Preparation of Bacillus-mimic Liposomes Destroying TAMs for treatment of cancer

Yanan Li a#, Zichao Yan b#, Hailin Cong* a, c, d, Tingting Han a, Bing Yu *a, c and Youqing Shen a, e

Fig. S1. The AFM of the fragments of M. Tuberculosis.
Fig. S2. The image of regression curve equation of concentration and related absorbance.

\[ y = 9.179x^2 - 1.419x + 0.344 \]

\[ R^2 = 0.9910 \]
Fig. S3. Enlarged view of column B in Figure 3. The presence of round vesicles can be clearly seen through the red fluorescence (scale bar = 20 μm)

Fig. S4. The immunefluorescence stain of tumor slices. (blue: DAPI; red: HIF-1α) (Scale bar = 100 μm)
Figure S5. The 1H NMR data of DC-chol (a) and DOPE (b)

Figure S6. The long-term size stability of prepared Bacillus-mimic liposome and cationic liposome