SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL

Screening of efficient salicylaldoxime reactivators for DFP and

paraoxon-inhibited acetylcholinesterase

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1. Synthetic information

1.1 General synthetic information

All reagents and solvents were used as received from commercial sources. ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded at 400 MHz and 100 MHz on a Bruker-400 instrument in CDCl₃ or DMSO-d6, respectively. Proton and carbon chemical shifts are expressed in parts per million (ppm) relative to internal tetramethylsilane (TMS) and coupling constants (J) are expressed in Hertz (Hz). The splitting pattern abbreviations are as follows: multiplicity (s: singlet, d: doublet, dd: doublet, ddd: double doublet, dm: double multiplet, ds: double single, dt: double triplet, t: triplet, td triple doublet, tm, triple multiplet, tt: triple triplet, q: quartet, quint: quintuplet, m: multiplet, br: broad). Low-resolution mass spectra were obtained using an API 3000 LC/MS with an ESI source or an Agilent 620B TOF LC/MS with an ESI source. The chromatography was performed on silica gel (200-300 mesh), compounds were visualized under UV light at 254 nm. All of the following compounds were synthesized using a similar method as described for L7R3 in the text, with the corresponding R3, R5, R6, or R7 moieties and L moieties shown in Table S1. The two-step yields for these compounds ranged from 57% to 95%. All synthesized compounds were determined to possess a purity of more than 90%, as evidenced by high-performance liquid chromatography analysis

1.2 Analysis details



General Method for the Preparation of 2-hydroxy-5-methyl- 3-((4-(pyridin-4-yl) piperazin-1-yl) methyl) benzaldehyde oxime (L7R3): The intermediates R3, R5, R6 and R7 was prepared as we described previously by using 2-hydroxy-5-methyl-benzaldehyde, 5-chloro-2-hydroxybenzaldehyde, 5-bromo-2hydroxybenzaldehyde and 5-fluoro-2-hydroxybenzaldehyde^[1]. To a solution of 1-(pyridin-4-yl) piperazine (L7) (0.16 g, 0.98 mmol) in DCM (10 mL) was added triethylamine (0.21 g, 2.07 mmol) and R3 (0.19 g, 1.03 mmol), the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. After concentration under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (DCM/MeOH=25/1, v/v) to afford the intermediate L7R3-d1 (0.26 g, 81%) as a white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 10.12 (s, 1H), 8.28 (d, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (s, 1H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 6.68 (d, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 3.71 (s, 2H), 3.50-3.35 (m, 4H), 2.80-2.63 (m, 4H), 2.33 (s, 3H). Then to a solution of L7R3-d1 (0.25 g, 0.80 mmol) in ethanol (15 mL) was added hydroxylammonium chloride (0.10 g, 1.43 mmol) and anhydrous sodium acetate (0.14 g, 1.70 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 h. After filtration, the residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (DCM/MeOH=20/1, v/v) to afford the title compound L7R3 (0.20 g, 76%) as a white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 11.32 (s, 1H), 11.07-10.40 (m, 1H), 8.30 (s, 1H), 8.18 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 7.24 (s, 1H), 7.04 (s, 1H), 6.87 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 3.65 (s, 2H), 3.45-3.26 (m, 4H), 2.68-2.43 (m, 4H), 2.22 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) & 155.2, 153.3, 148.6, 147.9, 132.2, 128.2, 127.5, 123.3, 118.2, 108.7, 57.76, 52.1, 45.8, 20.5. MS (ESI+) m/z: 327.18 [M+H]+. HRMS (ESI+) m/z calcd for C₁₈H₂₃N₄O₂⁺ 327.1821 found 327.1815 Da.



5-chloro-2-hydroxy-3-((4-(pyridin-4-yl)piperazin-1-yl)methyl)benzaldehyde oxime (L7R5): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for L7R3 as a white solid (0.15 g, 67%) but using R5. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 11.58 (s, 1H), 8.32 (s, 1H), 8.18 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, 2H), 7.47 (s, 1H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 6.85 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, 2H), 3.70 (s, 2H), 3.46-3.21 (m, 4H), 2.70-2.51 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 157.2, 150.7, 148.1, 146.6, 129.2, 126.1, 125.5, 122.3, 117.6, 106.9, 57.7, 54.4, 50.5. MS (ESI+) m/z: 347.13(100.0%), 349.12(32.0%) [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₂₀³⁵ClN₄O₂⁺ 347.1275 found 347.1269 Da.



5-bromo-2-hydroxy-3-((4-(pyridin-4-yl)piperazin-1-yl)methyl)benzaldehyde oxime (L7R6): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for **L7R3** as a pale yellow solid (0.07 g, 63%) but using **R6**. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.28 (s, 1H), 8.13 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (s, 1H), 7.38 (s, 1H), 6.87 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 3.68 (s, 2H), 3.53-3.30 (m, 4H), 2.71-2.51 (m, 4H).¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 155.0, 154.6, 148.5, 147.1, 132.8, 129.6, 125.3, 120.1, 110.9, 108.3, 57.4, 52.1, 45.8. MS (ESI+) m/z: 391.07(100.0%), 393.07(97.3%) [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₂₀⁷⁹BrN₄O₂⁺ 391.0770 found 391.0764 Da.



5-fluoro-2-hydroxy-3-((4-(pyridin-4-yl)piperazin-1-yl)methyl)benzaldehyde oxime (L7R7): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for L7R3 as a pale gray solid (0.05 g, 57%) but using **R7**. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.30 (s, 1H), 8.12 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 7.22 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.67 (s, 2H), 3.57-3.31 (m, 4H), 2.77-2.51 (m, 4H).¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 154.9, 151.5, 149.0, 147.0, 124. 6, 118.9, 117.2, 112.7, 112.5, 108.3, 58.5, 52.1, 45.7. MS (ESI+) m/z: 331.15 [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₂₀FN₄O₂⁺ 331.1570 found 331.1565 Da.



