

Effects of non-metals doping on oxygen reduction reaction of Fe-C₂N electrodes

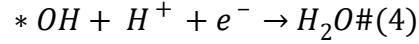
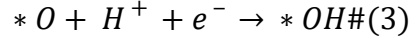
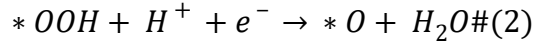
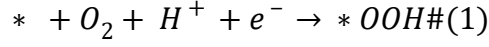
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In electrochemistry, the basic reaction steps of four electrons under acidic conditions can be expressed as follows:



Where * represents the active site of O containing intermediates (* O, * OH and * OOH) on the material surface. The Gibbs free energy of O-containing intermediates involved in ORR is calculated as follows:

$$\Delta G_{*O_xH_y} = G_{*O_xH_y-M} - G_M - [xG_{H_2O} - (2x-y)G_{H_2}/2] \#(5)$$

Where $G_{*O_xH_y-M}$, G_M , G_{H_2O} and G_{H_2} represent the total Gibbs free energy, the Gibbs free energy of the substrate, the Gibbs free energy of H₂O and the Gibbs free energy of H₂. The change in Gibbs free energy of the ORR step can be calculated as:

$$\Delta G_1 = \Delta G_{*OOH} - 4.92 \#(6)$$

$$\Delta G_2 = \Delta G_{*O} - \Delta G_{*OOH} \#(7)$$

$$\Delta G_3 = \Delta G_{*OH} - \Delta G_{*O} \#(8)$$

$$\Delta G_4 = -\Delta G_{*OH} \#(9)$$

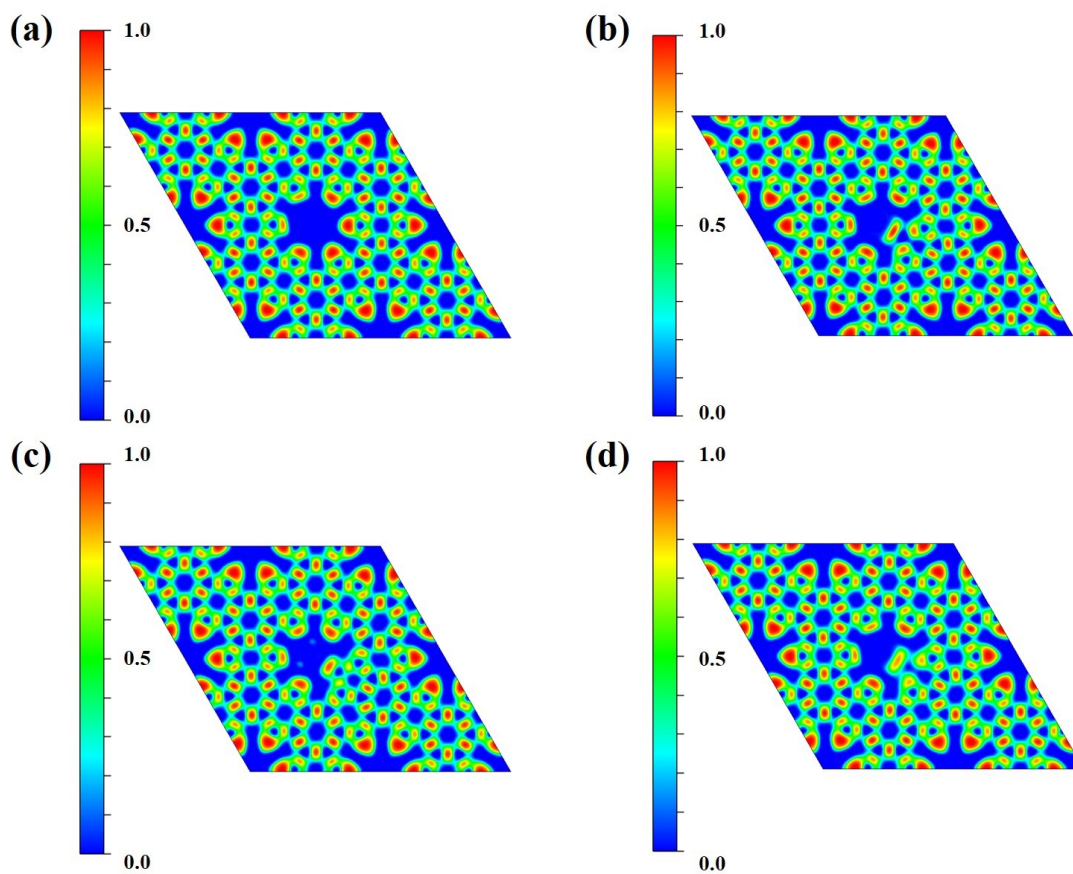


Figure S1. The ELF plot of Fe-C₂N (a); FeB-C₂N (b); FeN-C₂N (c) and FeP-C₂N (d).

