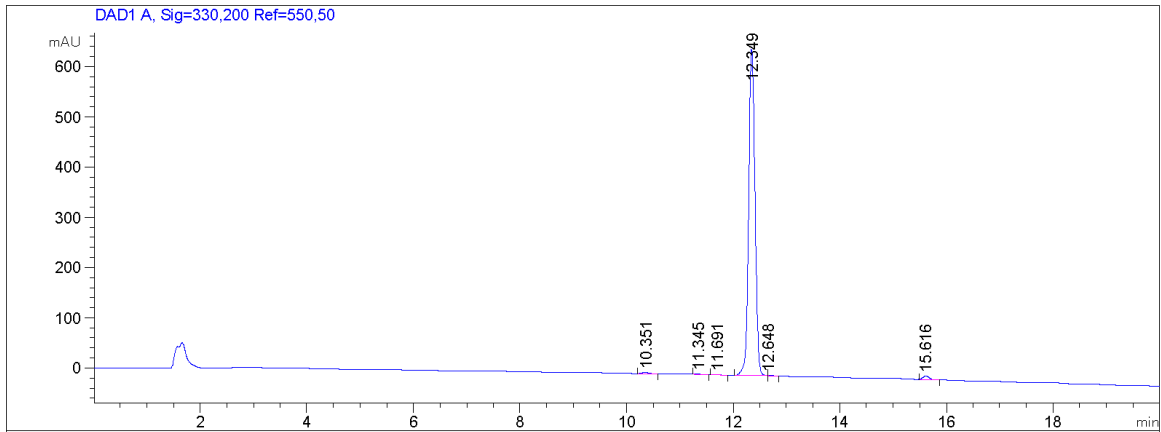


Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=330,200 Ref=550,50

Signal 2: DAD1 B, Sig=250,16 Ref=550,50

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %	Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	11.019	MF	0.1765	4.36887	4.12618e-1	0.1010	1	11.005	MF	0.1760	12.86699	1.21813	0.0947
2	11.105	FM	0.0960	2.32950	4.04262e-1	0.0538	2	11.125	FM	0.0962	5.44487	9.43734e-1	0.0401
3	11.700	BB	0.1250	4319.02441	541.99005	99.8167	3	11.700	BB	0.1314	1.35531e4	1657.98474	99.7759
4	13.805	MM	0.1079	1.23456	1.90627e-1	0.0285	4	13.796	BB	0.1476	12.12931	1.26824	0.0893
Totals :				4326.95734	542.99756		Totals :				1.35835e4	1661.41485	

# HPLC Compound 46



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=330,200 Ref=550,50

Signal 2: DAD1 E, Sig=316,16 Ref=550,50

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %	Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	10.351	BB	0.1358	16.43426	1.84768	0.3023	1	10.351	BB	0.1345	31.43723	3.57756	0.3019
2	11.345	MM	0.1272	2.36062	3.09312e-1	0.0434	2	11.331	MM	0.1145	2.49630	3.63414e-1	0.0240
3	11.691	MM	0.1261	4.27950	5.65829e-1	0.0787	3	11.684	MM	0.1239	4.87090	6.55346e-1	0.0468
4	12.349	MF	0.1366	5348.98633	652.49316	98.4046	4	12.349	MF	0.1348	1.02498e4	1266.81738	98.4281
5	12.648	FM	0.0740	4.09503	9.22236e-1	0.0753	5	12.621	FM	0.1038	12.07526	1.93933	0.1160
6	15.616	BB	0.1281	59.55434	7.22788	1.0956	6	15.617	BB	0.1284	112.80532	13.65660	1.0833

Totals : 5435.71008 663.36611

Totals : 1.04134e4 1287.00964