2-hydroxy-5-methyl-3-((4-(pyridin-2-yl)piperazin-1-yl)methyl)benzaldehyde oxime (L69R3): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for **L7R3** as a white solid (0.18 g, 63%) but using **L69** and **R3**. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.29 (s, 1H), 8.23 – 8.14 (m, 1H), 7.49 (ddd, *J* = 9.0, 7.3, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (s, 1H), 6.65 (dd, *J* = 10.5, 3.0 Hz, 2H), 3.75-3.55 (m, 4H), 2.86-2.43 (m, 4H), 2.26 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.1, 154.1, 149.4, 147.9, 137.8, 132.7, 128.6, 128.4, 121.1, 117.8, 113.8, 107.4, 58.4, 52.2, 44.7, 20.4. MS (ESI+) m/z: 327.17 [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* calcd for C₁₈H₂₃N₄O₂⁺ 327.1821 found 327.1817 Da.



5-chloro-2-hydroxy-3-((4-(pyridin-2-yl)piperazin-1-yl)methyl)benzaldehyde oxime (L69R5): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for **L7R3** as a white solid (0.20 g, 72%) but using **L69** and **R5**. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.36 – 10.63 (m, 1H), 8.30 (s, 1H), 8.18 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 7.59 – 7.47 (m, 1H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 3.1 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (s, 1H), 6.66 (dd, *J* = 10.4, 6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.73 (s, 2H), 3.66-3.41 (m, 4H), 2.91-2.60 (m, 4H).¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.0, 154.5, 147.8, 146.4, 137.6, 130.0, 125.9, 123.8, 119.9, 117.9, 113.6, 107.1, 58.3, 52.3, 44.8.MS (ESI+) m/z: 347.12(100.0%), 349.13(32.0%) [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₂₀³⁵ClN₄O₂⁺ 347.1275 found 347.1270 Da.



2-hydroxy-5-methyl-3-((4-(pyridin-4-yl)piperidin-1-yl)methyl)benzaldehyde oxime (L70R3): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for **L7R3** as a white solid (0.21 g, 81%) but using **L70** and **R3**. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.51 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, 2H), 8.39 – 8.15 (m, 1H), 7.20 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 4H), 4.19 – 3.79 (m, 2H), 3.58 – 3.18 (m, 2H), 2.78 – 2.48 (m, 3H), 2.41-2.06 (m, 5H), 2.03-1.81 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.0, 153.4, 149.7, 148.7, 132.8, 129.2, 128.3, 122.5, 122.2, 117.9, 56.8, 52.4, 30.8, 29.4, 20.2. MS (ESI+) m/z: 326.18 [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* calcd for C₁₉H₂₄N₃O₂⁺ 326.1869 found 326.1863 Da.



5-chloro-2-hydroxy-3-((4-(pyridin-4-yl)piperidin-1-yl)methyl)benzaldehyde oxime (L70R5): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for L7R5 as a white solid (0.24 g, 85%) but using L70 and R5. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.60 – 8.41 (m, 2H), 8.32 (s, 1H), 7.47 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 7.19 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 3.96 – 3.54 (m, 2H), 3.34 – 2.86 (m, 2H), 2.76 – 2.49 (m, 1H), 2.44 – 2.09 (m, 2H), 1.99 – 1.48 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.4, 149.6, 149.5, 145.4, 129.4, 125.3, 124.7, 123.2, 122.3, 120.4, 59.3, 53.2, 41.1, 32.2. MS (ESI+) m/z: 346.12(100.0%), 348.13(32.0%) [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* calcd for C₁₈H₂₁³⁵ClN₃O₂⁺ 346.1322 found 346.1317 Da.



2-hydroxy-5-methyl-3-((4-(4-nitrophenyl)piperazin-1-yl)methyl)benzaldehyde oxime (L73R3): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for **L7R5** as a pale yellow solid (0.25 g, 91%) but using **L73** and **R3**. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.43 – 10.40 (m, 1H), 8.39 – 8.19 (m, 1H), 8.19 – 7.93 (m, 2H), 7.57 – 7.38 (m, 1H), 7.12 (s, 2H), 6.98 – 6.43 (m, 2H), 3.81 (s, 2H), 3.55-3.21 (m, 4H), 3.10-2.58 (m, 4H), 2.29 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.5, 153.6, 151.2, 149.5, 138.3, 132.6, 128.9, 128.3, 125.8, 117.6, 112.8, 56.7, 51.7, 46.3, 20.3. MS (ESI+) m/z: 371.16 [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₉H₂₃N₄O₄⁺ 371.1719 found 371.1713 Da.



5-chloro-2-hydroxy-3-((4-(4-nitrophenyl)piperazin-1-yl)methyl)benzaldehyde oxime (L73R5): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for L7R5 as a pale yellow solid (0.25 g, 91%) but using L73 and R5. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.57-10.36 (m, 2H), 8.26 (d, *J* = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 8.12 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 3.70 (s, 2H), 3.59-3.31 (m, 4H), 2.83-2.61 (m, 4H).¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.7, 154.2, 146.9, 138.0, 129.9, 126.4, 125.8, 125.0, 123.6, 119.8, 112.8, 57.6, 52.1, 46.7.MS (ESI+) m/z: 391.11(100.0%), 393.11(32.0%) [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₈H₂₀³⁵ClN₄O₄⁺ 391.1173 found 391.1168 Da.



5-bromo-2-hydroxy-3-((4-(4-nitrophenyl)piperazin-1-yl)methyl)benzaldehyde oxime (L73R6): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for L7R5 as a yellow solid (0.34 g, 75%) but using L73 and R6. ¹ ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.53-10.27 (m, 2H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 8.11 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (s, 1H), 7.21 (s, 1H), 6.86 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 3.62-3.37 (m, 4H), 2.90-2.69 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.8, 154.4, 147.4, 138.4, 130.3, 126.8, 125.9, 125.7, 123.9, 119.8, 112.9, 57.5, 52.2, 46.8. MS (ESI+) m/z: 435.06(100.0%), 437.07(97.3%) [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* calcd for C₁₈H₂₂⁷⁹BrN₃O₂⁺ (-NO₂) 391.0895 found 391.1167 Da.