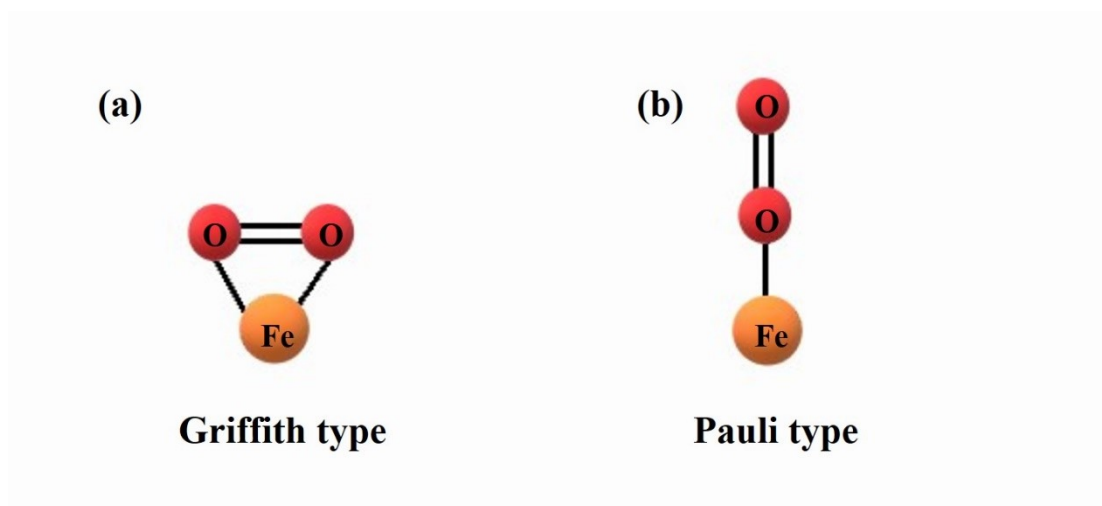


Figure S2. Griffith and Pauli adsorption configurations of O₂.

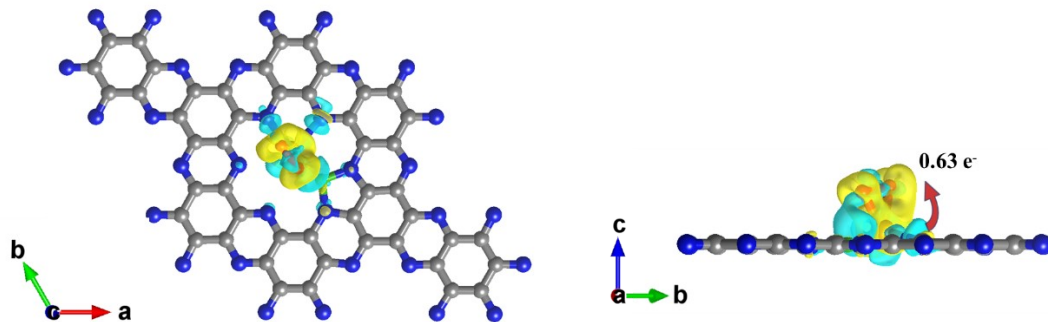


Figure S3. Charge density difference for O_2 adsorption states and corresponding Bader charge transfer number on FeB- C_2N . Color code: yellow stands for electron accumulation and cyan stands for electron depletion.

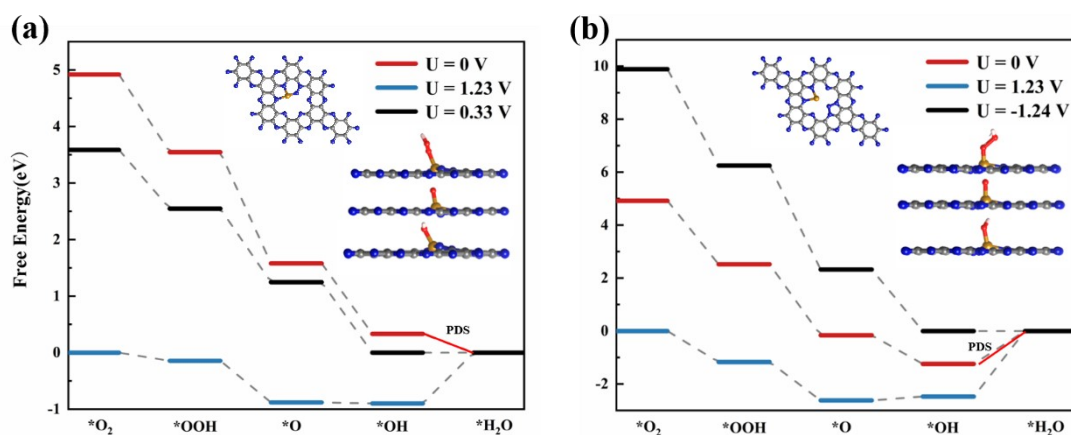


Figure S4. The free energy diagram of the ORR of the adjacent (a) and symmetric (b) sites of Fe- C_2N under different potentials in vacuum. Red solid line represents the PDS.

Table S1. Overpotential of materials with different doping.

	Fe- C_2N	FeB- C_2N	FeC- C_2N	FeN- C_2N	FeP- C_2N
η_{ORR} (V)	1.38	3.05	0.87	2.47	1.24

Table S2. The adsorption energy of different materials for * OH.

	Fe- C_2N	FeB- C_2N	FeC- C_2N	FeN- C_2N	FeP- C_2N
E_{ads} (eV)	-11.26	-10.77	-10.74	-12.33	-11.09