3-((4-(2-chloro-4-nitrophenyl)piperazin-1-yl)methyl)-2-hydroxy-5-methylbenzaldehyde oxime (L74R3): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for **L7R5** as a pale yellow solid (0.28 g, 77%) but using **L74** and **R3**. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.32 (s, 1H), 8.27 (s, 1H), 8.12 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (s, 1H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (s, 2H), 3.51-3.33 (s, 4H), 3.25-2.63 (s, 5H), 2.30 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.2, 154.0, 149.8, 142.5, 133.1, 129.3, 128.7, 127.7, 126.6, 123.5, 120.6, 119.7, 117.6, 58.0, 52.3, 49.7, 20.4.MS (ESI+) m/z: 405.13(100.0%), 407.12(32.0%) [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* calcd for C₁₉H₂₂³⁵ClN₄O₄⁺ 405.1330 found 405.1324 Da.



5-chloro-3-((4-(2-chloro-4-nitrophenyl)piperazin-1-yl)methyl)-2-hydroxybenzaldehyde oxime (L74R5): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for L7R5 as a yellow solid (0.24 g, 71%) but using L74 and R5. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.32 (s, 1H), 8.28 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.14 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (s,

1H), 7.17 (s, 1H), 7.09 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.81 (s, 2H), 3.51-3.19 (m, 4H), 3.07-2.89 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.4, 154.2, 147.0, 142.2, 135.5, 130.0, 127.5, 127.1, 126.5, 123.8, 123.4, 119.8, 119.6, 57.5, 52.4, 50.2.MS (ESI+) m/z: 425.07(100.0%), 427.07(63.9%) [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* calcd for C₁₈H₁₉³⁵Cl₂N₄O₄⁺ 425.0783 found 425.0779 Da.



L76R3

3-((4-(4-fluorophenyl)piperazin-1-yl)methyl)-2-hydroxy-5-methylbenzaldehyde oxime (L76R3): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for L7R5 as a white solid (0.23 g, 82%) but using L76 and R3. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.27 (s, 1H), 7.12 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.97 (t, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.90 (d, *J* = 4.2 Hz, 2H), 3.94 (s, 2H), 3.41-3.13 (m, 4H), 3.07-2.79 (m, 4H), 2.29 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.0, 153.80, 148.8, 147.3, 132.5, 128.7, 128.3, 118.2, 117.9, 115.6, 115.4, 57.2, 52.1, 49.3, 20.3. MS (ESI+) m/z: 425.07 [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* calcd for C₁₈H₂₃FN₃O₂⁺ 344.1774 found 344.1771 Da.



5-chloro-3-((4-(4-fluorophenyl)piperazin-1-yl)methyl)-2-hydroxybenzaldehyde oxime (L76R5): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for **L7R5** as a gray solid (0.17 g, 77%) but using **L76** and **R5**. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 11.83 – 11.25 (m, 1H), 8.31 (s, 1H), 7.49 (s, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 6.97 (s, 2H), 3.76 (s, 2H), 3.25-2.97 (m, 4H), 2.81-2.61 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.4, 147.4, 146.2, 129.9, 126.1, 123.7, 120.0, 118.0, 117.9, 115.5, 115.3, 58.2, 52.4, 49.6. MS (ESI+) m/z: 364.11(100.0%), 466.12(32.0%) [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* calcd for C₁₈H₂₀³⁵CIFN₃O₂⁺ 364.1228 found 364.1223 Da.



3-((4-(4-fluorophenyl)piperidin-1-yl)methyl)-2-hydroxy-5-methylbenzaldehyde oxime (L77R3): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for L7R5 as a white solid (0.25 g, 91%) but using L77 and R3. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.37 (s, 1H), 7.21 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 5.1 Hz, 3H), 7.00 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 3H), 3.85(s, 2H), 3.40 – 3.03 (m, 2H), 2.70 – 2.50 (m, 1H), 2.50 – 2.30 (m, 2H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 2.06 – 1.71 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.7, 160.3, 154.5, 148.9, 140.8, 132.4, 128.3, 128.2, 128.2, 118.0,115.4, 115.2, 53.3, 41.1, 32.7, 29.7, 20.4. MS (ESI+) m/z: 343.17 [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* calcd for C₂₀H₂₄FN₂O₂⁺ 343.1882 found 343.1818 Da.



5-chloro-3-((4-(4-fluorophenyl)piperidin-1-yl)methyl)-2-hydroxybenzaldehyde oxime (L77R5): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for L7R5 as a white solid (0.28 g, 87%) but using L77

and **R5**. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.31 (s, 1H), 7.39 (s, 1H), 7.20 (s, 3H), 7.00 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 3.93 (s, 2H), 3.31 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 2H), 2.81 – 2.34 (m, 3H), 2.13 – 1.64 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.8, 160.4, 155.3, 147.7, 140.2, 131.3, 128.2, 128.2, 124.1, 119.7, 115.5, 115.3, 53.1, 40.7, 32.3, 29.8. MS (ESI+) m/z: 363.12(100.0%), 365.12(32.0%) [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₉H₂₁³⁵ClFN₂O₂⁺ 363.1276 found 363.1271 Da.



3-((4-(4-chlorophenyl)piperazin-1-yl)methyl)-2-hydroxy-5-methylbenzaldehyde oxime (L78R3): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for L7R5 as a white solid (0.29 g, 93%) but using L78 and R3. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 11.65 – 11.12 (m, 1H), 11.02 – 10.31 (m, 1H), 8.31 (s, 1H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 3H), 7.13 – 6.99 (m, 1H), 6.95 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 3.69 (s, 2H), 3.24-2.95 (m, 4H), 2.91 – 2.55 (m, 4H), 2.22 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 153.2, 149.0, 147.8, 139.1, 131.7, 129.6, 128.4, 127.7, 123.9, 117.6, 116.9, 57.5, 51.7, 48.1, 19.9. MS (ESI+) m/z: 360.14(100.0%), 362.15(32.0%) [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* calcd for C₁₉H₂₃³⁵ClN₃O₂⁺ 360.1479 found 360.1475 Da.



5-chloro-3-((4-(4-chlorophenyl)piperazin-1-yl)methyl)-2-hydroxybenzaldehyde oxime (L78R5): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for L7R5 as a white solid (0.35 g, 88%) but using L78 and R5. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 12.33 – 11.61 (m, 1H), 11.43 – 10.58 (m, 1H), 8.43 (s, 1H), 7.65 (d, *J* = 21.8 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.98 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 4.29 (s, 2H), 3.89 – 2.73 (m, 8H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 149.6, 146.4, 129.7, 128.6, 128.6, 125.7, 125.4, 123.7, 123.1, 120.1, 117.1, 58.0, 52.3, 48.6. MS (ESI+) m/z: 380.09(100.0%), 382.10(63.9%) [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* calcd for C₁₈H₂₀³⁵Cl₂N₃O₂⁺ 380.0933 found 380.0928 Da.



3-((4-(4-bromophenyl)piperazin-1-yl)methyl)-2-hydroxy-5-methylbenzaldehyde oxime (L79R3): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for L7R5 as a white solid (0.33 g, 85%) but using L79 and R3. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 11.67 – 11.15 (m, 1H), 11.17 – 10.44 (m, 1H), 8.30 (s, 1H), 7.35 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (s, 1H), 7.03 (s, 1H), 6.90 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 3.68 (s, 2H), 3.31 – 2.97 (m, 4H), 2.87 – 2.53 (m, 4H), 2.22 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.7, 149.7, 148.4, 132.4, 132.1, 131.7, 131.62, 128.08, 117.93, 117.71, 111.68, 57.60, 51.95, 48.03, 20.28. MS (ESI+) m/z: 404.09(100.0%), 406.10(97.3%) [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* calcd for C₁₉H₂₃⁷⁹BrN₃O₂⁺ 404.0974 found 404.0968 Da.



3-((4-(4-bromophenyl)piperazin-1-yl)methyl)-5-chloro-2-hydroxybenzaldehyde oxime (L79R5): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for L7R5 as a white solid (0.23 g, 76%) but using L79

and **R5**. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 12.20 – 11.50 (m, 1H), 11.25 – 10.33 (m, 1H), 8.40 (s, 1H), 7.59 (s, 2H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.93 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.22 (s, 2H), 3.76 – 2.72 (m, 8H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 154.3, 150.0, 145. 9, 131.7, 129.7, 125.8, 124.8, 123.6, 120.2, 117.7, 111.4, 58.4, 52.4, 48.6. MS (ESI+) m/z: 426.04(100.0%), 424.03(77.3%) [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₈H₂₀⁸¹Br³⁵ClN₃O₂⁺ 426.0407 found 426.0400 Da.



2-hydroxy-5-methyl-3-((4-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)piperazin-1-yl)methyl)benzaldehyde oxime (L80R3): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for **L7R5** as a white solid (0.34 g, 89%) but using **L80** and **R3**. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 11.75 – 10.18 (m, 2H), 8.32 (s, 1H), 7.52 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (s, 1H), 7.07 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 3H), 3.69 (s, 2H), 3.48 – 2.91 (m, 6H), 2.89-5.51 (s, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 153.6, 152.8, 148.6, 132.0, 128.1, 126.2, 126.2, 125.9, 123.2, 117.8, 114.5, 114.5, 57.5, 52.0, 47.3, 20.3. MS (ESI+) m/z: 394.17 [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* calcd for C₂₀H₂₃F₃N₃O₂⁺ 394.1742 found 394.1736 Da.



5-chloro-2-hydroxy-3-((4-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)piperazin-1-yl)methyl)benzaldehyde oxime (L80R5): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for **L7R5** as a white solid (0.31 g, 83%) but using **L80** and **R5**. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 11.61 (s, 1H), 8.33 (s, 1H), 7.65 – 7.36 (m, 3H), 7.30 (s, 1H), 7.07 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 3.75 (s, 2H), 3.43-3.05 (m, 4H), 2.92-2.53 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 154.4, 152.85, 146.6, 129.9, 126.3, 126.2, 126.0, 123.7, 123.3, 120.3, 119.9, 114.6, 57.8, 52.1, 47.4. MS (ESI+) m/z: 414.11(100.0%), 416.12(32.0%) [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* calcd for C₁₉H₂₀³⁵ClF₃N₃O₂⁺ 414.1196 found 414.1191 Da.



5-bromo-2-hydroxy-3-((4-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)piperazin-1-yl)methyl)benzaldehyde oxime (L80R6): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for **L7R5** as a white solid (0.23 g, 66%) but using **L80** and **R6**. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 11.59 (s, 1H), 8.32 (s, 1H), 7.67 – 7.37 (m, 3H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.07 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 3.74 (s, 2H), 3.46-3.07 (m, 4H), 2.87-2.51 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 154.4, 152.9, 146.8, 130.0, 126.3, 126.2, 126.0, 123.7, 123.3, 119.9, 114.6, 57.8, 52.2, 47.6. MS (ESI+) m/z: 458.06(100.0%), 460.07(97.3%) [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* calcd for C₁₉H₂₀⁷⁹BrF₃N₃O₂⁺ 458.0961 found 458.0965 Da.



2-hydroxy-3-((4-(4-hydroxyphenyl)piperazin-1-yl)methyl)-5-methylbenzaldehyde oxime (L81R3): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for L7R5 as a white solid (0.25 g, 70%) but using L81 and R3. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 11.24 (s, 1H), 8.89 (s, 1H), 8.29 (s, 1H), 7.26 (s, 1H), 7.00 (s, 1H), 6.79 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 6.65 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 3.68 (s, 2H), 3.17-2.81 (m, 4H), 2.75-2.52 (m, 4H), 2.21 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 153.7, 151.5, 147.6, 144.2, 131.5, 127.9, 127.0, 122.0, 118.6, 118.2, 115.8, 58.9, 52.7, 50.7, 20.3. MS (ESI+) m/z: 342.17 [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* calcd for C₁₉H₂₄N₃O₃⁺ 342.1818 found 342.1812 Da.



5-chloro-2-hydroxy-3-((4-(4-hydroxyphenyl)piperazin-1-yl)methyl)benzaldehyde oxime (L81R5): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for L7R5 as a white solid (0.29 g, 68%) but using L81 and R5. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 11.52 (s, 1H), 8.93 (s, 1H), 8.29 (s, 1H), 7.47 (s, 1H), 7.26 (s, 1H), 6.79 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 6.65 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.75 (s, 2H), 3.19-2.83 (m, 4H), 2.77-2.51 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 154.3, 151.4, 145.5, 144.1, 129.6, 125.4, 124.5, 123.6, 120.2, 118.6, 115.7, 58.8, 52.7, 50.7. MS (ESI+) m/z: 362.12(100.0%), 364.12(32.0%) [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₈H₂₁³⁵ClN₃O₂⁺ 362.1271 found 362.1266 Da.



2-hydroxy-5-methyl-3-((4-(p-tolyl)piperazin-1-yl)methyl)benzaldehyde oxime (L82R3): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for **L7R5** as a white solid (0.33 g, 78%) but using **L82** and **R3**. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.29 (s, 1H), 7.25 (s, 1H), 7.08 (s, 1H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.83 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 3.55 – 3.25 (m, 4H), 3.25-2.90 (m, 4H), 2.20 (s, 3H), 2.17 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 149.1, 148.7, 131.5, 129.6, 129.6, 128.8, 126.5, 124.8, 124.0, 120.0, 116.3, 58.0, 52.8, 49.4, 20.5, 20.4. MS (ESI+) m/z: 340.19 [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* calcd for C₂₀H₂₆N₃O₂⁺ 340.2025 found 340.2020 Da.



5-chloro-2-hydroxy-3-((4-(p-tolyl)piperazin-1-yl)methyl)benzaldehyde oxime (L82R5): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for L7R5 as a white solid (0.32 g, 70%) but using L82 and R5. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.29 (s, 1H), 7.46 (s, 1H), 7.25 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.84 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.23-2.98 (m, 4H), 2.76-2.54 (m, 4H), 2.20 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 154.2, 148.8, 145.8, 129.7, 129.6, 129.3, 125.7, 124.5, 123.7, 120.2, 116.5, 58.8, 52.6, 20.4. MS (ESI+) m/z: 360.14(100.0%), 362.14(32.0%) [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* calcd for C₁₉H₂₃³⁵ClN₃O₂⁺ 360.1479 found 360.1473 Da.



3-((4-(2-fluorophenyl)piperazin-1-yl)methyl)-2-hydroxy-5-methylbenzaldehyde oxime (L83R3): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for L7R5 as a white solid (0.28 g, 74%) but using L83 and R3. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.31 (s, 1H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 7.17 (s, 1H), 7.11 – 6.71 (m, 5H), 3.87 (s, 2H), 3.43-3.10 (m, 4H), 3.05-2.69 (m, 4H), 2.28 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.7, 154.2, 153.7, 148.2, 139.4, 132.0, 128.1, 124.5, 122.7, 119.0, 118.0, 116.0, 115.8, 57.5, 52.3, 49.8, 20.3. MS (ESI+) m/z: 344.17 [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* calcd for C₁₉H₂₃FN₃O₂⁺ 344.1774 found 344.1769 Da.



5-chloro-3-((4-(2-fluorophenyl)piperazin-1-yl)methyl)-2-hydroxybenzaldehyde oxime (L83R5): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for L7R5 as a white solid (0.19 g, 60%) but using L83 and R5. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 11.58 (s, 1H), 8.32 (s, 1H), 7.49 (s, 1H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 14.2 Hz, 1H), 7.21 – 6.83 (m, 4H), 3.79 (s, 2H), 3.30-2.87 (m, 4H), 2.87-2.55 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 156.7, 154.7, 146.2, 139.5, 129.8, 125.9, 124.4, 123.3, 122.6, 120.2, 118.9, 116.0, 115.8, 58.7, 52.6, 50.2. MS (ESI+) m/z: 364.11(100.0%), 366.12(32.0%) [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* calcd for C₁₈H₂₀³⁵ClFN₃O₂⁺ 364.1228 found 364.1224 Da.







5-chloro-3-((4-(2-chlorophenyl)piperazin-1-yl)methyl)-2-hydroxybenzaldehyde oxime (L84R5): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for L7R5 as a white solid (0.32 g, 77%) but using L84 and R5. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.71 – 9.89 (m, 1H), 8.31 (s, 1H), 7.44 (s, 1H), 7.35 (d, *J* = 5.1 Hz, 2H), 7.28-7.12 (m, 2H), 7.10 – 7.03 (m, 1H), 6.99 (dd, *J* = 13.3, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 2H), 3.36-3.05 (m, 4H), 2.97-2.63 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.6, 148.6, 146.5, 130.7, 130.6, 130.1, 128.7, 127.7, 126.3, 124.1, 123.9, 120.51, 120.2, 58.4, 52.6, 50.6. MS (ESI+) m/z: 380.09(100.0%), 382.10(63.9%) [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* calcd for C₁₈H₂₀³⁵Cl₂N₃O₂⁺ 380.0933 found 380.0927 Da.



2-hydroxy-5-methyl-3-((4-phenylpiperazin-1-yl)methyl)benzaldehyde oxime (L85R3): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for **L7R5** as a white solid (0.29 g, 88%) but using **L85** and **R3**. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.33 (s, 1H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 33.2 Hz, 4H), 7.08 – 6.54 (m, 3H), 4.56 – 3.95 (m, 2H), 3.81-2.70 (m, 8H), 2.26 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.4, 151.0, 147.5, 131.5, 129.0, 128.9, 127.8, 127.1, 122.6, 119.6, 115.9, 115.7, 58.7, 52.5, 48.8, 20.3. MS (ESI+) m/z: 326.18 [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* calcd for C₁₉H₂₄N₃O₂⁺ 326.1869 found 326.1863 Da.



5-chloro-2-hydroxy-3-((4-phenylpiperazin-1-yl)methyl)benzaldehyde oxime (L85R5): The title compound was obtained in a manner similar to that used for L7R5 as a white solid (0.28 g, 82%) but using L85 and R5. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.33 (s, 1H), 7.52 (s, 1H), 7.39 (s, 1H), 7.22 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 6.94 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.82 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.99 (s, 2H), 3.39-3.10 (m, 4H), 3.06-2.71 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 151.1, 148.6, 130.3, 130.3, 128.9, 127.4, 126.5, 121.0, 119.2, 116.9, 115.7, 58.1, 52.8, 48.5. MS (ESI+) m/z: 346.12(100.0%), 348.13(32.0%) [M+H]⁺. HRMS (ESI+) *m/z* calcd for C₁₈H₂₁³⁵ClN₃O₂⁺ 346.1322 found 346.1317 Da.

2. Biological evaluation

2.1 General in vitro AChE screening information

The *in vitro* experiments were conducted with human acetylcholinesterase (hAChE, 20 U/mL, dissolved in 20 mM HEPES, pH 8.0, contain 0.1% TRITON X-100, from Sigma-Aldrich) serving as enzyme source. Organophosphates (DFP and paraoxon) were from commercial sources. Obidoxime, TMB-4 and HI-6 were synthesized according to the literature protocols²⁻⁴. A solution of oxime (10 mM) were prepared in water containing 10% acetic acid and 20% methanol and it was further diluted by PBS (0.1 M, pH=7.4) to the required concentrations. The final concentration of acetic acid was <1% and a control experiment revealed that acetic acid and methanol had no impact on the biological essay. Biological evaluation experiment were conducted in 96-well plate, the enzyme activity was measured by the time-dependent hydrolysis of acetylthiocholine (ATCh) in which the product (thiocholine) was detected by reaction with the Ellman's reagent DTNB and absorbance at 412 nm⁵. No oximolysis of ATCh by the tested oximes was detected, and the enzyme activity in the control remained constant during the experiment.

2.2 hAChE inhibition experiments with oximes

The procedure of inhibition experiments was as followings:

1) A stock solution of hAChE (dissolved in 20 mM HEPES, pH=8.0, contain 0.1% RITON X-100, from sigma) was diluted 2000-fold with PBS (0.1 M, pH=7.4, 0.1% BSA);

2) To 20 μ L of the diluted enzyme, 20 μ L oximes solutions (oxime final concentrations: 1, 4, 20, 100, 200 and 400 μ M, each sample was measured duplicate in parallel in 96-well plate) were added and the mixture was incubated for 30 min at 25 °C. A positive control was run in parallel by adding 20 μ L of PBS instead of oxime solution to the enzyme. A blank control was run in parallel

in which oxime and AChE were replaced by PBS.

3) For each sample in 96-well plate, 30 μ L of ATCh (3.0 mM, pH=7.4 PBS, 0.1% BSA) and 150 μ L of DTNB (0.75 mM, pH=7.0 PBS) was added followed by incubation 37 °C for 20 min.

The reaction product was monitored immediately by testing the absorption value at 412 nm (0 < OD < 2.5).

Enzyme activity was calculated by using the formula: %Activity= 100*(S-B)/(P-B).

Where S=absorption value of tested sample; P = absorption value of positive control (100% activity), B= absorption value of blank control.

 IC_{50} values were calculated by non-linear fitting using the standard IC_{50} equation: %Activity = $100*IC_{50}/(IC_{50}+[Ox])$. The non-linear fitting results of the tested compounds in the inhibition experiment were depicted by the following pictures.



2.3 hAChE reactivation experiments with oximes

The procedures of reactivation experiments were as followings:

1) A stock solution of hAChE (dissolved in 20 mM HEPES, pH=8.0, contain 0.1% RITON X-100, from sigma) was diluted 2000-fold with PBS (0.1 M, pH=7.4, 0.1% BSA). The concentrations of various organophosphates were determined through a pre-experiment that was similar to the inhibition experiment, aiming to achieve an inhibition plateau ranging from 90% to 97%. The final concentration of DFP and paraoxon in the incubation mixture were $2*10^{-6}$ M and $3*10^{-6}$ M.

2) The diluted hAChE (20 μ L) was incubated with different organophosphates (20 μ L) at 25 °C for 15 min. Then the inhibited enzyme was incubated with oximes (20 μ L, final concentrations of oximes were 100 μ M and 10 μ M) at 37 °C for 30 min (t = 0 corresponds to the incubation of the inhibited enzyme with oxime).

3) In each well of the 96-well plate, 30 μ L of ATCh (3.0 mM, pH=7.4 PBS, 0.1% BSA) and 150 μ L of DTNB (0.75 mM, pH=7.0 PBS) was added followed by incubation for 20 minutes (the final volume of the reactivation mixture was 240 μ L and the final ATCh concentration was 0.375 mM).

The reaction product was monitored immediately by measuring the absorbance at 412 nm (0 < OD < 2.5).

Blank samples were run in parallel and consisted of: (a) A positive control (P): uninhibited enzyme (20 μ L) was used instead of the inhibited enzyme; (b) a negative control (N): PBS (20 μ L, 0.1 M, pH 7.4, 0.1% BSA) was used instead of oximes. %Reactivation was calculated using the formula: %Reactivation 100*(S-N)/(P-N).

2.4 Determination of reactivation kinetics

The procedures of reactivation kinetics experiments were as followings:

1) A stock solution of hAChE (dissolved in 20 mM HEPES, pH=8.0, contain 0.1% RITON X-100, from sigma) was diluted 2000-fold with PBS (0.1 M, pH=7.4, 0.1% BSA). The diluted hAChE (20 μ L) was incubated with different organophosphates (20 μ L) at 25 °C for 15 min to attain an inhibition plateau between 90% to 97%.

2) Different oximes at different concentrations (20 μ L) was added, and 30 μ L of ATCh (3.0 mM, pH=7.4 PBS, 0.1% BSA) and 150 μ L of DTNB (0.75 mM, pH=7.0 PBS) were added immediately (the final volume of the reactivation mixture was 240 μ L and the final ATCh concentration was 0.375 mM). The final concentrations of the oximes were presented in Table S1.

3) The reaction product was promptly monitored by measuring the absorbance at 412 nm (0 < OD < 2.8) at 37 °C for a period of 120 min (t = 0 corresponds to the incubation of the inhibited enzyme with oxime). The absorbance values were measured at 5 or 10 minute intervals.

Blank samples were run in parallel and consisted of: (a) A positive control (P): uninhibited enzyme (20 μ L) was used instead of the inhibited enzyme; (b) a negative control (N): PBS (20 μ L, 0.1 M, pH 7.4, 0.1% BSA) was used instead of oximes.

The observed first-order rate constant k_{obs} for each oxime concentration, the dissociation constant K_D of inhibited enzyme-oxime conjugates (EP-OX) and the maximal reactivation rate constant k_r were calculated by non-linear fitting using the standard oxime concentration dependent reactivation equation derived from the following scheme. ^[6]

$$[EP] + [OX] \xrightarrow{k_1} [EP-OX] \xrightarrow{k_r} [E] + [P-OX]$$

%Reactivation = $100*(1-e^{-kobs*t})$

 $k_{\rm obs} = k_{\rm r}[{\rm OX}]/({\rm K_D}+[{\rm OX}])$

In this scheme, EP is the phosphylated enzyme, [EP-OX] is the reversible Michaelis-type complex between EP and the oxime [OX], E is the active enzyme and P-OX the phosphylated oxime. K_D is equal to the ratio $(k_{.1} + k_r)/k_1$, and it typically approximates the dissociation constant of the [EP-OX] complex, where from it follows that: $k_{r2} = k_r / K_D$.

To provide further details, we conducted a reactivation experiment using different oxime concentrations and measured enzyme activity at various reactivation intervals. Basically, the concentration of the reactivated AChE is proportional to the enzyme activity, k_{obs} was calculated from the continuous recording of d[S]/dt, the velocity of substrate hydrolysis (v) can be described as pseudo-first-order process of reactivation, , as shown in Eq. 1.

$$\ln\left(\frac{v_0 - v_t}{v_0 - v_i}\right) = -k_{obs}t$$

In which v_t represents velocity at time t, v_0 represents maximum velocity (positive control) and v_i represents minimum velocity (negative control). Alternatively, for each oxime concentration, k_{obs} value was determined using linear regression analysis, applying Eq. 2.

$$v_t = v_0 (1 - e^{-\kappa_{obs} t})$$

Integration of (2) results in Eq. 3.

$$-d[S] = \int_{0}^{t} v dt = v_{o}t + \frac{v_{o}}{k_{obs}}(e^{-k_{obs}t} - 1)$$

3

which was used for non-linear regression analysis of the data points obtained from individual oxime concentrations.

Concentrations of the oximes used to determine the concentration dependence of the apparent reactivation rate k_{obs} for the reactivation of OPs inhibited *h*AChE were show in Table S1.

oximes	DFP-hAChE	paraoxon-hAChE
Obidoxime	20-10-5-2-0.4-0.08	20-10-5-2-0.4-0.08
TMB-4	2-1-0.5-0.2-0.04	2-1-0.5-0.2-0.04
L7R3	2-1-0.5-0.2-0.04	2-1-0.5-0.2-0.04
L7R5	20-10-5-2-0.4-0.08	2-1-0.5-0.2-0.04
L7R6	20-10-5-2-0.4-0.08	2-1-0.5-0.2-0.04
L70R3	20-10-5-2-0.4-0.08	20-10-5-2-0.4-0.08
L70R5	20-10-5-2-0.4-0.08	10-5-2-1-0.4-0.08
L73R3	20-10-5-2-0.4-0.08	10-5-2-1-0.4-0.08
L73R5	20-10-5-2-0.4-0.08	10-5-2-1-0.4-0.08
L73R6	20-10-5-2-0.4-0.08	10-5-2-1-0.4-0.08
L74R3	20-10-5-2-0.4-0.08	20-10-5-2-0.4-0.08
L74R5	20-10-5-2-0.4-0.08	10-5-2-1-0.4-0.08
L77R5	200-100-50-20-4-0.8	10-5-2-1-0.4-0.08
L80R3	200-100-50-20-4-0.8	10-5-2-1-0.4-0.08

Table S1. Oxime concentrations (μ M) for determination of the observed first-order rate constant k_{obs} .

Reactivation of OP-inhibited hAChE: Plot of kobs vs obidoxime, HI-6 and new synthesized oximes.











References

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Copies of ¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR and HRMS spectra

L7R3



Data Filename	4934.d	Sample Name	130
Instrument Name	TOF G6230A	Acquired Time	2019-07-29
Acq Method	YCL.M	Acquired SW	6200 series TOF/6500 series
IRM Calibration Status	Success		
User Chormatograms			



L7R5



S20

Data Filename	4935.d	Sample Name	131
Instrument Name	TOF G6230A	Acquired Time	2019-07-29
Acq Method	YCL.M	Acquired SW	6200 series TOF/6500 series
IRM Calibration Status	Success		
User Chormatograms			



L7R6













Data Filename	0048.d	Sample Name	L63R7
Instrument Name	TOF G6230A	Acquired Time	2024-01-16
Acq Method	YCL.M	Acquired SW	6200 series TOF/6500 series
IRM Calibration Status	Success		
User Chormatograms			



L69R3





Data Filename	0049.d	Sample Name	L69R3
Instrument Name	TOF G6230A	Acquired Time	2024-01-16
Acq Method	YCL.M	Acquired SW	6200 series TOF/6500 series
IRM Calibration Status	Success		
User Chermategrams			







Data Filename	0050.d	Sample Name	L69R5
Instrument Name	TOF G6230A	Acquired Time	2024-01-16
Acq Method	YCL.M	Acquired SW	6200 series TOF/6500 series
IRM Calibration Status	Success		
User Chormatograms			















Data Filename	0052.d	Sample Name	L70R5
Instrument Name	TOF G6230A	Acquired Time	2024-01-16
Acq Method	YCL.M	Acquired SW	6200 series TOF/6500 series
IRM Calibration Status	Success		
User Chormatograms			



L73R3





Data Filename	0053.d	Sample Name	L73R3
Instrument Name	TOF G6230A	Acquired Time	2024-01-16
Acq Method	YCL.M	Acquired SW	6200 series TOF/6500 series
IRM Calibration Status	Success		
User Chormatograms			











L73R6





Data Filename	0055.d	Sample Name	L73R6
Instrument Name	TOF G6230A	Acquired Time	2024-01-16
Acq Method	YCL.M	Acquired SW	6200 series TOF/6500 series
IRM Calibration Status	Success		
User Chormatograms			







Data Filename	0056.d	Sample Name	L74R3
Instrument Name	TOF G6230A	Acquired Time	2024-01-16
Acq Method	YCL.M	Acquired SW	6200 series TOF/6500 series
IRM Calibration Status	Success		
User Chormatograms			







Data Filename	0057.d	Sample Name	L74R5
Instrument Name	TOF G6230A	Acquired Time	2024-01-16
Acq Method	YCL.M	Acquired SW	6200 series TOF/6500 series
IRM Calibration Status	Success		
User Chormatograms			







Data Filename	0058.d	Sample Name	L76R3
Instrument Name	TOF G6230A	Acquired Time	2024-01-16
Acq Method	YCL.M	Acquired SW	6200 series TOF/6500 series
IRM Calibration Status	Success		
User Chormatograms			









Data Filename	0059.d	Sample Name	L76R5
Instrument Name	TOF G6230A	Acquired Time	2024-01-16
Acq Method	YCL.M	Acquired SW	6200 series TOF/6500 series
IRM Calibration Status	Success		
User Chormatograms			







Data Filename	0060.d	Sample Name	L77R3
Instrument Name	TOF G6230A	Acquired Time	2024-01-16
Acq Method	YCL.M	Acquired SW	6200 series TOF/6500 series
IRM Calibration Status	Success		
User Chormatograms			



L77R5





Data Filename	0061.d	Sample Name	L77R5
Instrument Name	TOF G6230A	Acquired Time	2024-01-16
Acq Method	YCL.M	Acquired SW	6200 series TOF/6500 series
IRM Calibration Status	Success		
User Chormatograms			







S44

Data Filename	0062.d	Sample Name	L78R3
Instrument Name	TOF G6230A	Acquired Time	2024-01-16
Acq Method	YCL.M	Acquired SW	6200 series TOF/6500 series
IRM Calibration Status	Success		
User Chormatograms			



L78R5





Data Filename	0063.d	Sample Name	L78R5
Instrument Name	TOF G6230A	Acquired Time	2024-01-16
Acq Method	YCL.M	Acquired SW	6200 series TOF/6500 series
IRM Calibration Status	Success		
User Chormatograms			







S47





L79R5





Data Filename	0065.d	Sample Name	L79R5
Instrument Name	TOF G6230A	Acquired Time	2024-01-16
Acq Method	YCL.M	Acquired SW	6200 series TOF/6500 series
IRM Calibration Status	Success		
User Chormatograms			







Instrument Name TOF G6230A Acquired Time 202- Acq Method YCL.M Acquired SW 620 IPM Critication Status Susser 520	
Acq Method YCL.M Acquired SW 620	24-01-16
IPM Colibration Status Suspect	00 series TOF/6500 series
IRIVI Calibration Status Success	
User Chormatograms	









Data Filename	0067.d	Sample Name	L80R5
Instrument Name	TOF G6230A	Acquired Time	2024-01-16
Acq Method	YCL.M	Acquired SW	6200 series TOF/6500 series
IRM Calibration Status	Success		
User Chormatograms			



L80R6



S53

110

Data Filename	0068.d	Sample Name	L80R6
Instrument Name	TOF G6230A	Acquired Time	2024-01-16
Acq Method	YCL.M	Acquired SW	6200 series TOF/6500 series
IRM Calibration Status	Success		
User Chormatograms			



L81R3





Data Filename	0069.d	Sample Name	L81R3
Instrument Name	TOF G6230A	Acquired Time	2024-01-16
Acq Method	YCL.M	Acquired SW	6200 series TOF/6500 series
IRM Calibration Status	Success		
User Chormatograms			







Data Filename	0070.d	Sample Name	L81R5
Instrument Name	TOF G6230A	Acquired Time	2024-01-16
Acq Method	YCL.M	Acquired SW	6200 series TOF/6500 series
IRM Calibration Status	Success		
User Chormatograms	3.36 S2 31.5		







Data Filename	0071.d	Sample Name	L82R3
Instrument Name	TOF G6230A	Acquired Time	2024-01-16
Acq Method	YCL.M	Acquired SW	6200 series TOF/6500 series
IRM Calibration Status	Success		
User Chormatograms	Den Galet V.R. A		









Data Filename	0072.d	Sample Name	L82R5
Instrument Name	TOF G6230A	Acquired Time	2024-01-16
Acq Method	YCL.M	Acquired SW	6200 series TOF/6500 series
IRM Calibration Status	Success		
User Chormatograms			









Data Filename	0073.d	Sample Name	L83R3
Instrument Name	TOF G6230A	Acquired Time	2024-01-16
Acq Method	YCL.M	Acquired SW	6200 series TOF/6500 series
IRM Calibration Status	Success		
User Chormatograms			













L84R3





Qualitative Analysis Report

Data Filename	0075.d	Sample Name	L84R3
Instrument Name	TOF G6230A	Acquired Time	2024-01-16
Acq Method	YCL.M	Acquired SW	6200 series TOF/6500 series
IRM Calibration Status	Success		
User Chormatograms			





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L85R3





Qualitative Analysis Report

Data Filename	0077.d	Sample Name	L85R3
Instrument Name	TOF G6230A	Acquired Time	2024-01-16
Acq Method	YCL.M	Acquired SW	6200 series TOF/6500 series
IRM Calibration Status	Success		
User Chormatograms			







Data Filename	0078.d	Sample Name	L85R5
Instrument Name	TOF G6230A	Acquired Time	2024-01-16
Acq Method	YCL.M	Acquired SW	6200 series TOF/6500 series
IRM Calibration Status	Success		
User Chormatograms			

